THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 476 Session of 2013

INTRODUCED BY ARGALL, KASUNIC, VULAKOVICH, TEPLITZ, RAFFERTY, BAKER, YUDICHAK, SOLOBAY, COSTA, BROWNE, BREWSTER AND BLAKE, FEBRUARY 11, 2013

SENATOR BAKER, LABOR AND INDUSTRY, AS AMENDED, JUNE 24, 2014

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5 6	Establishing rights of correctional officers during certain < investigations by the Department of Corrections GUIDELINES < AND PROCEDURES GOVERNING CERTAIN INVESTIGATIONS OF CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS; authorizing certain civil suits by correctional officers; and providing for impact of collective bargaining agreements and for summary suspensions.
7	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
8	hereby enacts as follows:
9	Section 1. Short title.
10	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Correctional
11	Officers Bill of Rights Act INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE ACT. <
12	Section 2. Legislative intent.
13	It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide standards <
14	to protect the rights ESTABLISH GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES <
15	GOVERNING THE INVESTIGATION of correctional officers during
16	certain investigations by the Department of Corrections.
17	Section 3. Definitions.
18	The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
19	have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

1 context clearly indicates otherwise:

2 "Correctional officer." An individual employed as a 3 correctional officer by the Department of Corrections and given the care, custody and control of inmates. 4

5 "Department." The Department of Corrections of the Commonwealth. 6

Section 4. Rights of correctional officers. 7

8 (a) General rule.--If a correctional officer is under investigation and subject to interrogation by the department, 9 10 the following standards shall apply:

11 The interrogation shall be conducted after not less (1)than 24 hours' notice and shall occur when the correctional 12 13 officer is on duty, unless the seriousness of the investigation is such that an immediate investigation is 14 necessary. The correctional officer may not be terminated 15 16 from employment or disciplined for any work missed because of the interrogation. 17

18 (2) The interrogation shall take place at one of the 19 following locations:

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The office of the investigating officer. (i) 21 The office of the correctional facility (ii) 22 conducting the investigation.

An office within a building owned or leased by 23 (iii) 24 the department.

25 (iv) Such other location as is necessary to protect 26 the safety or identity of the correctional officer.

27 (3) At the beginning of the interrogation, the 28 correctional officer under interrogation shall be informed of 29 the name and rank of the correctional officer in charge of the interrogation and the names and ranks of any correctional 30

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1 personnel that will be present.

2 (4) The correctional officer under interrogation shall 3 be informed in writing of the nature of the complaint and 4 provided with the name or names of the complainant not less 5 than 24 hours prior to the interrogation.

6 (5) If an anonymous or unsworn complaint is made against 7 a correctional officer and no corroborative evidence is 8 obtained within the applicable statute of limitations for the 9 analogous criminal offense, the complaint shall be classified 10 as unfounded and shall be completely expunged from any 11 personnel file maintained by the department on the 12 correctional officer.

13 (6) The interrogation shall allow for personal14 necessities and for rest periods as are reasonably necessary.

15 (7) The correctional officer under interrogation may not 16 be offered promises of reward or threatened in connection 17 with the investigation.

18 (8) The complete interrogation shall be recorded, 19 including any recess periods. A copy of the record shall be 20 made available to the correctional officer or the 21 correctional officer's counsel or representative, upon 22 request, without cost.

(9) If the correctional officer is under arrest at the time of the interrogation, the correctional officer shall be completely informed of the correctional officer's constitutional rights and all rights under the law prior to the commencement of the interrogation.

(10) The correctional officer under interrogation shall
have the right to be represented by counsel or other
representative. To the extent that the correctional officer

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is represented for purposes of collective bargaining by a
 collective bargaining representative pursuant to State law,
 the correctional officer shall also have the right to have an
 agent from the exclusive collective bargaining representative
 present.

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(11) Prompt action shall be required as follows:

7 (i) Except as provided under subparagraph (ii), when 8 a complaint is made against a correctional officer more 9 than 90 days after the applicable statute of limitations 10 has expired for the civil wrong alleged, the complaint 11 shall be classified as unfounded and shall be completely 12 expunged from any personnel file maintained by the 13 department on the correctional officer.

14 (ii) Notwithstanding paragraph (i), no complaint
15 which alleges conduct that would constitute a misdemeanor
16 or felony offense, if proven, shall be classified as
17 unfounded or expunged as a stale complaint until the
18 applicable statute of limitations expires as prescribed
19 under 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 55 Subch. C (relating to criminal
20 proceedings).

21 No correctional officer may be compelled to submit (12)22 to a polygraph examination. No disciplinary action or other recrimination may be taken against a correctional officer for 23 24 refusing to submit to a polygraph examination. No testimony 25 or evidence shall be admissible at a subsequent hearing, 26 trial or proceeding, judicial or administrative, to the 27 effect that the correctional officer refused to take a 28 polygraph examination.

(13) No correctional officer may be subjected to or
 threatened with adverse employment action as a result of the

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exercise of the rights accorded to correctional officers
 under this act.

3 (14) No correctional officer may be required to disclose 4 greater information as to property, income, assets, source of 5 income, debts or personal or domestic expenditures, including 6 those of any member of the correctional officer's family or 7 household, than the principal elected officials of the 8 department are required to disclose, unless the information 9 is obtained under proper legal procedures.

(b) Routine, informed or unplanned interrogation or
contact.--This section shall not apply to any interrogation of a
correctional officer in the normal course of duty, counseling,
instruction, informal verbal admonishment or other routine or
unplanned contact with a supervisor or any other officer.
Section 5. Civil suits by correctional officers.

A correctional officer shall have a cause of action against any person for damages suffered as a result of a complaint filed against the correctional officer by that person which is found to be any of the following:

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(1) Without merit and frivolous.

21 (2) Without merit and made in bad faith.

22 Section 6. Impact of collective bargaining agreements.

Nothing in this act shall be construed to diminish the obligation of the department to comply with a collective bargaining agreement which provides greater rights and coverage to correctional officers than the rights and coverage provided by this act. The rights and coverage under this act may not be diminished by any collective bargaining agreement.

29 Section 7. Summary suspensions.

30 (a) Emergency suspension. - Emergency suspension of a -

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correctional officer may be imposed by the department if the 1 2 particular and unique circumstances of the situation dictate 3 that the action is necessary to protect the public interest or the effective functioning of the department. A correctional 4 5 officer who is subjected to emergency suspension may be relieved 6 of duty, provided that the correctional officer receives all-7 ordinary pay and benefits as if the correctional officer were 8 not suspended.

9 SECTION 7. SUSPENSIONS.

10 (A) GENERAL RULE.--SUSPENSION OF A CORRECTIONAL OFFICER
11 SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROVISIONS OF THE ACT OF AUGUST 5,
12 1941 (P.L.752, NO.286), KNOWN AS THE "CIVIL SERVICE ACT," EXCEPT
13 AS FOLLOWS:

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14 (1) NO SUSPENSION BASED ON A PENDING INTERNAL
15 INVESTIGATION SHALL LAST MORE THAN 60 DAYS FROM THE EFFECTIVE
16 DATE OF SUSPENSION.

17 (2) WRITTEN NOTICE OF SUSPENSION SHALL BE PROVIDED TO
18 THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER NO LATER THAN FIVE WORKING DAYS AFTER
19 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF SUSPENSION.

20 (3) MEDICAL BENEFITS AND INSURANCE SHALL CONTINUE DURING21 THE PERIOD OF SUSPENSION.

22 (b) Criminal charges. -- A correctional officer against whom a 23 criminal proceeding involving a misdemeanor or felony offense 24 has been instituted may be suspended without pay pending 25 disposition of the criminal charges. Medical benefits and 26 insurance to which a correctional officer and spouse and 27 dependents are entitled by virtue of employment may not be 28 suspended until conviction or separation of the correctional 29 officer from the department. If the correctional officer is 30 acquitted of the criminal charges, the correctional officer

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1 shall be reinstated and reimbursed for all salary and benefits

2 that have not been paid during the suspension period.

3 Section 8. Effective date.

4 This act shall take effect in 60 days.