THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 2456 Session of 1994

INTRODUCED BY STISH, DEMPSEY, FAIRCHILD, WOGAN, COLAFELLA, PITTS, MELIO, TIGUE, McCALL, BIRMELIN, BUNT, TRUE, COY, MASLAND, BATTISTO, RAYMOND, SAURMAN, SCHEETZ, SURRA, STABACK, KING, EGOLF, DALEY, M. COHEN, LEDERER AND ADOLPH, JANUARY 25, 1994

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND WELFARE, JANUARY 25, 1994

AN ACT

- Amending the act of November 29, 1990 (P.L.585, No.148), entitled "An act providing for confidentiality of certain 3 records; providing for the authorized sharing of certain information; providing for written consent prior to an HIVrelated test, with certain exceptions; providing for civil 5 immunity for certain licensed physicians; providing for 7 protective procedures and equipment; and creating a civil cause of action, "further providing for legislative intent, for consent to testing, for counseling and for 9 10 confidentiality of records; and repealing provisions relating 11 to certification of significant exposure and testing 12 procedures. 13 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 14 hereby enacts as follows: 15 Section 1. Section 2(c) of the act of November 29, 1990 16 (P.L.585, No.148), known as the Confidentiality of HIV-Related Information Act, is amended to read: 17 18 Section 2. Legislative intent. 19 20 (c) Intent.--It is the intent of the General Assembly to
- 21 [promote confidential testing on an informed and voluntary basis

- 1 in order to encourage those most in need to obtain testing and
- 2 appropriate counseling.] provide for the confidentiality of HIV-
- 3 related information in order to encourage those at risk to
- 4 obtain testing and treatment. In addition, it is the intent of
- 5 the General Assembly to allow physician testing for HIV under
- 6 the same circumstances physicians would test for other
- 7 communicable diseases in order to encourage early detection,
- 8 treatment and prevention.
- 9 * * *
- 10 Section 2. The definitions of "available blood," "first
- 11 responder, " "significant exposure, " "source patient " and
- 12 "substitute decisionmaker" in section 3 of the act are repealed.
- Section 3. Sections 5, 6, 7(b) and 8(b) of the act are
- 14 amended to read:
- 15 Section 5. Consent to HIV-related test.
- 16 [(a) Consent.--Except as provided in section 6 with respect
- 17 to the involuntary testing of a source patient, no HIV-related
- 18 test shall be performed without first obtaining the informed
- 19 written consent of the subject. Any consent shall be preceded by
- 20 an explanation of the test, including its purpose, potential
- 21 uses, limitations and the meaning of its results.
- 22 (b) Pretest counseling. -- No HIV-related test may be
- 23 performed without first making available to the subject
- 24 information regarding measures for the prevention of, exposure
- 25 to and transmission of HIV.
- 26 (c) Confirmatory test.--No test result shall be determined
- 27 as positive, and no positive test result shall be revealed,
- 28 without confirmatory testing if it is required by generally
- 29 accepted medical standards.
- 30 (d) Notice of test result. -- The physician who ordered the

- 1 test, the physician's designee or a successor in the same
- 2 relationship to the subject shall make a good faith effort to
- 3 inform the subject of the result regardless of whether the
- 4 result is positive or negative.
- 5 (e) Post-test counseling.--
- 6 (1) No positive or negative test result shall be
- 7 revealed to the subject without affording the subject the
- 8 immediate opportunity for individual, face-to-face counseling
- 9 about:
- 10 (i) The significance of the test results.
- 11 (ii) Measures for the prevention of the transmission
- of HIV.
- 13 (iii) The benefits of locating and counseling any
- individual by whom the subject may have been exposed to
- 15 HIV and the availability of any services with respect to
- locating and counseling such individual.
- 17 (2) No positive test result shall be revealed to the
- 18 subject without, in addition to meeting the requirements of
- 19 paragraph (1), also affording the subject the immediate
- 20 opportunity for individual, face-to-face counseling about:
- 21 (i) The availability of any appropriate health care
- 22 services, including mental health care, and appropriate
- social and support services.
- 24 (ii) The benefits of locating and counseling any
- 25 individual who the infected subject may have exposed to
- 26 HIV and the availability of any services with respect to
- 27 locating and counseling such individual.
- 28 (f) Blinded HIV-related testing.--Blinded HIV-related
- 29 testing for purposes of research performed in a manner by which
- 30 the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be

- 1 retrieved by the researcher is prohibited, unless reviewed and
- 2 approved by the institutional review board established by the
- 3 department except for testing pursuant to research approved by
- 4 an institutional review board prior to the effective date of
- 5 this act. The department shall make a good faith effort to
- 6 maintain records of the results of blinded HIV tests performed
- 7 in this Commonwealth and shall, on a yearly basis, forward
- 8 information concerning the results to the appropriate committees
- 9 of the General Assembly.
- 10 (g) Exceptions.--
- 11 (1) The provisions of subsections (a), (b), (c), (d) and
- 12 (e) shall not apply to the following:
- 13 (i) The performance of an HIV-related test on a
- cadaver by a health care provider which procures,
- processes, distributes or uses a human body or a human
- 16 body part, tissue or semen for use in medical research,
- therapy or transplantation.
- 18 (ii) The performance of an HIV-related test for the
- 19 purpose of medical research not prohibited by subsection
- 20 (f) if the testing is performed in a manner by which the
- identity of the test subject is not known and may not be
- 22 retrieved by the researcher.
- 23 (iii) The performance of an HIV-related test when
- the test result of a subject is required by an insurer
- for underwriting purposes. However, the insurer shall
- satisfy the requirements of subsection (h).
- 27 (2) The provisions of subsections (a), (b) and (c) shall
- 28 not apply to the performance of an HIV-related test in a
- 29 medical emergency when the subject of the test is unable to
- 30 grant or withhold consent and the test result is medically

- necessary for diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate
 emergency care to the subject.
- 3 (3) The provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall not
- 4 apply when a negative HIV-related test result is secured by a
- 5 subject who has taken the test solely to satisfy a
- 6 requirement for donating a human body or human body part,
- tissue or semen for use in medical research, therapy,
- 8 transfusion or transplantation. However, if the subject
- 9 requests identification of a negative test result, the test
- 10 result shall be provided to the subject in accordance with
- 11 subsection (d).
- 12 (h) Requirements] (a) Consent requirements applicable to
- 13 insurers.--
- 14 (1) No HIV-related test shall be performed without first
- obtaining the informed written consent of the subject. Any
- 16 consent shall be preceded, in writing, by:
- 17 (i) A disclosure of the effects of the test result
- on the approval of the application, or the risk
- 19 classification of the subject.
- 20 (ii) Information explaining AIDS, HIV and the HIV-
- 21 related test.
- 22 (iii) A description of the insurer's confidentiality
- 23 standards.
- 24 (iv) A statement that, because of the serious nature
- of HIV-related illnesses, the subject may desire to
- obtain counseling before undergoing the HIV-related test.
- 27 (v) Information concerning the availability of
- 28 alternative HIV-related testing and counseling provided
- by the department and local health departments, and the
- 30 telephone number of the department from which the subject

- 1 may secure additional information on such testing and counseling.
- 3 (2) The insurer is required to disclose to the subject a 4 negative test result on an HIV-related test only if the 5 subject requests notification.
 - (3) The insurer shall not disclose to the subject of an HIV-related test a positive test result. On the form on which the insurer secures the subject's written consent to the HIV-related test, the subject shall be required to designate to whom a positive test result shall be disclosed. The subject shall have the choice of designating a physician, the department or a local health department, or a local community-based organization from a list of such organizations prepared by the department. The insurer shall notify the designee of a positive test result.
- [(4) A positive test result shall be disclosed to the subject, by the designee, in accordance with subsections (d) and (e). The department may elect to have its disclosure responsibilities satisfied by a local health department.]
- 20 (b) Consent requirements applicable to physicians.--A
- 21 physician involved in the care of a patient who concludes in the
- 22 physician's reasonable medical judgment that a HIV-related test
- 23 is appropriate for the case of the patient, the protection of
- 24 the public or of health care providers may perform or order an
- 25 HIV-related test and the informed consent of the patient shall
- 26 <u>be deemed given.</u>

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- 27 [Section 6. Certification of significant exposure and testing
- 28 procedures.
- 29 (a) Physician's evaluation of significant exposure.--
- 30 (1) Whenever an individual health care provider or first

- 1 responder experiences an exposure to a patient's blood or
- 2 bodily fluids during the course of rendering health care or
- 3 occupational services, the individual may request an
- 4 evaluation of the exposure, by a physician, to determine if
- 5 it is a significant exposure as defined in this act. No
- 6 physician shall certify his own significant exposure or that
- of any of his employees. Such requests shall be made within
- 8 72 hours of the exposure.
- 9 (2) Within 72 hours of the request, the physician shall
- 10 make written certification of the significance of the
- 11 exposure.
- 12 (3) If the physician determines that the individual
- 13 health care provider or first responder has experienced a
- 14 significant exposure, the physician shall offer the exposed
- individual the opportunity to undergo testing, following the
- 16 procedure outlined in section 5.
- 17 (b) Opportunity for source patient to consent.--
- 18 (1) In the event that an exposed individual health care
- 19 provider or first responder is certified to have experienced
- 20 a significant exposure and has submitted to an HIV-related
- 21 test, no testing shall be performed on a source patient's
- 22 available blood unless the certifying physician provides a
- 23 copy of the written certification of significant exposure to
- the source patient's physician or institutional health care
- 25 provider in possession of the available blood and the source
- 26 patient's physician or institutional health care provider has
- 27 made a good faith effort to:
- 28 (i) Notify the source patient or substitute
- decisionmaker of the significant exposure.
- 30 (ii) Seek the source patient's voluntary informed

consent to the HIV-related testing as specified in section 5(a).

- 3 (iii) Provide counseling as required under section 5(b).
- 5 The source patient's physician or institutional (2) health care provider that receives a certification of 6 7 significant exposure shall begin to comply with the request 8 within 24 hours. If the source patient's physician or institutional health care provider is unable to secure the 9 10 source patient's consent because the source patient or the source patient's substitute decisionmaker refuses to grant 11 12 informed consent or the source patient cannot be located, the 13 source patient's physician or institutional health care provider shall arrange for an entry to be placed on the 14 source patient's medical record to that effect. If these 15 16 procedures are followed and the entry is made on the source 17 patient's medical record, then HIV-related tests shall be performed on the source patient's available blood if 18 19 requested by the exposed individual health care provider or 20 first responder who has submitted to an HIV-related test.
 - (3) The physician ordering the HIV-related test on a source patient's available blood on behalf of the source patient's physician or institutional health care provider shall comply with section 5(c) through (e).
 - (4) The health care provider or first responder shall be notified of the results of the HIV-related test on the source patient's blood if the health care provider or first responder's baseline HIV-related test is negative. Further disclosure of the test results is prohibited unless authorized under section 7.1

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- 1 Section 6. Offer to counsel.
- 2 Any health care provider who orders a HIV-related test or
- 3 notifies the patient of the test results shall make an oral
- 4 offer to counsel the patient on at least the following:
- 5 (1) Measures for the prevention of the transmission of
- 6 HIV.
- 7 (2) The significance of test results.
- 8 (3) The availability of any appropriate health care
- 9 <u>services, including mental health care and appropriate social</u>
- 10 <u>and support services.</u>
- 11 Section 7. Confidentiality of records.
- 12 * * *
- 13 (b) Subsequent disclosure prohibited. -- [Notwithstanding the
- 14 provisions of the Vital Statistics Law of 1953 or section 15 of
- 15 the Disease Prevention and Control Law of 1955, no] No person to
- 16 whom confidential HIV-related information has been disclosed
- 17 under this act may disclose that information to another person,
- 18 except as authorized by this act[.] or by the Disease Prevention
- 19 and Control Law of 1955. For the purposes of the Disease
- 20 Prevention and Control Law of 1955, HIV shall be a communicable
- 21 and reportable disease and shall be treated by the department as
- 22 any other communicable disease.
- 23 * * *
- 24 Section 8. Court order.
- 25 * * *
- 26 (b) Order to test and disclose. -- No court may order the
- 27 performance of an HIV-related test and allow access to the test
- 28 result unless the court finds, upon application, that all of the
- 29 following conditions exist:
- 30 (1) The individual whose test is sought [was afforded

- informed consent and pretest counseling procedures required
- 2 by section 5(a) and (b) and the subject] refused to give
- 3 consent or was not capable of providing consent.
- 4 (2) The applicant was exposed to a body fluid of the
- 5 individual whose test is sought and that exposure presents a
- 6 significant risk of exposure to HIV infection. A
- 7 determination that the applicant has incurred a significant
- 8 risk of exposure to HIV infection must be supported by
- 9 medical and epidemiologic data regarding the transmission of
- 10 HIV, including, if available, information about the HIV risk
- 11 status of the source individual and the circumstances in
- which the alleged exposure took place.
- 13 (3) The applicant has a compelling need to ascertain the
- 14 HIV test result of the source individual.
- 15 * * *
- 16 Section 4. Section 9(d) of the act is repealed.
- 17 Section 5. Section 10 of the act is amended to read:
- 18 Section 10. Civil cause of action.
- 19 Any person aggrieved by a violation of this act shall have a
- 20 cause of action against the person who committed such violation
- 21 and may recover compensatory damages. [In the event of a
- 22 violation of section 6 by a source patient's physician or an
- 23 employee thereof, an aggrieved person may recover reasonable
- 24 attorney fees and costs.]
- 25 Section 6. This act shall take effect in 60 days.