
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 419 Session of
2015

INTRODUCED BY BOSCOLA, FARNESE, SABATINA, TEPLITZ, HUTCHINSON
AND RAFFERTY, AUGUST 30, 2016

INTRODUCED AND ADOPTED, AUGUST 30, 2016

A RESOLUTION

1 Designating September 18, 2016, as "Pitt Hopkins Syndrome
2 Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania.

3 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome is a rare and severe
4 neurological disorder caused by a spontaneous mutation on the
5 18th chromosome; and

6 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome is characterized by
7 developmental delays, moderate to severe intellectual
8 disability, breathing problems, epilepsy or recurrent seizures,
9 gastrointestinal issues and distinctive facial features; and

10 WHEREAS, Most affected individuals do not learn to walk
11 unassisted and do not develop speech, but not all symptoms need
12 to be present to warrant genetic testing in individuals; and

13 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome was first described by two
14 physicians in 1978, however, until recently, the diagnosis was
15 based on a person's medical history and a physical examination;
16 and

17 WHEREAS, New technology has allowed scientists to identify
18 the genetic cause and now the diagnosis is usually based on the

1 results of microarray analysis which can be performed on a blood
2 sample; and

3 WHEREAS, In 2007, the connection to the 18th chromosome was
4 established when the TCF4 transcription factor located on
5 chromosome 18 was discovered to play an essential role in the
6 development of the nervous system and the brain, and any
7 functional deficiency in development affects how a child
8 develops over time; and

9 WHEREAS, Approximately 550 people worldwide have been
10 diagnosed with Pitt Hopkins syndrome, however, given the fact
11 that the discovery of the gene happened several years ago, there
12 are likely many others out there that remain undiagnosed; and

13 WHEREAS, Pitt Hopkins syndrome occurs in both males and
14 females and is not limited to a specific ethnic background; and

15 WHEREAS, This condition is inherited in an autosomal dominant
16 pattern, meaning one copy of the altered gene in each cell is
17 sufficient to cause the disorder, but most cases result from new
18 mutations in the gene and occur in people with no history of the
19 disorder in their family; and

20 WHEREAS, Given its rarity, online support groups play a
21 pivotal role for individuals, families and their loved ones to
22 connect with each other and increase awareness; and

23 WHEREAS, The Pitt Hopkins Research Foundation celebrates
24 September 18, 2016, as the fourth annual International Pitt
25 Hopkins Syndrome Day to raise awareness and funding for Pitt
26 Hopkins research; and

27 WHEREAS, This date was chosen to bring attention to the fact
28 that it is a disorder caused by a spontaneous mutation on the
29 18th chromosome; and

30 WHEREAS, The Pitt Hopkins Research Foundation is an all-

1 volunteer organization of families and professionals dedicated
2 to finding a cure for Pitt Hopkins syndrome through the funding
3 of research, education and advocacy; and

4 WHEREAS, The foundation's goal is to bring practical
5 treatment into current medical practice; therefore be it

6 RESOLVED, That the Senate designate September 18, 2016, as
7 "Pitt Hopkins Syndrome Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania in
8 recognition of the needs of individuals with Pitt Hopkins
9 syndrome and urge all residents to support the need for
10 awareness and education regarding Pitt Hopkins syndrome in order
11 to assist those individuals and families who deal with this
12 syndrome every day of their lives.