## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 1000 simion 

INTRODUCED BY SALOOM, BELARDI, JAROLIN, MANMILLER, MANDERINO, LAUGHLIN, IRVIS, O'DONNELL, FEE, DOMBROWSKI, ITKIN, PETRARCA, COY, D. R. WRIGHT, ACOSTA, PETRONE, YANDRISEVITS, HALUSKA, DUFFY, WAMBACH, LaGROTTA, VAN HORNE, GAMBLE, LETTERMAN, COLAFELLA, VEON AND CALTAGIRONE, APRIL 7, 1987

AS AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, APRIL 29, 1987

## AN ACT

Reenacting and amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), entitled "An act relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores, for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships, for the abatement of certain nuisances and, in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures; providing for local option, and repealing existing laws," providing for the creation, powers and duties of the Alcoholic Beverages Commission; PROVIDING ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR THE COMMISSION AND ITS MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES; establishing administrative officers and units for the administration and enforcement of the act; providing for the powers and duties of the Auditor General, State Treasurer, Attorney General and Pennsylvania State Police; regulating advertising; further providing for licenses, for penalties, for funding and for disposition of moneys; and transferring personnel, property and appropriations.

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The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. The title of the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, is reenacted and amended to read:

## AN ACT

Relating to alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto; regulating and restricting the manufacture, purchase, sale, possession, consumption, importation, transportation, furnishing, holding in bond, holding in storage, traffic in and use of alcoholic liquors, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages and the persons engaged or employed therein; defining the powers and duties of the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] Alcoholic Beverages Commission; providing for the establishment and operation of State liquor stores, for the payment of certain license fees to the respective municipalities and townships, for the abatement of certain nuisances and, in certain cases, for search and seizure without warrant; prescribing penalties and forfeitures; providing for local option, and repealing existing laws.

Section 2. The heading of Article $I$ of the act is reenacted to read:

## ARTICLE I.

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS.
Section 3. Section 101 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 101. Short Title.--This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Liquor Code."

Section 4. Section 102 of the act, amended July 10,1957 (P.L.638, No.346), August 17, 1965 (P.L.346, No.182), December 2, 1970 (P.L. 825, No.271), October 11, 1972 (P.L.906, No.215),

December 12, 1980 (P.L.1195, No.221) and May 2, 1986 (P.L.141, No.44), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 102. Definitions.--The following words or phrases, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:
"Alcohol" shall mean ethyl alcohol of any degree of proof originally produced by the distillation of any fermented liquid, whether rectified or diluted with or without water, whatever may be the origin thereof, and shall include synthetic ethyl alcohol, but shall not mean or include ethyl alcohol, whether or not diluted, that has been denatured or otherwise rendered unfit for beverage purposes.
"Association" shall mean a partnership, limited partnership or any form of unincorporated enterprise owned by two or more persons.
["Board" shall mean the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board.]
"Bonded warehouse" shall mean and include all places and warehouses legally established under the provisions of the acts of Congress and the administrative provisions of the internal revenue laws of the Government of the United States of America, for the storage, concentration, distribution and holding in bond, (a) of whiskey and any other potable distilled spirits, except ethyl alcohol, when used in Article VII entitled "Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificates" and, (b) of alcohol or liquor when otherwise used.
"Club" shall mean any reputable group of individuals associated together not for profit for legitimate purposes of mutual benefit, entertainment, fellowship or lawful convenience, having some primary interest and activity to which the sale of liquor or malt and brewed beverages shall be only secondary,
which, if incorporated, has been in continuous existence and operation for at least one year, and if first licensed after June sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, shall have been incorporated in this Commonwealth, and, if unincorporated, for at least ten years, immediately preceding the date of its application for a license under this act, and which regularly occupies, as owner or lessee, a clubhouse or quarters for the use of its members. Continuous existence must be proven by satisfactory evidence. The [board] commission shall refuse to issue a license if it appears that the charter is not in possession of the original incorporators or their direct or legitimate successors. The club shall hold regular meetings, conduct its business through officers regularly elected, admit members by written application, investigation and ballot, and charge and collect dues from elected members, and maintain such records as the [board] commission shall from time to time prescribe, but any such club may waive or reduce in amount, or pay from its club funds, the dues of any person who was a member at the time he was inducted into the military service of the United States or was enrolled in the armed forces of the United States pursuant to any selective service act during the time of the member's actual service or enrollment. The term includes a privately-owned private golf course.
"Commission" shall mean the Alcoholic Beverages Commission.
"Container" shall mean and include any receptacle, vessel or form of package, tank, vat, cask, barrel, drum, keg, can, bottle or conduit used or capable of use for holding, storing, transferring or shipment of alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
"Corporation" shall mean a corporation or joint-stock
association organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, the United States, or any other state, territory, or foreign country or dependency.
"Denatured alcohol" shall mean and include all alcohol or any compound thereof which by the admixture of such denaturing material or materials is rendered unfit for use as a beverage.
"Denaturing plant" shall mean and include the premises of a distillery used exclusively for the denaturization of alcohol, either specially or completely, by the admixture of such denaturing materials as shall render the alcohol or any compound in which it is authorized to be used unfit for use as a beverage.
"Distillery" shall mean and include any premises or plant wherein alcohol or liquor is manufactured, made and distilled from raw materials, blended or rectified, or any place wherein alcohol or liquor is produced by any method suitable for the production of alcohol. The term shall not include a "winery" where alcohol is derived from by-products of wine production by distillation for the sole purpose of adding to the fermented products to fortify the same.
"Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificate" shall mean a certificate, receipt, contract or other document given upon the storage of whiskey or any other potable distilled spirits, except ethyl alcohol, in a bonded warehouse, and evidencing the ownership of such whiskey or other potable distilled spirits.
"Distillery certificate broker" shall mean and include every person who engages directly or through an agent in selling, purchasing, exchanging, offering for sale or delivery, or entering into agreements for the purchase, sale or exchange, or soliciting subscriptions to or orders for, or undertaking to
dispose of, or dealing in any manner in, distillery bonded warehouse certificates.
"Distributor" shall mean any person licensed by the [board] commission to engage in the purchase only from Pennsylvania manufacturers and from importing distributors and the resale of malt or brewed beverages, except to importing distributors and distributors, in the original sealed containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture, but not for consumption on the premises where sold, and in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or a case of twelve containers, each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately.
"Eating place" shall mean a premise where food is regularly and customarily prepared and sold, having a total area of not less than three hundred square feet available to the public in one or more rooms, other than living quarters, and equipped with tables and chairs accommodating thirty persons at one time.
"Enforcement bureau" shall mean the Bureau of Liquor Control Enforcement of the Pennsylvania State Police.
"Golf course" shall mean a course having a minimum of nine holes and a total length of at least twenty-five hundred yards. The term includes a privately-owned private golf course.
"Hotel" shall mean any reputable place operated by responsible persons of good reputation where the public may, for a consideration, obtain sleeping accommodations and meals and which, in a city, has at least ten, and in any other place at least six, permanent bedrooms for the use of guests, a public
dining room or rooms operated by the same management accommodating at least thirty persons at one time, and a kitchen, apart from the public dining room or rooms, in which food is regularly prepared for the public.
"Importing distributor" shall mean any person licensed by the [board] commission to engage in the purchase from manufacturers and other persons located outside this Commonwealth and from persons licensed as manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages and importing distributors under this act, and the resale of malt or brewed beverages in the original sealed containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture, but not for consumption on the premises where sold, and in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or a case of twelve containers, each container holding twentyfour fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately.
"Limited Winery" shall mean a winery with a maximum output of one hundred thousand $(100,000)$ gallons per year.
"Liquor" shall mean and include any alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented or other alcoholic beverage, or combination of liquors and mixed liquor a part of which is spirituous, vinous, fermented or otherwise alcoholic, including all drinks or drinkable liquids, preparations or mixtures, and reused, recovered or redistilled denatured alcohol usable or taxable for beverage purposes which contain more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol by volume, except pure ethyl alcohol and malt or brewed beverages.
"Malt or Brewed Beverages" means any beer, lager beer, ale,
porter or similar fermented malt beverage containing one-half of one per centum or more of alcohol by volume, by whatever name such beverage may be called.
"Manufacture", when the term is applied to malt or brewed beverages, shall mean and include all means, methods and processes used, employed and made use of, to produce, make and manufacture for commercial purposes, malt or brewed beverages from raw materials; when applied otherwise, it shall mean and include all means, methods and processes used, employed and made use of, to produce and make alcohol or liquor from raw materials, and shall mean and include rectification and blending of alcohol and liquor, the production, recovery or reuse of alcohol in the making, developing, using in the process of manufacture, denaturing, redistilling or recovering of any alcohol or liquor in distilleries, denaturing plants and wineries.
"Manufacturer" shall mean any person, association or corporation engaged in the producing, manufacturing, distilling, rectifying or compounding of liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages in this Commonwealth or elsewhere.
"Manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages" shall mean any person holding a license issued by the [board] commission to engage in the manufacture, transportation and sale of malt or brewed beverages; also, any person engaged in the legal manufacture of malt or brewed beverages within the territorial limits of the United States, outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
"Municipality" shall mean any city, borough, incorporated town, or township of this Commonwealth.
"Original container" shall mean all bottles, casks, kegs or
other suitable containers that have been securely capped, sealed or corked by the manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages at the place of manufacture, with the name and address of the manufacturer of the malt or brewed beverages contained or to be contained therein permanently affixed to the bottle, cask, keg or other container, or in the case of a bottle or can, to the cap or cork used in sealing the same or to a label securely affixed to a bottle or can.
"Package" shall mean any container or containers or receptacle or receptacles used for holding liquor or alcohol as marketed by the manufacturer.
"Performing arts facilities" shall mean those halls or theaters in which live musical, concert, dance, ballet and legitimate play book-length productions are performed. Performing arts facilities shall not mean those halls or theaters in which burlesque shows or reviews are performed.
"Person" shall mean a natural person, association or corporation. Whenever used in a clause prescribing or imposing a fine or imprisonment or both,the term "person", as applied to "association", shall mean the partners or members thereof, and as applied to "corporation", shall mean the officers thereof, except, as to incorporated clubs, the term "person" shall mean such individual or individuals who, under the by-laws of such club, shall have jurisdiction over the possession and sale of liquor therein.
"Population" shall mean the number of inhabitants as determined by the last preceding decennial census of the United States, or by any other census subsequently taken by the census bureau of the United States and so certified by it: Provided, however, That such other census shall not be a basis for the
fixing of license fees as provided in article IV. sections 405 and 439.
"Potable distilled spirits" shall mean and include any distillate from grains, wine, fruits, vegetables or molasses, except ethyl alcohol, capable of being used for beverage purposes.
"Regulation" shall mean any regulation prescribed by the [board] commission for carrying out the provisions of this act.
"Restaurant" shall mean a reputable place operated by responsible persons of good reputation and habitually and principally used for the purpose of providing food for the public, the place to have an area within a building of not less than four hundred square feet, equipped with tables and chairs accommodating at least thirty persons at one time.
"Retail dispenser" shall mean any person licensed to engage in the retail sale of malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the premises of such licensee, with the privilege of selling malt or brewed beverages in quantities not in excess of one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a single sale to one person, to be carried from the premises by the purchaser thereof.
"Sale" or "Sell" shall include any transfer of liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages for a consideration.
"Whiskey" shall mean and include any alcoholic distillate from a fermented mash of grain, capable of being used for beverage purposes.
"Winery" shall mean and include any premises and plants where any alcohol or liquor is produced by the process by which wine is produced, or premises and plants wherein liquid such as wine is produced; and shall include the manufacture by distillation of alcohol from the by-products of wine fermentation when the
alcohol so derived is used solely to fortify the fermented products, under such regulations as are or may be promulgated by the proper agency of the United States Government, and such alcohol, for that purpose only, may be sold or exchanged between wineries holding permits in this Commonwealth, without restriction.

Section 5. Section 103 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 103. Saving Clause.--The provisions of this act, so far as they are the same as those of existing laws, are intended as a continuation of such laws and not as new enactments. The repeal by this act of any act of Assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded. The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done, liability incurred or right accrued or vested, or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repeal laws. All regulations and rules made and all licenses and permits issued pursuant to any act repealed by this act shall continue with the same force and effect as if such act had not been repealed.

Section 6. Section 104 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 104. Interpretation of Act.--(a) This act shall be deemed an exercise of the police power of the Commonwealth for the protection of the public welfare, health, peace and morals of the people of the Commonwealth and to prohibit forever the open saloon, and all of the provisions of this act shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of this purpose.
(b) The provisions of this act are severable and if any of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional the decision of

ARTICLE II.
[PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD]

Section 8. Section 201 of the act, amended November 23, 1976 (P.L.1123, No.235), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 201. Appointment of Members; Terms; Salaries.--An independent administrative [board] commission to be known as the "[Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] Alcoholic Beverages Commission" is hereby created. The [board] commission shall consist of three members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of [two-thirds] a majority of all the members of the Senate. Of the [original] members first appointed after the effective date of this amendatory act, one shall be appointed for a term of two years, one for a term of four years, and one for a term of six years [from the date of his appointment and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified]. Thereafter, all appointments shall be for terms of six years [or until successors are appointed and qualified]. No member upon the expiration of his term shall continue to hold office until his successor shall be duly appointed or shall be qualified. Each of the members shall receive an annual salary of [twenty-four thousand dollars $(\$ 24,000)$ fifty thousand dollars $(\$ 50,000)$, except the <chairman, who shall receive an annual salary of ftwenty-five <thousand dollars $(\$ 25,000)]$ fifty-two thousand dollars $(\$ 52,000)$ THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS $(\$ 35,000)$.
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Section 9. Sections 202, 203, 204, 205 and 206 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 202. Qualifications of Members.--(a) Each member of the [board] commission at the time of his appointment and qualification shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall have been a
for the time so designated, the powers of the secretary of the board.] Executive Director.--The commission shall appoint an executive director and professional management personnel, including bureau directors, as necessary. Salaries of the executive director and THE SALARY OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL BE THIRTY-FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS $(\$ 34,000)$ ANNUALLY AND THE SALARIES OF THE OTHER professional personnel shall be set by the commission, with the approval of the Governor. The executive director shall be responsible for managing the daily operations of the commission and shall have such powers and perform such duties not contrary to law as are necessary to implement decisions and policies made and established by vote of a majority of the commission.

Section 205. Bonds Required of Members and [Secretary] Executive Director.--Before entering upon the duties of their respective offices or positions, each member of the [board] commission and the [secretary] executive director shall execute and file with the State Treasurer a bond in such penal sum as shall be fixed by the Executive Board of this Commonwealth upon recommendation of the Governor, but the amount of any such bond shall not be less than ten thousand dollars $(\$ 10,000)$. Bonds in such penal sums as shall be fixed by the Executive Board likewise shall be executed and filed with the State Treasurer by such employes of the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] commission as the head of such [board] commission shall, with the approval of the Executive Board, prescribe. Such bonds shall be payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be conditioned for the faithful performance of the members', [secretary's] executive director's or employes' duties imposed by law or by lawful authority and that the person bonded will

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not knowingly violate the provisions of this act. All bonds required to be given under this section shall, before being accepted by the State Treasurer, be approved by the [Department of Justice] Attorney General, and unless the Commonwealth shall establish its own indemnity fund, all such bonds shall be given with security approved by the [Department of Justice] Attorney General. If the Commonwealth shall establish its own indemnity fund, the Executive Board may, nevertheless, require any bond given hereunder to be executed by a surety or sureties satisfactory to the [Department of Justice] Attorney General. The cost of such bonds required to be executed by a surety or sureties shall be borne by the [board] commission as part of its operating expense.

Section 206. [Board] Commission Subject to Administrative Code.--Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the [board] commission shall be subject to all the provisions of The Administrative Code of one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine, as amended, which apply generally to independent administrative boards and commissions.

SECTION 9.1. THE ACT IS AMENDED BY ADDING A SECTION TO READ: <SECTION 206.1. COMMISSION SUBJECT TO STATE ETHICS AND ADVERSE INTEREST ACTS.--(A) EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PENALTIES PROVIDED IN SECTION 210 OF THIS ACT FOR VIOLATIONS ARE MORE STRINGENT, THE COMMISSION, ITS MEMBERS AND ALL OF ITS EMPLOYES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE ACT OF OCTOBER 4, 1978 (P.L.883, NO.170), REFERRED TO AS THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL AND EMPLOYEE ETHICS LAW, AND THE ACT OF JULY 19, 1957 (P.L.1017, NO.451), KNOWN AS THE "STATE ADVERSE INTEREST ACT."
(B) MEMBERSHIP ON THE COMMISSION AND EMPLOYMENT OR CONTINUED EMPLOYMENT AS AN EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION IS CONDITIONED UPON
the extent and for the length of time necessary to sell such classes or brands in compliance with any Federal action freezing or otherwise controlling the price of said classes or brands, or except where special sales are deemed necessary to move unsaleable merchandise, or except where the addition of a service or handling charge to the fixed sales price of any merchandise in the same comparable price bracket, regardless of class, brand or otherwise, is, in the opinion of the board, required for the efficient operation of the State store system]. Prices shall be proportional with prices paid by the commission to its suppliers and shall reflect any advantage obtained through volume purchases by the commission. THE COMMISSION MAY ESTABLISH A PREFERENTIAL PRICE STRUCTURE FOR WINES PRODUCED WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THE PROMOTION OF SUCH WINES, AS LONG AS THE PRICE STRUCTURE IS UNIFORM WITHIN EACH CLASS OF WINE PURCHASED BY THE COMMISSION. The [board] commission shall require each Pennsylvania manufacturer and each nonresident manufacturer of liquors, other than wine, selling such liquors to the [board] commission, which are not manufactured in this Commonwealth, to make application for and be granted a permit by the [board] commission before such liquors not manufactured in this Commonwealth shall be purchased from such manufacturer. Each such manufacturer shall pay for such permit a fee which, in the case of a manufacturer of this Commonwealth, shall be equal to that required to be paid, if any, by a manufacturer or wholesaler of the state, territory or country of origin of the liquors, for selling liquors manufactured in Pennsylvania, and in the case of a nonresident manufacturer, shall be equal to that required to be paid, if any, in such state, territory or country by Pennsylvania manufacturers doing business in such
state, territory or country. In the event that any such manufacturer shall, in the opinion of the [board] commission, sell or attempt to sell liquors to the [board] commission through another person for the purpose of evading this provision relating to permits, the [board] commission shall require such person, before purchasing liquors from him or it, to take out a permit and pay the same fee as hereinbefore required to be paid by such manufacturer. All permit fees so collected shall be paid into The State Stores Fund. The [board] commission shall not purchase any alcohol or liquor fermented, distilled, rectified, compounded or bottled in any state, territory or country, the laws of which result in prohibiting the importation therein of alcohol or liquor, fermented, distilled, rectified, compounded or bottled in Pennsylvania.
(c) To determine the municipalities within which Pennsylvania Liquor Stores shall be established and the locations of the stores within such municipalities.
(d) To grant and issue all licenses and to grant, issue, suspend and revoke all [licenses and] permits authorized to be issued under this act and the regulations of the [board and impose fines on licensees licensed under this act] commission.
(e) Through the Department of [Property and Supplies] General Services as agent, to lease and furnish and equip such buildings, rooms and other accommodations as shall be required for the operation of this act.
(f) To appoint, fix the compensation and define the powers and duties of such managers, officers, inspectors, [examiners,] clerks and other employes as shall be required for the operation of this act, subject to the provisions of The Administrative Code of 1929 and the Civil Service Act. packages and original containers to be used for containing liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages.
(h) Without in any way limiting or being limited by the foregoing, to do all such things and perform all such acts as are deemed necessary or advisable for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder.
(i) From time to time, to make such regulations not inconsistent with this act as it may deem necessary for the efficient administration of this act. The [board] commission shall cause such regulations to be published and disseminated throughout the Commonwealth in such manner as it shall deem necessary and advisable or as may be provided by law. Such regulations adopted by the [board] commission shall have the same force as if they formed a part of this act.
(j) [To investigate, whenever any person complains, or when the board is aware that there is reasonable grounds to believe liquor or malt or brewed beverage is being sold on premises not licensed under the provisions of this act. If the investigation produces evidence of the unlawful sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverage or of any other violation of the provisions of this act, the board shall cause the prosecution of the person or persons believed to have been criminally liable for the unlawful acts. Any equipment or appurtenances actually used in the commission of the unlawful acts may be confiscated upon direction of the board. The confiscation by or under the direction of the board shall not, in any manner, divest or impair the rights or interest of any bona fide lien holder in the equipment or appurtenances, who had no knowledge that the
same was being used in violation of this act.] By regulation, to provide for the use of a computerized referral system to assist consumers in locating special items at Pennsylvania Liquor Stores; for the use of electronic transfer of funds for the purchase of liquor and alcohol at Pennsylvania Liquor Stores; and for the use of credit cards, by licensees only, for volume purchases.

Section 11. Section 208 of the act, amended July 22, 1970 (P.L.539, No.182) and October 11, 1972 (P.L.906, No.215), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 208. Specific Subjects on Which [Board] Commission May Adopt Regulations.--Subject to the provisions of this act and without limiting the general power conferred by the preceding section, the [board] commission may make regulations regarding:
(a) The equipment and management of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and warehouses in which liquor and alcohol are kept or sold, and the books and records to be kept therein.
(b) The duties and conduct of the officers and employes of the [board] commission.
(c) The purchase, as provided in this act, of liquor and alcohol, and its supply to Pennsylvania Liquor Stores.
(d) The classes, varieties and brands of liquor and alcohol to be kept and sold in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores. In making this determination the [board] commission shall meet not less than twice a year.
(e) The issuing and distribution of price lists for the various classes, varieties or brands of liquor and alcohol kept for sale by the [board] commission under this act.
(f) The labeling of liquor and alcohol sold under this act and of liquor and alcohol lawfully acquired by any person prior to January first, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.
(g) Forms to be used for the purposes of this act.
(h) The issuance of licenses and permits and the conduct, management, sanitation and equipment of places licensed or included in permits.
(i) The place and manner of depositing the receipts of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and the transmission of balances to the Treasury Department through the Department of Revenue.
(j) The solicitation by resident or nonresident vendors of liquor from Pennsylvania licensees and other persons of orders for liquor to be sold through the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores and, in the case of nonresident vendors, the collection therefrom of license fees for such privilege at the same rate as provided herein for importers' licenses.

Section 12. Section 209 of the act is repealed.
Section 13. Section 210 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 210. Restrictions on Members of the [Board] Commission and Employes of Commonwealth.--(a) A member or employe of the [board] commission OR A MEMBER OF THE IMMEDIATE FAMILY OF A MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION shall not be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any other business or undertaking dealing in liquor, alcohol, or malt or brewed beverages, whether as owner, part owner, partner, member of syndicate, shareholder, agent or employe, and whether for his own benefit or in a fiduciary capacity for some other person.
(b) No member or employe of the [board] commission OR A <MEMBER OF THE IMMEDIATE FAMILY OF A MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION nor any employe of the Commonwealth shall solicit or
receive, directly or indirectly, any commission, remuneration or gift whatsoever, from any person having sold, selling or offering liquor or alcohol for sale to the [board] commission for use in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores.
(C) NO PERSON CONVICTED OF AN INFAMOUS CRIME MAY BE EMPLOYED AS A MEMBER OR EMPLOYE BY THE COMMISSION.
(D) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION MAY USE HIS POSITION WITH THE COMMISSION, OR ANY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION RECEIVED THROUGH HIS POSITION WITH THE COMMISSION, TO OBTAIN FINANCIAL GAIN, OTHER THAN COMPENSATION PROVIDED BY LAW, FOR HIMSELF, A MEMBER OF HIS IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR A BUSINESS WITH WHICH HE IS ASSOCIATED.
(E) NO PERSON MAY OFFER OR GIVE TO A MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION OR A MEMBER OF HIS IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR A BUSINESS WITH WHICH HE IS ASSOCIATED, AND NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION MAY SOLICIT OR ACCEPT ANYTHING OF VALUE, INCLUDING A GIFT, LOAN, POLITICAL CONTRIBUTION, REWARD OR PROMISE OF FUTURE EMPLOYMENT, BASED ON AN UNDERSTANDING THAT THE VOTE, OFFICIAL ACTION OR JUDGMENT OF THE MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION WOULD BE INFLUENCED THEREBY.
(F) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION OR A MEMBER OF HIS IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR ANY BUSINESS IN WHICH THE MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OR A MEMBER OF HIS IMMEDIATE FAMILY IS A DIRECTOR, OFFICER OR OWNER OR HOLDER OF STOCK EXCEEDING FIVE PERCENT (5\%) OF THE EQUITY AT FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE BUSINESS MAY ENTER INTO ANY CONTRACT VALUED AT FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS ( $\$ 500$ ) OR MORE TO PROVIDE GOODS OR SERVICES TO THE COMMISSION UNLESS THE CONTRACT HAS BEEN AWARDED TO THE LOWEST RESPONSIBLE BIDDER THROUGH AN OPEN AND PUBLIC PROCESS, INCLUDING PRIOR PUBLIC NOTICE AND SUBSEQUENT PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF ALL PROPOSALS

CONSIDERED AND CONTRACTS AWARDED.
(G) NO FORMER MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION MAY REPRESENT A PERSON, WITH OR WITHOUT COMPENSATION, ON ANY MATTER BEFORE THE COMMISSION FOR ONE YEAR AFTER LEAVING THE COMMISSION.
(H) A PUBLIC OFFICER OR PUBLIC OFFICIAL OR A PARTY OFFICER OR MEMBER OF THE IMMEDIATE FAMILY OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS, OR A BUSINESS WITH WHICH SUCH INDIVIDUALS OR MEMBERS OF THEIR IMMEDIATE FAMILIES ARE ASSOCIATED, MUST NOT HAVE A FINANCIAL INTEREST IN ANY CONTRACT VALUED AT FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS ( $\$ 500$ ) OR MORE TO PROVIDE GOODS OR SERVICES TO THE COMMISSION EITHER DURING THE TIME THE PERSON HOLDS SUCH OFFICE, OR FOR TWO YEARS AFTER THE PERSON TERMINATES SUCH OFFICE, UNLESS THE CONTRACT IS EXECUTED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (F). FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TERM "FINANCIAL INTEREST" SHALL NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYMENT BY, ASSOCIATION WITH OR OWNERSHIP OF A BUSINESS ASSOCIATION UNLESS THE PUBLIC OFFICER, PUBLIC OFFICIAL, PARTY OFFICER OR MEMBER OF THE IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR THE INDIVIDUAL OWNS SHARES OF STOCK IN THE CORPORATION IN AN AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF FIVE PERCENT (5\%) OF THE TOTAL ISSUE FOR THE STOCK OF THE CORPORATION, OR HAS AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN A NONCORPORATE BUSINESS ASSOCIATION IN AN AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF FIVE PERCENT (5\%) OF THE TOTAL OWNERSHIP OF THE NONCORPORATE BUSINESS ASSOCIATION.
(I) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION OR AN ADVISOR OR CONSULTANT THERETO HAVING RECOMMENDED TO THE COMMISSION EITHER THE MAKING OF A CONTRACT OR A COURSE OF ACTION OF WHICH THE MAKING OF A CONTRACT IS AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PART, MAY, AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER, HAVE AN ADVERSE INTEREST IN THAT CONTRACT.
(J) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION OR ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR ANY OF ITS POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

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MAY INFLUENCE OR ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE THE MAKING OF, OR
SUPERVISE OR DEAL WITH, A CONTRACT WITH THE COMMISSION IN WHICH
HE HAS AN ADVERSE INTEREST.
    (K) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION MAY HAVE AN
ADVERSE INTEREST IN A CONTRACT WITH THE COMMISSION.
    (L) NO PERSON HAVING AN ADVERSE INTEREST IN A CONTRACT WITH
THE COMMISSION MAY BECOME AN EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION UNTIL THE
ADVERSE INTEREST HAS BEEN WHOLLY DIVESTED.
    (M) NO MEMBER OR EMPLOYE OF THE COMMISSION OR ANY OFFICER OR
EMPLOYE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, EXCEPT
IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES AS SUCH EMPLOYE, MAY, FOR
REMUNERATION, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, REPRESENT A PERSON UPON A
MATTER PENDING BEFORE THE COMMISSION.
    (N) (1) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF THIS
SECTION SHALL HAVE HIS EMPLOYMENT BY THE COMMISSION IMMEDIATELY
TERMINATED BY THE APPROPRIATE PERSON HAVING THE POWER TO
TERMINATE AND SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE COMMISSION TO REIMBURSE THE
COMMISSION FOR ALL COMPENSATION RECEIVED BY HIM FROM THE
COMMISSION WHILE EMPLOYED IN VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (C).
    (2) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTIONS
(B), (D) OR (E) SHALL BE GUILTY OF A FELONY AND, UPON CONVICTION
THEREOF, SHALL BE SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN TEN
THOUSAND DOLLARS ($10,000) OR TO UNDERGO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT
MORE THAN FIVE (5) YEARS, OR BOTH.
    (3) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTIONS
(A) OR (F) THROUGH (M) SHALL BE GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND,
UPON CONVICTION THEREOF, SHALL BE SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF NOT
MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1,000) OR TO UNDERGO
IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR, OR BOTH.
    (4) ANY PERSON WHO OBTAINS FINANCIAL GAIN FROM VIOLATING ANY
PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY
PROVIDED BY LAW, SHALL PAY INTO THE ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSION A
SUM OF MONEY EQUAL TO THREE (3) TIMES THE FINANCIAL GAIN
RESULTING FROM THE VIOLATION.
(5) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION
SHALL BE BARRED FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE (5) YEARS FROM ENGAGING IN
ANY BUSINESS OR CONTRACT WITH THE COMMISSION, THE COMMONWEALTH
OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.
(6) ANY EMPLOYE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR A POLITICAL
SUBDIVISION OR ANY PUBLIC OFFICER OR PUBLIC OFFICIAL WHO
VIOLATES ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL
AUTOMATICALLY FORFEIT THE OFFICE OR EMPLOYMENT.
(7) THE PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS PROVIDED BY THIS SUBSECTION
SHALL SUPERSEDE ANY SIMILAR PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS PROVIDED BY
THE ACT OF JULY 19, 1957 (P.L.1017, NO. 451), KNOWN AS THE "STATE
ADVERSE INTEREST ACT, " AND THE ACT OF OCTOBER 4, I978 (P. L. 883,
NO.170), REFERRED TO AS THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL AND EMPLOYEE ETHICS
LAW.
(O) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING WORDS AND PHRASES SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS SUBSECTION:
"BUSINESS" SHALL MEAN A CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, FIRM, ENTERPRISE, FRANCHISE, ASSOCIATION, ORGANIZATION, SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL, HOLDING COMPANY, JOINTSTOCK COMPANY, RECEIVERSHIP, TRUST OR LEGAL ENTITY ORGANIZED FOR PROFIT OR AS A NOT-FOR-PROFIT CORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION.
"IMMEDIATE FAMILY" SHALL MEAN A PARENT, SPOUSE, CHILD, BROTHER, SISTER OR LIKE RELATIVE-IN-LAW.
"INFAMOUS CRIME" SHALL MEAN A VIOLATION AND CONVICTION FOR AN OFFENSE WHICH WOULD DISQUALIFY AN INDIVIDUAL FROM HOLDING PUBLIC OFFICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 6 OF ARTICLE II OF THE CONSTITUTION

OF PENNSYLVANIA; A CONVICTION FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION OR OF 18 PA.C.S. \(\$ 4113\) (RELATING TO MISAPPLICATION OF ENTRUSTED PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF GOVERNMENT OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS), CH. 47 (RELATING TO BRIBERY AND CORRUPT INFLUENCE), CH. 49 (RELATING TO FALSIFICATION AND INTIMIDATION), CH. 51 (RELATING TO OBSTRUCTING GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS) OR CH. 53 (RELATING TO ABUSE OF OFFICE); OR A VIOLATION OF THE LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH OR ANOTHER STATE OR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FOR WHICH AN INDIVIDUAL HAS BEEN CONVICTED WITHIN THE PRECEDING TEN (10) YEARS AND WHICH IS CLASSIFIED AS A FELONY.
"PARTY OFFICER" SHALL MEAN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS OR OFFICERS OF A POLITICAL PARTY: A MEMBER OF A NATIONAL COMMITTEE; A CHAIRMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN, SECRETARY, TREASURER OR COUNSEL OF A STATE COMMITTEE OR MEMBER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF A STATE COMMITTEE; A COUNTY CHAIRMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN, COUNSEL, SECRETARY OR TREASURER OF A COUNTY COMMITTEE; OR A CITY CHAIRMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN, COUNSEL, SECRETARY OR TREASURER OF A CITY COMMITTEE.
"PUBLIC OFFICER" SHALL MEAN A PERSON ELECTED TO A PUBLIC OFFICE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.
"PUBLIC OFFICIAL" SHALL MEAN AN ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL IN THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE OR JUDICIAL BRANCH OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE MEMBERS OF ADVISORY BOARDS THAT HAVE NO AUTHORITY TO EXPEND PUBLIC FUNDS OTHER THAN REIMBURSEMENT FOR PERSONAL EXPENSE OR TO OTHERWISE EXERCISE THE POWER OF THE COMMONWEALTH OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE AN APPOINTED OFFICIAL WHO RECEIVES NO COMPENSATION OTHER THAN REIMBURSEMENT FOR ACTUAL EXPENSES.

Section 14. The act is amended by adding sections to read: Section 211. Enforcement.--(a) There is created within the

> Pennsylvania State Police a Bureau of Liquor Control Enforcement which shall be responsible for enforcing this act and any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. Officers and investigators assigned to the bureau shall have the power and their duty shall be:
(1) To investigate whenever there are reasonable grounds to believe liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages is being sold on premises not licensed under the provisions of this act. If the investigation produces evidence of the unlawful sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages or any other violation of the provisions of this act, the officer involved in the investigation shall institute criminal proceedings against the person or persons believed to have been criminally liable, as otherwise provided by law or rule of court.
(2) To arrest on view, except in private homes, without warrant, any person actually engaged in the unlawful sale, importation, manufacture or transportation or having unlawful possession of liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages contrary to the provisions of this act or any other law of this Commonwealth.
(3) Upon reasonable and probable cause, to search for and to seize, without warrant or process, except in private homes, any liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages unlawfully possessed, manufactured, sold, imported or transported and any stills, equipment, materials, utensils, vehicles, boats, vessels, animals, aircraft, or any of them, which are or have been used in the unlawful manufacture, sale, importation or transportation of the same, such liquor, alcohol, malt or brewed beverages, stills, equipment, materials, utensils, vehicles, boards, vessels, animals or aircraft so seized shall be disposed
of as hereinafter provided.
    (4) To investigate and issue citations for any violations of
this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor,
alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or any regulations of the
commission adopted pursuant to such laws or any violation of any
laws of this Commonwealth or of the Federal Government, relating
to the payment of taxes on liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed
beverages by any licensee, his officers, servants, agents or
employes.
(b) Any equipment or appurtenance actually used in the commission of the unlawful acts may be confiscated. The confiscation shall not, in any manner, divest or impair the rights or interest of any bona fide lienholder in the equipment or appurtenance.
(C) EXCEPT FOR UP TO THREE STATE POLICE OFFICERS WHO SHALL BE EMPLOYED IN A SUPERVISORY CAPACITY AT THE STATE HEADQUARTERS OF THE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU, ALL OTHER PERSONNEL OF THE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU SHALL BE CIVILIANS.

Section 212. Office of Administrative Law Judge.--(a) There is hereby created within the commission an autonomous office to be known as the Office of Administrative Law Judge.
(b) The commission shall appoint a chicf administrative law <judge and as many administrative law judges as the commission, with the approval of the covernor, deems necessary for the holding of hearings required or permitted under this act.
(B) ALL HEARING EXAMINERS EMPLOYED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA
\(<-\) LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION SHALL CONTINUE TO SERVE AS ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES WITHIN THE COMMISSION. ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES MAY BE APPOINTED BY THE COMMISSION, WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE GOVERNOR, 19870H1000B1366 - 37 -
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AS THE COMMISSION DEEMS NECESSARY FOR THE HOLDING OF HEARINGS
REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THIS ACT.
(c) Administrative law judges shall preside at all
licensing, citation and other enforcement hearings required or
permitted under this act.
(d) Administrative law judges appointed under this section
shall be learned in the law and shall be members in good
standing of the bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
(e) (D) Administrative law judges appointed under this
section shall be afforded employment security as provided by the
act of August 5, 1941 (P.L.752, No.286), known as the "Civil
Service Act."
(f) (E) Compensation for the administrative law judges shall
be established by the commission with the approval of the
Governor.
(g) Administrative law judges shall devote full time to
their official duties and shall perform no duties inconsistent
with their duties and responsibilities as administrative law
judges.
(F) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION OR THIS ACT SHALL BE CONSTRUED <-
OR INTENDED TO CHANGE OR AFFECT THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF
EMPLOYMENT OR THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY OF HEARING EXAMINERS
EMPLOYED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD ON THE
EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION.
Section 213. Office of Chief Counsel.--The commission shall
establish an Office of Chief Counsel which shall provide legal
advice on matters coming before the commission and shall
represent the enforcement bureau in all enforcement proceedings
brought before the Office of Administrative Law Judge. The
salary of the chief counsel and the number and salaries of any

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deputy counsels employed by the Office of Chief Counsel shall be
set by the commission with the approval of the Governor.
    Section 214. Bureau of Consumer Relations.--The commission
shall establish a Bureau of Consumer Relations which shall be
responsible for handling all consumer complaints and
suggestions. The bureau shall develop a system-wide program for
investigating all complaints and suggestions and implementing
improvements into the State Store system.
    Section 215. Prohibitions.--(a) The commission may not make
a contract or otherwise do business with a corporation, vendor
or service contractor that has not complied with the regulatory
and statutory requirements of any other administrative agency.
    (b) The commission may not make a contract or otherwise do
business with a transportation carrier for hire of liquor, wine
or malt or brewed beverages which (carrier) has not obtained the
proper permits from the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
under 66 Pa.C.S. Ch. 25 (relating to contract carrier by motor
vehicle and broker).
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    Section 216. Management of Fees.--The commission shall <-
    develop a fee-management system to identify actual commission
eosts related to each fee that it administers. This system shall
be developed in cooperation with the Pennsylvania State Police
and shall include all allocated enforcement costs of the
enforeement bureau.
SECTION 216. WINE MARKETING.--(A) THERE IS HEREBY <-
ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE COMMISSION THE BUREAU OF WINE WHICH SHALL
BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PURCHASING AND THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MARKETING OF PREMIUM WINES SO AS TO MAKE THESE WINES AVAILABLE
TO PENNSYLVANIA CONSUMERS AT COMPETITIVE PRICES AND IN A
CONVENIENT ATMOSPHERE.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { DIRECTOR, AN ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR PURCHASING AND AN ASSISTANT } \\
& \text { DIRECTOR FOR MARKETING. }
\end{aligned}
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(C) THE COMMISSION SHALL ESTABLISH THAT AT LEAST FIVE PER CENTUM OF ALL STATE STORES WITHIN A METROPOLITAN AREA ARE WINE SPECIALTY STORES, AT WHICH PREMIUM WINE SHALL BE SOLD. THESE STORES SHALL NOT SELL ANY DISTILLED PRODUCT. THE STORES SHALL BE IN ADDITION TO THE CURRENT NUMBER OF STATE STORES IN OPERATION IN SAID AREA.
(D) (1) THE TERM "METROPOLITAN AREA" AS USED IN THIS SECTION SHALL MEAN ANY ONE COUNTY OR ANY COMBINATION OF TWO, THREE OR FOUR COUNTIES CONTIGUOUS AND ADJACENT WITH A TOTAL POPULATION OF FIFTY THOUSAND OR MORE.
(2) THE TERM "WINE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION SHALL MEAN LIQUOR WHICH IS FERMENTED FROM GRAPES AND OTHER FRUITS, HAVING ALCOHOLIC CONTENT OF TWENTY-FOUR PER CENTUM OR LESS. THE TERM "WINE" SHALL NOT INCLUDE MALT OR BREWED BEVERAGES, NOR SHALL WINE INCLUDE ANY PRODUCTS CONTAINING ALCOHOL DERIVED FROM MALT, GRAIN, CEREAL, MOLASSES OR CACTUS.

Section 15. The heading of Article III of the act is reenacted to read:

ARTICLE III.
PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR STORES.
Section 16. Section 301 of the act, amended July 9, 1976 (P.L.527, No.125), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 301. [Board] Commission to Establish State Liquor Stores.--(a) The [board] commission shall establish, operate and maintain at such places throughout the Commonwealth as it shall deem essential and advisable, stores to be known as "Pennsylvania Liquor Stores," for the sale of liquor and alcohol
in accordance with the provisions of and the regulations made under this act; except that no store not so already located shall be located within three hundred feet of any elementary or secondary school, nor within a dry municipality without there first having been a referendum approving such location. When the [board] commission shall have determined upon the location of a liquor store in any municipality, it shall give notice of such location by public advertisement in two newspapers of general circulation. In cities of the first class, the location shall also be posted for a period of at least fifteen days following its determination by the [board] commission as required in section $403(\mathrm{~g})$ of this act. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the outside of the premises in which the proposed store is to operate or, in the event that a new structure is to be built in a similarly visible location. If, within five days after the appearance of such advertisement, or of the last day upon which the notice was posted, fifteen or more taxpayers residing within a quarter of a mile of such location, or the City Solicitor of the city of the first class, shall file a protest with the court of common pleas of the county averring that the location is objectionable because of its proximity to a church, a school, or to private residences, the court shall forthwith hold a hearing affording an opportunity to the protestants and to the [board] commission to present evidence. The court shall render its decision immediately upon the conclusion of the testimony and from the decision there shall be no appeal. If the court shall determine that the proposed location is undesirable for the reasons set forth in the protest, the [board] commission shall abandon it and find another location. The [board] commission may establish,
during such hours as the [board] commission, in its discretion, shall determine[, but shall not be open longer than fourteen hours in any one day nor later than eleven o'clock postmeridian]: Provided, That the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores in the case of a special election for members of the General Assembly or members of the Congress of the United States, when such special election is held on other than a primary, municipal or general election day, shall be open in those Legislative or Congressional Districts as though the day were not a special election day. The [board] commission may, with the approval of the Governor, temporarily close any store in any municipality.

Section 19. Section 305 of the act, amended October 21, 1965 (P.L.642, No.316), October 11, 1972 (P.L.906, No.215), June 17, 1974 (P.L.352, No.115), October 2, 1974 (P.L.668, No.222) and October 4, 1974 (P.L.672, No.224), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 305. Sales by Pennsylvania Liquor Stores.--(a) Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall keep in stock for sale such classes, varieties and brands of liquor and alcohol as the [board] commission shall prescribe. If any person shall desire to purchase any class, variety or brand of liquor or alcohol which any such store does not have in stock, it shall be the duty of such store immediately to order the same upon the payment of a reasonable deposit by the purchaser in such proportion of the approximate cost of the order as shall be prescribed by the regulations of the [board] commission. The customer shall be notified immediately upon the arrival of the goods.

In computing the retail price of such special orders for liquor or alcohol, the [board] commission shall not include the
cost of freight or shipping before applying the mark-up and taxes but shall add the freight or shipping charges to the price after the mark-up and taxes have been applied.

Unless the customer pays for and accepts delivery of any such special order within five days after notice of arrival, the store may place it in stock for general sale and the customer's deposit shall be forfeited.
(b) Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall sell liquors at wholesale to hotels, restaurants, clubs, and railroad, pullman and steamship companies licensed under this act; and, under the regulations of the [board] commission, to pharmacists duly licensed and registered under the laws of the Commonwealth, and to manufacturing pharmacists, and to reputable hospitals approved by the [board] commission, or chemists. The [board] commission may sell to registered pharmacists only such liquors as conform to the Pharmacopoeia of the United States, the National Formulary, or the American Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia. The [board] commission may sell at special prices under the regulations of the [board] commission, to United States Armed Forces facilities which are located on United States Armed Forces installations and are conducted pursuant to the authority and regulations of the United States Armed Forces. All other sales by such stores shall be at retail. [No liquor shall be sold except for cash, except that the board The comision may, by regulation, authorize the acceptance of checks for liquor sold at wholesale only. The fboardł commission shall have power <to designate certain stores for wholesale or retail sales exclusively.] A PERSON ENTITLED TO PURCHASE LIQUOR AT WHOLESALE <— PRICES MAY PURCHASE THE LIQUOR AT ANY PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR STORE UPON TENDERING CASH, CHECK OR CREDIT CARD FOR THE FULL AMOUNT OF

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THE PURCHASE. FOR THIS PURPOSE, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A DISCOUNT CARD TO EACH LICENSEE IDENTIFYING SUCH LICENSEE AS A PERSON AUTHORIZED TO PURCHASE LIQUOR AT WHOLESALE PRICES. SUCH DISCOUNT CARD SHALL BE RETAINED BY THE LICENSEE. THE BOARD MAY PROVIDE FOR DELIVERY TO WHOLESALE LICENSEES AT THE EXPENSE OF
``` THE LICENSEE RECEIVING THE DELIVERY.
(c) Whenever any checks issued in payment of liquor or alcohol purchased from State Liquor Stores by persons holding wholesale purchase permit cards issued by the [board] commission shall be returned to the [board] commission as dishonored, the [board] commission shall charge a fee of five dollars per hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, plus all protest fees, to the maker of such check submitted to the [board] commission. Failure to pay the face amount of the check in full and all charges thereon as herein required within ten days after demand has been made by the [board] commission upon the maker of the check shall be cause for revocation or suspension of any license issued by the [board] commission to the person who issued such check and the cancellation of the wholesale purchase permit card held by such person.
(d) No liquor or alcohol package shall be opened on the premises of a Pennsylvania Liquor Store. No manager or other employe of the [board] commission employed in a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall allow any liquor or alcohol to be consumed on the store premises, nor shall any person consume any liquor or alcohol on such premises.
(e) The [board] commission may sell tax exempt alcohol to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to persons to whom the [board] commission shall, by regulation to be promulgated by it, issue special permits for the purchase of such tax exempt
alcohol.
Such permits may be issued to the United States or any governmental agency thereof, to any university or college of learning, any laboratory for use exclusively in scientific research, any hospital, sanitorium, eleemosynary institution or dispensary; to physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists duly licensed and registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to manufacturing chemists and pharmacists or other persons for use in the manufacture or compounding of preparations unfit for beverage purposes.
(f) Every purchaser of liquor or alcohol from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall receive a numbered receipt which shall show the price paid therefor, and such other information as the [board] commission may prescribe. Copies of all receipts issued by a Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall be retained by and shall form part of the records of such store.
(g) The [board] commission is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and enforce appropriate rules and regulations to insure the equitable wholesale and retail sale and distribution, through the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores, of available liquor and alcohol at any time when the demand therefor is greater than the supply.
(h) Every Pennsylvania Liquor Store shall sell gift certificates which may be redeemed for liquor.

Section 20. Section 306 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 306. Audits by Auditor General.--(a) It shall be the duty of the Department of the Auditor General to make all audits which may be necessary in connection with the administration of the financial affairs of the [board]
commission and the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores operated and maintained by the [board] commission.
(b) At least one audit shall be made each year of the affairs of the [board] commission, and all collections made by the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores shall be audited quarterly. \(\underline{A}\) COPY OF THE ANNUAL AUDIT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMMISSION SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO EACH MEMBER OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
(c) Special audits of the affairs of the [board] commission and the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores maintained and operated by the [board] commission may be made whenever they may, in the judgment of the Auditor General, appear necessary, and shall be made whenever the Governor shall call upon the Auditor General to make them.
(d) Copies of all audits made by the Department of the Auditor General shall be promptly submitted to the [board] commission and to the Governor.
(e) Unless the Department of the Auditor General shall neglect or refuse to make annual, quarterly or special Audits, as hereinabove required, it shall be unlawful for the [board] commission to expend any money appropriated to it by the General Assembly for any audit of its affairs, except for the payment of the compensation and expenses of such auditors as are regularly employed as part of the administrative staff of the [board] commission.

Section 21. The headings of Article IV and Subdivision (A) of Article IV of the act are reenacted to read: ARTICLE IV.

LICENSES AND REGULATIONS; LIQUOR, ALCOHOL AND MALT AND BREWED BEVERAGES.
(A) Liquor and Alcohol (Not Including Manufacturers).

Section 22. Section 401 of the act, amended June 1, 1972 (P.L. 355 , No.95), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 401. Authority to Issue Liquor Licenses to Hotels, Restaurants and Clubs.--(a) Subject to the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated under this act, the [board] commission shall have authority to issue a retail liquor license for any premises kept or operated by a hotel, restaurant or club and specified in the license entitling the hotel, restaurant or club to purchase liquor from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store and to keep on the premises such liquor and, subject to the provisions of this act and the regulations made thereunder, to sell the same and also malt or brewed beverages to guests, patrons or members for consumption on the hotel, restaurant or club premises. Such licensees, other than clubs, shall be permitted to sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises where sold in quantities of not more than one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a single sale to one person. Such licenses shall be known as hotel liquor licenses, restaurant liquor licenses and club liquor licenses, respectively. No person who holds, either by appointment or election, any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or the penal laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be issued any hotel or restaurant liquor license, nor shall such a person have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any such license.
(b) The [board] commission may issue to any club which caters to groups of non-members, either privately or for functions, a catering license, and the [board] commission shall,
by its rules and regulations, define what constitutes catering under this subsection except that any club which is issued a catering license shall not be prohibited from catering on Sundays during the hours which the club may lawfully serve liquor, malt or brewed beverages.

Section 23. Section 402 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 402. License Districts; License Year; Hearings.--(A) <The [board] commission shall, by regulation, divide the State into convenient license districts and shall hold hearings on applications for licenses and renewals thereof, as it deems necessary, at a convenient place or places in each of said districts, at such times as it shall fix, by regulation, for the purpose of hearing testimony for and against applications for new licenses and renewals thereof. THE COMMISSION SHALL HOLD A <HEARING ON ANY APPLICATION FOR A NEW HOTEL, CLUB OR RESTAURANT LIQUOR LICENSE OR THE TRANSFER OF ANY SUCH LICENSE TO A NEW LOCATION, UPON THE REQUEST OF ANY PERSON WITH STANDING TO TESTIFY UNDER SUBSECTION (B) IF THE REQUEST IS FILED WITH THE COMMISSION WITHIN THE FIRST FIFTEEN DAYS OF POSTING OF THE NOTICE OF APPLICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 403(G). The [board] commission may provide for the holding of such hearings by [examiners learned in the law, to be appointed by the Governor, who shall not be subject to the "Civil Service Act."] administrative law judges. Such examiners shall make report to the [board] commission in each case with their recommendations. The [board] commission shall, by regulation, fix the license year for each separate district so that the expiration dates shall be uniform in each of the several districts but staggered as to the State.
(B) WHERE A HEARING IS HELD IN THE CASE OF AN APPLICATION FOR A NEW HOTEL, CLUB OR RESTAURANT LIQUOR LICENSE OR AN APPLICATION FOR THE TRANSFER OF A HOTEL, CLUB OR RESTAURANT LIQUOR LICENSE TO A NEW LOCATION, THE COMMISSION SHALL PERMIT RESIDENTS RESIDING WITHIN A RADIUS OF FIVE HUNDRED FEET OF THE PREMISES TO TESTIFY AT THE HEARING. THE COMMISSION AND ANY HEARING OFFICER THEREOF SHALL GIVE APPROPRIATE EVIDENTIARY WEIGHT TO ANY TESTIMONY OF SUCH RESIDENTS GIVEN AT THE HEARING.

Section 24. Section 403 of the act, amended November 19, 1959 (P.L.1546, No.553) and September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No.702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 403. Applications for Hotel, Restaurant and Club Liquor Licenses.--(a) Every applicant for a hotel liquor license, restaurant liquor license or club liquor license or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed shall file a written application with the [board] commission in such form and containing such information as the [board] commission shall from time to time prescribe, which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20), the prescribed license fee, and the bond hereinafter specified. Every such application shall contain a description of that part of the hotel, restaurant or club for which the applicant desires a license and shall set forth such other material information, description or plan of that part of the hotel, restaurant or club where it is proposed to keep and sell liquor as may be required by the regulations of the [board] commission. The descriptions, information and plans referred to in this subsection shall show the hotel, restaurant, club, or the proposed location for the construction of a hotel, restaurant or club, at the time the application is made, and shall show any
alterations proposed to be made thereto, or the new building proposed to be constructed after the approval by the [board] commission of the application for a license or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed. No physical alterations, improvements or changes shall be required to be made to any hotel, restaurant or club, nor shall any new building for any such purpose, be required to be constructed until approval of the application for license or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed by the [board] commission. After approval of the application, the licensee shall make the physical alterations, improvements and changes to the licensed premises, or shall construct the new building in the manner specified by the [board] commission at the time of approval, and the licensee shall not transact any business under the license until the [board] commission has approved the completed physical alterations, improvements and changes to the licensed premises, or the completed construction of the new building as conforming to the specifications required by the [board] commission at the time of issuance or transfer of the license, and is satisfied that the establishment is a restaurant, hotel or club as defined by this act. The [board] commission may require that all such alterations or construction or conformity to definition be completed within six months from the time of issuance or transfer of the license. Failure to comply with these requirements shall be considered cause for revocation of the license. No such license shall be transferable between the time of issuance or transfer of the license and the approval of the completed alterations or construction by the [board] commission and full compliance by the licensee with the requirements of
this act, except in the case of death of the licensee prior to full compliance with all of the aforementioned requirements, in which event, the license may be transferred by the [board] commission as provided in section 468 of this act for the transfer of the license in the case of death of the licensee.
(b) If the applicant is a natural person, his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and has been a resident of this Commonwealth for at least two years immediately preceding his application.
(c) If the applicant is a corporation, the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania, that all officers, directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States, and that the manager of the hotel, restaurant or club is a citizen of the United States.
(d) Each application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation by the owner, if a natural person, or, in the case of an association, by a member or partner thereof, or, in the case of a corporation, by an executive officer thereof or any person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application, to which shall be attached written evidence of his authority.
(e) If the applicant is an association, the application shall set forth the names and addresses of the persons constituting the association, and if a corporation, the names and addresses of the principal officers thereof. Every club applicant shall file with and as a part of its application a list of the names and addresses of its members, directors, officers, agents and employes, together with the dates of their
admission, election or employment, and such other information with respect to its affairs as the [board] commission shall require.
(f) The [board] commission shall refuse to issue licenses to clubs when it appears that the operation of the licensed business would inure to the benefit of individual members, officers, agents or employes of the club, rather than to the benefit of the entire membership of the club.
(g) Every applicant for a new license or for the transfer of an existing license [to another premises not then licensed] shall post, for a period of a least fifteen days beginning with the day the application is filed with the [board] commission, in a conspicuous place on the outside of the premises or at the proposed new location for which the license is applied, a notice of such application, in such form, of such size, and containing such provisions as the [board] commission may require by its regulations. Proof of the posting of such notice shall be filed with the [board] commission.
(h) If any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application, the affiant shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article.
(i) Upon receipt of an application for a new license or transfer of an existing license to a new location, the commission shall immediately notify, in writing, the municipality in which the premises proposed to be licensed are located.

Section 25. Section 404 of the act, amended September 2, 1971 (P.L.429, No.103), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 404. Issuance of Hotel, Restaurant and Club Liquor

Licenses.--Upon receipt of the application, the proper fees and bond, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application that the applicant is the only person in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed and that no other person will be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license, except as hereinafter permitted, and that the applicant is a person of good repute, that the premises applied for meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the [board] commission, that the applicant seeks a license for a hotel, restaurant or club, as defined in this act, and that the issuance of such license is not prohibited by any of the provisions of this act, the [board] commission shall, in the case of a hotel or restaurant, grant and issue to the applicant a liquor license, and in the case of a club may, in its discretion, issue or refuse a license: Provided, however, That in the case of any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location the [board] commission may, in its discretion, grant or refuse such new license or transfer if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church, hospital, charitable institution, school, or public playground, or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place which is within two hundred feet of any other premises which is licensed by the [board] commission, or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place where the principal business is the sale of liquid fuels and oil: And provided further, That the [board] commission shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer of any license to a new location if, in the [board's] commission's opinion, such new license or transfer would be detrimental to the welfare,
health, peace and morals of the inhabitants of the neighborhood within a radius of five hundred feet of the place proposed to be licensed: And provided further, That the [board] commission shall not issue new licenses in any license district more than twice each license year, effective from specific dates fixed by the [board] commission, and new licenses shall not be granted, except for hotels as defined in this act, unless the application therefor shall have been filed at least thirty days before the effective date of the license: And provided further, That nothing herein contained shall prohibit the [board] commission from issuing a new license for the balance of any unexpired term in any license district to any applicant in such district, who shall have become eligible to hold such license as the result of legislative enactment, when such enactment shall have taken place during the license term of that district for which application is made or within the thirty days immediately preceding such term, nor shall anything herein contained prohibit the commission from issuing at any time a new license for an airport restaurant, or municipal golf course, as defined in section 461 of this act, for the balance of the unexpired license term in any license district: And provided further, That the shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license. At any time prior to commission approval of an application for a new license or transfer of any license to a new location, any natural person, not a licensec, residing
but less than fifty thousand inhabitants, three hundred dollars (\$300.00) .

In those having a population of fifty thousand and more but less than one hundred thousand inhabitants, four hundred dollars (\$400.00) .

In those having a population of one hundred thousand and more but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

In those having a population of one hundred fifty thousand and more inhabitants, six hundred dollars (\$600.00).
(b) Every applicant for a club liquor license shall pay to the [board] commission a license fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00), except clubs to which catering licenses are issued, in which cases the license fees shall be the same as for hotels and restaurants located in the same municipality.
(c) All license fees authorized under this section shall be collected by the [board] commission for the use of the municipalities in which such fees were collected.
(d) Whenever any checks issued in payment of filing and/or license fees shall be returned to the [board] commission as dishonored, the [board] commission shall charge a fee of five dollars (\$5.00) per hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, plus all protest fees, to the maker of such check submitted to the [board] commission. Failure to pay the face amount of the check in full and all charges thereon as herein required within ten days after demand has been made by the [board] commission upon the maker of the check, the license of such person, if issued, shall immediately terminate and be cancelled without any action on the part of the [board] commission.

Section 27. Section 406 of the act, amended September 2,

1971 (P.L.429, No.103), December 17, 1982 (P.L.1390, No.319), May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54) and February 28, 1985 (P.L.1, No.1), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 406. Sales by Liquor Licensees; Restrictions.--(a) (1) Every hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottle or other container, and in any mixture, for consumption only in that part of the hotel or restaurant habitually used for the serving of food to guests or patrons, or in a bowling alley that is immediately adjacent to and under the same roof as a restaurant when no minors are present, unless minors who are present are under proper supervision as defined in section 493, in the bowling alley, and in the case of hotels, to guests, and in the case of clubs, to members, in their private rooms in the hotel or club. No club licensee nor its officers, servants, agents or employes, other than one holding a catering license, shall sell any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person except a member of the club. In the case of a restaurant located in a hotel which is not operated by the owner of the hotel and which is licensed to sell liquor under this act, liquor and malt or brewed beverages may be sold for consumption in that part of the restaurant habitually used for the serving of meals to patrons and also to guests in private guest rooms in the hotel. For the purpose of this paragraph, any person who is an active member of another club which is chartered by the same state or national organization shall have the same rights and privileges as members of the particular club. For the purpose of this paragraph, any person who is an active member of any volunteer firefighting company, association or group of this Commonwealth, whether incorporated or unincorporated, shall upon the approval
of any club composed of volunteer firemen licensed under this act, have the same social rights and privileges as members of such licensed club. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "active member" shall not include a social member.
(2) Hotel and restaurant liquor licensees, airport restaurant liquor licensees, municipal golf course restaurant liquor licensees and privately-owned public golf course restaurant licensees may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages only after seven o'clock antemeridian of any day until two o'clock antemeridian of the following day, except Sunday, and except as hereinafter provided, may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages on Sunday between the hours of twelve o'clock midnight and two o'clock antemeridian.
(3) Hotel and restaurant liquor licensees, airport restaurant liquor licensees, municipal golf course restaurant liquor licensees and privately-owned public golf course restaurant licensees whose sales of food and nonalcoholic beverages are equal to forty per centum or more of the combined gross sales of both food and alcoholic beverages may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages on Sunday between the hours of eleven o'clock antemeridian and two o'clock antemeridian Monday upon purchase of a special annual permit from the [board] commission at a fee of two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per year, which shall be in addition to any other license fees.
(4) Hotel and restaurant liquor licensees, airport restaurant liquor licensees, municipal golf course restaurant liquor licensees and privately-owned public golf course restaurant licensees which do not qualify for and purchase such annual special permit, their servants, agents or employes may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages only after seven
that he is operating in accordance with daylight saving time.
(6) Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary, whenever the thirty-first day of December or Saint Patrick's Day falls on a Sunday, every hotel or restaurant liquor licensee, their servants, agents or employes may sell liquor and malt or brewed beverages on any such day after one o'clock postmeridian and until two o'clock antemeridian of the following day.
(b) Such Sunday sales by hotel and restaurant liquor licensees which qualify for and purchase such annual special permit, their servants, agents and employes, shall be made subject to the restrictions imposed by the act on sales by hotels and restaurants for sales on weekdays as well as those restrictions set forth in this section.

Section 28. Section 406.1 of the act, amended May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 406.1. Secondary Service Area.--Upon application of any restaurant, hotel, club, any stadium as described in section 408.9 or municipal golf course liquor licensee, and payment of the appropriate fee, the [board] commission may approve a secondary service area by extending the licensed premises to include one additional permanent structure with dimensions of at least one hundred seventy-five square feet, enclosed on three sides and having adequate seating. Such secondary service area must be located on property having a minimum area of one (1) acre, and must be on land which is immediate, abutting, adjacent or contiguous to the licensed premises with no intervening public thoroughfare. In any stadium as described in section 408.9, only malt or brewed beverages may be served. There shall be no requirement that the secondary service area be physically connected to the original licensed premises. Notwithstanding 40

Pa. Code \(\$ 7.21(c)(3)\), the licensee shall be permitted to store, serve, sell or dispense food, liquor and malt or brewed beverages at the [board] commission approved secondary service area.

Section 29. Section 407 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 407. Sale of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Liquor Licensees.--Every liquor license issued to a hotel, restaurant, club, or a railroad, pullman or steamship company under this subdivision (A) for the sale of liquor shall authorize the licensee to sell malt or brewed beverages at the same places but subject to the same restrictions and penalties as apply to sales of liquor, except that licensees other than clubs may sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises where sold in quantities of not more than one hundred forty-four fluid ounces in a single sale to one person. No licensee under this subdivision (A) shall at the same time be the holder of any other class of license, except a retail dispenser's license authorizing the sale of malt or brewed beverages only.

Section 30. Section 408 of the act, amended September 19, 1961 (P.L.1507, No.639) and November 26, 1978 (P.L.1389, No. 326 ), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408. Public Service Liquor Licenses.--(a) Subject to the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated under this act, the [board] commission, upon application, shall issue retail liquor licenses to railroad or pullman companies permitting liquor and malt or brewed beverages to be sold in dining, club or buffet cars to passengers for consumption while enroute on such railroad, and may issue retail liquor licenses to steamship companies permitting liquor or malt or brewed beverages to be sold in the dining compartments of steamships or
vessels wherever operated in the Commonwealth, except when standing or moored in stations, terminals or docks within a municipality wherein sales of liquor for consumption on the premises are prohibited, and may further issue retail liquor licenses to airline companies permitting liquor or malt or brewed beverages to be sold to passengers for consumption while enroute on such airline. Such licenses shall be known as public service liquor licenses. The [board] commission may issue a master license to railroad or pullman companies to cover the maximum number of cars which the company shall estimate that it will operate within the Commonwealth on any one day. Such licensees shall file monthly reports with the [board] commission showing the maximum number of cars operated in any one day during the preceding month, and if it appears that more cars have been operated than covered by its license it shall forthwith remit to the [board] commission the sum of twenty dollars for each extra car so operated.
(b) For the purpose of considering an application by a steamship or airline company for a public service liquor license, the [board] commission may cause an inspection of the steamship or vessel or aircraft for which a license is desired. The [board] commission may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the license applied for and there shall be no appeal from its decision, except that an action of mandamus may be brought against the [board] commission in the manner provided by law.
(c) Every applicant for a public service liquor license shall, before receiving such license, file with the [board] commission a surety bond as hereinafter prescribed, pay to the [board] commission for each of the maximum number of dining, club or buffet cars which the applicant estimates it will have
in operation on any one day an annual fee of twenty dollars (\$20.00), and for each steamship or vessel or aircraft for which a license is desired an annual fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00).
(d) Unless previously revoked, every license issued by the [board] commission under this section shall expire and terminate on the thirty-first day of December, in the year for which the license is issued. Licenses issued under the provisions of this section shall be renewed annually, as herein provided, upon the filing of applications in such form as the [board] commission shall prescribe, but no license shall be renewed until the applicant shall file with the [board] commission a new surety bond and shall pay the requisite license fee specified in this section.
(e) Except as otherwise specifically provided, sales of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the aforesaid public service company licensees shall be made in accordance with, and shall be subject to, the provisions of this act relating to the sale of liquors by restaurant licensees.

Section 31. Section 408.1 of the act, added December 15, 1965 (P.L.1106, No.426) and amended November 17, 1967 (P.L.510, No. 247 ), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.1. Trade Show and Convention Licenses.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to issue a license in any city of the first or second class for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottles or other container or in any mixture for consumption in any restaurant or other appropriate location on city-owned premises or on premises of an authority created under the act of July 29, 1953 (P.L.1034), known as the "Public Auditorium Authorities Law"
customarily used or available for use for trade shows and conventions. Any concessionaire selected and certified by the city or its authorized agency or by the authority may apply for a license.
(b) The application for a trade show and convention license may be filed at any time and shall conform with all requirements for restaurant liquor license applications except as may be otherwise provided herein. The applicant shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Application shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee which shall accompany the trade show and convention license application shall be twenty dollars (\$20).
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form and the application fee, and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall issue a license to the applicant.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination of the contract between the concessionaire and the city or authority.
(e) The annual fee for a trade show and convention license shall be six hundred dollars (\$600), and shall accompany the application for the license. Whenever a concessionaire's contract terminates the license shall be returned to the [board] commission for cancellation and a new license shall be issued to a new applicant.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a trade show and convention license pursuant to section 465 of this article shall be two thousand dollars \((\$ 2,000)\) and in addition thereto he shall file an additional bond in a sum to assure payment of any suspension of license up to one hundred days.
(g) Sales by the holder of a trade show and convention license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 of this act on city-owned or authority-owned, leased or operated premises customarily used or available for use for trade shows and conventions during the hours in which the convention or trade show is being held and up to one hour after the scheduled closing, and at functions which are incidental to or a part of the trade show or convention, but such sales may not be made beyond the hours expressed in the act for the sale of liquor by restaurant licensees: Provided, however, That during the hours expressed in this act for the sale of liquor by hotel licensees, sales of such liquor or malt or brewed beverages may be made by said licensee at banquets, not incidental to trade shows or conventions, at which more than two thousand persons are scheduled to attend, and at functions irrespective of attendance, which are directly related to the Philadelphia Commercial Museum or the Center for International Visitors: And provided further, That no such sale shall be made at any sporting, athletic or theatrical event.
(h) Whenever a contract is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the contract between the city or authority and the concessionaire, the city or authority may select and certify to the [board] commission a different concessionaire which concessionaire shall apply to the [board]
commission for a new license. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided a new license shall thereupon be issued.
(i) If any trade show and convention license is suspended, the offer in compromise shall be accepted at the same rate as provided for existing restaurant liquor licenses not in excess of one hundred days. If any trade show and convention license is revoked, the [board] commission shall issue a new license to any qualified applicant without regard to the prohibition in section 471 against the grant of license at the same premises for a period of at least one year.

Section 32. Section 408.2 of the act, added November 25, 1970 (P.L.770, No.255) and amended June 9, 1972 (P.L.379, No.108), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.2. City-Owned Stadia.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to issue a license in any city of the first class for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottles or other container or in any mixture for consumption in any restaurant on city-owned premises principally utilized for competition of professional and amateur athletes and other types of entertainment where there is an available seating capacity within the premises of twelve thousand or more.
(b) The application for a city-owned stadium license may be filed at any time by a concessionaire selected and certified by the city or its authorized agency and shall conform with all requirements for restaurant-liquor licenses and applications except as may otherwise be provided herein. Applicant shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Applications shall be in writing on forms prescribed by
the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee which shall accompany the license application shall be twenty dollars (\$20).
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form and the application fee and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall issue a license to the applicant.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination of the contract between the concessionaire and the city.
(e) The annual fee for a stadium license shall be six hundred dollars (\$60), and shall accompany the application for the license. Whenever a concessionaire's contract terminates the license shall be returned to the [board] commission for cancellation and a new license shall be issued to a new applicant.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a stadium license pursuant to section 465 of the "Liquor Code" shall be two thousand dollars \((\$ 2,000)\) and in addition thereto he shall file an additional bond in a sum to assure payment of any fine imposed by the [board] commission up to one thousand dollars \((\$ 1,000)\).
(g) Sales by the holder of a stadium license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 of this act on city-owned premises customarily used or available for use for competition of professional and amateur athletes and other types of entertainment during the hours in
which the entertainment is being held and up to one hour after the scheduled closing, and at functions which are incidental to or part of the stadium activities, but such sales may not be made beyond the hours expressed in the code for the sale of liquor by restaurant licensees: Provided, however, That such sales may be made on Sunday between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and ten o'clock postmeridian: And provided further, That during the hours expressed in this act for the sale of liquor by hotel licensees, sales of such liquor or malt or brewed beverages may be made by said licensee at banquets, not incidental to stadium activities, at which more than two thousand persons are scheduled to attend, and at functions irrespective of attendance, which are directly related to stadia purposes.
(h) Whenever a contract is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the contract between the city and the concessionaire, the city may select and certify to the [board] commission a different concessionaire which concessionaire shall apply to the [board] commission for a new license. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided a new license shall thereupon be issued. If any stadium license is revoked, the [board] commission shall issue a new license to any qualified applicant without regard to the prohibition in section 471 , against the grant of a license at the same premises for a period of at least one year.

Section 33. Section 408.3 of the act, amended December 16, 1982 (P.L.1359, No. 311), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.3. Performing Arts Facilities.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to issue a license to one nonprofit
corporation operating a theater for the performing arts in each city of the first or second class which has seating accommodations for at least twenty-seven hundred persons except where prohibited by local option for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottle or other container or in any mixture for consumption in any such theater for the performing arts.
(a.1) The [board] commission is authorized to issue licenses to operators of theaters for the performing arts, other than a theater qualifying under subsection (a), which are permanently located at a single site and which have seating accommodations, affixed to the theater structure, for at least twenty-eight hundred persons except where prohibited by local option for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottle, or other container or in any mixture for consumption in any such theater for the performing arts.
(b) The application for a performing arts facility license may be filed at any time by a nonprofit corporation operating such a theater for the performing arts or by a concessionaire selected by such nonprofit corporation and shall conform with all requirements for restaurant liquor licenses and applications except as may otherwise be provided herein. Applicant shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Applications shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee shall accompany the license application.
(b.1) A performing arts facility referred to in subsection (a.1) must be in operation for a period of two (2) years before it may file an application for a license. The application for a
performing arts facility license may be filed at any time thereafter by the operator or a concessionaire selected by the operator of such theater for the performing arts and shall conform with all requirements for restaurant liquor licenses and applications except as may be otherwise provided herein. Applicants shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Applications shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee shall accompany the license application.
(b.2) The filing fee which is prescribed in clause (19) of section 614-A of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as "The Administrative Code of 1929," shall accompany the license application filed under subsection (b) or (b.1).
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form and the application fee and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall issue a license to the applicant.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination of the contract between the concessionaire and the operator of such theater for the performing arts.
(e) The annual fee for a performing arts facility shall accompany the application for the license and shall be as prescribed in clause (19) of section 614-A of "The Administrative Code of 1929." Whenever and if a concessionaire's contract terminates the license shall be returned to the [board]
commission for cancellation and a new license shall be issued to a new applicant.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a performing arts facility pursuant to section 465 of the "Liquor Code" shall be two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
(g) Sales by the holder of a performing arts facility license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 of this act on the premises of such a theater for the performing arts during the hours expressed in the code for the sale of liquor and malt and brewed beverages by restaurant licensees, and the license may be used for such sales on Sundays between the hours of 1:00 P.M. and 10:00 P.M., irrespective of the volume of food sales.
(g.1) Sales by the holder of a performing arts facility license referred to in subsection (a.1) shall be further restricted to the period of time beginning one (1) hour before and ending one (1) hour after any presentation at the performing arts facility.
(h) Whenever a contract with a concessionaire is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the contract between such operator and the concessionaire, operator may select and certify to the [board] commission a different concessionaire which concessionaire shall apply to the [board] commission for a new license. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided a new license shall thereupon be issued. If any such performing arts facility license is revoked, the [board] commission shall issue a new license to any qualified applicant without regard to the prohibition in section 471, against the grant of a license at the same premises for a period of at least one (1) year.
(i) Licenses issued under the provisions of this section shall not be subject to the quota restrictions of section 461 of this act.
(j) Performing arts facility licenses referred to in subsection (a) shall not be subject to the provisions of section 404 except in so far as they relate to the reputation of the applicant nor to the provisions of sections 461 and 463 nor to the provisions of clause (10) of section 493 of the "Liquor Code."
(j.1) Performing arts facilities referred to in subsection (a.1) shall not be subject to the provisions of section 463 nor to the provision requiring a special permit for dancing, theatricals or floor shows of any sort, or moving pictures other than television in clause (10) of section 493 of the "Liquor Code."
(k) Sales under such licenses (including food sales) may be limited by the licensee to patrons of the events scheduled in the theater of the performing arts. Provided food is offered for sale when sales are made under the license, such food may be catered from off the premises.

Section 34. Section 408.4 of the act, amended July 11, 1980 (P.L.558, No.117), July 9, 1984 (P.L.659, No.137) and July 3, 1985 (P.L.134, No.36), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.4. Special Occasion Permits.--(a) Upon application of any hospital, church, synagogue, volunteer fire company, bona fide sportsmen's club in existence for at least ten years and upon payment of a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) per day, the [board] commission shall issue a special occasion permit good for a period of not more than five consecutive days. Special occasion permits may also be issued to a museum operated
by a nonprofit corporation in a city of the third class or a nonprofit corporation engaged in the performing arts in a city of the third class for a period of not more than six nonconsecutive or ten consecutive days at a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) per day.
(b) In any city, borough, incorporated town or township in which the sale of liquor and/or malt or brewed beverages has been approved by the electorate, such special occasion permit shall authorize the permittee to sell liquor and/or malt or brewed beverages as the case may be to any adult person on any day for which the permit is issued.
(c) Such special occasion permit shall only be valid for the number of days stated in the permit. Only one permit may be issued to any permittee during the year. Provided, that a museum operated by a nonprofit corporation in a city of the third class and a nonprofit corporation engaged in the performing arts in a city of the third class may be issued no more than six permits during the year, each permit being valid for only one day, or in the alternative, one permit valid for no more than a total of ten consecutive days per year, which may be issued only during the month of August. NOTWITHSTANDING THIS SUBSECTION, TWO SPECIAL OCCASION PERMITS PER CALENDAR YEAR MAY BE ISSUED TO THE SAME HOSPITAL, CHURCH, SYNAGOGUE, VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY OR BONA FIDE SPORTSMEN'S CLUB.
(d) Such permits shall only be issued for use at a special event including, but not limited to bazaars, picnics and clambakes. The special event must be one which is used by the permittee as a means of raising funds for itself.
(d.1) The hours during which the holder of a special occasion permit may sell liquor or malt or brewed beverages
shall be limited to the hours set forth in section 406 which are applicable to hotel and restaurant licensees. The hours during which a nonprofit corporation engaged in the performing arts in a city of the third class may sell liquor or malt or brewed beverages pursuant to a special occasion permit shall be limited to those hours set forth in section 408.3(g.1).
(d.2) At least forty-eight hours prior to the sale of any liquor or malt or brewed beverages, the holder of a special occasion permit shall notify the local police department, or in the absence of a local police department, the Pennsylvania State Police, of the times when and place where the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages shall occur.
(e) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to any licensee now or hereafter possessing a caterer's license, nor to any professional fund raiser.
(f) Any person selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages in violation of this section shall, upon summary conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for the first offense and a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent offense. This fine shall be in addition to any other penalty imposed by law for the illegal sale of malt or brewed beverages.

Section 35. Section 408.5 of the act, amended July 9, 1976 (P.L.527, No.125), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.5. Licenses for City-owned Art Museums, Cities First Class and Art Museums Maintained by Certain Non-profit Corporations in Cities of the Second Class.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to issue a license in any city of the first class for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottles or other container, and in
any mixture, for consumption in any city-owned art museum or in any art museum maintained by a non-profit corporation in cities of the second class. For the purpose of this section "non-profit corporation" shall mean a corporation organized under the nonprofit corporation laws for the benefit of the public and not for the mutual benefit of its members, and which maintains an art museum having a floor area of not less than one hundred thousand square feet in one building.
(b) The application for a license may be filed at any time by the city, the non-profit corporation or lessee. The application may also be filed by a concessionaire selected and certified by the city or the non-profit corporation. The application shall conform with all requirements for restaurant liquor licenses and applications except as may otherwise be provided herein. Applicant shall submit such other information as the may require. The application shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the and shall be signed and submitted to the by the applicant. A filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20) shall accompany the license application.
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form with the application fee and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the shall issue a license to the applicant.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licensees and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the or upon termination of the lease or upon termination of the contract between the concessionaire and the city or the non-profit corporation.
(g) Sales by the holder of an art museum license may be made except to those persons prohibited by this act on premises used for art museum purposes, but such sales may not be made beyond the hours expressed in this act for the sale of liquor by restaurant licenses. However, sales of liquor or malt or brewed beverages may be made by an art museum licensee at banquets at which more than five hundred persons are scheduled to attend and at any other function which is directly related to art museum purposes.
(h) Whenever a lease or a concession contract is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the lease or contract between the city or the non-profit corporation and the tenant or concessionaire, the city or the non-profit corporation may select and certify to the [board] commission a different licensee or concessionaire who may then apply to the [board] commission for a new license. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided a new license shall thereupon be issued.
(i) If the [board] commission shall revoke any art museum license, the [board] commission shall issue a new license to any qualified applicant without regard to the prohibition in section 471 against the grant of a license at the same premises for a period of at least one year.
(i.1) Any renewal of a license presently held by a cityowned art museum in a city of the first class shall be accomplished by the purchase of a license from an existing licensee.
(i.2) An art museum maintained by a non-profit corporation or corporations in a city of the second class which obtains approval of its application for a license from the [board]
commission shall purchase a license from an existing licensee.
(j) The provisions of this act shall supersede or exempt any provision of the Liquor Code which would prevent the issuance of a license for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages upon any premises owned by the city of the first class or by a non-profit corporation in a city of the second class used for art museum purposes.

Section 36. Section 408.6 of the act, added July 11, 1980 (P.L.558, No.117), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.6. Performing Arts Facilities in Third Class Cities.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to issue a restaurant liquor license to a nonprofit corporation or to a concessionaire selected by such nonprofit corporation in any city of the third class for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottles or other container or in any mixture for consumption on any city-owned premises utilized as a nonprofit performing arts facility or any other premises utilized as a nonprofit performing arts facility where there is an available seating capacity within the premises of one thousand or more: Provided, however, That no sale or consumption of such beverages shall take place on any portions of such premises other than service areas approved by the [board] commission.
(b) An application for the issuance may be filed at any time by a nonprofit corporation operating such a theater for the performing arts or by a concessionaire selected by such nonprofit corporation. Any such license granted under these provisions need not conform to the requirements of the act relating to restaurant liquor licenses, except as provided herein. Applicant shall submit such other information as the
[board] commission may require. Applications shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee which shall accompany the license application shall be thirty dollars (\$30).
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form and the application fee and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall issue the restaurant liquor license for the performing arts facility.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination and nonrenewal of the contract between the concessionaire and such nonprofit corporation.
(e) The annual fee for a performing arts facility shall be as provided in section 405 and shall accompany the application for the license. Whenever and if a concessionaire's contract terminates and is not renewed the license shall be returned to the for cancellation but the [board] commission may issue a restaurant liquor license to a subsequent applicant.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a performing arts facility pursuant to section 465 shall be two thousand dollars \((\$ 2,000)\).
( \(g\) ) Sales by the holder of a performing arts facility license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 on [board-approved] commissionapproved service areas of the premises of such a facility for the performing arts during the hours in which the performance is
the facility of the performing arts. Provided food is offered for sale when sales are made under the license, such food may be catered from off the premises.

Section 37. Section 408.7 of the act, added December 12, 1980 (P.L.1195, No.221), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.7. Performing Arts Facilities in First and Second Class Cities.--(a) The [board] commission is authorized to transfer a restaurant liquor license purchased by any person or by a concessionaire selected by such person in any city of the first or second class for the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by the glass, open bottles or other container or in any mixture for consumption on any city-owned premises utilized as a performing arts facility or any other premise utilized as a performing arts facility where there is an available seating capacity within the premises of one thousand or more: Provided, however, That no sale or consumption of such beverages shall take place on any portions of such premises other than service areas approved by the [board] commission.
(b) An application for transfer may be filed at any time by a person operating such a theater for the performing arts or by a concessionaire selected by such person. Any such license granted under these provisions need not conform to the requirements of the act relating to restaurant liquor licenses, except as provided herein. Applicant shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Applications shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission and shall be signed and submitted to the [board] commission by the applicant. The filing fee which shall accompany the license transfer application shall be thirty dollars (\$30).
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form and the application fee and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall transfer the restaurant liquor license for the performing arts facility.
(d) The license shall be transferred for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination and nonrenewal of the contract between the concessionaire and such person.
(e) The annual fee for a performing arts facility shall be as provided in section 405 and shall accompany the application for the license. Whenever and if a concessionaire's contract terminates and is not renewed the license shall be returned to the for cancellation and the [board] commission may transfer a restaurant liquor license purchased by a subsequent applicant.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a performing arts facility pursuant to section 465 shall be two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
(g) Sales by the holder of a performing arts facility license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 on [board-approved] commissionapproved service areas of the premises of such a facility for the performing arts during the hours in which the performance is being held and up to one hour before the scheduled opening and one hour after the scheduled closing, but such sales may not be made beyond the hours expressed in the code for the sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by restaurant licensees:

Provided, however, That such sales may be made on Sunday between the hours of one o'clock postmeridian and ten o'clock postmeridian, irrespective of the volume of food sales.
(h) Whenever a contract with a concessionaire is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the contract between such person and the concessionaire and is not renewed, such person may apply to the [board] commission for the transfer of a restaurant liquor license purchased by such person, or may select and certify to the [board] commission a different concessionaire which concessionaire shall apply to the [board] commission for the transfer of a restaurant liquor license purchased by such concessionaire. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided, a transfer shall thereupon occur. If any such performing arts facility license is revoked, the [board] commission shall transfer a license for any qualified applicant who has purchased a restaurant liquor license without regard to the prohibition in section 471, against the grant of a license at the same premises for a period of at least one year.
(i) Performing arts licenses shall not be subject to the provisions of section 404 except insofar as they relate to the reputation of the applicant nor to the provisions of section 463, nor to the provisions of clause (10) of section 493.
(j) Sales under such licenses (including food sales) may be limited by the licensee to portions of the events scheduled in the facility of the performing arts. Provided food is offered for sale when sales are made under the license, such food may be catered from off the premises.

Section 38. Section 408.8 of the act, added December 17, 1982 (P.L.1390, No.319), is reenacted and amended to read:
facility.
(d) The license shall be issued for the same period of time as provided for restaurant licenses and shall be renewed as provided in section 402. The license shall terminate upon revocation by the [board] commission or upon termination and nonrenewal of the contract between the concessionaire and such nonprofit corporation.
(e) The annual fee for a trade show or convention facility shall be as provided in section 405 and shall accompany the application for the license. Whenever and if a concessionaire's contract terminates and is not renewed, the license shall be returned to the [board] commission for cancellation but the [board] commission may issue a restaurant liquor license to a subsequent application.
(f) The penal sum of the bond which shall be filed by an applicant for a trade show or convention facility pursuant to section 465 shall be two thousand dollars \((\$ 2,000)\).
(g) Sales by the holder of a trade show or convention facility license may be made except to those persons prohibited under clause (1) of section 493 on [board-approved] commissionapproved service areas of the premises of such a facility for trade shows or conventions during the hours in which the trade show or convention is being held and up to one hour before the scheduled opening and one hour after the scheduled closing, but such sales may not be made beyond the hours expressed in the code for the sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages by restaurant licensees: Provided, however, That such sales may be made on Sunday between the hours of one o'clock postmeridian and ten o'clock postmeridian, irrespective of the volume of food sales.
(h) Whenever a contract with a concessionaire is terminated prior to the expiration date provided in the contract between such nonprofit corporation and the concessionaire and is not renewed, such nonprofit corporation may apply to the [board] commission for the issuance of a restaurant liquor license or may select and certify to the [board] commission a different concessionaire which concessionaire shall apply to the [board] commission for issuance of a restaurant liquor license. If the applicant meets the requirements of the [board] commission as herein provided, the issuance shall thereupon occur. If any such trade show or convention license is revoked, the [board] commission shall issue a new license to any qualified applicant without regard to the prohibition in section 471 against the grant of a license at the same premises for a period of at least one year.
(i) Licenses issued under the provisions of this section shall not be subject to the quota restrictions of section 461.
(j) Trade show or convention licenses shall not be subject to the provisions of section 404 except insofar as they relate to the reputation of the applicant nor to the provisions of sections 461 and 463 nor to the provisions of clause (10) of section 493.
(k) Sales under such licenses (including food sales) may be limited by the licensee to patrons of the events scheduled in the facility for trade shows or conventions. Provided food is offered for sale when sales are made under the license, such food may be catered from off the premises.

Section 39. Section 408.9 of the act, added May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 408.9. Stadium and Restaurant Licenses in Third
association or partnership must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth. If the applicant is a corporation, the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania, and that all officers, directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States.
(d) Holders of such licenses may purchase from manufacturers or bring or import into this Commonwealth wine to be used for sacramental or religious purposes only, and bottle and sell the same to priests, clergymen and rabbis for use in the cathedral, church, synagogue or temple, or for sustaining members of the congregation or members of the faith who attend religious services, duly certified by such priests, clergymen or rabbis. The sale and use of wine for sacramental or religious purposes shall be subject to and in accordance with the regulations of the [board] commission.
(e) Any wine purchased under the authority of this section shall not be used for any other than sacramental or religious purposes. Sacramental wine may not be sold by any person except the holder of a sacramental wine license.
(f) Every sacramental wine licensee shall maintain on the licensed premises such records as the [board] commission may prescribe. No deliveries of sacramental wine shall be made unless and until an order therefor is on file at the principal place of business in Pennsylvania. All shipments into Pennsylvania of wine to be used for sacramental or religious purposes shall be consigned to the principal place of business maintained by the licensee.
(g) Any such license may be suspended or revoked by the
[board] commission upon proof satisfactory to it that the licensee has violated any law of this Commonwealth or any regulation of the [board] commission relating to liquor and alcohol. The procedure in such cases shall be the same as for the revocation and suspension of hotel, restaurant and club licenses.

Section 41. Section 410 of the act, amended September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No. 702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 410. Liquor Importers' Licenses; Fees; Privileges; Restrictions.--(a) Subject to the provisions of this act in general and more particularly to the following provisions of this section, the [board] commission shall issue liquor importers' licenses to qualified applicants.
(b) Every applicant for an importer's license shall file a written application with the [board] commission in such form as the shall from time to time prescribe, which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20), a license fee of one hundred dollars, and a bond as hereinafter required. Every such application shall contain a description of the principal place of business for which the applicant desires a license and shall set forth such other material information as may be required by the [board] commission.
(c) The holder of an importer's license may have included in such license one warehouse wherein only his liquor may be kept and stored, located in the same municipality in which his licensed premises is situate, and not elsewhere, unless such licensee secures from the [board] commission a license for each additional storage warehouse desired. The [board] commission is authorized and empowered to issue to a holder of an importer's license a license for an additional storage warehouse or
warehouses located in this Commonwealth, provided such licensed importer files with the [board] commission a separate application for each warehouse in such form and containing such information as the [board] commission may from time to time require, accompanied by a filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20), a license fee of twenty-five dollars, and a bond of an approved surety company in the amount of ten thousand dollars. Such bond shall contain the same provisions and conditions as are required in the other license bonds under this article.
(d) If the applicant is a natural person, his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth. If the applicant is an association or partnership, each and every member of the association or partnership must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this Commonwealth. If the applicant is a corporation, the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania, and that all officers, directors and stockholders are citizens of the United States.
(e) Importers' licenses shall permit the holders thereof to bring or import liquor from other states, foreign countries, or insular possessions of the United States, and purchase liquor from manufacturers located within this Commonwealth, to be sold outside of this Commonwealth or to Pennsylvania Liquor Stores within this Commonwealth, or when in original containers of ten gallons or greater capacity, to licensed manufacturers within this Commonwealth.

All importations of liquor into Pennsylvania by the licensed importer shall be consigned to the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control

Board] commission or the principal place of business or authorized place of storage maintained by the licensee.
(f) Every importer shall maintain on the licensed premises such records as the [board] commission may prescribe. Any such license may be suspended or revoked by the [board] commission upon proof satisfactory to it that the licensee has violated any law of this Commonwealth or any regulation of the [board] commission relating to liquor and alcohol. The procedure in such cases shall be the same as for the revocation and suspension of hotel, restaurant and club licenses.

Section 42. Section 411 of the act, amended July 9, 1976 (P.L.963, No.188), is reenacted to read:

Section 411. Interlocking Business Prohibited.--(a) No manufacturer and no officer or director of any manufacturer shall at the same time be a holder of a hotel, restaurant or club liquor license, nor be the owner, proprietor or lessor of any place covered by any hotel, restaurant or club liquor license.
(b) No manufacturer, importer or sacramental wine licensee, and no officer or director of a manufacturer, importer or sacramental wine licensee shall own any stock or have any financial interest in any hotel or restaurant licensed under this act.
(c) Excepting as herein provided, no manufacturer, or officer, director, stockholder, agent or employe of a manufacturer shall in any wise be interested, either directly or indirectly, in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against the same, for which a hotel, restaurant or club license is granted; nor shall a manufacturer, importer or sacramental wine licensee, or
officer, director, stockholder, agent or employe of a manufacturer, importer or sacramental wine licensee, either directly or indirectly, lend any moneys, credit, or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof to, or guarantee the payment of any bond, mortgage, note or other obligation of, any hotel, restaurant or club licensee, his servant, agent or employe, for equipping, fitting out, or maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, a hotel, restaurant or club licensed for the selling of liquor for use and consumption upon the premises.
(d) Excepting as herein provided, no hotel licensee, restaurant licensee or club licensee, and no officer, director, stockholder, agent or employe of any such licensee shall in any wise be interested, either directly or indirectly, in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against the same, used by a manufacturer in manufacturing liquor or malt or brewed beverages; nor shall any hotel, restaurant or club licensee, or any officer, director, stockholder, agent or employe of any such licensee, either directly or indirectly, lend any moneys, credit, or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof, to any manufacturer for equipping, fitting out, or maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, an establishment used for the manufacture of liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(e) Except as herein provided, no hotel, restaurant, retail dispenser or club licensee, and no officer, director or stockholder, agent or employe of any such licensee shall in any wise be interested, directly or indirectly, in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against the same, used by a distributor,
importing distributor, or by an importer or sacramental wine licensee, in the conduct of his business; nor shall any hotel, restaurant, retail dispenser or club licensee, or any officer, director, stockholder, agent or employe of any such licensee, either directly or indirectly, lend any moneys, credit, or give anything of value or the equivalent thereof, to any distributor, importing distributor, importer or sacramental wine licensee, for equipping, fitting out, or maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, an establishment used in the conduct of his business.

The purpose of this section is to require a separation of the financial and business interests between manufacturers and holders of hotel or restaurant liquor licenses and, as herein provided, of club licenses, issued under this article, and no person shall, by any device whatsoever, directly or indirectly, evade the provisions of the section. But in view of existing economic conditions, nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the ownership of property or conflicting interest by a manufacturer of any place occupied by a licensee under this article after the manufacturer has continuously owned and had a conflicting interest in such place for a period of at least five years prior to July eighteenth, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five: Provided, however, That this clause shall not prohibit any hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee from owning land which is leased to, and the buildings thereon owned by, a holder of a retail dispenser's license; and nothing in this clause shall prevent the issuance of a retail dispenser's license to a lessee of such lands who owns the buildings thereon: And, provided further, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit any hotel, restaurant,
retail dispenser or club licensee or any officer, director or stockholder, agent or employe of any such licensee from having a financial or other interest, directly or indirectly in the ownership or leasehold of any property or the equipment of any property or any mortgage lien against same, used, leased by an importer or sacramental wine licensee for the exclusive purpose of maintaining commercial offices and on the condition that said property is not used for the storage or sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any quantity.

Section 43. The heading of Subdivision (B) of Article IV of the act is reenacted to read:
(B) Malt and Brewed Beverages (Including Manufacturers).

Section 44. Section 431 of the act, amended August 17, 1965 (P.L.346, No.182), October 9, 1967 (P.L.395, No.179), May 5, 1970 (P.L.342, No.110) and June 22, 1980 (P.L.253, No.73), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 431. Malt and Brewed Beverages Manufacturers', Distributors' and Importing Distributors' Licenses.--(a) The [board] commission shall issue to any person a resident of this Commonwealth of good repute who applies therefor, pays the license fee hereinafter prescribed, and files the bond hereinafter required, a manufacturer's license to produce and manufacture malt or brewed beverages, and to transport, sell and deliver malt or brewed beverages at or from one or more places of manufacture or storage, only in original containers, in quantities of not less than a case of twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or a case of twelve containers, each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately
anywhere within the Commonwealth. Licenses for places of storage shall be limited to those maintained by manufacturers on July eighteenth, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five, and the [board] commission shall issue no licenses for places of storage in addition to those maintained on July eighteenth, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five. The application for such license shall be in such form and contain such information as the [board] commission shall require. All such licenses shall be granted for the calendar year. Every manufacturer shall keep at his or its principal place of business, within the Commonwealth daily permanent records which shall show, (1) the quantities of raw materials received and used in the manufacture of malt or brewed beverages and the quantities of malt or brewed beverages manufactured and stored, (2) the sales of malt or brewed beverages, (3) the quantities of malt or brewed beverages stored for hire or transported for hire by or for the licensee, and (4) the names and addresses of the purchasers or other recipients thereof. Every place licensed as a manufacturer shall be subject to inspection by members of the [board] commission or by persons duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission, at any and all times of the day or night, as they may deem necessary, for the detection of violations of this act or of the rules and regulations of the [board] commission, or for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the records required to be kept by licensees. The books and records of such licensees shall at all times be open to inspection by members of the [board] commission or by persons duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission. Members of the [board] commission and its duly authorized agents shall have the right, without hindrance, to enter any place which is subject to inspection hereunder or
any place where such records are kept for the purpose of making such inspections and making transcripts thereof.
(b) The [board] commission shall issue to any reputable person who applies therefor, pays the license fee hereinafter prescribed, and files the bond hereinafter required, a distributor's or importing distributor's license for the place which such person desires to maintain for the sale of malt or brewed beverages, not for consumption on the premises where sold, and in quantities of not less than twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or twelve containers, each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twentyeight ounces or more which may be sold separately and such containers to be the original containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture [: And <provided further, That the fboard] commission. ADDITIONALLY, A <DISTRIBUTOR MAY SELL A QUANTITY OF 24 CONTAINERS, ALL OF THE SAME UNIT SIZE, BUT CONTAINING DIFFERENT BRANDS OF MALT OR BREWED BEVERAGES, MIXED IN UNIT COMBINATIONS OF SIX OF THE SAME BRAND. THE COMMISSION shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license[.]: AND PROVIDED <FURTHER, THAT IN THE CASE OF ANY NEW LICENSE OR THE TRANSFER OF ANY LICENSE TO A NEW LOCATION THE COMMISSION MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, GRANT OR REFUSE SUCH NEW LICENSE OR TRANSFER IF SUCH PLACE PROPOSED TO BE LICENSED IS WITHIN THREE HUNDRED FEET OF
importing distributor shall not sell or deliver malt or brewed beverages manufactured by the out of State manufacturer to any person issued a license under the provisions of this act whose licensed premises are not located within the geographical area for which he has been given distributing rights by such manufacturer: Provided, That the importing distributor holding such distributing rights for such product shall not sell or deliver the same to another importing distributor without first having entered into a written agreement with the said secondary importing distributor setting forth the terms and conditions under which such products are to be resold within the territory granted to the primary importing distributor by the manufacturer.

When a Pennsylvania manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages licensed under this article names or constitutes a distributor or importing distributor as the primary or original supplier of his product, he shall also designate the specific geographical area for which the said distributor or importing distributor is given distributing rights, and such distributor or importing distributor shall not sell or deliver the products of such manufacturer to any person issued a license under the provisions of this act whose licensed premises are not located within the geographical area for which distributing rights have been given to the distributor and importing distributor by the said manufacturer: Provided, That the importing distributor holding such distributing rights for such product shall not sell or deliver the same to another importing distributor without first having entered into a written agreement with the said secondary importing distributor setting forth the terms and conditions under which such products are to be resold within the territory
granted to the primary importing distributor by the manufacturer. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any manufacturer from authorizing the importing distributor holding the distributing rights for a designated geographical area from selling the products of such manufacturer to another importing distributor also holding distributing rights from the same manufacturer for another geographical area, providing such authority be contained in writing and a copy thereof be given to each of the importing distributors so affected.
(c) The aforesaid licenses shall be issued only to reputable individuals, partnerships and associations who are, or whose members are, citizens of the United States and have for two years prior to the date of their applications been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Such licenses shall be issued to corporations duly organized or registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania only when it appears that all of the officers and directors of the corporation are citizens of the United States and have been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a period of at least two years prior to the date of application, and that at least fifty-one per centum of the capital stock of such corporation is actually owned by individuals who are citizens of the United States and have been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a period of at least two years prior to the date of application: Provided, That the provisions of this subsection with respect to residence requirements shall not apply to individuals, partners, officers, directors and owners of capital stock, of corporations licensed
or applying for licenses as manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages, nor shall the provisions of this subsection with respect to stockholder requirements apply to corporations licensed or applying for licenses as manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages.
(d) (1) All distributing rights as hereinabove required shall be in writing, shall be equitable in their provisions and shall be substantially similar as to terms and conditions with all other distributing rights agreements between the manufacturer giving such agreement and its other importing distributors and distributors shall not be modified, cancelled, terminated or rescinded by the manufacturer without good cause, and shall contain a provision in substance or effect as follows: "The manufacturer recognizes that the importing distributor and distributor are free to manage their business in the manner the importing distributor and distributor deem best and that this prerogative vests in the importing distributor and distributor the exclusive right to establish a selling price, to select the brands of malt or brewed beverages they wish to handle and to determine the efforts and resources which the importing distributor and distributor will exert to develop and promote the same of the manufacturer's products handled by the importing distributor and distributor. However, the manufacturer expects that the importing distributor and distributor will price competitively the products handled by them, devote reasonable effort and resources to the sale of such products and maintain a reasonable sales level." "Good cause" shall mean the failure by any party to an agreement, without reasonable excuse or justification, to comply substantially with an essential, reasonable and commercially acceptable requirement imposed by
the other party under the terms of an agreement.
(2) After January 1, 1980, no manufacturer shall enter into any agreement with more than one distributor or importing distributor for the purpose of establishing more than one agreement for designated brand or brands of malt or brewed beverages in any one territory. Each franchise territory which is granted by a manufacturer shall be geographically contiguous.
(3) Except for discontinuance of a brand or a valid termination for good cause, the purchaser of the assets of the manufacturer as defined in this act shall become obligated to all the territorial and brand designations of the agreement in effect on the date of purchase. Purchase of assets as defined for the purposes of this act shall include, but not be limited to, the sale of stock, sale of assets, merger, lease, transfer or consolidation.
(4) The court of common pleas of the county wherein the licensed premises of the importing distributor or distributor are located is hereby vested with jurisdiction and power to enjoin the modification, rescission, cancellation or termination of a franchise or agreement between a manufacturer and an importing distributor or distributor at the instance of such importing distributor or distributor who is or might be adversely affected by such modification, rescission, cancellation or termination, and in granting an injunction the court shall provide that no manufacturer shall supply the customers or territory of the importing distributor or distributor by servicing the territory or customers through other importing distributors or distributors or any other means while the injunction is in effect: Provided, however, That any injunction issued under this subsection shall require the
posting of sufficient bond against damages arising from an injunction improvidently granted and a showing that the danger of irrevocable loss or damage is immediate and that during the pendency of such injunction the importing distributor or distributor shall continue to service the accounts of the manufacturer in good faith.
(5) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to Pennsylvania manufacturers whose principal place of business is located in Pennsylvania unless they name or constitute a distributor or importing distributor as a primary or original supplier of their products subsequent to the effective date of this act, or unless such Pennsylvania manufacturers have named or constituted a distributor or importing distributor as a primary or original supplier of their products prior to the effective date of this act, and which status is continuing when this act becomes effective.

Section 45. Section 432 of the act, amended January 19, 1952 (1951 P.L. 2170, No.619), June 19, 1961 (P.L.482, No.244), October 9, 1967 (P.L.392, No.177) and May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 432. Malt and Brewed Beverages Retail Licenses.--(a) Subject to the restrictions hereinafter provided in this act, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application, that the premises and the applicant meet all the requirements of this act and the regulations of the [board] commission, that the applicant seeks a license for a reputable hotel, eating place or club, as defined in this act, the [board] commission shall, in the case of a hotel or eating place, grant and issue, and in the case of a club may, in its discretion, issue or refuse the applicant a retail dispenser's license.
(b) In the case of hotels and eating places, licenses shall be issued only to reputable persons who are citizens of the United States and have for two years been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the date of their application, or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of whose officers and directors are citizens of the United States. In the case of incorporated clubs, licenses shall be issued only to those incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania.
(c) No retail dispenser's licenses shall be granted or renewed upon their expiration in any municipality in which the electors shall vote, as hereinafter provided, against the licensing therein of places where malt or brewed beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises where sold.
(d) The [board] commission shall, in its discretion, grant or refuse any new license or the transfer of any license to a new location if such place proposed to be licensed is within three hundred feet of any church, hospital, charitable institution, school, or public playground, or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place which is within two hundred feet of any other premises which is licensed by the [board] commission, or if such new license or transfer is applied for a place where the principal business conducted is the sale of liquid fuels and oil. The [board] commission shall refuse any application for a new license or the transfer of any license to a new location if, in the [board's] commission's opinion, such new license or transfer would be detrimental to the welfare, health, peace and morals of the inhabitants of the neighborhood within a radius of five hundred feet of the place to be licensed. The [board] commission shall not issue new
licenses, except as herein otherwise provided, in any license district more than twice each license year effective from specific dates fixed by the [board] commission, and new licenses shall not be granted unless the application therefor shall have been filed at least thirty days before the effective date of the license. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit the [board] commission from issuing a new license for the balance of any unexpired term in any license district to any applicant in such district, who shall have become eligible to hold such license as the result of legislative enactment, when such enactment shall have taken place during the license term of that district for which application is made, or within the thirty days immediately preceding such term: And provided further, That the [board] commission shall have the discretion to refuse a license to any person or to any corporation, partnership or association if such person, or any officer or director of such corporation, or any member or partner of such partnership or association shall have been convicted or found guilty of a felony within a period of five years immediately preceding the date of application for the said license.
(e) Every applicant for a new or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed shall post, for a period of at least fifteen days beginning with the day the application is filed with the [board] commission, in a conspicuous place on the outside of the premises or in a window plainly visible from the outside of the premises for which the license is applied or at the proposed new location, a notice of such application, in such form, of such size, and containing such provisions as the [board] commission may require by its regulations. Proof of the posting of such notice shall be filed
with the [board] commission.
(f) Hotel, eating places, or municipal golf course retail dispenser licensees whose sales of food and nonalcoholic beverages are equal to forty per centum (40\%) or more of the combined gross sales of both food and malt or brewed beverages may sell malt or brewed beverages between the hours of eleven o'clock antemeridian on Sunday and two o'clock antemeridian on Monday upon purchase of a special annual permit from the [board] commission at a fee of two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per year, which shall be in addition to any other license fees. Provided further, the holder of such special annual permit may sell malt or brewed beverages after seven o'clock antemeridian and until two o'clock antemeridian of the following day, on any day on which a general, municipal, special or primary election is being held.

Section 46. Section 433 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 433. Public Service Licenses.--The [board] commission may issue public service malt and brewed beverage licenses to a railroad, pullman or steamship company permitting malt or brewed beverages to be sold at retail in dining, club or buffet cars, or the dining compartments of steamships or vessels, for consumption on the trains, steamships or vessels wherever operated in the State, except when standing in stations or terminals within a municipality wherein retail sales are prohibited. Such licenses shall only be granted to reputable persons and for fit places. The [board] commission may issue a master license to railroad or pullman companies to cover the maximum number of cars which the company shall estimate that it will operate within the Commonwealth on any one day. Such
licensees shall file monthly reports with the [board] commission showing the maximum number of cars operated at any time on any day during the preceding month, and if it appears that more cars have been operated than covered by its license it shall forthwith remit to the [board] commission the sum of ten dollars for each extra car so operated. The [board] commission shall have the power to suspend or revoke any such licenses for cause after granting a hearing [thereon] before an administrative law judge to the licensee. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the [board] commission in refusing, suspending or revoking any such license may appeal to [the court of quarter sessions of Dauphin County] Commonwealth Court in the same manner as provided in this article for appeals from refusals of licenses.

Section 47. Section 433.1 of the act, added July 10, 1961 (P.L.561, No.275), amended November 17, 1967 (P.L.510, No.247) and December 16, 1982 (P.L.1359, No.311), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 433.1. Stadium or Arena Permits.--(a) The [board] commission is hereby authorized to issue, in cities of the first, second and third class, in counties of the third class and in school districts in counties of the third class, special permits allowing the holders thereof to make retail sales of malt or brewed beverages in shatterproof containers at all events on premises principally utilized for competition of professional and amateur athletes and other types of entertainment having an available seating capacity of twelve thousand or more in cities of the first and second class and seven thousand or more and owned by the city in cities of the third class and four thousand two hundred or more and owned by counties of the third class and two thousand five hundred or
more in school districts in counties of the third class: Provided, however, That in cities of the second class this section shall be applicable only to premises owned, leased or operated by any authority created under the act of July 29, 1953 (P.L.1034, No.270), known as the "Public Auditorium Authorities Law." Such sales may be made only to adults and only on days when the premises are so used and only during the period from one hour before the start of and ending one-half hour after the close of the event on the premises: Provided, however, That in school districts in counties of the third class sales may be made only during professional athletic competition.
(b) The owner or lessee or a concessionaire of any such premises may make application for a permit. The aforesaid permits shall be issued only to reputable individuals, partnerships and associations, who are or whose members are citizens of the United States and have for two years prior to the date of their applications been residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or to reputable corporations organized or duly registered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of whose officers and directors are citizens of the United States. Each applicant shall furnish proof satisfactory to the [board] commission that he is of good repute and financially responsible and that the premises upon which he proposes to do business is a proper place. The applicant shall submit such other information as the [board] commission may require. Applications shall be, in writing on forms prescribed by the [board] commission, and signed and sworn to by the applicant. Every application shall be accompanied by an application fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25), a permit fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) and a surety bond in the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1000) conditioned the same as the license bonds required by this act for retail dispenser licenses.
(c) Upon receipt of the application in proper form, the application fee, the permit fee and bond, and upon being satisfied that the applicant is of good repute and financially responsible and that the proposed place of business is proper, the [board] commission shall issue a special permit to the applicant. Only one permit issued under this section shall be in effect on any such premises at any time.
(d) No permit shall be transferable or assignable. The [board] commission may by regulation fix the permit year and provide for the renewal of such permits. Whenever a permit is revoked, another may be issued for the same premises to another applicant upon compliance with the provisions of this section.
(e) The [board] commission shall have the power to refuse the issuance of any permit for cause, and to revoke or suspend any permit for cause or for any violation of the liquor or malt and brewed beverage laws. Any applicant or holder of a permit aggrieved by any ruling of the [board] commission or by its refusal to issue a permit, or by its suspension or revocation thereof, shall have the right to a hearing and appeal therefrom in the same manner as provided in sections 464 and 471 of this act authorizing appeals from orders of the [board] commission or an administrative law judge.

Section 48. Section 434 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 434. License Year.--(a) Licenses issued under this article to distributors, importing distributors and retail dispensers shall, unless revoked in the manner provided in this act, be valid for the license year which may be established by
the [board] commission for the particular license district in which the license issues.
(b) Malt or brewed beverage licenses issued under this article to manufacturers and public service companies shall, unless revoked in the manner herein provided, be valid for the calendar year for which they are issued. Licenses to such manufacturers and public service companies may be issued at any time during a calendar year.

Section 49. Section 435 of the act, amended September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No. 702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 435. Filing of Applications for Distributors', Importing Distributors' and Retail Dispensers' Licenses; Filing Fee.--Every person intending to apply for a distributor's, importing distributor's or retail dispenser's license, as aforesaid, in any municipality of this Commonwealth, shall file with the [board] commission his or its application. All such applications shall be filed at a time to be fixed by the [board] commission for the particular license district as set up by the [board] commission under the provisions of this act. The applicant shall, at the time of filing the application and bond, pay said [board] commission the filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20), as hereinafter specified.

Section 50. Section 436 of the act, amended June 19, 1961 (P.L.482, No.244) and June 29, 1965 (P.L.151, No.101), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 436. Application for Distributors', Importing Distributors' and Retail Dispensers' Licenses.--Application for distributors', importing distributors' and retail dispensers' licenses, or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed, shall contain or have attached
thereto the following information and statements:
(a) The name and residence of the applicant and how long he has resided there, and if an association, partnership or corporation, the residences of the members, officers and directors for the period of two years next preceding the date of such application.
(b) The particular place for which the license is desired and a detailed description thereof. The description, information and plans referred to in this subsection shall show the premises or the proposed location for the construction of the premises at the time the application is made, and shall show any alterations proposed to be made thereto, or the new building proposed to be constructed after the approval by the [board] commission of the application for a license, or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed. No physical alterations, improvements or changes shall be required to be made to any hotel, eating place or club, nor shall any new building for any such purpose be required to be constructed until approval of the application for license or for the transfer of an existing license to another premises not then licensed by the [board] commission. After approval of the application, the licensee shall make the physical alterations, improvements and changes to the licensed premises, or shall construct the new building in the manner specified by the [board] commission at the time of approval. The licensee shall not transact any business under the license until the [board] commission has approved the completed physical alterations, improvements and changes of the licensed premises or the completed construction of the new building as conforming to the specifications required by the [board] commission at the time of
issuance or transfer of the license and is satisfied that the premises meet the requirements for a distributor's or importing distributor's license as set forth in this act or that the establishment is an eating place, hotel or club as defined by this act. The [board] commission may require that all such alterations or construction or conformity to definition be completed within six months from the time of issuance or transfer of the license. Failure to comply with these requirements shall be considered cause for revocation of the license. No such license shall be transferable between the time of issuance or transfer of the license and the approval of the completed alterations or construction by the [board] commission and full compliance by the licensee with the requirements of this act, except in the case of death of the licensee prior to full compliance with all of the aforementioned requirements, in which event the license may be transferred by the [board] commission as provided in section 468 of this act for the transfer of the license in the case of death of the licensee.
(c) Place of birth of applicant, and if a naturalized citizen, where and when naturalized, and if a corporation organized or registered under the laws of the Commonwealth, when and where incorporated, with the names and addresses of each officer and director, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States; if the application is for a distributor's or importing distributor's license and the applicant therefor is a corporation, the application shall also contain a statement of facts showing the qualifications of the corporation, as hereinbefore required, together with the names and addresses of all stockholders.
(d) Name of owner of premises and his residence.
(e) That the applicant is not, or in case of a partnership or association, that the members or partners are not, and in the case of a corporation, that the officers and directors are not, in any manner pecuniarily interested, either directly or indirectly, in the profits of any other class of business regulated under this article, except as hereinafter permitted.
(f) That applicant is the only person in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business so asked to be licensed, and that no other person shall be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license, except as hereinafter permitted.
(g) Whether applicant, or in case of a partnership or association, any member or partner thereof, or in case of a corporation, any officer or director thereof, has during the three years immediately preceding the date of said application had a license for the sale of malt or brewed beverages or spirituous and vinous liquors revoked, or has during the same period been convicted of any criminal offense, and if so, a detailed history thereof.
(h) A full description of that portion of the premises for which license is asked, and if any other business is to be conducted concurrently with the sale and distribution of malt or brewed beverages, a full history of such business, relating the nature thereof, the length of time it has so previously been conducted by the applicant or his predecessor at such location, and such additional information as the [board] commission may require.
(i) Every club applicant shall file with and as a part of its application a list of the names and addresses of its members, directors, officers, agents and employes, together with
the dates of their admission, election or employment, and such other information with respect to its affairs as the [board] commission shall require.
(j) The application must be verified by affidavit of applicant, and if any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application, the affiant shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article.

Section 51. Section 437 of the act, amended December 22, 1965 (P.L.1149, No.445), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 437. Prohibitions Against the Grant of Licenses.-(a) The [board] commission shall refuse to grant any licenses unless the application therefor contains the information required by this act, and the premises meet such reasonable sanitary requirements as the [board] commission, by regulation, shall prescribe.
(b) The [board] commission shall refuse to grant a license to any club when it appears that the operation of such license would inure to the benefit of individual members, officers, agents or employes of the club, rather than to the benefit of the entire membership of the club.
(c) Licenses shall be granted by the [board] commission only to reputable individuals, or to associations, partnerships and corporations whose members or officers and directors are reputable individuals.
(d) No person who holds, either by appointment or election, any public office which involves the duty to enforce any of the penal laws of the United States of America or any of the penal laws of this Commonwealth or any penal ordinance or resolution of any political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall be
issued any manufacturer's, importing distributor's, distributor's or retail dispenser's license, nor shall such a person have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any such license.
(e) No distributor's or importing distributor's license shall be issued for any premises in any part of which there is operated any retail license for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(f) No new distributor's or importing distributor's license shall hereafter be granted by the [board] commission in any county of the Commonwealth where the combined number of distributor and importing distributor licenses exceeds one license for each fifteen thousand inhabitants of the county in which the license is to be issued: Provided, That a combined total of five such licenses may be granted in any county of the Commonwealth.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as denying the right of the [board] commission to renew or to transfer existing distributors' or importing distributors' licenses or to exchange a distributor's license for an importing distributor's license or to exchange an importing distributor's license for a distributor's license, upon adjustment of the applicable fee, notwithstanding that the number of such licensed places in the county shall exceed the limitation hereinbefore prescribed: Provided, That no distributor's license or importing distributor's license shall be transferred from one county to another county so long as the quota is filled in the county to which the license is proposed to be transferred.

Section 52. Section 438 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 438. Number and Kinds of Licenses Allowed Same shall be nine hundred dollars (\$900) and shall be paid to the
[board] commission.
(d) In the case of a retail dispenser, except clubs, the license fee shall be graduated according to the population of the municipality in which the place of business is located and shall be paid to the [board] commission, as follows:
(1) Less than 10,000 \$100
(2) 10,000 and more, but less than \(50,000 \ldots . . . . .\).
(3) 50,000 and more, but less than \(100,000 \ldots . . . . . . \$ 200\)
(4) 100,000 and more, but less than \(150,000 \ldots . . .\).
(5) 150,000 and more......................................... \(\$ 300\)
(e) In the case of a club, the fee shall be twenty-five dollars in all cases and shall be paid to the [board] commission.
(f) In the case of a public service license for cars, the fee shall be ten dollars per car for the maximum number of cars operated on any one day on which malt or brewed beverages are sold, to be paid to the [board] commission.
(g) In the case of a public service license for the sale of malt or brewed beverages on a boat or vessel, the fee shall be fifty dollars for each such vessel or boat and shall be paid to the [board] commission.
(h) The fee for filing applications for licenses and for renewals shall be twenty dollars (\$20) which, together with fees for transfers, shall be paid to the [board] commission.
(i) The license fees fixed by this section shall be paid before the license or renewal is issued.

Section 54. Section 440 of the act, amended August 17, 1965 (P.L.346, No.182), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 440. Sales by Manufacturers of Malt or Brewed Beverages; Minimum Quantities.--No manufacturer shall sell any
malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the premises where sold, nor sell or deliver any such malt or brewed beverages in other than original containers approved as to capacity by the [board] commission, nor in quantities of less than a case of twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or a case of twelve containers, each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately; nor shall any manufacturer maintain or operate within the Commonwealth any place or places other than the place or places covered by his or its license where malt or brewed beverages are sold or where orders are taken.

Section 55. Section 441 of the act, amended October 23, 1959 (P.L.1360, No.471), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 441. Distributors' and Importing Distributors' Restrictions on Sales, Storage, Etc.--(a) No distributor or importing distributor shall purchase, receive or resell any malt or brewed beverages except in the original containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture.
(b) No distributor or importing distributor shall sell any malt or brewed beverages in quantities of less than a case of twenty-four containers, each container holding seven fluid ounces or more, or a case of twelve containers, each container holding twenty-four fluid ounces or more, except original containers containing one hundred twenty-eight ounces or more which may be sold separately: Provided, That no malt or brewed beverages sold or delivered shall be consumed upon the premises of the distributor or importing distributor, or in any place
provided for such purpose by such distributor or importing distributor.
(c) No distributor or importing distributor shall maintain or operate any place where sales are made other than that for which the license is granted.
(d) No distributor or importing distributor shall maintain any place for the storage of malt or brewed beverages except in the same municipality in which the licensed premises is located and unless the same has been approved by the [board] commission. In the event there is no place of cold storage in the same municipality, the [board] commission may approve a place of cold storage in the nearest municipality.
(e) No distributor or importing distributor shall purchase, sell, resell, receive or deliver any malt or brewed beverages, except in strict compliance with the provisions of subsection (b) of section 431 of this act.

Section 56. Section 442 of the act, amended October 9, 1967 (P.L.413, No.183), July 3, 1980 (P.L.348, No.88) and May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted to read:

Section 442. Retail Dispensers' Restrictions on Purchases and Sales.--(a) No retail dispenser shall purchase or receive any malt or brewed beverages except in original containers as prepared for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture. The retail dispenser may thereafter break the bulk upon the licensed premises and sell or dispense the same for consumption on or off the premises so licensed: Provided, however, That no retail dispenser may sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off the premises in quantities in excess of one hundred forty-four fluid ounces: Provided, further, That no club licensee may sell any malt or brewed
beverages for consumption off the premises where sold or to persons not members of the club.
(b) No retail dispenser shall sell any malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the licensed premises except in a room or rooms or place on the licensed premises at all times accessible to the use and accommodation of the general public, but this section shall not be interpreted to prohibit a retail dispenser from selling malt or brewed beverages in a hotel or club house in any room of such hotel or club house occupied by a bona fide registered guest or member entitled to purchase the same or to prohibit a retail dispenser from selling malt or brewed beverages in a bowling alley when no minors are present, unless minors who are present are under proper supervision as defined in section 493, where the licensed premises and bowling alley are immediately adjacent and under the same roof.
(c) For the purpose of this section any person who is an active member of another club which is chartered by the same state or national organization shall have the same rights and privileges as members of the particular club.
(d) For the purposes of this section, any person who is an active member of any volunteer firefighting company, association or group of this Commonwealth, whether incorporated or unincorporated, shall upon the approval of any club composed of volunteer firemen licensed under this act, have the same social rights and privileges as members of such licensed club.

Section 57. Section 443 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 443. Interlocking Business Prohibited.--(a) No manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages and no officer or director of any such manufacturer shall at the same time be a distributor, importing distributor or retail dispenser, or an
officer, director or stockholder or creditor of any distributor, importing distributor or retail dispenser, nor, except as hereinafter provided, be the owner, proprietor or lessor of any place for which a license has been issued for any importing distributor, distributor or retail dispenser, or for which a hotel, restaurant or club liquor license has been issued.
(b) No distributor or importing distributor and no officer or director of any distributor or importing distributor shall at the same time be a manufacturer, a retail dispenser or a liquor licensee, or be an officer, director, stockholder or creditor of a manufacturer, a retail dispenser or a liquor licensee, or, directly or indirectly, own any stock of, or have any financial interest in, or be the owner, proprietor or lessor of, any place covered by any other malt or brewed beverage or liquor license.
(C) No licensee licensed under this subdivision (B) of Article IV and no officer or director of such licensee shall, directly or indirectly, own any stock of, or have any financial interest in, any other class of business licensed under this subdivision.
(d) Excepting as hereinafter provided, no malt or brewed beverage manufacturer, importing distributor or distributor shall in any wise be interested, either directly or indirectly, in the ownership or leasehold of any property or in any mortgage against the same, for which a liquor or retail dispenser's license is granted; nor shall any such manufacturer, importing distributor or distributor, either directly or indirectly, lend any moneys, credit or equivalent thereof to, or guarantee the payment of any bond, mortgage, note or other obligation of, any liquor licensee or retail dispenser, in equipping, fitting out, or maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, an
establishment or business operated under a liquor or retail dispenser's license, excepting only the usual and customary credits allowed for returning original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were packaged for market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture.
(e) Excepting as hereinafter provided, no manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages shall in any wise be interested, either directly or indirectly, in the ownership or leasehold of any property or any mortgage lien against the same, for which a distributor's or importing distributor's license is granted; nor shall any such manufacturer, either directly or indirectly, lend any moneys, credit, or their equivalent to, or guarantee the payment of any bond, mortgage, note or other obligation of, any distributor or importing distributor, in equipping, fitting out, or maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, an establishment or business where malt or brewed beverages are licensed for sale by a distributor or importing distributor, excepting only the usual credits allowed for the return of original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were originally packaged for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture.
(f) No distributor, importing distributor or retail dispenser shall in anywise receive, either directly or indirectly, any credit, loan, moneys or the equivalent thereof from any other licensee, or from any officer, director or firm member of any other licensee, or from or through a subsidiary or affiliate of another licensee, or from any firm, association or corporation, except banking institutions, in which another licensee or any officer, director or firm member of another licensee has a substantial interest or exercises a control of
its business policy, for equipping, fitting out, payment of license fee, maintaining and conducting, either in whole or in part, an establishment or business operated under a distributor's, importing distributor's or retail dispenser's license, excepting only the usual and customary credits allowed for the return of original containers in which malt or brewed beverages were packaged for the market by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture.
(g) The purpose of this section is to require a separation of the financial and business interests between the various classes of business regulated by subdivision (B) of this article, and no person or corporation shall, by any device whatsoever, directly or indirectly, evade the provisions of this section. But in view of existing economic conditions, nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the ownership of property or conflicting interest by a malt or brewed beverage manufacturer of any place occupied by a distributor, importing distributor or retail dispenser after the manufacturer has continuously owned and had a conflicting interest in such place for a period of at least five years prior to the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirtyfive.

The term "manufacturer" as used in this section shall include manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages as defined in this act and any person manufacturing any malt or brewed beverages outside of this Commonwealth.

Section 58. Section 444 of the act, amended December 12, 1980 (P.L.1195, No.221) and repealed in part December 20, 1982 (P.L.1409, No.326), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 444. Malt or Brewed Beverages Manufactured Outside

This Commonwealth.--(a) In addition to compliance with all other provisions of this act, the [board] commission shall require each person desiring to sell any malt or brewed beverages manufactured outside this Commonwealth to Pennsylvania licensees, and shall require each Pennsylvania licensee who desires to purchase and resell any such malt or brewed beverages, to pay to the [board] commission the same fees as are required to be paid by Pennsylvania licensees or by persons or licensees in any state, territory or country outside of Pennsylvania who desires to sell malt or brewed beverages manufactured in Pennsylvania to licensees in such other state, territory or country of origin of such malt or brewed beverages not manufactured in Pennsylvania, and to observe and comply with the same regulations, prohibitions and restrictions as are required of or enforced against Pennsylvania licensees or persons who desire to purchase and resell malt or brewed beverages manufactured in Pennsylvania in such other state, territory or country of origin.
(b) In all cases where the [board] commission shall have issued any reciprocal regulations or orders concerning malt or brewed beverages manufactured in any state, territory or country other than Pennsylvania, no Pennsylvania licensee shall purchase any such malt or brewed beverages if their importation has been prohibited, or if not entirely prohibited, unless such regulations or orders have been observed and complied with by the Pennsylvania licensee and by the person from or through whom the Pennsylvania licensee desires to purchase.
(c) Any malt or brewed beverages manufactured outside of Pennsylvania which are sold, transported or possessed in Pennsylvania contrary to any such regulations or orders of the
[board] commission, or without the payment of the fees herein required, shall be considered contraband and shall be confiscated by the [board] commission and disposed of in the same manner as any other illegal liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(d) Upon learning of the commission by a manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages whose principal place of business is outside this Commonwealth, or by any servant, agent, employe or representative of such manufacturer, within or partly within and partly outside this Commonwealth, of any violation of this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or of any regulation of the [board] commission adopted pursuant thereto, or of any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax payment of liquor or malt or brewed beverages, the [board] commission shall cite such manufacturer to appear before it or [its examiner] an administrative law judge not less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the date of mailing such manufacturer at his principal place of business, wherever located, by registered mail, a notice to show cause why the further importation into this Commonwealth of malt or brewed beverages manufactured by him should not be prohibited.
(e) Upon such hearing, whether or not an appearance was made by such outside manufacturer, if satisfied that any such violation has occurred, the [board] commission is specifically empowered and directed to issue an order imposing a fine upon such outside manufacturer of not less than five hundred dollars ( \(\$ 500\) ) or more than ten thousand dollars \((\$ 10,000)\), or prohibiting the importation of malt or brewed beverages manufactured by such outside manufacturer into this Commonwealth
for a period not exceeding three years, or both. Such fine or prohibition shall not go into effect until twenty days have elapsed from the date of notice of issuance of the [board's] commission's order.
(f) If, after hearing, the [board] commission prohibits the importation of malt or brewed beverages manufactured by such outside manufacturer into this Commonwealth, notice of such [board] commission action shall be given immediately to such manufacturer and to all persons licensed to import malt or brewed beverages within this Commonwealth by mailing a copy of such order to such manufacturer at its principal place of business, wherever located, and to such licensees at their licensed premises. Thereafter, it shall be unlawful for any person licensed to import malt or brewed beverages within this Commonwealth to purchase any malt or brewed beverages manufactured by such outside manufacturer during the term of such prohibition.
(g) Any violation of such prohibitory order shall be a misdemeanor and shall be punished in the same manner as herein provided for any other violation of this act, and shall also constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of a license to import malt or brewed beverages.
(h) In all such cases, the [board] commission shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order.

SECTION 58.1. THE ACT IS AMENDED BY ADDING A SECTION TO <READ:

SECTION 445. LIMITED BREWERIES.--(A) HOLDERS OF A LIMITED BREWERY LICENSE MAY:
(1) SELL MALT OR BREWED BEVERAGES PRODUCED BY THE LIMITED

BREWERY ON THE LICENSED PREMISES UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS AND
REGULATIONS AS THE COMMISSION MAY ENFORCE, TO THE COMMISSION, TO
INDIVIDUALS FOR CONSUMPTION ON OR OFF THE PREMISES AND TO HOTEL, RESTAURANT, CLUB AND PUBLIC SERVICE LIQUOR LICENSEES.
(2) OPERATE A RESTAURANT OR BREWERY PUB ON THE LICENSED

PREMISES UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS AND REGULATIONS AS THE COMMISSION MAY ENFORCE.
(B) THE TERM "LIMITED BREWERY" AS USED IN THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE MANUFACTURERS OF MALT OR BREWED BEVERAGES PRODUCED WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH NOT EXCEEDING TWENTY THOUSAND BARRELS PER YEAR.

Section 59. The heading of Subdivision (C) of Article IV of the act is reenacted to read:
(C) General Provisions Applying to Both Liquor and Malt and Brewed Beverages.

Section 60. Section 461 of the act, amended June 19, 1961 (P.L.484, No.245), September 2, 1971 (P.L.429, No.103), December 17, 1982 (P.L.1390, No.319) and May 2, 1986 (P.L.141, No.44), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 461. Limiting Number of Retail Licenses To Be Issued In Each Municipality.--(a) No licenses shall hereafter be granted by the [board] commission for the retail sale of malt or brewed beverages or the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages in excess of one of such licenses of any class for each two thousand inhabitants in any municipality, exclusive of licenses granted to airport restaurants, municipal golf courses, hotels, privately-owned public golf courses, as defined in this section, and clubs; but at least one such license may be granted in each municipality and in each part of a municipality where such municipality is split so that each part thereof is
separated by another municipality, except in municipalities where the electors have voted against the granting of any retail licenses and except in that part of a split municipality where the electors have voted against the granting of any retail licenses. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as denying the right to the [board] commission to renew or to transfer existing retail licenses of any class notwithstanding that the number of such licensed places in a municipality shall exceed the limitation hereinbefore prescribed; but where such number exceeds the limitation prescribed by this section, no new license, except for hotels, municipal golf courses, airport restaurants, privately-owned public golf courses and privatelyowned private golf course licensees, as defined in this section, shall be granted so long as said limitation is exceeded.
(b) The [board] commission shall have the power to increase the number of licenses in any such municipality which in the opinion of the [board] commission is located within a resort area.
(c) The word "hotel" as used in this section shall mean any reputable place operated by a responsible person of good reputation where the public may, for a consideration, obtain sleeping accommodations, and which shall have the following number of bedrooms and requirements in each case--at least onehalf of the required number of bedrooms shall be regularly available to transient guests seven days weekly, except in resort areas; at least one-third of such bedrooms shall be equipped with hot and cold water, a lavatory, commode, bathtub or shower and a clothes closet; and an additional one-third of the total of such required rooms shall be equipped with lavatory and commode:
(1) In municipalities having a population of less than three thousand, at least twelve permanent bedrooms for the use of guests.
(2) In municipalities having a population of three thousand and more but less than ten thousand inhabitants, at least sixteen permanent bedrooms for the use of guests.
(3) In municipalities having a population of ten thousand and more but less than twenty-five thousand inhabitants, at least thirty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests.
(4) In municipalities having a population of twenty-five thousand and more but less than one hundred thousand inhabitants, at least forty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests.
(5) In municipalities having a population of one hundred thousand and more inhabitants, at least fifty permanent bedrooms for the use of guests.
(6) A public dining room or rooms operated by the same management accommodating at least thirty persons at one time and a kitchen, apart from the dining room or rooms, in which food is regularly prepared for the public.
(7) Each room to be considered a bedroom under the requirements of this section shall have an area of not less than eighty square feet and an outside window.
(8) The provisions of this subsection (c) shall not apply to hotel licenses granted prior to the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, or that have been granted on any application made and pending prior to said date, nor to any renewal or transfer thereof, or hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date. In such cases, the provisions
of section one of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 806), shall continue to apply.
(d) "Airport restaurant," as used in this section, shall mean restaurant facilities at any airport for public accommodation, which are owned or operated directly or through lessees by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by any municipal authority, county or city, either severally or jointly, with any other municipal authority, county or city, but shall not include any such restaurant facilities at any airport situated in a municipality where by vote of the electors the retail sale of liquor and malt or brewed beverages is not permitted.
(e) "Municipal golf course" as used in this section shall mean the restaurant facilities at any municipal golf course open for public accommodation, which are owned or operated directly or through lessees by a county, municipality or a municipal authority, severally or jointly with any other county, municipality or municipal authority, including any such restaurant facilities at any municipal golf course situate in a municipality where by vote of the electors the retail sale of liquor and malt and brewed beverages is not permitted.
(e.1) "Privately-owned public golf course" as used in this section shall mean the restaurant facilities at any privatelyowned golf course open for public accommodation.
(e.2) "Privately-owned private golf course" as used in this section shall mean the clubhouse at any privately-owned golf course as defined in section 102 open for private membership accommodations only as a club as defined in section 102. The license to be issued in this instance shall be a club license.
(f) The provisions of subsection (a) which apply to
privately-owned public golf courses shall not apply to the owner of such course who has, within three years prior to the effective date of this amendatory act or at any time after the effective date of this amendatory act, sold or transferred a regularly issued license for such course.

Section 61. Section 461.1 of the act, added December 12, 1980 (P.L.1195, No.221), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 461.1. Incorporated Units of National Veterans' Organizations.--(a) The [board] commission shall have the authority to issue new licenses to incorporated units of national veterans' organizations, as defined herein, in municipalities where the number of licenses exceeds the limitation prescribed by section 461.
(b) The term "national veterans' organization" shall mean any veterans' organization having a national charter.

The term "incorporated unit of a national veterans' organization" shall mean any incorporated post, branch, camp, detachment, lodge or other subordinate unit of a national veterans' organization having one hundred or more paid up members and organized for a period of at least three years prior to filing the application for a license.
(c) When the charter of an incorporated unit of a national veterans' organization is suspended or revoked, the retail license of the organization shall also be suspended or revoked. The retail license of an incorporated unit of a national veterans' organization is not transferable to any other organization or person.

Section 62. Section 462 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 462. Licensed Places May Be Closed During Period of

Emergency.--The [board] commission may, with the approval of the Governor,
(a) Temporarily close all licensed places within any municipality during any period of emergency proclaimed to be such by the Governor.
(b) Advance by one hour the hours prescribed in this act as the hours during which liquor and malt or brewed beverages may be sold in any municipality during such part of the year when daylight saving time may be observed generally in such municipality.

Section 63. Section 463 of the act, amended November 17, 1967 (P.L.510, No.247), March 23, 1972 (P.L.122, No.46) and May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 463. Places of Amusement Not To Be Licensed; Penalty.--(a) No license for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any quantity shall be granted to the proprietors, lessees, keepers or managers of any theater, circus, museum or other place of amusement, nor shall any house be licensed for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages which has passage or communication to or with any theater, circus, museum or other place of amusement, and any license granted contrary to this act shall be null and void. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as denying to the [board] commission the right to grant a restaurant liquor license regardless of quota restrictions to the owner or operator of a restaurant in a building on a plot of ground owned or possessed under lease by a corporation incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth and used principally by such corporation for holding outdoor sport events wherein such events are held under a license issued as provided by law to such
corporation by a department, board or commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The restaurant liquor license aforementioned shall be subject to all the conditions and restrictions herein applicable to restaurant liquor licenses, except the above prohibition against any passageway or communication between such licensed premises and the place of amusement.

Nothing contained in this act shall be construed as denying to the [board] commission the right to grant a new restaurant liquor license, regardless of quota restrictions, at any time, to the owner or operator of a restaurant in a building or plot of ground having a seating capacity in excess of twenty-five thousand, used principally for holding automobile races.
(a.1) Nothing contained in subsection (a) of this section or in section 102 of this act shall be construed as denying to the [board] commission the right to grant a club or restaurant liquor or malt and brewed beverage license to a club incorporated in this Commonwealth which has been in existence less than one year prior to making application under this section or to a restaurant either of which has a clubhouse or restaurant located in a stadium or arena having an available seating capacity of twelve thousand or more and owned and operated by or pursuant to an agreement with any city of the first class or created and operated under and in compliance with the act of July 29, 1953 (P.L.1034), known as the "Public Auditorium Authorities Law," and used principally for events at which athletes compete or other types of performers entertain. The club or restaurant liquor or malt and brewed beverage license aforementioned shall be subject to all the conditions and restrictions applicable to such licenses and licenses for
places of amusement, except the above prohibition against any passageway or communication between such licensed premises and the place of amusement.
(a.2) Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to prevent the holder of a hotel, restaurant liquor or malt and brewed beverage license from selling liquor and malt or brewed beverages in a bowling alley, or other recreational areas including, but no limited to, game rooms and video arcade areas of hotels, when no minors are present, unless minors who are present are under proper supervision as defined in section 493, where the restaurant, bowling alley, or other recreational areas including, but not limited to, game rooms and video arcade areas of hotels are immediately adjacent and under the same roof. The restaurant liquor or malt and brewed beverage licensee aforementioned shall be subject to all the conditions and restrictions applicable to such restaurant licenses except the above prohibition against any passageway or communication between a licensed premise and a place of amusement.
(b) Any proprietor, lessee, keeper or manager of any theater, circus, museum or other place of amusement, or any other person who shall violate the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and to undergo an imprisonment of not less than thirty days.

Section 64. Section 464 of the act, amended June 3, 1971 (P.L.118, No.6), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 464. Hearings Upon Refusal of Licenses, Renewals or Transfers; Appeals.--(a) The [board] commission may of its own motion, and shall upon the written request of any applicant for club, hotel or restaurant liquor license, or any applicant for
any malt or brewed beverage license other than a public service license, or for renewal or transfer thereof, whose application for such license, renewal or transfer has been refused, fix a time and place for hearing of such application for license or for renewal or transfer thereof, notice of which hearing shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given in his application. Such hearing shall be before [the board, a member thereof, or an examiner designated by the board] an administrative law judge. At such hearing, the [board] commission shall present its reasons for its refusal or withholding of license, renewal or transfer thereof. The applicant may appear in person or by counsel, may cross-examine the witnesses for the [board] commission and may present evidence which shall likewise be subject to cross-examination by the [board] commission. Such hearing shall be stenographically recorded. The [examiner] administrative law judge shall thereafter report to the [board] commission upon such hearing. The [board] commission shall thereupon grant or refuse the license, renewal or transfer thereof. In considering the renewal of a license, the [board] commission shall not refuse any such renewal on the basis of the propriety of the original issuance or any prior renewal of such license. If the [board] commission shall refuse such license, renewal or transfer following such hearing, notice in writing of such refusal shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given in his application. In all such cases, the [board] commission shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order and furnish a copy thereof to the applicant. Any applicant who has appeared [before the board or any agent thereof] at any hearing, as above provided, who is aggrieved by
the refusal of the [board] commission to issue any such license or to renew or transfer any such license may appeal, or any church, hospital, charitable institution, school or public playground located within three hundred feet of the premises applied for, aggrieved by the action of the [board] commission in granting the issuance of any such license or the transfer of any such license, may take an appeal limited to the question of such grievance, within twenty days from date of refusal or grant, to the court of [quarter sessions] common pleas of the county in which the premises applied for is located [or the county court of Allegheny County]. Such appeal shall be upon petition of the aggrieved party, who shall serve a copy thereof upon the [board] commission, whereupon a hearing shall be held upon the petition by the court upon ten days' notice to the [board, which shall be represented in the proceeding by the Department of Justice] commission. The said appeal shall act as a supersedeas unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise. The court shall hear the application de novo on questions of fact, administrative discretion and such other matters as are involved, at such time as it shall fix, of which notice shall be given to the [board] commission. The court shall either sustain or over-rule the action of the [board] commission and either order or deny the issuance of a new license or the renewal or transfer of the license to the applicant.
(b) The jurisdiction of the county court of Allegheny County conferred hereby shall be exclusive within the territorial limits of its jurisdiction.

Section 65. Sections 465, 466 and 467 AND 466 of the act are <reenacted and amended to read:

Section 465. All Licensees to Furnish Bond.--(a) No license shall be issued to any applicant under the provisions of this article until such applicant has filed with the [board] commission an approved bond and a warrant of attorney to confess judgment payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the amount hereinafter prescribed.
(b) Bonds of all such applicants shall have as surety a surety company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth, or shall have deposited therewith, as collateral security, cash or negotiable obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the same amount as herein provided for the penal sum of bonds. In all cases where cash or securities in lieu of other surety have been deposited with the [board] commission, the depositor shall be permitted to continue the same deposit from year to year on each renewal of license, but in no event shall he be permitted to withdraw his deposit during the time he holds said license, or until six months after the expiration of the license held by him, or while revocation proceedings are pending against such license. All cash or securities received by the [board] commission in lieu of other surety shall be turned over by the [board] commission to the State Treasurer and held by him. The State Treasurer shall repay or return money or securities deposited with him to the respective depositors only on the order of the [board] commission.
(c) No such bond shall be accepted until approved by the [board] commission. All such bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful observance of all the laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor, alcohol and malt or brewed beverages and the regulations of the [board] commission. All bonds shall be
retained by the [board] commission.
(d) The penal sum of the respective bonds filed under the provisions of this section shall be as follows:
(1) Manufacturers of malt or brewed beverages, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) for each place at which the licensee is authorized to manufacture.
(2) Liquor importers, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) for each license.
(3) Sacramental wine licensees, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) .
(4) Importing distributors of malt or brewed beverages, two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00).
(5) Hotel, restaurant, club and public service liquor licensees, two thousand dollars \((\$ 2,000.00)\), but in the case of a railroad or pullman company, such penal sum shall cover every dining, club or buffet car of such company operated under such license.
(6) Distributors of malt or brewed beverages, one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).
(7) Retail dispensers and public service malt or brewed beverage licensees, one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each place at which the licensee is authorized to sell malt or brewed beverages, except that in the case of railroad or pullman companies, said penal sum shall be one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), irrespective of the number of licensed cars operated by the company.
(e) Every such bond may be forfeited when a license is revoked and shall be turned over to the Attorney General for collection if and when the licensee's license shall have been revoked and his bond forfeited as provided in this act.

Section 466. Disposition of Cash and Securities Upon
Forfeiture of Bond.--After notice from the [board] commission that any of the aforesaid bonds have been forfeited, the State Treasurer shall immediately pay into The State Stores Fund all cash deposited as collateral with such bond, and when securities have been deposited with such bond, the State Treasurer shall sell, at private sale, at not less than the prevailing market price, any such securities so deposited as collateral with such forfeited bond. The State Treasurer shall thereafter deposit in The State Stores Fund the net amount realized from the sale of such securities, except that if the amount so realized, after deducting proper costs and expenses, is in excess of the penal amount of the bond, such excess shall be paid over by him to the obligor on such forfeited bond.

SECTION 65.1. SECTION 467 OF THE ACT IS REENACTED TO READ: <-
Section 467. Display of License.--Every license issued under this article shall be constantly and conspicuously exposed under transparent substance on the licensed premises and no license shall authorize sales until this section has been complied with.

Section 66. Section 468 of the act, amended November 26, 1978 (P.L.1389, No.326) and June 24, 1982 (P.L.624, No.176), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 468. Licenses Not Assignable; Transfers.--(a) Licenses issued under this article may not be assigned. The [board] commission, upon payment of the transfer filing fee and the execution of a new bond, is hereby authorized to transfer any license issued by it under the provisions of this article from one person to another or from one place to another, or both, within the same municipality, and if the applicant is a unit of a nonprofit nationally chartered club, the [board]
commission is hereby authorized to transfer such license to a place in any other municipality within the same county if the sale of liquor or malt and brewed beverages are legal in such other municipality as the [board] commission may determine. Prior to the approval of an application for transfer by a unit of a nonprofit nationally chartered club the [board] commission shall make an affirmative finding, upon proof submitted by the applicant, and after investigation by the [board] commission, that at the time the application for transfer is made the club continues to hold a valid national charter and continues to function in fact as a club as defined in section 102. The [board] commission, in its discretion, may transfer an existing restaurant retail dispenser or club license from one municipality to another in the same county regardless of the quota limitations provided for in this act, if sales of liquor or malt and brewed beverages are legal in such other municipality and if the restaurant retail dispenser or club lost the use of the building in which it was located due to governmental exercise of the right of eminent domain and no other suitable building can be found in the first municipality. In the case of distributor and importing distributor licenses, the [board] commission may transfer any such license from its place in a municipality to a place in any other municipality within the same county, or from one place to another place within the same municipality, or exchange a distributor license for an importing distributor license or an importing distributor license for a distributor license, if the building for which the license is to be issued has, in the case of an importing distributor license, an area under one roof of two thousand five hundred square feet and, in the case of a distributor license,
an area under one roof of one thousand square feet: And provided, That, in the case of all transfers of distributor or importing distributor licenses, whether from a place within the same municipality to another place within the same municipality or from a place in a municipality to a place in any other municipality within the same county, and, in the case of an exchange of a distributor license for an importing distributor license or an importing distributor license for a distributor license, the premises to be affected by the transfer or exchange shall contain an office separate and apart from the remainder of the premises to be licensed for the purpose of keeping records, required by the [board] commission, adequate toilet facilities for employes of the licensee and an entrance on a public thoroughfare: Provided, however, That in the event that the majority of the voting electors of a municipality, at an election held under the provisions of any law so empowering them to do, shall vote against the issuance of distributor or importing distributor licenses in such municipality, the [board] commission is hereby authorized to transfer any such distributor or importing distributor license from its place in such municipality to a place in any other municipality within the same county, upon application prior to the expiration of any such license and upon payment of the transfer filing fee and the execution of a new bond; but no transfer shall be made to a person who would not have been eligible to receive the license originally nor for the transaction of business at a place for which the license could not lawfully have been issued originally, nor, except as herein provided, to a place as to which a license has been revoked. No license shall be transferred to any place or property upon which is located as a
business the sale of liquid fuels and oil. Except in cases of emergency such as death, serious illness, or circumstances beyond the control of the licensee, as the [board] commission may determine such circumstances to justify its action, transfers of licenses may be made only at times fixed by the [board] commission. In the case of the death of a licensee, the [board] commission may transfer the license to the surviving spouse or personal representative or to a person designated by him. From any refusal to grant a transfer or upon the grant of any transfer, the party aggrieved shall have the right of appeal to the proper court in the manner hereinbefore provided. The commission shall not authorize the transfer of any license under this subsection where the application for transfer has been denied by an administrative law judge pursuant to section 404.
(b.1) In the event that any person to whom a license shall have been issued under the provisions of this article shall become insolvent, make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, become bankrupt by either voluntary or involuntary action, the license of such person shall be immediately placed in safekeeping with the [board] commission for the balance of the term of the license and for an additional period of one year upon application to the [board] commission by the trustee, receiver, or assignee. The trustee, receiver, or assignee shall have, during said period of safekeeping, the same rights, benefits and obligations as to the license as the person to whom the license had been issued, including the right to transfer the license subject to the approval of the [board] commission. The license shall continue as a personal privilege granted by the [board] commission and nothing herein shall constitute the license as property.
(c) (1) The term "nonprofit nationally chartered club" shall mean any club which does not contemplate pecuniary gain or profit, incidental or otherwise, having a national charter.
(2) The term "unit of a nonprofit nationally chartered club" shall mean any post, branch, lodge or other subordinate unit of a nonprofit nationally chartered club.

Section 67. Section 469 of the act, amended September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No.702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 469. Applications for Transfers; Fees.--(a) Every applicant for a transfer of a license under the provisions of this article shall file a written application with the [board] commission, together with a filing fee of thirty dollars (\$30) if the license to be transferred is a liquor license, and twenty dollars (\$20) if the license is a malt or brewed beverage license. Such application shall be is such form and shall be filed at such times as the [board] commission shall in its regulations prescribe. Each such applicant shall also file an approved bond as required on original applications for such licenses.
(b) Whenever any license is transferred, no license or other fees shall be required from the persons to whom such transfer is made for the balance of the then current license year, except the filing fee as herein provided.

Section 68. Section 470 of the act, amended August 1, 1969 (P.L.219, No.87), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 470. Renewal of Licenses; Temporary Provisions for Licensees in Armed Service.--(a) All applications for renewal of licenses under the provisions of this article shall be filed with a new bond, requisite license and filing fees at least sixty days before the expiration date of same: Provided,
however, That the [board] commission, in its discretion, may accept a renewal application filed less than sixty days before the expiration date of the license with the required bond and fees, upon reasonable cause shown and the payment of an additional filing fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for late filing: And provided further, That except where the failure to file a renewal application or before the expiration date has created a license quota vacancy after said expiration date which has been filled by the issuance of a new license, after such expiration date, but before the [board] commission has received a renewal application within the time prescribed herein the [board] commission, in its discretion, may, after hearing, accept a renewal application filed within ten months after the expiration date of the license with the required bond and fees upon the payment of an additional filing fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for late filing. Where any such renewal application is filed less than sixty days before the expiration date, or subsequent to the expiration date, no license shall issue upon the filing of the renewal application until the matter is finally determined by the [board] commission and if an appeal is taken from the [board's] commission's action the courts shall not order the issuance of the renewal license until final determination of the matter by the courts. A renewal application will not be considered filed unless accompanied by a new bond and the requisite filing and license fees and any additional filing fee required by this section. Unless the [board] commission shall have given ten days' previous notice to the applicant of objections to the renewal of his license, based upon violation by the licensee or his servants, agents or employes of any of the laws of the Commonwealth or regulations
of the [board] commission relating to the manufacture, transportation, use, storage, importation, possession or sale of liquors, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or the conduct of a licensed establishment, or unless the applicant has by his own act become a person of ill repute, or unless the premises do not meet the requirements of this act or the regulations of the [board] commission, the license of a licensee shall be renewed.
(b) In cases where a licensee or his servants, agents or employes are arrested, charged with violating any of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, and where the [board] commission has on file in such cases reports of [its] enforcement officers or investigators of the enforcement bureau or from other sources that a licensee or his servants, agents or employes have violated any of the aforementioned laws and a proceeding to revoke such licensee's license is or is about to be instituted, and such arrest occurs or report of violations is received or revocation proceeding instituted or about to be instituted during the time a renewal application of such license in pending before the [board] commission, the [board] commission may, in its discretion, renew the license, notwithstanding such alleged violations, but such renewal license may be revoked if and when the licensee or any of his servants, agents or employes are convicted of or plead guilty to violations under the previous license, as aforesaid, or if and when such previous license is for any reason revoked.

In the event such renewal license is revoked by the [board] commission, neither the license fee paid for such license nor any part thereof shall be returned to the licensee, but the license bond filed with the application for such renewal of license shall not be forfeited.
[(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, any individual who holds a restaurant or hotel liquor license or a retail dispenser (hotel or eating place) malt or brewed beverage license in effect at the time such individual enters the armed forces of the United States of America, may surrender to the board for safekeeping the said license and, if surrendered, shall furnish the board with documentary evidence as to his entering such armed forces. Upon surrender of the license, the board shall, without the filing of an application for renewal or surety bond, the payment of filing and license fees, renew the said license from year to year and hold the same in its possession for the benefit of such licensee. A license so renewed by the board shall to all intents and purposes be considered as in full force and effect, notwithstanding the licensee is not exercising the privileges thereunder, and shall be returned to the said licensee at any time within one year from the date of his honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United States upon the filing of an application therefor, surety bond, and payment of the filing and license fees as hereinafter provided. The said application for return of license shall be on a form prescribed by the board, accompanied by a filing fee in the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) and the prescribed license fee, except that when such application is filed after a portion of the then current license term has elapsed, the license fee shall be prorated on a monthly basis for the balance of the license year: Provided, however, That the said license shall not be returned if the electors of the municipality in which the licensed establishment is situate have voted against the granting of retail liquor licenses or against the granting of retail dispenser licenses, as the case may be, under the
local option provision of this act. In the event the premises originally covered by the license are not available for occupancy by the licensee at the time he files his application for return of license, as hereinbefore provided, he shall be permitted to file an application for transfer of the license to other premises in the same municipality. Such transfer of the license shall be subject to all of the provisions of this act pertaining to the transfer of such licenses.

This subsection (c) was enacted due to conditions caused by the present war and shall remain in effect only until the termination of said war and one year thereafter.]

Section 69. Sections 470.1 and 470.2 of the act are repealed.

Section 70. Section 471 of the act, amended January 13, 1966 (1965 P.L.1301, No.518) and repealed in part June 3, 1971 (P.L.118, No.6), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 471. Revocation and Suspension of Licenses; Fines.-[Upon learning of any violation of this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or of any regulations of the board adopted pursuant to such laws, of any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax-payment of liquor or malt or brewed beverages by any licensee within the scope of this article, his officers, servants, agents or employes, or upon any other sufficient cause shown, the board may, within one year from the date of such violation or cause appearing, cite such licensee to appear before it or its examiner, not less than ten nor more than sixty days from the date of sending such licensee, by registered mail, a notice addressed to him at his licensed premises, to show cause why
such license should not be suspended or revoked or a fine imposed. Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearings on applications for license. Upon such hearing, if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause, the board shall immediately suspend or revoke the license, or impose a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), notifying the licensee by registered letter addressed to his licensed premises. In the event the fine is not paid within twenty days of the order the board shall suspend or revoke the license, notifying the licensee by registered mail addressed to his licensed premises. Suspensions and revocations shall not go into effect until twenty days have elapsed from the date of notice of issuance of the board's order, during which time the licensee may take an appeal as provided for in this act. When a license is revoked, the licensee's bond may be forfeited by the board. Any licensee whose license is revoked shall be ineligible to have a license under this act until the expiration of three years from the date such license was revoked. In the event the board shall revoke a license, no license shall be granted for the premises or transferred to the premises in which the said license was conducted for a period of at least one year after the date of the revocation of the license conducted in the said premises, except in cases where the licensee or a member of his immediate family is not the owner of the premises, in which case the board may, in its discretion, issue or transfer a license within the said year. In all such cases, the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order. In the event the person who was fined or whose
license was suspended or revoked by the board shall feel aggrieved by the action of the board, he shall have the right to appeal to the court of quarter sessions or the county court of Allegheny County in the same manner as herein provided for appeals from refusals to grant licenses. Upon appeal, the court so appealed to shall, in the exercise of its discretion, sustain, reject, alter or modify the findings, conclusions and penalties of the board, based on the findings of fact and conclusions of law as found by the court. The aforesaid appeal shall act as a supersedeas unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise. No penalty provided by this section shall be imposed by the board or any court for any violations provided for in this act unless the enforcement officer or the board notifies the licensee of its nature and of the date of the alleged violation within ten days of the completion of the investigation which in no event shall exceed ninety days.

If the violation in question is a third or subsequent violation of this act or the act of June 24, 1939 (P.L.872), known as "The Penal Code," occurring within a period of four years the board shall impose a suspension or revocation.

The jurisdiction of the county court of Allegheny County conferred hereby shall be exclusive within the territorial limits of its jurisdiction.] (a) Upon learning of any violation of this act or any laws of this Commonwealth relating to liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or of any regulations of the commission adopted pursuant to such laws, or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the Federal Government relating to the payment of taxes on liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages by any licensee within the scope of this
article, his officers, servants, agents or employes, or upon any other sufficient cause shown, the enforcement bureau may, within one year from the date of such violation or cause appearing, cite such licensee to appear before an administrative law judge, not less than ten nor more than sixty days from the date of sending such licensee, by registered mail, a notice addressed to him at his licensed premises, to show cause why such license should not be suspended or revoked or a fine imposed, or both. The bureau shall also send a copy of the hearing notice to the municipality in which the premises is located.
(b) Hearing on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearings on applications for license. Upon such hearing, if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause, the administrative law judge shall immediately suspend or revoke the license, or impose a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one thousand dollars \((\$ 1,000)\), or both, notifying the licensee by registered letter addressed to his licensed premises. If the licensee has been cited and found to have violated section 493(10) insofar as it relates to lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, or has been found to be a public nuisance pursuant to section 611, or if the owner or operator of the licensed premises or any authorized agent of the owner or operator has been convicted of any violation of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act," or of 18 Pa.C.S. § 5902 (relating to prostitution and related offenses) or 6301 (relating to corruption of minors), at or relating to the licensed premises, the administrative law judge shall immediately suspend or revoke the license, or impose a fine of
not less than one thousand dollars \((\$ 1,000)\) nor more than five thousand dollars \((\$ 5,000)\), or both. The administrative law judge shall notify the licensee by registered mail, addressed to the licensed premises, of such suspension, revocation or fine. The increased civil penalty imposed by this subsection shall not be used to require any licensee to increase the amount of the bond required by this act. In the event the fine is not paid within twenty days of the adjudication, the administrative law judge shall suspend or revoke the license, notifying the licensee by registered mail addressed to the licensed premises. Suspensions and revocations shall not go into effect until thirty days have elapsed from the date of the adjudication during which time the licensee may take an appeal as provided for in this act. When a license is revoked, the licensee's bond may be forfeited. Any licensee whose license is revoked shall be ineligible to have a license under this act until the expiration of three years from the date such license was revoked. In the event a license is revoked, no license shall be granted for the premises or transferred to the premises in which the said license was conducted for a period of at least one year after the date of the revocation of the license conducted in the said premises, except in cases where the licensee or a member of his immediate family is not the owner of the premises, in which case the commission may, in its discretion, issue or transfer a license within the said year. In the event the bureau or the person who was fined or whose license was suspended or revoked shall feel aggrieved by the adjudication of the administrative law judge, there shall be a right to appeal to the court of common pleas in the same manner as herein provided for appeals from refusals to grant licenses. The aforesaid appeal shall act as a supersedeas
unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise; however, if the licensee has been cited and found to have violated section \(493(10)\) insofar as it relates to lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, or has been found to be a public nuisance pursuant to section 611, or if the owner or operator of the licensed premises or any authorized agent of the owner or operator has been convicted of any violation of "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act," or of 18 Pa.C.S. § 5902 or 6301 , at or relating to the licensed premises, its appeal shall not act as a supersedeas unless the court determines otherwise upon sufficient cause shown. In any hearing on an application for a supersedeas under this section, the court may consider, in addition to other relevant evidence, documentary evidence, including records of the bureau, showing the prior history of citations, fines, suspensions or revocations against the licensee; and the court may also consider, in addition to other relevant evidence, evidence of any recurrence of the unlawful activity occurring between the date of the citation which is the subject of the appeal and the date of the hearing by the court. No penalty provided by this section shall be imposed for any violations provided for in this act unless the bureau notifies the licensee of its nature within thirty days of the completion of the investigation.
(c) If the violation in question is a third or subsequent violation of this act or Title 18 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes (relating to crime and offenses), occurring within a period of four years, the administrative law judge shall impose a suspension or revocation.

Section 71. Section 472 of the act, amended May 2, 1986 (P.L.141, No.44), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 472. Local Option.--In any municipality or any part of a municipality where such municipality is split so that each part thereof is separated by another municipality, an election may be held on the date of the primary election immediately preceding any municipal election, but not oftener than once in four years, to determine the will of the electors with respect to the granting of liquor licenses to hotels, restaurants and clubs, not oftener than once in four years, to determine the will of the electors with respect to the granting of liquor licenses to privately-owned private golf courses, not oftener than once in four years, to determine the will of the electors with respect to the granting of licenses to retail dispensers of malt and brewed beverages, not oftener than once in four years, to determine the will of the electors with respect to granting of licenses to wholesale distributors and importing distributors, or not more than once in four years, to determine the will of the electors with respect to the establishment, operation and maintenance by the [board] commission of Pennsylvania liquor stores, within the limits of such municipality or part of a split municipality, under the provisions of this act: Provided, however, Where an election shall have been held at the primary preceding a municipal election in any year, another election may be held under the provisions of this act at the primary occurring the fourth year after such prior election: And provided further, That an election on the question of establishing and operating a State liquor store shall be initiated only in those municipalities, or that part of a split municipality that shall have voted against the granting of liquor licenses; and that an election on the question of granting wholesale distributor and importing
distributor licenses shall be initiated only in those municipalities or parts of split municipalities that shall have at a previous election voted against the granting of dispenser's licenses. Whenever electors equal to at least twenty-five per centum of the highest vote cast for any office in the municipality or part of a split municipality at the last preceding general election shall file a petition with the county board of elections of the county for a referendum on the question of granting any of said classes of licenses or the establishment of Pennsylvania liquor stores, the said county board of elections shall cause a question to be placed on the ballots or on the voting machine board and submitted at the primary immediately preceding the municipal election. Separate petitions must be filed for each question to be voted on. Said proceedings shall be in the manner and subject to the provisions of the election laws which relate to the signing, filing and adjudication of nomination petitions, insofar as such provisions are applicable.

When the question is in respect to the granting of liquor licenses, it shall be in the following form:

Do you favor the granting of liquor licenses
for the sale of liquor in........................... Yes
of...................................................? No
When the question is in respect to the granting of liquor licenses, for privately-owned private golf courses, it shall be in the following form:

Do you favor the granting of liquor licenses for
privately-owned private golf courses for the sale
of liquor in..................by..................... Yes
of...................................................... ? No to retail dispensers of malt and brewed beverages, it shall be in the following form:

Do you favor the granting of malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser licenses for consumption on premises where sold in the........ Yes
of..................................................... ? No
When the question is in respect to the granting of licenses to wholesale distributors of malt or brewed beverages and importing distributors, it shall be in the following form: Do you favor the granting of malt and brewed beverage wholesale distributor's and importing distributor's licenses not for consumption on premises where sold in the. Yes
of..................................................... ?
When the question is in respect to the establishment, operation and maintenance of Pennsylvania liquor stores it shall be in the following form: Do you favor the establishment, operation and maintenance of Pennsylvania liquor
stores in the Yes
of.....................................................?
In case of a tie vote, the status quo shall obtain. If a majority of the voting electors on any such question vote "yes," then liquor licenses shall be granted by the [board] commission to hotels, restaurants and clubs, or liquor licenses shall be granted by the [board] commission to privately-owned private golf courses, or malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser licenses or wholesale distributor's and importing distributor's license for the sale of malt or brewed beverages shall be
granted by the [board] commission, or the [board] commission may establish, operate and maintain Pennsylvania liquor stores, as the case may be, in such municipality or part of a split municipality, as provided by this act; but if a majority of the electors voting on any such question vote "no," then the [board] commission shall have no power to grant or to renew upon their expiration any licenses of the class so voted upon in such municipality or part of a split municipality; or if the negative vote is on the question in respect to the establishment, operation and maintenance of Pennsylvania liquor stores, the [board] commission shall not open and operate a Pennsylvania liquor store in such municipality or part of a split municipality, nor continue to operate a then existing Pennsylvania liquor store in the municipality or part of a split municipality for more than two years thereafter or after the expiration of the term of the lease on the premises occupied by such store, whichever period is less, unless and until at a later election a majority of the voting electors vote "yes" on such question.

Section 72. Section 472.1 of the act, added September 15, 1961 (P.L.1337, No.590), is reenacted to read:

Section 472.1. Clubs.--Whenever any club in existence at least five years prior to the time of application for license owns a contiguous plot of land in more than two municipalities in one or more but less than all of which the granting of liquor licenses has not been prohibited and at least one acre of the plot of land owned by the club is situated in each municipality in which the granting of liquor licenses has not been prohibited, the club may be issued a club liquor license or a catering license by the board if the board finds that the
license will not be detrimental to any residential neighborhood. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the issuance of club liquor licenses or catering licenses which may otherwise be issued under the provisions of this act.

Section 73. Section 472.2 of the act, added November 18, 1969 (P.L.296, No.124), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 472.2. Granting of Liquor Licenses in Certain Municipalities.--(a) In any municipality which has, prior to January 1, 1967, by referendum approved the granting of malt and brewed beverage retail dispensers' licenses and has also thereafter, in a separate and subsequent referendum approved the granting of liquor licenses prior to the effective date of this amendment, the [board] commission may issue to an applicant holding a malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser's license, a liquor license: Provided, That the applicant surrenders for cancellation the malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser's license. The [board] commissioner shall not issue such a liquor license in excess of one for each one thousand five hundred residents in said municipality and any application for said license shall be filed within two years from the effective date of this amendment.
(b) Nothing in this section shall otherwise affect any existing malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser's license.
(c) The [board] commission may not accept, act upon, or grant an application for a liquor license under this section, when such application, if granted, would cause an excess in the aforesaid quota of one liquor license for each one thousand five hundred residents in said municipality. Nor shall an applicant under this section be required to surrender his malt and brewed beverage retail dispenser's license until and unless the [board]
commission has granted his application for a liquor license.
Section 74. Section 472.3 of the act, added July 3, 1980 (P.L. 348 , No. 88), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 472.3. Exchange of Certain Licenses.--(a) In any municipality wherein restaurant liquor license issue, the [board] commission may issue to a club as defined in this act, a club liquor license in exchange for a club retail dispenser license.
(b) An applicant under this section shall surrender his club retail dispenser license for cancellation prior to the issuance of the new club liquor license.
(c) The applicant for such exchange of license shall file an application for a club liquor license and shall post a notice of such application in the manner provided in section 403. In determining whether the exchange shall be granted the [board] commission shall have the same discretion as provided in section 404 in the case of any new license.
(d) The provisions of section 461 pertaining to quota shall not pertain to this section for exchange purposes.

Section 75. Section 473 of the act, added January 13, 1966 (1965 P.L. 1301 , No. 518), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 473. Public Record.--(a) Any person having a pecuniary interest in the conduct of business on licensed premises whether that interest is direct or indirect, legal or equitable, individual, corporate, or mutual shall file his name and address with the [board] commission on forms provided by the [board] commission. In the case of corporate ownership, the secretary of the corporation shall file with the [board] commission the names and addresses of all persons having such a corporate pecuniary interest.
(b) The names and addresses required by this section shall be recorded by the [board] commission and made available to the public as a public record.

Section 76. Section 474 of the act, added July 20, 1968 (P.L.429, No.201), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 474. Surrender of Club Licenses for Benefit of Licensees.--Whenever a club license has been returned to the [board] commission for the benefit of the licensee due to the licensed establishment not having been in operation for any reason whatsoever for a period of time not exceeding fifteen days, the license shall be held by the [board] commission for the benefit of the licensee for a period of time not exceeding one year, or, upon proper application to the [board] commission, for an additional year, and the license shall be revoked at the termination of the period, and transfer of the license shall not be permitted after the termination of the period.

Section 77. Section 475 of the act, amended November 26, 1978 (P.L. 1389, No.326) and June 24, 1982 (P.L.624, No.176), is reenacted to read:

Section 475. Establishments Proximate to Interstate Highways Not To Be Licensed.--(a) No license for the sale of liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any quantity shall be granted to the proprietor, lessee, keeper or manager of an establishment the building entrance to which is located within three hundred feet of the entrance or exit of an interstate limited access highway.
(b) This section shall not apply to existing licenses, nor be deemed to affect the right of an existing licensee to reinstatement or renewal of his license.

Section 78. Subheading (D) of Article IV of the act is reenacted to read:

Section 79. Section 491 of the act, amended July 18, 1961 (P.L.789, No.347), May 5, 1970 (P.L.342, No.110), October 11, 1972 (P.L.906, No.215), October 2, 1974 (P.L.665, No.220), October 10, 1974 (P.L.692, No.231), December 12, 1980 (P.L.1195, No.221) and February 9, 1984 (P.L.21, No.8), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 491. Unlawful Acts Relative to Liquor, Alcohol and Liquor Licensees.--

It shall be unlawful--
(1) Sales of Liquor. For any person, by himself or by an employe or agent, to expose or keep for sale, or directly or indirectly, or upon any pretense or upon any device, to sell or offer to sell any liquor within this Commonwealth, except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the regulations of the [board] commission. This clause shall not be construed to prohibit hospitals, physicians, dentists or veterinarians who are licensed and registered under the laws of this Commonwealth from administering liquor in the regular course of their professional work and taking into account the cost of the liquor so administered in making charges for their professional service, or a pharmacist duly licensed and registered under the laws of this Commonwealth from dispensing liquor on a prescription of a duly licensed physician, dentist or veterinarian, or selling medical preparations containing alcohol, or using liquor in compounding prescriptions or medicines and making a charge for the liquor used in such medicines, or a manufacturing pharmacist or chemist from using liquor in manufacturing preparations unfit for beverage purposes and making a charge for the liquor so used. All such liquors so
administered or sold by hospitals, physicians, dentists, veterinarians, pharmacists or chemists shall conform to the Pharmacopoeia of the United States, the National Formulary, or the American Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia. This clause shall not be construed to prohibit an executor or an administrator of a decedent's estate from selling privately or at public auction liquor which was an asset of the decedent. The [board] commission shall establish regulations to ensure that State taxes from the sales will be paid by the estate from the proceeds of the sale. The [board] commission may not prohibit a sale of liquor for the reason that it was not lawfully acquired prior to January 1, 1934 or has not been purchased from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store or in compliance with Pennsylvania law.
(2) Possession or Transportation of Liquor or Alcohol. For any person, except a manufacturer or the [board] commission or the holder of a sacramental wine license or of an importer's license, to possess or transport any liquor or alcohol within this Commonwealth which was not lawfully acquired prior to January first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, or has not been purchased from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store or a licensed limited winery in Pennsylvania, except miniatures totalling less than one gallon purchased by a collector of the same in another state or foreign country, or in accordance with the [board's] commission's regulations. The burden shall be upon the person possessing or transporting such liquor or alcohol to prove that it was so acquired. But nothing herein contained shall prohibit the manufacture or possession of wine by any person in his home for consumption of himself, his family and guests and not for sale, not exceeding, during any one calendar
year, two hundred gallons, any other law to the contrary notwithstanding. Such wine shall not be manufactured, possessed, offered for sale or sold on any licensed premises.

None of the provisions herein contained shall prohibit nor shall it be unlawful for any person to import into Pennsylvania, transport or have in his possession, an amount of liquor not exceeding one gallon in volume upon which a State tax has not been paid, if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the [board] commission that such person purchased the liquor in a foreign country or United States territory and was allowed to bring it into the United States. Neither shall the provisions contained herein prohibit nor make it unlawful for (i) any member of the armed forces on active duty, or (ii) any retired member of the armed forces, or (iii) any totally disabled veteran, or (iv) the spouse of any person included in the foregoing classes of persons to import into Pennsylvania, transport or have in his possession an amount of liquor not exceeding one gallon per month in volume upon which the State tax has not been paid, so long as such liquor has been lawfully purchased from a package store established and maintained under the authority of the United States and is in containers identified in accordance with regulations issued by the Department of Defense. Such liquor shall not be possessed, offered for sale or sold on any licensed premises.

None of the provisions herein contained shall prohibit nor shall it be unlawful for any consul general, consul or other diplomatic officer of a foreign government to import into Pennsylvania, transport or have in his possession liquor upon which a State tax has not been paid, if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the [board] commission that such person acquired
the liquor in a foreign country and was allowed to bring it into the United States. Such liquor shall not be possessed, offered for sale or sold on any licensed premises.

Any person violating the provisions of this clause for a first offense involving the possession or transportation in Pennsylvania of any liquor in a package (bottle or other receptacle) or wine not purchased from a Pennsylvania Liquor Store or from a licensed limited winery in Pennsylvania, with respect to which satisfactory proof is produced that the required Federal tax has been paid and which was purchased, procured or acquired legally outside of Pennsylvania shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding be sentenced to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each such package, plus costs of prosecution, or undergo imprisonment for a term not exceeding ninety (90) days. Each full quart or major fraction thereof shall be considered a separate package (bottle or other receptacle) for the purposes of this clause. Such packages of liquor shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth in the manner prescribed in Article VI of this act but the vehicle, boat, vessel, animal or aircraft used in the illegal transportation of such packages shall not be subject to forfeiture: Provided, however, That if it is a second or subsequent offense or if it is established that the illegal possession or transportation was in connection with a commercial transaction, then the other provisions of this act providing for prosecution as a misdemeanor and for the forfeiture of the vehicle, boat, vessel, animal or aircraft shall apply.
(3) Purchase of Liquor or Alcohol. For any person within this Commonwealth, by himself or by an employe or agent, to attempt to purchase, or directly or indirectly, or upon any
pretense or device whatsoever, to purchase any liquor or alcohol from any person or source other than a Pennsylvania Liquor Store, except in accordance with the provisions of this act or the regulations of the [board] commission.
(4) Possession and Use of Decanters. For any person to use decanters of alcoholic beverages except that the use of decanters or other similar receptacles by licensees shall be permitted in the case of wines and then only in accordance with the regulations of the [board] commission, but nothing herein contained shall prohibit the manufacture and possession of wine as provided in clause (2) of this section.
(5) Failure to Break Empty Liquor Containers. For any restaurant, hotel or club licensee, his servants, agents or employes, to fail to break any package in which liquors were contained, except those decanter packages that the [board] commission determines to be decorative, within twenty-four hours after the original contents were removed therefrom.
(6) Sales by Restaurant and Hotel Liquor Licensees. For any restaurant or hotel licensee, his servants, agents or employes, to sell any liquor or malt or brewed beverages for consumption on the licensed premises except in a room or rooms or place on the licensed premises at all times accessible to the use and accommodation of the general public, but this section shall not be interpreted to prohibit a RESTAURANT LIOUOR LICENSEE FROM PROVIDING PRIVATE AFFAIRS THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF WHICH IS FOR CATERING ONLY TO WEDDINGS OR SPECIAL OCCASIONS ARRANGED TWENTYFOUR HOURS IN ADVANCE, NOR TO PROHIBIT A hotel licensee, or a restaurant licensee when the restaurant is located in a hotel, from selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages in any room of such hotel occupied by a bona fide guest or to prohibit a
restaurant licensee from selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages in a bowling alley when no minors are present where the restaurant and bowling alley are immediately adjacent and under the same roof.
(7) Sales of Liquor by Manufacturers and Licensed Importers. For any manufacturer or licensed importer of liquor in this Commonwealth, his agents, servants or employes, to sell or offer to sell any liquor in this Commonwealth except to the [board] commission for use in Pennsylvania Liquor Stores, and in the case of a manufacturer, to the holder of a sacramental wine license or an importer's license, but a manufacturer or licensed importer may sell or offer to sell liquor to persons outside of this Commonwealth.
(8) Importation and Sales of Alcohol. For any person, to import alcohol into this Commonwealth, or to sell alcohol to any person, except in accordance with the regulations of the [board] commission.
(9) Possession of Alcohol. For any person, to have alcohol in his possession, except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the regulations of the [board] commission.
(10) Fortifying, Adulterating or Contaminating Liquor. For any licensee or any employe or agent of a licensee or of the [board] commission, to fortify, adulterate or contaminate any liquor, except as permitted by the regulations of the [board] commission, or to refill wholly or in part, with any liquid or substance whatsoever, any liquor bottle or other liquor container.
(11) Importation of Liquor. For any person, other than the [board] commission or the holder of a sacramental wine license or of an importer's license, to import any liquor whatsoever
into this Commonwealth, but this section shall not be construed to prohibit railroad and pullman companies from selling liquors purchased outside the Commonwealth in their dining, club and buffet cars which are covered by public service liquor licenses and which are operated in this Commonwealth.
(12) Delivery of Liquor by Certain Licensees. For a liquor licensee permitted to deliver liquor, to make any deliveries except in his own vehicles bearing his name, address and license number on each side in letters not smaller than four inches in height, or in the vehicle of another person duly authorized to transport liquor within this Commonwealth.
(13) Violation of Certain Rules and Regulations of [Board] Commission. For any person, to violate any rules and regulations adopted by the [board] commission to insure the equitable wholesale and retail sale and distribution of liquor and alcohol through the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores.
(14) Offering Commission or Gift to Members of [Board] Commission or State Employe. For any person selling or offering to sell liquor or alcohol to, or purchasing at wholesale liquor or alcohol from, the [board] commission, either directly or indirectly, to pay or offer to pay any commission, profit or remuneration, or to make or offer to make any gift to any member or employe of the [board] commission or other employe of the Commonwealth or to anyone on behalf of such member or employe.

Section 80. Section 492 of the act, amended July 3, 1957 (P.L.475, No.268), June 22, 1980 (P.L.253, No.73) and June 24, 1982 (P.L.624, No.176), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 492. Unlawful Acts Relative to Malt or Brewed Beverages and Licensees.--

It shall be unlawful--
(1) Manufacturing Without License. For any person, to manufacture malt or brewed beverages, unless such person holds a valid manufacturer's license for such purpose issued by the board.
(2) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages for Consumption on the Premises. For any person, to sell to another for consumption upon the premises where sold or to permit another to consume upon the premises where sold, any malt or brewed beverages, unless such person holds a valid retail dispenser license or a valid liquor license issued by the [board] commission authorizing the sale of malt or brewed beverages for consumption upon such premises.
(3) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages Not for Consumption on the Premises. For any person, to sell to another any malt or brewed beverages not for consumption upon the premises where sold, unless such person holds a valid license permitting such sale.
(4) Sunday Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Manufacturers, Importing Distributors or Distributors. For any manufacturer of malt or brewed beverages, importing distributor or distributor, or the servants, agents or employes of the same, to sell, trade or barter in malt or brewed beverages between the hours of twelve o'clock midnight of any Saturday and two o'clock in the forenoon of the following Monday.
(5) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Hotels, Eating Places or Public Service Licensees During Prohibited Hours.--For any hotel or eating place holding a retail dispenser's license, or the servants, agents or employes of such licensees, to sell, trade or barter in malt or brewed beverages between the hours of two o'clock antemeridian Sunday and seven o'clock in the
forenoon of the following Monday, or between the hours of two -'clock antemeridian and seven o'clock antemeridian of any week day: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, whenever the thirty-first day of December falls on a Sunday such sales of malt or brewed beverages may be made on such day after one o'clock postmeridian and until two o'clock antemeridian of the following day. For any public service licensee authorized to sell malt or brewed beverages or the servants, agents or employes of such licensees to sell, trade or barter in malt or brewed beverages between the hours of two o'clock antemeridian and seven o'clock antemeridian on any day.

Any licensee holding a retail dispenser license or a malt or brewed beverage public service license may, by giving notice to the board, advance by one hour the hours herein prescribed as those during which malt or brewed beverages may be sold during such part of the year when daylight saving time is being observed generally in the municipality in which the place of business is located. Any licensee who elects to operate his place of business in accordance with daylight saving time shall post a conspicuous notice in his place of business that he is operating in accordance with daylight saving time.
(6) Sales of Malt or Brewed Beverages on Election Day by Hotels, Eating Places or Public Service Licensees. For any hotel or eating place holding a retail dispenser's license, or any malt or brewed beverage public service licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to sell, furnish or give any malt or brewed beverages to any person after two o'clock antemeridian, or until one hour after the time fixed by law for the closing of polling places on days on which a general, municipal, special or primary election is being held except as
permitted by subsection (f) of section 432.
(7) Clubs Selling Between Three O'Clock Antemeridian and Seven O'Clock Antemeridian. For any club retail dispenser, or its servants, agents or employes, to sell malt or brewed beverages between the hours of three o'clock antemeridian and seven o'clock antemeridian on any day.
(8) Transportation of Malt or Brewed Beverages. For any person, to transport malt or brewed beverages except in the original containers, or to transport malt or brewed beverages for another who is engaged in selling either liquor or malt or brewed beverages, unless such person shall hold (a) a license to transport for hire, alcohol, liquor and malt or brewed beverages, as hereinafter provided in this act, or (b) shall hold a permit issued by the board and shall have paid to the board such permit fee, not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100), and shall have filed with the board a bond in the penal sum of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2000), as may be fixed by the rules and regulations of the board, any other law to the contrary notwithstanding.
(9) Transportation of Malt or Brewed Beverages by Licensee. For a malt or brewed beverage licensee, to deliver or transport any malt or brewed beverages, excepting in vehicles bearing the name and address and license number of such licensee painted or affixed on each side of such vehicle in letters no smaller than four inches in height.
(10) Importing or Transporting Malt or Brewed Beverages Without Tax Stamps. For any person, to transport within or import any malt or brewed beverages into this Commonwealth, except in accordance with the rules and regulations of the board, or for any person to transport malt or brewed beverages
into or within this Commonwealth, unless there shall be affixed to the original containers in which such malt or brewed beverages are transported, stamps or crowns evidencing the payment of the malt liquor tax to the Commonwealth: Provided, however, That this clause shall not be construed to prohibit transportation of malt or brewed beverages through this Commonwealth and not for delivery therein, if such transporting is done in accordance with the rules and regulations of the [board] commission.
(11) Delivery of Malt or Brewed Beverages With Other Commodities. For any manufacturer, importing distributor or distributor, or his servants, agents or employes, except with [board] commission approval, to deliver or transport any malt or brewed beverages in any vehicle in which any other commodity is being transported.
(12) Distributors and Importing Distributors Engaging in Other Business. For any distributor or importing distributor, or his servants, agents or employes, without the approval of the [board] commission, and then only in accordance with [board] commission regulations, to engage in any other business whatsoever, except the business of distributing malt or brewed beverages.
(13) Possession or Storage of Liquor or Alcohol by Certain Licensees. For any distributor, importing distributor or retail dispenser, or his servants, agents or employes, to have in his possession, or to permit the storage of on the licensed premises or in any place contiguous or adjacent thereto accessible to the public or used in connection with the operation of the licensed premises, any alcohol or liquor.
(14) Malt or Brewed Beverage Licensees Dealing in Liquor or

Alcohol. For any malt or brewed beverage licensee, other than a manufacturer, or the servants, agents or employes thereof, to manufacture, import, sell, transport, store, trade or barter in any liquor or alcohol.
(15) Selling to Persons Doing Illegal Business. For any malt or brewed beverage licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to knowingly sell any malt or brewed beverages to any person engaged in the business of illegally selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(16) Distributors and Importing Distributors Failing to Keep Records. For any importing distributor or distributor engaged in the sale of products, other than malt or brewed beverages, to fail to keep such complete separate records covering in every respect his transactions in malt or brewed beverages as the [board] commission shall by regulation require.
(17) Fortifying, Adulterating or Contaminating Malt or Brewed Beverages. For any person, to fortify, adulterate, contaminate, or in any wise to change the character or purity of, the malt or brewed beverages from that as originally marketed by the manufacturer at the place of manufacture.
(18) Coercing Distributors and Importing Distributors. For any manufacturer or any officer, agent or representative of any manufacturer to coerce or persuade or attempt to coerce or persuade any person licensed to sell or distribute malt or brewed beverages at wholesale or retail to establish selling prices for its products or to enter into any contracts or agreements, whether written or oral, or take any action which will violate or tend to violate any provisions of this act or any of the rules or regulations promulgated by the [board] commission pursuant thereto.
(19) Modifying or Terminating Distributing Rights Agreement. For any manufacturer or any officer, agent or representative of any manufacturer to modify, cancel, terminate, rescind or not renew, without good cause, any distributing rights agreement, and in no event shall any modification, cancellation, termination, rescission or nonrenewal of any distributing rights agreement become effective for at least ninety (90) days after written notice of such modification, cancellation, termination, rescission or intention not to renew has been served on the affected party and [board] commission by certified mail, return receipt requested, except by written consent of the parties to the agreement. The notice shall state all the reasons for the intended modification, termination, cancellation, rescission or nonrenewal. The distributor or importing distributor holding such agreement shall have ninety (90) days in which to rectify any claimed deficiency, or challenge the alleged cause.

If the deficiency shall be rectified within ninety (90) days of notice, then the proposed modification, termination, cancellation, rescission or nonrenewal shall be null and void and without legal effect.

If the notice states as one of the reasons for the intended modification, cancellation, termination, rescission or renewal that the importing distributor or distributor's equipment or warehouse requires major changes or additions, then if the distributor or importing distributor shall have taken some positive action to comply with the required changes or additions, the distributor or importing distributor shall have deemed to have complied with the deficiency as set forth in the notice. The notice provisions of this section shall not apply if the reason for termination, cancellation or nonrenewal is
insolvency, assignment for the benefit of creditors, bankruptcy, liquidation, fraudulent conduct in its dealings with the manufacturer, revocation or suspension for more than a thirty (30) day period of the importing distributor or distributor license.
(20) Interference with Transfer of License, Business or Franchise. (i) For any manufacturer to interfere with or prevent any distributor or importing distributor from selling or transferring his license, business or franchise, whether before or after notice of modification, cancellation, termination, rescission or nonrenewal has been given, provided the proposed purchaser of the business of the distributor or importing distributor meets the material qualifications and standards required of the manufacturers other distributors or importing distributors; (ii) if the proposed transfer of the distributor or importing distributor's business is to a surviving spouse or adult child, the manufacturer shall not, for any reason, interfere with, or prevent, the transfer of the distributor or importing distributor's license, business or franchise. Any subsequent transfer by surviving spouse or adult child shall thereafter be subject to the provisions of subclause (i) above.
(21) Inducing or Coercing Distributors or Importing Distributors to Accept Unordered Products or Commit Illegal Acts. For any manufacturer to compel or attempt to compel any distributor or importing distributor to accept delivery of any malt or brewed beverages or any other commodity which shall not have been ordered by the distributor or importing distributor, or to do any illegal act by any means whatsoever including, but not limited to, threatening to amend, cancel, terminate, rescind or refuse to renew any agreement existing between manufacturer
and the distributor or importing distributor, or to require a distributor or importing distributor to assent to any condition, stipulation or provision limiting the distributor or importing distributor in his right to sell the products of any other manufacturer.

Section 81. Section 493 of the act, amended June 14, 1957 (P.L.322, No.170), June 15, 1961 (P.L.423, No.211), September 25, 1967 (P.L.307, No.135), March 5, 1970 (P.L.137, No.55), August 1, 1975 (P.L.161, No.83), March 9, 1982 (P.L.174, No.55) and May 9, 1984 (P.L.246, No.54), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 493. Unlawful Acts Relative to Liquor, Malt and Brewed Beverages and Licensees.--The term "licensee," when used in this section, shall mean those persons licensed under the provisions of Article IV, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

It shall be unlawful--
(1) Furnishing Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages to Certain Persons. For any licensee or the [board] commission, or any employe, servant or agent of such licensee or of the [board] commission, or any other person, to sell, furnish or give any liquor or malt or brewed beverages, or to permit any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to be sold, furnished or given, to any person visibly intoxicated, or to any insane person, or to any minor, or to habitual drunkards, or persons of known intemperate habits.
(2) Purchase or Sale of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages on Credit. For any licensee, his agent, servant or employe, to sell or offer to sell or purchase or receive any liquor or malt or brewed beverages except for cash, excepting credit extended
by a hotel or club to a bona fide guest or member, or by railroad or pullman companies in dining, club or buffet cars to passengers, for consumption while enroute, holding authorized credit cards issued by railroad or railroad credit bureaus or by hotel, restaurant and public service licensees to customers holding credit cards issued in accordance with regulations of the [board] commission or credit cards issued by banking institutions subject to State or Federal regulation: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the use of checks or drafts drawn on a bank, banking institution, trust company or similar depository, organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America or the laws of any state, territory or possession thereof, in payment for any liquor or malt or brewed beverages if the purchaser is the payor of the check or draft and the licensee is the payee. No right of action shall exist to collect any claim for credit extended contrary to the provisions of this clause. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual price charged for original containers returned by the original purchaser as a credit on any sale, or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid by such purchaser for such containers or as a deposit on containers when title is retained by the vendor, if such original containers have been returned to the licensee. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a manufacturer from extending usual and customary credit for liquor or malt or brewed beverages sold to customers or purchasers who live or maintain places of business outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, when the liquor or malt or brewed beverages so sold are actually transported and delivered to points outside of the Commonwealth: Provided, however, That
as to all transactions affecting malt or brewed beverages to be resold or consumed within this Commonwealth, every licensee shall pay and shall require cash deposits on all returnable original containers and all such cash deposits shall be refunded upon return of the original containers.
(3) Exchange of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages For Merchandise, etc. For any licensee or the [board] commission, or any employe, servant or agent of a licensee or of the [board] commission, to sell, offer to sell or furnish any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person on a pass book or store order, or to receive from any person any goods, wares, merchandise or other articles in exchange for liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(4) Peddling Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages. For any person, to hawk or peddle any liquor or malt or brewed beverages in this Commonwealth.
(5) Failure to Have Brands as Advertised. For any licensee, his servants, agents or employes, to advertise or hold out for sale any liquor or malt or brewed beverages by trade name or other designation which would indicate the manufacturer or place of production of the said liquor or malt or brewed beverages, unless he shall actually have on hand and for sale a sufficient quantity of the particular liquor or malt or brewed beverages so advertised to meet requirements to be normally expected as a result of such advertisement or offer.
(6) Brand or Trade Name on Spigot. For any licensee, his agents, servants or employes, to furnish or serve any malt or brewed beverages from any faucet, spigot or other dispensing apparatus, unless the trade name or brand of the product served shall appear in full sight of the customer and in legible
lettering upon such faucet, spigot or dispensing apparatus.
(7) Alcoholic Strength on Label of Malt or Brewed Beverages.

For any licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to transport, sell, deliver or purchase any malt or brewed beverages upon which there shall appear a label or other informative data which in any manner refers to the alcoholic contents of the malt or brewed beverage, or which refers in any manner to the original alcoholic strength, extract or balling proof from which such malt or brewed beverage was produced. This clause shall not be construed to prohibit a manufacturer from designating upon the label or descriptive data the alcoholic content of malt or brewed beverages intended for shipment into another state or territory, when the laws of such state or territory require that the alcoholic content of the malt or brewed beverage must be stated upon the package.
(8) Advertisements on Labels Giving Alcoholic Content of Malt or Brewed Beverages. For any manufacturer or other licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to issue, publish or post, or cause to be issued, published or posted, any advertisement of any malt or brewed beverage including a label which shall refer in any manner to the alcoholic strength of the malt or brewed beverage manufactured, sold or distributed by such licensees, or to use in any advertisement or label such words as "full strength," "extra strength," "high test," "high proof," "pre-war strength," or similar words or phrases, which would lead or induce a consumer to purchase a brand of malt or brewed beverage on the basis of its alcoholic content, or to use in or on any advertisement or label any numeral, unless adequately explained in type of the same size, prominence and color, or for any licensee to purchase, transport, sell or
distribute any malt or brewed beverage advertised or labeled contrary to the provisions of this clause.
(9) Retail Licensees Furnishing Free Lunch, etc. For any retail liquor licensee or any retail dispenser, his agents, servants or employes, to furnish, give or sell below a fair cost any lunch to any consumer, except such articles of food as the [board] commission may authorize and approve.
(10) Entertainment on Licensed Premises (Except Clubs); Permits; Fees. For any licensee, his servants, agents or employes, except club licensees, to permit in any licensed premises or in any place operated in connection therewith, dancing, theatricals or floor shows of any sort, or moving pictures other than television, or such as are exhibited through machines operated by patrons by the deposit of coins, which project pictures on a screen not exceeding in size twenty-four by thirty inches and which forms part of the machine, unless the licensee shall first have obtained from the [board] commission a special permit to provide such entertainment, or for any licensee, under any circumstances, to permit in any licensed premises any lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, regardless of whether a permit to provide entertainment has been obtained or not. The [board] commission shall have power to provide for the issue of such special permits, and to collect a fee for such permits equal to one-fifth of the annual license fee but not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25). All such fees shall be paid into The State Stores Fund. No such permit shall be issued in any municipality which, by ordinance, prohibits amusements in licensed places. Any violation of this clause shall, in addition to the penalty herein provided, subject the licensee to suspension or revocation of his permit and his license.
(11) Licensees Employed by Others. For any hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee, or any malt or brewed beverage licensee, or any servant, agent or employe of such licensee, to be at the same time employed, directly or indirectly, by any other person engaged in the manufacture, sale, transportation or storage of liquor, malt or brewed beverages or alcohol: Provided, That any person (except a licensee or the manager, officer or director of a licensee) who is employed by a retail licensee to prepare or serve food and beverages may be employed in the same capacity by another retail licensee during other hours or on other days.
(12) Failure to Have Records on Premises. For any liquor licensee, or any importing distributor, distributor or retail dispenser, to fail to keep on the licensed premises for a period of at least two years complete and truthful records covering the operation of his licensed business, particularly showing the date of all purchases of liquor and malt or brewed beverages, the actual price paid therefor, and the name of the vendor, including State Store receipts, or for any licensee, his servants, agents or employes, to refuse the [board] commission or an authorized employe of the [board] commission or the enforcement bureau access thereto or the opportunity to make copies of the same when the request is made during business hours.
(13) Retail Licensees Employing Minors. For any hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee, or any retail dispenser, to employ or to permit any minor under the age of eighteen to serve any alcoholic beverages or to employ or permit any minor under the age of sixteen to render any service whatever in or about the licensed premises, nor shall any entertainer under the age
of eighteen be employed or permitted to perform in any licensed premises in violation of the labor laws of this Commonwealth: Provided, That in accordance with [board] commission regulations minors between the ages of sixteen and eighteen may be employed to serve food, clear tables and perform other similar duties, not to include the dispensing or serving of alcoholic beverages.
(14) Permitting Undesirable Persons or Minors to Frequent Premises. For any hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee, or any retail dispenser, his servants, agents or employes, to permit persons of ill repute, known criminals, prostitutes or minors to frequent his licensed premises or any premises operated in connection therewith, except minors accompanied by parents, guardians, or under proper supervision or except minors who frequent any restaurant or retail dispensing licensee whose sales of food and non-alcoholic beverages are equal to seventy per centum or more of the combined gross sales of both food and alcoholic beverages on the condition that alcoholic beverages may not be served at the table or booth at which the said minor is seated at the time (unless said minor is under proper supervision as hereinafter defined) and on the further condition that only table service of alcoholic beverages or take-out service of beer shall be permitted in the room wherein the minor is located: Provided, however, That it shall not be unlawful for any hotel, restaurant or club liquor licensee or any retail dispenser to permit minors under proper supervision upon the licensed premises or any premises operated in connection therewith for the purpose of a social gathering, even if such gathering is exclusively for minors: And provided further, That no liquor shall be sold, furnished or given to such minors nor shall the licensee knowingly permit any liquor or malt or brewed
beverages to be sold, furnished or given to or be consumed by any minor, and the area of such gathering shall be segregated from the remainder of the licensed premises. In the event the area of such gathering cannot be segregated from the remainder of the licensed premises, all alcoholic beverages must be either removed from the licensed premises or placed under lock and key during the time the gathering is taking place. Notice of such gathering shall be given the [Liquor Control Board] Commission as it may, by regulation, require. Any licensee violating the provisions of this clause shall be subject to the provisions of section 471.
"Proper supervision," as used in this clause, means the presence, on that portion of the licensed premises where a minor or minors are present, of one person twenty-five years of age or older for every fifty minors or part thereof who is directly responsible for the care and conduct of such minor or minors while on the licensed premises and in such proximity that the minor or minors are constantly within his sight or hearing. The presence of the licensee or any employe or security officer of the licensee shall not constitute proper supervision.
(15) Cashing Pay Roll, Public Assistance, Unemployment Compensation or Any Other Relief Checks. For any licensee or his servants, agents or employes to cash pay roll checks or to cash, receive, handle or negotiate in any way Public Assistance, Unemployment Compensation or any other relief checks.
(16) Furnishing or Delivering Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages at Unlawful Hours. For any licensee, his servants, agents or employes, to give, furnish, trade, barter, serve or deliver any liquor or malt or brewed beverages to any person during hours or on days when the licensee is prohibited by this
act from selling liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(17) Licensees, etc., Interested or Employed in Manufacturing or Sale of Equipment or Fixtures. For any licensee, or any officer, director, stockholder, servant, agent or employe of any licensee, to own any interest, directly or indirectly, in or be employed or engaged in any business which involves the manufacture or sale of any equipment, furnishings or fixtures to any hotel, restaurant or club licensees, or to any importing distributors, distributors or retail dispensers: Provided, however, That as to malt or brewed beverage licensees, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to such a conflicting interest if it has existed for a period of not less than three years prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, and the [board] commission shall approve.
(18) Displaying Price of Liquor or Malt or Brewed Beverages. For any restaurant, hotel or club liquor licensee, or any importing distributor, distributor or retail dispenser, or the servants, agents or employes of such licensees, to display on the outside of any licensed premises or to display any place within the licensed premises where it can be seen from the outside, any advertisement whatsoever referring, directly or indirectly, to the price at which the licensee will sell liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(19) Licensee's Outside Advertisements. For any retail liquor licensee or any retail dispenser, distributor or importing distributor, to display in any manner whatsoever on the outside of his licensed premises, or on any lot of ground on which the licensed premises are situate, or on any building of which the licensed premises are a part, a sign of any kind,
printed, painted or electric, advertising any brand of liquor or malt or brewed beverage, and it shall be likewise unlawful for any manufacturer, distributor or importing distributor, to permit the display of any sign which advertises either his products or himself on any lot of ground on which such licensed premises are situate, or on any building of which such licensed premises are a part.
(20) (i) Retail Liquor and Retail Malt or Brewed Beverages Licensee's Inside Advertisements. For any retail liquor or retail malt or brewed beverages licensee, to display or permit the display in the show window or doorways of his licensed premises, any placard or sign advertising the brands of liquor or malt or brewed beverages produced by any one manufacturer, if the total display area of any such placard or sign advertising the products of any one manufacturer exceeds three hundred square inches. Nothing herein shall prohibit a licensee from displaying inside his licensed premises point of sale displays advertising brand names of products sold by him, other than a window or door display: Provided, That the total cost of all such point of sale advertising matter relating to any one brand of any one manufacturer shall not exceed the sum of seventy dollars (\$70) at any one time, and no single piece of advertising shall exceed a cost of thirty-five dollars (\$35). All such advertising material, including the window and door signs, may be furnished by a manufacturer, distributor or importing distributor. The restrictions on advertising set forth in subclause (ii) and in clauses (20.1) and (20.2) shall also apply to this subclause.
(ii) Cooperative Advertising. No distributor or importing distributor, directly or indirectly, independent or otherwise,
shall, except by prior written agreement, be required to participate with a manufacturer in the purchase of any advertising of a brand name product in any name, in any form, whether it be radio, television, newspaper, magazine or otherwise.
(20.1) Manufacturer Shall Not Require Advertising. For a manufacturer to require a distributor or importing distributor to purchase any type of advertising.
(20.2) Advertising Shall Be Ordered and Authorized in Advance. For any advertising to be done on behalf of a distributor or importing distributor which was not ordered and authorized in advance by the distributor or importing distributor.
(21) Refusing The Right of Inspection. For any licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to refuse the [board] commission or the enforcement bureau or any of [its] their authorized employes the right to inspect completely the entire licensed premises at any time during which the premises are open for the transaction of business, or when patrons, guests or members are in that portion of the licensed premises wherein either liquor or malt or brewed beverages are sold.
(22) Allowance or Rebate to Induce Purchases. For any licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to offer, pay, make or allow, or for any licensee, or his servants, agents or employes, to solicit or receive any allowance or rebate, refunds or concessions, whether in the form of money or otherwise, to induce directly the purchase of liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(23) Money or Valuables Given to Employes to Influence Actions of Their Employers. For any licensee, or any agent,
employe or representative of any licensee, to give or permit to be given, directly or indirectly, money or anything of substantial value, in an effort to induce agents, employes or representatives of customers or prospective customers to influence their employer or principal to purchase or contract to purchase liquor or malt or brewed beverages from the donor of such gift, or to influence such employers or principals to refrain from dealing or contracting to deal with other licensees.
(24) Things of Value Offered as Inducement. For any licensee under the provisions of this article, or the [board] commission or any manufacturer, or any employe or agent of a manufacturer, licensee or of the [board] commission, to offer to give anything of value or to solicit or receive anything of value as a premium for the return of caps, stoppers, corks, stamps or labels taken from any bottle, case, barrel or package containing liquor or malt or brewed beverage, or to offer or give or solicit or receive anything of value as a premium or present to induce directly the purchase of liquor or malt or brewed beverage, or for any licensee, manufacturer or other person to offer or give to trade or consumer buyers any prize, premium, gift or other inducement to purchase liquor or malt or brewed beverages, except advertising novelties of nominal value which the [board] commission shall define[: Provided, however, That this]. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT PREVENT ANY MANUFACTURER OR ANY AGENT OF A MANUFACTURER FROM OFFERING AND HONORING COUPONS WHICH OFFER MONETARY REBATES ON PURCHASES OF WINES AND SPIRITS THROUGH STATE LIQUOR STORES IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONDITIONS OR REGULATIONS ESTABLISHED BY THE COMMISSION. FURTHER, NO MANUFACTURER OR ANY AGENT OF A MANUFACTURER SHALL HONOR ANY COUPONS WITHOUT PROOF OF

PURCHASE IN THE FORM OF A SALES SLIP OR RECEIPT ATTACHED TO THE COUPONS. THIS section shall not apply to the return of any monies specifically deposited for the return of the original container to the owners thereof.
(25) Employment of Females in Licensed Places. For any licensee or his agent, to employ or permit the employment of any female at his licensed hotel, restaurant or eating place for the purpose of enticing customers, or to encourage them to drink liquor, or make assignations for improper purposes: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the employment of any female waitress who regularly takes orders for food from serving food, liquor or malt or brewed beverages at tables; also, that nothing shall prevent any such licensees from employing any female stenographer, hotel secretary, clerk or other employe for their respective positions: Provided further, That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the wife of any such licensee or agent or any employed female from mixing or serving liquor or malt or brewed beverages behind the bar of any such licensed place.

Any person violating the provisions of this clause shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction of the same, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), for each and every female so employed, or undergo an imprisonment of not less than three (3) months, nor more than one (1) year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction of the case. The [board] administrative law judge shall have the power to revoke or refuse licenses for violation of this clause.
(26) Worthless Checks. For any retail liquor licensee or any retail dispenser, distributor or importing distributor, to make,
draw, utter, issue or deliver, or cause to be made, drawn, uttered, issued or delivered, any check, draft or similar order, for the payment of money in payment for any purchase of malt or brewed beverages, when such retail liquor licensee, retail dispenser, distributor or importing distributor, has not sufficient funds in, or credit with, such bank, banking institution, trust company or other depository, for the payment of such check. Any person who is a licensee under the provisions of this article, who shall receive in payment for malt or brewed beverages sold by him any check, draft or similar order for the payment of money, which is subsequently dishonored by the bank, banking institution, trust company or other depository, upon which drawn, for any reason whatsoever, shall, within five days of receipt of notice of such dishonor, notify by certified mail the person who presented the said worthless check, draft or similar order.
(27) Distributors and Importing Distributors Employing Minors. For any distributor or importing distributor to employ minors under the age of eighteen but persons eighteen and over may be employed to sell and deliver malt and brewed beverages.

Section 82. Section 494 of the act, amended May 25, 1956 (1955 P.L. 1743, No. 583), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 494. Penalties.--(a) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this article, except as otherwise specifically provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and on failure to pay such fine, to imprisonment for not less than one month, nor more than three months, and for any subsequent offense, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not
less than three hundred dollars \((\$ 300)\), nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and to undergo imprisonment for a period not less than three months, nor more than one year.
(b) The right [of the board] to suspend and revoke licenses granted under this article shall be in addition to the penalty set forth in this section.

Section 83. Section 495 of the act, amended June 22, 1980 (P.L.262, No.76), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 495. Identification Cards; Licensees and State Liquor Store Employes Saved From Prosecution.--[(a) The board shall issue, to any person who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, an identification card bearing said person's date of birth, physical description, photograph, signature, and such other information, as the board by regulation may determine, attesting to the age of the applicant, upon application therefor by said person, filed no earlier than fifteen days prior to attaining the age of twenty-one. Such cards shall be numbered and a record thereof maintained by the board for a period of five years. The board may, in its discretion, impose a charge for such cards in an amount to be determined by it, and it may, upon proof of loss of such identification card by and upon application of anyone to whom such card may have been issued, issue a duplicate thereof and impose a charge therefor in an amount as it may by regulation prescribe. The board shall have the power to make such regulations as it shall, from time to time, deem proper regarding the size, style and additional content of the identification card, the form and content of any application therefor, the type, style and quantity of proof required to verify the applicant's age, the procedure for receiving and
processing such application, the distribution of said card, the charge to be imposed for any card more than one that it shall issue to the same applicant, and all other matters the board shall deem necessary or advisable for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this section.
(a.1)] (a) The photo driver's license or identification card issued by the Department of Transportation shall, for the purpose of this act, be accepted as an identification card.
[(a.2) For the purposes of this section, the term identification card means a card which complies with either subsection (a) or (a.1).]
(b) Such identification card shall be presented by the holder thereof upon request of any State Liquor Store or any licensee, or the servant, agent or employe thereof, for the purpose of aiding such store, licensee, or the servant, agent or employe to determine whether or not such person is twenty-one years of age and upwards, when such person desires alcoholic beverage at a State Liquor Store or licensed establishment.
(c) In addition to the presentation of such identification card, the agent of the State Liquor Store or the licensee, or his servant, agent or employe, shall require the person whose age may be in question to fill in and sign a card in the following form:
\[
19
\]
I,............................................... hereby represent
to ..........................................., a State Store or licensee of the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] Alcohol Beverages Commission, that \(I\) am of full age and discretion and over the age of 21 years, having been born on
\(\qquad\)

This statement is made to induce said store or licensee above named to sell or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages to the undersigned.

Serial Number of Identification Card:

I understand that \(I\) am subject to a fine of \(\$ 300.00\) and sixty days imprisonment for any misrepresentation herein.
\(\qquad\)
(Name)
(Address)
Witness:

Name

Address

Such statement shall be printed upon a 3 inch by 5 inch or 4 inch by 5 inch file card, which card shall be filed alphabetically by the state Liquor Store or licensee, at or before the close of business on the day of which said certificate is executed, in a file box containing a suitable alphabetical index, and which card shall be subject to examination by any officer, agent or employe of the [Liquor Control Board] commission at any and all times.
(d) It shall be unlawful for the owner of an identification card, as defined by this act, to transfer said card to any other person for the purpose of aiding such person to secure alcoholic beverage. Any person who shall transfer such identification card for the purpose of aiding such transferee to obtain alcoholic beverage shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than three hundred dollars (\$300), or undergo imprisonment for not more
than sixty (60) days. Any person not entitled thereto who shall have unlawfully procured or have issued or transferred to him, as aforesaid, identification card or any person who shall make any false statement on any card required by subsection (c) hereof to be signed by him shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than three hundred dollars (\$300), or undergo imprisonment for not more than sixty (60) days.
(e) The signed statement in the possession of a licensee or an employe of a State Liquor Store may be offered as a defense in all civil and criminal prosecutions for serving a minor, and no penalty shall be imposed if the [Liquor Control Board] commission or the courts are satisfied that the licensee or State Liquor Store employe acted in good faith.

Section 84. Section 496 of the act, added June 15, 1961 (P.L.423, No.211), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 496. Reporting of Worthless Checks.--Any person who is a licensee under the provisions of this article, who shall receive in payment for malt or brewed beverages sold by him any check, draft or similar order, for the payment of money, which is subsequently dishonored by the bank, banking institution, trust company or other depository, upon which drawn, for any reason whatsoever, shall, within twenty days of receipt of notice of such dishonor, notify the [board] commission thereof. Such notification to the [board] commission shall be in such manner and form as the board shall direct.

Section 85. Section 497 of the act, added December 22, 1965 (P.L.1144, No.441), is reenacted to read:

Section 497. Liability of Licensees.--No licensee shall be liable to third persons on account of damages inflicted upon
them off of the licensed premises by customers of the licensee unless the customer who inflicts the damages was sold, furnished or given liquor or malt or brewed beverages by the said licensee or his agent, servant or employe when the said customer was visibly intoxicated.

Section 86. The act is amended by adding a section to read:
Section 498. Unlawful Advertising.--(a) No manufacturer, wholesaler or shipper whether from outside or inside this Commonwealth and no licensee under this act shall cause or permit the advertising in any manner whatsoever of the price of any malt beverage, cordial, wine or distilled liquor offered for sale in this Commonwealth: Provided, however, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to price signs or tags attached to or placed on merchandise for sale within the licensed premises in accordance with rules and regulations of the commission.
(b) No newspaper, periodical, radio or television broadcaster or broadcasting company or any other person, firm or corporation with a principal place of business in this Commonwealth which is engaged in the business of advertising or selling advertising time or space shall accept, publish or broadcast any advertisement in this Commonwealth of the price or make reference to the price of any alcoholic beverages.
(c) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for the first offense by a fine in the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) and for each additional offense thereafter by a fine not exceeding the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100). Publication or broadcast by any person in violation of the provisions of this section shall also be
subject to injunctive proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction on a complaint brought by a retail licensee or an association of retail licensees.
(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any trade journal which is duly recognized and authorized to be exempt from the provisions of this section by the commission.

Section 87. The heading of Article \(V\) of the act is reenacted to read:

\section*{ARTICLE V.}

DISTILLERIES, WINERIES, BONDED WAREHOUSES,
BAILEES FOR HIRE AND TRANSPORTERS FOR HIRE.
Section 88. Section 501 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 501. License Required.--Except as otherwise provided in this article, and except as otherwise provided in article four as to malt and brewed beverages, it shall be unlawful for any person without a license obtained under provisions of this article to hold in storage as bailee for hire, or transport for hire, any malt or brewed beverage, or to manufacture, produce, distill, develop or use in the process of manufacture, denature, redistill, recover, rectify, blend, reuse, hold in bond, hold in storage as bailee for hire, or transport for hire, within this Commonwealth, any alcohol or liquor, except that a person may manufacture wine out of grapes grown in Pennsylvania by fermentation only and with no alcohol or alcoholic product added thereto by way of fortification and sell the same to a licensed winery.

Section 89. Section 502 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 502. Exemptions.--No license hereunder shall be required from any registered pharmacist; or a physician licensed
by the State Board of [Medical Education and Licensure]
Medicine; or any person who makes and sells vinegar, nonalcoholic cider and fruit juices; or any person who manufactures, stores, sells or transports methanol, propanol, butanol and amanol; or any person who conducts a wholesale drug business; or any person who manufactures alcoholic preparations not fit for use as a beverage, other than denatured alcohol or for beverage purposes; any person engaged in the manufacture; possession or sale of patent, patented or proprietary medicines, toilet, medicinal or antiseptic preparations unfit for beverage purposes, or solutions or flavoring extracts or syrups unfit for beverage purposes; or any person who manufactures or sells paints, varnishes, enamels, lacquers, stains or paint, or varnish removing or reducing compounds, or wood fillers; or any person who manufactures any substance where the alcohol or any liquor is changed into other chemical substances and does not appear in the finished product as alcohol or liquor; or any common carrier by railroad which is subject to regulation by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or scheduled common carriers by air of mail and passengers; or any person who sells, stores or transports alcohol or liquor completely denatured, as specified by the [board] commission.

Section 90. Section 502.1 of the act, added December 14, 1979 (P.L.565, No.129), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 502.1. Production of Denatured Ethyl Alcohol.--(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, a person may upon payment of an annual registration fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25) and without the necessity of having to post a bond, manufacture or distill, hold in storage and use denatured
ethyl alcohol for the purpose of providing fuel for personal or business vehicles or machinery.
(b) No denatured ethyl alcohol produced under the provisions of this section may be sold or utilized by any person other than the producer.
(c) Each licensee shall file annually with the [board] commission accurate records of the monthly production and utilization of denatured ethyl alcohol fuel. The [board] commission shall prescribe the form to be used for this report.
(d) Any violation of this section shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 519.

Section 91. Section 503 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 503. Qualifications for License.--No license shall be issued under the provisions of this article to any person unless (a) in case of individuals, he or she is a citizen of the United States of America, (b) in case of companies or unincorporated associations of individuals, each and every one is a citizen of the United States of America, (c) in case of corporations, each and every stockholder thereof is a citizen of the United States of America.

Section 92. Section 504 of the act, amended September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No. 702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 504. Applications; Filing Fees.--(a) Every applicant for a license under this article shall file with the [board] commission a written application in such form as the [board] commission shall from time to time require. Every such application shall be accompanied by a filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20), the prescribed license fee and the bond hereinafter specified, and shall set forth:
[1.] (1) The legal names of the applicant and of the owner
of the place where business under the license will be carried on, with their residence addresses by street and number, if a partnership, of each separate partner, and if a corporation, of each individual officer thereof.
[2.] (2) The exact location of said place of business and of every place to be occupied or used in connection with such business, the productive capacity of each plant where any alcohol or liquor is to be manufactured, produced, distilled, rectified, blended, developed or used in the process of manufacture, denatured, redistilled, recovered, reused, the capacity of every warehouse or other place where such alcohol or liquor or malt or brewed beverage is to be held in bond or stored for hire, or the equipment to be used where a transportation business is to be carried on under the license.
[3.] (3) That each and every one of the applicants is a citizen of the United States of America.
[4.] (4) Such other relevant information as the [board] commission shall from time to time require by rule or regulation.
(b) Each application must be verified by affidavit of the applicant made before any officer legally qualified to administer oaths, and if any false statement is wilfully made in any part of said application, the applicant or applicants shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to the penalties provided by this article.

Section 93. Section 505 of the act, amended July 31, 1968 (P.L.902, No. 272), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 505. Licenses Issued.--Upon receipt of the application in the form herein provided, the proper fees and an approved bond as herein designated, the [board] commission may
grant to such applicant a license to engage in, (a) the operation of a limited winery or a winery; or, (b) the manufacturing, producing, distilling, developing, or using in the process of manufacturing, denaturing, redistilling, recovering, rectifying, blending and reusing of alcohol and liquor; or, (c) the holding in bond of alcohol and liquor; or, (d) the holding in storage, as bailee for hire, of alcohol, liquor and malt or brewed beverages; or, (e) the transporting for hire of alcohol, liquor and malt or brewed beverages.

Section 94. Section 505.1 of the act, amended February 17, 1956 (1955 P.L.1077, No.348), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 505.1. Bonded Warehouse License Privilege Restrictions.--(a) Holders of bonded warehouse licenses may:
[(a)] (1) Receive and store in bond liquor owned by Pennsylvania licensed manufacturers and importers.
[(b)] (2) Receive and store in bond alcohol owned by Pennsylvania licensed manufacturers.
[(c)] (3) Receive and store in bond liquor owned by licensees outside this Commonwealth. Such liquor shall be released from the bonded warehouse for delivery within this Commonwealth only to persons holding a liquor importer's license issued by the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] commission authorizing the importation of liquor or to other storage facilities or persons outside this Commonwealth.
[(d)] (4) Receive and store in bond alcohol owned by licensees outside this Commonwealth. Such alcohol shall be released from the bonded warehouse for delivery within this Commonwealth only to persons holding an alcohol permit issued by the [Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board] commission authorizing the importation of alcohol or to other storage facilities or
persons outside this Commonwealth.
(b) All liquor and alcohol received and stored pursuant to this section shall be in original containers of ten gallons or greater capacity. Liquor and alcohol placed in storage in accordance with the foregoing provisions may remain in storage notwithstanding any change in ownership.

Section 95. Section 505.2 of the act, amended November 5, 1981 (P.L.329, No.119) and December 17, 1982 (P.L.1390, No.319), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 505.2. Limited Wineries.--Holders of a limited winery license may:
(1) Produce wines AND WINE COOLERS only from fruits grown in <Pennsylvania in an amount not to exceed one hundred thousand \((100,000)\) gallons per year.
(2) Sell wine AND WINE COOLERS produced by the limited <winery or purchased in bulk in bond from another Pennsylvania limited winery on the licensed premises, under such conditions and regulations as the [board] commission may enforce, to the [Liquor Control Board] commission, to individuals and to hotel, restaurant, club and public service liquor licensees, and to Pennsylvania winery licensees: Provided, That a limited winery shall not, in any calendar year, purchase wine produced by other limited wineries in an amount in excess of fifty per centum of the wine produced by the purchasing limited winery in the preceding calendar year.
(3) [Sell] SEPARATELY OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER LIMITED <WINERIES, SELL wine AND WINE COOLERS produced by the limited <winery [on no more than three fboard-approved] AT commission- <approved locations other than the licensed premises, with no bottling or production requirement at those additional [board-
approved] commission-approved locations and under such conditions and regulations as the [board] commission may enforce, to the [Liquor Control Board] commission, to individuals and to hotel, restaurant, club and public service liquor licensees.

Section 96. Section 505.3 of the act, added July 30, 1975 (P.L.136, No.68), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 505.3. Distilleries.--Distilleries of historical significance established more than one hundred years prior to January 1, 1975 which hold a license issued under section 505 may sell liquor produced by the distillery on the licensed premises under such conditions and regulations as the [board] commission may enforce.

Section 97. Sections 506 and 507 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 506. Bonds Required.--(a) No license shall be issued to any such applicant until he has filed with the [board] commission an approved bond, duly executed, payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with a warrant of attorney to confess judgment in the penal sum herein set forth. All such bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful observance of all the laws of this Commonwealth and regulations of the [board] commission relating to alcohol, liquor and malt or brewed beverages and the conditions of the license, and shall have as surety a duly authorized surety company, or shall have deposited therewith, as collateral security, cash or negotiable obligations of the United States of America or the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the same amount as herein provided for the penal sum of bonds.
(b) In all cases where cash or securities in lieu of other
surety have been deposited with the [board] commission, the depositor shall be permitted to continue the same deposit from year to year on each renewal of license, but in no event shall he be permitted to withdraw his deposit during the time he holds said license, or until six months after the expiration of the license held by him, or while revocation proceedings are pending against such licensee.
(c) All cash or securities received by the [board] commission in lieu of other surety shall be turned over by the [board] commission to the State Treasurer and held by him. The State Treasurer shall repay or return money or securities deposited with him to the respective depositors only on the order of the [board] commission.
(d) After notice from the [board] commission that such a bond has been forfeited, the State Treasurer shall immediately pay into the State Stores Fund all cash deposited as collateral with such bond, and when securities have been deposited with such a bond, the State Treasurer shall sell at private sale, at not less than the prevailing market price, any such securities so deposited as collateral with any such forfeited bond. The State Treasurer shall thereafter deposit in The State Stores Fund the net amount realized from the sale of such securities, except that if the amount so realized, after deducting proper costs and expenses, is in excess of the penal amount of the bond, such excess shall be paid over by him to the obligor on such forfeited bond.
(e) The penal sum of bonds required to be filed by applicants for license shall be as follows:

In the case of a distillery (manufacturer), the bond shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars \((\$ 10,000)\); in the case of
commission. The [board] commission shall thereafter grant or refuse the license or renewal thereof. [If the board shall refuse such license or renewal following such hearing, notice in writing of such refusal shall be mailed to the applicant at the address given in his application. In all cases, the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order.]
(c) Hearings and adjudications pursuant to this section shall be in accordance with 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 5 Subch. A (relating to practice and procedure of Commonwealth agencies).

Section 98. Section 508 of the act, amended July 31, 1968 (P.L.902, No.272), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 508. License Fees.--(a) The annual fee for every license issued to a limited winery or a winery shall be two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250). The annual fee for every license issued to a distillery (manufacturer) shall be twentyfive hundred dollars (\$2500) per annum if the annual production is five hundred thousand (500,000) proof gallons or less, and an additional fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each one hundred thousand \((100,000)\) proof gallons or fraction thereof in excess of five hundred thousand \((500,000)\) proof gallons, but for the purpose of determining the amount of the fee payable by a distillery, the annual production of alcohol that is denatured by the manufacturer thereof during the license year in Pennsylvania and not elsewhere shall be excluded, but alcohol or liquor used by the manufacturer thereof during the license year in rectification or blending shall not be excluded, except that no fee for a distillery shall be less than twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2500) per annum. The annual fee for all other licenses shall be one hundred dollars (\$100). The fee for any license
when applied for and issued on or after April first, but prior to July first, shall be three-fourths of the annual fee; July first, but prior to October first, shall be one-half of the annual fee; October first, but prior to January first, onefourth of the annual fee.
(b) For the purpose of this section, the term "proof gallon" shall mean a gallon liquid which contains one-half its volume of alcohol of a specific gravity of seven thousand nine hundred thirty-nine ten thousandths (.7939) at sixty degrees Fahrenheit.

Section 99. Section 509 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 509. License Must Be Posted; Business Hours.-Licenses shall be issued by the [board] commission under its official seal. Every license so issued must at all times be posted in a conspicuous place where the business is carried on under it, and said place of business must be kept open during general business hours of every day in the year except Sundays and legal holidays.

Section 100. Sections 510 and 511 of the act are reenacted to read:

Section 510. Containers To Be Labeled.--All persons, except as exempted by section five hundred two hereof, manufacturing, producing, distilling, developing or using in the process of manufacture, denaturing, redistilling, recovering, rectifying, blending, reusing, holding in bond, holding in storage as bailee for hire, or transporting for hire of alcohol or liquor under the provisions of this article, shall securely and permanently attach to every container ready for shipment thereof as the same is manufactured, produced, distilled, developed, denatured, redistilled, recovered, rectified, blended, reused, a label
stating the name of the manufacturer, kind and quantity of alcohol or liquor contained therein, and the date of its manufacture, together with the number of the license authorizing the manufacture thereof, and all persons possessing such alcohol or liquor in wholesale quantities shall securely keep and maintain such label thereon.

Section 511. License To Specify Each Place Authorized For Use.--Every license issued under the provision of this article shall specify by definite location every place to be occupied or used in connection with the business to be conducted thereunder. It shall be unlawful for the holder of any license to occupy or use any place in connection with any business authorized under a license other than the place or places designated therein.

Section 101. Sections 512, 513 and 514 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 512. Records To Be Kept.--Every person holding a license issued under the provisions of this article shall keep on the licensed premises daily permanent records which shall show, (a) the quantities of any alcohol or liquor manufactured, produced, distilled, developed, denatured, redistilled, recovered, reused, stored in bond, stored as bailee for hire, received or used in the process of manufacture by him, and of all other material used in manufacturing or developing any alcohol or liquor; (b) the sales or other disposition of any alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages if covered by said license; (c) the quantities thereof, if any, stored in bond, stored for hire, or transported for hire by or for the licensee; and (d) the names and addresses of the purchasers or other recipients thereof: Provided, however, That persons holding licenses issued under the provisions of this article for the
transportation for hire of any alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages shall not be required to keep the above records, but shall keep daily permanent records showing the names and addresses of the persons from whom any alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverage was received and to whom delivered, and such other permanent records as the [board] commission shall prescribe.

Section 513. Premises and Records Subject To Inspection.-Every place operated under license secured under the provisions of this article where any alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverage covered by the license is manufactured, produced, distilled, developed or used in the process of manufacture, denatured, redistilled, rectified, blended, recovered, reused, held in bond, stored for hire or in connection with a licensee's business, shall be subject to inspection by members of the [board] commission or by persons duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission at any and all times of the day or night, as they may deem necessary, (a) for the detection of violations of this act or of the rules and regulations of the [board] commission promulgated under the authority of this act, or (b) for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the records required by this act to be kept by licensees and the books and records of licensees, and the books and records of their customers, in so far as they relate to purchases from said licensees, shall at all times be open to inspection by the members of the [board] commission or by persons duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission for the purpose of making inspections as authorized by this section. Members of the [board] commission and the persons duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission shall have the right,
without fee or hindrance, to enter any place which is subject to inspection hereunder, or any place where records subject to inspection hereunder are kept, for the purpose of making such inspections.

Section 514. Suspension and Revocation of Licenses.--(a) Upon learning of any violation of this act or of any rule or regulation promulgated by the [board] commission under the authority of this act, or any violation of any laws of the Commonwealth or of the United States of America relating to the tax payment of alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages by the holder of a license issued under the provisions of this article, or upon other sufficient cause, the [board] enforcement bureau may, within one year from the date of such violation or cause appearing, cite such licensee to appear before [it or its examiner] an administrative law judge not less than ten (10) nor more than [fifteen (15)] sixty (60) days from the date of sending such licensee, by registered mail, a notice addressed to his licensed premises, to show cause why the license should not be suspended or revoked. Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearings on applications for license. And upon such hearing, if satisfied that any such violation has occurred or for other sufficient cause, the [board] administrative law judge shall immediately suspend or revoke such license, notifying the licensee thereof by registered letter addressed to his licensed premises, or to the address given in his application where no licensed premises is maintained in Pennsylvania.
(b) When a license is revoked, the licensee's bond may be forfeited [by the board]. Any licensee whose license is revoked shall be ineligible to have a license under this act or under
any other act relating to alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages until the expiration of three (3) years from the date such license was revoked. In the event [the board shall revoke a license] of a revocation, no license shall be granted for the premises or transferred to the premises in which said license was conducted for a period of at least one (1) year after the date of the revocation of the license conducted in the said premises, except in cases where the licensee or a member of his immediate family is not the owner of the premises, in which case the [board] commission may, in its discretion, issue or transfer a license within said year. [In all such cases, the board shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order.] Such hearing before and adjudication by an administrative law judge shall be in accordance with 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 5 Subch. A (relating to practice and procedure of Commonwealth agencies).

Section 102. Section 515 of the act, repealed in part June 3, 1971 (P.L.118, No.6) and April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 515. Appeals.--[Any] The commission, the enforcement bureau or any applicant or any licensee aggrieved by any decision [of the board] refusing, suspending or revoking a license under the provisions of this article may appeal to the court of the county in which the licensed premises or the premises to be licensed are located. In the event an applicant or a licensee shall have no place of business established within the Commonwealth, his appeal shall be to the [court of Dauphin County] Commonwealth Court. Such appeal shall be [upon petition of the applicant or licensee, as the case may be, who shall serve a copy thereof upon the board. The said appeal shall act as a supersedeas, unless upon sufficient cause shown the court shall determine otherwise. The court shall hear the application de novo at such time as it shall fix, of which notice shall be given to the board. The court shall, in the case of a refusal by the board, either sustain such refusal or order the issuance of the license to the applicant] in accordance with 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7 Subch. A (relating to judicial review of Commonwealth agency action).

Section 103. Sections 516 and 517 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 516. Compromise Penalty In Lieu of Suspension.--In those cases where the [board] administrative law judge shall suspend a license, the [board] administrative law judge may accept from the licensee an offer in compromise as a penalty in lieu of such suspension and shall thereupon rescind its order of suspension. In the case of a distillery licensee, the offer in compromise shall be at the rate of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day of suspension; in the case of a bonded warehouse, bailee for hire and transporter for hire licensees, twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each day; and in the case of a winery licensee, fifty dollars ( \(\$ 50\) ) for each day. No offer in compromise may be accepted [by the board] in those cases where the suspension is for a period in excess of one hundred (100) days.

Section 517. Expiration of Licenses; Renewals.--All licenses issued under this article shall expire at the close of the calendar year, but new licenses for the succeeding year shall be issued upon written application therefor, duly verified by affidavit, stating that the facts in the original application are unchanged, and upon payment of the fee as hereinafter
provided and the furnishing of a new bond, without the filing of further statements or the furnishing of any further information unless specifically requested by the [board] commission: Provided, however, That any such license issued to a corporation shall expire thirty (30) days after any change in the officers of such corporation, unless the name and address of each such new officer of such corporation shall, within that period, be reported to the [board] commission by certificate, duly verified. Applications for renewals must be made not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days before the first day of January of the ensuing year. All applications for renewal received otherwise shall be treated as original applications.

Section 104. Section 518 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 518. Unlawful Acts.--(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport any illegal alcohol, liquor or malt or brewed beverages.
(b) Whenever any person withdraws or removes any alcohol or liquor which has not been denatured from any distillery, denaturing plant, winery or bonded warehouse for the purpose of denaturing the same, it shall be unlawful for any such person to use, sell or conceal, or attempt to use, sell or conceal, or be concerned in the sale, use or concealment of, any such alcohol or liquor, unless before such sale or use the said alcohol or liquor shall be denatured by adding thereto denaturing material or materials or admixtures thereof which render it unfit for beverage purposes.
(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to recover and reuse or attempt to recover and reuse, by redistillation or by any other process or means whatsoever, any alcohol or liquor from denatured alcohol or from any other liquor from denatured
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alcohol or from any other liquid, or to knowingly use, sell, conceal, or otherwise dispose of, alcohol or liquor so recovered or redistilled.

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Section 105. Section 519 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 519. Penalties.--Any person or persons who knowingly violate any of the provisions of this article, or any person who shall violate any of the conditions of any license issued under the provisions of this article, or who shall falsify any record or report required by this article to be kept, or who shall violate any rule or regulation of the [board] commission, or who shall interfere with, hinder or obstruct any inspection authorized by this article, or prevent any member of the [board] commission or the enforcement bureau or any person duly authorized and designated by the [board] commission or the bureau from entering any place which such member of the [board] commission or the bureau or such person is authorized by this article to enter for the purpose of making an inspection, or who shall violate any other provision of this article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5000), or undergo imprisonment of not more than three (3) years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 106. The headings of Article VI and Subdivision (A) of Article VI of the act are reenacted to read: ARTICLE VI.

PROPERTY ILLEGALLY POSSESSED OR USED; FORFEITURES;
NUISANCES.
(A) Forfeitures.

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Section 107. Sections 601, 602 and 603 of the act, amended April 20, 1956 (1955 P.L.1508, No.499), are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 601. Forfeiture of Property Illegally Possessed or Used.--No property rights shall exist in any liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage illegally manufactured or possessed, or in any still, equipment, material, utensil, vehicle, boat, vessel, animals or aircraft used in the illegal manufacture or illegal transportation of liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, and the same shall be deemed contraband and proceedings for its forfeiture to the Commonwealth may[, at the discretion of the board,] be instituted in the manner hereinafter provided. No such property when in the custody of the law shall be seized or taken therefrom on any writ of replevin or like process.

Section 602. Forfeiture Proceedings.--(a) The proceedings for the forfeiture or condemnation of all property shall be in rem, in which the Commonwealth shall be the plaintiff and the property the defendant. A petition shall be filed in the court of [quarter sessions] common pleas, verified by oath or affirmation of any officer or citizen, containing the following: (1) a description of the property so seized; (2) a statement of the time and place where seized; (3) the owner, if known; the person or persons in possession, if known; (5) an allegation that the same had been possessed or used or was intended for use in violation of this act; (6) and, a prayer for an order of forfeiture that the same be adjudged forfeited to the Commonwealth, unless cause be shown to the contrary.
(b) A copy of said petition shall be served personally on said owner if he can be found within the jurisdiction of the
court, or upon the person or persons in possession at the time of the seizure thereof. Said copy shall have endorsed thereon a notice as follows:
"To the Claimant of Within Described Property: You are required to file an answer to this petition, setting forth your title in and right to possession of said property, within fifteen (15) days from the service hereof; and you are also notified that if you fail to file said answer, a decree of forfeiture and condemnation will be entered against said property."

Said notice shall be signed by petitioner or his attorney, or the district attorney or the Attorney General.
(c) If the owner of said property is unknown or outside the jurisdiction of the court and there was no person in possession of said property when seized, or such person so in possession cannot be found within the jurisdiction of the court, notice of said petition shall be given by an advertisement in only one newspaper of general circulation published in the county where such property shall have been seized, once a week for two (2) successive weeks. No other advertisement of any sort shall be necessary, any other law to the contrary notwithstanding. Said notice shall contain a statement of the seizure of said property, with a description thereof, the place and date of seizure, and shall direct any claimants thereof to file a claim therefor on or before a date given in said notice, which date shall not be less than ten (10) days from the date of the last publication.
(d) Upon the filing of any claim for said property, setting forth a right of possession thereof, the case shall be deemed at issue and a time be fixed for the hearing thereof.
(e) At the time of said hearing, if the Commonwealth shall produce evidence that the property in question was unlawfully possessed or used, the burden shall be upon the claimant to show (1) that he is the owner of said property, (2) that he lawfully acquired the same, and (3) that it was not unlawfully used or possessed.

In the event such claimant shall prove by competent evidence to the satisfaction of the court that said liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage, or still, equipment, material, utensil, vehicle, boat, vessel, container, animal or aircraft was lawfully acquired, possessed and used, then the court may order the same returned or delivered to the claimant; but if it appears that said liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage or still, equipment, material or utensil was unlawfully possessed or used, the court shall order the same destroyed, delivered to a hospital, or turned over to the [board] commission or enforcement bureau, as hereinafter provided, or if it appears that said vehicle, boat, vessel, container, animal or aircraft was unlawfully possessed or used, the court may, in its discretion, adjudge same forfeited and condemned as hereinafter provided.

Section 603. Disposition of Forfeited Property.--If, upon petition as hereinbefore provided and hearing before the court of [quarter sessions] common pleas, it appears that any liquor, alcohol, or malt or brewed beverage or still, equipment, material or utensil was so illegally possessed, or used, such liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage or still, equipment, material or utensil shall be adjudged forfeited and condemned, or if it appears that any vehicle, boat, vessel, container, animal or aircraft was so used in the illegal manufacture or
transportation of liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage, such property may, in the discretion of the court, be adjudged forfeited and condemned and in such case shall be disposed of as follows:
(a) Upon conviction of any person of a violation of any of the provisions of this act, the court shall order the sheriff to destroy all condemned liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage and property seized or obtained from such defendants, except that the court may order the liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or any part thereof, to be delivered to a hospital for its use, and make return to the court of compliance with said order, and any vehicle, container, boat, vessel, animals or aircraft seized under the provisions of this act shall be disposed of as hereinafter provided.
(b) In any case in which the defendant is acquitted of a violation of this act and denies the ownership or possession thereof, or no claimant appears for same, or appearing, is unable to sustain claim thereof, the court shall order all condemned liquor, alcohol and malt or brewed beverages and property (except vehicles, boats, vessels, containers, animals and aircraft) publicly destroyed by the sheriff, except that the court may order the liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages, or any part thereof, to be delivered to a hospital for its use. Return of compliance with said order shall be made by the sheriff to the court.
(c) In the case of any vehicle, boat, vessel, container, animal or aircraft seized under the provisions of this act and condemned, the court shall order the same to be delivered to the [board] enforcement bureau for its use or for sale or disposition by the [board] bureau, in its discretion. Notice of
such sale shall be given in such manner as the [board] bureau may prescribe. The proceeds of such sale shall be paid into The State Stores Fund.

Section 108. Section 604 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 604. Motor Vehicle Licenses To Be Revoked.--In addition to the foregoing provisions, the court may, in its order of condemnation, and in every conviction under this act where it shall appear that liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages were unlawfully transported in a motor vehicle, declare that the license issued by the Department of [Revenue] Transportation for any motor vehicle so forfeited and condemned, or issued to any defendant convicted of transporting liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages in any motor vehicle, shall be forfeited and revoked, and it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which such conviction is had and order of condemnation made to certify such conviction to the Secretary of [Revenue] Transportation, who shall suspend or revoke the license issued for such motor vehicles: Provided, That a license may be issued for such motor vehicle to the [board] commission or the enforcement bureau to any purchaser of the vehicle after the sale thereof, as above provided.

Section 109. Section 605 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 605. Application of Subdivision.--The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to the disposition of any liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverage or property in the custody of the law or of any officer at the time of the passage of this act.

Section 110. The heading of Subdivision (B) of Article VI of the act is reenacted to read:

Section 111. Section 611 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 611. Nuisances; Actions To Enjoin.--(a) Any room, house, building, boat, vehicle, structure or place, except a private home, where liquor, alcohol or malt or brewed beverages are manufactured, possessed, sold, transported, offered for sale, bartered or furnished, or stored in bond, or stored for hire, in violation of this act, and all such liquids, beverages and property kept or used in maintaining the same, are hereby declared to be common nuisances, and any person who maintains such a common nuisance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to the same penalties provided in section four hundred ninety four of this act.
(b) An action to enjoin any nuisance defined in this act may be brought in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the Attorney General [or]ょ by the district attorney of the proper county or by a person who resides or has a place of business within five hundred feet of the location of the alleged nuisance. Such action shall be brought and tried as an action in equity and may be brought in any court having jurisdiction to hear and determine equity cases within the county in which the offense occurs. If it is made to appear, by affidavit or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the court that such nuisance exists, a temporary writ of injunction shall forthwith issue, restraining the defendant from conducting or permitting the continuance of such nuisance until the conclusion of the proceedings. If a temporary injunction is prayed for, the court may issue an order restraining the defendant and all other persons from removing or in any way interfering with the
stored in bond, or stored for hire therein or thereon in violation of this act, and that he will pay all fines, costs and damages that may be assessed for any violation of this act upon said property.

Section 112. The headings of Article VII and Subdivision (A) of Article VII of the act are reenacted to read:

ARTICLE VII.

DEALING IN DISTILLERY BONDED WAREHOUSE CERTIFICATES.
(A) Preliminary Provisions.

Section 113. Section 701 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 701. Definitions and Interpretation.--(a) When used in this article, the following words or phrases, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section.
"Agent" shall mean and include every person employed by a distillery certificate broker to sell, offer for sale or delivery, to purchase, exchange, or to enter into agreements for the purchase, sale or exchange, or to solicit subscriptions to, or orders for, or to undertake to dispose of, or to deal in any manner in, distillery bonded warehouse certificates.
"Fraud," "fraudulent" and "fraudulent practice" shall include any misrepresentation in any manner of a relevant fact not made honestly and in good faith; any promise or representation or prediction as to the future not made honestly and in good faith, or an intentional failure to disclose a material fact; the gaining, directly or indirectly, through the purchase, sale or exchange of distillery bonded warehouse certificates, of any promotion fee or profit, selling or managing commission or
profit, so gross and exorbitant as to be unconscionable and fraudulent; and any scheme, device, artifice or investment plan to obtain such an unconscionable profit: Provided, however, that nothing herein shall limit or diminish the full meaning of the terms "fraud" and "fraudulent" as applied or accepted in courts of law or equity.
(b) Nothing contained in this article shall be construed as permitting the holder or owner of a distillery bonded warehouse certificate, as defined in this act, to secure possession of the whiskey or other potable distilled spirits named or designated in such certificate, except in accordance with the provisions of this act and the laws of this Commonwealth hereafter enacted relating to alcohol or alcoholic beverages and the regulations of the [board] commission adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Section 114. The heading of Subdivision (B) of Article VII of the act is reenacted to read:
(B) Permits.

Section 115. Section 702 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 702. Unlawful to Act as a Distillery Certificate Broker or to Buy or Sell Distillery Bonded Warehouse Certificate Without a Permit.--It shall be unlawful for any person, except as hereinafter exempted, directly or through an agent, to sell, purchase, exchange, offer for sale, deliver, enter into agreements for the purchase, sale, exchange, solicit subscriptions to, orders for, undertake to dispose of, deal in any manner in, distillery bonded warehouse certificates, without first having obtained a permit to act as a distillery certificate broker as provided in this article.

Section 116. Section 703 of the act is reenacted and amended to read: Certificate Brokers.--Subject to the provisions of this article and regulations promulgated under this act, the [board] commission shall have authority to issue to any reputable financially responsible person whose plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates is not deemed by the [board] commission to constitute "fraudulent practice," as defined herein, a permit to act as distillery certificate broker.

Section 117. Section 704 of the act, amended September 28, 1961 (P.L.1728, No.702), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 704. Application for Permit; Filing Fee.--Every applicant for a distillery certificate broker permit shall file a written application with the [board] commission outlining his plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates, in such form and containing such other information as the [board] commission shall from time to time prescribe, which shall be accompanied by a filing fee of twenty dollars (\$20) and the prescribed permit fee. If the applicant is a natural person, his application must show that he is a citizen of the United States, and if a corporation, the application must show that the corporation was created under the laws of Pennsylvania or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in Pennsylvania. The application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation of the applicant, if a natural person, or in the case of an association, by a member or partner thereof, or in the case of a corporation, by an executive officer thereof or any person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application, to which shall be attached written evidence of his authority. If the applicant is an
association, the application shall set forth the names and addresses of the persons constituting the association, and if a corporation, the names and addresses of all the officers thereof. All applications must be verified by affidavit of applicant and if any false statement is intentionally made in any part of the application, the signer shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon indictment and conviction, shall be subject to penalties provided by this article.

Section 118. Section 705 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 705. Issuance of Permits.--Upon receipt of the application and proper fees and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application, and being also satisfied that the applicant's plan of business in dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificates does not constitute "fraudulent practice," as defined in this article, and that the applicant is a person of good repute and financially responsible, the [board] commission may issue to such applicant a permit authorizing the permittee to sell, purchase, exchange, pledge and deal in distillery bonded warehouse certificates.

Section 119. Section 706 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 706. Office or Place of Business to be Maintained.-Every applicant for a distillery certificate broker permit under this article and every person to whom such a permit is issued shall maintain an office or place of business within the Commonwealth.

Section 120. Sections 707, 708 and 709 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 707. Permit Fee; Permits Not Assignable or Transferable; Display of Permit; Term of Permit.--Every
applicant for distillery certificate broker permit shall, before receiving such permit, pay to the [board] commission an annual permit fee of one hundred dollars (\$100). Permits issued under this act may not be assigned or transferred and shall be conspicuously displayed at the place of business of the permittee. All permits shall be valid only during the year for which issued and shall automatically expire on the thirty-first day of December of each calendar year unless suspended, revoked or cancelled prior thereto.

Section 708. Records to be Kept.--Every person holding a permit issued under this act shall keep daily permanent records containing a complete record of all transactions in distillery bonded warehouse certificates within this Commonwealth, in such form and manner as the [board] commission may from time to time prescribe. Such records shall be available for examination by the [board's] commission's officers at the broker's principal place of business or office in Pennsylvania.

Section 709. Renewal of Permits.--Upon the filing of an application and the payment of the prescribed filing fee and permit fee in the same amount as herein required on original applications for permits, the [board] commission may renew the permit for the calendar year beginning January first, provided such application for renewal is filed and fee paid on or before December fifteenth of the preceding year, unless the [board] commission shall have given previous notice of objections to the renewal of the permit, based upon violation of this article or the [board's] commission's regulations promulgated thereunder, or unless the applicant has by his own act become a person of ill repute or ceases to be financially responsible.

Section 121. Section 710 of the act, amended June 3, 1971
(P.L.118, No.6) and April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 710. Permit Hearings; Appeals From Refusal of the [Board] Commission to Issue or Renew Permits.--The [board] commission may of its own motion, and shall upon written request of any applicant for distillery certificate broker permit or for renewal thereof whose application for such permit or renewal has been refused, fix a time and place for hearings of such application for permit or for renewal thereof, notice of which hearing shall be sent by registered mail to the applicant at the address given in his application. Such hearing shall be before the [board] commission or a member thereof. At such hearing, the [board] commission shall present its reasons for its refusal or withholding a permit or renewal thereof. The applicant may appear in person or by counsel, cross-examine the witnesses of the [board] commission, and may present evidence which shall be subject to cross-examination by the [board] commission. Such hearings shall be stenographically recorded. The [board] commission shall thereupon grant or refuse the permit or renewal thereof. If the [board] commission shall refuse such permit or renewal following such hearing, notice in writing of such refusal shall be sent by registered mail to the applicant at the address given in his application. In all such cases, the [board] commission shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order and furnish a copy thereof to the applicant.

Section 122. Section 712 of the act, amended April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53), is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 712. Revocation and Suspension of Permit.--Upon learning of any violation of this act or regulations of the
[board] commission promulgated thereunder, or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America by the permittee, his officers, servants, agents or employes, or upon any other sufficient cause shown, the [board] commission may cite such permittee to appear before it or a member thereof not less than ten or more than fifteen days from the date of sending such permittee, by registered mail, a notice addressed to him at the address set forth in the application for permit, to show cause why such permit should not be suspended or revoked. When such notice is duly addressed and deposited in the post office, it shall be deemed due and sufficient notice. Hearings on such citations shall be held in the same manner as provided herein for hearing on application for permit. Upon such hearing, if satisfied that any such violation has occurred, or for other sufficient cause, the [board] commission shall immediately suspend or revoke the permit, notifying the permittee thereof by registered letter addressed to the address set forth in the application for permit. Any permittee whose permit is revoked shall be ineligible to have a permit under this act until the expiration of three years from the date such permit was revoked. In all such cases, the [board] commission shall file of record at least a brief statement in the form of an opinion of the reasons for the ruling or order.

Section 123. The heading of Subdivision (C) of Article VII of the act is reenacted to read:
(C) Permittees' Registered Agents.

Section 124. Section 721 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 721. Unlawful to Act as Agent or to Employ Agents Without Registration.--It shall be unlawful for a distillery certificate broker to employ any person to act as agent, or for
any person to act as agent for any distillery certificate broker, in purchasing, exchanging, offering for sale, delivering, entering into agreements for the purchase, sale, exchange, soliciting subscriptions to, orders for, undertaking to dispose of, dealing in any manner in, distillery bonded warehouse certificates, without such person first having been registered as an agent as provided in this article.

Section 125. Section 722 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 722. Registered Agents.--Every person holding a distillery certificate broker permit under this article who desires to employ an agent or agents in the operation of his business under the permit shall make application to the [board] commission for registration of such agent or agents. Every such permittee's application shall set forth the name of the permittee and the address of his main office or principal place of business in Pennsylvania, and the full address where complete records are maintained covering the permittee's operations in Pennsylvania. With each such permittee's application there shall be filed an agent's application for each agent to be registered. Permittees' applications for agents and agents' applications shall contain such information as the [board] commission shall from time to time require, and shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation of the agent. Each application shall be accompanied by two unmounted photographs of the agent.

Section 126. Section 723 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 723. Registration Fee.--Every application for the registration of agents filed by a permittee shall be accompanied by a registration fee in the amount of ten dollars (\$10) for each agent to be registered, which shall cover the agent's
registration from date of approval until December thirty-first of the year in which approved. Registrations may be renewed for a period of one calendar year upon the filing of a new application and payment of the same registration fee as herein provided for original registration, together with agent's new application and photographs of each agent. Applications for renewal of registration shall be filed not later than December fifteenth of each year.

Section 127. Section 724 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 724. Registration and Issuance of Identification Card.--Upon receipt of the application, the proper fees, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the statements in the application and that the applicant is a person of good reputation and the applicant seeks a registration as defined in this act, the [board] commission may register such agent and issue to him an identification card.

Section 128. Sections 725 and 726 of the act, amended April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53), are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 725. Hearings Upon Refusal of the [Board] Commission; Appeals.--In the event that the [board] commission shall refuse to issue or to renew an agent's registration, a hearing shall be had.

Section 726. Revocation and Suspension of Agents'
Registrations.--Upon learning of any violation of this act or regulation of the [board] commission promulgated thereunder, or any violation of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States of America by a registered agent, the [board] commission may revoke or suspend the agent's registration in the same manner as provided herein for the revocation and suspension of
distillery certificate broker permits.
Section 129. Section 727 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 727. Identification Cards.--(a) Upon approval by the [board] commission of the application for registration of an agent, there shall be issued to such registered agent an identification card containing the name and address of the distillery certificate broker, the name, address and physical description of the agent. There shall also be affixed to the identification card a photograph of the agent, and no identification card shall be valid until signed by both the distillery certificate broker and the agent and counter-signed by a representative of the [board] commission.
(b) Before any agent's registration can be changed from one distillery certificate broker to another, the identification card of such agent shall either be returned to the [board] commission by the broker under whom he is registered, or such broker shall file with the [board] commission a notice in writing that he has knowledge of and consents to the employment of such agent by the other broker.
(c) When the employment of any agent is terminated, the broker shall immediately notify the [board] commission and the identification card issued to the agent shall be surrendered to the [board] commission.

Section 130. The heading of Subdivision (D) of Article VII of the act is reenacted to read:
(D) Exemptions.

Section 131. Sections 731, 732 and 733 of the act are reenacted to read:

Section 731. Bank and Trust Companies and Other Persons.--

Bank and trust companies and other persons duly authorized within this Commonwealth to engage in the business of lending money to licensed distillers, rectifiers, importers and distillery certificate brokers may, without a permit required under the provisions of this act, accept distillery bonded warehouse certificates as security or collateral for any loan made in the regular conduct of their business, and such banks and trust companies and other persons may liquidate such security or collateral by sale only to licensed distillers, rectifiers, importers or distillery certificate brokers.

Section 732. Distillers, Rectifiers and Importers.--Duly licensed distillers, rectifiers and importers may, without a permit required under the provisions of this article, deal in distillery bonded warehouse certificates, but only with other duly licensed distillers, rectifiers, importers and with distillery certificate brokers.

Section 733. Certificates Owned Since July 24, 1939.-Persons other than licensed distillers, rectifiers, importers and distillery certificate brokers, holding distillery bonded warehouse certificates on and since the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine, may dispose of same without a permit required under the provisions of this act, but only to or through a distillery certificate broker holding a permit from the board.

Section 132. The heading of Subdivision (E) of Article VII of the act is reenacted to read:
(E) Administration and Enforcement.

Section 133. Section 741 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 741. Duties of the [Board] Commission.--It shall be
the duty of the [board] commission to see that the provisions of this article are at all times properly administered and obeyed, and to take such measures and make such investigations as will detect the violations of any provisions thereof. In the event it shall discover any violation, it shall, in addition to revoking any permit or registration of an agent, take such measures as may be necessary to cause the apprehension and prosecution of all persons deemed guilty thereof.

Section 134. The heading of Subdivision (F) of Article VII of the act is reenacted to read:
(F) Fines and Penalties.

Section 135. Section 751 of the act is reenacted to read:
Section 751. Penalties.--Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this article, or who shall engage in any fraud or fraudulent practice, as defined herein, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1000), nor more than five thousand dollars \((\$ 5000)\), or undergo imprisonment of not less than one year, nor more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 136. The heading of Article VIII of the act is reenacted to read:

DISPOSITION OF MONEYS COLLECTED UNDER
PROVISIONS OF ACT.
Section 137. Section 801 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 801. Moneys Paid Into Liquor License Fund and Returned to Municipalities.--(a) The following fees collected by the [board] commission under the provisions of this act shall
into the Liquor License Fund as provided by the [preceding] section 801, collected, received or recovered under the provisions of this act for license fees, permit fees, filing fees and registration fees, from forfeitures, sales of forfeited property, compromise penalties and sales of liquor and alcohol at the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores, shall be paid into the State Treasury through the Department of Revenue into a special fund to be known as "The State Stores Fund."
(b) One-half of all application filing and transfer fees shall be credited to a special account designated as the Enforcement Officers' Retirement Account. The moneys credited to this account shall be paid, annually, by the [board] commission to the State Employes' Retirement Board to be paid into the State Employes' Retirement Fund and credited to the Enforcement Officers' Benefit Account.
(c) One per centum of annual profits from the sale of liquor and alcohol shall be annually transferred to the Department of Health for use by the Office of Drug and Alcohol Programs, or its successor in function, for the following purposes:
(1) Treatment and rehabilitation of persons addicted to the excessive use of alcoholic beverages.
(2) Promotion of education, prevention and early intervention programs designed to eliminate abuse and addiction to alcohol or other mood-altering substances or secure appropriate treatment for the already addicted.
(3) Study of the problem of addiction.
(d) All other moneys in such fund shall be available for the purposes for which they are appropriated by law.
(e) Annually, at the time the budget for the enforcement bureau is approved, an amount equal to the amount appropriated

Supplementary act to a law of this province, entitled 'An act that no public house or inn, within this province, be kept without license,'" absolutely.

Section twenty of the act, approved the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws 145), entitled "An act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies, and for other purposes," absolutely.

The act, approved the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred fourteen (Pamphlet Laws 100), entitled "An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors," absolutely.

Sections one, two, three and four of the act, approved the second day of April, one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (Pamphlet Laws 286), entitled "An act to prevent the disturbance of meetings held for the purpose of religious worship," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred fifteen (Pamphlet Laws 91), entitled "An act altering the mode of issuing tavern licenses," absolutely.

The act, approved the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred fifteen (Pamphlet Laws 171), entitled "A supplement to the act, entitled 'An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors,' passed the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and for the prevention of fraud in the purchase or sale of flour or whiskey," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 133), entitled "An act to regulate inspections," absolutely. hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 244), entitled "An act laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandise," in so far as it relates to wine or distilled liquors.

Section two of the act, approved the second day of April, one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (Pamphlet Laws 226), entitled "A further supplement to the act, entitled 'An act relative to habitual Drunkards,'" absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws 10), entitled "A supplement to the act entitled, 'An act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors,'" absolutely.

Section one of the act, approved the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (Pamphlet Laws 247), entitled "An act more effectually to secure the collection of the revenue from tavern licenses, and for other purposes," absolutely.

The act, approved the seventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty (Pamphlet Laws 352), entitled "An act to regulate inns and taverns," absolutely.

The act, approved the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred thirty-two (Pamphlet Laws 73), entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to regulate inns and taverns,' passed April seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty," absolutely.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twentyfour, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven of the act, approved the eleventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred
thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws 117), entitled "An act relating to Inns, Taverns, and retailers of vinous and spirituous liquors," absolutely.

Sections one hundred twenty-three, one hundred twenty-four, one hundred twenty-five, one hundred twenty-six, one hundred twenty-seven, one hundred twenty-eight, one hundred twenty-nine, one hundred thirty, one hundred thirty-one, one hundred thirtytwo, one hundred thirty-three, one hundred thirty-four, one hundred thirty-five, one hundred thirty-six, one hundred thirtyseven, one hundred thirty-eight, one hundred thirty-nine and one hundred forty of the act, approved the fifteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 384), entitled "An act relating to Inspections," absolutely.

Section sixty-six of the act, approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (Pamphlet Laws 589), entitled "An act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards," absolutely.

Section twenty-two of the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred forty (Pamphlet Laws 548), entitled "An act to erect the town of South Easton, in the county of Northampton, into a borough, and for other purposes," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 121), entitled "An act supplementary to the various Acts relating to Tavern Licenses," absolutely.

Section forty-four of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred forty-two (Pamphlet Laws 192), entitled "An act to appoint Commissioners to Re-survey and mark that portion of the county line, which divides the township
of Bristol, in the county of Philadelphia, from the township of Cheltenham, in the county of Montgomery, and for other purposes," absolutely.

Section four of the act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-six (Pamphlet Laws 431), entitled "An act to authorize the voters of Mifflin county to decide the question of tavern license therein, and to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks within specified limits in certain counties," absolutely.

Sections twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, thirty-one, thirty-two and thirty-three of the act, approved the tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 570), entitled "An act to create a sinking fund, and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the commonwealth," absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 657), entitled "An act to change the mode of granting tavern licenses in the city and county of Philadelphia," absolutely.

Sections five, six and eight of the act, approved the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty (Pamphlet Laws 634), entitled "An act regulating the hunting of deer in the county of Warren; and relative to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Carbon, Butler and Union; authorizing the Philadelphia, Germantown and Norristown railroad company to become stockholders in the Chester Valley railroad company; relative to the sale of spirituous and vinous liquors in Washington county; and to the licensing of inn-keepers in this commonwealth; to the estate of John Claar, deceased; legitimating John Diffenbach, of Lancaster county; and
authorizing the sale of the real estate of Darius Grimes, of Fayette county, deceased," absolutely.

Section eight of the act, approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (Pamphlet Laws 569), entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Bear Mountain Railroad Company,' and for other purposes, passed July thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and relative to roads, streets, and alleys in the borough of Pottsville, in Schuylkill county, to hawkers and peddlers in Armstrong and Carbon counties, to the Bethany and Dingman's choice turnpike road, to the district of West Philadelphia, to the bottling of cider and malt liquors, licensing billiard rooms and bowling saloons, to the district of Moyamensing, and to authorize Charles B. Mench to sell certain real estate," absolutely.

Sections one, two, three, six, seven and eight of the act, approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (Pamphlet Laws 663), entitled "An act to protect certain domestic and private Rights, and prevent abuses in the Sale and Use of Intoxicating Drinks," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (Pamphlet Laws 53), entitled "An act to prevent the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors on the First Day of the Week, commonly called Sunday," absolutely.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, thirty, thirty-two, thirty-three and thirty-four of the act, approved the thirty-
first day of March, one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (Pamphlet Laws 200), entitled "An act to Regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," absolutely.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-three and twenty-four of the act, approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (Pamphlet Laws 365), entitled "A supplement to an act to Regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors, approved the thirty-first of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (Pamphlet Laws 393), entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to the Inspection of Liquors," absolutely.

Section two of the act, approved the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 167), entitled "An act relating to Trustees of Farmers' High Schools of Pennsylvania," absolutely.

The act, approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 653), entitled "An act relating to the granting of Licenses to Hotel, Inn, or Tavern Keepers," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty (Pamphlet Laws 346), entitled "An act to prevent Recovery for the Sale of Adulterated Liquors," absolutely.

The act, approved the fifteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (Pamphlet Laws 480), entitled "An act relating to the inspection of domestic distilled spirits,"
absolutely.
The act, approved the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 40), entitled "A further supplement to an act to regulate the granting of licenses to hotels and eating houses, approved March thirtyfirst, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 95), entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday,' approved February twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five," absolutely.

Sections two and four of the act, approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws 566), entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of mercantile appraisers in the city of Philadelphia, defining the duties of the same, and constituting a board of appeal," absolutely.

Sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten eleven and twelve of the act, approved the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (Pamphlet Laws 40), entitled "An act to repeal and act to permit the voters of this commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors, and to restrain and regulate the sale of the same," absolutely.

Section one of the act, approved the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (Pamphlet Laws 48), entitled "An act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors, and for the preservation of order at soldiers' encampments or re-unions," absolutely. hundred eighty-one (Pamphlet Laws 43), entitled "An act to prevent the use of poisonous or deleterious drugs or chemicals, or impure or injurious materials, or those prejudicial to the public health, in the brewing or manufacture of ale, beer or other malt liquors, or in the fermentation, distillation or manufacture of any vinous or spirituous liquors, and to provide for the punishment of any persons using the same," absolutely.

The act, approved the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (Pamphlet Laws 162), entitled "An act to prohibit the granting of a license for the sale of liquors to proprietors, lessees, keepers or managers of theaters or other places of amusement," absolutely.

Section four of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws 27), entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An act to protect children from neglect and cruelty, and relating to their employment, protection and adoption,' approved the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, providing for the further protection of minors, and regulating the boarding and maintaining of infant children for hire," in so far as it relates to premises for which a hotel, restaurant or club liquor license or a retail dispenser's license is held.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 194), entitled "An act providing for the licensing of wholesale dealers in intoxicating liquors," absolutely.

The act, approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (Pamphlet Laws 173), entitled "An act to permit the growers of grapes in this Commonwealth to manufacture
wine from grapes of their own raising that are not first-class or marketable, and sell such wine to licensed dealers without taking out or paying a license for such manufacture or sale," absolutely.

The act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (Pamphlet Laws 257), entitled "An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by wholesale," absolutely.

The act, approved the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws 474), entitled "An act authorizing distillers of spirituous or vinous liquors to sell such liquors of their own manufacture in original packages of not less than forty gallons, without being required to take out a license as is now required by existing laws," absolutely.

Section one of the act, approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 93), entitled "An act relating to the prosecutions of licensed dealers and their employes on the charge of furnishing intoxicating liquors to minors, and prescribing the penalty therefor," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 176), entitled "An act providing that the manufacturers who shall pay a certain sum, annually, into the Treasury of the Commonwealth, shall sell only malt or brewed liquors of their own manufacture to dealers only who have been licensed by the court," absolutely.

The act, approved the thirtieth day of July, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws 464), entitled "An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous
and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof, by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers and agents, having a store, office or place of business within this Commonwealth, prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors," absolutely.

Section one of the act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred one (Pamphlet Laws 162), entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof,' approved the thirteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven," absolutely.

The act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred one (Pamphlet Laws 572), entitled "An act authorizing the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth to grant licenses to sell intoxicating liquors at retail, wholesale or by brewers for a longer or shorter period than one year in certain cases but only for the purpose of changing the date from which annual licenses shall thereafter run and take effect," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 257), entitled "An act to amend the second section of an act, entitled 'An act to protect certain domestic and private rights and prevent abuses in the sale and use of intoxicating drinks,' approved the eighth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fiftyfour, in relation to the penalties and fines therein prescribed, and giving the court discretionary power in relation thereto," absolutely. April, one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 259), entitled "An act providing for the payment of liquor license money to school districts, in townships in which the roads shall be made and repaired by taxpayers pursuant to the act of twelfth of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninetythree, and its supplements," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 265), entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof,' approved the thirteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws 317), entitled "An act amending section three of an act, entitled 'An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous and spirituous liquors, or any admixture thereof, by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, store-keepers and agents, having a store, office or place of business within this Commonwealth, prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors,' approved the thirtieth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninetyseven, by providing that, in counties having a population of more than five hundred thousand \((500,000)\) and less than one million \((1,000,000)\), the cost of publishing the list of applicants for liquor licenses shall be paid out of the general funds of the county, and not deducted from the fees paid by such
applicants for expenses connected therewith," absolutely.
The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 38), entitled "An act to amend section two of an act, entitled 'An act to provide revenue, and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous, and spirituous liquors, or any admixture thereof, by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers, and agents, having a store, office, or place of business within this Commonwealth; prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors,' approved the thirtieth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninetyseven, by changing the time when the treasurers of the respective counties shall pay all license funds to the State Treasurer and to the treasurers of the respective municipalities," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 122), entitled "An act authorizing licensed wholesale liquor sellers and dealers to purchase vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors, in kegs, barrels, or otherwise in bulk, and to transfer the same into bottles or smaller packages; and to sell the same in such bottles or smaller packages, in certain quantities, and fixing the annual license-fee of such dealers in cities of the first class, second class, third class, and in boroughs and townships," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws 307), entitled "An act regulating the payment of retail liquor license-fees in this

Commonwealth," absolutely.
The act, approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred nine (Pamphlet Laws 136), entitled "An act regulating the payment of brewers' wholesale and bottlers' license fees in this Commonwealth," absolutely.

The act, approved the second day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 32), entitled "An act permitting any wholesale or retail licensed liquor dealer or bottler to keep such licensed place of business open during the pendency of any application for transfer of license," absolutely.

The act, approved the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 203), entitled "An act to provide and fix fees and compensation to be received by constables in this Commonwealth for visiting places where liquors are sold or kept," absolutely.

The act, approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 490), entitled "An act prohibiting the offering or giving of premium by any person, partnership, or corporation, licensed to sell vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors at wholesale or retail, for the return of caps, stoppers, corks, stamps, or labels taken from any bottle, case, keg, barrel, or package containing such vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors, and providing a penalty for the violation thereof," absolutely.

Section one of the act, approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 914), entitled "An act authorizing any person, firm or corporation, owning or operating distilleries producing only denatured alcohol for industrial purposes, and not for use as a beverage or for medicinal purposes, to operate such distillery without a
license; regulating the taxation of such corporations; requiring certain reports to be made to the Auditor General, and providing penalties," in so far as it exempts any person, firm or corporation owning or operating a distillery from the necessity of obtaining a license under the provisions of this act to operate such distillery.

The act, approved the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws 1020), entitled "An act amending an act, entitled 'An act prohibiting the offering or giving of premium, by any person, partnership, or corporation licensed to sell vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors, at wholesale or retail, for the return of caps, stoppers, corks, stamps, or labels taken from any bottle, case, keg, barrel, or package containing such vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors, and providing a penalty for the violation thereof,' approved the twelfth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen; prohibiting the offer or gift or premiums or presents as an inducement for the purchase of liquors, or for any other purpose," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws 1071), entitled "An act amending section one of an act, approved the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled 'An act to provide and fix fees and compensation to be received by constables in this Commonwealth for visiting places where liquors are sold or kept,'" absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 9), entitled "An act to amend section one of an act, approved the thirtieth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet

Laws, four hundred sixty-four), entitled 'An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous and spiritous liquors or any admixture thereof, by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers and agents, having a store, office or place of business within this Commonwealth, prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors,'" absolutely.

The act, approved the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 167), entitled "An act providing for the refunding of liquor license fees and additional taxes to wholesale and retail dealers, brewers, distillers, rectifiers, compounders, bottlers, agents, and other persons, prevented from engaging in business by order or regulation of the President or Secretary of War; providing for the return of the proportions thereof paid to municipalities and the Commonwealth; and making an appropriation," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 673), entitled "An act permitting wholesale or retail dealers, brewers, distillers, rectifiers, compounders, bottlers, agents, or other persons licensed to deal in or sell any vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, to surrender licenses heretofore granted and issued; authorizing county treasurers to refund a proportionate amount of the annual license fee and additional license tax where such licenses have been surrendered or where the licensees have been prevented from selling thereunder by any State or Federal laws or regulation; and requiring the State Treasurer and the municipalities to contribute to the amount so refunded;
and making an appropriation," absolutely.
The act, approved the twenty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws 1069), entitled "An act to provide for the manufacture or distillation and sale of ethyl alcohol for medicinal, scientific, mechanical, commercial, and other lawful purposes, and the issuance of licenses therefor; and providing a penalty for violation of the provisions hereof," absolutely.

Section forty-two of the act, approved the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one (Pamphlet Laws 869), entitled "An act providing for the organization, government, discipline, maintenance, and regulation of the armed land forces of this Commonwealth," in so far as it relates to liquor or malt or brewed beverages.

The act, approved the nineteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16), entitled "A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, thirty-four), entitled 'An act concerning alcoholic liquors; prohibiting the manufacture, advertising, furnishing, traffic in, and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, and articles and substances designed or intended for use in the manufacture thereof; defining intoxicating liquor; providing for penalties, forfeitures, and the abatement of nuisances; and repealing existing alcoholic liquor laws and alcoholic liquor license laws'; providing for the registering of federal permits; also regulating, under permit, through a Pennsylvania Alcohol Permit Board created in the Department of Welfare, the manufacture, production, distillation, development, use in manufacture, denaturization, redistillation, recovery,
reuse, holding in bond, holding in storage by bailees for hire, sale at wholesale, and transportation for hire, of any alcohol or alcoholic liquid, by certain persons; also providing for fees and the disposition thereof; also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol or alcoholic liquid; also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement; also providing penalties; and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act," absolutely.

The act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252), entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt, brewed, and vinous and fruit juice beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon county treasurers, the Department of Revenue, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine-hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 13, (193334)), entitled "An act creating an independent administrative board to be known as the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one
thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15, (193334)), entitled "An act to regulate and restrain the sale, importation, and use of certain alcoholic beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connections with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of license fees; and imposing penalties," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 57, (1933-34)), entitled "An act to amend the title and certain sections of the act, approved the nineteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws, sixteen), entitled 'A supplement to the act, approved the twenty-seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, thirty-four), entitled "An act concerning alcoholic liquors; prohibiting the manufacturer, advertising, furnishing, traffic in, and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, and articles and substances designed or intended for use in the manufacture thereof; defining intoxicating liquor; providing for penalties, forfeitures, and the abatement of nuisances; and repealing existing alcoholic liquor laws and
alcoholic liquor license laws'; providing for the registering of Federal permits; also regulating, under permit, through a Pennsylvania Alcohol Permit Board created in the Department of Welfare, the manufacture, production, distillation, development, use in manufacture, denaturization, redistillation, recovery, reuse, holding in bond, holding in storage by bailees for hire, sale at wholesale, and transportation for hire, of any alcohol or alcoholic liquid, by certain persons; also providing for fees and the disposition thereof; also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol or alcoholic liquid; also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement; also providing penalties; and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act, by providing that the act shall be administered by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; making the act consistent with the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment; changing definitions and exemptions; bringing rectifiers and blenders within the act; allowing appeals to the courts; providing for the abatement of nuisances; and increasing fees," absolutely.

The act, approved the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 75, (1933-34)), entitled "An act to amend the title and certain sections of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Act number ninety-one), entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt, brewed, and vinous and fruit juice beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by
vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon county treasurers, the Department of Revenue, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' by limiting the provisions of the act to malt liquors, as defined therein, and clarifying certain provisions of the act," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1217), entitled "An act to reenact and amend the title and the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred fifty-two), entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt, brewed, and vinous and fruit juice beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon county treasurers, the Department of Revenue, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' as amended, by providing for the issue by the county treasurer of retail dispensers' licenses, and by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board of distributors', importing distributors', and
manufacturers' licenses; regulating the business of manufacturers of malt and brewed beverages; and providing for the issue of public service licenses and special permits relating to entertainment and transportation for hire by said board; changing, fixing, and providing for the fixing of permit and license fees, and providing for the disposition thereof; providing for the abatement of nuisances; providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses by the court of quarter sessions and the board; further regulating the manufacture, sale, transportation and traffic in malt and brewed beverages; prescribing penalties; and repealing inconsistent acts," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1246), entitled "An act to reenact and amend the title and the act approved the twentyninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirtythree (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen--one thousand nine hundred thirty-three-one thousand nine hundred thirty-four), entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, importation, and use of certain alcoholic beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connections with, and transactions in such beverages by licenses and others; making
disposition of the receipts from State stores and of license fees; and imposing penalties,' by extending the provisions of said act to the manufacture and possession of alcohol, alcoholic beverages and malt or brewed beverages; permitting licensees to sell malt or brewed beverages for consumption off premises; providing for the revocation and suspension of licenses by the board and the court of quarter sessions, and conferring additional powers and imposing additional duties on the board, including power to fix the form and capacity of packages and containers, and the duty to require certain manufacturers and other persons to secure permit and pay permit fees; conferring power on agents of the board to arrest on view without warrant and to confiscate property unlawfully used, and providing for the destruction and disposition thereof; providing for the disposition of license and filing fees; providing that fines and penalties collected shall be for the use of counties; legalizing the home manufacture and possession of wine; extending the civil service provisions of this act; further regulating the manufacture, sale and traffic in alcohol, alcoholic beverages and malt and brewed beverages; prescribing penalties and repealing existing laws," absolutely.

The act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five (Pamphlet Laws 1283), entitled "An act to amend clauses (i) and (l) of section two, and section three of the act, approved the nineteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws, sixteen), entitled, and amended 'An act regulating, under permit, through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the manufacture, production, distillation, development, use in manufacture, denaturization, redistillation, rectification, blending,
recovery, reuse, holding in bond, holding in storage by bailees for hire, and transportation for hire, of any alcohol, alcoholic liquid or alcoholic beverage, by certain persons; requiring the registration of Federal permits; also providing for fees and the disposition thereof, and for appeals to the courts; also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol, alcoholic liquid, and alcoholic beverages; also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement; also providing penalties; and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act,' as amended; further defining distilleries and wineries; and providing for the licensure and rights of manufacturers of wine," absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1762), entitled "An act to re-enact and further amend the title and the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen--one thousand nine hundred thirty-three--thirty-four), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the

State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' further regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, use, and traffic in liquors, alcohol, and malt and brewed beverages; conferring additional powers and imposing additional duties on the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; further regulating those licensed under this act; imposing additional filing fees; and increasing fees for certain permits; and providing for the disposition thereof; further regulating the establishment of State liquor stores, and the employment and use of personnel by the board; regulating and providing the procedure for the granting, transfer, revocation, and suspension of licenses, and for compromises in certain cases, and the disposition of moneys arising therefrom; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; regulating the jurisdiction of courts, and local option procedure; prohibiting certain interlocking business; and providing penalties," absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1811), entitled "An act to re-enact and amend the act, approved the nineteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws, sixteen), entitled, as amended 'An act regulating, under permit, through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the manufacture, production, distillation, development, use in manufacture, denaturization, redistillation, rectification, blending, recovery, reuse, holding in bond, holding in storage by bailees for hire, and transportation for hire, of any alcohol, alcoholic liquid or alcoholic beverage, by certain persons; requiring the
registration of Federal permits; also providing for fees and the disposition thereof, and for appeals to the courts; also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol, alcoholic liquid, and alcoholic beverages; also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement; also providing penalties; and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act,' further regulating the manufacture, sale, use, and traffic in alcohol and alcoholic liquids; conferring additional powers and imposing additional duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; further regulating those licensed under this act; imposing filing fees; changing the method of calculating certain license fees; providing for the use of the word "license" instead of "permit"; regulating and providing the procedure for the granting, suspension, and revocation of licenses, and for compromises in certain cases; providing for the disposition of fees, compromise penalties, and forfeitures; regulating the jurisdiction of courts; and providing penalties," absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-seven (Pamphlet Laws 1827), entitled "An act to re-enact and further amend the title and the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred fifty-two), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing
to regulate and restrain the sale, purchase, exchange, pledge, and dealing in distillery bonded warehouse certificate for whiskey or any other potable distilled spirits, except ethyl alcohol; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; authorizing the granting of permits and registration of agents to deal in such certificates, and the suspension and revocation of such permits and registration of agents; providing for hearings and appeals to the court of common pleas; forbidding transaction in such certificates in this State except as herein provided; prescribing and imposing penalties; and providing for the disposition of filing, registration and permit fees," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 802), entitled "An act to further amend clause (a) of section four hundred and seven of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided;
prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' changing the fees for hotel and restaurant liquor licenses in certain cases," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 804), entitled "An act to amend clause (e) of section six hundred and nine of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices, in connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' as reenacted and amended permitting hotel, restaurant and club licensees to own land but not the buildings thereon where such land is leased and the buildings owned by a
holder of a retail dispenser's license under the beverage license law," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 806), entitled "An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor, malt or brewed beverages, or malt and brewed beverages, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; defining hotels, and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities," except insofar as the provisions of section one, as amended, shall apply to hotel licenses granted prior to the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, or granted on any application made and pending prior to said date, or to any renewal or transfer of such licenses, or to hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date.

The act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 408), entitled "An act relative to the employment of females in hotels, taverns, saloons and eating houses for the mixing or sale of alcoholic drinks, and the penalty for violation thereof," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 480), entitled "An act to further amend section two of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred fifty-two), entitled, as amended, 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in
licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' by permitting clubs to waive or reduce or pay dues payable by members in military service," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 483), entitled "An act to further amend section two of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen, 1933-34), entitled 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and
imposing penalties,' by permitting clubs to waive or reduce or pay dues payable by members in military service," absolutely.

The act, approved the sixteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 60), entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred ten of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three and thirty-four), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by postponing the time for the taking effect of orders of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, suspending or revoking licenses for a period of twenty days, during which time the licensee may take an appeal," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 332), entitled "An act
to further amend subsection fourteen of section six hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen--1933-34) entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales of practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties'; exempting certain coin operated motion picture machines from provisions of the act requiring special permits," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 374), entitled "An act to further amend section sixteen of the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred fifty-two), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such
beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' by providing for the surrendering by persons in military service of licenses granted to them, the renewal thereof by the board during the licensee's continuance in such service, and the renewal thereof thereafter," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 401), entitled "An act to amend section four hundred nine of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirtythree (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises;
forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by providing for the surrendering by persons in military service of licenses granted to them, the renewal thereof by the board during licensee's continuance in such service, and the renewal thereof thereafter," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-three (Pamphlet Laws 403), entitled "An act to further amend sections two, three hundred five, section six hundred two and section six hundred three of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen--1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture
saving from prosecution licensees serving holders of such statements making such declarations," absolutely.

The act, approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 481), entitled "An act to further amend section five of the act, approved the nineteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred twenty-six (Pamphlet Laws 16), entitled, as amended 'An act regulating, under permit, through the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, the manufacture, production, distillation, development, use in manufacture, denaturization, redistillation, rectification, blending, recovery, reuse, holding in bond, holding in storage by bailees for hire, and transportation for hire, of any alcohol, alcoholic liquid or alcoholic beverage, by certain persons; requiring the registration of Federal permits; also providing for fees and the disposition thereof, and for appeals to the courts; also authorizing the inspection of the records of permittees and purchasers of said alcohol, alcoholic liquid, and alcoholic beverages; also declaring certain places nuisances and providing for their abatement; also providing penalties; and also repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act,' by exempting scheduled common carriers by air of mail and passengers from license requirement," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 764), entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred twelve and subsections (9) and (10) of section six hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, on thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of
alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by further regulating advertisements allowed on and about licensed premises and increasing the quantity of malt or brewed beverages which may be sold in a single sale by certain licensees for consumption off premises," absolutely.

The act, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 769), entitled "An act to further amend the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252), entitled, as amended, 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such
beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' by providing the quantity of malt or brewed beverages to be sold by any manufacturer, distributor, importing distributor, or retail dispenser; further regulating advertisements allowed on and about licensed premises," absolutely.

The act, approved the second day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 896), entitled "An act to further amend subsection fourteen of section six hundred two of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State Government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making
disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by exempting television exhibitions from provisions of the act requiring special permits," absolutely.

The act, approved the ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 964), entitled "An act to amend section one of the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 806), entitled 'An act limiting the number of licenses for the retail sale of liquor, malt or brewed beverages, or malt and brewed beverages, to be issued by the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board; defining hotels, and prescribing the accommodations required of hotels in certain municipalities,' changing the requirements necessary for a hotel to qualify under said act," except in so far as it shall apply to hotel licenses granted prior to September first, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine, or granted on any application made and pending prior to said date, or to any renewal or transfer of such licenses, or to hotels under construction or for which a bona fide contract had been entered into for construction prior to said date.

The act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 1482), entitled "An act to further amend section four hundred fifteen of the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws, fifteen--one thousand nine hundred thirty-three and thirty-four), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers
of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by permitting holders of importers' licenses to sell liquor when in original containers of ten gallons or greater capacity to licensed manufacturers within this Commonwealth," absolutely.

The act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 1546), entitled "An act to amend the act, approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 252), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the traffic in malt and brewed beverages, as herein defined; providing for the licensing of the manufacture, transportation, sale and distribution of such beverages; imposing license and permit fees, and providing for collection and distribution thereof; restricting ownership and interest in licensed places; permitting municipalities and townships, by vote of the electors, to prevent the licensing therein of places where such beverages may be sold for consumption on the premises, and regulating elections for this purpose; imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board, quarter sessions courts, district attorneys, the Department of Justice, proper authorities of political
subdivisions of the State, and election officers; providing penalties; and repealing existing acts,' by further defining the parties who may appeal and the powers of courts in certain appeals from the board and providing for certain appeals to the Superior Court," absolutely.

The act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws 1551), entitled "An act to amend the act, approved the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws 15, 1933-34), entitled, as amended 'An act to regulate and restrain the sale, manufacture, possession, transportation, importation, traffic in, and use of alcohol, and alcoholic and malt or brewed beverages; conferring powers and imposing duties upon the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board and its agents, the Department of Public Instruction, other officers of the State government, courts, and district attorneys; authorizing the establishment and operation of State stores for the sale of such beverages not for consumption on the premises, and the granting of licenses, subject to local option, to sell such beverages for consumption on and off the premises; forbidding importation or bringing of such beverages into the State except as herein provided; prohibiting certain sales or practices in, connection with, and transactions in such beverages by licensees and others; providing for the forfeiture of certain property; making disposition of the receipts from State stores and of fees; and imposing penalties,' by further defining the parties who may appeal and the powers of courts in certain appeals from the board and providing for certain appeals to the Superior Court," absolutely.

Section 142. Section 902 of the act is reenacted to read:

Section 902. General Repeal Clause.--All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 143. (a) All personnel, allocations, appropriations, equipment, files, records, contracts, agreements, obligations and other materials which are used, employed or expended in connection with the powers, duties or functions transferred by this act to the Office of Administrative Law Judge are hereby transferred to the Office of Administrative Law Judge with the same force and effect as if the allocations and appropriations had been made to and said items had been the personnel and property of the office in the first instance and if the contracts, agreements and obligations had been incurred or entered into by the office.
(b) All personnel, allocations, appropriations, equipment, files, records, contracts, agreements, obligations and other materials which are used, employed or expended in connection with the powers, duties or functions transferred by this act to the Bureau of Liquor Control Enforcement of the Pennsylvania State Police are hereby transferred to the Pennsylvania State Police with the same force and effect as if the allocations and appropriations had been made to and said items had been the personnel and property of the bureau in the first instance and if the contracts, agreements and obligations had been incurred or entered into by the Pennsylvania State Police.
(c) All present employees of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board whose powers, duties or functions are transferred under subsections (a) and (b) shall be transferred to the Office of Administrative Law Judge or the bureau as appropriate. All such <employees are to continue in their employment with either the
commission, the Office of Administrative Law Judge or the bureau with the same pay scales, salaries, wages, seniority benefits, pension rights and other incidents of employment, including, but not limited to, civil service status, as if this act had not been effective.
(D) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD SHALL, IN ORDER OF SENIORITY, BE GIVEN THE CHOICE OF TRANSFERRING TO THE BUREAU OF LIQUOR CODE ENFORCEMENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE POLICE OR REMAINING WITHIN THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES COMMISSION.

Section 144. The chief administrative law judge and the Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police shall separately by regulation provide for appropriate training of personnel to carry out the responsibilities imposed by this act upon employees of their respective agencies.

Section 145. The agency known as the Alcoholic Beverages Commission shall be subject to evaluation and review and shall terminate on June 30, 1992, in the manner provided for by the act of December 22, 1981 (P.L.508, No.142), known as the Sunset Act.

Section 146. The presently confirmed members of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board as of December 31, 1986, shall continue to serve as members of the Alcoholic Beverages Commission for a term of 120 days beyond the effective date of this act or until the members first appointed after the effective date of this act are appointed and qualified, whichever occurs sooner.

Section 147. Each rule, regulation ox fee, CONTRACT OR LEASE <of the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board in effect on December

31, 1986, shall remain in effect after such date until repealed or amended by the Alcoholic Beverages Commission OR UNTIL IT TERMINATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS OWN TERMS.

Section 148. Only those members appointed to the Alcoholic Beverages Commission after the effective date of this act shall be eligible for the increased salary authorized for commission members pursuant to this act.

Section 149. Only those Alcoholic Beverages Commission members appointed after the effective date of this act shall be required to restrict outside employment and income pursuant to this act.

Section 150. By September 30, 1987, the Alcoholic Beverages Commission shall recommend to the General Assembly such fee increases as the commission determines are necessary so that revenues are sufficient to cover the costs of licensing and enforcement activities.

SECTION 151. THE AMENDMENT TO SECTION 491(6) RELATING TO CATERING BY RESTAURANT LIQUOR LICENSEE SHALL APPLY TO CASES OF CHARGED VIOLATIONS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ADJUDICATED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.

Section 152. (a) Section 207.1(c)(2) of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, is repealed to the extent that it requires a vote of twothirds of the members elected to the Senate to confirm appointments to the Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board.
(b) All other acts or parts of acts are repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with this act.

Section 153. The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 154. Sections 146 and 147 of this act shall be retroactive to December 31, 1986.

Section 155. This act shall take effect July 1, 1987, or immediately, whichever is later.```

