THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. $1752^{Session of}_{2007}$

INTRODUCED BY CURRY, KENNEY, BELFANTI, BOYD, BRENNAN, CALTAGIRONE, CAPPELLI, COHEN, DeLUCA, FRANKEL, FREEMAN, GOODMAN, HENNESSEY, HESS, JAMES, JOSEPHS, KORTZ, KOTIK, KULA, LEACH, LENTZ, MAHONEY, MANDERINO, MCILHATTAN, MELIO, MUNDY, MURT, NAILOR, D. O'BRIEN, M. O'BRIEN, PHILLIPS, RAPP, READSHAW, SANTONI, MCILVAINE SMITH, SOLOBAY, SONNEY, STERN, TANGRETTI, THOMAS, TRUE, J. WHITE, YOUNGBLOOD, SCHRODER, SIPTROTH, HARPER, M. SMITH, BENNINGHOFF AND GERGELY, JULY 14, 2007

AS RE-REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, DECEMBER 11, 2007

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5	Providing for education for parents relating to sudden infant death syndrome and sudden unexpected death of infants; establishing the Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Education and Prevention Program; and providing for duties of the Department of Health.
6	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
7	hereby enacts as follows:
8	Section 1. Short title.
9	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Sudden Infant
10	Death Syndrome Education and Prevention Program Act.
11	Section 2. Legislative findings.
12	The General Assembly hereby finds and declares as follows:
13	(1) The sudden, unexpected death of a newborn is the
14	third most common cause of death among newborns and is only
15	exceeded in the first year of life by congenital

1 malformations and prematurity.

2 (2) Most sudden infant deaths occur when a baby is
3 between two and four months old, and 90% of all sudden infant
4 deaths occur before six months of age.

5 (3) Most babies that die of sudden infant death syndrome 6 (SIDS) or sudden unexpected death in infants (SUDI) appear to 7 be healthy prior to death.

8 (4) Sixty percent of SIDS victims are male and 40% are9 female.

10 (5) While SIDS occurs in all socioeconomic, racial and
11 ethnic groups, African-American and Native-American babies
12 are two to three times more likely to die of SIDS than
13 Caucasian babies.

14 (6) In 1994, the American Academy of Pediatrics, in
15 conjunction with other major health organizations in the
16 United States, launched the national "Back to Sleep"
17 campaign, which endorsed and promoted the placement of
18 infants on their backs both for sleeping and napping.

19 (7) The incidence of sudden infant death in the United
20 States decreased by more than 50% since the inception of this
21 campaign.

(8) In 2005, the American Academy of Pediatrics issued a
new recommendation to further reduce the risk of SIDS that
defined and promoted the use of a safe sleeping environment
for infants.

(9) At this time there is no known way to prevent SIDS
 or SUDI, but the risk can be minimized. Parents should learn
 risk factors associated with SIDS and SUDI and share with
 others information on how to create a safe sleeping
 environment for an infant to reduce the risk of sudden and
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1 unexpected death.

2 Section 3. Definitions.

3 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 4 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 5 context clearly indicates otherwise:

6 "Birth center." A facility not part of a hospital which 7 provides maternity care to childbearing families not requiring 8 hospitalization. As used in this definition, the term "maternity 9 care" includes prenatal, labor, delivery and postpartum care 10 related to medically uncomplicated pregnancies.

"Commitment statement." A form which may be voluntarily signed by a parent, acknowledging that the parent has received, read and has an understanding of the educational and instructional materials provided on sudden infant death syndrome and sudden unexpected death in infants.

16 "Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth. 17 "Hospital." A for-profit or nonprofit hospital providing 18 clinically related health services for obstetrical and newborn care, including those operated by the State, local government or 19 20 an agency. The term shall not include an office used primarily 21 for private or group practice by health care practitioners where 22 no reviewable clinically related health services are offered. 23 "Infant." A child 30 days of age or older and younger than 24 24 months of age.

25 "Midwife." An individual who is licensed as a midwife by the 26 State Board of Medicine.

27 "Newborn." A child 29 days of age or younger.

28 "Parent." A natural parent, stepparent, adoptive parent,29 legal guardian or legal custodian of a child.

30 "Program." The Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Education and 20070H1752B3000 - 3 - 1 Prevention Program.

Sudden infant death syndrome" or "SIDS." The sudden,
unexpected death of an apparently healthy infant that remains
unexplained after the performance of a complete postmortem
investigation, including an autopsy, an examination of the scene
of death and a review of the medical history.

7 "Sudden unexpected death in infants" or "SUDI." The sudden,8 unexpected death of an apparently healthy infant.

9 Section 4. Establishment of program.

10 (a) Establishment.--The department shall establish a Sudden 11 Infant Death Syndrome Education and Prevention Program to 12 promote awareness and education relating to SIDS and SUDI with 13 the focus on the risk factors of SIDS and SUDI and safe sleeping 14 practices for newborns and infants.

(b) Public awareness.--The department shall design and
implement strategies for raising public awareness concerning
SIDS and SUDI, including, but not limited to, the following:

18 (1) Risk factors for sudden infant death, including
19 infant sleep position, exposure to smoke, overheating,
20 inappropriate infant bedding and bed sharing.

(2) Suggestions for reducing the risk of SIDS and SUDI.22 Section 5. Materials.

23 (a) Educational and instructional materials.--The program shall include the distribution of readily understandable 24 information and educational and instructional materials 25 26 regarding SIDS and SUDI. The materials shall explain the risk factors associated with SIDS and SUDI and emphasize safe 27 28 sleeping practices. The materials shall be provided to parents prior to discharge from a hospital or birth center or by a 29 30 midwife for births that take place in settings other than a 20070H1752B3000 - 4 -

1 hospital or birth center.

(b) Commitment statement.--The commitment statement may be 2 3 signed by a parent prior to discharge from a hospital or birth 4 center or after births performed by a midwife in settings other 5 than a hospital or birth center. One copy of the commitment statement shall be given to a parent, and one copy shall remain 6 on file in the hospital or birth center. Copies of commitment 7 statements signed by parents in settings other than a hospital 8 or birth center shall be kept on file by the department. The 9 commitment statement shall be set forth in a form to be 10 11 prescribed by the department.

(c) Distribution of materials.--The information and educational and instructional materials described in subsection (a) shall be provided without cost by each hospital, birth center or midwife to a parent of each newborn upon discharge from a hospital or birth center.

17 Section 6. Scope of act.

18 The department shall do the following:

19 (1) Work to improve the capacity of community-based
20 services available to parents regarding the risk factors
21 involved with SIDS and SUDI and safe sleeping practices for
22 newborns and infants.

(2) Work with other State and local governmental
agencies, community and business leaders, community
organizations, health care and human service providers and
national organizations to coordinate efforts and maximize
State and private resources in the areas of education about
SIDS and SUDI, including the risk factors and safe sleeping
practices.

30 (3) Identify and, when appropriate, replicate or use 20070H1752B3000 - 5 - successful SIDS and SUDI programs and procure related
 materials and services from organizations with appropriate
 experience and knowledge of SIDS and SUDI.
 Section 7. Regulations.

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5 The department may promulgate regulations necessary to 6 implement the provisions of this act.

7 Section 8. Effective date.

8 This act shall take effect in 90 days JULY 1, 2008.

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