THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 213

Session of 2005

INTRODUCED BY GODSHALL, BALDWIN, BELFANTI, BENNINGHOFF, BUNT, CRAHALLA, CREIGHTON, DENLINGER, FRANKEL, GERGELY, GOODMAN, HERSHEY, HESS, HUTCHINSON, LEDERER, LEH, R. MILLER, S. MILLER, PICKETT, SEMMEL, STABACK, STERN, TANGRETTI AND YOUNGBLOOD, FEBRUARY 2, 2005

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, FEBRUARY 2, 2005

AN ACT

- 1 Amending Titles 18 (Crimes and Offenses) and 42 (Judiciary and
- 2 Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
- 3 Statutes, adding an offense and a civil action relating to
- 4 ecoterrorism.
- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:
- 7 Section 1. Title 18 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
- 8 Statutes is amended by adding a section to read:
- 9 § 3311. Ecoterrorism.
- 10 (a) Offense defined. -- A person commits the offense of
- 11 ecoterrorism if, with the intent to intimidate or coerce a
- 12 government, the civilian population or any segment thereof in
- 13 furtherance of political or social objectives, the person
- 14 intentionally uses force or violence or the threat of force or
- 15 <u>violence to:</u>
- 16 (1) prevent an individual from lawfully participating in
- 17 an activity involving animals or an activity involving

1	natural resources by:
2	(i) obstructing the use of an animal or a natural
3	resource owned by the individual, if the obstruction is
4	for a period of time sufficient to significantly decrease
5	the value or enjoyment of the animal or the natural
6	resource to the individual;
7	(ii) damaging or disposing of an animal or a natural
8	resource owned by the individual, if the damage or
9	disposal substantially reduces the condition or
10	usefulness of the animal or the natural resource; or
11	(iii) detaining an animal or a natural resource
12	owned by the individual and demanding compensation in
13	exchange for release of the animal or the natural
14	resource; or
15	(2) prevent an individual's use of an animal facility
16	without the consent of the facility's owner by:
17	(i) damaging the facility or property in the
18	<pre>facility;</pre>
19	(ii) physically disrupting the operation of the
20	<pre>facility;</pre>
21	(iii) unlawfully entering or remaining in the
22	facility and engaging in an activity described in
23	paragraph (1); or
24	(iv) unlawfully entering or remaining in the
25	facility despite a notice denying entry.
26	(b) Grading Ecoterrorism is a felony of the third degree
27	if the actor causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$5,000 or a
28	misdemeanor of the first degree if the actor causes pecuniary
29	loss in excess of \$500. Otherwise, ecoterrorism is a misdemeanor
30	of the second degree.

- 1 (c) Definition. -- As used in this section, the term "animal"
- 2 <u>facility" means a vehicle, building, structure or other premises</u>
- 3 where an animal is lawfully housed, exhibited or offered for
- 4 sale, or which is used for scientific purposes involving
- 5 animals, including research, testing and experiments.
- 6 Section 2. Title 42 is amended by adding a section to read:
- 7 § 8317. Ecoterrorism.
- 8 An individual aggrieved by the offense of ecoterrorism, as
- 9 defined in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3311(a) (relating to ecoterrorism), may
- 10 <u>in a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction, obtain</u>
- 11 appropriate relief, including compensatory and punitive damages,
- 12 <u>reasonable investigative expenses and reasonable attorney fees</u>
- 13 and other costs associated with the litigation. Upon a showing
- 14 of cause for the issuance of injunctive relief, a court may
- 15 order the cessation of the activity forming the basis of the
- 16 <u>complaint</u>.
- 17 Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.