THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1955 Session of 2007

INTRODUCED BY GRUCELA, BELFANTI, BRENNAN, BUXTON, COHEN, GINGRICH, GOODMAN, HARKINS, HERSHEY, HESS, JOSEPHS, KENNEY, KOTIK, MACKERETH, McCALL, McGEEHAN, R. MILLER, MYERS, M. O'BRIEN, READSHAW, REICHLEY, SCAVELLO, SIPTROTH, WOJNAROSKI, YUDICHAK, GEIST, DeLUCA, HORNAMAN, YOUNGBLOOD, FRANKEL, JAMES, KULA, WANSACZ, WATERS, R. STEVENSON, HENNESSEY, McILVAINE SMITH, PETRI AND KORTZ, OCTOBER 23, 2007

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, MAY 13, 2008

AN ACT

Providing for restroom access for certain customers of retail
 establishments; and imposing a penalty.

3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

4 hereby enacts as follows:

5 Section 1. Short title.

6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Restroom

7 Access Act.

8 Section 2. Definitions.

9 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall

10 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

11 context clearly indicates otherwise:

12 "Customer." An individual who is lawfully on the premises of 13 a retail establishment.

14 "Eligible medical condition." A medical condition that 15 includes Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis or any other inflammatory bowel disease, any other medical condition that
 requires immediate access to a toilet facility or a condition
 that requires the use of an ostomy device.

4 "HEALTH PROFESSIONAL." A PHYSICIAN, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
5 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT OR NURSE PRACTITIONER LICENSED OR CERTIFIED
6 TO PRACTICE IN THIS COMMONWEALTH.

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7 "Retail establishment." A place of business open to the8 general public for the sale of goods or services.

9 Section 3. Customer access to restroom facilities in retail10 establishments.

11 A retail establishment that has a toilet facility for its 12 employees shall allow a customer to use that facility during 13 normal business hours if the toilet facility is reasonably safe 14 and all of the following conditions are met:

15 (1) The customer requesting the use of the employees 16 toilet facility suffers from an eligible medical condition 17 AND CAN PROVIDE THE RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT WITH EVIDENCE OF THE 18 CUSTOMER'S ELIGIBLE MEDICAL CONDITION TO INCLUDE A COPY OF A STATEMENT SIGNED AND DATED BY A HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR A 19 20 PERSON ACTING UNDER THE DELEGATION AND SUPERVISION OF A HEALTH PROFESSIONAL THAT INDICATES THE CUSTOMER SUFFERS FROM 21 22 AN ELIGIBLE MEDICAL CONDITION OR USES AN OSTOMY DEVICE.

23 (2) The retail establishment does not normally make a24 restroom available to the public.

(3) The employee toilet facility is not located in an
area where providing access would create an obvious health or
safety risk to the customer or an obvious security risk to
the retail establishment.

29 (4) A public restroom is not immediately accessible to30 the customer.

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1 Section 4. Liability.

(a) General rule.--A retail establishment or an employee of
a retail establishment is not civilly liable for any act or
omission in allowing a customer that has an eligible medical
condition to use an employee toilet facility that is not a
public restroom if the act or omission meets all of the
following:

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(1) It is not willful or grossly negligent.

9 (2) It occurs in an area of the retail establishment 10 that is not accessible to the public.

11 (3) It results in an injury to or death of the customer 12 or any individual other than an employee accompanying the 13 customer.

14 (b) Physical changes to facility.--A retail establishment is 15 not required to make any physical changes to an employee toilet 16 facility under this act.

17 Section 5. Penalty.

18 A retail establishment or an employee of a retail

19 establishment that violates this act commits a summary offense.

20 Section 6. Effective date.

21 This act shall take effect immediately.

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