THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 659

Session of 2012

INTRODUCED BY WATERS, THOMAS, V. BROWN, READSHAW, BISHOP, BUXTON, PAYTON, SANTONI, DIGIROLAMO, MANN, COHEN, CREIGHTON, DALEY, BROWNLEE, FABRIZIO, JOSEPHS, KORTZ, MAHONEY, YOUNGBLOOD, MIRABITO AND M. SMITH, APRIL 3, 2012

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, APRIL 3, 2012

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Declaring youth violence as a public health epidemic and
- supporting the establishment of Statewide trauma-informed
- 3 education.
- 4 WHEREAS, Youth across this Commonwealth are committing acts
- 5 of violence against one another and throughout their
- 6 communities; and
- 7 WHEREAS, A national survey by the Centers for Disease Control
- 8 and Prevention (CDC) found that United States adults reported
- 9 approximately 1.56 million incidents of victimization by
- 10 perpetrators estimated to be between 12 and 20 years of age; and
- 11 WHEREAS, The CDC states, "Violence is a serious public health
- 12 problem in the United States. From infants to the elderly, it
- 13 affects people in all stages of life. In 2007, more than 18,000
- 14 people were victims of homicide and more than 34,000 took their
- 15 own life."; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The CDC reports that many people survive violence
- 17 and are left with permanent physical and emotional scars and

- 1 that violence erodes communities by reducing productivity,
- 2 decreasing property values and disrupting social services; and
- 3 WHEREAS, A national initiative lead by the CDC, Striving to
- 4 Reduce Youth Violence Everywhere (STRYVE), assists communities
- 5 in applying a public health perspective to preventing youth
- 6 violence; and
- 7 WHEREAS, In 1985, former United States Surgeon General C.
- 8 Everett Koop declared violence as a public health issue and
- 9 called for the application of the science of public health to
- 10 the treatment and prevention of violence; and
- 11 WHEREAS, In 2000, former United States Surgeon General David
- 12 Satcher declared youth violence as a public health epidemic; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Dr. Satcher released a report that deems youth
- 14 violence as a threat to public health and calls for Federal,
- 15 state, local and private entities to invest in research on youth
- 16 violence and for the use of the knowledge gained to inform
- 17 intervention programs; and
- 18 WHEREAS, The report states that the public health approach to
- 19 youth violence involves identifying risk and protective factors,
- 20 determining how they work, making the public aware of these
- 21 findings and designing programs to prevent or stop the violence;
- 22 and
- 23 WHEREAS, The 2000 public health report calls for national
- 24 resolve to confront the problem of youth violence
- 25 systematically; to facilitate entry of youth into effective
- 26 intervention programs rather than incarceration; to improve
- 27 public awareness of effective interventions; to convene youth,
- 28 families, researchers and public and private organizations for a
- 29 periodic youth violence summit; to develop new collaborative
- 30 multidisciplinary partnerships; and to hold periodic, highly

- 1 visible national summits; and
- 2 WHEREAS, An individual's characteristics, experiences and
- 3 environmental conditions during childhood and adolescence are an
- 4 indicator of future violent behavior; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Ages 15 through 18, the ages that students spend in
- 6 high school, are the peak years of offending; and
- WHEREAS, There is concern about high school dropout rates,
- 8 academic performance and violence in schools across this
- 9 Commonwealth; and
- 10 WHEREAS, According to the Yale School of Medicine Child Study
- 11 Center, the Comer School Development Program offers low-
- 12 achieving schools assistance in creating a conducive learning
- 13 environment while providing a solid foundation for students; and
- 14 WHEREAS, The work of the Yale School of Medicine Child Study
- 15 Center has demonstrated that, "When teachers, administrators,
- 16 parents, and/or mature adults interact with students in a
- 17 supportive school environment and/or culture, and provide
- 18 adequate instruction in a way that mediates physical, social-
- 19 interactive, psycho-emotional, moral-ethical, linguistic and
- 20 cognitive-intellectual development, acceptable academic
- 21 achievement will take place."; and
- 22 WHEREAS, The Comer School Development Program is an operating
- 23 system comprised of three teams: the School Planning and
- 24 Management Team, the Student and Staff Support Team and the
- 25 Parent Team, which work together to create a comprehensive
- 26 school plan; and
- 27 WHEREAS, The Comer School Development Program model is guided
- 28 by three principles: decision-making by consensus, no-fault
- 29 problem solving and collaboration; and
- 30 WHEREAS, The Pennsylvania State Conference of the National

- 1 Association of the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)
- 2 Branches, through its Education Committee members, have given
- 3 testimony before the Education Committee of the House of
- 4 Representatives calling for attention to the impact of trauma
- 5 brought about by violence and other adverse conditions on
- 6 children's academic performance as well as their relationship
- 7 with school and the broader society; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Due to the violence epidemic, youth suffer from
- 9 either primary or secondary trauma. Primary trauma is trauma
- 10 associated with the violent death of a loved one. Secondary
- 11 trauma results from exposure to violence present within their
- 12 community; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Exposure to violence in families and communities, as
- 14 well as exposure to homicidal death, can lead to youth-specific
- 15 post-traumatic stress disorder with complex effects as well as
- 16 homicidal grief; and
- 17 WHEREAS, Trauma is not easily visible within youth because it
- 18 requires proper assessment and, due to the amount of violence
- 19 youth are currently exposed to, measures should be taken to
- 20 properly assess the issue; and
- 21 WHEREAS, The experience of trauma impacts children of all
- 22 situations and conditions across this Commonwealth; and
- 23 WHEREAS, In August 2007, the CDC deemed schools as providing
- 24 "a critical opportunity for changing societal behavior because
- 25 almost the entire population is engaged in this institution for
- 26 many years, starting at an early and formative period" and
- 27 "Universal school-based violence prevention programs represent
- 28 an important means of reducing violent and aggressive behavior
- 29 in the United States."; therefore be it
- 30 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives declare youth

- 1 violence as a public health epidemic and support the
- 2 establishment of Statewide trauma-informed education.