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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

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HOUSE BILL

No. 1010 Session of  
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DALEY, APRIL 2, 2019

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REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, APRIL 2, 2019

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AN ACT

1 Requiring certain entities to provide notification of breach of  
2 personal information; and providing for a cause of action.

3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
4 hereby enacts as follows:

5 Section 1. Short title.

6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Breach of  
7 Personal Information Act.

8 Section 2. Definitions.

9 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall  
10 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
11 context clearly indicates otherwise:

12 "Access device." A card issued by a financial institution  
13 that contains a magnetic strip, microprocessor chip or other  
14 means for storage of information. The term includes a credit  
15 card, debit card or stored value card.

16 "Breach of the security of the system." The unauthorized  
17 access and acquisition of computerized data that materially

1 compromises the security or confidentiality of personal  
2 information maintained by an entity as part of a database of  
3 personal information regarding multiple individuals and that  
4 causes or the entity reasonably believes has caused or will  
5 cause loss or injury to a resident of this Commonwealth. The  
6 term does not include good faith acquisition of personal  
7 information by an employee or agent of an entity for the  
8 purposes of the entity if the personal information is not used  
9 for a purpose other than the lawful purpose of the entity and is  
10 not subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

11 "Business." A sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation,  
12 association or other group, however organized and whether or not  
13 organized to operate at a profit. The term includes a financial  
14 institution organized, chartered or holding a license or  
15 authorization certificate under the laws of this Commonwealth,  
16 any other state, the United States or any other country or the  
17 parent or the subsidiary of a financial institution. The term  
18 also includes an entity that destroys records.

19 "Card security code." The three-digit or four-digit value  
20 printed on an access device or contained in the microprocessor  
21 chip or magnetic strip of an access device that is used to  
22 validate access device information during the authorization  
23 process.

24 "Encryption." The use of an algorithmic process to transform  
25 data into a form in which there is a low probability of  
26 assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or key.

27 "Entity." A State agency, a political subdivision of the  
28 Commonwealth or an individual or a business doing business in  
29 this Commonwealth.

30 "Financial institution." An office of a bank, bank and

1 trust, trust company with banking powers, savings bank,  
2 industrial loan company, savings association, credit union or  
3 regulated lender.

4 "Identity theft." The possession and use, through any means,  
5 by a person of identifying information of an individual without  
6 the consent of the individual to further an unlawful purpose.

7 "Magnetic strip data." Data contained in a magnetic strip of  
8 an access device.

9 "Microprocessor chip data." Data contained in a  
10 microprocessor chip of an access device.

11 "Notice." Any of the following methods of notification:

12 (1) Written notice to the last known home address of an  
13 individual.

14 (2) Telephonic notice to a customer if:

15 (i) the customer can be reasonably expected to  
16 receive the notice;

17 (ii) the notice is given in a clear and conspicuous  
18 manner;

19 (iii) the notice describes the incident in general  
20 terms;

21 (iv) the notice verifies personal information;

22 (v) the notice does not require the customer to  
23 provide personal information; and

24 (vi) the customer is provided with a telephone  
25 number to call or a publicly accessible Internet website  
26 to visit for further information or assistance.

27 (3) E-mail notice to an individual, if a prior business  
28 relationship exists and the person or entity has a valid e-  
29 mail address for the individual.

30 (4) Substitute notice, if the entity demonstrates one of

1 the following:

2 (i) the cost of providing notice would exceed  
3 \$100,000;

4 (ii) the affected class of subject individuals to be  
5 notified exceeds 175,000; or

6 (iii) the entity does not have sufficient contact  
7 information.

8 (5) All of the following apply:

9 (i) There is e-mail notice, when the entity has an  
10 e-mail address for the subject individuals.

11 (ii) There is a conspicuous posting of the notice on  
12 the entity's publicly accessible Internet website, if the  
13 entity maintains one.

14 (iii) The notification is provided to major  
15 Statewide media.

16 "Personal information." An individual's first name or first  
17 initial and last name in combination with and linked to any one  
18 or more of the following data elements when the data elements  
19 are not encrypted or redacted:

20 (1) Social Security number.

21 (2) Driver's license number or a State identification  
22 card number issued in lieu of a driver's license.

23 (3) Financial account number, credit card number or  
24 debit card number, in combination with any required security  
25 code, access code or password that would permit access to an  
26 individual's financial account.

27 (4) Passport number.

28 (5) A username or e-mail address, in combination with a  
29 password or security question and answer that would permit  
30 access to an online account.

1 (6) Medical history, medical treatment by a health care  
2 professional, diagnosis of mental or physical condition by a  
3 health care professional or deoxyribonucleic acid profile.

4 (7) Health insurance policy number, subscriber  
5 identification number or any other unique identifier used by  
6 a health insurer to identify the individual.

7 (8) Unique biometric data generated from measurements or  
8 analysis of human body characteristics for authentication  
9 purposes.

10 (9) The individual's taxpayer identification number.  
11 The term does not include publicly available information that is  
12 lawfully made available to the general public from Federal,  
13 State or local government records.

14 "PIN." A personal identification code that identifies the  
15 cardholder.

16 "PIN verification code number." Data used to verify  
17 cardholder identity when a PIN is used in a transaction.

18 "Records." Material, regardless of the physical form, on  
19 which information is recorded or preserved by any means,  
20 including in written or spoken words, graphically depicted,  
21 printed or electromagnetically transmitted. The term does not  
22 include publicly available directories containing information an  
23 individual has voluntarily consented to have publicly  
24 disseminated or listed, such as name, address or telephone  
25 number.

26 "Redact." The term includes, but is not limited to,  
27 alteration or truncation of data such that no more than the last  
28 four digits of a Social Security number, driver's license  
29 number, State identification card number or account number is  
30 accessible as part of the data.

1 "Service provider." A person or entity that stores,  
2 processes or transmits access device data on behalf of another  
3 person or entity.

4 "State agency." An agency, board, commission, authority or  
5 department of the Commonwealth and the General Assembly.

6 Section 3. Notification of breach.

7 (a) Duty to provide.--

8 (1) An entity that maintains, stores or manages  
9 computerized data that includes personal information shall  
10 provide notice of a breach of the security of the system  
11 following discovery of the breach of the security of the  
12 system to a resident of this Commonwealth whose unencrypted  
13 and unredacted personal information was or is reasonably  
14 believed to have been accessed and acquired by an  
15 unauthorized person.

16 (2) Except as provided in section 4, or in order to take  
17 any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach  
18 and to restore the reasonable integrity of the data system,  
19 the notice shall be made without unreasonable delay.

20 (3) For the purpose of this subsection, a resident of  
21 this Commonwealth may be determined to be an individual whose  
22 principal mailing address as reflected in the computerized  
23 data that is maintained, stored or managed by the entity is  
24 in this Commonwealth.

25 (b) Encrypted information.--An entity shall provide notice  
26 of the breach if:

27 (1) encrypted information is accessed and acquired in an  
28 unencrypted form;

29 (2) the security breach is linked to a breach of the  
30 security of the encryption; or

1 (3) the security breach is committed by a person with  
2 access to or who otherwise learns of the encryption key.

3 (c) Vendor notification.--

4 (1) A vendor that maintains, stores or manages  
5 computerized data on behalf of another entity shall provide  
6 notice of a breach of the security of the system following  
7 discovery by the vendor to the entity on whose behalf the  
8 vendor maintains, stores or manages the data.

9 (2) The entity shall be responsible for making the  
10 determinations and discharging any remaining duties under  
11 this act.

#### 12 Section 4. Exceptions.

13 The notification required by this act may be delayed for up  
14 to three days if a law enforcement agency determines and advises  
15 the entity in writing specifically referencing this section that  
16 the notification will impede a criminal or civil investigation.

#### 17 Section 5. Notification to consumer reporting agencies.

18 When an entity provides notification under this act to more  
19 than 1,000 persons at one time, the entity shall also notify,  
20 without unreasonable delay, all consumer reporting agencies that  
21 compile and maintain files on consumers on a nationwide basis as  
22 defined in section 603 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (Public  
23 Law 91-508, 15 U.S.C. § 1681a), of the timing, distribution and  
24 number of notices.

#### 25 Section 6. Preemption.

26 This act relates to subject matter that is of Statewide  
27 concern, and it is the intent of the General Assembly that this  
28 act shall supersede and preempt all rules, regulations, codes,  
29 statutes or ordinances of all cities, counties, municipalities  
30 and other local agencies within this Commonwealth relating to

1 the provisions of this act.

2 Section 7. Notice exemption.

3 (a) Information privacy or security policy.--An entity that  
4 maintains its own notification procedures as part of an  
5 information privacy or security policy for the treatment of  
6 personal information and is consistent with the notice  
7 requirements of this act shall be deemed to be in compliance  
8 with the notification requirements of this act if the entity  
9 notifies subject individuals in accordance with the entity's  
10 policies in the event of a breach of security of the system.

11 (b) Compliance with Federal requirements.--

12 (1) A financial institution that complies with the  
13 notification requirements prescribed by the Federal  
14 Interagency Guidance on Response Programs for Unauthorized  
15 Access to Customer Information and Customer Notice is deemed  
16 to be in compliance with this act.

17 (2) An entity that complies with the notification  
18 requirements or procedures under the rules, regulations,  
19 procedures or guidelines established by the entity's primary  
20 or functional Federal regulator shall be in compliance with  
21 this act.

22 Section 8. Civil relief.

23 (a) Remedies for residents.--A resident of this Commonwealth  
24 who is adversely affected by a violation of this act, in  
25 addition to and cumulative of all other rights and remedies  
26 available at law, may bring an action to:

27 (1) Enjoin further violations of this act.

28 (2) Recover the greater of actual damages or \$5,000 for  
29 each separate violation of this act.

30 (b) Attorney general.--The attorney general may bring an



1 action against a person who violates this act to:

2 (1) Enjoin further violation of this act.

3 (2) Recover a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per  
4 violation.

5 (c) Limitation period.--An action under this section must be  
6 brought within three years after the violation is discovered or  
7 by the exercise of reasonable diligence should have been  
8 discovered, whichever is earlier.

9 (d) Repeated violations.--In an action under this section,  
10 the court may increase a damage award to an amount equal to not  
11 more than three times the amount otherwise available under this  
12 section if the court determines that the defendant has engaged  
13 in a pattern and practice of violating this section.

14 (e) Attorney fees and costs.--A prevailing plaintiff in an  
15 action under this section shall be entitled to recover the  
16 plaintiff's reasonable attorney fees and costs.

17 (f) Arbitration.--The rights of residents of this  
18 Commonwealth and their access to the Commonwealth's courts are  
19 in addition to and are not barred by any arbitration provision  
20 in a contract between a resident of this Commonwealth and a  
21 business.

22 (g) Violations.--For the purpose of this section, multiple  
23 violations of this act resulting from a single action or act  
24 shall constitute one violation.

25 Section 9. Information security.

26 (a) Security or identification information.--An entity that  
27 maintains, stores or manages computerized data that includes  
28 personal information shall take reasonable measures, consistent  
29 with the nature and size of the entity, to secure the system and  
30 unredacted personal information of residents of this

1 Commonwealth.

2 (b) Liability.--If there is a breach of security of the  
3 system of a person or entity that has violated this section, or  
4 the person's or entity's service provider, the person or entity  
5 shall compensate the individual affected by the breach for  
6 identity theft and fraudulent charges in the amount of \$5,000  
7 for each separate violation of this act or the actual damages  
8 incurred, whichever is greater.

9 Section 10. Access devices and breach of security

10 (a) Security or identification information and retention  
11 prohibited.--

12 (1) No person or entity conducting business in this  
13 Commonwealth that accepts an access device in connection with  
14 a transaction may retain the card's security code data, the  
15 PIN verification code number or the full contents of any  
16 tract magnetic strip data subsequent to the authorization of  
17 the transaction or, in the case of a PIN debit transaction,  
18 subsequent to 48 hours after authorization of the  
19 transaction.

20 (2) A person or entity is in violation of this section  
21 if the entity's service provider retains the data subsequent  
22 to the authorization of the transaction or, in the case of a  
23 PIN debit transaction, subsequent to 48 hours after  
24 authorization of the transaction.

25 (b) Liability.--If there is a breach of the security of the  
26 system of a person or entity that has violated this act, or of  
27 the person's or entity's service provider, the person or entity  
28 shall reimburse the financial institution that issued any access  
29 devices affected by the breach for the costs of reasonable  
30 actions undertaken by the financial institution as a result of

1 the breach in order to protect the information of the entity's  
2 cardholders or to continue to provide services to cardholders,  
3 including any cost incurred in connection with:

4 (1) The cancellation or reissuance of any access device  
5 affected by the breach.

6 (2) The closure of a deposit, transaction, share draft  
7 or other account affected by the breach and any action to  
8 stop a payment or block a transaction with respect to the  
9 account.

10 (3) The opening or reopening of a deposit, transaction,  
11 share draft or other account affected by the breach.

12 (4) A refund or credit made to a cardholder to cover the  
13 cost of an unauthorized transaction relating to the breach.

14 (5) The notification of cardholders affected by the  
15 breach.

16 (c) Recovery of costs.--

17 (1) The financial institution may recover costs for  
18 damages paid by the financial institution to cardholders  
19 injured by a breach of the security of the system of a person  
20 or entity that has violated this act.

21 (2) Costs do not include an amount recovered from a  
22 credit card company by a financial institution.

23 (3) The remedies under this subsection are cumulative  
24 and do not restrict any other right or remedy otherwise  
25 available to the financial institution.

26 Section 11. Applicability.

27 This act shall apply to the discovery or notification of a  
28 breach in the security of personal information data that occurs  
29 on or after the effective date of this section.

30 Section 12. Effective date.

1 This act shall take effect in 60 days.