
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 4

Session of
2013

INTRODUCED BY KITCHEN, FARNESE, TEPLITZ, STACK, KASUNIC,
GREENLEAF, ERICKSON, WILLIAMS, VULAKOVICH, FONTANA, HUGHES,
WASHINGTON, PILEGGI, TARTAGLIONE, YUDICHAK, SMITH, BREWSTER,
SCHWANK, D. WHITE, FERLO, EICHELBERGER, RAFFERTY, SOLOBAY,
WAUGH AND COSTA, JANUARY 1, 2013

INTRODUCED AND ADOPTED, JANUARY 01, 2013

A RESOLUTION

1 Designating the week of January 21 through 27, 2013, as "Martin
2 Luther King, Jr., Holiday Week."

3 WHEREAS, Martin Luther King, Jr., born on January 15, 1929,
4 in Atlanta, Georgia, followed in his father's and grandfather's
5 footsteps by becoming a Baptist minister after graduation from
6 Morehouse College in 1948 and Crozer Theological Seminary in
7 1951; and

8 WHEREAS, He received his doctorate from Boston University in
9 1955; and

10 WHEREAS, In 1954, as pastor of the Dexter Avenue Baptist
11 Church in Montgomery, Alabama, Dr. King organized a citywide
12 boycott of the city's segregated busing system which led to a
13 United States Supreme Court decision forcing desegregation of
14 the buses; and

15 WHEREAS, Throughout this and later civil rights protests, Dr.
16 King espoused the philosophy of nonviolent passive resistance

1 and civil disobedience; and

2 WHEREAS, In 1957, Dr. King moved back to Atlanta to join his
3 father as associate pastor of the Ebenezer Baptist Church and
4 organized the Southern Christian Leadership Conference to fight
5 segregation and discrimination throughout the South; and

6 WHEREAS, During the following years, he was frequently
7 arrested, beaten, jailed and threatened with violence as a
8 result of his protest activities; and

9 WHEREAS, Dr. King led a massive voter registration drive in
10 Selma, Alabama, resulting in the famous freedom march to
11 Montgomery, the state capital; and

12 WHEREAS, His famous march on Washington, D.C., in 1963
13 culminated in a great rally at the Lincoln Memorial at which he
14 gave his immortal "I have a dream" speech; and

15 WHEREAS, Dr. King's efforts resulted in enactment of the
16 Federal Civil Rights Act of 1964; and

17 WHEREAS, His personal sacrifices and determined leadership of
18 the civil rights movement in the United States were formally
19 recognized in 1964 when he received the Nobel Peace Prize; and

20 WHEREAS, Dr. King was assassinated in 1968 while in Memphis,
21 Tennessee, to organize a "poor people's campaign"; and

22 WHEREAS, The third Monday of January has been designated as a
23 national holiday in order to give all Americans an opportunity
24 to reflect upon the profound impact Dr. King has had on life in
25 the United States; therefore be it

26 RESOLVED, That the Senate designate the week of January 21
27 through 27, 2013, as "Martin Luther King, Jr., Holiday Week";
28 and be it further

29 RESOLVED, That the Senate urge all Pennsylvanians to be
30 mindful of the spirit and work of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.,

1 and to remember his commitment to peace and his dedication to
2 equality for all human beings on the designated week of his
3 remembrance, January 21 through 27, 2013, and throughout the
4 year.