THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 174 Session of 2009

INTRODUCED BY CARROLL, HANNA, BEYER, BRENNAN, CALTAGIRONE, DALEY, DELUCA, FABRIZIO, FREEMAN, GEIST, GEORGE, GRUCELA, HENNESSEY, JOSEPHS, KULA, MELIO, M. O'BRIEN, PASHINSKI, READSHAW, SIPTROTH, K. SMITH, YUDICHAK, GOODMAN AND W. KELLER, FEBRUARY 2, 2009

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5 6	Amending Title 3 (Agriculture) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, codifying the Public Eating and Drinking Place Law and the Food Act; providing for the protection of public health and for regulations; requiring licensing; further providing for food employee certification and for farmers' market; providing for penalties; and making related repeals.
7	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
8	hereby enacts as follows:
9	Section 1. Chapter 57 of Title 3 of the Pennsylvania
10	Consolidated Statutes is amended by adding subchapters to read:
11	CHAPTER 57
12	FOOD PROTECTION
13	[(Reserved)]
14	Subchapter
15	A. Retail Food Facility Safety
16	B. Food Safety
17	SUBCHAPTER A
18	RETAIL FOOD FACILITY SAFETY

AS AMENDED ON SECOND CONSIDERATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, JUNE 9, 2009

- 1 <u>Sec.</u>
- 2 5701. Short title of chapter.
- 3 <u>5702. Definitions.</u>
- 4 <u>5703. License required.</u>
- 5 5704. Inspection, sampling and analysis.
- 6 <u>5705. (Reserved).</u>
- 7 <u>5706. (Reserved).</u>
- 8 <u>5707.</u> Powers of department.
- 9 <u>5708. Infectious persons.</u>
- 10 5709. Linens, equipment and utensils.
- 11 5710. Retail food facility and employee cleanliness.
- 12 <u>5711. Toilets, sinks and drains.</u>
- 13 <u>5712. (Reserved).</u>
- 14 5713. School cafeterias and organized camps.
- 15 <u>5714. Penalties.</u>
- 16 <u>5715. (Reserved).</u>
- 17 5716. Acts not affected.
- 18 § 5701. Short title of chapter.
- 19 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Retail
- 20 Food Facility Safety Act.
- 21 <u>§ 5702. Definitions.</u>
- 22 The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter

23 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

- 24 <u>context clearly indicates otherwise:</u>
- 25 "Bed and breakfast homestead or inn." A private residence
- 26 which contains ten or fewer bedrooms used for providing
- 27 overnight accommodations to the public and in which breakfast is
- 28 the only meal served and is included in the charge for the room.
- 29 "Employee." The license holder, person in charge, person
- 30 having supervisory or management duties, person on the payroll,

1	family member, volunteer, person performing work under
2	contractual agreement or other person working in a retail food
3	facility.
4	"Food employee." An individual working with unpackaged food,
5	food equipment or utensils or food contact surfaces.
6	"License." A grant to a proprietor to operate a retail food
7	facility.
8	"Licensor." Any of the following:
9	(1) The county department of health or joint-county
10	department of health whenever a retail food facility is
11	located in a political subdivision under the jurisdiction of
12	a county department of health or joint-county department of
13	health.
14	(2) The health authorities of cities, boroughs,
15	incorporated towns and first class townships whenever a
16	retail food facility is located in a city, borough,
17	incorporated town or first class township not under the
18	jurisdiction of a county department of health or joint-county
19	department of health.
20	(3) The health authorities of second class townships and
21	second class townships which have adopted a home rule charter
22	which elect to issue licenses under this subchapter whenever
23	<u>a retail food facility is located in a second class township</u>
24	or second class township which has adopted a home rule
25	charter not under the jurisdiction of a county department of
26	health or joint-county department of health.
27	(4) The Department of Agriculture whenever a retail food
28	facility is located in any other area of this Commonwealth.
29	"Organized camp." A combination of programs and facilities

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1	group living experience for children, youth and adults, with
2	social, recreational and educational objectives, and operated
3	and used for five or more consecutive days during one or more
4	seasons of the year.
5	"Person in charge." A person designated by a retail food
6	facility operator to be present at a retail food facility and
7	responsible for the operation of the retail food facility at the
8	time of inspection.
9	"Proprietor." A person, partnership, association or
10	corporation conducting or operating a retail food facility
11	within this Commonwealth.
12	"Public eating or drinking place." A place within this
13	Commonwealth where food or drink is served to or provided for
14	the public, with or without charge. The term does not include
15	dining cars operated by a railroad company in interstate
16	commerce or a bed and breakfast homestead or inn.
17	"Raw agricultural commodity." As defined under section 5722
18	(relating to definitions).
	<u>(10140111, 00 4011101010, 1</u>
19	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores,
19 20	
	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores,
20	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides
20 21	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of
20 21 22	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery
20 21 22 23	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery service such as home delivery of grocery orders or delivery
20 21 22 23 24	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery service such as home delivery of grocery orders or delivery service provided by common carriers. The term does not include
20 21 22 23 24 25	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery service such as home delivery of grocery orders or delivery service provided by common carriers. The term does not include dining cars operated by a railroad company in interstate
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery service such as home delivery of grocery orders or delivery service provided by common carriers. The term does not include dining cars operated by a railroad company in interstate commerce or a bed and breakfast homestead or inn.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	"Retail food establishment." An establishment which stores, prepares, packages, vends, offers for sale or otherwise provides food for human consumption and which relinquishes possession of food to a consumer directly, or indirectly, through a delivery service such as home delivery of grocery orders or delivery service provided by common carriers. The term does not include dining cars operated by a railroad company in interstate commerce or a bed and breakfast homestead or inn. "Retail food facility." A public eating or drinking place or

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1	(b), it shall be unlawful for any proprietor to conduct or
2	operate a retail food facility without first obtaining a license
3	for each retail food facility as provided in this subchapter.
4	(b) Exempt retail food facilities
5	(1) A licensor may exempt the following retail food
6	facilities from the license requirements of this section:
7	(i) A food bank owned by a charitable nonprofit
8	entity and operated for charitable or religious purposes.
9	(ii) A soup kitchen owned by a charitable nonprofit
10	entity and operated for charitable or religious purposes.
11	(iii) A retail food facility that operates on no
12	more than three days each calendar year.
13	<u>(iv) A school cafeteria.</u>
14	(v) A retail food facility that is owned by a
15	charitable nonprofit entity and that is one or more of
16	the following:
17	(A) Managed by an organization which is
18	established to promote and encourage participation or
19	support for extracurricular recreational activities
20	for youth of primary and secondary public, private
21	and parochial school systems on a not-for-profit
22	basis. This subparagraph does not apply to organized
23	camps.
24	(B) Offers only foods that are nonpotentially
25	<u>hazardous foods or beverages.</u>
26	(vi) A retail food facility in which food or
27	beverages are sold only through a vending machine.
28	If the licensor is the department, the exemption shall be
29	accomplished by order of the secretary and published in the
30	Pennsylvania Bulletin. If the licensor is an entity other

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1	than the department, the exemption shall be accomplished by
2	order of the local government unit or units having
3	jurisdiction over the licensor. A retail food facility that
4	is exempted from the license requirements under this section
5	shall remain subject to inspection and all other provisions
6	<u>of this subchapter.</u>
7	(2) A licensor shall exempt the following retail food
8	facilities from the license requirements of this section:
9	(i) A retail food facility in which only
10	prepackaged, nonpotentially hazardous food or beverages
11	are sold.
12	(ii) A retail food facility that sells only raw
13	agricultural commodities.
14	<u>A retail food facility that is exempted from the license</u>
15	requirements under this section shall remain subject to
16	inspection and all other provisions of this subchapter.
17	(c) Issuance of licenseA retail food facility license
18	shall be issued by the licensor having jurisdiction. A license
19	shall specify the date of expiration, the period for which the
20	license is valid, the name of the licensee and the place
21	licensed. Licenses shall be conspicuously displayed at all times
22	in the place thereby licensed. Licenses shall not be
23	transferable.
24	(d) Application requirementAny person owning or operating
25	or desiring to operate a retail food facility within this
26	Commonwealth shall make application for a license to the
27	licensor on forms furnished by the licensor. The forms shall, at
28	a minimum, set forth such information as the department may
29	require and any additional information a licensor that is not
30	the department may require under the authority of the act of

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1	August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known as the Local Health
2	Administration Law. Application forms shall include the name and
3	address of the applicant, together with all the other
4	information deemed necessary to identify the applicant, provide
5	contact information for the applicant, identify the location of
6	the retail food facility that is the subject to the application
7	and facilitate the licensor's processing of the application.
8	(e) Inspection
9	(1) No license shall be issued until inspection of the
10	retail food facility has been made by the licensor and the
11	retail food facility meets the requirements of both this
12	subchapter and one of the following:
13	(i) The rules and regulations of the department.
14	(ii) The rules and regulations adopted under the
15	authority of the Local Health Administration Law.
16	(2) Rules and regulations adopted by a licensor who is
17	not the department shall, at the minimum, meet the
18	requirements of this subchapter and the rules and regulations
19	of the department.
20	(f) ReportsIf the licensor is an entity other than the
21	department, the licensor shall provide the department a copy of
22	any inspection report resulting from any inspection conducted
23	under authority of this subchapter within 30 days of the
24	inspection date. This copy may be sent by electronic methods, as
25	approved by the department. The department may, by regulation,
26	require that inspection reports be submitted in a specific
27	<u>electronic format.</u>
28	(g) Term of license
29	(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), licenses shall
30	expire on the day after the original license anniversary date

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1	at intervals of one year, or for any other license period
2	that is established by the department through regulation and
3	that uses risk-based factors identified in the current
4	edition of the Food Code, published by the United States
5	Department of Health, Food and Drug Administration, as a
6	basis for determining the appropriate license interval. An
7	application for renewal shall be made one month before the
8	expiration of an existing license. A license granted under
9	the provisions of this subchapter shall be renewed if the
10	most recent inspection by the licensor was conducted within
11	the preceding license period and determined that requirements
12	specified in this chapter with respect to the retail food
13	facility were met.
14	(2) A temporary license for a retail food facility that
15	<u>operates on no more than 14 days in one calendar year or for</u>
16	a retail food facility operating at a fair, festival or
17	similar temporary event shall be granted with respect to the
18	calendar year in which it is issued if the retail food
19	facility meets the requirements of this subchapter.
20	(h) Sales and use tax licenseNo license shall be issued
21	until the proprietor exhibits proof that the proprietor has
22	applied for or received a sales and use tax license or exemption
23	certificate from the Department of Revenue.
24	(i) Denial or revocation of license
25	(1) A licensor shall state in writing to the proprietor
26	the reason for the refusal to issue a license.
27	(2) (i) If a retail food facility licensed by the
28	department is in violation of a provision of this
29	subchapter, or of a regulation promulgated under
30	authority of this subchapter, or of any other act related

1	to public health and being applicable to retail food
2	facilities, the department may suspend or revoke the
3	license. If a retail food facility licensed by an entity
4	other than the department is in violation of a provision
5	of this subchapter, or of a regulation promulgated under
6	authority of this subchapter, or of any other act related
7	to public health and being applicable to retail food
8	facilities, or of the regulations of the licensor
9	pertaining to retail food facilities, the licensor may
10	suspend or revoke the license. The suspension of a
11	license shall be terminated when the violation for which
12	it was imposed has been found, upon inspection by the
13	licensor, to have been corrected. Whenever a license is
14	suspended or revoked, no part of the fee paid therefore
15	shall be returned to the proprietor.
16	(ii) A licensor may, as an alternative to suspending
17	or revoking a license, provide a licensee a reasonable
18	interval within which to correct conditions that
19	constitute a violation that would result in the
20	suspension or revocation of the license, provided that
21	the health and safety of the employees, occupants and
22	patrons of the retail food facility can be reasonably
23	assured during that interval.
24	(j) FeesThe fees that may be charged under this
25	subchapter are as established by the licensor, if the licensor
26	is an entity other than the department, and shall be paid into
27	the city, borough, incorporated town, township or county
28	treasury. If the licensor is the department, the fees shall be
29	paid to the State Treasury through the department and are as
30	follows:

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1	(1) For licensure of a retail food facility that has not
2	been previously licensed, and that is owner-operated and that
3	<u>has a seating capacity of less than 50: \$103.</u>
4	(2) For licensure of a retail food facility that has not
5	been previously licensed and that is not described in
6	paragraph (1): \$241.
7	(3) For a renewal of a license or for issuing a license
8	to reflect a change of ownership: \$82.
9	(4) For a duplicate license, for each retail food
10	facility location: \$14.
11	(5) For a temporary license under subsection (g)(2):
12	<u>\$14.</u>
13	(6) For conducting a follow-up inspection to review
14	whether changes have been made to correct violations which
15	resulted in noncompliant status determined by a prior
16	inspection:
17	(i) For the second follow-up inspection during the
18	<u>licensure period: \$150.</u>
19	(ii) For a third or subsequent follow-up inspection
20	during the licensure period: \$300.
21	(7) For conducting an inspection that is not otherwise
22	required by the department, but that is conducted at the
23	behest of the proprietor of the retail food facility: \$150.
24	(8) For any license described in paragraph (1), (2),
25	(3), (4) or (5) that is issued for a period of greater than
26	one year by regulation of the department in accordance with
27	subsection (g), the license fee otherwise prescribed under
28	those paragraphs shall be prorated for the license period.
29	(k) Multiple retail food facilitiesWhenever any
30	proprietor maintains more than one retail food facility within

1	this Commonwealth, the proprietor shall be required to apply for
2	and procure a license for each retail food facility.
3	§ 5704. Inspection, sampling and analysis.
4	(a) InspectionFor purposes of enforcement of this
5	subchapter, a licensor is authorized, upon presenting
6	appropriate credentials to the person in charge:
7	(1) To enter at reasonable times any retail food
8	facility.
9	(2) To inspect at reasonable times, within reasonable
10	limits and in a reasonable manner, the retail food facility.
11	(3) To obtain a sample of any food at a retail food
12	facility for analysis as may be necessary to determine
13	compliance with this subchapter if the licensor, upon
14	completion of the inspection and prior to leaving the
15	facility, provides the person in charge a receipt describing
16	the sample obtained.
17	(b) BillingA retail food facility from which a sample was
18	collected may bill the licensor for the fair market value of the
19	<pre>sample.</pre>
20	(c) ReportUpon completion of an inspection of a retail
21	food facility and prior to leaving the premises, a licensor
22	shall give to the person in charge a written report of the
23	findings of the inspection. Results from the analysis of any
24	samples taken shall be provided to the person in charge within
25	<u>30 days of receipt.</u>
26	<u>§ 5705. (Reserved).</u>
27	<u>§ 5706. (Reserved).</u>
28	<u>§ 5707. Powers of department.</u>
29	(a) Rules and regulationsThe department shall make such

30 reasonable rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary for

1 carrying out the provisions and intent of this subchapter. In 2 promulgating regulations, the department shall be guided by the most current edition of the Food Code, published by the United 3 States Department of Health, Food and Drug Administration. The 4 regulatory standards established by the department under this 5 section shall be the minimum standards followed and applied by 6 any licensor with respect to retail food facilities. 7 (b) Food service at schools and organized camps .--8

9 (1) The department shall provide for the inspection of a food service at a school and for the training of school food 10 11 service personnel in accordance with the standards applied to 12 retail food facilities for schools located in areas in which 13 the department is the licensor. Upon request, the department 14 shall provide training to school food service personnel or inspections of a food service at a school located in areas in 15 16 which the department is not the licensor.

(2) The department shall provide for the inspection of a 17 18 food service at organized camps and for the training of food 19 service personnel at organized camps in accordance with the 20 standards applied to retail food facilities for organized 21 camps located in areas in which the department is the 22 licensor. Upon request, the department shall provide training 23 to organized camp food service personnel or inspections of a 24 food service at organized camps located in areas in which the 25 department is not the licensor. 26 (c) Inspection.--If a licensor is required to provide the

27 department a copy of an inspection report pursuant to section

28 5703(f) (relating to license required) and fails to comply with

29 that requirement, the department may inspect and license the

30 subject retail food facility, and the licensor that failed to

1	comply with the inspection requirement shall not charge or
2	collect any fee for licensing the subject retail food facility.
3	If the department conducts an inspection, it shall, within 30
4	days, provide the licensor a copy of the inspection report.
5	(d) Interagency coordination The department shall provide
6	inspection reports or test results that indicate human illness
7	related to food consumption or food handling practices, or to
8	other threats to the safety of the food supply, to the
9	Department of Health, the Department of Environmental Protection
10	or any other Commonwealth agency as necessary to develop a
11	comprehensive, coordinated interagency approach to protecting
12	public health and safeguarding the food supply.
13	<u>§ 5708. Infectious persons.</u>
14	No proprietor shall allow any food employee to be in a retail
15	food facility if that person has an infectious or communicable
16	disease, as prohibited under the act of April 23, 1956 (1955
17	P.L.1510, No.500), known as the Disease Prevention and Control
18	Law of 1955, and its attendant regulations related to
19	restrictions on food handlers. In consultation with the
20	Department of Health, the department may promulgate regulations
21	with respect to specific illnesses as related to operations in a
22	retail food facility as it deems necessary for the protection of
23	public health.
24	<u>§ 5709. Linens, equipment and utensils.</u>
25	No proprietor shall utilize any linens, equipment or utensils
26	unless the linens, equipment or utensils have been thoroughly
27	cleansed and sanitized in the manner prescribed by regulation of
28	the department.
29	<u>§ 5710. Retail food facility and employee cleanliness.</u>
30	All retail food facilities, kitchens, dining rooms and all

1	places where foods are prepared, kept or stored shall be kept in
2	a clean and sanitary condition and be protected from dust, dirt,
3	insects and vermin in the manner prescribed by the regulations
4	of the department. The clothing and hands of employees shall at
5	all times be clean and sanitary. Except when washing fruits and
6	vegetables or when approved by the department, food employees
7	may not contact exposed, ready-to-eat food with their bare
8	hands, and shall use suitable utensils such as deli tissue,
9	spatulas, tongs, single-use gloves or dispensing equipment. No
10	domestic pets or other animals shall be permitted where food or
11	drink is prepared, handled or stored unless specifically
12	permitted or required under the Americans with Disabilities Act
13	of 1990 (Public Law 101-336, 104 Stat. 327) or other Federal or
14	State law. No person shall be permitted to use for living or
15	sleeping purposes any room or place in any retail food facility
16	which is regularly and customarily used for the preparation,
17	handling, storing or serving of food.
18	<u>§ 5711. Toilets, sinks and drains.</u>
19	All toilets, hand-wash sinks, tubs, sinks and drains used in
20	or in connection with any retail food facility shall at all
21	times be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.
22	<u>§ 5712. (Reserved).</u>
23	§ 5713. School cafeterias and organized camps.
24	Officials of schools and organized camps shall cooperate with
25	the department in the conduct of cafeteria health and safety
26	inspections and shall participate in inspection services and
27	training programs made available by the department in areas
28	where the department is the licensor. Upon request, the
29	department shall provide training to school or organized camp
30	food service personnel or inspections of a food service at a

1	school or organized camp located in areas in which the
2	department is not the licensor.
3	<u>§ 5714. Penalties.</u>
4	(a) Retail food facilities under jurisdiction of
5	departmentFor retail food facilities under the jurisdiction
6	of the department, penalties are as follows:
7	(1) A person who violates any provision of this
8	subchapter or any rule, regulation, standard or order made
9	under this subchapter commits a summary offense for the first
10	or second offense and shall be subject to a fine not less
11	<u>than \$100 but not more than \$300. A person who violates any</u>
12	provision of this subchapter or any rule, regulation,
13	standard or order made under this subchapter commits a
14	misdemeanor of the third degree if the violation is a third
15	or subsequent offense and if the violation occurs within two
16	years of the date of the last previous offense.
17	(2) In addition to proceeding under any other remedy
18	available at law or in equity for a violation of this
19	subchapter or a rule or regulation adopted or any order
20	issued under this subchapter, the secretary may assess a
21	civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 upon an individual or
22	business for each offense. No civil penalty shall be assessed
23	unless the person charged has been given notice and
24	opportunity for a hearing in accordance with law. In
25	determining the amount of the penalty, the secretary shall
26	consider the gravity of the violation. Whenever the secretary
27	finds a violation which did not cause harm to human health,
28	the secretary may issue a warning in lieu of assessing a
29	penalty. In case of inability to collect the civil penalty or
30	failure of any person to pay all or any portion of the

1	penalty as the secretary may determine, the secretary may
2	refer the matter to the Attorney General, who shall recover
3	the amount by action in the appropriate court.
4	(b) Retail food facilities under other jurisdiction
5	Penalties shall be established by the licensor for retail food
6	facilities under the jurisdiction of a licensor that is not the
7	<u>department.</u>
8	<u>§ 5715. (Reserved).</u>
9	§ 5716. Acts not affected.
10	Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to abrogate or
11	supersede any provision or regulation adopted under the act of
12	August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known as the Local Health
13	Administration Law, with regard to licensure, regulation and
14	inspection of a retail food facility, as defined in section 5702
15	(relating to definitions).
16	SUBCHAPTER B
17	FOOD SAFETY
18	<u>Sec.</u>
19	5721. Short title of subchapter.
20	5722. Definitions.
21	5723. Prohibited acts.
22	5724. Temporary or permanent injunctions.
23	5725. Penalties.
24	5726. Detention and condemnation.
25	5727. Temporary permits.
26	5728. Adulteration of food.
27	5729. Misbranding of food.
28	5730. Regulations to exempt certain labeling requirements.
20	
29	5731. Poisonous or deleterious substances and tolerances.

- 1 5733. Rules and regulations.
- 2 <u>5734</u>. Registration of food establishments.
- 3 <u>5735. Product registration.</u>
- 4 <u>5736.</u> Construction of subchapter.
- 5 5737. Acts not affected.
- 6 § 5721. Short title of subchapter.
- 7 This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the Food

8 <u>Safety Act.</u>

9 <u>§ 5722. Definitions.</u>

10 The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter

11 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

12 <u>context clearly indicates otherwise:</u>

13 "Color additive." A material which is a dye, pigment or

14 other substance made by a process of synthesis or similar

15 artifice or extracted, isolated or otherwise derived, with or

16 without intermediate or final change of identity, from a

17 vegetable, animal, mineral or other source and when added or

18 applied to a food is capable, alone or through reaction with

19 other substances, of imparting color thereto. The term includes

20 black, white and intermediate grays. The term does not include:

- 21 (1) Any material which the Secretary of Agriculture, by
- 22 regulation, determines is used or intended to be used solely

23 for a purpose or purposes other than coloring.

- 24 (2) Any pesticide chemical, soil or plant nutrient or
- 25 <u>other agricultural chemical solely because of its effect in</u>

26 <u>aiding, retarding or otherwise affecting, directly or</u>

27 <u>indirectly, the growth or other natural physiological process</u>

28 of produce of the soil and thereby affecting its color,

29 <u>whether before or after harvest.</u>

30 "Federal acts." The Wholesome Meat Act (Public Law 90-201,

1	21 U.S.C. § 601 et seq.), the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
2	<u>Act (52 Stat. 1040, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.), the Poultry</u>
3	Products Inspection Act (Public Law 85-172, 21 U.S.C. § 451 et
4	seq.), the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (Public Law 89-755,
5	15 U.S.C. § 1451 et seq.), the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
6	and Rodenticide Act (61 Stat. 163, 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq.) and
7	the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990 (Public Law
8	<u>101-535, 104 Stat. 2353).</u>
9	"Food." An article used for food or drink by humans,
10	including chewing gum and articles used for components of any
11	article. The term does not include medicines and drugs.
12	"Food additive." A substance, the intended use of which
13	results or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or
14	indirectly, in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting
15	the characteristics of any food if the substance is not
16	generally recognized among experts qualified by scientific
17	training and expertise to evaluate its safety, as having been
18	adequately shown through scientific procedures or, in the case
19	of a substance used in food prior to January 1, 1958, through
20	either scientific procedures or experience based on common use
21	in food to be safe under the conditions of its intended use. The
22	term does not include the following:
23	(1) A pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural
24	<u>commodity.</u>
25	(2) A pesticide chemical to the extent that it is
26	intended for use or is used in the production, storage or
27	transportation of any raw agricultural commodity.
28	(3) A color additive.
29	(4) Any substance used in accordance with a sanction or
30	approval granted prior to the enactment of this paragraph

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1	pursuant to a statute repealed by this act, pursuant to the
2	Poultry Products Inspection Act (Public Law 85-172, 21 U.S.C.
3	<u>§ 451 et seq.) or pursuant to the Wholesome Meat Act (Public</u>
4	<u>Law 90-201, 21 U.S.C. § 601 et seq.).</u>
5	<u>(5) A new animal drug.</u>
6	As used in this definition, the term "substance" includes any
7	substance intended for use in producing, manufacturing,
8	packaging, processing, preparing, treating, transporting or
9	holding food and any source of radiation intended for any use.
10	"Food establishment." A room, building or place or portion
11	thereof or vehicle maintained, used or operated for the purpose
12	of commercially storing, packaging, making, cooking, mixing,
13	processing, bottling, baking, canning, freezing, packing or
14	otherwise preparing, transporting or handling food. The term
15	excludes retail food facilities, retail food establishments,
16	public eating and drinking places and those portions of
17	establishments operating exclusively under milk or milk products
18	permits.
19	"Imitation food." A food that is a substitute for and
20	resembles another food but is nutritionally inferior to that
21	food.
22	"Label." A display of written, printed or graphic matter
23	upon the immediate container of any food. The term "immediate
24	<u>container" does not include package liners.</u>
25	"Labeling." All labels and other written, printed or graphic
26	matter upon a food or any of its containers or wrappings.
27	"Package." Any container or wrapping in which food is
28	enclosed for delivery or display to retail purchasers. The term
29	does not include the following:
30	(1) Shipping containers or wrappings for the

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2	packers or processors or to wholesale or retail distributors.
3	(2) Shipping containers or wrappings used by retailers
4	to ship or deliver food to retail customers, if the
5	containers or wrappings bear no printed matter pertaining to
6	food.
7	(3) Containers used for tray pack displays in retail
8	establishments.
9	(4) Transparent containers or wrappings which do not
10	bear written, printed or graphic matter which obscures
11	information required to be displayed on the label.
12	"Pesticide chemical." A substance used in the production,
13	storage or transportation of raw agricultural commodities which,
14	alone or in chemical combination or formulation with one or more
15	other substances, is a pesticide within the meaning of the act
16	of March 1, 1974 (P.L.90, No.24), known as the Pennsylvania
17	Pesticide Control Act of 1973.
18	"Potentially hazardous food." As defined in the 2005 Food
19	Code published by the United States Department of Health, Food
20	and Drug Administration, or its successor document.
21	"Principal display panel." A part of a label that is most
22	likely to be displayed, presented, shown or examined under
23	normal and customary conditions of display for retail sale and
24	is large enough to accommodate all the mandatory information
25	required to be placed on the label.
26	"Public eating and drinking place." As defined in section
27	5702 (relating to definitions).
28	"Raw agricultural commodity." A food in its raw or natural
29	state, including all fruits which are washed, colored or

1	marketing.
2	"Retail food establishment." As defined in section 5702
3	(relating to definitions).
4	"Retail food facility." As defined in section 5702 (relating
5	to definitions).
6	"Secretary." Includes an authorized representative, employee
7	or agent of the Department of Agriculture.
8	<u>§ 5723. Prohibited acts.</u>
9	The following acts are prohibited:
10	(1) Manufacture, sale, delivery, consignment, bailment,
11	holding or offering for sale of any food that is adulterated
12	or misbranded, except where a person in good faith delivers
13	or offers to deliver the food and furnishes shipping
14	documents to the secretary.
15	(2) Adulteration or misbranding of any food.
16	(3) Knowingly receiving in commerce any food which is
17	adulterated or misbranded and the delivery or proffered
18	delivery thereof for pay or otherwise.
19	(4) Sale, delivery for sale, holding for sale or
20	offering for sale any article in violation of section 5731
21	(relating to poisonous or deleterious substances and
22	tolerances).
23	(5) Refusal to permit during normal business hours entry
24	to, inspection of or taking of a sample or access to or
25	copying of any record at a food establishment as authorized
26	under section 5732(a)(2) and (3) (relating to inspection,
27	sampling and analysis).
28	(6) Removal or disposal of a detained or embargoed food
29	article in violation of section 5726 (relating to detention
30	and condemnation).

1	(7) Alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration or
2	removal of the whole or any part of the labeling of a food or
3	the doing of any other act with respect to a food, if the act
4	is done while the food is held for sale and results in the
5	food being adulterated or misbranded.
6	(8) Forging, counterfeiting, simulating, falsely
7	representing or using without proper authority any mark,
8	stamp, tag, label or other identification device authorized
9	or required by regulation promulgated under this subchapter.
10	(9) Use by any person to his own advantage or revealing,
11	other than to the secretary or the courts when relevant in
12	any judicial proceeding under this subchapter, of any
13	information acquired under authority of this subchapter
14	concerning any method or process which, as a trade secret or
15	confidential trade information, is entitled to protection.
16	(10) Holding of any potentially hazardous food at unsafe
17	temperatures in violation of an applicable regulation issued
18	under this chapter.
19	(11) Failure to register with the department under the
20	provisions of section 5734 (relating to registration of food
21	establishments).
22	(12) Use of wording which incorrectly indicates or
23	implies that a label or product has received approval of the
24	department. A food establishment may not claim registration
25	either upon its label or package or otherwise, except as
26	provided in section 5735 (relating to product registration).
27	(13) Sale of confectionery containing alcohol at a level
28	above one-half of 1% by volume.
29	(14) Failure by a carrier to make records showing the
30	movement in commerce of any food or the holding thereof

1	during or after the movement and the quantity, shipper and
2	consignee thereof available for one year after the initial
3	date of movement of the food in commerce.
4	<u>§ 5724. Temporary or permanent injunctions.</u>
5	In addition to any other remedies provided in this
6	subchapter, the secretary may apply to the Commonwealth Court or
7	to any other court having jurisdiction for a temporary or
8	permanent injunction restraining a person from violating this
9	subchapter or any regulation adopted under this subchapter.
10	<u>§ 5725. Penalties.</u>
11	(a) Criminal penaltiesA person who violates any provision
12	of this subchapter or any rule, regulation, standard or order
13	made under this subchapter commits a summary offense for the
14	first or second offense. A person who violates this subchapter
15	or any rule, regulation, standard or order made under this
16	subchapter commits a misdemeanor of the third degree if the
17	violation is a third or subsequent offense and if the violation
18	occurs within two years of the date of the last previous
19	<u>offense.</u>
20	(b) Civil penaltiesIn addition to proceeding under any
21	other remedy available at law or in equity for a violation of
22	this subchapter, or a rule or regulation adopted or any order
23	issued under this subchapter, the secretary may assess a civil
24	penalty not to exceed \$10,000 upon an individual or business for
25	each offense. No civil penalty shall be assessed unless the
26	person charged has been given notice and opportunity for a
27	hearing in accordance with law. In determining the amount of the
28	penalty, the secretary shall consider the gravity of the
29	violation. Whenever the secretary finds a violation which did
30	not cause harm to human health, the secretary may issue a

1	warning in lieu of assessing a penalty. In case of inability to
2	collect the civil penalty or failure of any person to pay all or
3	any portion of the penalty as the secretary may determine, the
4	secretary may refer the matter to the Attorney General, who
5	shall recover the amount by action in the appropriate court.
6	<u>(c) Guaranty</u>
7	(1) No prosecution shall be sustained under the
8	provisions of this subchapter for the manufacture, delivery,
9	consignment, bailment, holding or sale of or offering for
10	sale, exposing for sale or having in possession with intent
11	to sell any adulterated or misbranded article against a
12	person from whom the article of food, sample or portion was
13	obtained by the department if the person can establish a
14	guaranty to the effect that the article of food is not
15	adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this
16	subchapter, was adulterated or misbranded prior to coming
17	into the possession of the person and the person did not know
18	or have reason to know of the adulteration or misbranding or
19	was adulterated or misbranded after if left the possession
20	and control of the person. The guaranty must be signed by the
21	supplier, manufacturer, wholesale dealer, jobber or
22	distributor from whom the articles of food were purchased or
23	procured.
24	(2) The guaranty to afford protection shall contain the
25	name and address of the supplier, manufacturer, wholesale
26	dealer, jobber or distributor making the sale of the article
27	of food to the person holding the guaranty. A supplier,
28	<u>manufacturer, wholesale dealer, jobber or distributor giving</u>
29	a guaranty under the provisions of this subchapter may be
30	held responsible and may be proceeded against for the

1	adulteration or misbranding of any article of food sold under
2	the guaranty and shall be subject to the penalties provided
3	for violation of this subchapter. A guaranty shall not
4	operate as a defense to prosecution for a violation of the
5	provisions of this subchapter if the person holding the
6	guaranty continues to sell the same food after written or
7	printed notice from the secretary that the article is
8	adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this
9	subchapter. However, if the person violated the provisions of
10	this subchapter by having stored, transported, exposed or
11	kept the article in a way or manner to render it diseased,
12	contaminated or unwholesome, the person may be proceeded
13	against for a violation.
14	(d) Minor violationsNothing in this subchapter shall be
15	construed as requiring prosecution or institution of a
16	proceeding under this subchapter for minor violations of this
17	subchapter if the secretary believes that the public interest
18	will be adequately served in the circumstances by a suitable
19	<u>written notice or warning.</u>
20	(e) Food establishments subject to local inspections
21	Penalties shall be established by the county, borough,
22	incorporated town or township for food establishments that are
23	subject to local inspection under section 5733(b) (relating to
24	rules and regulations).
25	<u>§ 5726. Detention and condemnation.</u>
26	(a) Marking detained foodWhenever the secretary has
27	probable cause to believe that food is adulterated or
28	misbranded, the secretary shall affix to the container or
29	wrapping a tag or other marking. The tag or marking shall give
30	notice that:

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1	(1) The food may be adulterated or misbranded and shall
2	be detained.
3	(2) It is unlawful to remove the food from the food
4	establishment or to dispose of it without approval of the
5	secretary.
6	(b) Determination and appealThe secretary shall determine
7	whether a food detained under this subchapter may be sold,
8	delivered, consigned, held or offered for sale as is or whether
9	it shall be relabeled, reprocessed or destroyed within 40 days
10	of issuance of the detention order. Any determination by the
11	secretary that the food shall be relabeled, reprocessed or
12	destroyed shall be subject, within 30 days of the determination,
13	to appeal by the owner or operator of the food establishment or
14	the manufacturer or owner of the food to the court of common
15	pleas of the county in which the food was located. The detention
16	order shall expire after five working days from the issuance of
17	the order, unless the secretary confirms the order. The order
18	shall clearly and concisely state the facts on which it is
19	based.
20	(c) RelabelingIf the secretary determines that the
21	adulteration or misbranding can be corrected by a proper label
22	or reprocessing and the determination is not appealed within the
23	time permitted, the secretary may direct that the food be
24	released to the claimant to label or process under the
25	supervision of the secretary. The relabeled or reprocessed food
26	shall not be released into the market until the secretary has
27	executed an order indicating that the food is no longer in
28	violation of this subchapter.
29	(d) Order for destructionFood detained under this
30	subchapter shall be destroyed by the owner under the supervision

1	of the secretary, if the secretary determines that the food is
2	unfit for human consumption and the food cannot be reconditioned
3	so as to be made fit for human consumption and the determination
4	is not appealed within the time permitted. Food detained under
5	this subchapter may be used as animal feed or for other
6	beneficial use, provided that such use is in compliance with
7	other applicable statutes, rules, regulations, standards and
8	orders. The owner shall pay all costs of destruction.
9	<u>§ 5727. Temporary permits.</u>
10	Temporary permits granted by Federal agencies for interstate
11	shipment of experimental packs of food varying from the
12	requirements of definitions and standards of identity in Federal
13	acts shall be effective in this Commonwealth under the
14	conditions provided in the permits. The secretary may issue
15	intrastate permits where they are necessary to the completion of
16	an investigation and where the interests of consumers are
16 17	an investigation and where the interests of consumers are safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards
17	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards
17 18	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be
17 18 19	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be
17 18 19 20	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new
17 18 19 20 21	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733
17 18 19 20 21 22	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a permit after notice to the affected party if the application
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a permit after notice to the affected party if the application contains misleading statements or if the secretary determines
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a permit after notice to the affected party if the application contains misleading statements or if the secretary determines that unfair competitive advantage is gained through the issuance
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a permit after notice to the affected party if the application contains misleading statements or if the secretary determines that unfair competitive advantage is gained through the issuance of the permit or that the need no longer exists for the permit.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	safeguarded for foods not complying with definitions, standards of identity and State laws and regulations. The permits shall be for a period not to exceed one year, although the permit may be extended for a period of up to one additional year if a new standard of identity has been applied for under section 5733 (relating to rules and regulations). The secretary may revoke a permit after notice to the affected party if the application contains misleading statements or if the secretary determines that unfair competitive advantage is gained through the issuance of the permit or that the need no longer exists for the permit. § 5728. Adulteration of food.

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1 if the substance is not an added substance, the food shall 2 not be considered adulterated under this section if the 3 quantity of the substance in the food does not ordinarily 4 render it injurious to health.

5 (2) If it bears or contains any added poisonous or added 6 deleterious substance which is unsafe within the meaning of 7 section 5731 (relating to poisonous or deleterious substances 8 and tolerances). This paragraph does not apply to a pesticide 9 chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity, a food 10 additive or a color additive.

(3) If it is a raw agricultural commodity and bears or 11 12 contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of section 5731, except that, where a pesticide 13 14 chemical has been used in or on a raw agricultural commodity with an exemption granted or tolerance prescribed under 15 16 section 5731 or under any of the Federal acts and the raw agricultural commodity has been subjected to processing such 17 18 as canning, cooking, freezing, dehydrating or milling, the 19 residue of the pesticide remaining in or on the processed 20 food shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 5731 21 and this paragraph, not be deemed unsafe if the residue in or 22 on the raw agricultural commodity has been removed to the 23 extent possible in good manufacturing practice and the 24 concentration of the residue in the processed food when ready 25 to eat is not greater than the tolerance prescribed for the 26 raw agricultural commodity. (4) If it bears or contains any food additive which is 27 28 unsafe within the meaning of section 5731 or under any of the 29 Federal acts. 30 (5) If it consists, in whole or in part, of any

1	diseased, contaminated, filthy, putrid or decomposed
2	substance or is otherwise unfit for food.
3	(6) If it has been produced, prepared, packed or held
4	under unsanitary conditions so that it may have become
5	contaminated with filth or may have been rendered diseased,
6	unwholesome or injurious to health.
7	(7) If it is, in whole or in part, the product of a
8	diseased animal or of an animal which has died otherwise than
9	by slaughter.
10	(8) If its container is composed, in whole or in part,
11	of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render
12	the contents injurious to health, unless the container is
13	fabricated or manufactured with good manufacturing practice
14	as that standard is defined and delineated by any of the
15	Federal acts and their regulations.
16	(9) If it has been intentionally subjected to radiation,
17	unless the use of the radiation was in conformity with a
18	regulation or exemption in effect under section 5731 or under
19	one of the Federal acts.
20	<u>(10) If:</u>
21	(i) any valuable constituent has been, in whole or
22	in part, omitted or abstracted therefrom;
23	(ii) any substance has been substituted wholly or in
24	part;
25	<u>(iii) damage or inferiority has been concealed in</u>
26	any manner; or
27	(iv) any substance has been added thereto or mixed
28	or packed so as to increase its bulk or weight or reduce
29	its quality or strength or make it appear better or of
30	greater value than it is.

1	(11) If it bears or contains any color additive which is
2	unsafe within the meaning of section 5731 or under one of the
3	Federal acts.
4	(12) If it bears or contains eggs processed by or egg
5	products derived from a manufacturing, processing or
6	preparing method wherein whole eggs are broken using a
7	centrifuge-type egg breaking machine that separates the egg's
8	liquid interior from the shell.
9	§ 5729. Misbranding of food.
10	(a) General ruleA food shall be misbranded:
11	(1) If its labeling is false or misleading in any way.
12	(2) If it is offered for sale under the name of another
13	food.
14	(3) If it is an imitation of another food, unless its
15	label bears, in type of uniform size and prominence, the word
16	"imitation" and, immediately thereafter, the name of the food
17	that is simulated.
18	(4) If its container is so made, formed or filled as to
19	be misleading.
20	(5) If it is in a package that does not bear a label
21	<u>containing</u> :
22	(i) The name and place of business of the
23	<u>manufacturer, packer or distributor.</u>
24	(ii) An accurate statement of the quantity of the
25	contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical count.
26	Reasonable variations are permitted and exemptions as to
27	small packages shall be established in regulations
28	promulgated by the secretary.
29	(6) If it is represented as a food for which a
30	definition and standard of identity has been prescribed by

1	regulation under this subchapter or under any of the Federal
2	acts, unless it conforms to the definition and standard and
3	its label bears the name of the food specified in the
4	definition and standard and the common names of optional
5	ingredients, other than spices, flavoring and coloring,
6	present in the food.
7	(7) Unless its label bears the following:
8	(i) The common or usual name of the food, if any.
9	(ii) If made from two or more ingredients, the
10	common or usual name of each ingredient is listed in
11	descending order of predominance by weight, except that
12	spices, flavorings and colorings not required to be
13	certified under any of the Federal acts, other than those
14	sold as such, may be designated as spices, flavorings and
15	colorings without naming each.
16	(8) If it is represented for special dietary uses,
17	unless its label bears such information concerning its
18	vitamin, mineral and other dietary properties as determined
19	by regulation to be necessary and in order to inform
20	purchasers as to its value for such use.
21	(9) If it bears or contains any artificial flavoring,
22	artificial coloring or chemical preservative, unless it bears
23	labeling stating that fact. Exemptions shall be established
24	by regulations to the extent that compliance with
25	requirements of this paragraph is impracticable. The
26	provisions of this paragraph or paragraphs (6) and (7) with
27	respect to artificial coloring shall not apply in the case of
28	butter, cheese or ice cream. The provisions of this paragraph
29	with respect to chemical preservatives shall not apply to a
30	pesticide chemical when used in or on a raw agricultural

1	commodity which is the produce of the soil.
2	(10) If it is a raw agricultural commodity bearing or
3	containing a pesticide chemical applied after harvest, unless
4	the shipping container of the commodity bears labeling which
5	declares the presence of the chemical and the common or usual
6	name and function of the chemical. A declaration shall not be
7	required when the commodity is removed from the shipping
8	container and is held or displayed for sale at retail in
9	accordance with the custom of the trade.
10	(11) If it is a color additive, unless its packaging and
11	labeling are in conformity with the packaging and labeling
12	requirements applicable to color additives in department
13	regulations.
14	(12) If, at the site of purchase of the particular food,
15	a sign, placard or other graphic matter relating to the food
16	is false or misleading in any particular.
16 17	<u>is false or misleading in any particular.</u> (b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2),
17	(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2),
17 18	(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply
17 18 19	(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:
17 18 19 20	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following: (1) Bakery goods sold at retail by the bakery directly</pre>
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following: (1) Bakery goods sold at retail by the bakery directly to the consumer in a store or market stand operated by the bakery. The bakery goods must be made by the bakery, the bakery must guarantee that they are in compliance with this act in all other respects and the required information in subsection (a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9)
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(b) ExceptionsThe provisions of subsection (a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11) shall not apply to the following: (1) Bakery goods sold at retail by the bakery directly to the consumer in a store or market stand operated by the bakery. The bakery goods must be made by the bakery, the bakery must guarantee that they are in compliance with this act in all other respects and the required information in subsection (a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) must be available to the public at the point-of-sale. (2) Bakery goods sold to the operators of retail food

1 facility. 2 (c) Nonpackaged food.--Food offered for retail sale in other 3 than package form shall be accompanied by a sign, placard or notice listing the ingredients in descending order of 4 predominance by weight. 5 6 § 5730. Regulations to exempt certain labeling requirements. 7 The department shall promulgate regulations exempting from any labeling requirement food which is, in accordance with the 8 9 practice of the trade, to be processed, labeled or repacked in substantial quantities at establishments other than those where 10 originally processed or packed if the food is not adulterated or 11 12 misbranded under this subchapter upon removal from the 13 processing, labeling or repacking establishments. 14 § 5731. Poisonous or deleterious substances and tolerances. 15 (a) Additions to food. -- A poisonous or deleterious substance 16 added to a food, except where the substance is required in its production and cannot be avoided by good manufacturing practice, 17 18 shall be deemed to be unsafe unless added in compliance with the 19 Federal acts. 20 (b) Pesticide chemicals in or on raw agricultural commodities.--A poisonous or deleterious pesticide chemical, or 21 any chemical which is not generally recognized among experts 22 23 qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the 24 safety of pesticide chemicals as safe for use, added to a raw agricultural commodity shall be deemed unsafe unless added in 25 26 compliance with the Federal acts. 27 (c) Unsafe food additives. -- A food additive shall, with 28 respect to any particular use or intended use, be deemed to be 29 unsafe for the purposes of the application of section 5728(4) (relating to adulteration of food) unless it and its intended 30

1	use conform to the terms of an exemption which is in effect
2	under this section or unless there is in effect, and it and its
3	intended use are in conformity with, a regulation issued under
4	this section prescribing the conditions under which the additive
5	may be safely used. A food which is in compliance with a
6	regulation relating to a food additive shall not, by reason of
7	bearing or containing an additive in accordance with the
8	regulations, be considered adulterated within the meaning of
9	<u>section 5728(4).</u>
10	§ 5732. Inspection, sampling and analysis.
11	(a) InspectionFor purposes of enforcement of this
12	subchapter, the secretary is authorized, upon presenting
13	appropriate credentials to the owner, operator or agent in
14	<u>charge:</u>
15	(1) To enter at reasonable times any factory, warehouse
16	or food establishment in which food is or was manufactured,
17	processed, packed or held for introduction into commerce or
18	to enter any vehicle used to transport or hold the food in
19	commerce.
20	(2) To inspect at reasonable times, within reasonable
21	limits and in a reasonable manner the factory, warehouse,
22	food establishment or vehicle and all pertinent materials,
23	containers and labeling and to obtain samples necessary to
24	administer this subchapter.
25	(3) To have access to and to copy all records of
26	carriers showing the movement in commerce of any food or the
27	holding thereof during or after the movement, and the
28	quantity, shipper and consignee thereof, if the secretary has
29	probable cause to believe that the movement or holding of
30	food is in violation of this subchapter or department

1 <u>regulations.</u>

2	(b) Report of inspectionUpon completion of an inspection
3	of a factory, warehouse or other food establishment and prior to
4	leaving the premises, the secretary shall give to the owner,
5	operator or agent in charge a written report of the findings of
6	the inspection.
7	(b.1) Interagency coordinationThe department shall share
8	inspection reports or tests results that indicate human illness
9	related to food consumption or food handling practices, or to
10	other threats to the safety of the food supply, with the
11	Department of Health, the Department of Environmental Protection
12	<u>or any other Commonwealth agency as necessary to develop a</u>
13	comprehensive, coordinated interagency approach to protecting
14	public health and safeguarding the food supply.
15	(c) Collection of samplesDuring an inspection of a
16	factory or other food establishment where food is manufactured,
17	processed, packed, stored or offered for sale, the secretary may
18	obtain a sample of any food for such analysis as is necessary to
19	determine compliance with this subchapter.
20	(d) Receipt for samplesIf the secretary has obtained any
21	sample in the course of the inspection, the secretary shall,
22	upon completion of the inspection and prior to leaving the
23	premises, give to the owner, operator or agent in charge a
24	receipt describing the sample obtained.
25	(e) Payment of samplesThe food establishment from which
26	samples are collected may bill the secretary for the fair market
27	value of the samples.
28	§ 5733. Rules and regulations.
29	(a) Nature of rulesThe secretary shall be charged with
30	the enforcement of this subchapter and shall promulgate rules,

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1	regulations and food standards necessary for its proper
2	enforcement. The rules, regulations and food standards shall
3	conform and shall be construed to conform with the purposes
4	expressed in section 5736 (relating to construction of
5	<u>subchapter).</u>
6	(b) Local inspectionNothing in this subchapter shall
7	prohibit any county, city, borough, incorporated town or
8	township which was licensing food establishments in accordance
9	with the act of August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known as the
10	Local Health Administration Law, on September 2, 1994, from
11	continuing to license such food establishments in accordance
12	with the Local Health Administration Law. No county, city,
13	borough, incorporated town or township shall ordain or enforce
14	requirements of any kind or description WITH RESPECT TO FOOD
15	ESTABLISHMENTS related to sanitation, food safety, inspections,
16	standards and labeling other than those promulgated by the
17	secretary in accordance with this subchapter or adopted in
18	accordance with subsection (f).
19	(c) Reciprocal inspectionThe secretary is authorized to
20	enter into reciprocal agreements with other jurisdictions to
21	ensure inhabitants of this Commonwealth that food sold in this
22	Commonwealth complies with this subchapter and its regulations.
23	The agreements may be for reciprocal inspection and labeling
24	review. The secretary may approve or accept inspection and
25	labeling requirements of other jurisdiction with respect to
26	food.
27	(d) Uniform regulationIn reaching reciprocal agreements
28	with other jurisdictions, the provisions of this subchapter and
29	its regulations shall be considered as establishing uniform
30	requirements and regulations for food establishments throughout

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1	this Commonwealth as defined in section 5722 (relating to
2	<u>definitions).</u>
3	(e) Interagency agreementsNothing in this subchapter
4	shall prohibit a Commonwealth agency which is regulating and
5	inspecting retail food facilities in accordance with Subchapter
6	<u>A (relating to retail food facility safety) from continuing to</u>
7	regulate and inspect retail food facilities in accordance with
8	<u>Subchapter A.</u>
9	(f) Adoption of Federal regulationsAll regulations and
10	supplements thereto or revisions thereof adopted under the
11	Federal acts which relate to food on, before or after the
12	effective date of this subchapter are adopted as regulations in
13	this Commonwealth and shall remain in effect unless subsequently
14	modified or superseded by regulations promulgated by the
15	secretary.
16	(g) Water standardsIf a food establishment uses or
17	supplies water for human consumption, the water shall be in
18	compliance with the primary and secondary Maximum Contaminant
19	Levels (MCL), treatment techniques and Maximum Residual
20	Disinfectant Levels (MRDL) required by the act of May 1, 1984
21	(P.L.206, No.43), known as the Pennsylvania Safe Drinking Water
22	Act, and its attendant regulations.
23	(h) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the phrase "other
24	jurisdictions" shall mean the United States of America or any
25	state, territory or possession thereof or any other country.
26	<u>§ 5734. Registration of food establishments.</u>
27	(a) General ruleSubject to the rules and regulations
28	adopted by the secretary, it shall be the duty of every person
29	operating a food establishment within this Commonwealth to
30	register with the secretary as a food establishment. This

1	registration requirement shall not be construed to exempt food
2	establishments from licensing requirements of any county, city,
3	borough, incorporated town or township in accordance with the
4	act of August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known as the Local
5	Health Administration Law.
6	(b) ApplicationThe application for registration shall be
7	made on a form to be supplied by the secretary upon request of
8	the applicant.
9	(c) FeeThe registration fee shall be \$35 per food
10	<u>establishment per year.</u>
11	(d) ExceptionVehicles used primarily for the
12	transportation of any consumer commodity in bulk or quantity to
13	manufacturers, packers, processors or wholesale or retail
14	distributors are exempt from the provisions of this section.
15	(e) Single food establishmentFor purposes of this
16	section, food establishments which are located at the same
17	address and operated by the same person shall be deemed to be a
18	<u>single food establishment.</u>
19	<u>§ 5735. Product registration.</u>
20	The secretary may promulgate regulations allowing food
21	establishments to label their food products as having been
22	registered by the department. "Reg. Penna. Dept. Agr." shall be
23	the approved abbreviation. This registration label shall be
24	limited to food products prepared or packed in a food
25	establishment registered under section 5734 (relating to
26	registration of food establishments).
27	<u>§ 5736. Construction of subchapter.</u>
28	(a) General ruleThe provisions of this subchapter and the
29	regulations promulgated under this subchapter shall be construed
30	in a manner that is consistent with the Federal acts and

1	regulations promulgated under those acts. The secretary shall
2	not ordain or enforce requirements relating to sanitation, food
3	safety, food standards and labeling requirements of any kind or
4	description other than those provided for in the Federal acts
5	unless the proposed regulation meets all of the following:
6	(1) is justified by compelling and unique local
7	<pre>conditions;</pre>
8	(2) protects an important public interest that would
9	<u>otherwise be unprotected;</u>
10	(3) relates to subject matter that is primarily local in
11	nature and the Federal agency with responsibility over the
12	subject matter is not exercising its jurisdiction with
13	respect to the subject matter;
14	(4) would not cause a food to be in violation of any
15	applicable requirements under the Federal acts; and
16	(5) would not unduly burden interstate commerce.
17	(b) Secretary to participate in rulemakingThe secretary
18	is encouraged to participate in rulemaking under the Federal
19	acts and, if necessary, to pursue Federal rulemaking as is
20	deemed necessary for the protection of the citizens of this
21	Commonwealth through the Federal petition and rulemaking
22	process.
23	<u>§ 5737. Acts not affected.</u>
24	Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to abrogate or
25	supersede any provision or regulation adopted under:
26	(1) The act of July 2, 1935 (P.L.589, No.210), referred
27	to as the Milk Sanitation Law, the act of August 8, 1961
28	(P.L.975, No.436), referred to as the Milk Adulteration and
29	Labeling Act, and the act of September 1, 1965 (P.L.420, No.
30	215), known as The Frozen Dessert Law.

1	(2) The act of August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known
2	as the Local Health Administration Law, with regard to
3	licensure, regulation and inspection of a public eating or
4	drinking place, as defined in section 5702 (relating to
5	definitions), which is not a food establishment under this
6	subchapter.
7	(3) Subchapter A (relating to retail food facility
8	<u>safety).</u>
9	Section 2. Sections 6502, 6503 and 6504 of Title 3 are
10	amended to read:
11	§ 6502. Definitions.
12	The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
13	shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
14	context clearly indicates otherwise:
15	["Advisory board" or "board." The Food Employee
16	Certification Advisory Board.]
17	"Certificate." A certificate of completion issued by a
18	certification program that has been evaluated and listed by an
19	accrediting agency that has been recognized by the Conference
20	for Food Protection Standards for Accreditation of Food
21	Protection Manager Certification Program.
22	"Conference for Food Protection." An independent, national
23	voluntary nonprofit organization to promote food safety and
24	consumer protection. Participants in this organization include
25	Federal, State and local regulatory agencies, universities, test
26	providers, certifying organizations, consumer groups, food
27	service and retail store trade associations and retail food
28	facility operators. The objectives of the organization include
29	identifying and addressing food safety problems and promoting
30	uniformity of regulations in food protection.

1 "Employee." As defined under section 5702 (relating to

2 <u>definitions).</u>

3 "Food establishment." [A room, building, place or portion thereof or vehicle maintained, used or operated for the purpose 4 of selling to the public, commercially storing, packaging, 5 making, cooking, mixing, processing, bottling, baking, canning, 6 7 freezing, packing or otherwise preparing, transporting or 8 handling food. The term includes retail food stores and public eating and drinking licensees, except those portions of 9 establishments operating exclusively under milk or milk products 10 permits and those portions of establishments operating 11 exclusively under USDA inspection. The term does not include 12 13 dining cars operated by a railroad company in interstate 14 commerce or a bed and breakfast, homestead or inn as defined in the act of May 23, 1945 (P.L.926, No.369), referred to as the 15 16 Public Eating and Drinking Place Law.] As defined in section 5722 (relating to definitions). 17

18 <u>"Organized camp." As defined in section 5702 (relating to</u> 19 <u>definitions).</u>

20 <u>"Person in charge." As defined in section 5702 (relating to</u> 21 definitions).

22 "Potentially hazardous food." As defined in section 5722_ 23 (relating to definitions). [A food which consists in whole or in 24 part of milk or milk products, eqqs, meats, poultry, fish, 25 shellfish, edible crustaceans or other ingredients, including 26 synthetic ingredients, and which is in a form capable of supporting rapid and progressive growth of infectious or 27 toxicogenic microorganisms. The term does not include foods that 28 29 have a pH level of 4.6 or below or a water activity of 0.85 or less under standard conditions or food products in hermetically 30

1 sealed containers processed to maintain commercial sterility.]
2 "Public eating [and] <u>or</u> drinking place." A public eating or
3 drinking place as defined in [the act of May 23, 1945 (P.L.926,
4 No.369), referred to as the Public Eating and Drinking Place
5 Law.] <u>section 5702 (relating to definitions).</u>

6 <u>"Retail food establishment." As defined in section 5702</u>

7 (relating to definitions).

8 <u>"Retail food facility." A public eating or drinking place or</u>
9 <u>a retail food establishment.</u>

10 ["Supervisory employee." An owner or a person employed by or 11 designated by the business owner to fulfill the requirements of 12 this chapter.]

13 § 6503. Certification [advisory board and] programs.

(a) [Members of board.--The secretary shall appoint persons to serve as members of the Food Employee Certification Advisory Board. Representatives shall be selected to represent the following groups for a term of two, three or four years to be determined by the secretary:

(1) The chairman and minority chairman of the
Agricultural and Rural Affairs Committee of the Senate or
their designees and the chairman and minority chairman of the
Agricultural and Rural Affairs Committee of the House of
Representatives or their designees.

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(2) A consumer representative.

(3) The Secretary of Agriculture or the secretary'sdesignee.

(4) Two representatives of production agriculture.
(5) Representatives, including at least one person
recommended by each of the following: Pennsylvania
Association of Milk Dealers, Pennsylvania Restaurant

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1 Association, Pennsylvania Food Merchants Association, 2 Pennsylvania Convenience Store Council, Pennsylvania Bakers 3 Association, Pennsylvania Food Processors Association, National Federation of Independent Businesses, Pennsylvania 4 5 Petroleum Marketers & Convenience Store Association, Local 6 1776 UFCW, Pennsylvania Retailers Association, the Licensed 7 Beverage Association, Pennsylvania Tourism and Lodging 8 Association, Associated Petroleum Industries, Pennsylvania 9 Veterinary Medical Association, County Commissioners 10 Association of Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania League of Cities and Municipalities, Pennsylvania State Association of 11 12 Boroughs, Pennsylvania State Association of Township 13 Commissioners, Pennsylvania State Association of Township 14 Supervisors and Pennsylvania School Food Service Association. 15 At least one representative shall have experience in the field of public health.] (Reserved). 16

(b) [Chairman of board.--The secretary or the secretary's designee shall serve as the chairman of the advisory board.] (Reserved).

20 (c) Certification programs. -- [The advisory board shall 21 review and recommend certification programs submitted by 22 individuals or organizations to ensure adequate training of 23 supervisory employees of food establishments.] The department 24 shall recognize certification programs including examinations 25 developed under those programs that are evaluated and listed by 26 an accrediting agency that has been recognized by the Conference 27 for Food Protection as conforming to the Conference for Food Protection Standards for Accreditation of Food Protection 28 29 Manager Certification Program.

30 (c.1) [Other duties.--For the purpose of complying with the

1 requirements of section 6504(g)(1) (relating to certification of 2 employees), the secretary shall convene a meeting of the 3 advisory board no later than March 1, 2003.] (Reserved).

Certification of [supervisory] employees.--[The 4 (d) supervisory employees] An employee shall be certified [by the 5 department] following [the completion of training programs 6 7 recommended by the advisory board and approved by the 8 department. The department shall adopt food safety protection and training standards for the certification of supervisory 9 10 employees who are responsible for the storage, preparation, 11 display or serving of foods to the public in establishments 12 regulated by the department or local health organizations. These standards shall be adopted by the department to ensure that, 13 14 upon successfully passing a test, the supervisory employee has 15 demonstrated adequate food protection knowledge. These standards 16 shall also provide for a certification program which authorizes 17 private or public agencies to conduct and approve tests and 18 certify the results of these tests to the department. At least 19 one supervisory employee of a food establishment shall have 20 passed the test and received a certificate attesting thereto. 21 Employees shall have a period of 90 days after employment to 22 pass the required test.] demonstration of food safety protection_ 23 knowledge by the successful completion of an examination 24 conducted by or pursuant to an accredited certification program recognized by the department under subsection (c). A retail food 25 26 facility shall have a period of three months after licensing under Ch. 57 Subch. A (relating to retail food facility safety)_ 27 28 within which to comply with this chapter. 29 Preemption.--Except as provided in subsection (f), the (e)

30 regulation of food safety protection and training standards for

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employees of [food establishments] <u>retail food facilities</u> is
 preempted by the Commonwealth.

3 (f) Local programs.--Any food employee certification program
4 established by a county, city, borough, incorporated town or
5 township prior to September 1, 1994, may remain in effect.
6 § 6504. Certification of employees.

7 (a) General rule.-- [Food establishments shall maintain 8 certification records on respective supervisory employees.] Each 9 [food establishment shall employ a person having supervisory authority] retail food facility shall have a person in charge 10 11 who holds a valid [department food employee] certificate[.] 12 present at the retail food facility at all hours of operation. 13 (a.1) Exemption. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of 14 subsection (a), the department shall, by regulation, exempt categories of retail food facilities from the requirement that a 15 16 certified person in charge be present at all hours of operation. 17 The regulation shall consider risk-based factors identified in

18 the current edition of the Food Code, published by the United

19 States Department of Health, Food and Drug Administration, to

20 identify these categories of retail food facilities.

21 (A.2) MULTIPLE RETAIL FOOD FACILITIES.--WHEN A PROPRIETOR,

22 AS DEFINED IN SECTION 5702 (RELATING TO DEFINITIONS), OPERATES

23 MORE THAN ONE RETAIL FOOD FACILITY AT THE SAME FAIR, FESTIVAL OR

24 SIMILAR TEMPORARY EVENT, ONLY ONE CERTIFIED PERSON IN CHARGE

25 <u>NEED BE PRESENT.</u>

(b) [Examination.--No certificate shall be issued unless the applicant has successfully completed a training course and passed an examination recommended by the advisory board and approved by the department.] (Reserved).

30 (c) Compliance.--

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(1) <u>(Reserved)</u>.

2 (2) A [food establishment] <u>retail food facility</u> exempt
3 under section 6510(d) (relating to exemptions) may
4 voluntarily seek certification under this section.

5 Except as provided in section 6510, compliance with (3) 6 this chapter by a [food establishment] retail food facility 7 shall be mandatory. [by July 1, 2004. Section 6503(e) 8 (relating to certification advisory board and programs) shall 9 not apply to any food establishment prior to July 1, 2004, unless that food establishment complies with this chapter.] 10 11 Employee turnover. -- [Food establishments] Retail food (d) 12 facilities which are not in compliance because of employee 13 turnover or other loss of certified [personnel] employees shall 14 have three months from the date of loss of certified [personnel] 15 employees to comply.

(e) Maintenance and inspection of records.--Names and certificate numbers of certified [personnel] <u>employees</u> shall be maintained at the place of business and shall be made available [for inspection by the department.] <u>to and shall be inspected</u> by:

(1) the department for retail food facilities that are
licensed under Subchapter A of Chapter 57 (relating to retail
food facility safety) by the department; or
(2) the licensor for retail food facilities that are
licensed under Subchapter A of Chapter 57 by a licensor that

26 <u>is not the department.</u>

(f) Period of certification.--Certification shall be in
effect for [five years.] <u>the certification interval prescribed</u>
<u>by the accredited certification program described in section</u>
6503(c) (relating to certification programs). Renewal of

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1 certification shall be based on the [completion of courses 2 recommended by the advisory board and approved by the 3 department. The courses shall not include a written examination.] successful completion of the certification 4 requirements of an accredited certification program as described 5 in section 6503(c). 6 7 [Training program.--(a) 8 (1)Training programs to prepare candidates for 9 certification examinations and the administration of the 10 examination shall be made available throughout this 11 Commonwealth through cooperation with industry and others and 12 approved by the department. In order to meet the requirements 13 of this paragraph, the department shall promulgate regulations with the approval of the board no later than July 14 15 1, 2004, which establish training programs providing for the 16 following considerations which include: 17 The existence and operation of a department-(i) 18 approved employee training program on safe food handling 19 conducted by the food establishment. 20 (ii) The limited handling of potentially hazardous 21 food. 22 The number of hours necessary to prepare (iii) 23 employees for safe food handling due to the food 24 establishment's scope of business. 25 The demonstration of satisfactory knowledge and (iv) 26 proficiency in the safe handling of food as approved by 27 the department. 28 (2)The department shall develop and administer a 29 training program for food establishments voluntarily seeking certification under subsection (c) (2). The General Assembly 30

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1 may appropriate funds to offset the cost of the program for 2 food establishments exempt under section 6510(d).]

3 (Reserved).

4 (h) [Mitigating factor.--

5 (1) If a food establishment complies with this chapter, 6 the compliance shall be given appropriate consideration as a 7 mitigating factor in determining if a food establishment 8 shall be assessed more than the minimum fine or civil penalty 9 required by law in any action to recover fines or penalties 10 for a violation of the act of July 7, 1994 (P.L.421, No.70), 11 known as the Food Act.

12 (2) This subsection shall expire July 1, 2000.]
 13 (Reserved).

Section 3. Sections 6506 and 6507 of Title 3 are repealed:
[§ 6506. Reciprocal agreements.

The department may accept certifications issued in other states that have comparable requirements for certification provided the department and the other state jurisdiction have entered into a reciprocal agreement to accept each state's certification program as meeting the provisions of this chapter. § 6507. Suspension of certification.

22 Certification may be suspended or revoked by the department 23 if the holder or person fails to comply with this or other 24 sanitation regulations or the act of May 23, 1945 (P.L.926, No. 25 369), referred to as the Public Eating and Drinking Place Law, 26 or the act of July 7, 1994 (P.L.421, No.70), known as the Food Act. Prior to suspension or revocation, the certificate holder 27 28 shall be given the opportunity for a hearing before the 29 department.]

30 Section 4. Section 6508 of Title 3 is amended to read:

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1 § 6508. Civil penalties.

2 [In] (a) Retail food facilities licensed by the

3 department. -- For retail food facilities licensed under_

Subchapter A of Chapter 57 (relating to retail food facility 4 safety) by the department, and in addition to proceeding under 5 6 any other remedy available at law or in equity for a violation of a provision of this chapter or a rule or regulation adopted 7 8 thereunder or any order issued pursuant thereto, the department may assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$300 for the first 9 10 offense or not to exceed \$1,000 for subsequent offenses upon a 11 person or [food establishment] retail food facility for each 12 offense. No civil penalty shall be assessed unless the person 13 charged has been given notice and opportunity for a hearing on 14 the charge in accordance with law.

15 (b) Retail food facilities licensed by other licensor.--For 16 retail food facilities licensed under Subchapter A of Chapter 57 17 by a licensor that is not the department, penalties under this 18 chapter shall be established by the licensor.

19 Section 5. Section 6509 of Title 3 is repealed:

20 [§ 6509. Fees.

(a) Change by regulation.--All fees imposed by this chapter
shall remain in effect until changed by the department by
regulation subject to the act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.
181), known as the Regulatory Review Act. The department shall
propose to change those fees by regulation following
consultation with the advisory board.

(b) Fee for certification.--The department shall issue or approve the issuance of a certification document to the person upon the successful completion of the approved training program. A fee of \$20 shall be charged by the department for this service

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1 unless changed by regulation.

2 Payments to municipalities.--Local health departments (C) 3 created in accordance with the act of August 24, 1951 (P.L.1304, No.315), known as the Local Health Administration Law, may 4 enforce the provisions of this chapter as it pertains to public 5 eating and drinking licensees. Each local health department 6 7 shall be reimbursed by the department in an amount equal to 50% 8 of the civil penalties levied and collected by the department pursuant to this chapter in each such jurisdiction.] 9 10 Section 6. Sections 6510 and 8101 of Title 3 are amended to 11 read: 12 § 6510. Exemptions. 13 (a) Prepackaged food.--[Food establishments] 14 (1) Retail food facilities where only commercially 15 prepackaged food is handled and sold are exempt from this 16 chapter. 17 (2) Retail food facilities that handle and sell food 18 other than commercially prepackaged food are exempt from this 19 chapter during time periods or work shifts when only 20 commercially prepackaged food is sold. 21 (b) Nonpotentially hazardous food.--[Food establishments] 22 (1) Retail food facilities that handle only nonpotentially hazardous food are exempt from this chapter. 23 24 (2) Retail food facilities that handle and sell 25 potentially hazardous food are exempt from this chapter 26 during time periods or work shifts when only nonpotentially 27 hazardous food is handled and sold. (c) Food [manufacturing facilities] <u>establishments</u>.--Food 28 29 [manufacturing facilities which are engaged in the manufacture of prepackaged foods and which do not manufacture potentially 30

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hazardous food] <u>establishments</u> are exempt from this chapter.
(d) Exempt [organizations] <u>retail food facilities</u>.--Except
as set forth in section 6504(c)(2) (relating to certification of
employees), the following [organizations] <u>retail food facilities</u>
are exempt from this chapter:

6 (1) A [food establishment] <u>retail food facility</u> managed
7 by an organization which is a tax-exempt organization under
8 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
9 (Public Law 99-514, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3)).

10 (2) A [food establishment] retail food facility managed
11 on a not-for-profit basis by an organization which is a
12 volunteer fire company or an ambulance, religious,
13 charitable, fraternal, veterans, civic, agricultural fair or
14 agricultural association or any separately chartered
15 auxiliary of any of the above associations.

(3) A [food establishment] <u>retail food facility</u> managed
by an organization which is established to promote and
encourage participation and support for extracurricular
recreational activities for youth of primary and secondary
public, private and parochial school systems on a not-forprofit basis. <u>This paragraph does not apply to organized</u>

22 <u>camps.</u>

23 § 8101. [Farmers' market.

For the purpose of section 14(e) of the act of July 7, 1994 (P.L.421, No.70), known as the Food Act, any building, structure or place owned, leased or otherwise in possession of a person or municipal corporation or public or private organization, used or intended to be used by two or more farmers or an association of farmers for the purpose of selling food directly to consumers shall be deemed to be a single food establishment.] (Reserved).

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1 Section 7. Except to the extent they are inconsistent with 2 any provision of this act, the rules, regulations and standards 3 adopted by the department prior to the effective date of this act under authority of the statutes repealed in section 4 of 4 this act, shall continue in effect unless subsequently modified 5 or superseded by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of 6 7 Agriculture of the Commonwealth. 8 Section 8. Repeals are as follows: 9 The General Assembly declares as follows: (1)10 The repeal under paragraph (2)(i) is necessary (i) 11 because the fees described in that provision are supplied 12 by 3 Pa.C.S. Ch. 57 Subch. A. 13 (ii) The repeal under paragraph (2) (ii) is necessary 14 because the material is supplied by 3 Pa.C.S. Ch. 57 Subch. A. 15 16 (iii) The repeal under paragraph (2)(iii) is necessary because the material is supplied by 3 Pa.C.S. 17 18 Ch. 57 Subch. B. 19 (2) Repeals are as follows: 20 Section 602-A(16) of the act of April 9, 1929 (i) 21 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 22 1929, is repealed. 23 (ii) The act of May 23, 1945 (P.L.926, No.369), 24 referred to as the Public Eating and Drinking Place Law, 25 is repealed. The act of July 7, 1994 (P.L.421, No.70), 26 (iii) known as the Food Act, is repealed. 27 28 Section 9. This act shall take effect as follows: The amendment of 3 Pa.C.S. § 6504(a) shall take 29 (1)30 effect on the effective date of the regulations promulgated

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under 3 Pa.C.S. § 6504(a.1), or two years from the effective date of this section, whichever occurs first.
(2) The remainder of this act shall take effect in 60 days.