THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 55

Session of 1997

INTRODUCED BY BOYES, TRELLO, KENNEY, TIGUE, ITKIN, BROWNE, NAILOR, CAWLEY, DENT, DeLUCA, DEMPSEY, COY, FLICK, READSHAW, GANNON, PRESTON, BOSCOLA, BROWN, CURRY, GRUPPO, BELARDI, ARMSTRONG, ROONEY, LAWLESS, COLAIZZO, LYNCH, ROBERTS, GODSHALL, OLASZ, TRAVAGLIO, MUNDY, MELIO, WOJNAROSKI, C. WILLIAMS, GIGLIOTTI, YOUNGBLOOD, SAYLOR, L. I. COHEN, STEVENSON, WILT, BELFANTI, O'BRIEN, ZUG, BUNT, ADOLPH, GLADECK, LESCOVITZ, E. Z. TAYLOR, EACHUS, LaGROTTA, HASAY, LEH, ROSS AND SERAFINI, JANUARY 28, 1997

AS AMENDED ON SECOND CONSIDERATION, IN SENATE, NOVEMBER 18, 1997

AN ACT

- Providing for the tax exemption of institutions of purely public
charity; exempting real property owned by State related
universities or Federal Government instrumentalities from
taxation; and providing for unfair competition.5TABLE OF CONTENTS6Section 1. Short title.
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- 6 PROVIDING FOR THE TAX EXEMPTION OF INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC <---
- 7 CHARITY; EXEMPTING REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY STATE-RELATED
- 8 UNIVERSITIES OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INSTRUMENTALITIES FROM
- 9 TAXATION; PROVIDING FOR UNFAIR COMPETITION; IMPOSING
- 10 PENALTIES; AND MAKING REPEALS.
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- 12 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
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- 22 SECTION 11. PROHIBITED ACT.
- 23 SECTION 12. COMPLIANCE.
- 24 SECTION 13. CIVIL PENALTY.
- 25 SECTION 14. REPEALS.
- 26 SECTION 15. APPLICABILITY.
- 27 SECTION 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 28 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 29 hereby enacts as follows:
- 30 Section 1. Short title.
- 31 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Institutions
- 32 of Purely Public Charity Act.

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- 1 Section 2. Legislative intent.
- 2 (a) Findings. The General Assembly finds and declares as
- 3 follows:
- 4 (1) It is in the best interest of this Commonwealth and
- 5 its citizens that the recognition of tax exempt status be
- 6 accomplished in an orderly, uniform and economical manner.
- 7 (2) For more than 100 years, it has been the policy of
- 8 this Commonwealth to foster the organization and operation of
- 9 charitable organizations by exempting charitable
- 10 organizations from taxation.
- 11 (3) Because charitable organizations contribute to the
- 12 common good or lessen the burdens of government, the historic
- 13 policy of exempting charitable institutions from taxation
- 14 should be continued.
- 15 (4) The General Assembly recognizes that it is
- 16 unrealistic today to expect charitable organizations to rely
- 17 completely upon private philanthropy and that there is an
- 18 appropriate role and responsibility for government support
- 19 with respect to activities historically recognized as
- 20 charitable.
- 21 (5) The General Assembly recognizes that the lack of
- 22 specific legislative standards defining the term
- 23 "institutions of purely public charity" has led to increasing
- 24 confusion and confrontation among traditionally tax exempt
- 25 organizations and local governments to the detriment of the
- 26 public.
- 27 (6) There is increasing concern that the eligibility
- 28 standards for charitable tax exemptions are being applied
- 29 inconsistently, which may violate the uniformity provision of
- 30 the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

- 1 (b) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly to
- 2 eliminate inconsistent application of eligibility standards for
- 3 charitable tax exemptions, reduce confusion and confrontation
- 4 among traditionally tax exempt organizations and local
- 5 governments and insure that charitable and public funds are not
- 6 unnecessarily diverted from the public good to litigate
- 7 eligibility for tax exempt status by providing standards to be
- 8 applied uniformly in all proceedings throughout this
- 9 Commonwealth for determining eligibility for exemption from
- 10 State and local taxation which are consistent with traditional
- 11 legislative and judicial applications of the constitutional term
- 12 "institutions of purely public charity."
- 13 Section 3. State related universities.
- 14 (a) General rule. It is the intent of the General Assembly
- 15 to recognize that the State related universities provide a
- 16 direct public benefit and serve the public purposes of this
- 17 Commonwealth by declaring the real property of State related
- 18 universities to be public property for purposes of exemption
- 19 from State and local taxation when the property is actually and
- 20 regularly used for public purposes, provided that nothing in
- 21 this section is intended or shall be construed to affect the
- 22 title to real property of State related universities or the
- 23 power and authority of the governing bodies of State related
- 24 universities with respect to such real property. Further,
- 25 nothing in this section is intended or shall be construed to
- 26 affect, impair or terminate any contract or agreement in effect
- 27 on or before the effective date of this act by and between a
- 28 State related university and any county, city, borough, township
- 29 or school district wherein the State related university pays
- 30 real estate taxes, amounts in lieu of real estate taxes or other

- 1 charges, fees or contributions for municipal services.
- 2 (b) Real property. All real property owned by State related
- 3 universities, or owned by the Commonwealth and used by a State-
- 4 related university, is and shall be deemed public property for
- 5 purposes of the Constitution of Pennsylvania and the laws of
- 6 this Commonwealth relating to the assessment, taxation and
- 7 exemption of real estate and shall be exempt from all State and
- 8 local taxation when actually and regularly used for public
- 9 purposes.
- 10 (c) Exemption. This section shall not include the property
- 11 of a State related university the possession and control of
- 12 which has been transferred to a for profit entity not otherwise
- 13 entitled to tax exempt status, irrespective of whether that
- 14 entity is affiliated with the university. The execution of a
- 15 management services contract with a third party entity to
- 16 provide operational services to the university which would
- 17 otherwise be provided or conducted directly by the university
- 18 shall not, however, be considered a transfer of possession and
- 19 control of real property within the meaning of this section.
- 20 (d) Definitions. As used in this section, the following
- 21 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 22 subsection:
- 23 "Public purposes." All activities relating to the
- 24 educational mission of State related universities, including
- 25 teaching, research, service and activities incident or ancillary
- 26 thereto which provide services to or for students, employees or
- 27 the public.
- 28 "State related universities." The Pennsylvania State
- 29 University and its affiliate, the Pennsylvania College of
- 30 Technology, the University of Pittsburgh, Temple University and

- 1 its subsidiaries Temple University Hospital, Inc., and Temple
- 2 University Children's Hospital, Inc., and Lincoln University.
- 3 Section 4. Definitions.
- 4 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 5 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 6 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 7 "Commercial business." The sale of products or services that
- 8 are principally the same as those offered by an existing small
- 9 business in the same community.
- 10 "Goods or services." Goods or services which promote any of
- 11 the six enumerated purposes under section 5(b) and which are
- 12 valued in accordance with generally accepted accounting
- 13 principles applicable to the institution. If the institution's
- 14 purpose is to provide health care services, the term shall
- 15 include, but not be limited to, medically necessary goods or
- 16 services in life threatening situations.
- 17 "Government agency." Any Commonwealth agency or any
- 18 political subdivision or municipal or other local authority or
- 19 any officer or agency of any political subdivision or local
- 20 authority.
- 21 "Institution of purely public charity." A domestic or
- 22 foreign nonprofit corporation, association, trust or other
- 23 organization which meets the criteria under section 5.
- 24 "Net operating income." The amount of funds remaining after
- 25 deducting all operating expenses related to the provision of
- 26 goods or services associated with the institution's charitable
- 27 purpose from payments received from providing these goods or
- 28 services, as determined in accordance with the generally
- 29 accepted accounting principles applicable to the institution.
- 30 "Small business." Any self employed individual, sole

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proprietorship, firm, corporation, partnership, association or
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    other entity that:
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 3
           (1) has fewer than 101 full time employees; and
 4
           (2) is subject to income taxation under the act of March
       4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.
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       "Tax Reform Code." The act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2),
 6
    known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.
 7
 8
       "Total operating expenses." The costs related to the
    provision of goods or services associated with the institution's
10
    charitable purpose, as determined in accordance with generally
11
    accepted accounting principles applicable to the institution.
12
    Section 5. Criteria.
13
       (a) General rule. An institution of purely public charity
14
    is a nonprofit corporation, association, trust or other
15
    organization which meets the criteria set forth in this section.
16
    A nonprofit parent corporation, together with all of its
17
    subsidiary nonprofit corporations, may elect to be considered as
18
    a single institution in meeting the criteria set forth in this
    section as long as all of the following are met:
19
20
           (1) Each subsidiary:
21
               (i) is a nonstock corporation of which the nonprofit
22
           parent corporation is the only member; and
23
               (ii) meets the requirements of subsections (b), (c),
2.4
           (d), (e) and (f).
25
           (2) The parent:
26
               (i) is a nonstock corporation;
27
               (ii) is duly qualified by the Internal Revenue
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           Service as meeting the requirements of section 501(c)(3)
           of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Public Law 99 514,
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           26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3));
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               (iii) meets the requirements of subsections (b) and
           (c); and
 2.
 3
               (iv) except for services that meet the requirements
           of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), does not
 4
           render services for a fee to an individual or entity that
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           does not meet the requirements of paragraph (1).
 6
    An institution of purely public charity shall meet all of the
 7
    criteria contained in subsections (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f),
 8
    Institutions of purely public charity which meet the criteria
    specified in this section shall be considered to be founded,
10
    endowed and maintained by public or private charity.
11
12
       (b) Charitable purpose. The institution shall advance a
13
    charitable purpose. This criterion is satisfied if the
14
    institution is organized and operated primarily to fulfill any
15
    one or combination of the following purposes:
16
           (1) Relief of poverty.
           (2) Advancement of education, including, but not limited
17
18
       to, postsecondary education.
19
           (3) Advancement of religion.
20
           (4) Prevention and treatment of disease or injury.
21
           (5) Government or municipal purposes.
22
           (6) Accomplishment of a purpose which is beneficial to
23
       the community, including advancement of the arts and
       sciences, advancement of the cultural, spiritual, mental,
2.4
25
       physical, social or emotional welfare or improvement of
26
      others.
27
       (c) Private profit motive. The institution shall operate
    entirely free from private profit motive. Notwithstanding
28
    whether the institution's revenues exceed its expenses, this
29
   criterion is satisfied if the institution meets all of the
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following: 1 (1) Neither the institution's net earnings nor donations 2. 3 which it receives inures to the benefit of private 4 shareholders or other individuals, as the private inurement 5 standard is interpreted under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Public Law 99 514, 26 U.S.C. § 6 7 501(c)(3)). The purchase of tangible or intangible assets, including professional practices for fair market value, shall 8 not, by itself, be construed to constitute evidence of 9 10 operation for a private profit motive. 11 (2) The institution applies or reserves any revenue in 12 excess of expenses in furtherance of its charitable purpose 13 or to funding of other charitable organizations which meet the provisions of this subsection. 14 15 (3) Compensation, including benefits, of any director, 16 officer or employee, is not based primarily upon the 17 financial performance of the organization. 18 (d) Community service. 19 (1) The institution shall donate or render gratuitously 20 a substantial portion of its services. This criterion is 21 satisfied if the institution benefits the community by 22 actually providing any of the following: 23 (i) Goods or services to all who seek them without regard to their ability to pay for what they receive if 2.4 25 all of the following apply: 26 (A) The institution has a written policy to this 27 effect. 28 (B) The institution has published this policy in 29 a reasonable manner. 30 (C) The institution provides uncompensated goods

or services at least equal to 75% of the 1 2. institution's net operating income but not less than 3 3% of the institution's total operating expenses. (ii) Goods or services for fees that are based upon 4 5 the recipient's ability to pay for them if all of the following apply: 6 (A) The institution can demonstrate that it has 7 implemented a written policy and a written schedule 8 of fees based on individual or family income. An 9 10 institution will meet the requirement of this clause 11 if the institution consistently applies a formula to all individuals requesting consideration of reduced 12 13 fees which is in part based on individual or family 14 income. 15 (B) At least 20% of the individuals receiving 16 goods or services from the institution pay no fee or 17 a fee which is lower than the cost of the goods or 18 services provided by the institution. 19 (C) At least 10% of the individuals receiving 20 goods or services from the institution receive a reduction in fees of at least 10% of the cost of the 21 22 goods or services provided to them. 23 (D) No individual receiving goods or services 2.4 from the institution pays a fee which is equal to or 25 greater than the cost of the goods or services 26 provided to them, or the goods or services provided 27 to the individuals described in clause (B) are 28 comparable in quality and quantity to the goods or 29 services provided to those individuals who pay a fee 30 which is equal to or greater than the cost of the

1	goods or services provided to them.
2	(iii) Wholly gratuitous goods or services to at
3	least 5% of those receiving similar goods or services
4	from the institution.
5	(iv) Financial assistance or uncompensated goods or
6	services to at least 20% of those receiving similar goods
7	or services from the institution if at least 10% of the
8	individuals receiving goods or services from the
9	institution either paid no fees or fees which were 90% or
10	less of the cost of the goods or services provided to
11	them, after consideration of any financial assistance
12	provided to them by the institution.
13	(v) Uncompensated goods or services which, in the
14	aggregate, are equal to at least 5% of the institution's
15	costs of providing goods or services.
16	(vi) Goods or services at no fee or reduced fees to
17	government agencies or goods or services to individuals
18	eligible for government programs if one of the following
19	applies:
20	(A) The institution receives 75% or more of its
21	gross operating revenue from grants or fee for
22	service payments by government agencies and if the
23	aggregate amount of fee for service payments from
24	government agencies does not exceed 95% of the
25	institution's costs of providing goods or services to
26	the individuals for whom the fee for services
27	payments are made.
28	(B) The institution provides goods or services
29	to individuals with mental retardation, to
30	individuals who need mental health services, to

1	members of an individual's family or guardian in
2	support of such goods or services or to individuals
3	who are dependent, neglected or delinquent children,
4	as long as the institution performs duties that would
5	otherwise be the responsibility of government and the
6	institution is restricted in its ability to retain
7	revenue over expenses or voluntary contributions by
8	any one of the following statutes or regulations or
9	by contractual limitations with county children and
10	youth offices in this Commonwealth:
11	(I) Sections 1315(c) and 1905(d) of the
12	Social Security Act (49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. §§
13	1396d(d) and 1396n(c)).
14	(II) 42 CFR 440.150 (relating to
15	intermediate care facility (ICF/MR) services.
16	(III) 42 CFR Pt. 483 Subpt. I (relating to
17	conditions of participation for intermediate care
18	facilities for the mentally retarded).
19	(IV) The act of October 20, 1966 (3rd
20	Sp.Sess., P.L.96, No.6), known as the Mental
21	Health and Mental Retardation Act of 1966.
22	(V) Articles II, VII, IX and X of the act of
23	June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, No.21), known as the
24	Public Welfare Code.
25	(VI) 23 Pa.C.S. Ch. 63 (relating to child
26	protective services).
27	(VII) 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 63 (relating to
28	juvenile matters).
29	(VIII) 55 Pa. Code Chs. 3170 (relating to
30	allowable costs and procedures for county

children and youth), 3680 (relating to 1 administration and operation of a children and 2. 3 youth social service agency) 4300 (relating to 4 county mental health and mental retardation fiscal manual), 6400 (relating to community homes 5 for individuals with mental retardation), 6500 6 7 (relating to family living homes), 6210 (relating to participation requirements for the 8 intermediate care facilities for the mentally 9 10 retarded program), 6211 (relating to allowable 11 cost reimbursement for non-State operated 12 intermediate care facilities for the mentally 13 retarded) and 6600 (relating to intermediate care 14 facilities for the mentally retarded). 15 (vii) Funds to corporations, associations, trusts or 16 other organizations which meet the criteria of this 17 section, funds to government agencies or funds to 18 organizations which qualify under section 501(c)(3) of 19 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Public Law 99 514, 26 20 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3)), if the institution providing the 21 funds is primarily engaged in fundraising on behalf of or 22 making grants to such corporations, associations, trusts, 23 such government agencies or such organizations. 24 (2) The institution may elect to average the applicable 25 data for its five most recently completed fiscal years for 26 the purposes of calculating any formula or meeting any 27 quantitative standard in paragraph (1). 28 (3) For the purposes of calculating the number of

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subsection, educational institutions may use full time

individuals for use in the percentage calculations in this

1	equivalent students as defined by the Department of
2	Education.
3	(4) As used in this subsection, the term "uncompensated
4	goods or services" shall include all benefits provided to the
5	community the institution serves, including, but not limited
6	to, the following:
7	(i) The full cost of all goods or services provided
8	by the institution for which the institution has not
9	received monetary compensation or the difference between
10	the full cost and any lesser fee received for the goods
11	or services, including the cost of the goods or services
12	provided to individuals unable to pay.
13	(ii) The difference between the full cost of
14	education and research programs provided by or
15	participated in by the institution and the payment made
16	to the institution to support the education and research
17	programs.
18	(iii) The difference between the full cost of
19	providing the goods or services and the payment made to
20	the institution under any government program, including
21	individuals covered by Medicare or Medicaid.
22	(iv) The difference between the full cost of the
23	community services which the institution provides or
24	participates in and the payment made to the institution
25	to support such community services.
26	(v) The reasonable value of any moneys, property,
27	goods or services donated by the primary donor to another
28	institution of purely public charity or to a government
29	agency or the reasonable value of the net donation made
30	by a secondary donor to a primary donor. As used in this

1 subparagraph, the following words and phrases shall have 2 the following meanings: 3 "Net donation." In the case of a donation of money, 4 property or identical goods and services made by a 5 secondary donor, the difference between the value of the donation made by the secondary donor and the value of the 6 donation made by the primary donor, provided such value 7 is positive. 8 "Primary donor." An institution which makes a 9 10 donation of any money, property, goods or services to 11 another institution of purely public charity. "Secondary donor." An institution which receives a 12 13 donation of any money, property, goods or services from a 14 primary donor and then makes a donation back to that 15 primary donor within three years of having received such 16 donation. 17 (vi) The reasonable value of volunteer assistance 18 donated by individuals to the institution. The reasonable 19 value of volunteer assistance, computed on an hourly 20 basis, shall not exceed the "Statewide average weekly 21 wage" as defined in section 105.1 of the act of June 2, 22 1915 (P.L.736, No.338), known as the Workers' 23 Compensation Act divided by 40. 24 (vii) The cost of goods or services provided to an 25 individual by charitable health care facilities licensed 26 by the Department of Health or the Department of Public 27 Welfare, which are bad debts, as determined in accordance 28 with the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to the institution. 29

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(viii) The reasonable value of any moneys, property,

1 goods or services donated to a political subdivision. If the institution of purely public charity donates to a 2. 3 political subdivision an amount equal to or greater than 25% of the tax liability the exempt entity would incur if its currently tax exempt property were taxable, the institution can credit the donation at 200% of the actual value for purposes of meeting the requirements of this subsection.

(e) Charity to persons.

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- (1) The institution shall benefit a substantial and indefinite class of persons who are legitimate subjects of charity.
- (2) As used in this subsection, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this paragraph:

"Legitimate subjects of charity." Those individuals who are unable to provide themselves with what the institution provides for them.

"Substantial and indefinite class of persons." Persons not predetermined in number, provided that, where the goods or services are received primarily by members of the institution, membership cannot be predetermined in number and cannot be arbitrarily denied by a vote of the existing members. This section specifically recognizes that the use of admissions criteria and enrollment limitations by educational institutions do not constitute predetermined membership or arbitrary restrictions on membership so as to violate this section and recognizes that an institution may reasonably deny membership based on the types of services it provides, as long as denial is not in violation of Federal or State

1	antidiscrimination laws, such as the Civil Rights Act of 1964
2	(Public Law 88 352, 78 Stat. 241) and the act of October 27,
3	1955 (P.L.744, No.222), known as the Pennsylvania Human
4	Relations Act.
5	(3) An institution shall be considered to benefit a
б	substantial and indefinite class of persons who are
7	legitimate subjects of charity if the institution is
8	primarily engaged in fundraising on behalf of or making
9	grants to:
10	(i) corporations, associations, trusts or other
11	organizations which meet the criteria set forth in this
12	section;
13	(ii) government agencies; or
14	(iii) organizations which qualify under section
15	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Public
16	Law 99 514, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3)).
17	(4) An institution shall not be considered to benefit a
18	substantial and indefinite class of persons who are
19	legitimate subjects of charity if:
20	(i) the institution is not qualified under section
21	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
22	(ii) the institution is qualified under section
23	501(c)(4), (5), (6), (7), (8) or (9) of the Internal
24	Revenue Code of 1986 as any of the following:
25	(A) An association of employees, the membership
26	of which is limited to the employees of a designated
27	person or persons.
28	(B) A labor organization.
29	(C) An agricultural or horticultural
30	organization.

Τ	(D) A business league, chamber of commerce, real
2	estate board, board of trade or professional sports
3	league.
4	(E) A club organized for pleasure or recreation.
5	(F) A fraternal beneficiary society, order or
6	association.
7	(f) Government service. The institution shall relieve the
8	government of some of its burden. This criterion is satisfied if
9	the institution meets any of the following:
LO	(1) provides a service to the public that the government
L1	would otherwise be obliged to fund or to provide directly or
L2	indirectly or assure that a similar organization exists to
L3	provide the service;
L4	(2) provides services in furtherance of its charitable
L5	purpose which are either the responsibility of the government
L6	by law or which historically have been assumed or offered or
L7	funded by the government;
L8	(3) receives on a regular basis payments for services
L9	rendered under a government program if the payments are less
20	than the full costs incurred by the institution for the
21	rendering of the services or if the institution can
22	demonstrate that comparable services are more expensive when
23	provided by the government; or
24	(4) provides a service which advances important
25	community, public, spiritual, mental, physical, educational,
26	emotional, civic, historical or cultural objectives.
27	(g) Standards.
28	(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), nothing in this
29	act shall be deemed to prohibit a charitable organization
30	from conducting activities intended to influence legislation.

institution of purely public charity shall consist of carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, except as otherwise provided in section 501(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or participating in or intervening in, including the publishing or distributing of statements, any political campaign on behalf of, or in opposition to, any candidate for public office as such limitations are interpreted under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

the responsibilities or prerogatives of the political subdivision responsible for maintaining real property assessment rolls to make a determination whether a parcel of property or a portion of a parcel of property is being used to advance the charitable purpose of an institution of purely public charity, or to assess the parcel or part of the parcel of property as taxable based on the use of the parcel or part of the parcel of the institution. Such determination and assessment shall be made in accord with applicable status regarding the assessment of real property for taxation purposes and shall be made without regard to the corporate structure of the institution, the subsidiary nature of the use or the form or nature of ownership or acquisition of the property.

(4) Nothing in this act shall prohibit a political subdivision from filing challenges to or making determinations as to whether a particular parcel of property is being used to advance the charitable purpose of an institution of purely public charity.

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1 (5) No additional criteria shall be imposed on any

2 organization in order to be recognized as an institution of

3 purely public charity.

- 4 Section 6. Multiple jurisdictions.
- 5 (a) Intent.
- (1) It is the intent of the General Assembly to foster 6 uniformity in the application of the standards contained 7 8 within this act for determining status as an institution of 9 purely public charity. The General Assembly recognizes that 10 multiple jurisdictions at different levels of government will 11 be required to determine whether an organization requesting 12 tax exemption meets such standards. Because many 13 organizations will be required to seek and receive approval 14 from different governmental entities, the General Assembly 15 believes that an organization which demonstrates compliance 16 with the standards at the State level shall be entitled to a 17 rebuttable presumption that it has met those standards when
- 19 (2) The General Assembly, recognizing the interest of 20 the taxpayers in a fair and equitable system of property tax 21 assessment and the attendant statutory requirements for the 22 political subdivision responsible for maintaining real 23 property assessment roles to administer the system of 2.4 property assessment, believes that such a presumption shall 25 not in any way limit the responsibilities, prerogatives or 26 abilities of counties or local jurisdictions with respect to 27 the determination of, or challenges to, the taxable status of 28 a parcel or part of a parcel of property based on the use of 29 the parcel or part of the parcel of property.

determining qualification for local property tax exemptions.

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- 1 exemption from the tax imposed by Article II of the Tax Reform
- 2 Code, pursuant to administrative or judicial determination that
- 3 the organization qualifies for exemption under section 204(10)
- 4 of the Tax Reform Code, shall be entitled to assert a
- 5 presumption that it meets the criteria contained in section
- 6 5(b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), and any person challenging such
- 7 presumption before any agency or court shall bear the burden, by
- 8 the preponderance of evidence, of proving the contrary. The
- 9 Department of Revenue shall furnish to any institution applying
- 10 for exemption a written determination of the department's
- 11 decision including specific information concerning how the
- 12 applicant does or does not meet each of the criteria in section
- 13 5. Any organization asserting such a presumption shall be deemed
- 14 to have waived any right to confidentiality and consented to
- 15 release of any information supporting the exemption from the tax
- 16 imposed by Article II of the Tax Reform Code under section
- 17 204(10), and such information, along with the written
- 18 determination of the department's decision in support of that
- 19 exemption, shall be public record which the department shall
- 20 furnish to any person upon request. Any person challenging such
- 21 presumption may request from the institution all relevant
- 22 financial statements, records and documents used to obtain the
- 23 exemption under section 204(10) of the Tax Reform Code. Failure
- 24 by the institution to supply, or at its option, to permit
- 25 inspection of such information in its possession within 30 days
- 26 shall remove the presumption with respect to that challenge.
- 27 (c) Applicability of presumption. The provisions of this
- 28 section shall apply only to sales and use tax exemptions granted
- 29 or renewed on or after the effective date of this act.
- 30 Section 7. Existing agreements.

- 1 Nothing in this act shall be construed to affect, impair,
- 2 terminate or supersede any contract, agreement or arrangement in
- 3 effect on or before the effective date of this act which
- 4 authorizes or requires payment of taxes, amounts in lieu of
- 5 taxes, or other charges or fees for the services of a political
- 6 subdivision of this Commonwealth. Further, nothing in this act
- 7 shall be construed to impair, or otherwise inhibit, the right or
- 8 ability of any institution or political subdivision to enter
- 9 into such agreements after the effective date of this act.
- 10 Section 8. Unfair competition with small businesses.
- 11 (a) Intent. It is the policy of this act that institutions
- 12 of purely public charity shall not use their tax exempt status
- 13 to compete unfairly with small business.
- 14 (b) Rule. An institution of purely public charity may not
- 15 fund, capitalize, guarantee the indebtedness of, lease
- 16 obligations of, or subsidize a commercial business that is
- 17 unrelated to the institution's charitable purpose as stated in
- 18 the institution's charter or governing legal documents.
- 19 (c) Exceptions. Institutions of purely public charity are
- 20 not in violation of subsection (b) if any of the following
- 21 apply:
- 22 (1) The commercial business is intended only for the use
- of its employees, staff, alumni, faculty, members, students,
- 24 clients, volunteers, patients or residents. For purposes of
- 25 this paragraph, a person shall not be considered an employee,
- 26 staff, member, alumnus, faculty, student, client, volunteer,
- 27 patient or resident if the person's only relationship with
- 28 the institution is to receive products or services resulting
- 29 <u>from the commercial business.</u>
- 30 (2) The commercial business results in sales to the

- 1 general public that are incidental or periodic rather than
- 2 permanent and ongoing.
- 3 (d) Support for other charities. Nothing in this section
- 4 shall be construed as prohibiting or limiting the ability of an
- 5 institution of purely public charity to fund, capitalize,
- 6 guarantee the indebtedness of or otherwise subsidize another
- 7 institution of purely public charity.
- 8 (e) Investments. An institution of purely public charity
- 9 that invests in publicly traded stocks and bonds; real estate;
- 10 or other investments is not in violation of subsection (b).
- 11 (f) Educational functions. An institution of purely public
- 12 charity that uses its facilities to host groups for educational
- 13 purposes only is not in violation of subsection (b).
- 14 (g) Government functions. An institution of purely public
- 15 charity may engage in a new commercial business that may
- 16 otherwise be in violation of subsection (b) if the institution
- 17 is formally requested to do so by the Commonwealth or a
- 18 political subdivision.
- 19 (h) Existing arrangements. An institution of purely public
- 20 charity that prior to the effective date of this act funded,
- 21 capitalized, guaranteed the indebtedness of, leased obligations
- 22 of or subsidized a commercial business may continue to own and
- 23 operate such businesses without violating subsection (b) as long
- 24 as the institution does not substantially expand the scope of
- 25 the commercial business. In the event an injunction is issued
- 26 under subsection (i), the effect of such injunction shall be
- 27 limited to restraining the substantial expansion of the scope of
- 28 the commercial business which was initiated after the effective
- 29 date of this act.
- 30 (i) Remedies. Whenever the Attorney General receives a

- 1 complaint from an aggrieved small business or has reason to
- 2 believe that any institution of purely public charity is
- 3 violating this section and the proceedings would be in the
- 4 public interest, the Attorney General may bring an action in the
- 5 name of the Commonwealth against that institution to restrain
- 6 such violation by temporary or permanent injunction. The
- 7 Attorney General must either bring an action or issue a written
- 8 determination to the aggrieved small business within 120 days of
- 9 the filing of a complaint.
- (1) If the Attorney General fails to bring an action or
 to issue a written determination to a small business

 complainant within 120 days of the filing of a complaint, the
 small business may petition the Commonwealth Court for a writ
 of mandamus ordering the Attorney General either to bring an
 action under this section or to provide the reason or reasons
- (2) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude either an aggrieved small business or an institution of purely public charity that has been affected by a decision of the Attorney General from pursuing an appeal of that decision under 2

 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7 Subch. A (relating to judicial review of Commonwealth agency action).
- 23 Section 9. Accountability and disclosure.
- 24 (a) Intent. An institution which qualifies for a tax

why the Attorney General has declined to do so.

- 25 exemption by virtue of being designated an institution of purely
- 26 public charity has a unique responsibility to periodically
- 27 demonstrate to the public that it is fulfilling the purpose for
- 28 which the exemption is granted. The citizens of this
- 29 Commonwealth expect an organization which is granted tax
- 30 exemption to adhere to a high standard of accountability and

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- 1 public disclosure. Therefore, the institution should make an
- 2 annual report in which it makes available certain information
- 3 about its organization and its charitable activities. The report
- 4 should be made consistent with the desire of the General
- 5 Assembly to avoid burdensome reporting requirements which unduly
- 6 distract the organization from its charitable purposes.
- 7 (b) Report required. It shall be the duty of the president,
- 8 chairman or principal officer of an institution which files, or
- 9 is required to file, an annual return with the Internal Revenue
- 10 Service under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Public Law 99
- 11 514, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.) to file a report with the bureau no
- 12 later than the date, including any extensions granted by the
- 13 Internal Revenue Service, the institution files or is required
- 14 to file an annual return with the Internal Revenue Service. The
- 15 following information shall be included in the report required
- 16 by this section and shall be in a format approved by the
- 17 Secretary of the Commonwealth:
- 18 (1) A copy of the annual return filed or required to be
- 19 <u>filed with the Internal Revenue Service.</u>
- 20 (2) The date the institution was organized under
- 21 applicable law and a reference to any determination of its
- 22 tax exempt status under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
- 23 <u>including</u>, if applicable:
- 24 (i) The institution's Internal Revenue tax exemption
- 25 <u>number and the tax exempt purposes as established by the</u>
- 26 <u>Internal Revenue Service.</u>
- 27 (ii) A revocation of tax exempt status by the
- 28 <u>Internal Revenue Service.</u>
- 29 (3) The following information on each affiliate of the
- 30 institution of purely public charity:

1 (i) The name and type of organization. (ii) Whether the affiliate is organized on a for-2. 3 profit or nonprofit basis. 4 (iii) The relationship of each affiliate to the 5 institution making the report. (4) The institution's relationship with any other 6 nonprofit corporation or unincorporated association if the 7 8 relationship involves formal governance or the sharing of 9 revenue. (c) Amendments to annual returns. It shall be the duty of 10 11 the president, chairman or principal officer of any institution 12 which files an amended annual return with the Internal Revenue 13 Service to file a copy of the amended annual return with the bureau within ten days of its filing with the Internal Revenue 14 Service. 15 16 (d) Exemption from filing. 17 (1) An institution which is not required to file an 18 annual return with the Internal Revenue Service shall be exempt from the requirements of this section. 19 (2) An institution which files a consolidated annual 2.0 21 return with the Internal Revenue Service shall not be 22 required to file any report except as otherwise required by 23 this subsection. The institution shall file with the bureau a 2.4 statement giving the name and tax exempt number of the 25 organization filing the consolidated annual return. 26 (e) Paperwork reduction. The Secretary of the Commonwealth 27 shall implement procedures and may modify the reporting 28 requirements of this section in order to reduce or eliminate duplicate filing by institutions subject to this section. The 29 Secretary of the Commonwealth shall allow the president,

- 1 chairman or principal officer of an institution subject to this
- 2 section to substitute the registration statement required under
- 3 section 5 of the act of December 19, 1990 (P.L.1200, No.202),
- 4 known as the Solicitation of Funds for Charitable Purposes Act,
- 5 for those portions of the report required under subsection (b)
- 6 which duplicate the information required under section 5 of the
- 7 Solicitation of Funds for Charitable Purposes Act. The Secretary
- 8 of the Commonwealth shall allow the institution to certify that
- 9 the information required in subsection (b)(2), (3) or (4) has
- 10 not changed since the prior report in lieu of providing the same
- 11 information in the report required by subsection (b). The
- 12 Secretary of the Commonwealth may obtain from the Internal
- 13 Revenue Service copies of annual returns of institutions which
- 14 file annual returns with the Internal Revenue Service on
- 15 computer disk or other electronic or paper media.
- 16 (f) Retention of records. The Secretary of the Commonwealth
- 17 shall retain the reporting information required by this section
- 18 for three years after the reports are required to be filed.
- 19 (g) Utilization of reports. The Secretary of the
- 20 Commonwealth shall make reports submitted under this section
- 21 available for public inspection to the extent that the
- 22 information is available for public inspection under section
- 23 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The Secretary of the
- 24 Commonwealth shall provide any government agency a copy of the
- 25 report filed under this section upon request. Nothing in this
- 26 subsection shall prevent a government agency from requiring any
- 27 organization seeking exemption as an institution of purely
- 28 public charity to provide the information described in
- 29 subsection (b) to that agency as part of a determination of the
- 30 tax exempt status of the institution.

- 1 (h) Definitions. As used in this section, the following
- 2 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 3 subsection:
- 4 "Affiliate." A domestic or foreign corporation, association,
- 5 trust or other organization which owns a 10% or greater interest
- 6 in the institution. A domestic or foreign corporation,
- 7 association, trust or other organization in which the
- 8 institution owns a 10% or greater interest.
- 9 "Annual return." The annual information return required to be
- 10 filed with the Internal Revenue Service by organizations exempt
- 11 from tax by virtue of section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
- 12 Code of 1986 (Public Law 99 514, 26 U.S.C. §1, et seq.). The
- 13 annual information return consists of Internal Revenue Service
- 14 Form 990 or Form 990EZ and Schedule A.
- 15 "Bureau." The Bureau of Charitable Organizations of the
- 16 Department of State of the Commonwealth.
- 17 "Institution." A domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation,
- 18 association, trust or other organization which qualifies as an
- 19 institution of purely public charity under the provisions of
- 20 this act and which receives or claims exemption from the real
- 21 property tax imposed by any political subdivision in this
- 22 Commonwealth or which receives or claims exemption from the tax
- 23 imposed by Article II of the Tax Reform Code.
- 24 Section 10. Exemption for Federal Government instrumentality.
- 25 It is the intent of the General Assembly to affirm that all
- 26 real property owned by any corporation established by an act of
- 27 the Congress of the United States, that is required to submit
- 28 annual reports of its activities to Congress containing itemized
- 29 accounts of all receipts and expenditures after being fully
- 30 audited by the Department of Defense, for purposes of the

- 1 Constitution of Pennsylvania and the laws of this Commonwealth
- 2 relating to the assessment and taxation of real estate, is
- 3 property of a Federal Government instrumentality and thus exempt
- 4 from all State and local taxation.
- 5 Section 11. Repeals.
- 6 All acts and parts of acts are repealed insofar as they are
- 7 inconsistent with this act except for section 204(a)(3) of the
- 8 act of May 22, 1933 (P.L.853, No.155), known as The General
- 9 County Assessment Law, as it applies to charitable organizations
- 10 providing residential housing services.
- 11 Section 12. Applicability.
- 12 This act shall not apply to nor affect 40 Pa.C.S. § 6103 or
- 13 6301 or the entities subject to those sections.
- 14 Section 13. Effective date.
- 15 This act shall take effect January 1, next following the date
- 16 of final enactment.
- 17 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 18 THIS ACT SHALL BE KNOWN AND MAY BE CITED AS THE INSTITUTIONS

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- 19 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY ACT.
- 20 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE INTENT.
- 21 (A) FINDINGS.--THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES AS
- 22 FOLLOWS:
- 23 (1) IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THIS COMMONWEALTH AND
- 24 ITS CITIZENS THAT THE RECOGNITION OF TAX-EXEMPT STATUS BE
- 25 ACCOMPLISHED IN AN ORDERLY, UNIFORM AND ECONOMICAL MANNER.
- 26 (2) FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS, IT HAS BEEN THE POLICY OF
- 27 THIS COMMONWEALTH TO FOSTER THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF
- 28 INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY BY EXEMPTING THEM FROM
- 29 TAXATION.
- 30 (3) BECAUSE INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY

- 1 CONTRIBUTE TO THE COMMON GOOD OR LESSEN THE BURDEN OF
- 2 GOVERNMENT, THE HISTORIC POLICY OF EXEMPTING THESE
- 3 INSTITUTIONS FROM TAXATION SHOULD BE CONTINUED.
- 4 (4) LACK OF SPECIFIC LEGISLATIVE STANDARDS DEFINING THE
- 5 TERM "INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY" HAS LED TO
- 6 INCREASING CONFUSION AND CONFRONTATION AMONG TRADITIONALLY
- 7 TAX-EXEMPT INSTITUTIONS AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS TO THE
- 8 DETRIMENT OF THE PUBLIC.
- 9 (5) THERE IS INCREASING CONCERN THAT THE ELIGIBILITY
- 10 STANDARDS FOR CHARITABLE TAX EXEMPTIONS ARE BEING APPLIED
- 11 INCONSISTENTLY, WHICH MAY VIOLATE THE UNIFORMITY PROVISION OF
- 12 THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
- 13 (6) RECOGNIZING THE INTEREST OF THE TAXPAYERS IN A FAIR
- 14 AND EQUITABLE SYSTEM OF PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT AND THE
- 15 ATTENDANT STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE POLITICAL
- 16 SUBDIVISION RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING REAL PROPERTY
- 17 ASSESSMENT ROLES TO ADMINISTER THE SYSTEM OF PROPERTY
- 18 ASSESSMENT, THIS ACT SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY LIMIT THE
- 19 RESPONSIBILITIES, PREROGATIVES OR ABILITIES OF POLITICAL
- 20 SUBDIVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE DETERMINATION OF, OR
- 21 CHALLENGES TO, THE TAXABLE STATUS OF A PARCEL OF PROPERTY
- 22 BASED ON THE USE OF THE PARCEL OR PART OF THE PARCEL OF
- PROPERTY.
- 24 (7) INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY BENEFIT
- 25 SUBSTANTIALLY FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES. THESE
- 26 INSTITUTIONS HAVE SIGNIFICANT VALUE TO THE COMMONWEALTH AND
- 27 ITS CITIZENS AND THE NEED EXISTS FOR REVENUES TO MAINTAIN
- 28 LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES PROVIDED FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL
- 29 CITIZENS, INCLUDING INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY. IT
- 30 IS THE INTENT OF THIS ACT TO ENCOURAGE FINANCIALLY SECURE

- 1 INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY TO ENTER INTO VOLUNTARY
- 2 AGREEMENTS OR MAINTAIN EXISTING OR CONTINUING AGREEMENTS FOR
- 3 THE PURPOSE OF DEFRAYING SOME OF THE COST OF VARIOUS LOCAL
- 4 GOVERNMENT SERVICES. PAYMENTS MADE UNDER SUCH AGREEMENTS
- 5 SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ANY FIDUCIARY
- 6 OBLIGATION PERTAINING TO SUCH INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 7 CHARITY, ITS OFFICERS OR DIRECTORS.
- 8 (B) INTENT.--IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO
- 9 ELIMINATE INCONSISTENT APPLICATION OF ELIGIBILITY STANDARDS FOR
- 10 CHARITABLE TAX EXEMPTIONS, REDUCE CONFUSION AND CONFRONTATION
- 11 AMONG TRADITIONALLY TAX-EXEMPT INSTITUTIONS AND POLITICAL
- 12 SUBDIVISIONS AND ENSURE THAT CHARITABLE AND PUBLIC FUNDS ARE NOT
- 13 UNNECESSARILY DIVERTED FROM THE PUBLIC GOOD TO LITIGATE
- 14 ELIGIBILITY FOR TAX-EXEMPT STATUS BY PROVIDING STANDARDS TO BE
- 15 APPLIED UNIFORMLY IN ALL PROCEEDINGS THROUGHOUT THIS
- 16 COMMONWEALTH FOR DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY FOR EXEMPTION FROM
- 17 STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION WHICH ARE CONSISTENT WITH TRADITIONAL
- 18 LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL APPLICATIONS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL TERM
- 19 "INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY."
- 20 SECTION 3. DEFINITIONS.
- 21 THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND PHRASES WHEN USED IN THIS ACT SHALL
- 22 HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS SECTION UNLESS THE
- 23 CONTEXT CLEARLY INDICATES OTHERWISE:
- 24 "AFFILIATE." A DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN CORPORATION, ASSOCIATION,
- 25 TRUST OR OTHER ORGANIZATION WHICH OWNS A 10% OR GREATER INTEREST
- 26 IN AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY. A DOMESTIC OR
- 27 FOREIGN CORPORATION, ASSOCIATION, TRUST OR OTHER ORGANIZATION IN
- 28 WHICH AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY OWNS A 10% OR
- 29 GREATER INTEREST.
- 30 "ANNUAL RETURN." THE ANNUAL INFORMATION RETURN REQUIRED TO BE

- 1 FILED WITH THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE BY INSTITUTIONS EXEMPT
- 2 FROM TAX UNDER SECTION 501(A) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF
- 3 1986 (PUBLIC LAW 99-514, 26 U.S.C. §1, ET SEQ.). THE ANNUAL
- 4 INFORMATION RETURN CONSISTS OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE FORM 990
- 5 OR FORM 990EZ AND SCHEDULE A OR ANY SUCCEEDING FORM USED FOR THE
- 6 SAME OR SIMILAR PURPOSE. FOR AN INSTITUTION, WHICH IS NOT
- 7 REQUIRED TO FILE SUCH RETURNS, THE INSTITUTION'S ANNUAL
- 8 FINANCIAL STATEMENT WITH REPORTED INCOME SHALL CONSTITUTE ITS
- 9 ANNUAL RETURN.
- 10 "BUREAU." THE BUREAU OF CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS OF THE
- 11 DEPARTMENT OF STATE OF THE COMMONWEALTH.
- 12 "COMMERCIAL BUSINESS." THE SALE OF PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THAT
- 13 ARE PRINCIPALLY THE SAME AS THOSE OFFERED BY AN EXISTING SMALL
- 14 BUSINESS IN THE SAME COMMUNITY.
- 15 "CONTRIBUTION." THE PROMISE, GRANT, PLEDGE OR GIFT OF MONEY,
- 16 PROPERTY, GOODS, SERVICES, FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OR OTHER SIMILAR
- 17 REMITTANCE.
- 18 "GOODS OR SERVICES." GOODS OR SERVICES WHICH PROMOTE ANY OF
- 19 THE ENUMERATED PURPOSES UNDER SECTION 5(B) AND WHICH ARE VALUED
- 20 IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES
- 21 APPLICABLE TO THE INSTITUTION.
- 22 "GOVERNMENT AGENCY." ANY COMMONWEALTH AGENCY OR ANY
- 23 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR MUNICIPAL OR OTHER LOCAL AUTHORITY OR
- 24 ANY OFFICER OR AGENCY OF ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR LOCAL
- 25 AUTHORITY.
- 26 "INSTITUTION." A DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN NONPROFIT CORPORATION,
- 27 ASSOCIATION OR TRUST OR OTHER SIMILAR ENTITY.
- 28 "INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY." AN INSTITUTION WHICH
- 29 MEETS THE CRITERIA UNDER SECTION 5.
- 30 "NET OPERATING INCOME." THE AMOUNT OF FUNDS REMAINING AFTER

- 1 ALL OPERATING EXPENSES RELATED TO THE PROVISION OF GOODS OR
- 2 SERVICES ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSTITUTION'S CHARITABLE PURPOSE
- 3 ARE DEDUCTED FROM PAYMENTS RECEIVED FOR PROVIDING THESE GOODS OR
- 4 SERVICES, AS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED
- 5 ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES APPLICABLE TO THE INSTITUTION.
- 6 "POLITICAL SUBDIVISION." ANY COUNTY, CITY, BOROUGH, TOWN,
- 7 TOWNSHIP, SCHOOL DISTRICT, VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT AND COUNTY
- 8 INSTITUTION DISTRICT.
- 9 "PROGRAM SERVICE REVENUE." INCOME EARNED FROM THE PROVISION
- 10 OF GOODS OR SERVICES, INCLUDING GOVERNMENT FEES AND CONTRACTS
- 11 ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSTITUTION'S CHARITABLE PURPOSE, WHICH IS
- 12 REPORTED ON THE ANNUAL RETURN.
- 13 "SMALL BUSINESS." ANY SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL, SOLE
- 14 PROPRIETORSHIP, FIRM, CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, ASSOCIATION OR
- 15 OTHER ENTITY THAT:
- 16 (1) HAS FEWER THAN 101 FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES; AND
- 17 (2) IS SUBJECT TO INCOME TAXATION UNDER THE ACT OF MARCH
- 18 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971.
- 19 "TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES." THE COSTS RELATED TO THE
- 20 PROVISION OF GOODS OR SERVICES ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSTITUTION'S
- 21 CHARITABLE PURPOSE, AS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY
- 22 ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES APPLICABLE TO THE INSTITUTION.
- 23 "VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT." AN AGREEMENT, CONTRACT OR OTHER
- 24 ARRANGEMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECEIVING CONTRIBUTIONS PURSUANT
- 25 TO SECTION 7 BETWEEN A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION AND AN INSTITUTION
- 26 SEEKING OR POSSESSING AN EXEMPTION AS AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
- 27 PUBLIC CHARITY. THESE CONTRIBUTIONS ARE FOR THE PURPOSE OF
- 28 DEFRAYING SOME OF THE COST OF VARIOUS LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES.
- 29 THE TERM INCLUDES THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE
- 30 FOUNDATIONS BY INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY.

- 1 SECTION 4. STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITIES.
- 2 (A) GENERAL RULE. -- IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
- 3 TO RECOGNIZE THAT THE STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITIES PROVIDE A
- 4 DIRECT PUBLIC BENEFIT AND SERVE THE PUBLIC PURPOSES OF THIS
- 5 COMMONWEALTH BY DECLARING THE REAL PROPERTY OF STATE-RELATED
- 6 UNIVERSITIES TO BE PUBLIC PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF EXEMPTION
- 7 FROM STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION WHEN THE PROPERTY IS ACTUALLY AND
- 8 REGULARLY USED FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES, PROVIDED THAT NOTHING IN
- 9 THIS SECTION IS INTENDED OR SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT THE
- 10 TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY OF STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITIES OR THE
- 11 POWER AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNING BODIES OF STATE-RELATED
- 12 UNIVERSITIES WITH RESPECT TO SUCH REAL PROPERTY. FURTHER,
- 13 NOTHING IN THIS SECTION IS INTENDED OR SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO
- 14 AFFECT, IMPAIR OR TERMINATE ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT IN EFFECT
- 15 ON OR BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION BY AND BETWEEN A
- 16 STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITY AND ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION WHEREIN
- 17 THE STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITY PAYS REAL ESTATE TAXES, AMOUNTS IN
- 18 LIEU OF REAL ESTATE TAXES OR OTHER CHARGES, FEES OR
- 19 CONTRIBUTIONS FOR GOVERNMENT SERVICES.
- 20 (B) REAL PROPERTY. -- ALL REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY STATE-RELATED
- 21 UNIVERSITIES, OR OWNED BY THE COMMONWEALTH AND USED BY A STATE-
- 22 RELATED UNIVERSITY, IS AND SHALL BE DEEMED PUBLIC PROPERTY FOR
- 23 PURPOSES OF THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND THE LAWS OF
- 24 THIS COMMONWEALTH RELATING TO THE ASSESSMENT, TAXATION AND
- 25 EXEMPTION OF REAL ESTATE AND SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM ALL STATE AND
- 26 LOCAL TAXATION WHEN ACTUALLY AND REGULARLY USED FOR PUBLIC
- 27 PURPOSES.
- 28 (C) EXCEPTION.--THIS SECTION SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE PROPERTY
- 29 OF A STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITY THE POSSESSION AND CONTROL OF
- 30 WHICH HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED TO A FOR-PROFIT ENTITY NOT OTHERWISE

- 1 ENTITLED TO TAX-EXEMPT STATUS, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER THAT
- 2 ENTITY IS AFFILIATED WITH THE UNIVERSITY. THE EXECUTION OF A
- 3 MANAGEMENT SERVICES CONTRACT WITH A THIRD PARTY ENTITY TO
- 4 PROVIDE OPERATIONAL SERVICES TO THE UNIVERSITY WHICH WOULD
- 5 OTHERWISE BE PROVIDED OR CONDUCTED DIRECTLY BY THE UNIVERSITY
- 6 SHALL NOT, HOWEVER, BE CONSIDERED A TRANSFER OF POSSESSION AND
- 7 CONTROL OF REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS SECTION.
- 8 (D) DEFINITIONS.--AS USED IN THIS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING
- 9 WORDS AND PHRASES SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS
- 10 SUBSECTION:
- 11 "PUBLIC PURPOSES." ALL ACTIVITIES RELATING TO THE
- 12 EDUCATIONAL MISSION OF STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITIES, INCLUDING
- 13 TEACHING, RESEARCH, SERVICE AND ACTIVITIES INCIDENT OR ANCILLARY
- 14 THERETO WHICH PROVIDE SERVICES TO OR FOR STUDENTS, EMPLOYEES OR
- 15 THE PUBLIC.
- 16 "STATE-RELATED UNIVERSITIES." THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE
- 17 UNIVERSITY AND ITS AFFILIATE, THE PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE OF
- 18 TECHNOLOGY, THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH, TEMPLE UNIVERSITY AND
- 19 ITS SUBSIDIARIES TEMPLE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, INC., AND TEMPLE
- 20 UNIVERSITY CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL, INC., AND LINCOLN UNIVERSITY.
- 21 SECTION 5. CRITERIA FOR INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY.
- 22 (A) GENERAL RULE. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 23 IS AN INSTITUTION WHICH MEETS THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN
- 24 SUBSECTIONS (B), (C), (D), (E) AND (F). AN INSTITUTION WHICH
- 25 MEETS THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSIDERED
- 26 TO BE FOUNDED, ENDOWED AND MAINTAINED BY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE
- 27 CHARITY.
- 28 (B) CHARITABLE PURPOSE. -- THE INSTITUTION MUST ADVANCE A
- 29 CHARITABLE PURPOSE. THIS CRITERION IS SATISFIED IF THE
- 30 INSTITUTION IS ORGANIZED AND OPERATED PRIMARILY TO FULFILL ANY

- 1 ONE OR COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES:
- 2 (1) RELIEF OF POVERTY.
- 3 (2) ADVANCEMENT AND PROVISION OF EDUCATION. THIS
- 4 PARAGRAPH INCLUDES POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION.
- 5 (3) ADVANCEMENT OF RELIGION.
- 6 (4) PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF DISEASE OR INJURY,
- 7 INCLUDING MENTAL RETARDATION AND MENTAL DISORDERS.
- 8 (5) GOVERNMENT OR MUNICIPAL PURPOSES.
- 9 (6) ACCOMPLISHMENT OF A PURPOSE WHICH IS RECOGNIZED AS
- 10 IMPORTANT AND BENEFICIAL TO THE PUBLIC AND WHICH ADVANCES
- 11 SOCIAL, MORAL OR PHYSICAL OBJECTIVES.
- 12 (C) PRIVATE PROFIT MOTIVE. -- THE INSTITUTION MUST OPERATE
- 13 ENTIRELY FREE FROM PRIVATE PROFIT MOTIVE. NOTWITHSTANDING
- 14 WHETHER THE INSTITUTION'S REVENUES EXCEED ITS EXPENSES, THIS
- 15 CRITERION IS SATISFIED IF THE INSTITUTION MEETS ALL OF THE
- 16 FOLLOWING:
- 17 (1) NEITHER THE INSTITUTION'S NET EARNINGS NOR DONATIONS
- 18 WHICH IT RECEIVES INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF PRIVATE
- 19 SHAREHOLDERS OR OTHER INDIVIDUALS, AS THE PRIVATE INUREMENT
- 20 STANDARD IS INTERPRETED UNDER SECTION 501(C)(3) OF THE
- 21 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (PUBLIC LAW 99-514, 26 U.S.C. §
- 22 501(C)(3)).
- 23 (2) THE INSTITUTION APPLIES OR RESERVES ALL REVENUE,
- 24 INCLUDING CONTRIBUTIONS, IN EXCESS OF EXPENSES IN FURTHERANCE
- 25 OF ITS CHARITABLE PURPOSE OR TO FUNDING OF OTHER INSTITUTIONS
- 26 WHICH MEET THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION AND SUBSECTION
- 27 (B).
- 28 (3) COMPENSATION, INCLUDING BENEFITS, OF ANY DIRECTOR,
- OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE, IS NOT BASED PRIMARILY UPON THE
- 30 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE INSTITUTION.

1	(4) THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY
2	PUBLIC CHARITY HAS ADOPTED, AS PART OF ITS ARTICLES OF
3	INCORPORATION, OR IF UNINCORPORATED, OTHER GOVERNING LEGAL
4	DOCUMENTS, A PROVISION THAT EXPRESSLY PROHIBITS THE USE OF
5	ANY SURPLUS FUNDS FOR PRIVATE INUREMENT TO ANY PERSON IN THE
6	EVENT OF A SALE OR DISSOLUTION OF THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY
7	PUBLIC CHARITY.
8	(D) COMMUNITY SERVICE
9	(1) THE INSTITUTION MUST DONATE OR RENDER GRATUITOUSLY A
10	SUBSTANTIAL PORTION OF ITS SERVICES. THIS CRITERION IS
11	SATISFIED IF THE INSTITUTION BENEFITS THE COMMUNITY BY
12	ACTUALLY PROVIDING ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
13	(I) GOODS OR SERVICES TO ALL WHO SEEK THEM WITHOUT
14	REGARD TO THEIR ABILITY TO PAY FOR WHAT THEY RECEIVE IF
15	ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:
16	(A) THE INSTITUTION HAS A WRITTEN POLICY TO THIS
17	EFFECT.
18	(B) THE INSTITUTION HAS PUBLISHED THIS POLICY IN
19	A REASONABLE MANNER.
20	(C) THE INSTITUTION PROVIDES UNCOMPENSATED GOODS
21	OR SERVICES AT LEAST EQUAL TO 75% OF THE
22	INSTITUTION'S NET OPERATING INCOME BUT NOT LESS THAN
23	3% OF THE INSTITUTION'S TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES.
24	(II) GOODS OR SERVICES FOR FEES THAT ARE BASED UPON
25	THE RECIPIENT'S ABILITY TO PAY FOR THEM IF ALL OF THE
26	FOLLOWING APPLY:
27	(A) THE INSTITUTION CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT IT HAS
28	IMPLEMENTED A WRITTEN POLICY AND A WRITTEN SCHEDULE
29	OF FEES BASED ON INDIVIDUAL OR FAMILY INCOME. AN
30	INSTITUTION WILL MEET THE REQUIREMENT OF THIS CLAUSE

1 IF THE INSTITUTION CONSISTENTLY APPLIES A FORMULA TO ALL INDIVIDUALS REQUESTING CONSIDERATION OF REDUCED 2. 3 FEES WHICH IS IN PART BASED ON INDIVIDUAL OR FAMILY 4 INCOME. 5 (B) AT LEAST 20% OF THE INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING GOODS OR SERVICES FROM THE INSTITUTION PAY NO FEE OR 6 A FEE WHICH IS LOWER THAN THE COST OF THE GOODS OR 7 SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE INSTITUTION. 8 9 (C) AT LEAST 10% OF THE INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING GOODS OR SERVICES FROM THE INSTITUTION RECEIVE A 10 11 REDUCTION IN FEES OF AT LEAST 10% OF THE COST OF THE 12 GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED TO THEM. 13 (D) NO INDIVIDUAL RECEIVING GOODS OR SERVICES 14 FROM THE INSTITUTION PAYS A FEE WHICH IS EQUAL TO OR 15 GREATER THAN THE COST OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES 16 PROVIDED TO THEM, OR THE GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED 17 TO THE INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (B) ARE 18 COMPARABLE IN QUALITY AND QUANTITY TO THE GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED TO THOSE INDIVIDUALS WHO PAY A FEE 19 20 WHICH IS EOUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE COST OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED TO THEM. 21 (III) WHOLLY GRATUITOUS GOODS OR SERVICES TO AT 22 23 LEAST 5% OF THOSE RECEIVING SIMILAR GOODS OR SERVICES FROM THE INSTITUTION. 24 25 (IV) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OR UNCOMPENSATED GOODS OR 26 SERVICES TO AT LEAST 20% OF THOSE RECEIVING SIMILAR GOODS 27 OR SERVICES FROM THE INSTITUTION IF AT LEAST 10% OF THE 28 INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING GOODS OR SERVICES FROM THE 29 INSTITUTION EITHER PAID NO FEES OR FEES WHICH WERE 90% OR

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LESS OF THE COST OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED TO

- 1 THEM, AFTER CONSIDERATION OF ANY FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
 2 PROVIDED TO THEM BY THE INSTITUTION.
 - (V) UNCOMPENSATED GOODS OR SERVICES WHICH, IN THE AGGREGATE, ARE EQUAL TO AT LEAST 5% OF THE INSTITUTION'S COSTS OF PROVIDING GOODS OR SERVICES.
 - (VI) GOODS OR SERVICES AT NO FEE OR REDUCED FEES TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES OR GOODS OR SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE FOR GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS IF ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
 - (A) THE INSTITUTION RECEIVES 75% OR MORE OF ITS
 GROSS OPERATING REVENUE FROM GRANTS OR FEE-FORSERVICE PAYMENTS BY GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND IF THE
 AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF FEE-FOR-SERVICE PAYMENTS FROM
 GOVERNMENT AGENCIES DOES NOT EXCEED 95% OF THE
 INSTITUTION'S COSTS OF PROVIDING GOODS OR SERVICES TO
 THE INDIVIDUALS FOR WHOM THE FEE-FOR-SERVICES
 PAYMENTS ARE MADE.
- 18 (B) THE INSTITUTION PROVIDES GOODS OR SERVICES 19 TO INDIVIDUALS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION, TO 20 INDIVIDUALS WHO NEED MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES, TO MEMBERS OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S FAMILY OR GUARDIAN IN 21 22 SUPPORT OF SUCH GOODS OR SERVICES OR TO INDIVIDUALS 23 WHO ARE DEPENDENT, NEGLECTED OR DELINQUENT CHILDREN, AS LONG AS THE INSTITUTION PERFORMS DUTIES THAT WOULD 24 25 OTHERWISE BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF GOVERNMENT AND THE 26 INSTITUTION IS RESTRICTED IN ITS ABILITY TO RETAIN 27 REVENUE OVER EXPENSES OR VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS BY 28 ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING STATUTES OR REGULATIONS OR 29 BY CONTRACTUAL LIMITATIONS WITH COUNTY CHILDREN AND 30 YOUTH OFFICES IN THIS COMMONWEALTH:

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1	(I) SECTIONS 1315(C) AND 1905(D) OF THE
2	SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (49 STAT. 620, 42 U.S.C. §§
3	1396D(D) AND 1396N(C)).
4	(II) 42 CFR 440.150 (RELATING TO
5	INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITY (ICF/MR) SERVICES.
6	(III) 42 CFR PT. 483 SUBPT. I (RELATING TO
7	CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION FOR INTERMEDIATE CARE
8	FACILITIES FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED).
9	(IV) THE ACT OF OCTOBER 20, 1966 (3RD
10	SP.SESS., P.L.96, NO.6), KNOWN AS THE MENTAL
11	HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION ACT OF 1966.
12	(V) ARTICLES II, VII, IX AND X OF THE ACT OF
13	JUNE 13, 1967 (P.L.31, NO.21), KNOWN AS THE
14	PUBLIC WELFARE CODE.
15	(VI) 23 PA.C.S. CH. 63 (RELATING TO CHILD
16	PROTECTIVE SERVICES).
17	(VII) 42 PA.C.S. CH. 63 (RELATING TO
18	JUVENILE MATTERS).
19	(VIII) 55 PA. CODE CHS. 3170 (RELATING TO
20	ALLOWABLE COSTS AND PROCEDURES FOR COUNTY
21	CHILDREN AND YOUTH), 3680 (RELATING TO
22	ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATION OF A CHILDREN AND
23	YOUTH SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCY) 4300 (RELATING TO
24	COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION
25	FISCAL MANUAL), 6400 (RELATING TO COMMUNITY HOMES
26	FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION), 6500
27	(RELATING TO FAMILY LIVING HOMES), 6210 (RELATING
28	TO PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE
29	INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES FOR THE MENTALLY
30	RETARDED PROGRAM), 6211 (RELATING TO ALLOWABLE

1 COST REIMBURSEMENT FOR NON-STATE OPERATED 2 INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES FOR THE MENTALLY 3 RETARDED) AND 6600 (RELATING TO INTERMEDIATE CARE 4 FACILITIES FOR AND 6600 (RELATING TO INTERMEDIATE 5 CARE FACILITIES FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED). (VII) FUNDRAISING ON BEHALF OF, OR GRANTS TO, AN 6 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, AN ENTITY SIMILARLY 7 RECOGNIZED BY ANOTHER STATE OR FOREIGN JURISDICTION, A 8 9 OUALIFYING RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION OR A GOVERNMENT AGENCY 10 AND ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION OF A SUBSTANTIAL PORTION OF THE 11 FUNDS RAISED OR CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED TO AN INSTITUTION 12 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, AN ENTITY SIMILARLY RECOGNIZED 13 BY ANOTHER STATE OR FOREIGN JURISDICTION, A QUALIFYING RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION OR A GOVERNMENT AGENCY. 14 15 (2) THE INSTITUTION MAY ELECT TO AVERAGE THE APPLICABLE DATA FOR ITS FIVE MOST RECENTLY COMPLETED FISCAL YEARS FOR 16 17 THE PURPOSES OF CALCULATING ANY FORMULA OR MEETING ANY 18 QUANTITATIVE STANDARD IN PARAGRAPH (1). 19 (3) FOR THE PURPOSES OF CALCULATING THE NUMBER OF 20 INDIVIDUALS FOR USE IN THE PERCENTAGE CALCULATIONS IN THIS 21 SUBSECTION, EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS MAY USE FULL TIME 22 EQUIVALENT STUDENTS AS DEFINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF 23 EDUCATION. (4) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TERM 24 25 "UNCOMPENSATED GOODS OR SERVICES" SHALL BE LIMITED TO ANY OF 26 THE FOLLOWING: 27 (I) THE FULL COST OF ALL GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED 28 BY THE INSTITUTION FOR WHICH THE INSTITUTION HAS NOT 29 RECEIVED MONETARY COMPENSATION OR THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN

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THE FULL COST AND ANY LESSER FEE RECEIVED FOR THE GOODS

OR SERVICES, INCLUDING THE COST OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES
PROVIDED TO INDIVIDUALS UNABLE TO PAY.

- (II) THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE FULL COST OF

 EDUCATION AND RESEARCH PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY OR

 PARTICIPATED IN BY THE INSTITUTION AND THE PAYMENT MADE

 TO THE INSTITUTION TO SUPPORT THE EDUCATION AND RESEARCH

 PROGRAMS.
- (III) THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE FULL COST OF
 PROVIDING THE GOODS OR SERVICES AND THE PAYMENT MADE TO
 THE INSTITUTION UNDER ANY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM, INCLUDING
 INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY MEDICARE OR MEDICAID.
- (IV) THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE FULL COST OF THE COMMUNITY SERVICES WHICH THE INSTITUTION PROVIDES OR PARTICIPATES IN AND THE PAYMENT MADE TO THE INSTITUTION TO SUPPORT SUCH COMMUNITY SERVICES.
- (V) THE REASONABLE VALUE OF ANY MONEYS, PROPERTY,
 GOODS OR SERVICES DONATED BY A PRIMARY DONOR TO AN
 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY OR TO A GOVERNMENT
 AGENCY OR THE REASONABLE VALUE OF THE NET DONATION MADE
 BY A SECONDARY DONOR TO A PRIMARY DONOR. AS USED IN THIS
 SUBPARAGRAPH, THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND PHRASES SHALL HAVE
 THE FOLLOWING MEANINGS:

"NET DONATION." IN THE CASE OF A DONATION OF MONEY,
PROPERTY OR IDENTICAL GOODS AND SERVICES MADE BY A

SECONDARY DONOR, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE VALUE OF THE
DONATION MADE BY THE SECONDARY DONOR AND THE VALUE OF THE
DONATION MADE BY THE PRIMARY DONOR, PROVIDED SUCH VALUE
IS POSITIVE.

29 "PRIMARY DONOR." AN INSTITUTION WHICH MAKES A
30 DONATION OF ANY MONEY, PROPERTY, GOODS OR SERVICES TO AN

1 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY.

"SECONDARY DONOR." AN INSTITUTION WHICH RECEIVES A

DONATION OF ANY MONEY, PROPERTY, GOODS OR SERVICES FROM A

PRIMARY DONOR AND THEN MAKES A DONATION BACK TO THAT

PRIMARY DONOR WITHIN THREE YEARS OF HAVING RECEIVED SUCH

DONATION.

- (VI) THE REASONABLE VALUE OF VOLUNTEER ASSISTANCE
 DONATED BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE INVOLVED OR ASSIST IN THE
 PROVISION OF GOODS OR SERVICES BY THE INSTITUTION. THE
 REASONABLE VALUE OF VOLUNTEER ASSISTANCE, COMPUTED ON AN
 HOURLY BASIS, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE "STATEWIDE AVERAGE
 WEEKLY WAGE" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 105.1 OF THE ACT OF
 JUNE 2, 1915 (P.L.736, NO.338), KNOWN AS THE WORKERS'
 COMPENSATION ACT DIVIDED BY 40.
- 15 (VII) THE COST OF GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED BY AN

 16 INSTITUTION LICENSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OR THE

 17 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE TO INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE

 18 UNABLE TO PAY PROVIDED THAT REASONABLE AND CUSTOMARY

 19 COLLECTION EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE BY THE INSTITUTION.
- 20 (VIII) THE VALUE OF ANY VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT AS SET 21 FORTH IN SECTION 7(C).
- 22 (E) CHARITY TO PERSONS.--
- 23 (1) THE INSTITUTION MUST BENEFIT A SUBSTANTIAL AND
 24 INDEFINITE CLASS OF PERSONS WHO ARE LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF
 25 CHARITY.
- 26 (2) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND
 27 PHRASES SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS
 28 PARAGRAPH:
- "LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF CHARITY." THOSE INDIVIDUALS WHO
- 30 ARE UNABLE TO PROVIDE THEMSELVES WITH WHAT THE INSTITUTION

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- 1 PROVIDES FOR THEM.
- 2 "SUBSTANTIAL AND INDEFINITE CLASS OF PERSONS." PERSONS
- 3 NOT PREDETERMINED IN NUMBER, PROVIDED THAT, WHERE THE GOODS
- 4 OR SERVICES ARE RECEIVED PRIMARILY BY MEMBERS OF THE
- 5 INSTITUTION, MEMBERSHIP CANNOT BE PREDETERMINED IN NUMBER AND
- 6 CANNOT BE ARBITRARILY DENIED BY A VOTE OF THE EXISTING
- 7 MEMBERS. THIS SUBSECTION SPECIFICALLY RECOGNIZES THAT THE USE
- 8 OF ADMISSIONS CRITERIA AND ENROLLMENT LIMITATIONS BY
- 9 EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS DO NOT CONSTITUTE PREDETERMINED
- 10 MEMBERSHIP OR ARBITRARY RESTRICTIONS ON MEMBERSHIP SO AS TO
- 11 VIOLATE THIS SECTION AND RECOGNIZES THAT AN INSTITUTION MAY
- 12 REASONABLY DENY MEMBERSHIP BASED ON THE TYPES OF SERVICES IT
- PROVIDES, AS LONG AS DENIAL IS NOT IN VIOLATION OF FEDERAL OR
- 14 STATE ANTIDISCRIMINATION LAWS, SUCH AS THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT
- 15 OF 1964 (PUBLIC LAW 88-352, 78 STAT. 241) AND THE ACT OF
- 16 OCTOBER 27, 1955 (P.L.744, NO.222), KNOWN AS THE PENNSYLVANIA
- 17 HUMAN RELATIONS ACT.
- 18 (3) AN INSTITUTION SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BENEFIT A
- 19 SUBSTANTIAL AND INDEFINITE CLASS OF PERSONS WHO ARE
- 20 LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF CHARITY IF THE INSTITUTION IS
- 21 PRIMARILY ENGAGED IN FUNDRAISING ON BEHALF OF OR MAKING
- 22 GRANTS TO AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, AN ENTITY
- 23 SIMILARLY RECOGNIZED BY ANOTHER STATE OR FOREIGN
- 24 JURISDICTION, A QUALIFYING RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION OR A
- 25 GOVERNMENT AGENCY AND THERE IS ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION OF A
- 26 SUBSTANTIAL PORTION OF THE FUNDS RAISED OR CONTRIBUTIONS
- 27 RECEIVED TO AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, AN
- 28 ENTITY SIMILARLY RECOGNIZED BY ANOTHER STATE OR FOREIGN
- JURISDICTION, A QUALIFYING RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION OR A
- 30 GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

1	(4) AN INSTITUTION WHICH OPERATES EXCLUSIVELY ON A
2	VOLUNTARY BASIS TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY HEALTH AND SAFETY
3	SERVICES TO THE COMMUNITY OR AN INSTITUTION WHICH PROVIDES
4	FUNDS AND SUPPORT EXCLUSIVELY TO VOLUNTEER INSTITUTIONS WHICH
5	PROVIDE EMERGENCY HEALTH AND SAFETY SERVICES TO THE COMMUNITY
6	SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BENEFIT A SUBSTANTIAL AND INDEFINITE
7	CLASS OF PERSONS WHO ARE LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF CHARITY.
8	(5) AN INSTITUTION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED TO BENEFIT A
9	SUBSTANTIAL AND INDEFINITE CLASS OF PERSONS WHO ARE
10	LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF CHARITY IF:
11	(I) THE INSTITUTION IS NOT QUALIFIED UNDER SECTION
12	501(C)(3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C.
13	§ 501(C)(3)); AND
14	(II) THE INSTITUTION IS QUALIFIED UNDER SECTION
15	501(C)(4), (5), (6), (7), (8) OR (9) OF THE INTERNAL
16	REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 501(C)(4), (5), (6),
17	(7), (8) OR (9)) AS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
18	(A) AN ASSOCIATION OF EMPLOYEES, THE MEMBERSHIP
19	OF WHICH IS LIMITED TO THE EMPLOYEES OF A DESIGNATED
20	PERSON OR PERSONS.
21	(B) A LABOR ORGANIZATION.
22	(C) AN AGRICULTURAL OR HORTICULTURAL
23	ORGANIZATION.
24	(D) A BUSINESS LEAGUE, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, REAL
25	ESTATE BOARD, BOARD OF TRADE OR PROFESSIONAL SPORTS
26	LEAGUE.
27	(E) A CLUB ORGANIZED FOR PLEASURE OR RECREATION.
28	(F) A FRATERNAL BENEFICIARY SOCIETY, ORDER OR
29	ASSOCIATION.
30	(F) GOVERNMENT SERVICE THE INSTITUTION MUST RELIEVE THE

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- 1 GOVERNMENT OF SOME OF ITS BURDEN. THIS CRITERION IS SATISFIED IF
- 2 THE INSTITUTION MEETS ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 3 (1) PROVIDES A SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC THAT THE GOVERNMENT
- 4 WOULD OTHERWISE BE OBLIGED TO FUND OR TO PROVIDE DIRECTLY OR
- 5 INDIRECTLY OR TO ASSURE THAT A SIMILAR INSTITUTION EXISTS TO
- 6 PROVIDE THE SERVICE.
- 7 (2) PROVIDES SERVICES IN FURTHERANCE OF ITS CHARITABLE
- 8 PURPOSE WHICH ARE EITHER THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GOVERNMENT
- 9 BY LAW OR WHICH HISTORICALLY HAVE BEEN ASSUMED OR OFFERED OR
- 10 FUNDED BY THE GOVERNMENT.
- 11 (3) RECEIVES ON A REGULAR BASIS PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES
- 12 RENDERED UNDER A GOVERNMENT PROGRAM IF THE PAYMENTS ARE LESS
- 13 THAN THE FULL COSTS INCURRED BY THE INSTITUTION, AS
- 14 DETERMINED BY GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.
- 15 (4) PROVIDES A SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC WHICH DIRECTLY OR
- 16 INDIRECTLY REDUCES DEPENDENCE ON GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS OR
- 17 RELIEVES OR LESSENS THE BURDEN BORNE BY GOVERNMENT FOR THE
- 18 ADVANCEMENT OF SOCIAL, MORAL, EDUCATIONAL OR PHYSICAL
- 19 OBJECTIVES.
- 20 (5) ADVANCES OR PROMOTES RELIGION AND IS OWNED AND
- 21 OPERATED BY A CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY AS A RELIGIOUS
- 22 MINISTRY AND OTHERWISE SATISFIES THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN
- 23 SECTION 5.
- 24 (6) HAS A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT UNDER SECTION 7.
- 25 (G) OTHER NONPROFIT ENTITIES. -- A NONPROFIT PARENT
- 26 CORPORATION, TOGETHER WITH ALL OF ITS SUBSIDIARY NONPROFIT
- 27 CORPORATIONS, MAY ELECT TO BE CONSIDERED AS A SINGLE INSTITUTION
- 28 IN MEETING THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION AS LONG AS ALL
- 29 OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET:
- 30 (1) EACH SUBSIDIARY:

1	(I) IS A NONSTOCK CORPORATION OF WHICH THE NONPROFIT
2	PARENT CORPORATION IS THE ONLY MEMBER; AND
3	(II) MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION.
4	(2) THE PARENT:
5	(I) IS A NONSTOCK CORPORATION;
6	(II) IS QUALIFIED BY THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AS
7	MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 501(C)(3) OF THE
8	INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 501(C)(3));
9	(III) MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (B) AND
10	(C); AND
11	(IV) EXCEPT FOR SERVICES THAT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS
12	OF THIS SECTION, DOES NOT RENDER SERVICES FOR A FEE TO AN
13	INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY THAT DOES NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS
14	OF PARAGRAPH (1).
15	(H) PARCEL REVIEW
16	(1) NOTHING IN THIS ACT SHALL AFFECT, IMPAIR OR HINDER
17	THE RESPONSIBILITIES OR PREROGATIVES OF THE POLITICAL
18	SUBDIVISION RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING REAL PROPERTY
19	ASSESSMENT ROLLS TO MAKE A DETERMINATION WHETHER A PARCEL OF
20	PROPERTY OR A PORTION OF A PARCEL OF PROPERTY IS BEING USED
21	TO ADVANCE THE CHARITABLE PURPOSE OF AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
22	PUBLIC CHARITY, OR TO ASSESS THE PARCEL OR PART OF THE PARCEL
23	OF PROPERTY AS TAXABLE BASED ON THE USE OF THE PARCEL OR PART
24	OF THE PARCEL FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN THE CHARITABLE PURPOSE
25	OF THAT INSTITUTION.
26	(2) NOTHING IN THIS ACT SHALL PROHIBIT AN AGGRIEVED <-
27	PERSON OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION FROM FILING CHALLENGES TO, <
28	OR PROHIBIT A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION FROM MAKING <
29	DETERMINATIONS AS TO, WHETHER A PARTICULAR PARCEL OF PROPERTY <
30	IS BEING USED TO ADVANCE THE CHARITABLE PURPOSE OF AN

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- 1 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY.
- 2 (I) STANDARDS.--AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY MAY
- 3 CONDUCT ACTIVITIES INTENDED TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION PROVIDED
- 4 THAT NO SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE ACTIVITIES OF AN INSTITUTION OF
- 5 PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY SHALL CONSIST OF CARRYING ON PROPAGANDA,
- 6 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 501(H) OF THE INTERNAL
- 7 REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 501(H)) OR PARTICIPATING IN OR
- 8 INTERVENING IN, INCLUDING THE PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING OF
- 9 STATEMENTS, ANY POLITICAL CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF, OR IN
- 10 OPPOSITION TO, ANY CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE AS SUCH
- 11 LIMITATIONS ARE INTERPRETED UNDER SECTION 501 OF THE INTERNAL
- 12 REVENUE CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 501).
- 13 SECTION 6. PRESUMPTION PROCESS.
- 14 (A) PRESUMPTION DETERMINATION. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
- 15 PUBLIC CHARITY POSSESSING A VALID EXEMPTION FROM THE TAX IMPOSED
- 16 BY ARTICLE II OF THE ACT OF MARCH 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN
- 17 AS THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971, SHALL BE ENTITLED TO ASSERT A
- 18 REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION REGARDING THAT INSTITUTION'S COMPLIANCE
- 19 WITH THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN SECTION 5 AS FOLLOWS:
- 20 (1) AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY THAT HAS
- 21 ANNUAL PROGRAM SERVICE REVENUE LESS THAN \$10,000,000 SHALL BE
- 22 ENTITLED TO ASSERT THE PRESUMPTION IF THE INSTITUTION
- 23 POSSESSES A VALID EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 204(10) OF THE TAX
- 24 REFORM CODE OF 1971.
- 25 (2) AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY THAT HAS
- 26 ANNUAL PROGRAM SERVICE REVENUE EQUAL TO OR EXCEEDING
- 27 \$10,000,000 SHALL BE ENTITLED TO ASSERT THE PRESUMPTION IF
- 28 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:
- 29 (I) THE INSTITUTION POSSESSES A VALID EXEMPTION
- 30 UNDER SECTION 204(10) OF THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971; AND

1 (II) THE INSTITUTION HAS A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 7 WITH A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION IN 2 3 WHICH THAT INSTITUTION CONDUCTS SUBSTANTIAL BUSINESS 4 OPERATIONS. (3) THE PRESUMPTION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (2) MAY BE 5 ASSERTED BY AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY ONLY WITH 6 7 REGARD TO A CHALLENGE MADE CONCERNING OR BY A POLITICAL <----8 SUBDIVISION WITH WHICH THAT INSTITUTION HAS A VOLUNTARY 9 AGREEMENT IN EFFECT PURSUANT TO SECTION 7. 10 (4) FOR THE PURPOSE OF CALCULATING ANNUAL PROGRAM 11 SERVICE REVENUE UNDER THIS SECTION, AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY MAY ELECT TO AVERAGE ANNUAL PROGRAM SERVICE 12 13 REVENUE FOR ITS TWO MOST RECENTLY COMPLETED FISCAL YEARS. (5) COMMENCING JULY 1, 1999, AND EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, 14 15 THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL INCREASE THE AMOUNT SET FORTH 16 IN PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) BY 1%. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL 17 TRANSMIT NOTICE OF THE ADJUSTMENT TO THE LEGISLATIVE 18 REFERENCE BUREAU FOR PUBLICATION IN THE PENNSYLVANIA 19 BULLETIN. 20 (B) BURDEN OF PROOF. -- IF AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC 21 CHARITY ASSERTS A PRESUMPTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A), AN AGGRIEVED <--22 PERSON OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION CHALLENGING THAT INSTITUTION 23 BEFORE A GOVERNMENT AGENCY OR COURT SHALL BEAR THE BURDEN, BY A 24 PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, OF PROVING THAT THE INSTITUTION 25 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY DOES NOT COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS 26 OF SECTION 5. 27 (C) ISSUANCE OF WRITTEN ORDER. -- THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FURNISH 28 A WRITTEN ORDER TO ANY INSTITUTION APPLYING FOR EXEMPTION UNDER 29 SECTION 204(10) OF THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971 APPROVING OR

DENYING THE EXEMPTION. AN ORDER DENYING AN EXEMPTION SHALL

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- 1 INCLUDE SPECIFIC INFORMATION CONCERNING THAT INSTITUTION'S
- 2 FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH AT LEAST ONE OF THE CRITERIA UNDER
- 3 SECTION 5.
- 4 (D) WAIVER OF CONFIDENTIALITY. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
- 5 PUBLIC CHARITY ASSERTING A PRESUMPTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A)
- 6 SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE WAIVED ANY RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY WITH
- 7 REGARD TO ALL RECORDS IN THE POSSESSION OF THE DEPARTMENT
- 8 RELATING TO THE APPLICATION FOR EXEMPTION. THESE RECORDS SHALL
- 9 BE DEEMED PUBLIC RECORDS THAT THE DEPARTMENT MUST FURNISH TO ANY
- 10 PERSON UPON REQUEST. A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION CHALLENGING SUCH
- 11 PRESUMPTION MAY REQUEST FROM THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 12 CHARITY ALL RELEVANT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS
- 13 USED TO OBTAIN THE EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 204(10) OF THE TAX
- 14 REFORM CODE OF 1971. FAILURE BY THAT INSTITUTION TO SUPPLY OR,
- 15 AT ITS OPTION, TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF SUCH INFORMATION IN ITS
- 16 POSSESSION WITHIN 30 DAYS SHALL ELIMINATE THE PRESUMPTION WITH
- 17 RESPECT TO THAT CHALLENGE.
- 18 (E) DEPARTMENT INVOLVEMENT. -- A DETERMINATION MADE UNDER THIS
- 19 SECTION SHALL NOT, IN ANY WAY, SUBJECT THE DEPARTMENT TO
- 20 PARTICIPATION IN ANY CONTROVERSY, DISCOVERY OR LITIGATION
- 21 BETWEEN AN AGGRIEVED PERSON OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION AND AN
- 22 INSTITUTION CLAIMING THE EXEMPTION AS AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
- 23 PUBLIC CHARITY, OTHER THAN PROVIDING A COPY OF ITS WRITTEN ORDER
- 24 AND ANY SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION SUPPLIED TO THE DEPARTMENT BY
- 25 THAT INSTITUTION.
- 26 SECTION 7. VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS.
- 27 (A) GENERAL RULE. -- A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY EXECUTE A
- 28 VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT WITH AN INSTITUTION THAT OWNS REAL PROPERTY
- 29 WITHIN THE POLITICAL SUBDIVISION. ALL CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED
- 30 FROM SUCH VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS SHALL BE USED TO HELP ENSURE THAT

- 1 ESSENTIAL GOVERNMENTAL, PUBLIC OR COMMUNITY SERVICES WILL
- 2 CONTINUE TO BE PROVIDED IN A MANNER THAT WILL PERMIT AN
- 3 INSTITUTION TO CONTINUE TO FULFILL ITS CHARITABLE MISSION.
- 4 NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT A
- 5 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION FROM SHARING WITH ANOTHER POLITICAL
- 6 SUBDIVISION A PORTION OF THE PROCEEDS DERIVED FROM A VOLUNTARY
- 7 AGREEMENT UPON THE MUTUAL AGREEMENT OF ALL AFFECTED PARTIES.
- 8 (B) PUBLIC SERVICE FOUNDATIONS.--INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY
- 9 PUBLIC CHARITY MAY ESTABLISH A PUBLIC SERVICE FOUNDATION, UPON
- 10 MUTUAL AGREEMENT WITH A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, FOR THE PURPOSE
- 11 OF RECEIVING CONTRIBUTIONS FROM INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 12 CHARITY. UPON AGREEMENT, THE FOUNDATION SHALL MAKE DISTRIBUTIONS
- 13 OR GRANTS TO A PARTICIPATING POLITICAL SUBDIVISION TO HELP
- 14 ENSURE THAT ESSENTIAL GOVERNMENTAL, PUBLIC OR COMMUNITY SERVICES
- 15 WILL CONTINUE TO BE PROVIDED IN A MANNER THAT WILL PERMIT AN
- 16 INSTITUTION TO CONTINUE TO FULFILL ITS CHARITABLE MISSION. A
- 17 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION WHICH RECEIVES A DISTRIBUTION OR GRANT
- 18 FROM A PUBLIC SERVICE FOUNDATION SHALL NOT ASSESS OR SEEK A
- 19 SEPARATE CONTRIBUTION FOR SERVICES FROM INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY
- 20 PUBLIC CHARITY PARTICIPATING IN A FOUNDATION.
- 21 (C) ADDITIONAL CREDIT FOR VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS. -- AN
- 22 INSTITUTION WHICH HAS ENTERED INTO A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT MAY
- 23 CREDIT THE FOLLOWING PERCENTAGE OF THE REASONABLE VALUE OF ITS
- 24 CONTRIBUTION FOR PURPOSES OF COMPUTING THE COMMUNITY SERVICE
- 25 CRITERIA SET FORTH IN SECTION 5(D)(4)(VIII):
- 26 (1) IF THE REASONABLE VALUE OF THE INSTITUTION'S
- 27 CONTRIBUTION IS EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.15% OF ITS PROGRAM
- 28 SERVICE REVENUE, THE INSTITUTION MAY CREDIT THE ENTIRE
- 29 CONTRIBUTION AT 150% OF ITS VALUE.
- 30 (2) IF THE REASONABLE VALUE OF THE INSTITUTION'S

- 1 CONTRIBUTION IS GREATER THAN 0.15% BUT LESS THAN 0.25% OF ITS
- 2 PROGRAM SERVICE REVENUE, THE INSTITUTION MAY CREDIT THE
- 3 ENTIRE CONTRIBUTION AT 250% OF ITS VALUE.
- 4 (3) IF THE REASONABLE VALUE OF THE INSTITUTION'S
- 5 CONTRIBUTION IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 0.25% OF ITS PROGRAM
- 6 SERVICE REVENUE, THE INSTITUTION MAY CREDIT THE ENTIRE
- 7 CONTRIBUTION AT 350% OF ITS VALUE.
- 8 (D) EXISTING AGREEMENTS. -- NOTHING IN THIS ACT SHALL BE
- 9 CONSTRUED TO AFFECT, IMPAIR, TERMINATE OR SUPERSEDE ANY
- 10 CONTRACT, AGREEMENT OR OTHER ARRANGEMENT IN EFFECT ON OR BEFORE
- 11 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION BETWEEN AN INSTITUTION AND A
- 12 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, WHICH AUTHORIZES OR REQUIRES PAYMENT OF
- 13 TAXES, AMOUNTS IN LIEU OF TAXES OR OTHER CHARGES OR FEES FOR THE
- 14 SERVICES OF A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.
- 15 (E) NEW AGREEMENTS. -- NOTHING IN THIS ACT SHALL BE CONSTRUED
- 16 TO IMPAIR OR OTHERWISE INHIBIT THE RIGHT OR ABILITY OF ANY
- 17 INSTITUTION SEEKING OR POSSESSING AN EXEMPTION AS AN INSTITUTION
- 18 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, A PUBLIC SERVICE FOUNDATION OR A
- 19 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION FROM EXECUTING VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS AFTER
- 20 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION.
- 21 SECTION 8. UNFAIR COMPETITION WITH SMALL BUSINESSES.
- 22 (A) INTENT.--IT IS THE POLICY OF THIS ACT THAT INSTITUTIONS
- 23 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY SHALL NOT USE THEIR TAX-EXEMPT STATUS
- 24 TO COMPETE UNFAIRLY WITH SMALL BUSINESS.
- 25 (B) GENERAL RULE. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 26 MAY NOT FUND, CAPITALIZE, GUARANTEE THE INDEBTEDNESS OF, LEASE
- 27 OBLIGATIONS OF, OR SUBSIDIZE A COMMERCIAL BUSINESS THAT IS
- 28 UNRELATED TO THE INSTITUTION'S CHARITABLE PURPOSE AS STATED IN
- 29 THE INSTITUTION'S CHARTER OR GOVERNING LEGAL DOCUMENTS.
- 30 (C) EXCEPTIONS.--INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY ARE

- 1 NOT IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (B) IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING
- 2 APPLY:
- 3 (1) THE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS IS INTENDED ONLY FOR THE USE
- 4 OF ITS EMPLOYEES, STAFF, ALUMNI, FACULTY, MEMBERS, STUDENTS,
- 5 CLIENTS, VOLUNTEERS, PATIENTS OR RESIDENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF
- 6 THIS PARAGRAPH, A PERSON SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AN EMPLOYEE,
- 7 STAFF, MEMBER, ALUMNUS, FACULTY, STUDENT, CLIENT, VOLUNTEER,
- 8 PATIENT OR RESIDENT IF THE PERSON'S ONLY RELATIONSHIP WITH
- 9 THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY IS TO RECEIVE
- 10 PRODUCTS OR SERVICES RESULTING FROM THE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS.
- 11 (2) THE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS RESULTS IN SALES TO THE
- 12 GENERAL PUBLIC THAT ARE INCIDENTAL OR PERIODIC RATHER THAN
- 13 PERMANENT AND ONGOING.
- 14 (D) SUPPORT FOR OTHER CHARITIES. -- NOTHING IN THIS SECTION
- 15 SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS PROHIBITING OR LIMITING THE ABILITY OF AN
- 16 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY TO FUND, CAPITALIZE,
- 17 GUARANTEE THE INDEBTEDNESS OF OR OTHERWISE SUBSIDIZE ANOTHER
- 18 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY.
- 19 (E) INVESTMENTS.--THE INVESTMENT IN PUBLICLY TRADED STOCKS
- 20 AND BONDS; REAL ESTATE, WHETHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY; OR OTHER
- 21 INVESTMENTS BY AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY DOES NOT
- 22 VIOLATE SUBSECTION (B).
- 23 (F) EDUCATIONAL FUNCTIONS.--USE OF FACILITIES TO HOST GROUPS
- 24 FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES BY AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 25 CHARITY DOES NOT VIOLATE SUBSECTION (B).
- 26 (G) GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS.--AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 27 CHARITY MAY ENGAGE IN A NEW COMMERCIAL BUSINESS THAT MAY
- 28 OTHERWISE BE IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (B) IF THE INSTITUTION
- 29 IS FORMALLY REQUESTED TO DO SO BY THE COMMONWEALTH OR A
- 30 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.

- 1 (H) EXISTING BUSINESS ARRANGEMENTS. -- AN INSTITUTION OF
- 2 PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY THAT PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
- 3 SECTION FUNDED, CAPITALIZED, GUARANTEED THE INDEBTEDNESS OF,
- 4 LEASED OBLIGATIONS OF OR SUBSIDIZED A COMMERCIAL BUSINESS MAY
- 5 CONTINUE TO OWN AND OPERATE SUCH BUSINESSES WITHOUT VIOLATING
- 6 SUBSECTION (B) AS LONG AS THE INSTITUTION DOES NOT SUBSTANTIALLY
- 7 EXPAND THE SCOPE OF THE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS. IN THE EVENT AN
- 8 INJUNCTION IS ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (I), THE EFFECT OF SUCH
- 9 INJUNCTION SHALL BE LIMITED TO RESTRAINING THE SUBSTANTIAL
- 10 EXPANSION OF THE SCOPE OF THE COMMERCIAL BUSINESS WHICH WAS
- 11 INITIATED AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION.
- 12 (I) REMEDIES.--THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE SHALL ESTABLISH A
- 13 SYSTEM OF MANDATORY ARBITRATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECEIVING ALL
- 14 COMPLAINTS FROM AGGRIEVED SMALL BUSINESSES RELATING TO AN
- 15 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY'S ALLEGED VIOLATION OF
- 16 THIS SECTION. UPON RECEIPT OF SUCH COMPLAINT, THE DEPARTMENT
- 17 SHALL DIRECT THAT THE COMPLAINT BE RESOLVED AS PROVIDED IN THIS
- 18 SUBSECTION.
- 19 (1) ALL COMPLAINTS SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF A SWORN
- 20 STATEMENT SETTING FORTH ALL ALLEGATIONS AND REQUESTS FOR
- 21 RELIEF, AND SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT, TOGETHER WITH
- 22 A FEE AS PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 23 (2) WITHIN TEN DAYS OF FILING THE COMPLAINT WITH THE
- 24 DEPARTMENT, THE AGGRIEVED SMALL BUSINESS SHALL SERVE A COPY
- 25 OF THE COMPLAINT ON THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 26 AGAINST WHICH THE COMPLAINT IS FILED. THE INSTITUTION OF
- 27 PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY MUST RESPOND TO THE COMPLAINT WITHIN 30
- 28 DAYS OF ITS RECEIPT BY THE INSTITUTION OF THE PURELY PUBLIC
- 29 CHARITY.
- 30 (3) WITHIN 30 DAYS FOLLOWING THE PERIOD OF TIME ALLOTTED

- 1 TO THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY TO RESPOND TO THE
- 2 COMPLAINT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE AN UNBIASED AND
- 3 QUALIFIED ARBITRATOR WHO POSSESSES SUFFICIENT KNOWLEDGE
- 4 REGARDING SUCH INSTITUTIONS TO ADJUDICATE THE MATTER. IF THE
- 5 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN
- 6 THE ARBITRATION, THE ARBITRATOR MAY ISSUE AN ORDER TO COMPEL
- 7 SUCH PARTICIPATION. SUCH AN ORDER SHALL BE ENFORCEABLE BY THE
- 8 COURT OF COMMON PLEAS IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT WHERE THE
- 9 ARBITRATION TAKES PLACE.
- 10 (4) THE ARBITRATION SHALL TAKE PLACE IN THE JUDICIAL
- 11 DISTRICT IN WHICH THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY

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- 12 AGGRIEVED SMALL BUSINESS IS LOCATED. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
- PROVIDE THE ARBITRATOR ALL RELEVANT MATERIAL REGARDING THE
- 14 COMPLAINT, INCLUDING THE ORIGINAL COMPLAINT, THE INSTITUTION
- 15 OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY'S RESPONSE TO THE COMPLAINT AND
- 16 COPIES OF ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION WHICH THE DEPARTMENT
- 17 MAY POSSESS. THE ARBITRATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN ONE
- 18 YEAR FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THE ARBITRATOR WAS ASSIGNED.
- 19 (5) WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE ARBITRATOR'S ASSIGNMENT, THE
- 20 ARBITRATOR SHALL DETERMINE IF THE COMPLAINT SETS FORTH PRIMA
- 21 FACIE EVIDENCE THAT A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION HAS OCCURRED.
- 22 IF THE ARBITRATOR DETERMINES THAT THE COMPLAINT DOES NOT
- 23 CONTAIN PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE, THE ARBITRATOR SHALL ISSUE A
- 24 WRITTEN REPORT DETAILING THE FINDINGS AND SHALL TERMINATE THE
- 25 ARBITRATION. A SMALL BUSINESS MAY APPEAL SUCH A DETERMINATION
- AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (9).
- 27 (6) THE ARBITRATOR SHALL DETERMINE IF THE ACTIVITY OF
- 28 THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY IS IN VIOLATION OF
- 29 THIS SECTION. IN MAKING THIS DETERMINATION, THE ARBITRATOR
- 30 SHALL REVIEW ALL RELEVANT LAW, INCLUDING PREVIOUS

- 1 ARBITRATORS' DECISIONS; REGULATIONS; AND THE CHARTER OR
- 2 GOVERNING LEGAL DOCUMENTS OF THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 3 CHARITY.
- 4 (7) THE DECISION OF THE ARBITRATOR SHALL BE SET FORTH IN
- 5 A WRITTEN DECISION ISSUED TO EACH PARTY, SPECIFYING FINDINGS
- 6 OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW. IF THE ARBITRATOR FINDS A
- 7 VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION, THE ARBITRATOR MAY INCLUDE AN
- 8 ORDER OR INJUNCTION AS PART OF THE DECISION, PROVIDED THAT NO
- 9 DAMAGES MAY BE ASSESSED AGAINST AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY
- 10 PUBLIC CHARITY.
- 11 (8) UPON AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES, THE DECISION OF THE
- ARBITRATOR SHALL BE FINAL AND BINDING AS TO ALL MATTERS OF
- 13 FACT AND LAW AND SHALL BE ENTERED BY THE ARBITRATOR AS A
- 14 FINAL JUDGMENT IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF THE JUDICIAL
- 15 DISTRICT IN WHICH THE ARBITRATION TOOK PLACE. A COPY OF THE
- 16 ARBITRATOR'S FINAL DECISION SHALL ALSO BE FILED WITH THE
- 17 DEPARTMENT.
- 18 (9) EITHER PARTY MAY INITIATE A DE NOVO APPEAL FROM THE
- 19 ARBITRATOR'S DECISION IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF THE
- 20 JUDICIAL DISTRICT IN WHICH THE ARBITRATION TOOK PLACE WITHIN
- 21 30 DAYS OF THE ARBITRATOR'S DECISION.
- 22 (10) THE DEPARTMENT MAY PROVIDE FOR THE SYSTEM OF
- 23 ARBITRATION BY MAINTAINING A LIST OF QUALIFIED ARBITRATORS OR
- 24 BY CONTRACTING FOR QUALIFIED ARBITRATION SERVICES.
- 25 (11) THE DEPARTMENT MAY ADOPT REGULATIONS NECESSARY TO
- 26 IMPLEMENT THIS SECTION.
- 27 (12) THE COST OF AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING, INCLUDING
- THE ARBITRATOR'S FEE, SHALL BE BORNE BY THE COMPLAINANT,
- 29 UNLESS THE ARBITRATOR DIRECTS OTHERWISE. EACH PARTY SHALL BE
- 30 RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS ATTORNEY FEES AND OTHER COSTS INCURRED.

- 1 (13) EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION OR IN
- 2 REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THIS SECTION,
- THE ARBITRATION SHALL BE GOVERNED BY 42 PA.C.S. CH. 73 SUBCH.
- 4 A (RELATING TO STATUTORY ARBITRATION).
- 5 (14) THE REMEDIES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE
- 6 THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES AVAILABLE TO AN AGGRIEVED SMALL
- 7 BUSINESS.
- 8 SECTION 9. ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISCLOSURE.
- 9 (A) REPORTING. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY THAT
- 10 DOES NOT REGISTER WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE UNDER THE ACT OF
- 11 DECEMBER 19, 1990 (P.L.1200, NO.202), KNOWN AS THE SOLICITATION
- 12 OF FUNDS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES ACT, INCLUDING INSTITUTIONS
- 13 EXEMPTED FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION 6(A) OF THE
- 14 SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES ACT, SHALL FILE AN
- 15 ANNUAL REPORT WITH THE BUREAU. THE REPORT SHALL BE FILED WITHIN
- 16 135 DAYS AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE INSTITUTION'S FISCAL YEAR UNLESS
- 17 AN EXTENSION IS GRANTED BY THE DEPARTMENT. THE REPORT SHALL BE
- 18 IN A FORMAT APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND SHALL INCLUDE:
- 19 (1) A COPY OF THE ANNUAL RETURN FILED OR REQUIRED TO BE
- 20 FILED WITH THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.
- 21 (2) THE DATE THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 22 WAS ORGANIZED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW.
- 23 (3) ANY REVOCATION OF TAX-EXEMPT STATUS BY THE INTERNAL
- 24 REVENUE SERVICE.
- 25 (4) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON EACH AFFILIATE OF THE
- 26 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY:
- 27 (I) THE NAME AND TYPE OF ORGANIZATION.
- 28 (II) WHETHER THE AFFILIATE IS ORGANIZED ON A FOR-
- 29 PROFIT OR NONPROFIT BASIS.
- 30 (III) THE RELATIONSHIP OF EACH AFFILIATE TO THE

- 1 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY MAKING THE REPORT.
- 2 (5) THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC
- 3 CHARITY WITH ANY OTHER NONPROFIT CORPORATION OR
- 4 UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATION IF THE RELATIONSHIP INVOLVES
- 5 FORMAL GOVERNANCE OR THE SHARING OF REVENUE.
- 6 (B) REGULATIONS.--THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE
- 7 REGULATIONS TO REQUIRE INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 8 WHICH REGISTER UNDER SECTION 5 OF THE SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR
- 9 CHARITABLE PURPOSES ACT TO INCLUDE THE INFORMATION SET FORTH IN
- 10 SUBSECTION (A).
- 11 (C) AMENDMENTS TO ANNUAL RETURNS. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY <--
- 12 PUBLIC CHARITY WHICH FILES AN AMENDED ANNUAL RETURN WITH THE
- 13 INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE SHALL FILE A COPY OF THE AMENDED ANNUAL
- 14 RETURN WITH THE BUREAU WITHIN TEN DAYS OF ITS FILING WITH THE
- 15 INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.
- 16 (D) EXEMPTION FROM FILING. -- EACH OF THE FOLLOWING
- 17 INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE

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- 18 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION:
- 19 (1) A BONA FIDE DULY CONSTITUTED RELIGIOUS INSTITUTION
- 20 AND SUCH SEPARATE GROUPS OR CORPORATIONS WHICH FORM AN
- 21 INTEGRAL PART OF A RELIGIOUS INSTITUTION AND ARE EXEMPT FROM
- 22 FILING AN ANNUAL RETURN PURSUANT TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
- 23 OF 1986 (PUBLIC LAW 99-514, 26 U.S.C. § 1 ET SEO.).
- 24 (2) AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY WHICH
- 25 RECEIVES CONTRIBUTIONS OF LESS THAN \$25,000 PER YEAR PROVIDED
- 26 THAT THE INSTITUTION'S PROGRAM SERVICE REVENUE DOES NOT EQUAL
- 27 OR EXCEED \$5,000,000.
- 28 (E) FILING FEE. -- AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 29 WHICH IS REQUIRED TO FILE A REPORT UNDER SUBSECTION (A) SHALL
- 30 PAY AN ANNUAL FILING FEE OF \$15. ALL FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS

- 1 ACT AND UNDER THE SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES
- 2 ACT SHALL BE DEPOSITED IN THE STATE TREASURY. THE AMOUNT OF THE
- 3 FILING FEE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION MAY BE ADJUSTED BY THE
- 4 DEPARTMENT BY REGULATION. ALL FINES, PENALTIES, ATTORNEY FEES
- 5 AND COSTS OF INVESTIGATION COLLECTED UNDER THIS ACT AND UNDER
- 6 THE SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES ACT SHALL BE
- 7 PAID AS FOLLOWS:
- 8 (1) AMOUNTS COLLECTED BY THE BUREAU SHALL BE PAID TO THE
- 9 STATE TREASURY.
- 10 (2) AMOUNTS COLLECTED BY THE ACTION OR LITIGATION OF
- 11 ANOTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY SHALL BE PAID DIRECTLY TO THAT
- 12 AGENCY.
- 13 (F) PAPERWORK REDUCTION. -- THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ALLOW AN
- 14 INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY TO CERTIFY THAT THE
- 15 INFORMATION REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (A)(2) THROUGH (5) HAS NOT
- 16 CHANGED SINCE THE PRIOR REPORT IN LIEU OF PROVIDING THE SAME
- 17 INFORMATION IN THE REPORT REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (A). THE
- 18 DEPARTMENT MAY OBTAIN FROM THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE COPIES
- 19 OF ANNUAL RETURNS OF INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY WHICH <-
- 20 FILE ANNUAL RETURNS WITH THE INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ON
- 21 COMPUTER DISK OR OTHER ELECTRONIC OR PAPER MEDIA.
- 22 (G) RETENTION OF RECORDS. -- THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RETAIN THE
- 23 REPORTING INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION FOR THREE YEARS
- 24 FROM THE DATE THE REPORTS ARE REQUIRED TO BE FILED.
- 25 (H) UTILIZATION OF REPORTS. -- THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE
- 26 REPORTS SUBMITTED UNDER THIS SECTION AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC
- 27 INSPECTION TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE FOR
- 28 PUBLIC INSPECTION UNDER SECTION 6104 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
- 29 CODE OF 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 6104). THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE
- 30 ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY A COPY OF THE REPORT FILED UNDER THIS

- 1 SECTION UPON REQUEST. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL PREVENT A
- 2 GOVERNMENT AGENCY FROM REQUIRING ANY INSTITUTION SEEKING
- 3 EXEMPTION AS AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY TO PROVIDE
- 4 THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) TO THAT AGENCY AS
- 5 PART OF A DETERMINATION OF THE TAX EXEMPT STATUS OF THE
- 6 INSTITUTION.
- 7 (I) ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY. -- THE DEPARTMENT MAY IMPOSE AN
- 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED \$500 FOR ANY OF THE
- 9 FOLLOWING:
- 10 (1) KNOWINGLY FAILING TO FILE THE REPORT REQUIRED BY
- 11 THIS SECTION.
- 12 (2) KNOWINGLY MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT WHICH IS MATERIAL
- 13 IN A REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION.
- 14 SECTION 10. EXEMPTION FOR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INSTRUMENTALITY.
- 15 ALL REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY ANY CORPORATION ESTABLISHED BY AN
- 16 ACT OF THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, THAT IS REQUIRED TO
- 17 SUBMIT ANNUAL REPORTS OF ITS ACTIVITIES TO CONGRESS CONTAINING
- 18 ITEMIZED ACCOUNTS OF ALL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES AFTER BEING
- 19 FULLY AUDITED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, FOR PURPOSES OF THE
- 20 CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND THE LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH
- 21 RELATING TO THE ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION OF REAL ESTATE, IS
- 22 DEEMED TO BE PROPERTY OF A FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INSTRUMENTALITY
- 23 AND THUS EXEMPT FROM ALL STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION.
- 24 SECTION 11. PROHIBITED ACT.
- 25 NO INSTITUTION MAY CLAIM AN EXEMPTION FROM SALES AND USE TAX
- 26 AS AN INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY UNLESS THE
- 27 INSTITUTION HAS RECEIVED AN ORDER FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
- 28 APPROVING AND AUTHORIZING THE EXEMPTION.
- 29 SECTION 12. COMPLIANCE.
- 30 INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY SHALL COMPLY WITH THE

- 1 PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT AND WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE II OF
- 2 THE ACT OF MARCH 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS THE TAX REFORM
- 3 CODE OF 1971.
- 4 SECTION 13. CIVIL PENALTY.
- 5 IN ADDITION TO ANY PENALTIES AUTHORIZED BY THE ACT OF MARCH
- 6 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971, FOR
- 7 VIOLATIONS OF THAT ACT, THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE MAY IMPOSE AN
- 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED \$500 FOR ANY WILLFUL AND
- 9 KNOWING VIOLATION OF THIS ACT. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO
- 10 ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION 8.
- 11 SECTION 14. REPEALS.
- 12 (A) ABSOLUTE.--SECTION 24 OF THE ACT OF DECEMBER 19, 1990
- 13 (P.L.1200, NO. 202), KNOWN AS THE SOLICITATION OF FUNDS FOR
- 14 CHARITABLE PURPOSES ACT, IS REPEALED.
- 15 (B) GENERAL.--ALL OTHER ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS ARE REPEALED
- 16 INSOFAR AS THEY ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THIS ACT EXCEPT FOR
- 17 SECTION 204(A)(3) OF THE ACT OF MAY 22, 1933 (P.L.853, NO.155),
- 18 KNOWN AS THE GENERAL COUNTY ASSESSMENT LAW, AS IT APPLIES TO
- 19 CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS PROVIDING RESIDENTIAL HOUSING SERVICES.
- 20 SECTION 15. APPLICABILITY.
- 21 (A) GENERAL.--THIS ACT SHALL NOT APPLY TO NOR AFFECT 40
- 22 PA.C.S. § 6103 (RELATING TO EXEMPTIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTIFIED
- 23 HOSPITAL PLAN CORPORATIONS) OR 6307 (RELATING TO EXEMPTIONS
- 24 APPLICABLE TO CERTIFICATED PROFESSIONAL HEALTH SERVICE
- 25 CORPORATIONS) OR THE ENTITIES SUBJECT TO THOSE SECTIONS.
- 26 (B) EXISTING SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTIONS.--AN EXEMPTION
- 27 FROM TAX UNDER SECTION 204(10) OF THE ACT OF MARCH 4, 1971
- 28 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971, EXISTING ON
- 29 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL
- 30 THE EXPIRATION OF THAT EXEMPTION.

- 1 (C) PRESUMPTION.--NO INSTITUTION OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY
- 2 MAY ASSERT A PRESUMPTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 UNTIL THAT
- 3 INSTITUTION'S EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 204(10) OF THE TAX REFORM
- 4 CODE OF 1971 IS GRANTED OR RENEWED ON OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE
- 5 DATE OF THIS SECTION.
- 6 SECTION 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 7 THIS ACT SHALL TAKE EFFECT AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) SECTIONS 8 AND 9 SHALL TAKE EFFECT IN 120 DAYS. 8
- 9 (2) THE REMAINDER OF THIS ACT SHALL TAKE EFFECT
- 10 IMMEDIATELY.