## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## **HOUSE BILL**

## No. 1128 Session of 1991

INTRODUCED BY PISTELLA, KUKOVICH, SALOOM, STABACK, VEON, STETLER, JOSEPHS, RICHARDSON, ITKIN, TANGRETTI, CAPPABIANCA, HARPER AND MICHLOVIC, APRIL 10, 1991

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, APRIL 10, 1991

## AN ACT

- 1 Amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the
- 2 Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for
- 3 imposition of the death sentence.
- 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 5 hereby enacts as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Section 9711(f), (g), (h) and (i) of Title 42 of
- 7 the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, are amended and the
- 8 section is amended by adding a subsection to read:
- 9 § 9711. Sentencing procedure for murder of the first degree.
- 10 \* \* \*
- 11 (f) Minimum age. -- A sentence of death shall not be imposed
- 12 upon persons who were less than 18 years of age at the time of
- 13 the commission of the offense.
- 14 [(f)] (g) Sentencing verdict by the jury.--
- 15 (1) After hearing all the evidence and receiving the
- instructions from the court, the jury shall deliberate and
- 17 render a sentencing verdict. In rendering the verdict, if the
- 18 sentence is death, the jury shall set forth in such form as

- designated by the court the findings upon which the sentence
- 2 is based.
- 3 (2) Based upon these findings, the jury shall set forth
- 4 in writing whether the sentence is death or life
- 5 imprisonment.
- 6 [(g)] (h) Recording sentencing verdict.--Whenever the jury
- 7 shall agree upon a sentencing verdict, it shall be received and
- 8 recorded by the court. The court shall thereafter impose upon
- 9 the defendant the sentence fixed by the jury.
- 10 [(h)] (i) Review of death sentence.--
- 11 (1) A sentence of death shall be subject to automatic
- 12 review by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania pursuant to its
- 13 rules.
- 14 (2) In addition to its authority to correct errors at
- trial, the Supreme Court shall either affirm the sentence of
- death or vacate the sentence of death and remand for further
- proceedings as provided in paragraph (4).
- 18 (3) The Supreme Court shall affirm the sentence of death
- 19 unless it determines that:
- 20 (i) the sentence of death was the product of
- 21 passion, prejudice or any other arbitrary factor;
- 22 (ii) the evidence fails to support the finding of at
- 23 least one aggravating circumstance specified in
- 24 subsection (d); or
- 25 (iii) the sentence of death is excessive or
- disproportionate to the penalty imposed in similar cases,
- 27 considering both the circumstances of the crime and the
- character and record of the defendant.
- 29 (4) If the Supreme Court determines that the death
- 30 penalty must be vacated because none of the aggravating

- 1 circumstances are supported by sufficient evidence or because
- 2 the sentence of death is disproportionate to the penalty
- imposed in similar cases, then it shall remand for the
- 4 imposition of a life imprisonment sentence. If the Supreme
- 5 Court determines that the death penalty must be vacated for
- 6 any other reason, it shall remand for a new sentencing
- hearing pursuant to subsections (a) through [(g)] (h).
- 8 [(i)] (j) Record of death sentence to Governor.--Where a
- 9 sentence of death is upheld by the Supreme Court, the
- 10 prothonotary of the Supreme Court shall transmit to the Governor
- 11 a full and complete record of the trial, sentencing hearing,
- 12 imposition of sentence and review by the Supreme Court.
- 13 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.