THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1657 Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY QUINN, BAKER, BARBIN, CALTAGIRONE, P. COSTA, COX, DAVIS, DIAMOND, FEE, FLYNN, GILLEN, GILLESPIE, GODSHALL, PHILLIPS-HILL, JOZWIAK, KAUFER, KNOWLES, LONGIETTI, MACKENZIE, MILLARD, B. MILLER, MURT, MUSTIO, O'BRIEN, PETRI, READSHAW, REESE, ROZZI, SANTORA, SAYLOR, STURLA, THOMAS, WARD, WATSON, YOUNGBLOOD, A. HARRIS AND EVERETT, MARCH 10, 2016

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, MARCH 10, 2016

AN ACT

1 2	Providing for preauthorizations conducted by utilization review entities relating to health care services.
3	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
4	hereby enacts as follows:
5	Section 1. Short title.
6	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Utilization
7	Review Entity Preauthorization Act.
8	Section 2. Declaration of policy.
9	The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:
10	(1) The physician-patient relationship is paramount and
11	should not be subject to third-party intrusion.
12	(2) Preauthorization programs should not be permitted to
13	hinder patient care or intrude on the practice of medicine.
14	(3) Preauthorization programs must include the use of
15	independently developed, evidence-based and, when necessary

or available, appropriate use criteria or written clinical
 criteria.

3 (4) Preauthorization programs must include reviews by
4 appropriate physicians to ensure a fair process for patients.
5 Section 3. Definitions.

6 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 7 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 8 context clearly indicates otherwise:

9 "Adverse determination." A decision by a utilization review 10 entity that:

11 (1) The health care services furnished or proposed to be 12 furnished to a subscriber are not medically necessary or are 13 experimental or investigational.

14 (2) Denies, reduces or terminates benefit coverage.
15 The term does not include a decision to deny, reduce or
16 terminate services which are not covered for reasons other than
17 their medical necessity or experimental or investigational
18 nature.

19 "Appeal." A formal request, either orally or in writing, to 20 reconsider a determination not to preauthorize a health care 21 service.

22 "Appeals procedure." A formal process that permits a 23 subscriber, attending physician or his designee, facility or 24 health care provider on a subscriber's behalf, to appeal an 25 adverse determination rendered by the utilization review entity 26 or its designee utilization review entity or agent.

27 "Appropriate use criteria." Criteria that:

(1) defines when and how often it is medically necessary
and appropriate to perform a specific test or procedure; and
(2) is derived from documents from professional

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societies that are evidence-based or, when evidence is conflicting or lacking, from expert consensus panels and which documents include published clinical guidelines for appropriate use for the specific clinical scenario under consideration.

6 "Authorization." A determination by a utilization review 7 entity that:

8 (1) a health care service has been reviewed and, based 9 on the information provided, satisfies the utilization review 10 entity's requirements for medical necessity and 11 appropriateness; and

(2) payment will be made for the health care service.
"Clinical criteria." The written policies, written screening
procedures, drug formularies or lists of covered drugs,
determination rules, determination abstracts, clinical
protocols, practice guidelines and medical protocols used by a
utilization review entity to determine the necessity and
appropriateness of health care services.

"Emergency health care services." Health care services that are provided in a hospital emergency facility after the sudden onset of a medical condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected by a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, to result in:

26 27 placing the patient's health in serious jeopardy;
 serious impairment to bodily function; or

(3) serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part.
"Expedited appeal." A formal request, either orally or in
writing, to reconsider an adverse determination not to authorize

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1 emergency health care services or urgent health care services.

2 "Final adverse determination." An adverse determination that
3 has been upheld by a utilization review entity at the completion
4 of the utilization review entity's appeals process.

5 "Health care service." Health care procedures, treatments or6 services provided by or within:

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a facility licensed in this Commonwealth;

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(2) a doctor of medicine or a doctor of osteopathy; or

9 (3) the scope of practice for which a health care 10 professional is licensed in this Commonwealth.

11 The term includes the provision of pharmaceutical products or 12 services or durable medical equipment.

13 "Medically necessary health care services." Health care 14 services that a prudent physician would provide to a patient for 15 the purpose of preventing, diagnosing or treating an illness, 16 injury, disease or its symptoms in a manner that is:

17 (1) in accordance with generally accepted standards of 18 medical practice;

(2) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency,
 extent, site and duration; and

(3) not primarily for the economic benefit of the health
plans and purchasers or for the convenience of the patient,
treating physician or other health care provider.

Preauthorization." The process by which a utilization review entity determines the medical necessity or medical appropriateness of otherwise covered health care services prior to the rendering of the health care services including, but not limited to, preadmission review, pretreatment review, utilization and case management. The term includes a health insurer's or utilization review entity's requirement that a

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subscriber or health care provider notify the health insurer or
 utilization review agent prior to providing a health care
 service.

"Retrospective review." The review of the medical necessity 4 and appropriateness of health care services provided to a 5 subscriber, the performance of which review occurs for the first 6 7 time subsequent to the completion of the health care services. 8 "Subscriber." An individual who is eligible to receive health care benefits by a health insurer pursuant to a health 9 10 plan or other health insurance coverage. The term includes such 11 individual's legally authorized representative.

"Urgent health care service." A health care service with respect to which the application of the time periods for making a nonexpedited preauthorization, in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of a subscriber's medical condition could:

16 (1) seriously jeopardize the life or health of the 17 subscriber or the ability of the subscriber to regain maximum 18 function; or

19 (2) subject the subscriber to severe pain that cannot be
20 adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the
21 subject of the utilization review.

22 "Utilization review entity." An individual or entity that 23 performs preauthorization for one or more of the following 24 entities:

(1) an employer with employees in this Commonwealth who are covered under a health benefit plan or health insurance policy;

(2) an insurer that writes health insurance policies;
(3) a preferred provider organization or health
maintenance organization; and

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1 (4) any other individual or entity that provides, offers 2 to provide or administers hospital, outpatient, medical or 3 other health benefits to an individual treated by a health 4 care provider in this Commonwealth under a policy, plan or 5 contract.

6 The term includes a health insurer if the health insurer7 performs preauthorization.

8 Section 4. Basis, development and use.

9 (a) Electronic communications network required.--A
10 utilization review entity shall utilize an electronic
11 communications network that permits:

12 (1) Preauthorization requests to be submitted13 electronically.

14 (2) Authorizations and adverse determinations to be15 returned electronically.

(b) Preauthorization restrictions to be based on written clinical criteria.--Any restrictions that a utilization review entity places on the preauthorization of health care services shall be:

(1) Based on the medical necessity or appropriateness of
 those services and on written clinical criteria.

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(2) Applied consistently.

(c) Adverse determinations and final adverse determinations to be based on written clinical criteria.--Adverse determinations and final adverse determinations made by a utilization review agent must be based on written clinical criteria.

(d) Lack of evidence-based and expert consensus standards not to be the sole basis of an adverse determination.--If no independently developed, evidence-based standards derived from

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documents from professional societies, or when evidence-based 1 2 standards are conflicting or lacking from expert consensus 3 panels, exist for a particular health care item, treatment, test or imaging procedure, the utilization review entity may not deny 4 coverage of the treatment, items, test or imaging procedure 5 6 based solely on the grounds that the item, treatment, test or 7 imaging procedure does not meet an evidence-based standard. 8 (e) The basis of clinical criteria and expert consensus.--9 Written clinical criteria shall:

10 11 (1) Be based on nationally recognized standards.(2) Be developed in accordance with the current

12 standards of national accreditation entities.

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(3) Reflect community standards of care.

14 (4) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health15 care services.

16 (5) Be evidence-based or based on generally accepted17 expert consensus standards.

18 (6) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from19 norms when justified on case-by-case basis.

20 (7) Be evaluated and updated if necessary at least21 annually.

22 (f) Preauthorization not required.--Preauthorization shall 23 not be required:

(1) where a medication or procedure prescribed for a
patient is customary and properly indicated or is a treatment
for the clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed
medical publications; or

(2) for a patient currently managed with an establishedtreatment regimen.

30 Section 5. Mandatory disclosure and review of preauthorization 20160HB1657PN2918 - 7 - 1

requirements and restrictions.

2 (a) Disclosure.--A utilization review entity shall post to
3 its publicly accessible Internet website:

4 (i) A current list of services and supplies requiring5 preauthorization.

6 (ii) Written clinical criteria for preauthorization7 decisions.

8 (b) Specific notice to contracted health care providers.--If a utilization review entity intends to implement a new 9 10 preauthorization requirement or restriction or to amend an existing requirement or restriction, the utilization review 11 12 entity shall provide contracted health care providers of written 13 notice of the new or amended requirement or amendment not less 14 than 60 days before the requirement or restriction is implemented. 15

16 Section 6. Personnel qualified to make preauthorizations and 17 adverse determinations.

18 A utilization review entity shall ensure that:

19 (1) Preauthorizations are made by a qualified licensed20 health care professional.

(2) Adverse determinations are made by a physician. The
 reviewing physician must possess a current and valid
 nonrestricted license to practice medicine in this

24 Commonwealth.

25 Section 7. Utilization review entity duties in preauthorizations 26 or nonurgent circumstances.

(a) Deadline.--If a health insurer requires preauthorization
of a health care item, service, test or imaging procedure, the
utilization review entity shall make a preauthorization or
adverse determination and notify the subscriber and the

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subscriber's health care provider within two business days of
 obtaining all necessary information to make the preauthorization
 or adverse determination.

4 (b) Requirements specific to notices of preauthorization.-5 Notifications of preauthorizations shall be accompanied by a
6 unique preauthorization number and indicate:

The specific health care services preauthorized.

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(1)

(2) The next date for review.

9 (3) The total number of days approved.

10 (4) The date of admission or initiation of services, if 11 applicable.

(c) Binding nature of prior approvals.--Neither the utilization review entity nor the payer or health insurer that has retained the utilization review entity may retroactively deny coverage for emergency or nonemergency care that had been preauthorized when it was provided, if the information provided was accurate.

18 (d) Consultation prior to issuing an adverse 19 determination.--

(1) If a utilization review entity questions the medical
necessity of a health care service, the utilization review
entity shall notify the subscriber's physician that medical
necessity is being questioned prior to issuing an adverse
determination.

(2) The subscriber's physician or the subscriber's
designee shall have the right to discuss the medical
necessity of the health care service with the utilization
review physician.

29 Section 8. Utilization review entity duties relating to urgent 30 health care services.

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(a) Deadline.--A utilization review entity shall render a
 preauthorization or adverse determination concerning urgent care
 services and notify the subscriber's physician of the
 preauthorization or adverse determination, not later than one
 business day after receiving all information needed to complete
 the review of the requested health care services.

7 (b) Availability of physician rendering adverse8 determination to subscriber's attending physician.--

9 (1) If a utilization review entity questions the medical 10 necessity of an urgent health care service, the utilization 11 review entity shall notify the subscriber's physician that 12 medical necessity is being questioned.

13 (2) Prior to issuing an adverse determination, the
14 utilization review physician shall be available to discuss
15 the medical necessity of the urgent health care services with
16 the subscriber's physician or the subscriber's designee.
17 Section 9. Utilization review entity duties concerning emergency
18 health care services.

(a) A utilization review entity cannot require preauthorization.--No utilization review entity may require preauthorization for pre-hospital transportation or treatment for emergency health care services, including postevaluation and poststabilization services.

(b) Restrictions concerning time limits within which notification of inpatient admissions may be required.--A utilization review entity shall allow a subscriber and the subscriber's health care provider a minimum of one business day following an emergency admission, service or procedure to notify the utilization review entity of the admission, service or procedure.

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1 Section 10. Notifications of adverse determinations.

2 Written notice of adverse determinations shall be provided to 3 the subscriber and the subscriber's health care provider which 4 shall include instructions concerning how an appeal may be 5 performed.

6 Section 11. Reviews of appeals.

7 (a) Expedited appeals.--

8 (1) A subscriber or the subscriber's health care 9 provider may request an expedited appeal of an adverse 10 determination via telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or 11 the most expeditious method.

12 (2) Within one business day of receiving an expedited 13 appeal and all information necessary to decide the appeal, 14 the utilization review entity shall provide the subscriber 15 and the subscriber's health care provider written 16 confirmation of the expedited review determination.

17 (b) Physicians to review appeals.--An appeal shall be18 reviewed only by a physician who is:

19 (1) Board certified in the same specialty as a health
 20 care provider who typically manages the medical condition or
 21 disease.

(2) Currently in active practice in the same specialty
as the health care provider who typically manages the medical
condition or disease.

(3) Knowledgeable of and has experience providing thehealth care services under appeal.

(4) Not employed by a utilization review entity, under
contract with the utilization review entity, other than to
participate in one or more of the utilization review entity's
health care provider networks or to perform reviews of

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appeals, or otherwise have any financial interest in the
 outcome of the appeal.

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(5) Not involved in making the adverse determination.

4 (6) Familiar with all known clinical aspects of the
5 health care services under review, including, but not limited
6 to, all pertinent medical records provided to the
7 utilization review entity by the subscriber's health care
8 provider and any relevant records provided to the utilization
9 review entity by a health care facility.

10 (c) Procedures.--The utilization review entity shall ensure 11 that appeal procedures satisfy the following requirements:

12 (1) (i) The subscriber and the subscriber's health care 13 provider may challenge the adverse determination and have 14 the right to appear in person before the physician who 15 reviews the adverse determination.

(ii) The utilization review entity shall provide the
subscriber and the subscriber's health care provider with
written notice of the time and place concerning where the
review meeting will take place. Notice shall be given to
the subscriber's health care provider at least 15
business days in advance of the review meeting.

(iii) If the subscriber or health care provider
cannot appear in person, the utilization review entity
shall offer the subscriber or health care provider the
opportunity to communicate with the reviewing physician,
at the utilization review entity's expense, by conference
call, video conferencing or other available technology.

(2) The physician performing the review of the appeal
shall consider all information, documentation or other
material submitted in connection with the appeal without

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regard to whether the information was considered in making
 the adverse determination.

3 (d) Deadlines.--

4 (1) A utilization review entity shall decide an 5 expedited appeal and notify the subscriber and health care 6 provider of the determination within one business day after 7 receiving a notice of expedited appeal by the subscriber and 8 health care provider and all information necessary to decide 9 the appeal.

10 (2) A utilization review entity shall issue a written 11 determination concerning a nonexpedited appeal not later than 12 20 days after receiving a notice of appeal from a subscriber 13 or health care provider and all information necessary to 14 decide the appeal.

15 (e) Notifications of final adverse determinations.--Written 16 notice of final adverse determinations shall be provided to the 17 subscriber and the subscriber's health care provider.

18 Section 12. Continuation of coverage pending conclusion of the 19 appeal procedure.

If the appeal of an adverse determination concerns ongoing health care services that are being provided pursuant to an initially authorized admission or course of treatment, the health care services shall be continued without liability to the subscriber or the subscriber's health care provider until:

(1) The subscriber and the subscriber's health care
provider received a notice of final adverse determination
satisfying the requirements of a determination under section
(11) (e).

29 (2) The subscriber and the subscriber's health care
30 provider receive notice of a decision reached by an external

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review concerning the medical necessity of the health care services that were the subject of the final adverse determination, if the subscriber or the subscriber's health care provider appeal a final adverse determination to an external review proceeding.

6 Section 13. Limitation on requests for medical records.
7 When performing preauthorization, a utilization review agent
8 may only request copies of medical records when a difficulty
9 develops in determining the medical necessity or appropriateness
10 of a health care service. In that case, the utilization review
11 agent may only request the necessary and relevant sections of

13 Section 14. Preauthorization by secondary payers.

In the event that a subscriber is covered by more than one health plan that requires preauthorization, the following provisions shall apply:

17 (1) The primary health plan may require the subscriber
18 to comply with the primary health plan's preauthorization
19 requirements.

(2) If the secondary payer also requires
preauthorization of the health care services, the secondary
payer may not refuse payment for those health care services
solely on the basis that the secondary payer did not
preauthorize the health care services.

25 Section 15. No cost to the subscriber or the subscriber's

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the medical record.

health care provider.

27 An appeal of an adverse determination or external review of a 28 final adverse determination shall be provided without charge to 29 the subscriber or health care provider.

30 Section 16. Effect of noncompliance.

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Failure by a utilization review entity to comply with the deadlines and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any health care services subject to review to be deemed preauthorized.

5 Section 17. Uniform preauthorization form.

(a) Panel to be convened.--Within three months of the
effective date of this section, the Insurance Department shall
convene a panel. The panel shall develop a uniform
preauthorization form that all health care providers in this
Commonwealth shall use to request preauthorization and that all
health insurers shall accept as sufficient to request
preauthorization of health care services.

(b) Membership of panel.--The panel shall consist of not fewer than 10 persons. Equal representation shall be afforded to the physician, health care facility, employer, health insurer and consumer protection communities within this Commonwealth.

(c) Development of form.--Within one year of the effective date of this section, the panel shall conclude development of the uniform preauthorization form and the Insurance Department shall make the uniform preauthorization form available to health care providers in this Commonwealth and utilization review agents.

23 Section 18. Exemption.

(a) Preauthorization.--When appropriate use criteria exists
for a particular health care service, the health care service
shall be exempt from preauthorization if the provision of the
health care service comports with applicable appropriate use
criteria.

29 (b) Retrospective review.--A health care service that has30 been provided in accordance with applicable appropriate use

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- 1 criteria shall not be subject to retrospective review.
- 2 Section 19. Effective date.
- 3 This act shall take effect in 60 days.