## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE BILL No. 1195 <sup>Session of</sup> 2019

INTRODUCED BY COMITTA, McCARTER, DERMODY, VITALI, STURLA, T. DAVIS, ZABEL, KINSEY, KOSIEROWSKI, ISAACSON, MADDEN, SCHLOSSBERG, SANCHEZ, WARREN, SHUSTERMAN, RAVENSTAHL, DONATUCCI, ULLMAN, DAWKINS, BURGOS, WHEATLEY, McCLINTON, DeLISSIO, FREEMAN, HOHENSTEIN, WEBSTER, HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, SCHWEYER, HOWARD AND D. MILLER, APRIL 29, 2019

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS, APRIL 29, 2019

## AN ACT

1	Amending the act of November 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, No.213),
2	entitled, "An act providing for the sale of electric energy
3	generated from renewable and environmentally beneficial
4	sources, for the acquisition of electric energy generated
5	from renewable and environmentally beneficial sources by
6	electric distribution and supply companies and for the powers
7	and duties of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission,"
8	further providing for definitions and for alternative energy
9	portfolio standards, providing for solar photovoltaic
10	technology requirements, for contract requirements for solar
11	photovoltaic energy system sources, for renewable energy
12	storage report, for energy storage deployment targets and for
13	contracts for solar photovoltaic technologies by Commonwealth
14	agencies and further providing for portfolio requirements in
15	other states; and making a related repeal.
16	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
ΤÜ	The General Assembly of the commonwearth of rennsylvania
17	hereby enacts as follows:

18 Section 1. The definition of "reporting period" in section 2

19 of the act of November 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, No.213), known as the

20 Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act, is amended and the

21 section is amended by adding definitions to read:

22 Section 2. Definitions.

1 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 2 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 3 context clearly indicates otherwise: 4 \* \* \* "Deploy" or "deployment." To install a renewable energy 5 storage system through a variety of mechanisms, including 6 7 utility procurement, customer installation methods or other 8 processes. 9 \* \* \* 10 "Renewable energy storage system." A commercially available technology, including, but not limited to, any electrochemical, 11 12 thermal and electromechanical technology, that is capable of absorbing and storing electrical energy for a period of time for 13 14 use at a later time, with all of the following characteristics: 15 (1) The system is co-located behind the meter with a Tier I alternative energy source or behind the point of 16 interconnection of a Tier I alternative energy source. 17 18 (2) The system is owned or operated by any of the 19 following: 20 (i) <u>A customer-generator.</u> 21 (ii) An electric generation supplier. 22 (iii) An electric distribution company. (iv) A third party that is jointly owned by two or 23 24 more entities specified under subparagraphs (i), (ii) and 25 (iii). 26 (3) The system is able to demonstrate that the energy 27 the system discharges at all hours in a given reporting year comes from the storage of electrical energy produced by the 28 co-located Tier I alternative energy source. 29 30 ["Reporting period."] <u>"Reporting period or reporting year."</u>

- 2 -

The 12-month period from June 1 through May 31. A reporting year
 shall be numbered according to the calendar year in which it
 begins and ends.

4 \* \* \*

5 Section 2. Section 3(a)(3), (b), (f) and (g)(2) of the act 6 are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to 7 read:

8 Section 3. Alternative energy portfolio standards.

9 (a) General compliance and cost recovery.--

10

11

(3) All costs for:

\* \* \*

(i) the purchase of electricity generated from
alternative energy sources, including the costs of the
regional transmission organization, in excess of the
regional transmission organization real-time locational
marginal pricing, or its successor, at the delivery point
of the alternative energy source for the electrical
production of the alternative energy sources; and

19 (ii) payments for alternative energy credits, in 20 both cases that are voluntarily acquired by an electric 21 distribution company during the cost recovery period on 22 behalf of its customers shall be deferred as a regulatory 23 asset by the electric distribution company and fully 24 recovered, with a return on the unamortized balance, 25 pursuant to an automatic energy adjustment clause under 26 66 Pa.C.S. § 1307 (relating to sliding scale of rates; 27 adjustments) as a cost of generation supply under 66 28 Pa.C.S. § 2807 (relating to duties of electric 29 distribution companies) in the first year after the 30 expiration of its cost-recovery period. After the cost-

20190HB1195PN1601

- 3 -

1 recovery period, any direct or indirect costs for the 2 purchase by electric distribution companies of resources to comply with this section, including, but not limited 3 to, the purchase of electricity generated from 4 5 alternative energy sources, payments for alternative energy credits, cost of credits banked, payments to any 6 7 third party administrators for performance under this act 8 and costs levied by a regional transmission organization 9 to ensure that alternative energy sources are reliable, 10 shall be recovered on a full and current basis pursuant 11 to an automatic energy adjustment clause under 66 Pa.C.S. 12 § 1307 as a cost of generation supply under 66 Pa.C.S. § 13 2807.

14 (b) Tier I and solar photovoltaic shares <u>through the 15th</u> 15 <u>reporting year</u>.--

16 Two years after the effective date of this act, at (1)17 least 1.5% of the electric energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to 18 19 retail electric customers in this Commonwealth shall be 20 generated from Tier I alternative energy sources. Except as 21 provided in this section, the minimum percentage of electric 22 energy required to be sold to retail electric customers from 23 alternative energy sources shall increase to 2% three years 24 after the effective date of this act. The minimum percentage 25 of electric energy required to be sold to retail electric 26 customers from alternative energy sources shall increase by 27 at least 0.5% each year so that at least 8% of the electric 28 energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric 29 generation supplier to retail electric customers in that certificated territory in the 15th reporting year after the 30

20190HB1195PN1601

- 4 -

1 effective date of this subsection is sold from Tier I 2 alternative energy resources.

3 (2)[The] Through the 15th reporting year ending May 31, 2021, the total percentage of the electric energy sold by an 4 5 electric distribution company or electric generation supplier 6 to retail electric customers in this Commonwealth that must 7 be sold from solar photovoltaic technologies is: 8 (i) 0.0013% for June 1, 2006, through May 31, 2007. 0.0030% for June 1, 2007, through May 31, 2008. 9 (ii) 10 (iii) 0.0063% for June 1, 2008, through May 31, 11 2009. 12 0.0120% for June 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. (iv) 13 (V) 0.0203% for June 1, 2010, through May 31, 2011. 14 0.0325% for June 1, 2011, through May 31, 2012. (vi) (vii) 0.0510% for June 1, 2012, through May 31, 15 16 2013. 17 (viii) 0.0840% for June 1, 2013, through May 31, 2014. 18 19 0.1440% for June 1, 2014, through May 31, 2015. (ix) 20 0.2500% for June 1, 2015, through May 31, 2016. (X) 21 0.2933% for June 1, 2016, through May 31, 2017. (xi) 22 (xii) 0.3400% for June 1, 2017, through May 31, 23 2018. 24 (xiii) 0.3900% for June 1, 2018, through May 31, 25 2019. 26 (xiv) 0.4433% for June 1, 2019, through May 31, 27 2020. 0.5000% for June 1, 2020, [and thereafter.] 28 (xv) <u>through May 31, 2021.</u> 29 30 (3) Upon commencement of the beginning of the 6th 20190HB1195PN1601 - 5 -

1 reporting year, the commission shall undertake a review of 2 the compliance by electric distribution companies and 3 electric generation suppliers with the requirements of this act. The review shall also include the status of alternative 4 5 energy technologies within this Commonwealth and the capacity to add additional alternative energy resources. [The 6 commission shall use the results of this review to recommend 7 to the General Assembly additional compliance goals beyond 8 9 year 15.] The commission shall work with the department in 10 evaluating the future alternative energy resource potential. 11 (b.1) Tier I and solar photovoltaic shares beginning in the 12 16th reporting year .--13 (1) Each electric distribution company and electric 14 generation supplier shall purchase, at a minimum, an amount 15 of Tier I alternative energy credits equal to the percentage 16 of electric energy required to be sold by an electric 17 distribution company or electric generation supplier to 18 retail electric customers from Tier I alternative energy 19 sources for that reporting year and as provided under this 20 subsection. Beginning in the 16th reporting year commencing 21 on June 1, 2021, the minimum percentage of electric energy 22 required to be sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to retail electric customers in 23 24 this Commonwealth from Tier I alternative energy sources for 25 each reporting year is: 26 (i) 10.444% for June 1, 2021, through May 31, 2022. 27 (ii) 12.888% for June 1, 2022, through May 31, 2023. (iii) 15.332% for June 1, 2023, through May 31, 28 29 2024. (iv) 17.776% for June 1, 2024, through May 31, 2025. 30

20190HB1195PN1601

- 6 -

1	<u>(v) 20.220% for June 1, 2025, through May 31, 2026.</u>
2	(vi) 22.664% for June 1, 2026, through May 31, 2027.
3	(vii) 25.108% for June 1, 2027, through May 31,
4	<u>2028.</u>
5	<u>(viii) 27.552% for June 1, 2028, through May 31,</u>
6	<u>2029.</u>
7	<u>(ix) 30% for June 1, 2029, through May 31, 2030, and</u>
8	<u>thereafter.</u>
9	(2) (i) Beginning in the 16th reporting year commencing
10	on June 1, 2021, the minimum percentage of the electric
11	energy sold by an electric distribution company or
12	electric generation supplier to retail electric customers
13	in this Commonwealth that must be sold from solar
14	photovoltaic technologies that are owned and operated by
15	customer-generators is:
16	(A) 0.65% for June 1, 2021, through May 31,
17	<u>2022.</u>
18	(B) 0.82% for June 1, 2022, through May 31,
19	<u>2023.</u>
20	(C) 0.98% for June 1, 2023, through May 31,
21	<u>2024.</u>
22	(D) 1.13% for June 1, 2024, through May 31,
23	<u>2025.</u>
24	(E) 1.30% for June 1, 2025, through May 31,
25	2026.
26	(F) 1.5% for June 1, 2026, through May 31, 2027.
27	(G) 1.78% for June 1, 2027, through May 31,
28	<u>2028.</u>
29	(H) 2.11% for June 1, 2028, through May 31,
30	<u>2029.</u>

- 7 -

1	(I) 2.5% for June 1, 2029, through May 31, 2030,
2	and thereafter.
3	(ii) For purposes of the requirements under
4	subparagraph (i), solar photovoltaic technologies that
5	are owned and operated by customer-generators shall
6	include any of the following:
7	(A) Solar photovoltaic technologies that were
8	certified before or on May 31, 2021, under subsection
9	(b)(2) and qualify to generate solar alternative
10	energy credits in accordance with section 3.1.
11	(B) Solar photovoltaic technologies that qualify
12	as customer-generators certified under subsection (b)
13	<u>(2)</u> .
14	(3) Beginning in the 16th reporting year commencing on
15	June 1, 2021, and each reporting year thereafter, a solar
16	photovoltaic system that is certified before or on May 31,
17	2021, provided the system meets the requirements under
18	section 3.1, shall be included in the percentage of the
19	required solar photovoltaic energy systems owned and operated
20	by customer-generators under paragraph (2).
21	(4) A solar photovoltaic energy system owned and
22	operated by a customer-generator in accordance with paragraph
23	(2) shall remain eligible to receive solar alternative energy
24	credits for no more than 15 years beginning on June 1, 2021,
25	or 15 years beginning on the date of the solar photovoltaic
26	energy system's certification if the certification occurs
27	after June 1, 2021. Upon expiration of the 15-year period
28	specified under this paragraph, the solar photovoltaic energy
29	system shall be eligible for alternative energy credits
30	provided for Tier I alternative energy sources under

- 8 -

1 paragraph (1).

2	(5) Beginning in the 16th reporting year commencing on
3	June 1, 2021, the minimum percentage of the electric energy
4	sold by an electric distribution company or electric
5	generation supplier to retail electric customers in this
6	Commonwealth that must be sold from solar photovoltaic
7	technologies from non-customer-generators is:
8	(i) 0.94% for June 1, 2021, through May 31, 2022.
9	<u>(ii) 1.88% for June 1, 2022, through May 31, 2023.</u>
10	<u>(iii) 2.81% for June 1, 2023, through May 31, 2024.</u>
11	<u>(iv) 3.75% for June 1, 2024, through May 31, 2025.</u>
12	(v) 4.50% for June 1, 2025, through May 31, 2026.
13	<u>(vi) 5.25% for June 1, 2026, through May 31, 2027.</u>
14	(vii) 6.00% for June 1, 2027, through May 31, 2028.
15	(viii) 6.75% for June 1, 2028, through May 31, 2029.
16	<u>(ix) 7.5% for June 1, 2029, through May 31, 2030,</u>
17	and thereafter.
18	(6) No later than one year after the effective date of
19	this subsection, the commission shall establish regulations
20	to ensure diversification across all customer-generators
21	under paragraph (2), including, but not limited to, solar
22	photovoltaic systems that are interconnected at residential
23	or commercial locations or customer-generators whose systems
24	are for virtual meter aggregation.
25	(7) This subsection shall not apply to the certification
26	of a solar photovoltaic energy system with a contract for the
27	sale and purchase of alternative energy credits derived from
28	solar photovoltaic energy sources entered into before or on
29	May 31, 2021, provided that the system meets the requirements
30	<u>under section 3.1.</u>

20190HB1195PN1601

- 9 -

<u>(8) This subsection shall apply to a contract for the</u>
 <u>sale and purchase of alternative energy credits derived from</u>
 <u>solar photovoltaic energy sources entered into or renewed for</u>
 <u>reporting years commencing after May 31, 2021.</u>

5 \* \* \*

6 (f) Alternative compliance payment.--

7 (1) At the end of each program <u>reporting</u> year, the 8 program administrator shall provide a report to the 9 commission and to each covered electric distribution company 10 showing their status level of alternative energy acquisition.

The commission shall conduct a review of each 11 (2)12 determination made under subsections (b), (b.1) and (c). If, 13 after notice and hearing, the commission determines that an 14 electric distribution company or electric generation supplier 15 has failed to comply with subsections (b), (b.1) and (c), the 16 commission shall impose an alternative compliance payment on 17 that electric distribution company or electric generation 18 supplier.

(3) [The] <u>Through May 31, 2021, the</u> alternative
compliance payment, with the exception of the solar
photovoltaic share compliance requirement set forth in
subsection (b) (2), shall be \$45 times the number of
additional alternative energy credits needed in order to
comply with subsection (b) or (c).

(4) [The] Through May 31, 2021, the alternative
compliance payment for the solar photovoltaic share required
under subsection (b) (2) shall be 200% of the average market
value of solar renewable energy credits sold during the
reporting period within the service region of the regional
transmission organization, including, where applicable, the

20190HB1195PN1601

- 10 -

levelized up-front rebates received by sellers of solar
 [renewable] <u>alternative</u> energy credits in other jurisdictions
 in the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. transmission organization
 (PJM) or its successor.

(4.1) Beginning June 1, 2021, the alternative compliance 5 payment, with the exception of the customer-generator solar 6 photovoltaic share compliance requirement specified under 7 subsection (b.1)(2), shall be \$45 multiplied by the number of 8 additional alternative energy credits needed in order to 9 10 comply with subsection (b.1) or (c). (4.2) <u>Beginning June 1, 2021, the alternative compliance</u> 11 12 payment for the customer-generator solar photovoltaic share 13 compliance requirement specified under subsection (b.1)(2) 14 shall\_be as follows: (i) An amount equal to the product of \$125 15

16 <u>multiplied by the number of additional alternative energy</u> 17 <u>credits required to comply with subsection (b.1)(2) from</u> 18 <u>June 1, 2021, through May 31, 2026.</u>

<u>(ii) An amount equal to the product of \$100</u>
<u>multiplied by the number of additional alternative energy</u>
<u>credits required to comply with subsection (b.1)(2) from</u>
June 1, 2026, through May 31, 2030.

23 (iii) Beginning with the reporting year commencing
 24 on June 1, 2030, and each reporting year thereafter, the

25 <u>alternative compliance payment required for solar</u>

26 photovoltaic energy systems under subsection (b.1)(2)

27 <u>shall decrease by \$5 from the previous reporting year</u>

28 <u>until the alternative compliance payment is</u>

29 <u>\$45.</u>

30 (5) The commission shall establish a process to provide

1 for, at least annually, a review of the alternative energy 2 market within this Commonwealth and the service territories 3 of the regional transmission organizations that manage the transmission system in any part of this Commonwealth. The 4 5 commission will use the results of this study to identify any 6 needed changes to the cost associated with the alternative 7 compliance payment program. If the commission finds that the 8 costs associated with the alternative compliance payment 9 program must be changed, the commission shall present these 10 findings to the General Assembly for legislative enactment. 11 Transfer [to sustainable development funds] of (q) alternative compliance payments. --12 \* \* \* 13 14 The alternative compliance payments shall be (2)15 utilized solely for [projects] any of the following: 16 (i) Projects that will increase the amount of 17 electric energy generated from alternative energy 18 resources for purposes of compliance with subsections 19 (b), (b.1) and (c). 20 (ii) Workforce development programs to train workers 21 in renewable energy industries. \* \* \* 22 23 Section 3. The act is amended by adding sections to read: 24 Section 3.1. Solar photovoltaic technology requirements. 25 (a) System requirements. -- Notwithstanding section 4, in 26 order to qualify as an alternative energy source eligible to meet the solar photovoltaic share of the compliance requirements 27 under section 3, a solar photovoltaic system must do one of the 28 29 following: (1) Directly deliver the electricity that the solar 30

20190HB1195PN1601

- 12 -

1	photovoltaic system generates to a retail customer of an
2	electric distribution company or to the distribution system
3	operated by an electric distribution company operating in
4	this Commonwealth and currently obligated to meet the
5	compliance requirements specified under section 3.
6	(2) Directly connect to the electric system of an
7	electric cooperative or municipal electric system operating
8	in this Commonwealth.
9	(3) Directly connect to the electric transmission system
10	at a location within the service territory of an electric
11	distribution company operating in this Commonwealth.
12	(b) Construction
13	(1) Nothing under this section or section 4 shall be
14	construed to affect any of the following:
15	(i) A certification originating in this Commonwealth
16	and granted before the effective date of this section of
17	<u>a solar photovoltaic energy generator as a qualifying</u>
18	alternative energy source eligible to meet the solar
19	photovoltaic share of this Commonwealth's alternative
20	energy portfolio compliance requirements under section 3.
21	(ii) A certification of a solar photovoltaic system
22	with a binding written contract for the sale and purchase
23	of alternative energy credits derived from solar
24	photovoltaic energy sources entered into before October
25	<u>30, 2017.</u>
26	(2) This section shall apply to contracts entered into
27	or renewed on or after October 30, 2017.
28	Section 3.2. Contract requirements for solar photovoltaic
29	<u>energy system sources.</u>
30	(a) Low-cost procurement for non-customer-generators
001	

- 13 -

20190HB1195PN1601

1	(1) To assure the lowest-cost procurement, two-thirds of
2	the annual total percentage requirement from solar
3	photovoltaic sources as specified under section 3(b.1)(5)
4	shall be procured through contracts of no less than 12 years
5	and no more than 20 years for both energy and alternative
6	energy credits required under this subsection.
7	(2) An electric distribution company with more than one
8	million annual megawatt hours of retail load shall:
9	(i) procure energy and alternative energy credits
10	based on the total electric energy sold to all customers
11	in the electric distribution company's service territory,
12	without regard to whether the supplier of the retail
13	sales is the electric distribution company or an electric
14	generation supplier;
15	(ii) issue annual requests for proposals for
16	competitive long-term procurement of solar energy and
17	alternative energy credits and enter into contracts in
18	compliance with this subsection in accordance with
19	regulations established by the commission; and
20	(iii) be entitled to a presumption of prudency and
21	full cost recovery in distribution rates of payments for
22	competitive procurements made under this subsection at a
23	levelized price over the term of the contract of less
24	than one-half of the applicable alternative compliance
25	payment.
26	(3) For purposes of any true-up required under this
27	subsection, the following apply:
28	(i) If contracts executed to meet the requirements
29	of this section fail to deliver the quantities required
30	in any given year, the electric distribution company
20190H	IB1195PN1601 - 14 -

1	shall procure alternative energy credits during the true-
2	up period established under section 3(e)(5).

3	(ii) Electric generation suppliers in the territory
4	of the electric distribution company shall not have an
5	obligation to purchase alternative energy credits for the
6	share of the requirements under this section and shall
7	not be responsible for true-up or the payment of any
8	penalty for failure to comply with this section.
9	(4) No later than December 1, 2020, the commission shall
10	establish regulations to implement the requirements under
11	this subsection and provide for the issuance and execution of
12	the first competitive procurement contracts for the supply of
13	alternative energy credits beginning with the reporting year
14	commencing on June 1, 2021. The regulations shall address,
15	but not be limited to, all of the following:
16	(i) Competitive contract procurement.
17	(ii) Alternative energy credit retirement.
18	(iii) Guidance on the prudency of proposed
19	purchases, including a presumption of prudence if the
20	annualized cost of alternative energy credits is less
21	than one-half of the applicable alternative compliance
22	payment.
23	(iv) Competitiveness review using standard industry
24	practices to ensure that each solicitation is competitive
25	and providing for the prompt re-issuance of a
26	solicitation deemed to be uncompetitive.
27	(v) Cost recovery for electric distribution
28	companies for prudent and competitive contracts.
29	(vi) Alternative energy credit true-up of
30	procurement shortfalls in subsequent year contract

1	procurements.
2	(b) Low-cost procurement for nonsolar Tier I resources
3	(1) No later than December 1, 2020, the commission shall
4	establish regulations providing for competitive procurement
5	of at least one-sixth of the nonsolar Tier I alternative
6	energy required under section 3(b.1)(1) under contracts with
7	<u>a term of no less than 10 years and no more than 15 years</u>
8	beginning with the reporting year commencing on June 1, 2021.
9	The competitive procurements under this subsection shall
10	result in contracts for both energy and alternative energy
11	credits for nonsolar Tier I alternative energy resources for
12	the purpose of satisfying the requirements under section
13	(3) (b.1) (1). The requirements under this paragraph shall not
14	apply to the solar photovoltaic share requirements under
15	<u>section 3(b.1)(2) or (5).</u>
16	(2) In establishing regulations under paragraph (1), the
17	commission shall collaborate with stakeholders, including,
18	but not limited to, the department, energy generation
19	suppliers, renewable energy developers and electric
20	distribution companies, and determine the benefit to electric
21	customers in this Commonwealth based on the following
22	<u>factors:</u>
23	(i) The savings to electric customers resulting from
24	the procurement of alternative energy credits under this
25	section.
26	(ii) The preference for new generation resources
27	with reduced emissions as determined by the department.
28	(iii) The parties to the contracts.
29	(iv) The design of the competitive procurement
30	process.

- 16 -

1	(v) The terms to be included in the contracts based
2	on commercial reasonableness for the parties to the
3	<u>contracts.</u>
4	Section 3.3. Renewable energy storage report.
5	(a) ReportNo later than one year after the effective date
6	of this section, the commission, in consultation with the PJM
7	Interconnection, L.L.C. transmission organization (PJM) or its
8	successor and stakeholders, including, but not limited to,
9	third-party electric generation suppliers and electric
10	utilities, shall conduct a renewable energy storage analysis and
11	submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly concerning
12	renewable energy storage needs and opportunities and costs and
13	benefits in this Commonwealth.
14	(b) ContractThe commission shall contract with an
15	independent consultant selected through a competitive request
16	for proposal process to produce the report under this section.
17	(c) ReportAt a minimum, the commission shall compile the
18	report in the following manner:
19	(1) Use 2,000 megawatt hours of renewable energy storage
20	<u>as a benchmark target goal.</u>
21	(2) Identify and measure the potential costs and
22	benefits of deployment based on all of the following factors:
23	(i) Deferred investments in generation, transmission
24	and distribution facilities.
25	(ii) Reduced ancillary services costs.
26	(iii) Reduced transmission and distribution
27	congestion.
28	(iv) Reduced peak power costs and capacity costs.
29	(v) Reduced costs for emergency power supplies
30	during outages.

- 17 -

1	(vi) Curtailment of nonrenewable energy generators
2	to meet peak demand.
3	(vii) Reduced greenhouse gas emissions.
4	(3) Analyze and estimate all of the following:
5	(i) The ability to integrate renewable energy
6	resources with energy storage systems.
7	(ii) The benefits of coupling the storage to meet
8	peak demand.
9	(iii) The impact of renewable energy storage on grid
10	reliability and power quality.
11	(iv) The impact on retail electric rates over the
12	useful life of a renewable energy storage system compared
13	to the same services using other facilities or resources.
14	(4) Consider whether the implementation of renewable
15	electric energy storage systems would promote the use of
16	electric vehicles in this Commonwealth and the potential
17	impact on renewable energy production in this Commonwealth.
18	(5) Analyze the types of renewable energy storage
19	technologies currently being implemented in this Commonwealth
20	and other states.
21	(6) Consider the benefits and costs to retail electric
22	customers in this Commonwealth, political subdivisions and
23	electric public utilities associated with the development and
24	implementation of additional renewable energy storage
25	technologies.
26	(7) Determine the optimal amount of renewable energy
27	storage that should be added in this Commonwealth during the
28	next five years to provide the maximum benefit to retail
29	electric customers in this Commonwealth.
30	(8) Determine the optimum points of entry into the

1	electric distribution system for distributed energy
2	resources.
3	(9) Calculate the cost to retail electric customers in
4	this Commonwealth of adding the optimal amount of renewable
5	<u>energy storage.</u>
6	Section 3.4. Energy storage deployment targets.
7	(a) DeterminationNo later than 90 days after completion
8	of the report under section 3.3, the commission shall determine
9	appropriate energy storage deployment targets that each electric
10	distribution company needs to achieve by December 31, 2025,
11	including any interim targets. In making the determination, the
12	commission shall consider all of the following:
13	(1) The contents of the report under section 3.3.
14	(2) Adopting specific subcategories of deployment by
15	point of interconnection.
16	(3) Adopting requirements or processes for all of the
17	<u>following:</u>
18	(i) The competitive deployment of energy storage
19	services from third parties.
20	(ii) The direct purchase of storage devices.
21	(4) Appropriate accountability mechanisms, including
22	reporting requirements, for investor-owned electric utilities
23	to procure energy storage in sufficient quantities to meet
24	the targets established by the commission.
25	(5) If advised by the report under section 3.3, creating
26	a renewable peak standard that would set targets for meeting
27	peak demand with renewable energy co-located with storage,
28	including all of the following:
29	(i) Demand response technology or energy storage
30	that is paired solely with a Tier I alternative energy

1	source that generates, dispatches or discharges energy to
2	an electric distribution system during seasonal peak
3	periods as determined by the commission or reduce load on
4	the system.
5	(ii) Renewable energy storage systems that can be
6	co-located with the Tier I alternative energy sources or
7	paired virtually, as long as the storage facility is
8	within the boundaries of the same electric distribution
9	company's service territory and specifically located to
10	<u>reduce peak demand.</u>
11	(b) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the term
12	"procure" shall mean to acquire by ownership a renewable
13	energy storage system or a contractual right to use the energy
14	from, or the capacity of, a renewable energy storage system.
15	Section 3.5. Contracts for solar photovoltaic technologies by
16	Commonwealth agencies.
17	(a) Public worksExcept as provided under subsection (b),
18	a Commonwealth agency shall require that a contract for the
19	construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement or
20	maintenance of public works contain a provision that, if any
21	solar photovoltaic technologies to be used or supplied in the
22	performance of the contract, only solar photovoltaic
23	technologies manufactured in the United States shall be used or
24	supplied in the performance of the contract or any subcontracts
25	under the contract.
26	(b) ExceptionThe requirement under subsection (a) shall
27	not apply if the head of the Commonwealth agency, in writing,
28	determines that the solar photovoltaic technologies are not
29	manufactured in the United States in sufficient quantities to
	manuractured in the onited States in Sufficient quantities to
30	meet the requirements of the contract.

- 20 -

(c) Definitions.--As used in this section, the term "public
 work" shall have the same meaning given to it in section 2(5) of

3 the act of August 15, 1961 (P.L.987, No.442), known as the

4 <u>Pennsylvania Prevailing Wage Act.</u>

5 Section 4. Section 4 of the act is amended to read:6 Section 4. Portfolio requirements in other states.

If an electric distribution [supplier] <u>company</u> or electric 7 8 generation [company] <u>supplier</u> provider sells electricity in any other state and is subject to [renewable] <u>alternative</u> energy 9 10 portfolio requirements in that state, they shall list any such requirement and shall indicate how it satisfied those 11 12 [renewable] <u>alternative</u> energy portfolio requirements. To 13 prevent double-counting, the electric distribution [supplier] 14 <u>company</u> or electric generation [company] <u>supplier</u> shall not 15 satisfy Pennsylvania's alternative energy portfolio requirements 16 using alternative energy used to satisfy another state's 17 portfolio requirements or alternative energy credits already 18 purchased by individuals, businesses or government bodies that 19 do not have a compliance obligation under this act unless the 20 individual, business or government body sells those credits to 21 the electric distribution company or electric generation 22 supplier. Energy derived from alternative energy sources inside 23 the geographical boundaries of this Commonwealth shall be 24 eligible to meet the compliance requirements under this act. 25 Energy derived from alternative energy sources located outside 26 the geographical boundaries of this Commonwealth but within the 27 service territory of a regional transmission organization that 28 manages the transmission system in any part of this Commonwealth 29 shall only be eligible to meet the compliance requirements of 30 electric distribution companies or electric generation suppliers

20190HB1195PN1601

- 21 -

located within the service territory of the same regional 1 2 transmission organization. For purposes of compliance with this 3 act, alternative energy sources located in the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. regional transmission organization (PJM) 4 or its successor service territory shall be eligible to fulfill 5 compliance obligations of all Pennsylvania electric distribution 6 7 companies and electric generation suppliers. Energy derived from 8 alternative energy sources located outside the service territory of a regional transmission organization that manages the 9 10 transmission system in any part of this Commonwealth shall not be eligible to meet the compliance requirements of this act. 11 12 Electric distribution companies and electric generation 13 suppliers shall document that this energy was not used to 14 satisfy another state's [renewable] <u>alternative</u> energy portfolio 15 standards.

16 Section 5. Repeals are as follows:

17 (1) The General Assembly declares that the repeal under
18 paragraph (2) is necessary to effectuate the addition of
19 section 3.1 of the act.

20 (2) Section 2804 of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177,
21 No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, is
22 repealed.

23 Section 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

- 22 -