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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

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HOUSE BILL

No. 1946 Session of  
1999

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VAN HORNE, WILT, WOJNAROSKI AND YOUNGBLOOD, OCTOBER 12, 1999

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REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE,  
OCTOBER 12, 1999

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AN ACT

1 Regulating the practice of pharmacy; providing for the powers  
2 and duties of the State Board of Pharmacy, for reporting of  
3 impaired pharmacists or pharmacist interns and for immunity  
4 and for unlawful acts; imposing penalties; establishing the  
5 Pharmacy Professional Development Fund; and making repeals.

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8 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
9 hereby enacts as follows:

10 CHAPTER 1

11 PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

12 Section 101. Short title.

13 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Pharmacy  
14 Practice Act.

15 Section 102. Legislative declaration.

16 It is decided to be a matter of public interest and concern  
17 that the practice of pharmacy merit and receive the confidence  
18 of the public. It is further declared that only qualified  
19 persons be permitted to engage in the practice of pharmacy in  
20 this Commonwealth.

21 Section 103. Statement of purpose.

22 It is the purpose of this act to promote, preserve and  
23 protect the public health, safety and welfare by the effective  
24 control and regulation of the practice of pharmacy through:

25 (1) The licensure of pharmacists.

26 (2) The licensure of pharmacist interns.

27 (3) The registration of technicians.

28 (4) The licensure, control and regulation of all sites  
29 or persons who are required to obtain a license or permit  
30 from the board, whether located in or out of this

Commonwealth, that deliver, dispense, administer, distribute,  
manufacture, promote or sell drugs within this Commonwealth.

Section 104. Definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this act shall  
have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Administer." The direct introduction of or the application  
of a drug into or on the body of a patient or research subject  
by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means.

"Beyond-use date." A date determined by a pharmacist and  
placed on a prescription label at the time of dispensing that is  
intended to indicate to the patient or caregiver a time beyond  
which the contents of that prescription are not recommended for  
use.

"Board." The State Board of Pharmacy of the Commonwealth.

"Compounding." The preparation, mixing, assembling,  
packaging or labeling of a drug pursuant to or in anticipation  
of a valid prescription drug order, including, but not limited  
to, packaging, intravenous admixture or manual combination of  
drug ingredients.

"Confidential information." Information relevant to a  
patient's health care which is acquired by the pharmacist  
incidental to a professional relationship. Confidential  
information shall be privileged and may be released only to the  
patient, or to a third party upon the authorization of the  
patient, or where such release is necessary to protect the  
patient's health and well-being, or to such other persons or  
government agencies authorized by law to receive that  
information.

"Controlled substance." A drug designated as such under the

provisions of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

"Deliver" or "delivery." The actual, constructive or attempted transfer of a drug or device from one person to another, whether or not for consideration.

"Device." An instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, which is required under Federal or State law to be prescribed by a health practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

"Dispense" or "dispensing." The procedure entailing the interpretation of a health practitioner's medical order or a prescription drug order for a drug or device and, pursuant to that order, the proper selection, measuring, labeling and packaging of the drug or device in a proper container for subsequent administration to or use by a patient.

"Distribute." The act of delivering a drug or device other than by administering or dispensing.

"Drug."

(1) An article, including a radioactive substance, recognized as a drug in any official compendium, or supplement thereto, or designated from time to time by the State Board of Pharmacy for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in humans or animals.

(2) An article, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or animals.

(3) An article intended for use as a component of any article specified in paragraphs (1) and (2), but not including a device or its component parts or accessories.

1 "Drug regimen review." A retrospective, concurrent and  
2 prospective review by a pharmacist of a patient's drug-related  
3 therapy, including, but not limited to, evaluation of any or all  
4 of the following areas:

- 5 (1) Known allergies.
- 6 (2) Rational therapy-contraindications.
- 7 (3) Appropriate dose and route of administration.
- 8 (4) Appropriate directions for use.
- 9 (5) Duplicative therapies.
- 10 (6) Potential misuse or abuse.
- 11 (7) Drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease and drug-clinical  
12 laboratory test interactions.
- 13 (8) Adverse drug reactions.
- 14 (9) Drug utilization review and optimal therapeutic  
15 outcomes.

16 "Electronic data transmission." The transmission of  
17 information in electronic form or the transmission of the exact  
18 visual image of a document by way of electronic equipment.

19 "Emergency refill prescription." A refill of a prescription  
20 which is essential to the continuation of therapy for which that  
21 refill has not been authorized and for which the pharmacist  
22 notifies the prescriber within 72 hours of dispensing that  
23 prescription that an emergency refill prescription has been  
24 dispensed.

25 "Federal act." The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (52  
26 Stat. 1040, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.).

27 "Health care provider" or "health practitioner." An  
28 individual licensed by the Commonwealth to provide patient care  
29 under the authority of a professional practice act, and includes  
30 licensed prescribers and health care providers or health

1 practitioners.

2 "Home infusion pharmacy." A pharmacy which compounds  
3 solutions for direct administration to a patient in a private  
4 residence, long-term care facility, hospice or similar setting  
5 by means of parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous  
6 or intraspinal infusion.

7 "Immediate supervision." A level of control which assures  
8 that a pharmacist has the ultimate responsibility for the  
9 accuracy, safety and patient outcome with respect to the actions  
10 of pharmacy technicians and pharmacist interns and the use of  
11 automation in all practice settings.

12 "Impaired professional support group." A peer assistance  
13 group whose goals are to direct an impaired colleague into  
14 treatment.

15 "Labeling." The process of preparing and affixing a label to  
16 a drug container, which label shall include all information  
17 required by Federal and State law, rule or regulation.

18 "Licensed prescriber." A physician, dentist, veterinarian,  
19 podiatrist or other individual duly authorized and licensed by  
20 law to independently prescribe drugs, including prescription  
21 drugs.

22 "Long-term care facility." A nursing home, retirement care  
23 facility, mental care facility or other facility or institution  
24 which provides extended health care to resident patients.

25 "Managing drug therapy." Any of the following processes:

- 26 (1) Adjusting a drug regimen.  
27 (2) Changing the duration of therapy.  
28 (3) Adjusting drug strength, frequency of administration  
29 or route.  
30 (4) Initiation or discontinuation of therapy.



(5) Administration of drugs and ordering and performing of laboratory or other diagnostic tests necessary in the management of drug therapy.

All pursuant to a written agreement or protocol authorizing the delegation of the management of drug therapy from a licensed prescriber to a pharmacist and pursuant to the licensed prescriber's authority under section 17 of the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical Practice Act of 1985, which authorize a medical doctor to delegate duties to health care practitioners.

"Manufacturer." A person, except a pharmacist compounding in the normal course of professional practice within this Commonwealth, engaged in the commercial production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a drug, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or both, and includes any packaging or repackaging of a drug or the labeling or relabeling of the drug container.

"Medical order." A lawful order by a specifically identified health practitioner for a specifically identified patient.

"Nonprescription drug." A drug which may be sold without prescription and which is labeled for use by the consumer in accordance with the requirements of the laws and rules of the Federal Government and this Commonwealth.

"Nonresident pharmacy." A pharmacy located outside this Commonwealth.

"Patient counseling." The process of the communication of information between a pharmacist and a patient, including, but not limited to, both verbal and written information as defined in the rules of the State Board of Pharmacy in order to promote

1 the proper use of any drug and to enhance drug therapy.

2 "Person." An individual, corporation, partnership,  
3 association or any other legal entity, including a government.

4 "Pharmacist." A health care provider or practitioner  
5 currently licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy to engage in  
6 the practice of pharmacy.

7 "Pharmacist intern." An individual licensed by the State  
8 Board of Pharmacy to engage in the practice of pharmacy under  
9 the immediate supervision of a licensed pharmacist and who makes  
10 satisfactory progress toward meeting the requirements for  
11 licensure as a pharmacist.

12 "Pharmacy." A place within this Commonwealth which is  
13 properly issued a permit by the State Board of Pharmacy where  
14 drugs, devices, radiopharmaceuticals and diagnostic agents for  
15 human or animal consumption are stored, dispensed or compounded,  
16 or a place outside this Commonwealth where drugs, devices,  
17 radiopharmaceuticals and diagnostic agents for human and animal  
18 consumption are dispensed to residents of this Commonwealth. The  
19 term shall not include the operation of a manufacturer or  
20 distributor as defined in the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233,  
21 No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and  
22 Cosmetic Act. Within an institution, the term shall refer to all  
23 organized pharmacy service within that institution.

24 "Pharmacy practice site." A place within or outside this  
25 Commonwealth where the practice of pharmacy is provided to  
26 residents of this Commonwealth.

27 "Pharmacy technician." An individual who is registered with  
28 the State Board of Pharmacy and who may assist in the practice  
29 of pharmacy under the immediate supervision of a licensed  
30 pharmacist.

1 "Practice of pharmacy." The provision of health care  
2 services by a pharmacist, including, but not limited to, any of  
3 the following:

4 (1) The interpretation, evaluation and implementation of  
5 medical orders.

6 (2) The delivery, dispensing or distributing of  
7 prescription drugs.

8 (3) Participation in drug and device selection.

9 (4) Drug administration.

10 (5) Drug regimen review.

11 (6) Drug or drug-related research.

12 (7) Compounding.

13 (8) Proper and safe storage of drugs and devices.

14 (9) Managing drug therapy.

15 (10) Maintaining proper records.

16 (11) Patient counseling.

17 "Preceptor." An individual who is currently licensed as a  
18 pharmacist by the State Board of Pharmacy, meets the  
19 qualifications as a preceptor under the rules of the board, has  
20 filed with the board any application or documentation that the  
21 board may require and participates in the instructional training  
22 of pharmacy interns.

23 "Prescription drug" or "legend drug" or "nonproprietary  
24 drug." A drug which is required by any applicable Federal or  
25 State law or regulation to be dispensed only pursuant to a  
26 prescription drug order or which is restricted to use by health  
27 practitioners.

28 "Prescription drug order." A lawful order by a duly licensed  
29 health practitioner for drugs, drug-related devices or treatment  
30 for a human or animal, including orders issued through an

1 agreement for managing drug therapy.

2 "Protocol." A written document that describes the nature and  
3 scope of the drug therapy management to be carried out by the  
4 pharmacist or other health practitioner.

5 "Wholesaler." A person within this Commonwealth who legally  
6 buys drugs for resale or distribution to persons other than  
7 patients or consumers.

8 Section 105. Construction of act.

9 This act shall be liberally construed to carry out these  
10 objectives and purposes.

11 CHAPTER 3

12 STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

13 Section 301. State Board of Pharmacy.

14 the responsibility for enforcement of this act is hereby  
15 vested in the State Board of Pharmacy. The board shall have all  
16 the powers, duties and authority specifically granted by or  
17 necessary for the enforcement of this act, as well as any other  
18 powers, duties and authorities that may be granted by law.

19 Section 302. Membership.

20 Beginning with any vacancies existing on the effective date  
21 of this act, as terms expire or vacancies occur thereafter, the  
22 board shall consist of:

23 (1) The Commissioner of Professional and Occupational  
24 Affairs.

25 (2) The Director of the Bureau of Consumer Protection in  
26 the Office of Attorney General or a designee of the director.

27 (3) Two persons representing the public at large.

28 (4) Seven persons who are licensed to practice pharmacy  
29 in this Commonwealth. Of the seven appointees under this  
30 paragraph:

(i) Two pharmacists shall be appointed from independent retail pharmacies.

(ii) Two pharmacists shall be appointed who are employees of retail chain pharmacies which operate five or more pharmacies licensed within this Commonwealth.

(iii) One pharmacist shall be appointed from an acute care institutional pharmacy.

(iv) One pharmacist shall be appointed who is practicing primarily in long-term care pharmacy that provides services to long-term care facilities (consulting or pharmacy services).

(v) One pharmacist shall be appointed from an alternative pharmacy position that represents any other area of pharmacy practice not otherwise represented on the board.

Section 303. Qualification.

(a) Pharmacist members.--Each pharmacist member of the board shall at the time of appointment:

(1) Be a resident of this Commonwealth for not less than one year.

(2) Must have been registered as a pharmacist in this Commonwealth for at least five years immediately preceding appointment.

(b) Public members.--The public members of the board:

(1) Shall have been residents of this Commonwealth for not less than two years at the time of their appointment.

(2) Shall have attained the age of majority.

(3) Shall not be, nor shall ever have been, a pharmacist, the spouse of a pharmacist or a person who has ever had any material financial interest in the provision of

1 pharmacy services or who has engaged in any activity directly  
2 related to the practice of pharmacy.

3 Section 304. Appointment.

4 Nominations for appointment to the board may be made to the  
5 Governor by any individual, any professional pharmacy  
6 association within this Commonwealth or any other entity. All  
7 professional and public members of the board shall be appointed  
8 by the Governor with the advice and consent of a majority of the  
9 members elected to the Senate.

10 Section 305. Terms of office.

11 (a) Regular term.--Except as provided in subsection (b), the  
12 terms of each professional member and each public member of the  
13 board shall be six years, or until a successor has been  
14 appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond  
15 the six-year period. In the event that any member shall die or  
16 resign or otherwise become disqualified during that member's  
17 term, a successor shall be appointed in the same way and with  
18 the same qualifications as the original member and shall hold  
19 office for the unexpired portion of the term.

20 (b) Terms to be staggered.--The terms of the professional  
21 and public members of the board shall be staggered, so that the  
22 terms of no more than three members shall expire in any year.  
23 Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and  
24 qualified as provided in subsection (a).

25 (c) Existing board members.--The present members of the  
26 board on the effective date of this act shall serve the balance  
27 of their terms.

28 (d) Reappointment.--No professional or public member of the  
29 board shall be eligible for appointment to serve more than two  
30 consecutive full terms. The completion of the unexpired portion

1 of a full term shall not constitute a full term for purposes of  
2 this subsection. Any present board member appointed initially  
3 for a term of less than four years shall be eligible to serve  
4 for two additional full terms.

5 (e) Vacancies.--A vacancy that occurs in the membership of  
6 the board for any reason shall be filled by the Governor in the  
7 manner provided for appointment of board members in section 304.  
8 Section 306. Removal.

9 (a) Grounds for removal.--A board member may be removed  
10 pursuant to the procedure set forth in subsection (b), upon one  
11 or more of the following grounds:

12 (1) The refusal or inability for any reason of a board  
13 member to perform the duties as a member of the board in an  
14 efficient, responsible and professional manner.

15 (2) The misuse of office by a board member to obtain  
16 personal, pecuniary or material gain or advantage for that  
17 board member or another person through such office.

18 (3) The violation by a board member of the laws  
19 governing the practice of pharmacy or the distribution of  
20 drugs or devices.

21 (4) The failure of a board member to attend three  
22 consecutive board meetings unless the Commissioner of  
23 Professional and Occupational Affairs, upon written request  
24 from that member, finds that the board member should be  
25 excused from a meeting because of illness of the death of a  
26 family member, or other valid reason.

27 (5) The failure of a public member to attend two  
28 consecutive statutorily mandated training seminars under  
29 section 813(e) of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175),  
30 known as The Administrative Code of 1929, unless the

1 Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs, upon  
2 written request from the public member, finds that the public  
3 member should be excused from a meeting because of illness or  
4 death of a family member, or other valid reason.

5 (b) Procedure.--Removal of a board member shall be in  
6 accordance with 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 5 Subch. A (relating to practice  
7 and procedure of Commonwealth agencies).

8 Section 307. Organization.

9 (a) Officers.--The board shall elect from its members a  
10 chairperson and any other officers deemed appropriate and  
11 necessary to conduct the business of the board. The chairperson  
12 shall preside at all meetings of the board and shall be  
13 responsible for the performance of all of the duties and  
14 functions of the board required or permitted by this act. Each  
15 additional officer elected by the board shall perform those  
16 duties normally associated with that position and any other  
17 duties assigned by the board.

18 (b) Terms of office for officers.--Officers elected by the  
19 board shall serve terms of one year commencing with the day of  
20 their election and ending upon election of their successors and  
21 shall serve no more than two consecutive full terms in each  
22 office to which they are elected.

23 Section 308. Compensation of board members.

24 Each board member, except the Commissioner of Professional  
25 and Occupational Affairs and the Director of the Bureau of  
26 Consumer Protection, shall receive \$250 per day when actually  
27 attending to the work of the board. Members shall also receive  
28 timely reimbursement for reasonable traveling, lodging and other  
29 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties  
30 in accordance with Commonwealth regulations.



1 Section 309. Meetings.

2 (a) Regular meetings.--The board shall meet at least once  
3 every two months and at any additional times that may be  
4 necessary to conduct the business of the board. Any additional  
5 meetings may be called by the chairperson or by two-thirds of  
6 the members of the board.

7 (b) Place of meeting.--The board shall meet at such place as  
8 it may, from time to time, determine. The place for each meeting  
9 shall be determined prior to giving notice of that meeting to  
10 each member. The place of a meeting may not be changed after  
11 notice is given without adequate prior notification to all  
12 members of the board.

13 (c) Quorum.--A majority of the members of the board serving  
14 in accordance with law shall constitute a quorum for the  
15 purposes of conducting the business of the board. Except for  
16 temporary and automatic suspensions under this act, a member may  
17 not be counted as part of a quorum or vote on any issue unless  
18 that member is physically in attendance at the meeting.

19 (d) Open meetings.--All board meetings and hearings shall be  
20 open to the public. The board may, in its discretion and  
21 according to law, conduct any portion of its meeting in  
22 executive session, closed to the public. Executive sessions may  
23 not be utilized during hearings or discussion of current  
24 regulations or development of regulations.

25 Section 310. Executive director.

26 (a) Selection.--The board shall select and employ, with the  
27 approval of the Commissioner of Professional and Occupational  
28 Affairs, an executive director who shall be a full-time employee  
29 and who shall be a pharmacist licensed in this Commonwealth. The  
30 executive director shall be paid such compensation as determined

1 by the board to be commensurate with the level of compensation  
2 paid other executive directors to professional licensing boards  
3 in this Commonwealth.

4 (b) Duties.--The executive director shall have the following  
5 duties:

6 (1) To establish guidelines and information, with the  
7 concurrence of the board, for training of inspectors within  
8 the Department of State who are responsible for inspecting  
9 pharmacies.

10 (2) To assist the board in revising and promulgating  
11 regulations.

12 (3) To review recorded minutes and proceedings of all  
13 board meetings and to be the custodian of such documents.

14 (4) To maintain a record of policies set by the board  
15 and to disseminate that information to all board licensees.

16 (5) To perform any other duties the board may request.

17 (c) Assistance.--The executive director shall be provided  
18 adequate facilities, staff and pharmacy inspectors to perform  
19 the functions listed in this section.

20 Section 311. Employees.

21 The board may, in its discretion, employ persons in addition  
22 to the executive director in such other positions or capacities  
23 as it deems necessary for the proper conduct of board business  
24 and to fulfill the board's responsibilities as defined by this  
25 act.

26 Section 312. Rules and regulations.

27 The board shall, within 180 days of the effective date of  
28 this act and at times necessary thereafter promulgate, adopt,  
29 amend the repeal rules or regulations as deemed necessary by the  
30 board for the proper administration and enforcement of this act.

1 Rules and regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with  
2 the procedures specified in the act of July 31, 1968 (P.L.769,  
3 No.240), referred to as the Commonwealth Documents Law, and the  
4 act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as the Regulatory  
5 Review Act.

6 Section 313. Powers and responsibilities.

7 The board shall have sole responsibility for the control and  
8 regulation of the practice of pharmacy in this Commonwealth,  
9 including, but not limited to, the following:

10 (1) To determine the nature of examinations for any  
11 applicant for a pharmacist license.

12 (2) To determine, inspect and investigate all  
13 applications and all applicants for licensure as pharmacists,  
14 pharmacies or pharmacy interns or registration as pharmacy  
15 technicians and to grant certificates of licensure or  
16 registration to all applicants whom it shall judge to be  
17 properly qualified.

18 (3) To renew licenses to engage in the practice of  
19 pharmacy and to operate a pharmacy.

20 (4) To establish and enforce compliance with  
21 professional standards of conduct of pharmacies engaged in  
22 the practice of pharmacy. The board shall also have the  
23 authority to review prospective and innovative pilot programs  
24 in the practice of pharmacy and to make a determination as to  
25 whether to approve or disapprove the programs. Approval for  
26 such programs, if granted, shall be for a temporary period of  
27 time. At the conclusion of the time period, the administrator  
28 of such a program shall, upon inspection or upon a  
29 presentation to the members of the pharmacy board,  
30 demonstrate the results of the pilot program. If the

1 administrator can prove to the board that positive outcomes  
2 for the patient or pharmacy were achieved as a result of the  
3 program and that patient safety was maintained, then the  
4 board shall have the authority to approve the continuance of  
5 the program on an indefinite basis.

6 (5) To determine and issue standards for recognition and  
7 approval of degree programs of schools and colleges of  
8 pharmacy whose graduates shall be eligible for licensure in  
9 this Commonwealth and to specify and enforce requirements for  
10 practical training, including internship.

11 (6) To enforce the provisions of this act relating to  
12 the conduct or competence of pharmacists practicing in this  
13 Commonwealth and to suspend, revoke or restrict licenses to  
14 engage in the practice of pharmacy.

15 (7) To prepare position descriptions, to employ a  
16 minimum of eight pharmacy inspectors or more of such  
17 inspectors if the board deems necessary who shall be  
18 pharmacists licensed in this Commonwealth.

19 (8) To retain appropriate consultants to assist it for  
20 any purpose which it may deem necessary, subject to the  
21 limitation that the board may not delegate any of its final  
22 decision-making responsibilities to any consultant.

23 (9) To investigate or cause to be investigated all  
24 violations of this act and its regulations and to cause  
25 prosecutions to be instituted in the courts upon advice from  
26 the Office of Attorney General.

27 (10) To inspect any pharmacy licensed by this  
28 Commonwealth at reasonable hours for the purpose of  
29 determining if any provisions of the laws governing the legal  
30 distribution of drugs or devices for the practice of pharmacy

1 are being violated. The board, its officers, inspectors and  
2 representatives shall cooperate with all agencies charged  
3 with the enforcement of the laws of the United States, of  
4 this Commonwealth and of all other states relating to drugs,  
5 devices and the practice of pharmacy.

6 (11) To make or order inspections of other places in  
7 which drugs or devices are stored, held, compounded,  
8 dispensed or sold to a customer and to take and analyze any  
9 drugs or devices and to seize and condemn any drugs or  
10 devices which are adulterated, misbranded or stored, held,  
11 dispensed, distributed or compounded in violation of the  
12 provisions of this act or the provisions of the act of April  
13 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance,  
14 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

15 (12) To establish minimum specifications for the  
16 physical facilities, technical equipment, environment,  
17 supplies, personnel and procedures for the storage,  
18 compounding or dispensing of drugs or devices and for the  
19 monitoring of drug therapy.

20 (13) To establish minimum standards for maintaining the  
21 integrity and confidentiality of prescription information and  
22 other patient care information.

23 (14) To conduct hearings for the revocation or  
24 suspension of licenses, permits or registrations for which  
25 hearings the board shall have the power to subpoena  
26 witnesses.

27 (15) To assist the regularly constituted enforcement  
28 agencies of this Commonwealth in enforcing all laws  
29 pertaining to drugs, controlled substances and the practice  
30 of pharmacy.

1           (16) To have authority to issue subpoenas, upon  
2 application of an attorney responsible for representing the  
3 Commonwealth in disciplinary matters before the board, for  
4 the purpose of investigating alleged violations of the  
5 disciplinary provisions administered by the board.

6           (17) To subpoena witnesses, to administer oaths, to  
7 examine witnesses and to take such testimony or compel the  
8 production of such books, records, papers and documents as it  
9 may deem necessary or proper in and pertinent to any  
10 proceeding, investigation or hearing held or had by it,  
11 subject to the following:

12           (i) Patient records may not be subpoenaed without  
13 the consent of the patient or without order of a court of  
14 competent jurisdiction on a showing that the records are  
15 reasonably necessary for the conduct of the  
16 investigation.

17           (ii) The court may impose such limitations on the  
18 scope of the subpoena as are necessary to prevent  
19 unnecessary intrusion into a patient confidential  
20 situation.

21           (18) To apply to Commonwealth Court to enforce its  
22 subpoena.

23           (19) In addition to its appropriation from the  
24 Commonwealth, to receive and expend funds from parties other  
25 than the Commonwealth, subject to the following restrictions:

26           (i) The funds are awarded for the pursuit of a  
27 specific objective which the board is authorized to  
28 accomplish by this act or which the board is qualified to  
29 accomplish by reason of its jurisdiction or professional  
30 expertise.

1           (ii) Activities connected with or occasioned by the  
2           expenditure of these funds do not interfere with the  
3           performance of the board's duties and responsibilities  
4           and do not conflict with the exercise of the board's  
5           powers as specified by this act.

6           (iii) The funds are kept in a separate special  
7           account and periodic reports are made to the Commissioner  
8           of Professional and Occupational Affairs concerning the  
9           board's receipt and expenditure of the funds. The powers  
10          and duties of the board, as enumerated in this  
11          subparagraph, shall not be applicable to manufacturers or  
12          distributors as defined in The Controlled Substance,  
13          Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

14 Section 314. Communication to licensees.

15          The board shall at least every six months and more frequently  
16          if necessary convey relevant information concerning this act,  
17          rules or regulations promulgated thereunder and the practice of  
18          pharmacy to all pharmacists and pharmacies registered in this  
19          Commonwealth and any nonresident pharmacies licensed by the  
20          board.

21 Section 315. Annual report.

22          The board shall submit annually a report to the Consumer  
23          Protection and Professional Licensure Committee of the Senate  
24          and the Professional Licensure Committee of the House of  
25          Representatives containing a description of the types of  
26          complaints received, the status of cases, any board action which  
27          has been taken and the length of time from the initial complaint  
28          to final board resolution.

29 CHAPTER 5

30 PHARMACISTS AND PHARMACIES

1 Section 501. Declaration.

2 The practice of pharmacy in this Commonwealth is hereby  
3 declared to be a health care professional practice in which the  
4 pharmacist is considered a health care provider affecting the  
5 public health, safety and welfare and is subject to regulation  
6 and control in the public interest.

7 Section 502. Licensing of pharmacists.

8 Except as otherwise provided in this act, it shall be  
9 unlawful for any individual to engage in the practice of  
10 pharmacy within this Commonwealth unless that individual is  
11 currently licensed to practice pharmacy pursuant to this act.

12 Section 503. Prerequisites for pharmacist license.

13 (a) Application.--The board may license as a pharmacist any  
14 person who has filed an application therefore, subscribed by the  
15 person under oath or affirmation, containing such information as  
16 the board may by regulation require, and who:

17 (1) Has satisfied the board that the applicant is of  
18 good moral and professional character and not unfit or unable  
19 to practice pharmacy by reason of the extent or manner of the  
20 applicant's use of alcoholic beverages or controlled  
21 substances or by reason of a physical or mental disability.

22 (2) Holds an entry-level practice degree in pharmacy  
23 granted by a school or college of pharmacy which is  
24 accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the board.

25 (3) Has completed an internship or other equivalent  
26 program which has been approved by the board or has  
27 demonstrated experience in the practice of pharmacy which  
28 meets or exceeds the minimum internship requirements of the  
29 board.

30 (4) Has satisfactorily passed such examinations as



1 required by the board.

2 (5) Has paid the fee specified by the board for the  
3 examination and any related materials and has paid for the  
4 issuance of the license.

5 (6) Has not been convicted of any felonious act  
6 prohibited by the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64),  
7 known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic  
8 Act, or convicted of a felony relating to a controlled  
9 substance in a court of law of the United States or any other  
10 state, territory or country unless all of the following  
11 criteria are satisfied:

12 (i) At least ten years have elapsed from the date of  
13 conviction.

14 (ii) The applicant satisfactorily demonstrates to  
15 the board that the applicant has made significant  
16 progress in personal rehabilitation since the conviction  
17 such that licensure of that applicant should not be  
18 expected to create a substantial risk of harm to the  
19 health and safety of patients or the public or a  
20 substantial risk of further criminal violations.

21 (iii) The applicant otherwise satisfies the  
22 qualifications contained in or authorized by this act.

23 (b) Statement of absence of conviction.--An applicant's  
24 statement on the application declaring the absence of a  
25 conviction shall be deemed satisfactory evidence of the absence  
26 of a conviction, unless the board has evidence to the contrary.  
27 Section 504. Examinations.

28 (a) Schedule of examinations.--The board shall, at least  
29 once each year, examine in the practice of pharmacy all  
30 applicants who:

1           (1) Have completed their education requirements.

2           (2) Make application for examination pursuant to  
3 regulations promulgated by the board.

4           (3) Shall be otherwise eligible for licensure.

5           (b) Content of examination.--The examination shall be  
6 prepared to measure the competence of the applicant to engage in  
7 the practice of pharmacy. The board may employ, cooperate with  
8 or contract with any organization or consultant or professional  
9 testing organization for the preparation, administration and  
10 grading of the examination, but the board shall retain the sole  
11 discretionary responsibility for determining which applicants  
12 have successfully passed an examination.

13          (c) Reexamination.--In case of failure at first examination,  
14 the applicant shall have within two years the privilege of a  
15 second and third examination. In case of failure with the third  
16 examination, the applicant shall have the privilege of  
17 examination only after satisfactorily completing additional  
18 preparation as directed and approved by the board.

19 Section 505. Internship.

20          (a) Requirement.--To ensure proficiency in the practical  
21 aspects of pharmacy, the board shall, by regulation, prescribe  
22 internship requirements which must be satisfactorily completed  
23 prior to the issuance of a pharmacist license.

24          (b) Supervision of intern.--To assure adequate practical  
25 instruction, pharmacist internship experience as required under  
26 this act shall be obtained under the immediate supervision of a  
27 pharmacist meeting the requirements established by the board.

28          (c) Examination to obtain pharmacist license.--A pharmacist  
29 intern applying for examination shall pay to the board an  
30 examination fee established by the board through regulation.

1 Upon passing the required examination and complying with all the  
2 rules and regulations of the board and this act, the board shall  
3 grant the applicant licensure as a pharmacist and issue a  
4 license qualifying the applicant to enter into the practice of  
5 pharmacy. This license may not be issued until a fee established  
6 by the board through regulation shall be paid to the board.

7 Section 506. Qualifications for reciprocal license transfer.

8 (a) Procedure.--The board may, without examination, license  
9 as a pharmacist any individual who, at the time of filing an  
10 application for licensure, is licensed as a pharmacist in any  
11 other state, territory or possession of the United States  
12 provided that that individual shall meet those standards  
13 established by the board by regulation and meet all of the  
14 following criteria:

15 (1) Produce evidence satisfactory to the board of having  
16 had the required secondary and professional education and  
17 training, including internship.

18 (2) Be of good character and morals as required of  
19 applicants for licensure under this act.

20 (3) At the time of initial licensure as a pharmacist,  
21 have all the qualifications necessary to have been eligible  
22 for licensure as a pharmacist in this Commonwealth at the  
23 time of licensure.

24 (4) Have presented to the board proof of initial  
25 licensure by examination and proof that such license is in  
26 good standing.

27 (5) Not be eligible for reciprocal license transfer  
28 unless the state in which that individual is licensed shall  
29 under similar conditions grant reciprocal licensure as a  
30 pharmacist without examination to pharmacists duly licensed

by examination in this Commonwealth.

(b) Fee.--An application under this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee established by the board through regulation for the application and expense of investigation by the board. A fee established by the board through regulation shall be paid for the license and certificate prior to its approval and issuance by the board.

#### Section 507. Renewal of licenses.

The board shall provide for, regulate and require all individuals licensed as pharmacists to renew their licenses biennially. The board shall prescribe the form of the renewal application and the information required to be submitted by all applicants, including proof of continuing education. The applicant shall file with the board the renewal application accompanied by a biennial license fee established by the board through regulation. An additional fee established by the board through regulation shall be paid for late licensure renewal of a pharmacist.

#### Section 508. Continuing pharmacy education.

(a) General rule.--Continuing pharmacy education as the board may require shall be a prerequisite for licensure renewal.

(b) Requirements.--The board shall:

(1) Define, by regulation, the requirements for continuing education.

(2) Approve programs of continuing education.

(3) Adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out and enforce this section, which shall include the methods of determining approved programs and any required fees.

#### Section 509. Reporting multiple licensure.

A licensed pharmacist of this Commonwealth who is also

1 licensed to practice pharmacy in any other state, territory or  
2 country shall report this information to the board on the  
3 biennial registration application. Any disciplinary action in  
4 any other state, territory and country shall be reported to the  
5 board on the biennial renewal application or within 90 days of  
6 final disposition, whichever is sooner. Multiple licensure shall  
7 be noted by the board on the pharmacist's record, and such  
8 state, territory or country shall be notified by the board of  
9 any disciplinary actions taken against said pharmacist in this  
10 Commonwealth.

11 Section 521. Licensing of pharmacies.

12 (a) General rule.--The board shall issue a permit to any  
13 person to conduct a pharmacy:

14 (1) Who has filed an application to operate a pharmacy.

15 (2) Who has subscribed the application under oath or  
16 affirmation.

17 (3) Who provides all information the board may require.

18 (4) Who pays any fee established by the board by  
19 regulation.

20 (5) Whose proposed pharmacy complies with all  
21 regulations of the board and with all requirements of this  
22 act.

23 (b) Additional information.--An applicant for a permit shall  
24 provide sufficient evidence to the board that the proposed  
25 pharmacy:

26 (1) Has the necessary reference materials, current  
27 supplements to these reference materials and the professional  
28 equipment, technical equipment and other pharmaceutical  
29 equipment which such reference materials, supplements and  
30 equipment have been determined by the board as necessary to

1 meet the needs of the practice of pharmacy for the area and  
2 type of practice to protect the health and welfare of the  
3 citizens of this Commonwealth.

4 (2) Has sufficient physical facilities, including  
5 equipment, size, space and sanitation, for adequately  
6 providing for the practice of pharmacy, including  
7 distributing and dispensing drugs and devices consistent with  
8 the protection of the public health, safety and welfare as  
9 the board may by regulation establish.

10 (3) Contains a suitable book or file in which shall be  
11 preserved, for a period of not less than two years, every  
12 prescription compounded or dispensed therein.

13 (4) Will be under the immediate supervision of a  
14 pharmacist licensed in this Commonwealth at all times that  
15 the pharmacy is open for business.

16 (c) Criminal history and character.--

17 (1) If the applicant is an individual or partnership,  
18 that the individual or copartner, if not a pharmacist, has  
19 not previously been found or pleaded guilty or nolo  
20 contendere to any crime concerning the practice of pharmacy  
21 or involving moral turpitude.

22 (2) If the applicant is an individual or partnership and  
23 a pharmacist, that the pharmacist is presently licensed by  
24 the board.

25 (3) If the applicant is an association, that no director  
26 or officer has been found or pleaded guilty or nolo  
27 contendere to said crimes or had a pharmacy or pharmacist's  
28 license revoked or renewal refused for cause.

29 (4) If the applicant is a corporation, that no director,  
30 officer or person having a beneficial interest of more than

1 10% of the stock has been found guilty or pleaded guilty or  
2 nolo contendere to said crimes or had a pharmacy or  
3 pharmacist's license revoked or renewal refused for cause.

4 (5) An applicant shall be of good moral and professional  
5 character. In determining this qualification, the board may  
6 take into consideration, among other things, the conduct and  
7 operation of other pharmacies conducted by the applicant.

8 (d) Supervision.--Each pharmacy shall be under the  
9 supervision and management of a pharmacist duly licensed in this  
10 Commonwealth.

11 (e) Display of license.--A license or permit issued under  
12 this act shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the  
13 pharmacy for which it is issued.

14 (f) Separate applications for each pharmacy.--Separate  
15 applications and permits shall be required for each pharmacy.  
16 Each permit shall be issued bearing the name of the pharmacist  
17 who will be in charge of that pharmacy as defined by regulation  
18 and who will be responsible for all operations involving the  
19 practice of pharmacy in that pharmacy.

20 (g) Fees.--An application for a permit to conduct a pharmacy  
21 shall be accompanied by an initial registration fee established  
22 by the board by regulation.

23 (h) Expiration.--A permit issued under this section, unless  
24 sooner revoked or suspended, shall expire on the date set forth  
25 on the permit. The board may promulgate regulations authorizing  
26 the application by a personal representative of a deceased  
27 permittee for an extension of the deceased permittee's permit  
28 for a period not to exceed one year from the date of death.

29 Section 522. Renewal of pharmacy permit.

30 The board shall renew a permit for the succeeding biennium,

1 unless the board shall have given ten days' previous notice to  
2 the applicant for the permit of objections to the renewal based  
3 upon a finding or plea of guilty or nolo contendere by the  
4 applicant, its partners or officers, to a violation of any of  
5 the laws of the United States or of this Commonwealth relating  
6 to the practice of pharmacy or to the enforcement of controlled  
7 substances or involving moral turpitude, upon payment of a fee  
8 established by the board by regulation for each pharmacy. The  
9 application for renewal shall be made on or before September 1  
10 of each odd-numbered year.

11 Section 523. Permit required for operation.

12 No person shall operate a pharmacy until that person has been  
13 granted a pharmacy permit by the board.

14 Section 524. Display of ownership information.

15 The full name or names of the proprietor, or if a  
16 partnership, the partners, or if an association or corporation,  
17 the name of the pharmacist manager, must be conspicuously  
18 displayed in the pharmacy along with any corporate association  
19 or duly registered fictitious name.

20 Section 525. Extraterritorial pharmacy permits.

21 (a) Permit required.--A person, entity, pharmacy or  
22 pharmacist located outside of this Commonwealth who ships,  
23 mails, distributes, dispenses or delivers prescription drugs or  
24 devices to individuals within this Commonwealth shall be  
25 required to obtain a pharmacy permit from the board.

26 (b) Waiver.--If the person, entity, pharmacy or pharmacist  
27 holds a valid pharmacy permit issued by the state in which that  
28 pharmacy is operated, the board may waive any requirements  
29 imposed upon pharmacies within this Commonwealth if the waiver  
30 of these requirements will not endanger the public health,



1 safety or welfare of the citizens of this Commonwealth.

2 (c) Effect of nonlicensure.--If the person or entity does  
3 not hold a valid pharmacy permit from the jurisdiction in which  
4 the person or entity is operating, then the person or entity  
5 shall satisfy all requirements imposed upon pharmacies in this  
6 Commonwealth prior to shipping, mailing, dispensing,  
7 distributing or delivering prescription drugs or devices within  
8 this Commonwealth.

9 (d) Registered agent.--

10 (1) Each person, entity, pharmacy or pharmacist located  
11 outside of this Commonwealth who ships, mails, dispenses,  
12 distributes or delivers prescription drugs or devices in this  
13 Commonwealth shall designate a registered agent in this  
14 Commonwealth for service of process.

15 (2) Any such person, entity, pharmacy or pharmacist who  
16 does not so designate a registered agent shall be deemed to  
17 have designated the Secretary of State to be its true and  
18 lawful attorney, upon whom may be served all legal process in  
19 any action or proceeding against such person, entity,  
20 pharmacy or pharmacist growing out of or arising from such  
21 shipping, mailing, dispensing, distributing or delivery.

22 (3) A copy of any such service of process shall be  
23 mailed to such person, entity, pharmacy or pharmacist by the  
24 board by certified mail, return receipt requested, postage  
25 prepaid, at the address designated on the application for  
26 licensure in this Commonwealth.

27 (4) If any such person, entity, pharmacy or pharmacist  
28 is not licensed by the board, service on the Secretary of  
29 State only shall be sufficient service for legal purposes.

30 Section 526. Regulatory power over pharmacies.

1 The board may promulgate regulations designed to insure  
2 methods of operation and conduct which protect the public health  
3 and welfare.

## 4 CHAPTER 7

### 5 ENFORCEMENT

6 Section 701. Refusal to grant, revocation and suspension of  
7 licenses and permits.

8 The board may refuse to grant, refuse to renew, suspend,  
9 revoke or restrict the license of any pharmacist or pharmacist  
10 intern upon any of the following grounds:

11 (1) Unprofessional conduct as that term is defined by  
12 the rules of the board.

13 (2) Unfit to practice pharmacy because of the  
14 intemperance in the use of alcoholic beverages, controlled  
15 substances or any other substance which impairs the intellect  
16 and judgment to such an extent as to impair the performance  
17 of professional duties.

18 (3) Unfit or unable to practice pharmacy by reason of a  
19 physical or mental disease or disability. In enforcing this  
20 paragraph, the board shall, upon probable cause, compel a  
21 pharmacist or a pharmacist intern to submit to a mental or  
22 physical examination by physicians or psychologists approved  
23 by the board. Failure to submit to such examination when  
24 directed by the board, unless such failure is due to  
25 circumstances beyond the individual's control, shall  
26 constitute an admission of the allegations against that  
27 individual, consequent upon which a default and final order  
28 may be entered without the taking of testimony or  
29 presentation of evidence. A pharmacist or a pharmacist intern  
30 affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals

1 be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that the pharmacist  
2 or pharmacist intern can resume a competent practice of  
3 pharmacy with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

4 (4) Procured a license through fraud, misrepresentation  
5 or deceit.

6 (5) Been found guilty, pleaded guilty, entered a plea of  
7 nolo contendere or received probation without verdict,  
8 disposition in lieu of trial or an Accelerated Rehabilitative  
9 Disposition in the disposition of one or more of the  
10 following:

11 (i) A felony.

12 (ii) An offense involving moral turpitude or gross  
13 immorality.

14 (iii) Violation of the pharmacy or drug laws of this  
15 Commonwealth or rules and regulations pertaining thereto;  
16 or of pharmacy laws, rules and regulations of the Federal  
17 Government or of any other state.

18 (6) Violated or knowingly permitted the violation of any  
19 provision of this act or regulation of the board.

20 (7) Knowingly allowed, aided or abetted an individual to  
21 engage in the practice of pharmacy without a license.

22 (8) Knowingly aided or abetted an individual to assist  
23 in the practice of pharmacy without having registered with  
24 the board or falsely used the title of pharmacist or  
25 pharmacist intern. Nothing contained in this paragraph shall  
26 be construed to prohibit pharmacist interns or registered  
27 pharmacy technicians from assisting in the practice of  
28 pharmacy under the immediate supervision of a licensed  
29 pharmacist provided such assistance is consistent with proper  
30 pharmacy practices and with board regulations.

1           (9) Willfully deceiving or attempting to deceive the  
2 board or its agents with respect to any significant matter  
3 under investigation by the board.

4           (10) Advertising of prices for drugs and pharmaceutical  
5 services to the public which does not conform with Federal  
6 laws or regulations or with the laws or regulations of this  
7 Commonwealth or which is untrue, false, misleading or  
8 deceptive.

9           (11) Public assertion or implication of professional  
10 superiority in the practice of pharmacy.

11           (12) Paying rebates to physicians or other persons or  
12 the entering into of any agreement with a medical  
13 practitioner or any other person for the payment or  
14 acceptance of compensation in any form for the recommending  
15 of the professional services of either party.

16           (13) Entering into an agreement with a licensed medical  
17 practitioner for the compounding or dispensing of secret  
18 formula (coded) prescriptions.

19           (14) Misbranding or adulteration of any drug or device  
20 or the sale, distribution or dispensing of any misbranded or  
21 adulterated drug or device as defined in the act of April 14,  
22 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance,  
23 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

24           (15) Displaying or permitting the display of the  
25 pharmacist's or pharmacist intern's certificate of licensure  
26 or current registration document in a pharmacy of which that  
27 pharmacist or pharmacist intern is not the proprietor or is  
28 not employed.

29           (16) For any holder of a current pocket registration  
30 card to fail, when practicing, to have the card available for

1 inspection by an authorized agent of the board.

2 (17) The acceptance back and redistribution of any  
3 unused drug or part thereof as defined by regulations.

4 (18) Accept employment as a pharmacist, or share or  
5 receive compensation in any form arising out of or incidental  
6 to that pharmacist's professional activities from any person  
7 who orders that pharmacist, directly or indirectly, to engage  
8 in any aspect of the practice of pharmacy in contravention of  
9 any provision of this act or regulation of the board.

10 (19) Had a license to practice pharmacy suspended,  
11 revoked or refused or received other disciplinary action by  
12 the proper pharmacist licensing authority of another state,  
13 territory or country.

14 (20) Acted in such a manner as to present an immediate  
15 and clear danger to the public health or safety.

16 (21) Is guilty of incompetence, gross negligence or  
17 other malpractice, or the departure from or failure to  
18 conform to the standards of acceptable pharmacy practice, in  
19 which case actual injury need not be established.

20 (22) Knowing that a pharmacist or pharmacist intern is  
21 incapable of engaging in the practice of pharmacy or that a  
22 pharmacy technician is incapable of assisting in the practice  
23 of pharmacy, with reasonable skill, competence and safety to  
24 the public and failing to report any relevant information to  
25 the board.

26 (23) Engaging in any conduct which subverts or attempts  
27 to subvert any licensing examination or the administration of  
28 any licensing exam.

29 (24) Failing to pay the costs assessed in a disciplinary  
30 hearing.

1 Section 702. Temporary suspension.

2 (a) Authorization.--

3 (1) A license duly issued under this act may be  
4 temporarily suspended under circumstances as determined by  
5 the board to be an immediate and clear danger to the public  
6 health and safety.

7 (2) The board shall issue an order to that effect  
8 without a hearing, but upon due notice to the licensee  
9 concerned at the licensee's last known address, which shall  
10 include a written statement of all allegations against the  
11 licensee.

12 (3) The case of a temporary suspension pursuant to this  
13 section, hearings, appeals from and rulings resulting  
14 therefrom need not comply with the provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. §  
15 103 (relating to administrative agency law).

16 (b) Commencement of formal proceedings.--The board shall  
17 thereupon commence formal action to suspend, revoke or restrict  
18 the license of the person concerned, as otherwise provided for  
19 in this act. All actions shall be taken promptly and without  
20 delay.

21 (c) Preliminary hearing.--

22 (1) Within 30 days following the issuance of an order  
23 temporarily suspending a license, the board shall conduct or  
24 cause to be conducted a preliminary hearing to determine that  
25 there is a prima facie case supporting the suspension.

26 (2) The licensee whose license has been temporarily  
27 suspended may be present at the preliminary hearing and may  
28 be represented by counsel, cross-examine witnesses, inspect  
29 physical evidence, call witnesses, offer evidence and  
30 testimony and make record of the proceedings.

(3) If it is determined that there is not a prima face case, the suspended licensee shall be immediately restored.

(d) Duration of temporary suspension.--The temporary suspension shall remain in effect until vacated by the board, but in no event longer than 180 days.

#### Section 703. Automatic suspension.

(a) Conditions for.--A pharmacist license or a pharmacist intern license issued under this act shall be automatically suspended upon any of the following:

(1) The legal commitment to an institution of a licensee or registrant because of mental incompetency from any cause upon filing with the board a certified copy of such commitment.

(2) The conviction of a felony under the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, or conviction of an offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, which if committed in this Commonwealth would be a felony under The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

(b) Stay prohibited and restoration.--Automatic suspension under this section shall not be stayed pending any appeal of conviction. Restoration of such license or registration shall be made as provided in this act in the case of revocation or suspension of such license or registration.

#### Section 704. Impaired licensee.

(a) Board action.--When an impaired pharmacist or pharmacist intern is subject to disciplinary action, the board may defer and ultimately dismiss any of the types of corrective action set forth in this act for an impaired professional so long as the pharmacist or pharmacist intern is progressing satisfactorily in

1 an approved treatment program and in an impaired professional  
2 support group recognized by the board.

3 (b) Information disclosure to board.--If an impaired  
4 pharmacist or pharmacist intern enters an approved treatment  
5 program and an impaired professional support group, the approved  
6 program provider shall, upon request, disclose to a professional  
7 consultant appointed and employed by the board as described in  
8 section 908, such information the program provider possesses or  
9 controls regarding the impaired pharmacist or pharmacist intern  
10 in treatment, unless the program provider is prohibited from  
11 disclosing such information by an act of the United States, this  
12 Commonwealth or another state.

13 (c) Agreement by licensee.--An impaired pharmacist or  
14 pharmacist intern who enrolls in an approved treatment program  
15 shall enter into either:

16 (1) An agreement with the peer assistance group which  
17 will monitor the licensee's progress, monitor compliance with  
18 the terms of the agreement and monitor adherence to any  
19 limitations on the practice of pharmacy as required by the  
20 terms of the agreement so as to protect the public.

21 (2) An agreement with the board under which the  
22 pharmacist's or pharmacist intern's license shall be  
23 suspended or revoked, and which provides that enforcement of  
24 the suspension or revocation shall be stayed for the length  
25 of time the impaired pharmacist or pharmacist intern remains  
26 in the treatment program and makes satisfactory progress,  
27 complies with the terms of the agreement and adheres to any  
28 limitations on his or her practice imposed by the board to  
29 protect the public.

30 (d) Disqualification from program.--Failure to enter into



1 one of the agreements required by subsection (c) shall  
2 disqualify the impaired professional from the impaired  
3 pharmacist or pharmacist intern program and shall activate an  
4 immediate investigation and disciplinary proceeding by the  
5 board.

6 (e) Lack of satisfactory progress.--

7 (1) If, in the opinion of the professional consultant  
8 after consultation with the program provider, the peer  
9 assistance group, or both, an impaired pharmacist or  
10 pharmacist intern who is enrolled in an approved treatment  
11 program or the peer assistance program and has entered into  
12 an agreement under subsection (a) has not progressed  
13 satisfactorily, the professional consultant shall disclose to  
14 the board all information in the consultant's possession  
15 regarding said pharmacist or pharmacist intern.

16 (2) After the disclosure, the board shall institute  
17 proceedings to determine if the stay of the enforcement of  
18 the suspension or revocation of the impaired pharmacist's or  
19 pharmacist intern's license shall be vacated if the licensee  
20 has executed a board agreement.

21 (3) If the licensee has not executed a board agreement,  
22 but has executed an agreement with the peer assistance  
23 program, the board shall immediately institute proceedings to  
24 determine if the impaired pharmacist's or pharmacist intern's  
25 license should be revoked or suspended.

26 Section 705. Reinstatement.

27 (a) Petition.--A person whose license to practice pharmacy  
28 in this Commonwealth has been suspended, revoked or restricted  
29 pursuant to this act, whether voluntarily or by action of the  
30 board, shall have the right, after any statutorily mandated

1 period of time, or, if no statutory limitation exists, at  
2 reasonable intervals, to petition the board for reinstatement of  
3 such license.

4 (b) Forms.--The petition shall be made in writing and in the  
5 form prescribed by the board.

6 (c) Board procedures.--Upon investigation and hearing, the  
7 board may, in its discretion, grant or deny the petition, or it  
8 may modify its original findings to reflect any circumstances  
9 which have changed sufficiently to warrant such modifications.  
10 The board, at its discretion, may also require such person to  
11 pass an examination for reentry into the practice of pharmacy.

12 (d) No reinstatement for revocation.--

13 (1) Unless ordered to do so by Commonwealth Court or an  
14 appeal therefrom, the board may not reinstate the license of  
15 a person to the practice of pharmacy pursuant to this act  
16 which license has been revoked.

17 (2) A person whose license has been revoked may apply  
18 for reinstatement after a period of five years from the date  
19 of revocation, but must meet all of the licensing  
20 qualifications of this act for the license applied for, to  
21 include the examination requirement.

22 Section 706. No bar to criminal action.

23 Nothing in this act shall be construed as barring criminal  
24 prosecutions for violations of this act.

25 Section 707. Administrative Agency Law.

26 A final decision of the board shall be subject to judicial  
27 review pursuant to 2 Pa.C.S. § 103 (relating to Administrative  
28 Agency Law).

29 Section 708. Board action.

30 When the board finds that the license of a pharmacist or

1 pharmacist intern may be refused, revoked or suspended under the  
2 terms of this section, the board may:

3 (1) Deny the application for a license.

4 (2) Administer a public reprimand.

5 (3) Revoke, suspend, limit or otherwise restrict the  
6 license as determined by the board.

7 (4) Require the licensee to submit to the care,  
8 counseling or treatment of a physician or a psychologist  
9 designated by the board or enter into an appropriate  
10 treatment program as determined by the board.

11 (5) Suspend enforcement of its findings thereof and  
12 place the licensee on probation with the right to vacate the  
13 probationary order for noncompliance unless such suspension  
14 is otherwise prohibited by this act.

15 Section 709. Pharmacy permits.

16 The board shall refuse, revoke or suspend the permit of any  
17 pharmacy upon proof satisfactory to it that any of the following  
18 occurred:

19 (1) The permit was procured through fraud,  
20 misrepresentation or deceit.

21 (2) The holder of the pharmacy permit or partner or  
22 officer thereof has violated any of the provisions of this  
23 act, regulations of the board or any provisions of the  
24 Federal act, or the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64),  
25 known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic  
26 Act, or has ordered a pharmacist, pharmacist intern or  
27 pharmacy technician in the employ of that pharmacy to engage  
28 in any aspect of the practice of pharmacy in contravention of  
29 any provisions of the aforesaid acts or regulations.

30 (3) The holder of the pharmacy permit sold, dispensed or

1 caused or allowed to be sold or dispensed any controlled  
2 substance or nonproprietary drug, except by a licensed  
3 pharmacist.

4 (4) Upon the suspension or revocation of a license of a  
5 pharmacist or pharmacist intern employed by the pharmacy, it  
6 is shown that the illegal acts of the pharmacist or  
7 pharmacist intern were within the knowledge of or should  
8 have been within the knowledge of the holder of the pharmacy  
9 permit, or partner or officer thereof.

10 (5) The holder of the pharmacy permit, after issuance of  
11 a permit, fails to continue to comply with all requirements  
12 of Subchapter C of Chapter 5.

13 Section 710. Return of license or permit.

14 An individual or entity whose license to practice pharmacy or  
15 registration to assist in the practice of pharmacy is revoked,  
16 suspended or not renewed shall return the license or  
17 registration certificate to the offices of the board within ten  
18 days after receipt of notice of such action.

19 Section 711. Hearings.

20 (a) Notice of determination.--Upon refusal of the board to  
21 issue a license or permit, written notices of the grounds  
22 supporting such decision shall be given the applicant, either  
23 personally or by registered or certified mail, return receipt  
24 requested, and the board shall accord the applicant the  
25 opportunity of a hearing, upon written request received within  
26 15 days from the date of giving the written notice.

27 (b) Investigation.--The board may, upon its own motion, and  
28 shall, promptly, upon the verified complaint in writing of a  
29 person setting forth specifically the wrongful act or acts  
30 complained of, investigate any alleged violations of this act by

1 any persons, and shall have the power temporarily to suspend or  
2 permanently revoke licenses or permit issued by the board under  
3 this act at any time when, after due proceedings as provided, it  
4 shall find the holder thereof to have been guilty of any  
5 violation of this act or the rules or regulations of the board.

6 (c) Conduct of hearings.--Hearings, appeals and rulings  
7 resulting therefrom, unless otherwise provided in this act,  
8 shall be in accordance with the provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. § 103  
9 (relating to Administrative Agency Law).

10 (d) Presence of board member.--A majority of the board shall  
11 designate the member or members to be present at each hearing.  
12 Subsequent to each hearing, the notes of testimony shall be  
13 transcribed, and a copy of the transcription shall be given to  
14 each member of the board who shall review the same prior to  
15 voting thereon. All decisions shall be reached by a majority  
16 vote of the entire board. The board shall, by regulation,  
17 establish and publish procedural rules concerning the conduct of  
18 hearings.

19 Section 712. Docket and other records.

20 (a) Duty to maintain.--

21 (1) The board shall maintain in its office a docket or  
22 other record of the rulings and decisions upon all complaints  
23 filed with it and all investigations instituted by it.

24 (2) The board shall give immediate written notice of a  
25 ruling or decision to the licensee affected thereby and,  
26 where the investigation shall have been instituted by  
27 complaint filed, to the party or parties by whom the  
28 complaint was made.

29 (3) If a ruling or decision may operate to the prejudice  
30 or shall injuriously affect the licensee, the board shall

1 also state in the notice the date upon which the ruling shall  
2 become effective.

3 (b) Publication.--

4 (1) If the licensee, at such time, cannot be found, the  
5 licensee's whereabouts being unknown, such notice may be  
6 given by the board by advertisement inserted in one issue of  
7 a newspaper of general circulation published within the  
8 county which was designated by the licensee as the licensee's  
9 mailing address.

10 (2) When any revocation or suspension shall become  
11 final, the board shall publish notice thereof in one issue of  
12 one or more newspapers of general circulation published  
13 within the county in which the licensee was engaged in the  
14 practice of pharmacy at the time of such revocation or  
15 suspension.

16 CHAPTER 9

17 PHARMACIST PRACTICE

18 Section 901. Practice of pharmacy.

19 The practice of pharmacy in this Commonwealth is hereby  
20 declared a health care professional practice in which the  
21 pharmacist is considered a health care provider affecting the  
22 public health, safety and welfare and is subject to regulation  
23 and control in the public interest. It is declared to be a  
24 matter of public interest and concern that the practice of  
25 pharmacy, as defined in this act, merit and receive the  
26 confidence of the public and that only qualified persons be  
27 permitted to engage in the practice of pharmacy in this  
28 Commonwealth.

29 Section 902. Pharmacy health care service.

30 The practice of pharmacy is the provision of health care

services by a pharmacist, including, but not limited to:

(1) The interpretation, evaluation and implementation of medical orders.

(2) The delivering, dispensing or distributing of prescription drugs.

(3) Participation in drug and device selection.

(4) Drug administration.

(5) Drug regimen review.

(6) Drug or drug-related research.

(7) Compounding.

(8) Proper and safe storage of drugs and devices.

(9) Managing drug therapy.

(10) Such acts, services, operations or transactions necessary or incident to the provision of these health care services.

#### Section 903. Drug regimen review.

In all practice care settings a pharmacist shall:

(1) Perform a drug regimen review prior to dispensing a prescription.

(2) Maintain a patient history in compliance with regulations of the board for each patient for whom prescriptions are dispensed.

(3) Provide drug information to the patient, caregiver or patient's agent in compliance with regulations of the board. The offer to provide this information shall be made by the pharmacist or the pharmacist's designee.

#### Section 904. Managing drug therapy.

(a) Written authorization.--A pharmacist shall be permitted to enter into a written agreement or protocol authorizing the delegation of the management of drug therapy.

1 (b) Licensed prescriber.--The licensed prescriber who is a  
2 party to a written agreement or protocol authorizing the  
3 delegation of the management of drug therapy shall be in active  
4 practice and the delegation shall be within the scope of the  
5 licensed prescriber's current practice.

6 (c) Voluntary utilization.--Participation in a written  
7 agreement or protocol authorizing the delegation of the  
8 management of drug therapy shall be voluntary, and no licensed  
9 prescriber, pharmacist or patient shall be required to  
10 participate.

11 (d) Insurance protection.--A party to a written agreement or  
12 protocol authorizing the delegation of the management of drug  
13 therapy shall maintain a minimum agreement and malpractice  
14 insurance policy in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000.

15 (e) Regulations.--The board shall adopt regulations to  
16 assure for the protection of the health and welfare of patients  
17 treated pursuant to a written agreement or protocol authorizing  
18 the delegation of the management of drug therapy.

19 Section 905. Pharmacy technicians.

20 (a) Use.--A pharmacy technician may be utilized to assist a  
21 pharmacist in the preparation of prescriptions and drug orders  
22 in compliance with regulations adopted by the board.

23 (b) Training.--A technician may be trained at any licensed  
24 pharmacy or trained thorough educational programs provided by  
25 colleges, universities, professional associations, private  
26 schools or other entities.

27 (c) Registration.--A pharmacy technician must register with  
28 the board on a form prescribed by the board and pay a  
29 registration fee as determined by the board.

30 (d) Pharmacist supervision.--A pharmacy technician shall



1 work only under the immediate supervision of a licensed  
2 pharmacist.

3 (e) Prohibited activities.--A pharmacy technician shall be  
4 prohibited from performing those functions requiring the skill  
5 and competence of a licensed pharmacist, including, but not  
6 limited to:

7 (1) Performing drug regimen reviews.

8 (2) Providing drug information, or patient counseling,  
9 or both, to patients or caregivers.

10 (3) Monitoring of drug therapy.

11 (f) Construction.--Nothing in this section shall be  
12 construed to preclude or prevent a pharmacy technician from  
13 assisting a pharmacist by making an offer to the patient or  
14 caregiver or agent of the patient to have a pharmacist provide  
15 drug information, patient counseling or both.

16 Section 906. Prescriptions.

17 (a) Transmission.--Prescriptions and drug orders may be:

18 (1) written by the health practitioner;

19 (2) transmitted by telephone to the pharmacy by the  
20 health practitioner or the practitioner's agent;

21 (3) transmitted to the pharmacy by facsimile, provided  
22 there is no prohibition in Federal or State law prohibiting  
23 facsimile transmission of prescription or drug orders for the  
24 specific drug involved;

25 (4) transmitted by electronic data transmission from the  
26 health practitioner directly to the pharmacy.

27 (b) Regulations.--The board shall establish regulations  
28 governing the use of facsimile or electronic data transmission  
29 to assure for the protection of the public health and safety and  
30 to provide adequate security to assure confidentiality of the

1 information and data.

2 (c) Transfer between pharmacies.--A prescription may be  
3 transferred between pharmacies in this Commonwealth pursuant to  
4 the following requirements and any regulations of the board:

5 (1) The prescription is for a drug which is lawfully  
6 refillable.

7 (2) The drug is not a Schedule II controlled substance  
8 under act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The  
9 Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

10 (3) An original or new prescription is not required from  
11 the prescriber by law.

12 (4) The pharmacist transferring the prescription cancels  
13 the original prescription in the pharmacist's records and  
14 indicates on the prescription records to whom the  
15 prescription was transferred, including the name of the  
16 pharmacy, the date of the transfer and the name or initials  
17 of the transferring pharmacist.

18 (5) The pharmacist receiving the transferred  
19 prescription:

20 (i) Notes on the prescription that it is a  
21 transferred prescription.

22 (ii) Records all of the following on the  
23 prescription records in addition to other information  
24 required by law:

25 (A) Date of issuance of original prescription.

26 (B) Date of original filling of prescription and  
27 date of last refill.

28 (C) Original number of refills authorized on  
29 prescription.

30 (D) Number of valid refills remaining.

(iii) Notes the location and file number of the original prescription.

(iv) Notes the name of the pharmacy and pharmacist from whom the prescription was transferred.

(6) A pharmacist may transfer a prescription to another pharmacist employed by the same corporation without regard to the requirements of this subsection, provided that both pharmacists have access to the same computerized prescription transfer system which contains the prescription refill records and incorporates procedures to prevent unauthorized refills.

#### Section 907. Emergency refills.

A pharmacist shall be permitted to provide an emergency refill of a prescription that would otherwise not be legally refillable only if all of the following terms and conditions are satisfied:

(1) The pharmacist first attempts to obtain an authorization from the authorized prescriber but cannot contact the prescriber.

(2) The drug which is the subject of the refill is essential to the continuation of therapy and, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, the interruption of the therapy might reasonably produce an undesirable health consequence, be detrimental to the patient's welfare or cause physical or mental discomfort.

(3) The drug which is the subject of the refill is not a controlled substance.

(4) The pharmacist enters on the back of the prescription or on another appropriate, uniformly maintained and readily retrievable record, the date and quantity of the

1       refill and the pharmacist must verify the prescription.

2           (5) The pharmacist provides no more than a 72-hour  
3       emergency supply of the medication in conformity with the  
4       prescribed directions for use.

5           (6) Within 72 hours of dispensing the refill, the  
6       pharmacist notified the prescriber that an emergency  
7       prescription had been dispensed and the quantity of drug  
8       provided to the patient.

9       Section 908. Impaired pharmacist or pharmacist intern.

10       (a) Board power.--In addition to the power set forth in  
11       section 704, the board, with the approval of the Commissioner of  
12       Professional and Occupational Affairs, shall appoint and fix  
13       compensation of a professional consultant who is a licensee of  
14       the board with education and experience in the identification,  
15       treatment and rehabilitation of persons with chemical, physical  
16       and mental impairments. The consultant shall be accountable to  
17       the board and shall act as a liaison between the board and  
18       treatment programs, such as alcohol and drug treatment programs  
19       licensed by the Department of Health, psychological counseling  
20       and impaired professional support groups approved by the board  
21       and which provide services to licensees under this act.

22       (b) Required reporting.--A hospital or health care facility,  
23       peer or colleague who has substantial evidence that a pharmacist  
24       or pharmacist intern has an active, addictive disease for which  
25       the pharmacist or pharmacist intern is not receiving treatment,  
26       is diverting a controlled substance for personal use or is  
27       mentally or physically incompetent to carry out the duties of  
28       the pharmacist's or pharmacist's intern's license or certificate  
29       shall make or cause to be made a report to the board, except  
30       that any person or facility who acts in a treatment capacity to

1 an impaired pharmacist in an approved treatment program is  
2 exempt from the mandatory reporting requirements of this  
3 subsection.

4 (c) Immunity.--Any person or facility who reports in good  
5 faith and without malice under this section shall be immune from  
6 any civil or criminal liability resulting from such report.

7 (d) Penalty.--Failure to provide the report within a  
8 reasonable time from receipt of such knowledge of impairment  
9 shall subject the person or facility to a fine not to exceed  
10 \$1,000. The board shall levy the penalty only after affording  
11 the accused party the opportunity for a hearing, as provided in  
12 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to administrative law and procedure).

13 (e) Report by provider.--An approved program provider who  
14 makes disclosure to the board pursuant to the requirements of  
15 this act shall not be subject to civil liability for such  
16 disclosure or its consequences.

## 17 CHAPTER 11

### 18 UNLAWFUL ACTIVITIES

19 Section 1101. Unlawful acts.

20 It shall be unlawful for:

21 (1) A person to procure or attempt to procure a license,  
22 permit or certificate for that person or for any other person  
23 by making or causing to be made any false representations.

24 (2) A person not duly licensed as a pharmacist pursuant  
25 to this act to engage in the practice of pharmacy, except a  
26 pharmacy intern or such other authorized personnel under the  
27 immediate personal supervision of a pharmacist. Nothing in  
28 this section shall be construed to prevent a duly licensed  
29 medical practitioner from administering any drug to the  
30 practitioner's own patients after diagnosis or treatment of

1 the patient or to prevent any person from selling or  
2 distributing at retail household remedies or proprietary  
3 medicines when the same are offered for sale or sold in the  
4 original manufacturer's package which was prepared for sale  
5 to consumers.

6 (3) An unlicensed person to operate or conduct or to  
7 have charge or to supervise any pharmacy. For a violation of  
8 this section, the owner of the pharmacy shall be equally  
9 liable as the principal party involved in the violation.

10 (4) A person to represent that person as licensed under  
11 this act when in fact that person is not so licensed.

12 (5) A person to knowingly prevent or refuse to permit  
13 any member of the board or its duly authorized agents to  
14 enter a pharmacy or any other place where drugs or devices  
15 are kept, stored, dispensed or distributed to a patient or  
16 consumer for the purpose of lawful inspection or other  
17 purposes in accordance with this act and regulations pursuant  
18 thereto.

19 (6) A person whose license, permit or certification has  
20 been revoked, suspended or refused renewal to fail to deliver  
21 the license, permit or certificate to the board within ten  
22 days after receipt of notice of such action.

23 (7) A person to sell at auction drugs or devices in bulk  
24 or in open or unopened packages, unless such sale has been  
25 approved in advance by the board and unless such sale shall  
26 be under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist  
27 appointed by the board and whose fee shall be paid by the  
28 seller.

29 (8) A person, firm or corporation to use the title  
30 "pharmacist," "pharmacist care," "pharmacy care,"

1 "pharmaceutical care," "assistant pharmacist," "druggist,"  
2 "apothecary" or similar terms except a person duly licensed  
3 as a pharmacist in this Commonwealth.

4 (9) A person to conduct or transact business under a  
5 name which contains as part thereof the words "drug store,"  
6 "pharmacy," "drugs," "medicine store," "medicines," "drug  
7 shop," "apothecary," "pharmaceutical" or any term having a  
8 similar meaning, or in any manner by advertisement, display  
9 or show globes or otherwise describe or refer to the place of  
10 the conducted business or person unless the place is a  
11 pharmacy duly issued a permit by the board.

12 (10) A person who buys, sells or causes to be sold or  
13 offers for sale any drug or device which bears or which  
14 package bears or originally did bear the inscription "sample"  
15 or "not for resale" or "for investigational or experimental  
16 use only" or other similar words, except where a cost is  
17 incurred in the bona fide acquisition of an investigational  
18 or experimental drug.

19 (11) A person using to that person's own advantage or  
20 revealing to anyone other than the board, its duly authorized  
21 representatives or to the courts when relevant to any  
22 judicial proceeding under this act, any information acquired  
23 under authority of this act or concerning any method or  
24 process which is a trade secret.

25 (12) A pharmacist or owner of a pharmacy advertising or  
26 promoting prices for drugs and pharmaceutical services to the  
27 public which do not conform to Federal and State laws and  
28 regulations.

29 (13) A person who knowingly and willfully:

30 (i) forges or counterfeits upon any goods, wares or

1 merchandise the private stamps or labels of any mechanic  
2 or manufacturer with intent to defraud the purchasers or  
3 manufacturers of any goods, wares or merchandise;

4 (ii) keeps in possession or conceals any goods,  
5 wares or merchandise or keeps in control, custody or  
6 possession any punch plate, stone or other thing in the  
7 likeness of any punch plate or stone designated for the  
8 printing or imprinting of the private stamps or labels of  
9 any mechanic or manufacturer; or

10 (iii) vends any goods, wares or merchandise having  
11 thereon any forged or counterfeited stamps or labels  
12 purporting to be the stamps or labels of any mechanic or  
13 manufacturer, knowing the same to be forged or  
14 counterfeited.

15 (14) A person acting alone or through another person to  
16 procure or attempt to procure for himself or another person  
17 any drug:

18 (i) By fraud, deceit, misrepresentation or  
19 subterfuge.

20 (ii) By the forgery or alteration of a prescription  
21 or any written order.

22 (iii) By the concealment of material facts.

23 (iv) By the use of a false statement and a  
24 prescription order or report.

25 (15) A person to deliver a prescription medication by  
26 mail or otherwise to a patient within this Commonwealth  
27 unless the prescription is filled or refilled in a pharmacy  
28 licensed by the board.

29 (16) A licensed prescriber to have a proprietary or  
30 beneficial interest in a pharmacy sufficient to permit that



prescriber to exercise supervision or control over a pharmacist working in the pharmacy in the pharmacist's professional responsibilities and duties.

Section 1102. Criminal penalties.

A person who violates any of the provisions of section 1101 commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$5,000, or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both and for each subsequent offense, shall be sentenced to pay a fine or not more than \$15,000, or to imprisonment for not more than three years, or both.

Section 1103. Additional civil penalty.

In addition to any other civil remedy or criminal penalty provided for in this act, the board may levy a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 on any current licensee who violates any provision of this act or on any person who practices pharmacy without being properly licensed to do so under this act. The board shall levy such penalty only after affording the accused party the opportunity for a hearing, as provided in 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to administrative law and procedure).

CHAPTER 13

FISCAL AFFAIRS

Section 1301. Setting of fees.

(a) General rule.--All fees required under this act shall be fixed by the board by regulation and shall be subject to the act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as the Regulatory Review Act. If the revenues raised by fees, fines and civil penalties imposed under this act are not sufficient to meet expenditures over a two-year period, the board shall increase those fees by regulation, so that the projected revenues will meet or exceed projected expenditures.

1 (b) Increase in fees.--If the bureau determines that the  
2 fees, fines and civil penalties established by the board under  
3 subsection (a) are inadequate to meet the minimum enforcement  
4 efforts required by this act, then the bureau, after  
5 consultation with the board and subject to the Regulatory Review  
6 Act, shall increase the fees by regulation in an amount such  
7 that adequate revenues are raised to meet the required  
8 enforcement effort.

9 Section 1302. Pharmacy Professional Development Fund.

10 There is hereby established in the State Treasury the  
11 Pharmacy Professional Development Fund. All fees, fines and  
12 civil penalties imposed in accordance with this act shall be  
13 paid into the fund. The funds shall be used by the board for  
14 professional development and for enforcement efforts mandated by  
15 this act.

16 Section 1303. Annual submissions.

17 (a) Estimate to department.--The board shall submit annually  
18 to the Department of State an estimate of the financial  
19 requirements of the board for its administrative, investigative,  
20 legal and miscellaneous expenses.

21 (b) Report to the General Assembly.--The board shall submit  
22 annually to the Appropriations Committee of the Senate and the  
23 Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives, 15  
24 days after the Governor has submitted the budget to the General  
25 Assembly, a copy of the budget request for the upcoming fiscal  
26 year which the board previously submitted to the Department of  
27 State.

28 Section 1304. Hiring of pharmacy inspectors.

29 The board shall employ at least eight pharmacy inspectors who  
30 shall be licensed pharmacists in this Commonwealth. If the board

1 determines that additional pharmacy inspectors are necessary to  
2 protect the health and safety of the citizens of this  
3 Commonwealth, the board shall hire such additional inspectors.  
4 Pharmacy inspectors shall be under the authority of the board,  
5 shall report to the executive director and shall inspect all  
6 licensed locations at the direction of the board or executive  
7 director.

## 8 CHAPTER 15

### 9 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

10 Section 1501. Existing board members.

11 Members of the board appropriately confirmed as of the  
12 effective date of this act shall continue to serve as members of  
13 the board until their present terms expire or until a successor  
14 has been appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months  
15 after present terms have expired.

16 Section 1502. Existing rules, regulations and fees.

17 The rules and regulation of the board in effect on the  
18 effective date of this act, not inconsistent with this act,  
19 shall remain in effect until repealed or amended by the board.  
20 Each fee of the board in effect on the effective date of this  
21 act, and not inconsistent with this act, shall remain in effect  
22 until repealed or amended in accordance with this act.

23 Section 1503. Current licensees.

24 A person who holds a valid license issued by the board on the  
25 effective date of this act shall, on and after the effective  
26 date of this act, be deemed to be licensed by the board as  
27 provided for in this act.

28 Section 1504. Severability.

29 The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of  
30 this act or its application to any person or circumstance is

1 held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions  
2 or applications of this act which can be given effect without  
3 the invalid provision or application.

4 Section 1505. Repeals.

5 (a) Absolute.--The following acts and parts of acts are  
6 repealed:

7 Act of September 27, 1961 (P.L.1700, No.699), known as the  
8 Pharmacy Act.

9 (b) Inconsistent.--The act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177,  
10 No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, is repealed  
11 insofar as it is inconsistent with this act.

12 (c) General.--All other acts and parts of acts are repealed  
13 insofar as they are inconsistent with this act.

14 Section 1506. Effective date.

15 This act shall take effect January 1, 2000 or immediately,  
16 whichever occurs later.