THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

No. 240 Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY BAKER, KITCHEN, GREENLEAF, SABATINA, TARTAGLIONE, DINNIMAN, ARGALL, RAFFERTY, MENSCH, BROWNE, PILEGGI, SCHWANK, BARTOLOTTA, COSTA, BREWSTER, FARNESE AND VULAKOVICH, NOVEMBER 16, 2015

INTRODUCED AND ADOPTED, NOVEMBER 16, 2015

A RESOLUTION

| 1 2 | Designating the month of November 2015 as "COPD Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania. |
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| 3 | WHEREAS, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) is a |
| 4 | term used to describe airflow obstruction that is associated |
| 5 | mainly with emphysema and chronic bronchitis; and |
| 6 | WHEREAS, COPD affects more than 24 million individuals in the |
| 7 | United States and kills more than 140,000 Americans every year; |
| 8 | and |
| 9 | WHEREAS, An estimated 12.7 million adults 18 years of age and |
| 10 | older have reported a physician diagnosis of COPD; and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, COPD currently accounts for 1.5 million emergency |
| 12 | room visits, 726,000 hospitalizations and 8 million physician |
| 13 | office visits and hospital outpatient visits, all of which are |
| 14 | detrimental to the United States economy; and |
| 15 | WHEREAS, COPD costs the nation an estimated \$42.6 billion in |
| 16 | direct and indirect medical costs annually; and |
| 17 | WHEREAS, COPD affects an estimated 714,000 Pennsylvania |

residents and is the fourth leading cause of death in this
Commonwealth; and

3 WHEREAS, Research has identified a hereditary protein deficiency called Alpha-1 Antitrypsin and determined individuals 4 with this deficiency tend to develop COPD despite the lack of 5 exposure to smoking and other environmental triggers; and 6 7 WHEREAS, Recently, the death rate for women with COPD has 8 surpassed the death rate of men with COPD, and women over 40 years of age are the fastest growing segment of the population 9 10 developing this irreversible disease due mostly to the equalization of opportunity over the past several generations 11 12 for men and women to smoke; and

13 WHEREAS, There is currently no cure for COPD although 14 spirometry testing and medical treatments exist to address 15 symptom relief and possibly slow progression of the disease; and 16 WHEREAS, Until there is a cure, the best approaches to preventing COPD and its negative effects on individual health 17 18 and mortality and its societal impact lie in education, 19 awareness and expanded delivery of detection and management 20 protocols; therefore be it

21 RESOLVED, That the Senate designate the month of November 22 2015 as "COPD Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania to promote 23 greater public awareness, enhance education, erase the stigma 24 and increase early diagnosis of this disease in order to save 25 lives and to reduce health costs in this Commonwealth.

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