## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE BILL No. 1567 Session of 2011

- INTRODUCED BY BOBACK, TOOHIL, GABLER, LAWRENCE, SCAVELLO, WAGNER, WATSON, CUTLER, PEIFER, MAJOR, GOODMAN, MILNE, HARRIS, SWANGER, TRUITT, TALLMAN, CARROLL, MARSHALL, CREIGHTON AND FARRY, MAY 23, 2011
- AS AMENDED ON SECOND CONSIDERATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, JUNE 8, 2011

## AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Amending the act of July 8, 1978 (P.L.752, No.140), entitled "An act providing for the forfeiture of the pensions of certain public employees and authorizing the State or political subdivision to garnish the pension benefits of certain public officers and employees upon conviction of certain criminal activity related to their office or position of employment," further providing for DEFINITIONS, FOR disqualification and forfeiture of benefits and for restitution.
9	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
10	hereby enacts as follows:
11	Section 1. Section 3 of the act of July 8, 1978 (P.L.752,
12	No.140), known as the Public Employee Pension Forfeiture Act, is-
13	amended to read:
14	SECTION 1. THE DEFINITION OF "CRIMES RELATED TO PUBLIC $\leftarrow$
15	OFFICE OR PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT" IN SECTION 2 OF THE ACT OF JULY 8,
16	1978 (P.L.752, NO.140), KNOWN AS THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION
17	FORFEITURE ACT, AMENDED JULY 15, 2004 (P.L.733, NO.86), IS
18	AMENDED TO READ:
19	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS.

THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND PHRASES WHEN USED IN THIS ACT SHALL
 HAVE, UNLESS THE CONTEXT CLEARLY INDICATES OTHERWISE, THE
 MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS SECTION:

"CRIMES RELATED TO PUBLIC OFFICE OR PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT." ANY
OF THE CRIMINAL OFFENSES AS SET FORTH IN THE FOLLOWING
PROVISIONS OF TITLE 18 (CRIMES AND OFFENSES) OF THE PENNSYLVANIA
CONSOLIDATED STATUTES OR OTHER ENUMERATED STATUTE WHEN COMMITTED
BY A PUBLIC OFFICIAL OR PUBLIC EMPLOYEE THROUGH HIS PUBLIC
OFFICE OR POSITION OR WHEN HIS PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT PLACES HIM IN A
POSITION TO COMMIT THE CRIME:

ANY OF THE CRIMINAL OFFENSES SET FORTH IN SUBCHAPTER B OF 11 CHAPTER 31 (RELATING TO DEFINITION OF OFFENSES) WHEN THE 12 13 CRIMINAL OFFENSE IS COMMITTED BY A SCHOOL EMPLOYEE AS DEFINED IN 24 PA.C.S. § 8102 (RELATING TO DEFINITIONS) AGAINST A STUDENT. 14 15 SECTION 2713 (RELATING TO NEGLECT OF CARE-DEPENDENT PERSON). 16 SECTION 3124.2 (RELATING TO INSTITUTIONAL SEXUAL ASSAULT). SECTION 3922 (RELATING TO THEFT BY DECEPTION) WHEN THE 17 18 CRIMINAL CULPABILITY REACHES THE LEVEL OF A MISDEMEANOR OF THE

19 FIRST DEGREE OR HIGHER.

20 SECTION 3923 (RELATING TO THEFT BY EXTORTION) WHEN THE 21 CRIMINAL CULPABILITY REACHES THE LEVEL OF A MISDEMEANOR OF THE 22 FIRST DEGREE OR HIGHER.

23 SECTION 3926 (RELATING TO THEFT OF SERVICES) WHEN THE 24 CRIMINAL CULPABILITY REACHES THE LEVEL OF A MISDEMEANOR OF THE 25 FIRST DEGREE OR HIGHER.

26 SECTION 3927 (RELATING TO THEFT BY FAILURE TO MAKE REQUIRED 27 DISPOSITION OF FUNDS RECEIVED) WHEN THE CRIMINAL CULPABILITY 28 REACHES THE LEVEL OF A MISDEMEANOR OF THE FIRST DEGREE OR 29 HIGHER.

30 SECTION 4101 (RELATING TO FORGERY).

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1 SECTION 4104 (RELATING TO TAMPERING WITH RECORDS OR

2 IDENTIFICATION).

3 SECTION 4113 (RELATING TO MISAPPLICATION OF ENTRUSTED
4 PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF GOVERNMENT OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS)
5 WHEN THE CRIMINAL CULPABILITY REACHES THE LEVEL OF MISDEMEANOR
6 OF THE SECOND DEGREE.

7 <u>SECTION 4304 (RELATING TO ENDANGERING WELFARE OF CHILDREN).</u>

8 SECTION 4701 (RELATING TO BRIBERY IN OFFICIAL AND POLITICAL9 MATTERS).

10 SECTION 4702 (RELATING TO THREATS AND OTHER IMPROPER 11 INFLUENCE IN OFFICIAL AND POLITICAL MATTERS).

12 SECTION 4902 (RELATING TO PERJURY).

13 SECTION 4903(A) (RELATING TO FALSE SWEARING).

14 SECTION 4904 (RELATING TO UNSWORN FALSIFICATION TO

15 AUTHORITIES).

16 SECTION 4906 (RELATING TO FALSE REPORTS TO LAW ENFORCEMENT 17 AUTHORITIES).

18 SECTION 4909 (RELATING TO WITNESS OR INFORMANT TAKING BRIBE).
19 SECTION 4910 (RELATING TO TAMPERING WITH OR FABRICATING
20 PHYSICAL EVIDENCE).

21 SECTION 4911 (RELATING TO TAMPERING WITH PUBLIC RECORDS OR 22 INFORMATION).

23 SECTION 4952 (RELATING TO INTIMIDATION OF WITNESSES OR 24 VICTIMS).

25 SECTION 4953 (RELATING TO RETALIATION AGAINST WITNESS, VICTIM 26 OR PARTY).

27 SECTION 5101 (RELATING TO OBSTRUCTING ADMINISTRATION OF LAW28 OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTION).

29 <u>SECTION 5123 (RELATING TO CONTRABAND).</u>

30 SECTION 5301 (RELATING TO OFFICIAL OPPRESSION).

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SECTION 5302 (RELATING TO SPECULATING OR WAGERING ON OFFICIAL
 ACTION OR INFORMATION).

3 <u>SECTION 6301 (RELATING TO CORRUPTION OF MINORS).</u>

4 ARTICLE III OF THE ACT OF MARCH 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN 5 AS THE "TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971."

6 IN ADDITION TO THE FOREGOING SPECIFIC CRIMES, THE TERM ALSO
7 INCLUDES ALL CRIMINAL OFFENSES AS SET FORTH IN FEDERAL LAW
8 SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS THE CRIMES ENUMERATED HEREIN.

9 \* \* \*

SECTION 1.1. SECTION 3 OF THE ACT IS AMENDED TO READ:
 Section 3. Disqualification and forfeiture of benefits.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no public (a) 13 official or public employee nor any beneficiary designated by 14 such public official or public employee shall be entitled to 15 receive any retirement or other benefit or payment of any kind 16 except a return of the contribution paid into any pension fund without interest, if such public official or public employee is 17 18 convicted or pleads guilty or no [defense] contest to any crime 19 related to public office or public employment.

20 (b) [The benefits shall be forfeited upon entry of a plea of quilty or no defense or upon initial conviction and no payment 21 22 or partial payment shall be made during the pendency of an 23 appeal. If] The benefits shall be immediately forfeited upon the\_ 24 public official's or public employee's entry of a plea of quilty 25 or no contest or upon initial entry of a jury verdict or 26 judicial order of quilty, with respect to any crimes related to public office or public employment. The forfeiture shall not be 27 28 stayed or affected by the withdrawal of, or the court's refusal 29 to accept, the plea or by the pendency of an appeal or collateral attack on the plea, verdict or order, regardless of 30

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whether a court has entered or stayed the sentence pending the 1 2 appeal or collateral attack. If a plea, verdict or order is 3 vacated and a verdict of not quilty is rendered or the indictment or criminal information finally dismissed, then the 4 public official or public employee shall be reinstated as a 5 6 member of the pension fund or system and shall be entitled to all benefits including those accruing during the period of 7 8 forfeiture if any. Such [conviction or] plea, verdict or order shall be deemed to be a breach of a public officer's or public 9 10 employee's contract with his employer.

11 (c) Each time a public officer or public employee is 12 elected, appointed, promoted, or otherwise changes a job 13 classification, there is a termination and renewal of the 14 contract for purposes of this act.

(d) The appropriate retirement board may retain a member's contributions and interest thereon for the purpose of paying any fine imposed upon the member of the fund, or for the repayment of any funds misappropriated by such member from the Commonwealth or any political subdivision.

20 Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, the (e) State Employees' Retirement Board shall not disburse any funds 21 to any person who has forfeited their right to benefits until 22 23 the Auditor General and the Attorney General have determined and 24 certified that there has been no loss to the Commonwealth as a 25 result of the conduct that resulted in forfeiture of benefits. 26 If there is a loss to the Commonwealth, the board shall pay the amount of the loss to the State Treasurer from the member's 27 28 contributions and the interest thereon.

29 Section 2. Section 4 of the act, repealed in part October 5, 30 1980 (P.L.693, No.142), is amended to read:

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1 Section 4. Restitution for monetary loss.

2 [Whenever] For any public official or employee who is a (a) 3 member of any pension system funded by public moneys [is convicted or pleads quilty or pleads no defense], whenever the 4 public official or employee enters a plea of quilty or no 5 contest, in any court of record, to any crime related to a 6 7 public office or public employment or whenever there is initial 8 entry of a jury verdict or judicial order of quilty against the public official or employee, in any court of record, to any 9 crime related to a public office or public employment, the court 10 shall order the defendant to make complete and full restitution 11 to the Commonwealth or political subdivision of any monetary 12 13 loss incurred as a result of the criminal offense.

(b) If the court fails to order such restitution the Commonwealth, through the Attorney General, or a political subdivision shall petition the court pronouncing sentence for an order establishing the amount of restitution due it. If the court does not have authority to order restitution, the Commonwealth or the political subdivision shall bring an original action for restitution.

(c) Notwithstanding any law or provision of law exempting the pension account or benefits of any public official or public employee from garnishment or attachment, whenever the court shall order restitution or establish the amount of restitution due after petition, all sums then credited to the defendant's account or payable to the defendant including the contributions shall be available to satisfy such restitution order.

(d) The retirement board, administrator of the pension fund
or employer of the defendant, upon being served with a copy of
the court's order, shall pay over all such pension benefits,

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contributions or other benefits to the extent necessary to
 satisfy the order of restitution.

3 Section 3. The amendment of sections 3 and 4 and of the act 4 shall apply to crimes related to public office or public 5 employment committed on and after the effective date of this 6 section.

7 Section 4. This act shall take effect in 60 days.