## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 67 Session of 1989 

INTRODUCED BY PRESTON, ROBINSON AND GIGLIOTTI, JANUARY 23, 1989

AS AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, FEBRUARY 6, 1989

## AN ACT

Amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," further providing for the creation of new election districts; providing for the number of signers for the nomination petition for the office of district council member in a city of the second class and providing for the fee for filing the petition; AND further providing for <assistance in voting.; and further providing for absentee ballots.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 502 of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended February 19, 1986 (P.L.29, No.11), is amended to read:

Section 502. Court to Create New Election Districts.-Subject to the provisions of section 501 of this act, the court of common pleas of the county in which the same are located, may
form or create new election districts by dividing or redividing any borough, township, ward or election district into two or more election districts of compact and contiguous territory, having boundaries with clearly visible physical features and wholly contained within any larger district from which any Federal, State, county, municipal or school district officers are elected, or alter the bounds of any election district, or form an election district out of two or more adjacent districts or parts of districts, or consolidate adjoining election districts or form an election district out of two or more adjacent wards, so as to suit the convenience of the electors and to promote the public interests: Provided, however, That a vacancy in the office of district committeeperson which is created as a result of the partial or total redistricting of a county OF THE SECOND CLASS shall be filled by election at the next regular general primary election following the creation of the vacancy by the redistricting and may not be filled, temporarily or otherwise, by appointment. Election districts so formed shall contain between six hundred (600) and eight hundred (800) registered electors as nearly as may be. No election district shall be formed that shall contain less than one hundred (100) registered electors. When a school district crosses county lines, the regions of the school district shall be composed of contiguous election districts.

Section 2. Sections 912.1 and $913(\mathrm{~b} .1)$ of the act, added December 12, 1984 (P.L.968, No.190), are amended to read:

Section 912.1. Number of Signers Required for Nomination Petitions of Candidates at Primaries.--Candidates for nomination of offices as listed below shall present a nominating petition containing at least as many valid signatures of registered and
enrolled members of the proper party as listed below:
(1) President of the United States: Two thousand.
(2) United States Senate: Two thousand.
(3) Governor: Two thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least ten counties.
(4) Lieutenant Governor: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(5) Treasurer: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(6) Auditor General: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(7) Attorney General: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(8) Justice of the Supreme Court: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(9) Judge of the Superior Court: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(10) Judge of the Commonwealth Court: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(11) For any other office to be filled by the vote of the electors of the State at large or for any other party office to be elected by the electors of the State at large: One thousand including at least one hundred from each of at least five counties.
(12) Representative in Congress: One thousand.
(13) Senator in the General Assembly: Five hundred.
(14) Representative in the General Assembly: Three hundred.
(15) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the first class at large: One thousand.
(16) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the
electors in counties of the second class at large: Five hundred.
(17) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in cities of the first class at large: One thousand.
(18) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the second class A at large: Two hundred fifty.
(19) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the third class at large: Two hundred fifty.
(20) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the fourth class at large: Two hundred fifty.
(21) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in cities of the second class at large: Two hundred fifty.
(22) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in cities of the second class A at large: One hundred.
(23) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in cities of the third class at large: One hundred.
(24) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the fifth class at large: One hundred.
(25) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the sixth class at large: One hundred.
(26) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the seventh class at large: One hundred.
(27) Public or party offices to be filled by a vote of the electors in counties of the eighth class at large: One hundred.
(28) Office of judge of any court of record other than a Statewide court or a court in a county of the first or second class: Two hundred fifty.
operate the voting machine, or to enter the voting compartment or voting machine booth without assistance, the exact nature of such [disability] condition being recorded on such registration card, and unless the election officers are satisfied that he still suffers from the same [disability] condition. [Before he shall be permitted to receive assistance, such voter shall state distinctly and audibly under oath or affirmation, which shall be administered to him by the judge of election, the reason why he requires assistance.]
(b) Any elector who is entitled to receive assistance in voting under the provisions of this section shall be permitted by the judge of election to select a [registered elector of the election district] person of the elector's choice to enter the voting compartment or voting machine booth with him to assist him in voting, such assistance to be rendered inside the voting compartment or voting machine booth except that the elector's employer or an agent of the employer or an officer or agent of the elector's union shall not be eligible to assist the elector.

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Section 4. Sections 1302.1, 1302.2, 1306(a) and 1308(a) of the aet, amended December 11, 1968 (P.I.1183, No. 375), are amended to read:

Section 1302.1. Date of Application for Absentee Ballot.-
Applications for absentec ballots unless otherwise specified shall be received in the office of the county board of elections not earlier than fifty (50) days before the primary or election and not latex than [five o'elock] 5:00 P.M. Of the first Tuesday prior to the day of any primary or election: Provided, however, That in the event any elector otherwise qualified who is so physically disabled or ill on or before the first Tuesday priox

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to any primary or clection that he is unable to file his
application or who becomes physically disabled or ill after the
first Tuesday prior to any primary or election and is unable to
appear at his polling place or any elcetor otherwise qualified
who because of the conduct of his business, duties or oceupation
will necessarily be absent from the State or county of his
residence on the day of the primary or election, which fact was
not and could not reasonably be known to said elector on or
before the first Tuesday prior to any primary or election, shall
be entitled to an absentec ballot at any time prior to [five
o'clock] 8:00 P.M. on the [first Friday preceding any] primary
ox election day upon execution of an Emexgency Application in
such form prescribed by the secretary of the Commonwealth.
    In the case of an elector who is physically disabled or ill
on or before the first Tuesday prior to a primary or election or
becomes physically disabled or ill after the first Tuesday prior
to a primary or election, such Emergency Application shall
eontain a supporting affidavit from his attending physiciam
stating that due to physical disability or illness said elector
was unable to apply for an absentee ballot on or before the
first Tuesday prior to the primary or elcetion or became
physically disabled or ill after that period.
    In the case of an elector who is necessarily absent because
ef the conduct of his business, dutics or oceupation under the
unforesecn circumstances specified in this subsection, such
Emergency Application shall contain a supporting affidavit from
such elector stating that because of the conduct of his
business, dutics or occupation said clector will necessarily be
absent from the State or county of his residence on the day of
the primary or election which fact was not and could not
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reasonably be known to said clector on or before the first
Tuesday prior to the primary or election.
    Section 1302.2. Approval of Application for Absentee
Ballot.=-
    (a) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any
application filed by a qualified elector not required to be
registered under preceding section 1301, shall ascertain from
the information on such application, district register or from
any othex souree that such applicant possesses all the
qualifications of a qualificd elcctor other than being
registered or enrolled. If the board is satisfied that the
applicant is qualified to receive an official absentee ballot,
the application shall be marked approved such approval decision
shall be final and binding except that challenges may be made
only on the ground that the applicant did not possess
qualifications of an absentee elector. Such challenges must be
made to the county board of elections prior to [5:00 o'clock]
8:00 P. M. on the [first Friday prior to the election] primary
or election day. When so approved, the county board of elections
shall cause the applicant's name and residence (and at a
primary, the party enrollment) to be inserted in the Military,
Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File as
provided in section 1302.3, subsection (b): Providing, however,
That no application of any qualificd elector in military service
shall be rejected for failure to include on his application any
information if such information may be ascertained within a
reasonable time by the county board of elections.
    (b) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any
application filed by a qualified elector who is entitled, undex
the provisions of the Permanent Registration Law as now ox
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hereinafter enacted by the General Assembly, to absentee registration prior to or concurrently with the time of voting as provided under preceding section 1301 , shall ascertain from the information on such application or from any other source that such applicant possesses all the qualifications of a qualified elector. If the board is satisfied that the applicant is entitled, under the provisions of the Permanent Registration Law as now or hereinafter enacted by the Genexal Assembly, to absentee registration prior to or concurrently with the time of Foting and that the applicant is qualified to receive an official absentee ballot, the application shall be marked "approved." Such approval decision shall be final and binding except that challenges may be made only on the ground that the applicant did not possess the qualifications of an absentee elector prior to or concurrently with the time of voting. Such ehallenges must be made to the county board of elections prior もo [5:00 o'clock] 8:00 P. M. on the [first Friday prior to the election] primary or election day. When so approved, the eounty board of elections shall cause the applicant's name and residence (and at a primary, the party enrollment) to be inserted in the Military, Veterans and Emergeney Civilian Absentec Voters File as provided in section 1302.3 subsection (b).
(c) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any application of a qualified elector required to be registered under the provisions of preceding section 1301, shall determine the qualifications of wuch applicant by comparing the information set forth on such application with the information eontained on the applicant's permanent registration card. If the board is satisfied that the applicant is qualified to receive an
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official absentee ballot, the application shall be marked
"approved." Such approval decision shall be final and binding,
exeept that challenges may be made only on the ground that the
applicant did not possess the qualifications of an absentee
elector. Such challenges must be made to the county board of
elcetions prior to [5:00 o'clock] 8:00 P. M. on the [first
Friday prior to the election] primary or election day. When so
approved, the registration commission shall cause an absentee
votex's temporary registration card to be insexted in the
district register on top of and along with the permanent
registration card. The absentee voter's temporary registration
eard shall be in the color and form prescribed in subsection (e)
of this section:
    Provided, however, That the duties of the county boards of
elections and the registration commissions with respect to the
insertion of the absentee voter's temporary registration card of
any elector from the district register as set forth in section
1302.2 shall include only wueh applications and emergeney
applications as are received on or before the first Tuesday
prior to the primary or election. In all cases where
applications are received after the first Tuesday prior to the
primary or clection and before [five o'clock] 8:00 P. M. on the
[first Friday prior to the] primary or election day, the county
board of elections shall detexmine the qualifications of such
applicant by comparing the information set forth on such
application with the information contained on the applicant's
duplicate registration card on file in the General Registex
(also referred to as the Master File) in the office of the
Registration Commission and shall cause the name and residence
fand at primaries, the party enrollment) to be inserted in the
 absentec ballot is not approved by the county board of elections, the elector shall be notified immediately to that effect with a statement by the county board of the reasons fox the disapproval.
(e) The absentee voter's temporary registration card shall be in duplicate and the same size as the permanent registration eard, in a different and contrasting color to the permanent registration card and shall contain the absentee voter's name and address and shall conspieuously contain the words "Absentee Voter." Such card shall also contain the affidavit required by subsection (b) of section 1306 .
section 1306. Voting by Absentec flectoxs.-(a) At any time after receiving an official absentee ballot, but on or before [five o'elock] 8:00 P. M. on the [Friday prior to the] primary or election day, the elector shall, in secet, proeed to mark
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the ballot only in black lead pencil, indelible pencil or blue,
black or blue-black ink, in fountain pen or ball point pen, and
then fold the ballot, enelose and securely seal the some in the
envelope on which is printed, stamped or endorsed "Official
Absentee Ballot." This envelope shall then be placed in the
second one, on which is printed the form of declaration of the
elector, and the address of the elector's county board of
election and the local election district of the elector. The
elector shall then fill out, date and sign the declaration
printed on such envelope. Such envelope shall then be securely
sealed and the elector shall send same by mail, postage prepaid,
except where franked, or deliver it in person to said county
board of election:
Provided, however, That any elector, spouse of the elector or
dependent of the elector, qualified in aceordance with the
provisions of section 1301, subsections (c), (f), (g) and (h) to
vote by absentee ballot as herein provided, shall be required to
include on the form of declaration a supporting declaration in
form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be
signed by the head of the department or chief of division or
bureau in which the elector is employed, setting forth the
identity of the elector, spouse of the elector or dependent of
the elector:
Provided further, That any elector who has filed his
application in accordance with section 1302 subsection (c) (2),
and is unable to sign his declaration because of illness or
physical disability, shall be excused from signing upon making a
declaration which shall be witnessed by one adult person in
substantially the following form: I hereby declare that I am
unable to sign my declaration for voting my absentec ballot

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district. No absentec ballot shall be counted which is received
in the office of the county board of election later than [five
-'elock] 8:00 P. M. on the [Friday immediately preeeding the]
primary or November election day.
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    Section 5 4. (a) Section 1 (section 502) of this act shall <-
be retroactive to March 27, 1987.
(b) Section 2 (sections 912.1 and \(913(\mathrm{~b} .1)\) ) of this act shall be retroactive to February 13, 1989, if enacted after that date.

Section 6 5. This act shall take effect immediately. \(\qquad\)```

