THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 69

Session of 2021

INTRODUCED BY GAYDOS, BURGOS, HILL-EVANS, JOZWIAK, HELM AND FREEMAN, MARCH 3, 2021

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON URBAN AFFAIRS, MARCH 3, 2021

A RESOLUTION

2 3 4 5 6 7 8	study on the impact of common interest ownership communities on local governments and the Commonwealth, the challenges facing residents and governing bodies of common interest ownership communities and opportunities for the Commonwealth to assist local governments and common interest ownership communities to deliver adequate services to their residents at an affordable cost.
9	WHEREAS, According to the Pennsylvania and Delaware Valley
10	Chapter of the Community Associations Institute, there are
11	between 6,000 and 10,000 common interest ownership communities
12	in which up to one-quarter of property owners in this
13	Commonwealth live; and
14	WHEREAS, Municipal elected bodies and their planning
15	commissions encourage new housing developments be created as
16	common interest ownership communities to share the burden of
17	municipal costs by delegating some traditionally municipal
18	services to self-governing communities; and
19	WHEREAS, The services may include road maintenance, snow
20	plowing, trash collection, lighting and sewer and water
21	infrastructure maintenance within the common interest ownership

- 1 communities; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Common interest ownership communities provide some
- 3 of the same services that municipalities in which these
- 4 communities are located provide to individuals who do not live
- 5 in common interest ownership communities; and
- 6 WHEREAS, As a result, residents of common interest
- 7 communities often pay assessments to their community association
- 8 and pay municipal taxes which payments are often perceived as
- 9 double municipal taxation but not necessarily for the same
- 10 services; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Residents of common interest communities contribute
- 12 to both State-funded programs and local municipal budgets that
- 13 provide infrastructure improvements with their tax dollars, but
- 14 residents of community associations are often ineligible to
- 15 apply for, or be serviced by, these State programs and municipal
- 16 resources to address infrastructure needs; and
- 17 WHEREAS, The public benefits from various types of
- 18 infrastructure within common interest communities; and
- 19 WHEREAS, Because many private wells and on-lot septic systems
- 20 within common interest communities were constructed before the
- 21 enactment of the Uniform Construction Code, municipalities in
- 22 which they are located may not have inspected the wells or be
- 23 aware of their existence and these wells may be at the end of
- 24 their operational lives or may be contaminating the groundwater;
- 25 and
- 26 WHEREAS, There have been concerns regarding the ability of
- 27 State agencies to contact common interest owned communities
- 28 regarding responsibilities that they may hold to comply with
- 29 State laws or regulations, or notify them of any changes with
- 30 which the common interest ownership communities must satisfy;

- 1 and
- 2 WHEREAS, There are questions regarding emergency services and
- 3 law enforcement's ability to easily identify and respond to in
- 4 common interest ownership communities; and
- 5 WHEREAS, For example, Pennsylvania's Megan's Law imposes on a
- 6 municipality's "chief law enforcement officer" the obligation to
- 7 inform "neighbors" of the presence of a sexually violent
- 8 predator, but law enforcement has asserted that due to the lack
- 9 of easily accessible information from any unit of State or local
- 10 government, law enforcement is substantially hindered or
- 11 prevented from enforcing this provision of Megan's Law; and
- 12 WHEREAS, Continued foreclosure rates have made it difficult
- 13 for common interest ownership communities to collect assessments
- 14 from some residents, thereby making it more difficult to
- 15 maintain the commonly held property within these communities;
- 16 and
- 17 WHEREAS, Pursuant to House Resolution No. 350 of 2009, the
- 18 Joint State Government Commission conducted and completed a
- 19 study of the impact of common interest ownership communities;
- 20 and
- 21 WHEREAS, It has been almost 10 years since the Joint State
- 22 Government Commission published a report in December 2011
- 23 pursuant to House Resolution No. 350 of 2009; and
- 24 WHEREAS, In the intervening decade, common interest ownership
- 25 communities have become more common across this Commonwealth;
- 26 therefore be it
- 27 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives direct the Joint
- 28 State Government Commission to conduct a follow-up study to the
- 29 study produced in 2011 on the impact of common interest
- 30 ownership communities as described under the Real Estate

- 1 Cooperative Act, the Uniform Condominium Act and the Uniform
- 2 Planned Community Act on local governments and the Commonwealth,
- 3 the challenges facing the residents and governing bodies of
- 4 common interest ownership communities, as well as the public at
- 5 large, and review and recommend opportunities for the
- 6 Commonwealth to assist local governments and common interest
- 7 ownership communities to deliver adequate services to their
- 8 residents at an affordable cost; and be it further
- 9 RESOLVED, That the Joint State Government Commission study
- 10 shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- 11 (1) the number of common interest ownership communities
- in each county;
- 13 (2) the number of common interest ownership communities
- in each municipality;
- 15 (3) the approximate amount of State taxes paid each year
- by residents of common interest ownership communities;
- 17 (4) the approximate amount of local taxes paid each year
- 18 by residents of common interest ownership communities to each
- 19 municipality;
- 20 (5) the amount and age of current infrastructure within
- 21 the common interest ownership communities;
- 22 (6) the impact of allowing common interest ownership
- 23 communities to access State funds for infrastructure
- 24 improvements;
- 25 (7) whether there are opportunities for the Commonwealth
- to assist local governments and common interest ownership
- communities to deliver adequate services to their residents
- 28 at an affordable cost;
- 29 (8) to what extent State agencies require information on
- 30 common interest ownership communities in order to fulfill

- their legal and statutory requirements for the Pennsylvania
- 2 residents they serve; and
- 3 (9) to what extent State and local law enforcement
- 4 require information on common interest ownership communities
- 5 in order to fully serve these communities and administer
- 6 public safety;
- 7 and be it further
- 8 RESOLVED, That the Joint State Government Commission report
- 9 its findings and recommendations to the House of Representatives
- 10 no later than one year after the adoption of this resolution.