## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## SENATE BILL No. $12222_{\substack{\text { Session } \\ 2022}}$

INTRODUCED BY DiSANTO, STREET, PHILLIPS-HILL, CAPPELLETTI, PITTMAN, FONTANA AND KANE, MAY 16, 2022

REFERRED TO BANKING AND INSURANCE, MAY 16, 2022

AN ACT

Amending the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682, No.284), entitled "An act relating to insurance; amending, revising, and consolidating the law providing for the incorporation of insurance companies, and the regulation, supervision, and protection of home and foreign insurance companies, Lloyds associations, reciprocal and inter-insurance exchanges, and fire insurance rating bureaus, and the regulation and supervision of insurance carried by such companies, associations, and exchanges, including insurance carried by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," in insurance holding companies, further providing for definitions, for acquisition of control of or merger or consolidation with domestic insurer and for registration of insurers, providing for group capital calculation exemptions, further providing for standards and management of an insurer within an insurance holding company system, for group-wide supervision for international insurance groups and for confidential treatment and providing for compliance with group capital calculation and liquidity stress test requirements.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 1401 of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L. 682, No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of 1921, is amended
by adding definitions to read:
Section 1401. Definitions.--As used in this article, and for
the purposes of this article only, the following words and
phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this section:

*     *         * 

"Group-wide supervisor." The regulatory official authorized to engage in conducting and coordinating group-wide supervision activities who is determined or acknowledged by the department under section 1406.2 to have sufficient significant contacts
with an internationally active insurance group.
* * *
"Internationally active insurance group." An insurance
holding company system that:
(1) Includes an insurer registered under section 1404.
(2) Meets each of the following criteria:
(i) Has premiums written in at least three countries.
(ii) Has as the percentage of the gross premiums written
outside the United States at least ten per centum (10\%) of the
insurance holding company system's total gross written premiums.
(iii) Based on a three-vear rolling average, has total
assets of at least fifty billion dollars $(\$ 50,000,000,000)$ or
total gross written premiums of at least ten billion dollars
$(\$ 10,000,000,000)$.
"Lead state." The state responsible for coordination and
communication among state regulators regarding oversight of an
insurance group, as determined by the department in consultation
with other regulators with domestic insurers in the insurance
group.
* * *
"NAIC liquidity stress test framework." A separate NAIC
publication that includes the following information as adopted
by the NAIC and as amended by the NAIC from time to time in
accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC:
(1) A history of the NAIC's development of regulatory
liquidation stress testing.
(2) The scope criteria applicable for a specific data year. (3) The liquidity stress test instructions and reporting
templates for a specific data vear.
(4) The scope criteria, instructions and reporting
templates.
* * *
"Scope criteria." As detailed in the NAIC liquidity stress
test framework, the designated exposure bases, along with
minimum magnitudes, for the specified data year which are used
to establish a preliminary list of insurers considered scoped
into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for that data
year.
* * *
Section 2. Sections $1402(\mathrm{~b})(11.1)$ and $1404(\mathrm{a})(1),(d)$ and
(k.1) of the act are amended to read:
Section 1402. Acquisition of Control of or Merger or
Consolidation with Domestic Insurer.--* * *
(b) The statement to be filed with the department under this
section shall be made under oath or affirmation and shall
contain the following information:
* * *
(11.1) An agreement by the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) that it will provide the annual enterprise risk report specified in section [1404(k.1)] 1404(k.1)(1) as long as control exists.

*     *         * 

Section 1404. Registration of Insurers.--(a) (1) Every insurer which is authorized to do business in this Commonwealth
and which is a member of an insurance holding company system shall register with the department, except a foreign insurer subject to registration requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction of its domicile which are substantially similar to those contained in this section and section $1405(\mathrm{a})(1)$ and (2), (b) and [(d)] (d)(1). Each registered insurer shall keep current the information required to be disclosed in its registration statement by reporting all material changes or additions within fifteen (15) days after the end of the month in which it learns of each such change or addition.

*     *         * 

(d) (1) No information need be disclosed on the registration statement filed pursuant to subsection (b) if such information is not material for the purposes of this section.
(2) Unless the department by regulation or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, investments or guarantees involving one-half of one per centum ( $0.5 \%$ ) or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes of this section.

## (3) Paragraph (2) does not apply to the group capital

 calculation or the liquidity stress test framework.```
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(k.1) (1) The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall also file an annual enterprise risk report. The report must, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, identify the material risks within the insurance holding company system that could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The report must be filed
with the lead state regulator of the insurance holding company system as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the NAIC. Beginning in 2014, and every year thereafter, the report shall be filed by March 31 for the previous calendar year.
(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall concurrently file with the registration an annual group capital calculation report as directed by the lead state regulator of the insurance holding company system. The report shall be completed in accordance with the NAIC group capital calculation instructions, which may permit the lead state regulator to allow a controlling person that is not the ultimate controlling person to file the group capital calculation. The report shall be filed with the lead state regulator of the insurance holding company system as directed by the commissioner in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the NAIC.
(3) The following insurance holding company systems are not required to file the group capital calculation:
(i) An insurance holding company system that has only one insurer within the insurance holding company system structure, only writes business in a domestic state and is only licensed in a domestic state and assumes no business from any other insurer.
(ii) An insurance holding company system that is required to perform a group capital calculation specified by the Federal Reserve Board. The commissioner shall request the calculation from the Federal Reserve Board under the terms of information sharing agreements in effect. If the Federal Reserve Board cannot share the calculation with the commissioner, the
insurance holding company system is not exempt from the group capital calculation filing.
(iii) An insurance holding company system whose group-wide supervisor is located within a reciprocal jurisdiction as defined in section $319.3(\mathrm{k})$ that recognizes the United States' state regulatory approach to group supervision and group capital.
(iv) An insurance holding company system:
(A) That provides information to the lead state regulator that meets the requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program, either directly or indirectly through the group-wide supervisor, who has determined the information is satisfactory to allow the lead state regulator to comply with the NAIC group supervision approach, as detailed in the NAIC Financial Analysis Handbook.
(B) Whose group-wide supervisor, located outside the United States and not in a reciprocal jurisdiction as defined in section $319.3(\mathrm{k})$, recognizes and accepts the group capital calculation as the worldwide group capital assessment for United States insurance groups who operate in that reciprocal jurisdiction.
(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3) (iii) and (iv), the commissioner, as the lead state regulator, shall require the group capital calculation for United States based operations of any non-United-States-based insurance holding company system where, after necessary consultation with other supervisors or officials, the group capital calculation is deemed appropriate by the lead state regulator for prudential oversight and solvency monitoring purposes or for ensuring the competitiveness of the insurance marketplace.
(5) In addition to and notwithstanding the entities described in paragraph (3), the commissioner, as the lead state regulator, has the discretion to exempt the ultimate controling person from filing the annual group capital calculation or accept a limited group capital filing or report in accordance with criteria specified in section 1404.1.
(6) If the commissioner, as the lead state regulator, determines that an insurance holding company system no longer meets one or more of the requirements of paragraph (3), the insurance holding company system shall file the group capital calculation at the next annual filing date unless given an extension by the lead state regulator based on reasonable grounds shown.
(7) The ultimate controlling person of an insurer subject to registration and also scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework shall file the results of a specific year's liquidity stress test with the lead state regulator of the insurance holding company system in accordance with the procedures in the NAIC Financial Analysis Handbook and the following standards:
(i) With regard to the development of the NAIC liquidity stress test framework, the following standards are recognized:
(A) The NAIC liquidity stress test framework includes scope criteria applicable to a specific data year.
(B) The scope criteria are reviewed at least annually by the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or its successor.
(C) Any change to the NAIC liquidity stress test framework or to the data year for which the scope criteria are to be measured shall be effective on January 1 of the vear following the calendar year when the changes are adopted.
(D) Insurers meeting at least one threshold of the scope
criteria are considered scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for the specified data vear unless the lead state regulator, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or its successor, determines the insurer should not be scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for that data year.
(E) Insurers that do not trigger at least one threshold of the scope criteria are considered scoped out of the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for the specified data year, unless the lead state regulator, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or its successor, determines the insurer should be scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework for that data year.
(ii) The performance of, and filing of the results from, a specific year's NAIC liquidity stress test shall comply with the NAIC liquidity stress test framework's instructions and reporting templates for that year and, if applicable, with any determinations by the lead state regulator and the NAIC Financial Stability Task Force or its successor, provided within the NAIC liquidity stress test framework.
* * *
Section 3. The act is amended by adding a section to read:
Section 1404.1. Group Capital Calculation Exemptions.--(a)
The commissioner, as the lead state regulator, has the
discretion to exempt the ultimate controling person from filing the annual group capital calculation where the insurance holding company system meets all of the following criteria:
(1) Has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium, including international direct and assumed premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance

Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of less than one billion dollars $(\$ 1,000,000,000)$.
(2) Has no insurers within the insurance holding company system that are domiciled outside of the United States or one of its territories.
(3) Has no banking, depository or other financial entity that is subject to an identified regulatory capital framework within the insurance holding company system.
(4) Attests that there have been no material changes in the transactions between insurers and noninsurers in the insurance holding company system during the last year.
(5) The noninsurers within the insurance holding company system do not pose a material financial risk to the insurer's ability to honor policyholder obligations.
(b) The commissioner, as the lead state regulator, has the discretion to accept a limited group capital filing in lieu of the group capital calculation if the insurance holding company system has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premiums, including international direct and assumed premiums, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of less than one billion dollars $(\$ 1,000,000,000)$ and all of the following criteria are met:
(1) The insurance holding company system has no insurers that are domiciled outside of the United States or one of its territories.
(2) The insurance holding company system does not include a banking, depository or other financial entity that is subject to an identified regulatory capital framework.
(3) The insurance holding company system attests that there
have been no material changes in transactions between insurers and noninsurers in the group during the last year and the noninsurers within the insurance holding company system do not pose a material financial risk to the insurer's ability to honor policyholder obligations.
(c) For an insurance holding company system that has previously met an exemption with respect to the group capital calculation under subsections (a) and (b), the commissioner may at any time require, as the lead state regulator, the ultimate controlling person to file an annual group capital calculation, completed in accordance with the NAIC group capital calculation instructions if any of the following criteria are met:
(1) An insurer within the insurance holding company system is in a company action level event under Article $V$ of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.789, No.285), known as "The Insurance Department Act of 1921," or a similar standard for an insurer outside the United States.
(2) An insurer within the insurance holding company system meets one or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition as described in Article $V$ of "The Insurance Department Act of 1921," and 31 Pa. Code Ch. 160 (relating to standards to define insurers deemed to be in hazardous financial condition).
(3) An insurer within the insurance holding company system otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled insurer as determined by the lead state regulator based on unique circumstances, including the type and volume of business written, ownership and organizational structure, Federal agency requests and international supervisor requests.
(d) A jurisdiction outside the United States is considered
to recognize and accept the group capital calculation if it satisfies the following criteria:
(1) The jurisdiction meets the criteria under section 1404(k.1)(3)(iv) in accordance with the following:
(i) The jurisdiction is located outside of the United States and recognizes the United States' state regulatory approach to group supervision and group capital by providing confirmation from a competent regulatory authority in the jurisdiction that insurers and insurance groups whose lead state is accredited by the NAIC under the NAIC Accreditation Program shall be subject only to worldwide prudential insurance group-wide supervision, including worldwide group governance, solvency and capital and reporting, as applicable, by the lead state and will not be subject to group-wide supervision, including worldwide group governance, solvency and capital and reporting, at the level of the worldwide parent undertaking of the insurance or reinsurance group by the jurisdiction located outside the United States.
(ii) If no United-States-based insurance groups operate in the jurisdiction outside the United States, that jurisdiction outside the United States notifies the lead state regulator in writing, with a copy to the IAIS, that the group capital calculation is an acceptable international capital standard. The notification shall serve as the confirmation required under subparagraph (i).
(2) The entities located outside the United States' jurisdiction provide confirmation by a competent regulatory authority in the jurisdiction under paragraph (1) (ii) that information regarding insurers and the parent, subsidiary or affiliated entities, if applicable, shall be provided to the lead state regulator in accordance with a memorandum of
commissioner may consider whether concerns exist with respect to the affiliated person's ability to fulfill the contract or agreement if the insurer were to be put into liquidation.
(B) If the insurer is deemed to be in a hazardous financial condition or a condition that would be grounds for supervision, conservation or a delinquency proceeding, and a deposit or bond is necessary, the commissioner has discretion to determine the amount of the deposit or bond, not to exceed the value of the contract or agreement in any one vear, and whether the deposit or bond should be required for a single contract, multiple contracts or a contract only with a specific person.
(vii) (A) All records and data of the insurer held by an affiliate are and remain the property of the insurer, are subject to control of the insurer, are identifiable, and are segregated or readily capable of segregation, at no additional cost to the insurer, from all other persons' records and data.
(B) Records and data under clause (A) include all records and data that are otherwise the property of the insurer, in whatever form maintained, including claims and claim files, policyholder lists, application files, litigation files, premium records, rate books, underwriting manuals, personnel records, financial records or similar records within the possession, custody or control of the affiliate.
(C) At the request of the insurer, the affiliate shall advise that the receiver may obtain a complete set of all records of any type that pertain to the insurer's business, obtain access to the operating systems on which the data is maintained, obtain the software that runs those systems either through assumption of licensing agreements or otherwise and restrict the use of the data by the affiliate if it is not
operating the insurer's business.
(D) The affiliate shall provide a waiver of any landlord lien or other encumbrance to give the insurer access to all records and data in the event of the affiliate's default under a lease or other agreement.
(viii) Premiums or other funds belonging to the insurer that are collected by or held by an affiliate are the exclusive property of the insurer and are subject to the control of the insurer. Any right of offset in the event an insurer is placed into receivership shall be subject to Article $V$ of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.789, No.285), known as "The Insurance Department Act of 1921."

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(6) Supervision, seizure, conservatorship or receivership proceedings. The following shall apply:
(i) An affiliate that is party to an agreement or contract with a domestic insurer that is subject to section $1405(\mathrm{a})(2)(\mathrm{v})$ shall be subject to the jurisdiction of any supervision, seizure, conservatorship or receivership proceedings against the insurer and to the authority of any supervisor, conservator, rehabilitator or liquidator for the insurer appointed pursuant to supervision and receivership acts for the purpose of interpreting, enforcing and overseeing the affiliate's obligations under the agreement or contract to perform services for the insurer that:
(A) are an integral part of the insurer's operations, including management, administrative, accounting, data processing, marketing, underwriting, claims handling, investment or any other similar functions; or
(B) are essential to the insurer's ability to fulfill its
obligations under insurance policies.
(ii) The commissioner may require that an agreement or contract under subsection (a)(2)(v) for the provision of services under clauses (A) and (B) specify that the affiliate consents to the jurisdiction under this paragraph.

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Section 5. Sections 1406.2(j) and 1407 of the act are amended to read:

Section 1406.2. Group-wide Supervision for International Insurance Groups.--* * *
[(j) As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
"Group-wide supervisor." The chief insurance regulatory
official authorized to engage in conducting and coordinating group-wide supervision activities who is from the jurisdiction determined or acknowledged by the department under subsection (c) to have sufficient significant contacts with the international insurance group.
"International insurance group." An insurance group operating internationally that includes an insurer registered under section 1404.]

Section 1407. Confidential Treatment.--(a) All information, documents, materials and copies thereof in the possession or control of the department that are produced by, obtained by or disclosed to the department or any other person in the course of an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 1406 or investigation made pursuant to section 1406.1 or 1406.2 and all information reported pursuant to sections 1402(b)(11.1) and (11.2), 1404 and 1405 are recognized as being proprietary and
constituting intellectual property, and shall be privileged and given confidential treatment and shall not be:
(1) Subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in a private civil action.
(2) Subject to subpoena.
(3) Subject to the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the "Right-to-Know Law."
(4) Made public by the department or any other person, except to regulatory or law enforcement officials of other jurisdictions or group supervisors or members of a supervisory college in accordance with subsection (c), without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the department, after giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that the interest of policyholders, shareholders or the public will be served by the publication thereof, in which event it may publish all or any part thereof in such manner as it may deem appropriate.
(a.1) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the department under section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(2)$, the commissioner shall maintain the confidentiality of the group capital calculation report and supporting disclosures and any group capital information received from an insurance holding company system supervised by the Federal Reserve Board or any United States group-wide supervisor.
(a.2) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the department under section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(6)$, the commissioner shall maintain the confidentiality of the liquidity stress test results and supporting disclosures and any liquidity stress test information received from an insurance holding company system
supervised by the Federal Reserve Board and and a group-wide supervisor located outside the United States.
(b) The commissioner, department or any individual or person who receives documents, materials or other information while acting under the authority of the commissioner or department or with whom such documents, materials or other information are shared under this article shall not be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials or information covered under this section.
(c) In order to assist in the performance of its duties, the department may do any of the following:
(1) Share confidential and privileged documents, materials or other information covered under this section, including proprietary and intellectual property, documents, materials and information, with regulatory or law enforcement officials of this Commonwealth or other jurisdictions, the IAIS, the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, group supervisors and members of any supervisory college under section 1406.1 , and any third party consultants retained by the commissioner, enforcement officials, the IAIS, the NAIC, group-wide supervisor or members of a supervisory college, provided that prior to receiving the documents, materials or other information, the recipient demonstrates by written statement the necessary authority and intent to provide the same confidential treatment to the documents, materials and information as required by this article. The department may only share confidential and privileged documents, materials or information reported under section $1404(k .1)$ with state insurance regulators having statutes or regulations substantially similar to subsection (a) and who have agreed in writing not to disclose such confidential
and privileged documents, materials and information.
(2) Receive and maintain as confidential and privileged any documents, materials or other information, including proprietary and intellectual property, documents materials and information, from the IAIS or the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or from regulatory and law enforcement officials of this Commonwealth or other jurisdictions in which the documents, materials or other information are confidential by law in those jurisdictions. Documents, materials or other information obtained under this section shall be given confidential treatment, may not be subject to subpoena and may not be made public by the department, commissioner or any other person.
(d) The department shall enter into written agreements with the IAIS or the NAIC and any third-party consultant retained by the commissioner, the IAIS or the NAIC governing the sharing and use of information provided under this article, that include all of the following:
(1) Specific procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of information shared with the IAIS or the NAIC [and its affiliates and subsidiaries] or a thirdparty consultant retained by the commissioner, the IAIS or the NAIC under this article, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the IAIS or the NAIC or a third-party consultant retained by the commissioner, the IAIS or the NAIC with other Federal, state or international regulators. The agreement shall provide that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials or other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain the confidentiality.
(2) Provisions specifying that ownership of information
shared with the IAIS or the NAIC [and its affiliates and subsidiaries] or a third-party consultant under this article remains with the department and that the use of the information by the IAIS or the NAIC or a third-party consultant retained by the commissioner, the IAIS or the NAIC is subject to the approval of the department.
(2.1) A provision specifying that, with the exception of documents, material or information under section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(6)$, the NAIC, or a third-party consultant under this article, is prohibited from storing information shared under this article in a permanent database after the underlying analysis is completed.
(3) A provision providing that the IAIS or the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, or a third-party consultant under this article, will, where permitted by law, give prompt notice to the department and the insurer regarding any subpoena, request for disclosure or request for production of the insurer's confidential information in the possession of the IAIS or the NAIC or a third-party consultant under this article.
(4) A requirement that the IAIS or the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, or a third-party consultant under this article, will consent to intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the IAIS or the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, or a third-party consultant under this article may be required to disclose confidential information about the insurer that was shared with the IAIS or the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, or a third-party consultant under this article.
(5) For documents, materials or information reporting under section $1404(k .1)(6)$, in the case of an agreement involving a third party consultant, a provision for the notification of the
identity of the consultant to the department and applicable
insurers.
(e) The sharing of information by the department under this article shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking.
(f) The department is solely responsible for the administration, execution and enforcement of the provisions of this article.
(g) The sharing of information by the department as authorized by subsection (c) shall not constitute a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or information.
(h) Documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the IAIS or the NAIC or a third-party consultant as provided under this article shall:
(1) Be confidential and privileged.
(2) Not be subject to the "Right-to-Know Law."
(3) Not be subject to subpoena.
(4) Not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action.
(i) The group capital calculation results and supporting disclosures and any group capital calculation information required under section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(2)$ and the liquidity stress test results and supporting disclosures and any liquidity stress test information required under section 1404(k.1)(7) are regulatory tools for assessing group capital adequacy, group liquidity and associated risks. These tools are not intended as a means to rank insurers or insurance holding company systems generally and will be used in accordance with the following standards:
(1) Except as otherwise required under this article, directly or indirectly, making, publishing, disseminating, circulating or placing before the public in a newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or poster, or over any radio or television station or any electronic means of communication available to the public, or in any other way as an advertisement, announcement or statement containing, a representation or statement with regard to the group capital calculation results, the liquidity stress test results and associated supporting disclosures and information of any insurer or any insurer group, or of any component derived in the calculation by any insurer, broker, or other person engaged in any manner in the insurance business, is misleading and prohibited.
(2) If any materially false statement with respect to the group capital calculation, resulting group capital ratio, an inappropriate comparison of any amount to an insurer's or insurance group's group capital calculation or resulting group capital ratio, liquidity stress test result, supporting disclosures for the liquidity stress test or an inappropriate comparison of any amount to an insurer's or insurance group's liquidity stress test result or supporting disclosures is published in any written publication and the insurer is able to demonstrate to the commissioner with substantial proof the falsity of such statement or the inappropriateness, as the case may be, then the insurer may publish announcements in any written publication if the sole purpose of the announcement is to rebut the materially false statement.

Section 6. The act is amended by adding a section to read:

1 Section 1414. Compliance with Group Capital Calculation and
2 Liquidity Stress Test Requirements.--(a) An insurer that is
3 part of an internationally active insurance group shall comply
4 with the requirement to file a group capital calculation report
5 under section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(2)$ upon the effective date of this
6 section. All other insurers shall comply with the requirement to
7 file a group capital calculation no later than January 1, 2026.
8 (b) An insurer shall be subject to the liquidity stress test
9 requirements of section $1404(\mathrm{k} .1)(7)$ on January 1, 2023.
10 Section 7. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

