## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# SENATE BILL No. 965 2003 

INTRODUCED BY CONTI, LOGAN AND WONDERLING, NOVEMBER 17, 2003

REFERRED TO LAW AND JUSTICE, NOVEMBER 17, 2003

## AN ACT

Amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), entitled, as reenacted, "An act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores, for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships, for the abatement of certain nuisances and, in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures; providing for local option, and repealing existing laws," further providing for definitions, for when sales may be made at Pennsylvania Liquor Stores, for sales by Pennsylvania Liquor Stores, for authority to issue liquor licenses to hotels, restaurants and clubs, for issuance of hotel, restaurant and club liquor licenses, for secondary service area, for malt and brewed beverages manufacturers', distributors' and importing distributors' licenses, for malt and brewed beverages retail licenses, for prohibitions against the grant of licenses, for renewal of licenses, for temporary provisions for licensees in armed service, unlawful acts relative to liquor, malt and brewed beverages and licensees, for prohibitions against the grant of licenses and for limited wineries.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:

Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall be open for business week days, except [legal holidays or any day on which a general, municipal, special or primary election is being held, during such hours as the board, in its discretion, shall determine: Provided, That the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores in the case of a special election for members of the General Assembly or members of the Congress of the United States, when such special election is held on other than a primary, municipal or general election day, shall be open in those Legislative or Congressional Districts as though the day were not a special election day.] holidays as that term is defined in section 102. The board may, with the approval of the Governor, temporarily close any store in any municipality.

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Section 3. Section 305 of the act is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Section 305. Sales by Pennsylvania Liquor Stores.--* * * * * *
(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the board may sell wine in containers having a capacity of six liters or less.

Section 4. Section $401(a)$ of the act is amended to read:
Section 401. Authority to Issue Liquor Licenses to Hotels, Restaurants and Clubs.--(a) Subject to the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated under this act, the board shall have authority to issue a retail liquor license for any premises kept or operated by a hotel, restaurant or club and specified in the license entitling the hotel, restaurant or club to purchase liquor from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store and to keep on the premises such liquor and, subject to the provisions of this act
and the regulations made thereunder, to sell the same and also malt or brewed beverages to guests, patrons or members for consumption on the hotel, restaurant or club premises. Such licensees, other than clubs, shall be permitted to sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises where sold in quantities of not more than one hundred ninety-two fluid ounces in a single sale to one person. Such licenses shall be known as hotel liquor licenses, restaurant liquor licenses and club liquor licenses, respectively. [No person who holds, either by appointment or election, any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or the penal laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be issued any hotel or restaurant liquor license, nor shall such a person have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any such license.] No person who holds any office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America, this Commonwealth or any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall have any interest in any hotel or restaurant liquor license. This prohibition applies to anyone with arrest authority, including, but not limited to, police officers, sheriffs, district attorneys, state attorneys general and United States attorneys. This prohibition shall also apply to district justices, judges or any other individuals who can impose a criminal sentence. This prohibition does not apply to members of the legislature, township supervisors, city council persons, county commissioners, mayors without arrest authority and any other offices not involved in the ability to arrest or the ability to impose a criminal sentence. This prohibition does not apply if

## the licensed premises is located outside the official

jurisdiction of the individual in question.
Section 5. Sections 404, 406.1 and 431 (b) of the act, amended December 9, 2002 (P.L.1653, No.212), are amended to read:

Section 404. Issuance of Hotel, Restaurant and Club Liquor Licenses.--(a) Upon receipt of the application and the proper fees, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application that the applicant is the only person in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed and that no other person will be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license, except as hereinafter permitted, and that the applicant is a person of good repute, that the premises applied for meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the board, that the applicant seeks a license for a hotel, restaurant or club, as defined in this act, and that the issuance of such license is not prohibited by any of the provisions of this act, the board shall, in the case of a hotel or restaurant, grant and issue to the applicant a liquor license, and in the case of a club may, in its discretion, issue or refuse a license: Provided, however, That in the case of any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location or the extension of any existing license to cover additional area the board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse such new license or transfer if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church, hospital, charitable institution, school, or public playground, or if such new license or transfer or extension is applied for for a place which is within two hundred feet of any other premises which is
licensed by the board: And provided further, That the board's authority to refuse to grant a license because of its proximity to a church, hospital, charitable institution, public playground or other licensed premises shall not be applicable to license applications submitted for public venues or performing arts facilities: And provided further, That the board shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer of any license or the extension of an existing license to a new location if, in the board's opinion, such new license or transfer or extension would be detrimental to the welfare, health, peace and morals of the inhabitants of the neighborhood within a radius of five hundred feet of the place proposed to be licensed: And provided further, That the board shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license. The board shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer or extension of any license to a location where the sale of liquid fuels or oil is conducted. The board may enter into an agreement with the applicant concerning additional restrictions on the license in question. If the board and the applicant enter into such an agreement, such agreement shall be binding on the applicant. Failure by the applicant to adhere to the agreement will be sufficient cause to form the basis for a citation under section 471 and for the nonrenewal of the license under section 470. If the board enters into an agreement with an applicant concerning additional restrictions, those restrictions shall be binding on
subsequent holders of the license until the license is transferred to a new location or until the board enters into a subsequent agreement removing those restrictions. If the application in question involves a location previously licensed by the board, then any restrictions imposed by the board on the previous license at that location shall be binding on the applicant unless the board enters into a new agreement rescinding those restrictions. The board may, in its discretion, refuse an application for an economic development license under section $461(\mathrm{~b} .1)$ or an application for an intermunicipal transfer of a license if the board receives a protest from the governing body of the receiving municipality. The receiving municipality of an intermunicipal transfer or an economic development license under section $461(\mathrm{~b} .1)$ may file a protest against the transfer of a license into its municipality, and the receiving municipality shall have standing in a hearing to present testimony in support of or against the issuance or transfer of a license. Upon any opening in any quota, an application for a new license shall only be filed with the board for a period of six months following said opening.
(b) The Director of the Bureau of Licensing may object to and the board may refuse an application for a hotel, restaurant and club liquor license:
(1) if the applicant, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have violated any laws of this Commonwealth or any of the regulations of the board;
(2) if the applicant, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have one (1) or more adjudicated citations under this or any other license
application of any restaurant, hotel, club, municipal golf course liquor licensee or manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages, and payment of the appropriate fee, the board may approve a secondary service area by extending the licensed premises to include one additional permanent structure with dimensions of at least one hundred seventy-five square feet, enclosed on three sides and having adequate seating. Such secondary service area must be located on property having a minimum area of one (1) acre, and must be on land which is immediate, abutting, adjacent or contiguous to the licensed premises with no intervening public thoroughfare; however, the original licensed premises and the secondary service area must be located on the same tract of land. The board shall have discretion to refuse the application for a secondary service area in the same manner it has discretion to refuse an application for transfer of the license to a new location as set forth in section 404. There shall be no requirement that the secondary service area be physically connected to the original licensed premises. In addition, there shall be no requirement that the secondary service area be located in the same municipality as the original licensed premises, provided, however, that the board shall not approve a secondary service area in this case if that secondary service area is located in any municipality where the granting of liquor licenses has been prohibited as provided in this article. Notwithstanding 40 Pa. Code $\$ 7.21(c)(3)$, the licensee shall be permitted to store, serve, sell or dispense food, liquor and malt or brewed beverages at the board approved secondary service area.
(b) If the applicant is a manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages, the board may approve a secondary service area for
use as a brewery pub pursuant to section 446, notwithstanding any intervening public thoroughfare, so long as the proposed secondary service area is within one thousand feet of the licensed premises. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, the licensed premises and the secondary service area may be located on different tracts of lands.

Section 431. Malt and Brewed Beverages Manufacturers', Distributors' and Importing Distributors' Licenses.--* * *
(b) The board shall issue to any reputable person who applies therefor, and pays the license fee hereinafter prescribed, a distributor's or importing distributor's license for the place which such person desires to maintain for the sale of malt or brewed beverages, not for consumption on the premises where sold, and in quantities of not less than a case or original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture. The board shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license: And provided further, That, in the case of any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location, the board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse such new license or transfer if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church, hospital, charitable institution, school or public playground, or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place which is within two hundred
involves a location previously licensed by the board, then any restrictions imposed by the board on the previous license at that location shall be binding on the applicant unless the board enters into a new agreement rescinding those restrictions. The board shall require notice to be posted on the property or premises upon which the licensee or proposed licensee will engage in sales of malt or brewed beverages. This notice shall be similar to the notice required of hotel, restaurant and club liquor licensees.

Except as hereinafter provided, such license shall authorize the holder thereof to sell or deliver malt or brewed beverages in quantities above specified anywhere within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which, in the case of distributors, have been purchased only from persons licensed under this act as manufacturers or importing distributors, and in the case of importing distributors, have been purchased from manufacturers or persons outside this Commonwealth engaged in the legal sale of malt or brewed beverages or from manufacturers or importing distributors licensed under this article. In the case of an importing distributor, the holder of such a license shall be authorized to store malt or brewed beverages owned by an out of State manufacturer at a segregated portion of a warehouse or other storage facility authorized by section $441(d)$ and operated by the importing distributor within its appointed territory and deliver such beverages to another importing distributor who has been granted distribution rights by the out of State manufacturer as provided herein. The importing distributor shall be permitted to receive a fee from the out of State manufacturer for any related storage or delivery services. In the case of a bailee for hire hired by an out of State manufacturer, the
holder of such a permit shall be authorized: to receive or store malt or brewed beverages under the same conditions as permitted for a distributor or importing distributor under section $441(f)$ produced by that out of State manufacturer for sale by that manufacturer to importing distributors to whom that out of State manufacturer has given distribution rights pursuant to this subsection or to purchasers outside this Commonwealth for delivery outside this Commonwealth; or to ship to that out of State manufacturer's storage facilities outside this Commonwealth. The bailee for hire shall be permitted to receive a fee from the out of State manufacturer for any related storage or delivery services. The bailee for hire shall, as required in Article $V$ of this act, keep complete and accurate records of all transactions, inventory, receipts and shipments and make all records and the licensed areas available for inspection by the board and for the Pennsylvania State Police, Bureau of Liquor Control Enforcement, during normal business hours.

Each out of State manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages whose products are sold and delivered in this Commonwealth shall give distributing rights for such products in designated geographical areas to specific importing distributors, and such importing distributor shall not sell or deliver malt or brewed beverages manufactured by the out of State manufacturer to any person issued a license under the provisions of this act whose licensed premises are not located within the geographical area for which he has been given distributing rights by such manufacturer. Should a licensee accept the delivery of such malt or brewed beverages in violation of this section, said licensee shall be subject to a suspension of his license for at least thirty days: Provided, That the importing distributor holding
such distributing rights for such product shall not sell or deliver the same to another importing distributor without first having entered into a written agreement with the said secondary importing distributor setting forth the terms and conditions under which such products are to be resold within the territory granted to the primary importing distributor by the manufacturer.

When a Pennsylvania manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages licensed under this article names or constitutes a distributor or importing distributor as the primary or original supplier of his product, he shall also designate the specific geographical area for which the said distributor or importing distributor is given distributing rights, and such distributor or importing distributor shall not sell or deliver the products of such manufacturer to any person issued a license under the provisions of this act whose licensed premises are not located within the geographical area for which distributing rights have been given to the distributor and importing distributor by the said manufacturer: Provided, That the importing distributor holding such distributing rights for such product shall not sell or deliver the same to another importing distributor without first having entered into a written agreement with the said secondary importing distributor setting forth the terms and conditions under which such products are to be resold within the territory granted to the primary importing distributor by the manufacturer. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any manufacturer from authorizing the importing distributor holding the distributing rights for a designated geographical area from selling the products of such manufacturer to another importing distributor also holding distributing
rights from the same manufacturer for another geographical area, providing such authority be contained in writing and a copy thereof be given to each of the importing distributors so affected.

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Section 6. Section 432 of the act, amended December 20, 2000 (P.L.992, No.141) and December 9, 2002 (P.L.1653, No.212), is amended to read:

Section 432. Malt and Brewed Beverages Retail Licenses.--(a) Subject to the restrictions hereinafter provided in this act, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application, that the premises and the applicant meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the board, that the applicant seeks a license for a reputable hotel, eating place or club, as defined in this act, the board shall, in the case of a hotel or eating place, grant and issue, and in the case of a club may, in its discretion, issue or refuse the applicant a retail dispenser's license.
(b) In the case of hotels and eating places, licenses shall be issued only to reputable persons who are citizens of the United States and have for two years been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the date of their application, or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of whose officers and directors are citizens of the United States. In the case of incorporated clubs, licenses shall be issued only to those incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania.
(c) No retail dispenser's licenses shall be granted or renewed upon their expiration in any municipality in which the electors shall vote, as hereinafter provided, against the
licensing therein of places where malt or brewed beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises where sold.
(d) The board shall, in its discretion, grant or refuse any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location or the extension of an existing license to cover additional area if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church, hospital, charitable institution, school, or public playground, or if such new license or transfer or extension is applied for a place which is within two hundred feet of any other premises which is licensed by the board. The board shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer of any license to a new location or the extension of a license if, in the board's opinion, such new license or transfer or extension would be detrimental to the welfare, health, peace and morals of the inhabitants of the neighborhood within a radius of five hundred feet of the place to be licensed. The board may enter into an agreement with the applicant concerning additional restrictions on the license in question. If the board and the applicant enter into such an agreement, such agreement shall be binding on the applicant. Failure by the applicant to adhere to the agreement will be sufficient cause to form the basis for a citation under section 471 and for the nonrenewal of the license under section 470. If the board enters into an agreement with an applicant concerning additional restrictions, those restrictions shall be binding on subsequent holders of the license until the license is transferred to a new location or until the board enters into a subsequent agreement removing those restrictions. If the application in question involves a location previously licensed by the board, then any restrictions imposed by the board on the previous license at that location
shall be binding on the applicant unless the board enters into a new agreement rescinding those restrictions. The board shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer of any license to a location or an extension of an existing license to a location where the sale of liquid fuels or oil is conducted: And provided further, That the board shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license. The board may, in its discretion, refuse an application for an economic development license under section $461(\mathrm{~b} .1)$ or an application for an intermunicipal transfer or a license if the board receives a protest from the governing body of the receiving municipality. The receiving municipality of an intermunicipal transfer or an economic development license under section $461(\mathrm{~b} .1)$ may file a protest against the approval for issuance of a license for economic development or an intermunicipal transfer of a license into its municipality, and such municipality shall have standing in a hearing to present testimony in support of or against the issuance or transfer of a license. Upon any opening in any quota, an application for a new license shall only be filed with the board for a period of six months following said opening.
(e) Every applicant for a new or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed shall post, for a period of at least thirty days beginning with the day the application is filed with the board, in a conspicuous
place on the outside of the premises or in a window plainly visible from the outside of the premises for which the license is applied or at the proposed new location, a notice of such application. The notice shall indicate whether the applicant is applying for the amusement permit required by section $493(10)$. The notice shall be in such form, be of such size, and contain such provisions as the board may require by its regulations. Proof of the posting of such notice shall be filed with the board.
(f) Hotel, eating places, or municipal golf course retail dispenser licensees whose sales of food and nonalcoholic beverages are equal to thirty per centum (30\%) or more of the combined gross sales of both food and malt or brewed beverages may sell malt or brewed beverages between the hours of eleven o'clock antemeridian on Sunday and two o'clock antemeridian on Monday upon purchase of a special permit from the board at an annual fee as prescribed in section 614-A of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as "The Administrative Code of 1929," which shall be in addition to any other license fees.
(g) The Director of the Bureau of Licensing may object to and the board may refuse an application for a hotel, restaurant or club liquor license:
(1) if the applicant, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have violated any laws of this Commonwealth or any of the regulations of the board;
(2) if the applicant, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have one (1) or more adjudicated citations under this or any other license issued by the board;
[(d) No person who holds, either by appointment or election, any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or any of the penal laws of this Commonwealth or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be issued any manufacturer's, importing distributor's, distributor's or retail dispenser's license, nor shall such a person have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any such license.]
(d) No person who holds any office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America, this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth, shall have any interest in any manufacturer's, importing distributor's, distributor's or retail dispenser's license. This prohibition applies to anyone with arrest authority, including, but not limited to, police officers, sheriffs, district attorneys, state attorneys general and United States attorneys. This prohibition shall also apply to district justices, judges or any other individuals who can impose a criminal sentence. This prohibition does not apply to members of the legislature, township supervisors, city council persons, county commissioners, mayors without arrest authority and any other offices not involved in the ability to arrest or the ability to impose a criminal sentence. This prohibition does not apply if the licensed premises is located outside the official jurisdiction of the individual in question.

Section 8. Section $470(a .1)$ and (b) of the act, amended December 21, 1998 (P.L.1202, No.155), are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

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Section 470. Renewal of Licenses; Temporary Provisions for Licensees in Armed Service.--* * *
(a.1) The Director of the Bureau of Licensing may object to and the board may refuse a properly filed license application:
(1) if the licensee, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have violated any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the regulations of the board;
[(2) if the licensee has one or more adjudicated citations; ]
(2) if the licensee, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes have one or more adjudicated citations under this or any other license issued by the board or were involved in a license whose renewal was objected to by the Bureau of Licensing under this section;
(3) if the licensed premises no longer meets the requirements of this act or the board's regulations; or
[(4) due to the manner in which the licensed premises is being operated, the board can consider activity occurring on or about the licensed premises or in areas under licensee's control if the activity occurs when the premises is open for operation and if there is a relationship between the activity outside the premises and the manner in which the licensed premises is operated. The board may take into consideration whether the licensee has taken any substantial steps to address the activity occurring on or about the premises when the premises is open for operation.]
(4) due to the manner in which this or another licensed premises was operated while the licensee, its shareholders, directors, officers, association members, servants, agents or employes were involved with that license. When considering the
violations is received or revocation proceeding instituted or about to be instituted during the time a renewal application of such license is pending before the board, the board may, in its discretion, renew the license, notwithstanding such alleged violations, but such renewal license may be revoked if and when the licensee or any of his servants, agents or employes are convicted of or plead guilty to violations under the previous license, as aforesaid, or if and when such previous license is for any reason revoked.] In cases where a licensee or its servants, agents or employes are arrested or charged with violating any of the laws of this Commonwealth or if a licensee has one or more unadjudicated citations pending against the licensee at the time a renewal application for the license is pending before the board, the board may, in its discretion, renew the license; however, the renewed license may be subsequently revoked by the board if and when the licensee or its servants, agents or employes are convicted of the pending criminal charges or when the citation issued against the license is adjudicated by the Office of Administrative Law Judge.

In the event [such] the renewal license is revoked by the board, neither the license fee paid for [such] the license nor any part thereof shall be returned to the licensee.

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Section 9. Section 493(24) of the act is amended to read:
Section 493. Unlawful Acts Relative to Liquor, Malt and Brewed Beverages and Licensees.--The term "licensee," when used in this section, shall mean those persons licensed under the provisions of Article IV, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

It shall be unlawful--
(24) Things of Value Offered as Inducement. For any licensee under the provisions of this article, or the board or any manufacturer, or any employe or agent of a manufacturer, licensee or of the board, to offer to give anything of value or to solicit or receive anything of value as a premium for the return of caps, stoppers, corks, stamps or labels taken from any bottle, case, barrel or package containing liquor or malt or brewed beverage, or to offer or give or solicit or receive anything of value as a premium or present to induce directly the purchase of liquor or malt or brewed beverage, or for any licensee, manufacturer or other person to offer or give to trade or consumer buyers any prize, premium, gift or other inducement to purchase liquor or malt or brewed beverages, except advertising novelties of nominal value which the board shall define. This section shall not prevent any manufacturer or any agent of a manufacturer from offering only on licensed premises and honoring coupons which offer monetary rebates on purchases of wines and spirits through State Liquor Stores and purchases of malt or brewed beverages in accordance with conditions or regulations established by the board. Further, no manufacturer or any agent of a manufacturer shall honor any coupons without proof of purchase [in the form of a sales slip or receipt attached to the coupons]. This section shall not apply to the return of any moneys specifically deposited for the return of the original container to the owners thereof.

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Section 10. Section 505.2 of the act, amended November 10, 1999 (P.L.514, No.47), December 9, 2002 (P.L.1653, No.212), December 16, 2002 (P.L.1806, No.221) and July 17, 2003 (P.L.63,

No.15), is amended to read:
Section 505.2. Limited Wineries.--(a) In the interest of promoting tourism and recreational development in Pennsylvania, holders of a limited winery license may:
(1) Produce alcoholic ciders, wines and wine coolers, subject to the exceptions provided under this section, only from fruits grown in Pennsylvania.
(2) Sell alcoholic cider, wine and wine coolers produced by the limited winery or purchased in bulk in bond from another Pennsylvania limited winery on the licensed premises, under such conditions and regulations as the board may enforce, to the board, to individuals and to brewery, hotel, restaurant, club and public service liquor licensees, and to Pennsylvania winery licensees: Provided, That a limited winery shall not, in any calendar year, purchase alcoholic cider or wine produced by other limited wineries in an amount in excess of fifty per centum of the alcoholic cider or wine produced by the purchasing limited winery in the preceding calendar year. In addition, the holder of a limited winery license may purchase wine in bottles from another Pennsylvania limited winery if these wines undergo a second fermentation process. Such wine may be sold in bottles bearing the purchasing limited winery's label or the producing limited winery's label. Such wines, if sold by the board, may be sold by the producing limited winery to the purchasing limited winery at a price lower than the price charged by the board.
(3) Separately or in conjunction with other limited wineries, sell alcoholic cider, wine and wine coolers produced by the limited winery on no more than five (5) board-approved locations other than the licensed premises, with no bottling or production requirement at those additional board-approved
locations and under such conditions and regulations as the board may enforce, to the board, to individuals and to brewery, hotel, restaurant, club and public service liquor licensees. If two or more limited wineries apply to operate an additional boardapproved location in conjunction with each other, the wineries need only have one board-approved manager for the location, need only pay one application fee and need not designate specific or distinct areas for each winery's licensed area. Each limited winery must file an application for such an additional boardapproved location, and such location shall count as one of the five permitted for each limited winery. Each limited winery is responsible for keeping only its own complete records. A limited winery may be cited for a violation of the recordkeeping requirements of sections 512 and 513 pertaining to its own records only.
(4) At the discretion of the board, obtain a special permit to participate in alcoholic cider, wine and food expositions off the licensed premises. A special permit shall be issued upon proper application and payment of a fee of thirty dollars (\$30) per day for each day of permitted use, not to exceed five (5) consecutive days. The total number of days for all the special permits may not exceed forty (40) days in any calendar year. A special permit shall entitle the holder to engage in the sale by the glass, by the bottle or in case lots of alcoholic cider or wine produced [by the bottle or in case lots] by the permittee under the authority of a limited winery license. Holders of special permits may provide tasting samples of wines in individual portions not to exceed one fluid ounce. Samples at alcoholic cider, wine and food expositions may be sold or offered free of charge. Except as provided herein, limited
wineries utilizing special permits shall be governed by all applicable provisions of this act as well as by all applicable regulations or conditions adopted by the board.

For the purposes of this clause, "alcoholic cider, wine and food expositions" are defined as affairs held indoors or outdoors with the primary intent of educating those in attendance of the availability, nature and quality of Pennsylvania-produced alcoholic ciders and wines in conjunction with suitable food displays, demonstrations and sales. Alcoholic cider, wine and food expositions may also include activities other than alcoholic cider, wine and food displays, including arts and crafts, musical activities, cultural exhibits, agricultural exhibits and similar activities.
(5) Apply for and hold a hotel liquor license, a restaurant liquor license or a malt and brewed beverages retail license to sell for consumption at the restaurant or limited winery on the licensed winery premises, liquor, wine and malt or brewed beverages regardless of the place of manufacture under the same conditions and regulations as any other hotel liquor license, restaurant liquor license or malt and brewed beverages retail license.
(6) (i) Secure a permit from the board to allow the holder of a limited winery license to use up to twenty-five per centum permitted fruit, not wine, in the current year's production. Each permit is valid only for the calendar year in which it is issued.
(ii) The fee for a permit to import and use permitted fruit shall be in an amount to be determined by the board.
(iii) The purpose of this section is to increase the productivity of limited wineries while at the same time
protecting the integrity and unique characteristics of wine produced from fruit primarily grown in this Commonwealth. Prevailing climatic conditions have a significant impact on the character of the fruit. Accordingly, "permitted fruit" shall mean fruit grown or juice derived from fruit grown within three hundred fifty (350) miles of the winery.
(iv) The department is authorized to promulgate regulations requiring the filing of periodic reports by limited wineries to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section.
(v) This clause shall expire on December 31, 2004.
(6.1) Operate a restaurant on the licensed premises and sell by the glass only wine and alcoholic ciders that may otherwise be sold by the bottle.
[(7)] (b) The total production of alcoholic ciders, wine and wine coolers by a limited winery may not exceed two hundred thousand $(200,000)$ gallons per year.

Section 11. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

