## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## SENATE BILL No. $150 \underset{\substack{\text { Session } \\ 2017}}{ }$

INTRODUCED BY LEACH, FONTANA, COSTA AND HUGHES, SEPTEMBER 6, 2017

REFERRED TO LABOR AND INDUSTRY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2017

AN ACT

Amending the act of January 17, 1968 (P.L.11, No.5), entitled "An act establishing a fixed minimum wage and overtime rates for employes, with certain exceptions; providing for minimum rates for learners and apprentices; creating a Minimum Wage Advisory Board and defining its powers and duties; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Department of Labor and Industry; imposing duties on employers; and providing penalties," further providing for definitions, for minimum wages and for civil actions.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Sections 3(d), 4(a) and 13 of the act of January 17, 1968 (P.L.11, No.5), known as The Minimum Wage Act of 1968, are amended to read:

Section 3. Definitions.--As used in this act:

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(d) "Wages" mean compensation due to any employe by reason of his or her employment, payable in legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face value, subject to such deductions, charges or allowances as may be permitted by regulations of the secretary
under section 9.
"Wage" paid to any employe includes the reasonable cost, as determined by the secretary, to the employer for furnishing such employe with board, lodging, or other facilities, if such board, lodging, or other facilities are customarily furnished by such employer to his or her employes: Provided, That the cost of board, lodging, or other facilities shall not be included as a part of the wage paid to any employe to the extent it is excluded therefrom under the terms of a bona fide collectivebargaining agreement applicable to the particular employe: Provided, further, That the secretary is authorized to determine the fair value of such board, lodging, or other facilities for defined classes of employes and in defined areas, based on average cost to the employer or to groups of employers similarly situated, or average value to groups of employes, or other appropriate measures of fair value. Such evaluations, where applicable and pertinent, shall be used in lieu of actual measure of cost in determining the wage paid to any employe.
[In determining the hourly wage an employer is required to pay a tipped employe, the amount paid such employe by his or her employer shall be an amount equal to: (i) the cash wage paid the employe which for the purposes of the determination shall be not less than the cash wage required to be paid the employe on the date immediately prior to the effective date of this subparagraph; and (ii) an additional amount on account of the tips received by the employe which is equal to the difference between the wage specified in subparagraph (i) and the wage in effect under section 4 of this act. The additional amount on account of tips may not exceed the value of tips actually received by the employe. The previous sentence shall not apply
with respect to any tipped employe unless:
(1) Such employe has been informed by the employer of the provisions of this subsection;
(2) All tips received by such employe have been retained by the employe and shall not be surrendered to the employer to be used as wages to satisfy the requirement to pay the current hourly minimum rate in effect; where the gratuity is added to the charge made by the establishment, either by the management, or by the customer, the gratuity shall become the property of the employe; except that this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the pooling of tips among employes who customarily and regularly receive tips.] An employer shall pay a tipped employe the minimum wage under section 4(a).

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Section 4. Minimum Wages.--Except as may otherwise be provided under this act:
(a) Every employer shall pay to each of his or her employes wages for all hours worked at a rate of not less than:
(1) Two dollars sixty-five cents (\$2.65) an hour upon the effective date of this amendment.
(2) Two dollars ninety cents (\$2.90) an hour during the year beginning January 1, 1979.
(3) Three dollars ten cents (\$3.10) an hour during the year beginning January 1, 1980.
(4) Three dollars thirty-five cents (\$3.35) an hour after December 31, 1980.
(5) Three dollars seventy cents (\$3.70) an hour beginning February 1, 1989.
(6) Five dollars fifteen cents (\$5.15) an hour beginning September 1, 1997.
(7) Six dollars twenty-five cents (\$6.25) an hour beginning January 1, 2007.
(8) Seven dollars fifteen cents (\$7.15) an hour beginning July 1, 2007.
(9) Fifteen dollars (\$15.00) an hour beginning thirty days after the effective date of this paragraph.
(10) One year after the effective date of paragraph (9), and each year thereafter, the secretary shall determine the minimum wage to be in effect for the subsequent one-year period by taking the previous year's minimum wage and increasing it by the annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U), or its successor publication, for the Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland area, and rounding that amount to the next highest multiple of five cents (\$0.05).

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Section 13. Civil Actions.--If any employe is paid by his or her employer less than the minimum wages provided by section 4 of this act or by any regulation issued thereunder, such worker may recover in a civil action triple the full amount of such minimum wage less any amount actually paid to the worker by the employer, together with costs and such reasonable attorney's fees as may be allowed by the court, and any agreement between the employer and the worker to work for less than such minimum wage shall be no defense to such action. At the request of any employe paid less than the minimum wage to which such employe was entitled under this act and regulations issued thereunder, the secretary may take an assignment of such wage claim, in trust for the assigning worker and may bring any legal action necessary to collect such claim, and the employer shall be

