

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 1135 Session of
1985

INTRODUCED BY BELL, PETERSON, MOORE AND REIBMAN, OCTOBER 4, 1985

SENATOR BELL, CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, AS
AMENDED, OCTOBER 23, 1985

AN ACT

1 Amending the act of September 27, 1961 (P.L.1700, No.699),
2 entitled "An act relating to the regulation of the practice
3 of pharmacy, including the sales, use and distribution of
4 drugs and devices at retail; and amending, revising,
5 consolidating and repealing certain laws relating thereto,"
6 reestablishing the State Board of Pharmacy; providing for its
7 composition, powers and duties; changing provisions relating
8 to the issuance of licenses and the revocation and suspension
9 of licenses; providing for fees; providing for penalties; and
10 making repeals.

11 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
12 hereby enacts as follows:

13 Section 1. Section 2 of the act of September 27, 1961
14 (P.L.1700, No.699), known as the Pharmacy Act, is amended to
15 read:

16 Section 2. Definitions.--As used in this act:

17 (1) "Person" includes individual, partnership, corporation
18 [and], association or any other legal entity.

19 (2) "Board" means the [Pennsylvania] State Board of
20 Pharmacy.

21 (2.1) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the preparation of a

prescription or non-prescription drug in a suitable container
approximately labeled for subsequent administration to or use by
a patient or other individual entitled to receive the drug.

(3) "Drugs" mean--

(i) Articles recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary or its successor.

(ii) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals.

(iii) Articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals.

(iv) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in subclauses (i), (ii) or (iii), but not including devices or their component parts or accessories.

(4) "Official compendium" shall mean the current revisions of the Pharmacopoeia of the United States, Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States and National Formulary or its successor.

(5) [The term "device" means instruments, apparatus and contrivances, including their components, parts and accessories, intended (i) for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals, or (ii) to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals.]

"Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, which is required under Federal or State law to be prescribed by a practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

(6) [The term] "Federal act" means the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (Title 21, USC 301 et seq., 52 Stat. 1040 et seq.).

(7) ["Narcotic drug," "dangerous drug," "nonproprietary drug"--]"Controlled substance" means any drug designated as such under the provisions of [the Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act of Pennsylvania.] the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act."

(7.1) Non-proprietary drug" means a drug containing any quantity of any controlled substance or any drug which is required by any applicable Federal or State law to be dispensed only by prescription.

(7.2) "Proprietary drug" shall mean non-prescription, non-narcotic medicines or drugs which may be sold without a prescription and which are prepackaged for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the statutes and regulations of this State and the Federal Government.

(8) "Prescription" means a written or oral order [for drugs] issued by a duly licensed medical practitioner in the course of his professional practice for a controlled substance, other drug or device or medication which is dispensed for use by a consumer, but shall not include, an order for a controlled substance, other drug or device or medication which is to be dispensed for administration to a bed patient in an institution <—
A HOSPITAL. <—

(8.1) "Emergency prescription" means a refill of a prescription which is essential to the continuation of therapy in a chronic condition, for which the refill has not been authorized, and for which the pharmacist notifies, within seventy-two hours, the prescriber that an emergency prescription

1 has been dispensed.

2 (9) "Medical practitioner" means a physician, dentist,
3 veterinarian or other [person] individual duly authorized and
4 licensed by law to prescribe drugs.

5 (10) "Pharmacist" means [a person] an individual duly
6 licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy to engage in the
7 practice of pharmacy.

8 (11) "Practice of pharmacy" means the practice of that
9 profession concerned with the art and science of the evaluation
10 of prescription orders and the preparing, compounding and
11 dispensing of drugs and devices, whether dispensed on the
12 prescription of a medical practitioner or legally dispensed or
13 [sold directly to the ultimate consumer] provided to a consumer,
14 and shall include the proper and safe storage and distribution
15 of drugs, the maintenance of proper records [therefor],
16 ~~including individual medication records, the participation in~~ <—
17 drug selection and drug utilization reviews, and the
18 responsibility of relating information as required concerning
19 such drugs and medicines and their therapeutic values and uses
20 in the treatment and prevention of disease: Provided, however,
21 That "practice of pharmacy" shall not include the operations of
22 a manufacturer or [wholesaler] distributor as defined in [the
23 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.] "The Controlled Substance, Drug,
24 Device and Cosmetic Act."

25 (12) "Pharmacy" means every place properly [licensed] issued
26 a permit by the Board of Pharmacy where [the practice of
27 pharmacy is conducted] drugs, devices and diagnostic agents for
28 human or animal consumption are stored, dispensed or compounded.
29 The term "pharmacy" shall not include the operations of a
30 manufacturer or distributor as defined in "The Controlled

1 Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act." In an institution,
2 "pharmacy" refers to the organized pharmacy service in the
3 institution under the direct supervision of a licensed
4 pharmacist.

5 (13) The words "drug" and "devices" shall not include
6 surgical or dental instruments or laboratory materials, gas and
7 oxygen, therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus or therapeutic
8 equipment, their component parts or accessories, or equipment,
9 instruments, apparatus or contrivances used to render such
10 articles effective in medical, surgical or dental treatment, or
11 for use or consumption in or for mechanical, industrial,
12 manufacturing or scientific applications or purposes[, nor shall
13 the word "drug" include any article or mixture covered by the
14 Pesticide Act of 1957, nor medicated feed intended for and used
15 exclusively as a feed for animals other than man].

16 Section 2. Section 3 of the act, amended November 1, 1979
17 (P.L.454, No.91), November 26, 1982 (P.L.755, No.210) and May 2,
18 1985 (P.L.26, No.12), is amended to read:

19 Section 3. Licensing of Pharmacists.--(a) The State Board
20 of Pharmacy may license as a pharmacist any person who has filed
21 an application therefor, subscribed by the person under oath or
22 affirmation, containing such information as the board may by
23 regulation require, and who--

24 (1) Is not less than twenty-one years of age and is a
25 citizen of the United States;

26 (2) Has satisfied the board that he is of good moral and
27 professional character, [that he will properly carry out the
28 duties and responsibilities required of a pharmacist] that he
29 has not been convicted of a drug or alcohol-related felony or
30 misdemeanor, and that he is not unfit or unable to practice

1 pharmacy by reason of the extent or manner of his use of
2 alcoholic beverages[, narcotic drugs or dangerous drugs] or
3 controlled substances or by reason of a physical or mental
4 disability;

5 (3) Holds a Bachelor of Science or advanced degree in
6 pharmacy granted by a school or college of pharmacy which is
7 accredited by the American Council of Pharmaceutical Education
8 or its successor;

9 (4) [Has completed the internship requirements as prescribed
10 by the board pursuant to this act] Has completed an internship
11 or other program which has been approved by the board or has
12 demonstrated to the board's satisfaction experience in the
13 practice of pharmacy which meets or exceeds the minimum
14 internship requirements of the board;

15 (5) Has satisfactorily passed such examinations given by the
16 board.

17 (6) Has not been convicted of a felonious act prohibited by
18 the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as "The
19 Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act," or
20 convicted of a felony relating to a controlled substance in a
21 court of law of the United States or any other state, territory
22 or country. An applicant's statement on the application
23 declaring the absence of a conviction shall be deemed
24 satisfactory evidence of the absence of a conviction, unless the
25 board has some evidence to the contrary.

26 (b) The State Board of Pharmacy shall, at least once in
27 every six months, examine in the practice of pharmacy all
28 pharmacy interns, who have completed their educational
29 requirements, who shall make applications for said examination
30 pursuant to regulations promulgated by the board. [The said

1 examination shall consist of two parts: the first part being a
2 theoretical examination, the second part consisting of a
3 practical examination which shall be given to all pharmacy
4 interns who have satisfactorily completed their internship
5 requirements.] The administration of examinations shall be
6 performed in accordance with the provisions of section 812.1 of
7 the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as "The
8 Administrative Code of 1929." In case of failure at a first
9 examination, the applicant shall have within two years the
10 privilege of a second and third examination. In case of failure
11 in a third examination, the applicant shall have the privilege
12 of examination only after satisfactorily completing additional
13 preparation as directed and approved by the board.

14 (c) To insure proficiency in the practical aspects of
15 pharmacy, the board shall, by regulation, prescribe internship
16 requirements which must be satisfactorily completed prior to
17 issuance of a pharmacist license. The board shall specify the
18 period of time [of not less than six months nor more than one
19 year and when] and in what manner the internship shall be
20 served, and shall include an internship program in conformity
21 with those standards established by the board by regulation.

22 (d) The board may, by regulation, accept in lieu of the
23 experience as a registered pharmacy intern as herein required
24 other equivalent experience obtained prior to January 1, [1962]
25 1985.

26 (e) Any person enrolled or accepted as a student of pharmacy
27 in an accredited [college shall, before the commencement]
28 pharmacy degree program may, upon completion of his [third]
29 second year of college, file with the State Board of Pharmacy an
30 application for registration as a pharmacy intern in which said

1 application he shall be required to furnish such information as
2 the board may, by regulation, prescribe and, simultaneously with
3 the filing of said application, shall pay to the board a fee [of
4 ten dollars (\$10)] established by the board through regulation.
5 All certificates issued to pharmacy interns shall be valid for a
6 period not exceeding six years from the date of issue exclusive
7 of time spent in the military service.

8 (f) To assure adequate practical instruction, pharmacy
9 internship experience as required under this act shall be
10 obtained by employment in any licensed pharmacy under the direct
11 supervision of a pharmacist meeting the requirements
12 [promulgated by regulation of the board, and] established by the
13 board through regulation. Pharmacy internship experience shall
14 include such instruction in the practice of pharmacy as the
15 board by regulation shall prescribe.

16 [(g) All pharmacy apprentice certificates shall, within one
17 year from the effective date of this act, be returned to the
18 board and, upon receipt thereof, the board shall issue therefor
19 a pharmacy intern certificate.

20 (h)] (g) The board may, without examination, license as a
21 pharmacist any [person] individual who, at the time of filing
22 application therefor, is licensed as a pharmacist in any other
23 state, territory or possession of the United States: Provided,
24 That the said [person] individual shall produce evidence
25 satisfactory to the board of having had the required secondary
26 and professional education and training, including internship,
27 and is possessed of good character and morals as required of
28 applicants for [registration] licensure under the provisions of
29 this act: Provided, That [persons] individuals of good character
30 and morals who have become [registered] licensed as pharmacists

1 by examination in other states prior to the time this act takes
2 effect shall be required to satisfy only the requirements which
3 existed in this Commonwealth at the time they became licensed in
4 such other states: Further provided, That the state in which
5 said [person] individual is licensed shall under similar
6 conditions grant reciprocal [registration] licensure as
7 pharmacist without examination to pharmacists duly licensed by
8 examination in this Commonwealth. Every application under this
9 subsection shall be accompanied by a fee [of fifty dollars
10 (\$50)] established by the board through regulation for the
11 application and expense of investigation by the [Pennsylvania]
12 State Board of Pharmacy. A fee [of twenty-five dollars (\$25)]
13 established by the board through regulation shall be paid for
14 the [registration] license and certificate prior to its approval
15 and issuance by the board.

16 [(i)] (h) Each pharmacy intern applying for examination
17 shall pay to the State Board of Pharmacy an examination fee [of
18 fifteen dollars (\$15)] established by the board through
19 regulation. Upon passing the required examinations and complying
20 with all the rules and regulations of the board and the
21 provisions of this act, the board shall grant the applicant
22 [registration] licensure as a pharmacist and issue to him a
23 certificate qualifying him to enter into the practice of
24 pharmacy. Said certificate shall not be issued until a fee [of
25 twenty dollars (\$20)] established by the board through
26 regulation shall be paid to the board.

27 [(j)] (i) The board shall provide for, regulate and require
28 all [persons registered] individuals licensed as pharmacists or
29 assistant pharmacists to renew their [registration] license
30 biennially, and shall prescribe the form of such registration

1 and information required to be submitted by all applicants,
2 including proof of continuing education. Unless the board shall
3 have given ten days' previous notice to the applicant for
4 renewal of [registration] licensure of objections to the renewal
5 of his license based upon failure to meet the requirements of
6 this act or a final conviction of or plea of guilty or nolo
7 contendere of any charge based upon the laws of the United
8 States or of this Commonwealth relating to the practice of
9 pharmacy[, narcotics or dangerous drugs] or controlled
10 substances, the license of a licensee shall be renewed when the
11 applicant shall file with the board his application accompanied
12 by a biennial [registration] license fee [of five dollars (\$5)]
13 established by the board through regulation.

14 [(k)] (j) An additional fee [not to exceed twenty-five
15 dollars (\$25)] established by the board through regulation shall
16 be paid for late [registration] licensure renewal of a
17 pharmacist.

18 [(1)] (k) Assistant pharmacist--(1) Any [person] individual
19 duly [registered] licensed as an assistant pharmacist prior to
20 the date of this act may continue to act as such.

21 (2) From the date of this act, no [person] individual who is
22 not already licensed as an assistant pharmacist shall be so
23 licensed.

24 Section 3. The act is amended by adding sections to read:

25 Section 3.1. Continuing Pharmacy Education.--The board shall
26 develop and adopt rules and regulations necessary to establish
27 an accredited program of continuing pharmaceutical education.
28 The board shall have the authority to:

29 (1) Define, upon approval of the Professional Licensure
30 Committee of the House of Representatives and the Consumer

Protection and Professional Licensure Committee of the Senate,
the requirement for continuing education in conjunction with the
educational community, pharmaceutical associations and private
entities within one year of the enactment of this amendatory
act.

(2) Accredit programs of continuing education offered
through the educational system, pharmaceutical associations and
private entities within one year of the enactment of this
amendatory act. Any existing program of continuing education,
approved by the American Council of Pharmaceutical Education,
may be utilized for the purposes of this section.

(3) Effective with 1988 renewals, refuse to renew the
license of a pharmacist until the pharmacist submits proof to
the board that he has satisfactorily completed an accredited
program of continuing professional education during the previous
licensing period to help assure his or her continued competence
to engage in the practice of pharmacy.

(4) Adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the
stated objectives and purposes and to enforce this section,
which shall include the methods of determining accredited
programs and any fees as the board shall determine.

Section 3.2. Reporting of Multiple Licensure.--Any licensed
pharmacist of this Commonwealth who is also licensed to practice
pharmacy in any other state, territory or country shall report
this information to the board on the biennial registration
application. Any disciplinary action taken in other states must
be reported to the board on the biennial registration
application. Multiple licensure will be noted on the
pharmacist's record and such state, territory or county will be
notified of any disciplinary actions taken against said

1 pharmacist in this Commonwealth.

2 Section 4. Sections 4, 5 and 6 of the act are amended to
3 read:

4 Section 4. [Licensing of Pharmacies] Permit to Conduct a
5 Pharmacy.--(a) The State Board of Pharmacy shall [license]
6 issue a permit to any person to conduct a pharmacy who has filed
7 an application therefor, subscribed by the applicant under oath
8 or affirmation, and containing such information as the board may
9 require, and whose proposed pharmacy complies with all
10 requirements of this act, including the following:

11 (1) [Possesses a copy of the latest revision of the
12 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, the latest edition of the
13 National Formulary, and, if homeopathic remedies are compounded
14 or dispensed, a copy of the latest revision of the Homeopathic
15 Pharmacopoeia, the current supplements to them, and such other
16 pharmaceutical equipment, reference books, professional and
17 technical equipment as the board may by regulation establish]
18 Has the necessary reference books, current supplements to these
19 reference books and the professional equipment, technical
20 equipment and other pharmaceutical equipment to meet the needs
21 of the practice of pharmacy for the area and type of practice;

22 (2) Has sufficient physical facilities, including equipment,
23 size, space and sanitation for adequately distributing and
24 dispensing drugs and devices consonant with the protection of
25 the public health, safety and welfare as the board may by
26 regulation establish;

27 (3) Contains a suitable book or file in which shall be
28 preserved, for a period of not less than [five] two years, every
29 prescription compounded or dispensed therein;

30 (3.1) Adheres to the following requirements for transferring

1 prescriptions between pharmacies in Pennsylvania:

2 (i) The prescription is for a drug which is lawfully
3 refillable.

4 (ii) The drug is not a Schedule II controlled substance.

5 (iii) An original or new prescription is not required from
6 the prescriber by law.

7 (iv) The pharmacist transferring the prescription cancels
8 the original prescription in his records and indicates on the
9 prescription records to whom the prescription was transferred,
10 including the name of the pharmacy, the date of transfer and the
11 name or initials of the transferring pharmacist.

12 (v) The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription:

13 (A) Notes on the prescription that it is a transferred
14 prescription.

15 (B) Records all of the following on the prescription records
16 in addition to other information required by law.

17 (I) Date of issuance of original prescription.

18 (II) Date of original filing of prescription.

19 (III) Original number of refills authorized on prescription.

20 (IV) Complete refill record from original prescription.

21 (V) Number of valid refills remaining.

22 (C) Notes the location and file number of the original
23 prescription.

24 (D) Notes the name of the pharmacy and pharmacist from whom
25 the prescription was transferred.

26 ~~(3.2) Maintains individual medication profiles in accordance~~ <—
27 ~~with this clause. The board shall develop a model individual~~
28 ~~medication profile, whose contents shall include:~~

29 ~~(i) The family name and the first name of the consumer for~~
30 ~~whom the medication is intended.~~

- ~~(ii) The consumer's address and telephone number.~~
- ~~(iii) An indication of the consumer's age group defined as an infant, child or adult.~~
- ~~(iv) The original date the medication is dispensed pursuant to the receipt of a physician's prescription.~~
- ~~(v) The number or designation identifying the prescription.~~
- ~~(vi) The prescriber's name.~~
- ~~(vii) The name, strength and quantity of the drug dispensed.~~
- ~~(viii) The initials of the dispensing pharmacist and the date of dispensing the medication as a renewal or refill, if said initials and such date are not recorded on the back of the original prescription.~~

~~The board shall further promulgate rules and regulations to establish the model individual medication profile within one year of the effective date of this amendatory act. The board shall conduct at least one public hearing to solicit input from the public and all interested parties prior to the promulgation of the rules and regulations. Implementation of the individual medication profile shall be mandatory thirty six months following the effective date of this amendatory act. Said profiles shall be kept in the strictest of confidence between the pharmacist, prescribing physician and patient. Said profiles and any information contained therein shall not be revealed to anyone without the permission of the consumer. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the sharing of information between pharmacies owned by the same person, partnership or corporation. The board may, by regulation, make necessary revisions after the implementation of this policy. A consumer may receive a copy of his or her individual medication profiles, upon request, without payment of any additional charge by the consumer.~~

1 (3.2) FOLLOWING A PERIOD OF THREE YEARS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE
2 DATE OF THIS ACT, THE BOARD SHALL CONDUCT A STUDY TO DETERMINE
3 THE NEED FOR LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT OF THE MANDATORY MAINTENANCE
4 OF INDIVIDUAL MEDICATION PROFILES BY PHARMACISTS AND SUBMIT A
5 REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS, WITHIN ONE YEAR, TO THE HOUSE
6 PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE COMMITTEE AND THE CONSUMER PROTECTION AND
7 PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE.

8 (4) Has insured that a pharmacist duly [registered] licensed
9 in Pennsylvania shall be in charge of said pharmacy at all times
10 that the pharmacy is open;

11 (5) Complies with the regulations of the board setting up
12 minimum requirements regarding adequate facilities for safe
13 storage of drugs, and protection from theft of or improper
14 access to [dangerous drugs and narcotics] controlled substances,
15 equipment for compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, and
16 size, space and sanitation requirements of pharmacies;

17 (6) If an individual or partnership is the applicant, that
18 the individual or copartner if not a pharmacist, has not
19 previously been found or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
20 any crime concerning the practice of pharmacy or involving moral
21 turpitude; or if a pharmacist, that he is presently licensed by
22 the board; if an association that no director or officer or if a
23 corporation that no director, officer or person having a
24 beneficial interest [in] of more than ten per centum of the
25 stock has been found or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
26 said crimes or had a pharmacy or pharmacist's license revoked or
27 renewal refused, for cause.

28 (b) All applicants shall be of good moral and professional
29 character: in determining this qualification, the board may take
30 into consideration among other things the conduct and operation

1 of other pharmacies conducted by said applicant.

2 (c) Every pharmacy shall, at all times when open, be under
3 the constant direct and personal supervision and management of a
4 pharmacist duly [registered]licensed in Pennsylvania who shall
5 have personal supervision of not more than one pharmacy at the
6 same time.

7 (d) All licenses and permits issued under the provisions of
8 this act shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the
9 pharmacy for which it was issued.

10 (e) Separate applications and permits shall be required for
11 each [establishment] pharmacy, and each permit shall be issued
12 bearing the name of the pharmacist who will be in charge of
13 [the] that pharmacy and who will be responsible for all
14 operations involving the practice of pharmacy in that pharmacy.

15 (f) All [registrations prior to approval] applications for a
16 permit to conduct a pharmacy shall be accompanied by an initial
17 registration fee of fifty dollars (\$50). The board shall renew
18 each permit for the succeeding biennium unless the board shall
19 have given ten days' previous notice to the applicant for
20 renewal of [registration] the permit of objections to the
21 renewal [of registration] based upon a finding or plea of guilty
22 or nolo contendere by the [registrant] applicant, its partners,
23 or officers, to a violation of any of the laws of the United
24 States or of this Commonwealth relating to the practice of
25 pharmacy[, narcotics or dangerous drugs] or to the enforcement
26 of controlled substances, upon payment of a fee [of ten dollars
27 (\$10)] established by the board by regulation for each
28 pharmacy[, and such]. Such application for renewal shall be made
29 on or before September 1 of each odd-numbered year.

30 (g) All [licenses] permits granted under this section,

1 unless sooner revoked or suspended, shall expire on the date set
2 forth therein: Provided, however, That the board may promulgate
3 regulations authorizing the application by a personal
4 representative of a deceased [licensee] grantee for an extension
5 of deceased [licensee's permit] grantee's permit for a period
6 not to exceed one year from date of death.

7 (h) No person shall operate or advertise a pharmacy until
8 the person has been granted a pharmacy permit by the board.

9 (i) The full name or names of the proprietor, or if a
10 partnership, the partners, or if an association or a
11 corporation, the name of the pharmacist manager, must be
12 conspicuously displayed [so as to be visible from the exterior
13 of] in the pharmacy along with any corporate association or duly
14 registered fictitious name.

15 (j) The board may promulgate regulations in accordance with
16 the above requirements and, in addition, shall have the power to
17 promulgate rules and regulations governing standards of practice
18 and operation of pharmacies including, but not limited to, rules
19 and regulations governing the method of advertising, promotion
20 and standards for [filling and refilling] dispensing
21 prescriptions, such regulations to be designed to insure methods
22 of operation and conduct which protect the public health, safety
23 and welfare and prevent practices or operations which may tend
24 to lower professional standards of conduct, so as to endanger
25 the public health and welfare.

26 Section 5. Refusal to Grant, Revocation and Suspension.--(a)
27 The board shall have the power to revoke or suspend the license
28 of any pharmacist upon proof satisfactory to it that the
29 pharmacist:

30 (1) [His] Procured a personal license [was procured] through

1 fraud, misrepresentation or deceit;

2 (2) [He has] Has been found guilty, pleaded guilty [or],
3 entered a plea of nolo contendere, or has received probation
4 without verdict, disposition in lieu of trial or an accelerated
5 rehabilitative disposition in the disposition of felony charges,
6 to any offense in connection with the practice of pharmacy or
7 involving moral turpitude before any court of record of any
8 jurisdiction;

9 (3) [He is] Is unfit to practice pharmacy because of
10 [habitual] intemperance in the use of alcoholic beverages,
11 [narcotics, dangerous drugs] controlled substances or any other
12 substance which impairs the intellect and judgment to such an
13 extent as to impair the performance of professional duties;

14 (4) [He is] Is unfit or unable to practice pharmacy by
15 reason of a physical or mental disease or disability; has been
16 convicted of a felonious act prohibited by the act of April 14,
17 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug,
18 Device and Cosmetic Act," or convicted of a felony relating to a
19 controlled substance in a court of law of the United States or
20 any other state, territory or country. An applicant's statement
21 on the application declaring the absence of a conviction shall
22 be deemed satisfactory evidence of the absence of a conviction
23 unless the board has some evidence to the contrary. In enforcing
24 this clause, the board shall, upon probable cause, have
25 authority to complete a pharmacist to submit to a mental or
26 physical examination by physicians approved by the board.
27 Failure of a pharmacist to submit to such examination when
28 directed by the board, unless such failure is due to
29 circumstances beyond his or her control, shall constitute an
30 admission of the allegations against him or her, consequent upon

1 which a default and final order may be entered without the
2 taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. A pharmacist
3 affected under this clause shall at reasonable intervals be
4 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume
5 a competent practice of pharmacy with reasonable skill and
6 safety to patients.

7 (5) [His] Has had a license to practice pharmacy issued by
8 any other properly constituted licensing authority of any other
9 state [has been] suspended or revoked;

10 (6) [He has] Has violated or knowingly permitted the
11 violation of any provision of this act or regulation of the
12 board;

13 (7) [He has engaged in the practice of pharmacy with an
14 unlicensed person or has] Has knowingly allowed any unlicensed
15 person to take charge of a pharmacy or engage in the
16 compounding, distribution or dispensing of prescriptions[,
17 dangerous drugs or narcotics, except a pharmacy intern in the
18 presence of and under the immediate] or controlled substances,
19 except pharmacy interns or such other authorized personnel, who,
20 consistent with proper pharmaceutical practices, may assist the
21 pharmacist in the pharmacy under the direct and immediate
22 personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist;

23 (8) [He has] Has compounded, dispensed, sold or caused the
24 compounding, dispensing or sale of any drug or device which
25 contains more or less than the proportionate quantity of
26 ingredient or ingredients specified by the person who prescribed
27 such drug or device or which is of a brand or trade name other
28 than that specified by the person prescribing such brand or
29 trade name product or which contains an ingredient or
30 ingredients of a brand or trade name other than that specified

1 by the person prescribing such drug or device, unless the
2 consent of the prescriber is first obtained to each such
3 specific prescription: Provided, however, That nothing herein
4 shall be construed to prevent the addition of such inert
5 ingredients as may be required in the art of compounding,
6 preparing, mixing or otherwise producing drugs or devices. This
7 restrictive clause shall not apply to proper substituting of
8 generically equivalent drugs as stipulated under the act of
9 November 24, 1976 (P.L.1163, No.259), referred to as the Generic
10 Equivalent Drug Law, nor to reductions in quantities which are
11 dispensed in accordance with limits imposed by virtue of the
12 consumer's membership in a third party plan;

13 (9) [He is] Is guilty of grossly unprofessional conduct. The
14 following acts on the part of a pharmacist are hereby declared
15 to constitute grossly unprofessional conduct of a pharmacist:

16 (i) Willfully deceiving or attempting to deceive the State
17 Board of Pharmacy or its agents with respect to any material
18 matter under investigation by the board;

19 (ii) [The advertising to the public of prices for
20 prescriptions, dangerous or non-proprietary drugs, or any
21 reference to the price of said drugs or prescriptions either
22 specifically or as a percentile of prevailing prices;]
23 Advertising of prices for drugs and pharmaceutical services to
24 the public which does not conform to Federal laws or
25 regulations;

26 (iii) The public assertion or implication of professional
27 superiority in the [compounding of prescriptions] practice of
28 pharmacy;

29 (iv) The engaging by any means in untrue, false, misleading
30 or deceptive advertising of drugs or devices;

1 (v) Paying rebates to physicians or any other persons, or
2 the entering into any agreement with a medical practitioner or
3 any other person for the payment or acceptance of compensation
4 in any form for the recommending of the professional services of
5 either party;

6 (vi) The entering into of any agreement with a licensed
7 medical practitioner for the compounding or dispensing of secret
8 formula (coded), prescriptions;

9 (vii) The misbranding or adulteration of any drug or device
10 and the sale, distribution or dispensing of any misbranded or
11 adulterated drug or device as defined in [the Drug, Device and
12 Cosmetic Act] the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known
13 as "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act";

14 (viii) Engaging in the sale or purchase of drugs or devices
15 whose package bears the inscription "sample" or "not for
16 resale;"

17 (ix) Displaying or permitting the display of his [license]
18 certificate of licensure and biennial registration document in a
19 pharmacy of which he is not the proprietor or in which he is not
20 employed;

21 (x) Any holder of a [license or certificate to fail to
22 display same while actually engaged in the practice of pharmacy]
23 biennial pocket registration card who fails to have the card
24 available for inspection by an authorized agent when he is
25 practicing;

26 (xi) The acceptance back and redistribution of any unused
27 drug, or a part thereof, after it has left the premises of any
28 pharmacy, whether issued by mistake or otherwise, ~~unless it is~~ <—
29 ~~in the original sealed unit dose or manufacturer's sealed~~
30 ~~container~~ UNLESS IT IS IN THE ORIGINAL SEALED CONTAINER WITH THE <—

NAME, LOT NUMBER AND EXPIRATION DATE ON THE ORIGINAL INTACT
MANUFACTURER'S LABEL. THE PHARMACY SHALL MAINTAIN RECORDS OF ALL
SUCH RETURNS AND A FULL REFUND SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE ORIGINAL
PURCHASER, INCLUDING A THIRD PARTY PAYOR;

(xii) To accept employment as a pharmacist, or share or receive compensation in any form arising out of, or incidental to, his professional activities from any medical practitioner or any other person or corporation in which one or more medical practitioners have a proprietary or beneficial interest sufficient to permit them to exercise supervision or control over the pharmacist in his professional responsibilities and duties;

(xiii) To accept employment as a pharmacist, or share or receive compensation in any form arising out of, or incidental to, his professional activities from any person who orders said pharmacist, directly or indirectly, to engage in any aspect of the practice of pharmacy in contravention of any provision of this act.

(10) Has had a license to practice pharmacy suspended,
revoked or refused, or received other disciplinary action by the
proper pharmacist licensing authority of another state,
territory or country.

(11) Has acted in such a manner as to present an immediate
and clear danger to the public health or safety.

(b) The board shall have the power to revoke or suspend the permit of any pharmacy upon proof satisfactory to it that:

(1) The [license] permit was procured through fraud, misrepresentation or deceit;

(2) The holder or partner or officer thereof has violated any of the provisions of this act or regulations of the board

1 applicable to him or any provision of [the Drug, Device and
2 Cosmetic Act] "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
3 Cosmetic Act" or the Federal act, or has ordered a pharmacist in
4 his employ to engage in any aspect of the practice of pharmacy
5 in contravention of any provisions of the aforesaid acts or
6 regulations thereunder;

7 (3) The holder thereof sold, dispensed or caused or allowed
8 to be sold or dispensed any [narcotic drug, dangerous drug]
9 controlled substance or non-proprietary drug, except by a
10 licensed pharmacist;

11 (4) The holder thereof, after issuance of a permit, fails to
12 continue to comply with all requirements of section 4 hereof;

13 (5) Upon the suspension or revocation of a license of a
14 pharmacist employed by said [person] individual, it is shown
15 that the illegal acts of the pharmacist were within the
16 knowledge or should have been within the knowledge of the permit
17 holder, partner or officer.

18 Section 6. State Board of Pharmacy.--[(a) The State Board
19 of Pharmacy, hereinafter designated as the "board," established
20 by section 415, act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as
21 "The Administrative Code of 1929," is continued.

22 (b) The board shall consist of the Superintendent of Public
23 Instruction, ex officio, and five members who shall be citizens
24 of Pennsylvania and registered as pharmacists in Pennsylvania
25 for a period of at least ten years previous to their
26 appointment, and must at the time of appointment be engaged in
27 the practice of pharmacy.

28 (c) The Governor shall, upon the expiration of the term of
29 office of any member, appoint a person with the above-specified
30 qualifications for a term of six years, or until a successor is

1 appointed and qualified. Vacancies shall be filled in like
2 manner. A list of at least six persons with the above specified
3 qualifications may be submitted to the Governor by the executive
4 committee of the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association.

5 (d) No person may serve more than two terms as a member of
6 said board.

7 (e) Three members of the board shall constitute a quorum for
8 the transaction of all business, except as otherwise specified
9 in this act.

10 (f) The board shall meet prior to December 30 of each year
11 for the purpose of organizing for the following year. At such
12 organization meeting, the board shall elect a chairman and a
13 vice-chairman for the ensuing calendar year. The board shall
14 meet at least once every thirty days at the board offices and at
15 such other times and places as the chairman deems necessary. The
16 members of the board shall be paid by the Department of Public
17 Instruction thirty dollars (\$30) per diem in addition to
18 expenses incurred when actually engaged in official meeting or
19 otherwise in the performance of their official duties as
20 directed by the chairman.

21 (g) The board shall elect an administrative secretary who
22 shall not be a member of the board but who shall be a pharmacist
23 duly licensed in Pennsylvania. Upon the approval of the
24 Governor, said secretary shall be installed and shall serve
25 during the pleasure of the board. Said secretary shall receive
26 compensation of nine thousand five hundred dollars (\$9500) per
27 year from the Department of Public Instruction. The secretary
28 shall be a full-time employe of the Department of Public
29 Instruction, and shall:

30 (1) Be responsible for the administration of all

1 professional and public affairs as directed by the board;

2 (2) Report to and proceed with the instructions of the
3 board;

4 (3) Carry out all policies and instructions emanating from
5 said board;

6 (4) Make, keep and be in charge of all records and record
7 books required to be kept by the board, including a register of
8 all registrants who are required to be registered;

9 (5) Attend to the correspondence of the board and perform
10 all other duties as the board may require;

11 (6) Receive and receipt for all fees collected under
12 provisions of this act.] (a) Beginning with any vacancies
13 existing on the effective date of this act, and as terms expire
14 or vacancies occur thereafter, the State Board of Pharmacy shall
15 consist of the Commissioner of Professional and Occupational
16 Affairs, two persons representing the public at large, and five
17 persons from among the most skillful pharmacists in
18 Pennsylvania, who are not teachers or instructors in any
19 educational institution teaching pharmacy. Two pharmacists shall
20 be appointed from independent retail pharmacies, two pharmacists
21 shall be appointed who are employes of retail chain pharmacies
22 which operate five or more pharmacies licensed within this
23 Commonwealth and one pharmacist shall be appointed from an acute
24 care institutional pharmacy. Each pharmacist appointee must have
25 been registered as a pharmacist for at least five years
26 immediately preceding their appointment.

27 (b) The terms of each professional and public member of the
28 board shall be six years, or until a successor has been
29 appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond
30 the six-year period. In the event that any of said members shall

1 die or resign OR OTHERWISE BECOMES DISQUALIFIED during his or
2 her term, a successor shall be appointed in the same way and
3 with the same qualifications and shall hold office for the
4 unexpired term. No member shall be eligible to serve more than
5 two consecutive terms.

6 (c) A majority of the members of the board serving in
7 accordance with law shall constitute a quorum for purposes of
8 conducting the business of the board. A member may not be
9 counted as a part of a quorum or vote on any issue unless he or
10 she is physically in attendance at the meeting.

11 (d) The board shall select annually a chairman from among
12 its professional members.

13 (e) The board shall select an executive secretary, who need
14 not be a member of the board, but who shall be a registered
15 pharmacist. The executive secretary shall be paid such
16 compensation as determined by the board, after consultation with
17 the Commissioner of Occupational and Professional Affairs. The
18 executive secretary shall establish guidelines and information,
19 with the concurrence of the board, for the training of
20 inspectors within the Department of State who are responsible
21 for inspecting pharmacies, and shall perform such other duties
22 as the board may require.

23 (f) Each member of the board, except the Commissioner of
24 Professional and Occupational Affairs shall receive sixty
25 dollars (\$60) per diem when actually attending to the work of
26 the board. Members shall also receive the amount of reasonable
27 traveling, hotel and other necessary expenses incurred in the
28 performance of their duties in accordance with Commonwealth
29 regulations.

30 (g) The board is subject to evaluation, review and

1 termination within the time and in the manner provided in the
2 act of December 22, 1981 (P.L.508, No.142), known as the "Sunset
3 Act."

4 (h) A member of the board who fails to attend three
5 consecutive meetings shall forfeit his or her seat unless the
6 Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs, upon
7 written request from the member, finds that the member should be
8 excused from a meeting because of illness or the death of a
9 family member.

10 (i) A public member who fails to attend TWO CONSECUTIVE <—
11 statutorily mandated training seminars in accordance with
12 section 21 of the act of November 26, 1978 (P.L.1223, No.292), <—
13 813(E) OF THE ACT OF APRIL 9, 1929 (P.L.177, NO.175), KNOWN AS <—
14 "THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF 1929," shall forfeit his seat unless
15 the Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs, upon
16 written request from the public member, finds that the public
17 member should be excused from a meeting because of illness or
18 the death of a family member.

19 (j) The board shall meet at least once every two months, and
20 at such additional times as may be necessary to conduct the
21 business of the board.

22 [(h)] (k) The board shall have the power, and it shall be
23 its duty:

24 (1) To regulate the practice of pharmacy;

25 (2) To prepare, grade and administer or to determine the
26 nature of and supervise the grading and administration of
27 examinations for all applicants for pharmacists' licenses;

28 (3) To examine, inspect and investigate all applications and
29 all applicants for [registration] licensure as pharmacists,
30 pharmacies or registration as pharmacy interns and to grant

1 certificates of licensure or registration to all applicants whom
2 it shall judge to be properly qualified;

3 (4) To [employ inspectors, chemists and other agents to
4 assist it for any purpose which it may deem necessary] prepare
5 position descriptions, employ inspectors who shall be licensed
6 pharmacists and employ appropriate consultants to assist it for
7 any purposes which it may deem necessary, provided that the
8 board may not delegate any of its final decisionmaking
9 responsibilities to any consultant;

10 (5) To investigate or cause to be investigated all
11 violations of the provisions of this act in its regulations and
12 to cause prosecutions to be instituted in the courts upon advice
13 from the Attorney General;

14 (6) To make or order inspections of all pharmacies [and], <—
15 except health care facilities, as defined in the act of July 19,
16 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the "Health Care Facilities
17 Act," and which are periodically inspected by the Department of
18 Health in accordance with the standards in this act and the
19 board's regulations promulgated thereto: Provided, That the
20 Department of Health shall forward a copy of their inspection
21 report to the board noting any violations of the act: AND, <—

22 PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT IF A VIOLATION IS REPORTED, THE BOARD
23 SHALL HAVE THE POWER TO INSPECT SUCH PHARMACIES AND TAKE
24 APPROPRIATE ACTION AS SPECIFIED IN THIS ACT; AND TO MAKE OR
25 ORDER INSPECTIONS OF other places in which drugs or devices are
26 stored, held, compounded, dispensed or sold to [the ultimate] a
27 consumer, to take and analyze any drugs or devices and to seize
28 and condemn any drugs or devices which are adulterated,
29 misbranded or stored, held, dispensed, distributed or compounded
30 in violation of the provisions of this act or the provisions of

1 [the Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act] the act of April 14, 1972
2 (P.L.233, No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug,
3 Device and Cosmetic Act";

4 (7) To conduct hearings for the revocation or suspension of
5 licenses, permits or registrations, with the approval of the
6 [Attorney General] Office of General Counsel, for which hearings
7 the board shall have the power to subpoena witnesses;

8 (8) To assist the regularly constituted enforcement agencies
9 of this Commonwealth in enforcing all laws pertaining to drugs,
10 [narcotics] controlled substances, and practice of pharmacy;

11 (9) To promulgate rules and regulations to effectuate the
12 purposes of this act and to regulate the distribution of drugs
13 and devices and the practice of pharmacy for the protection and
14 promotion of the public health, safety and welfare.

15 [(i)] (l) The powers and duties of the board, as enumerated
16 in subsection [(h)] (k) of this section, shall not be applicable
17 to manufacturers and [wholesalers] distributors as defined in
18 [the Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act] "The Controlled Substance,
19 Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act" or to their operations as such.

20 (m) The board shall have the authority to issue subpoenas,
21 upon application of an attorney responsible for representing the
22 Commonwealth in disciplinary matters before the board, for the
23 purpose of investigating alleged violations of the disciplinary
24 provisions administered by the board. The board shall have the
25 power to subpoena witnesses, to administer oaths, to examine
26 witnesses or to take such testimony or compel the production of
27 such books, records, papers and documents as it may deem
28 necessary or proper in, and pertinent to, any proceeding,
29 investigation, or hearing, held or had by it. Medical records
30 may not be subpoenaed without consent of the patient or without

1 order of a court of competent jurisdiction on a showing that the
2 records are reasonably necessary for the conduct of the
3 investigation. The court may impose such limitations on the
4 scope of the subpoena as are necessary to prevent unnecessary
5 intrusion in patient confidential information. The board is
6 authorized to apply to Commonwealth Court to enforce its
7 subpoenas.

8 Section 5. Section 7 of the act, is amended and the section
9 is amended by adding subsections to read:

10 Section 7. Hearings and Suspensions.--(a) (1) Upon refusal
11 of the board to issue any license, permit or certificate,
12 written notice of the grounds supporting such decision shall be
13 given to the applicant, either personally or by registered or
14 certified mail, return receipt requested, and the board shall
15 accord the applicant opportunity of a hearing, upon written
16 request received within fifteen days from the date of the giving
17 of said written notice.

18 (2) The board may, upon its own motion, and shall, promptly,
19 upon the verified complaint in writing of any person setting
20 forth specifically the wrongful act or acts complained of,
21 investigate any alleged violations of this act by any persons,
22 and shall have the power temporarily to suspend or permanently
23 to revoke licenses theretofore issued by the department under
24 the provisions of this act at any time when, after due
25 proceedings as hereinafter provided, it shall find the holder
26 thereof to have been guilty of any violation of the provisions
27 of this act.

28 (b) Such hearings, appeals from, and rulings resulting
29 therefrom, unless otherwise provided herein, shall be in
30 accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Agency

1 Law."

2 (c) A majority of the board shall designate the member or
3 members to be present at each hearing. Subsequent to each
4 hearing, the notes of testimony shall be transcribed and a copy
5 of the transcription shall be given to each member of the board
6 who shall review same prior to voting thereon. All decisions
7 shall be reached by a majority vote of the entire board. The
8 board shall, by regulation, establish and publish procedural
9 rules concerning the conduct of hearings.

10 (d) [(1)] The board shall maintain in its office a private
11 docket or other record in which it shall record, from time to
12 time as made, the rulings or decisions upon all complaints filed
13 with it, and all investigations instituted by it in the first
14 instance upon or in connection with which any such hearing shall
15 have been had or in which the licensee charged shall have made
16 no defense. The board shall also give immediate notice, in
17 writing, of such ruling or decision to the licensee affected
18 thereby and as well, where the investigation shall have been
19 instituted by complaint filed, to the party or parties by whom
20 the complaint was made. If such ruling shall be to the prejudice
21 of or shall injuriously affect the licensee, the board shall
22 also state in said notice the date upon which the said ruling or
23 decision shall become effective. If the licensee cannot at such
24 time be found, his whereabouts being then unknown, such notice
25 may be given by the board by advertisement inserted in one issue
26 of a newspaper of general circulation published within the
27 county where was located the principal office of the licensee as
28 designated in the license. When any revocation or suspension
29 shall become final, the board shall publish notice thereof in
30 one issue of one or more newspapers of general circulation

published within the county in which the licensee was practicing or engaged in the practice of pharmacy at the time of such revocation or suspension.

(d.1) A license issued under this act may be temporarily suspended under circumstances as determined by the board to be an immediate and clear danger to the public health and safety. The board shall issue an order to that effect without a hearing, but upon due notice, to the licensee concerned at his last known address, which shall include a written statement of all allegations against the licensee. The provisions of subsection (b) shall not apply to temporary suspension. The board shall thereupon commence formal action to suspend, revoke and restrict the license of the person concerned as otherwise provided for in this act. All actions shall be taken promptly and without delay. Within thirty days following the issuance of an order temporarily suspending a license, the board shall conduct or cause to be conducted, a preliminary hearing to determine that there is a prima facie case supporting the suspension. The licensee whose license has been temporarily suspended may be present at the preliminary hearing and may be represented by counsel, cross-examine witnesses, inspect physical evidence, call witnesses, offer evidence and testimony and make a record of the proceedings. If it is determined that there is not a prima facie case, the suspended license shall be immediately restored. The temporary suspension shall remain in effect until vacated by the board, but in no event longer than one hundred eighty days.

(d.2) A license issued under this act shall automatically be suspended upon the legal commitment to an institution of a licensee because of mental incompetency from any cause upon

1 filing with the board a certified copy of such commitment,
2 conviction of a felony under the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233,
3 No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
4 Cosmetic Act," or conviction of an offense under the laws of
5 another jurisdiction, which if committed in Pennsylvania, would
6 be a felony under "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
7 Cosmetic Act." As used in this section the term "conviction"
8 shall include a judgment, an admission of guilt or a plea of
9 nolo contendere. Automatic suspension under this subsection
10 shall not be stayed pending any appeal of a conviction.
11 Restoration of such license shall be made as hereinafter
12 provided in the case of revocation or suspension of such
13 license.

14 (d.3) The board, with the approval of the Commissioner of
15 Professional and Occupational Affairs, shall appoint and fix the
16 compensation of a professional consultant who is a licensee of
17 the board with education and experience in the identification,
18 treatment and rehabilitation of persons with physical or mental
19 impairments. Such consultant shall be accountable to the board
20 and shall act as a liaison between the board and treatment
21 programs, such as alcoholics anonymous, narcotics anonymous,
22 psychological counseling, impaired professional support groups,
23 approved by the board and which provide services to licensees
24 under this act.

25 (d.4) The board may defer and ultimately dismiss any of the
26 types of corrective action set forth in this act for an impaired
27 professional so long as the professional is progressing
28 satisfactorily in an approved treatment program, provided that
29 the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a
30 professional convicted of a felonious act prohibited by "The

1 Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act," or the
2 conviction of a felony relating to a controlled substance in a
3 court of law of the United States or any other state, territory
4 or country. An approved program provider shall, upon request,
5 disclose to the consultant all information in its possession
6 regarding an impaired professional in treatment.

7 (d.5) An impaired professional who enrolls in an approved
8 treatment program, shall request a voluntary suspension of his <—
9 or her license or, IF NECESSARY, agree to a limitation of his or <—
10 her ability to practice. Failure to do so disqualifies the
11 professional from the impaired professional program and shall
12 activate an immediate investigation and disciplinary proceeding
13 by the board.

14 (d.6) If, in the opinion of the consultant after
15 consultation with the provider, an impaired professional, who is
16 enrolled in an approved treatment program has not progressed
17 satisfactorily, the consultant shall disclose to the board all
18 information in its possession regarding said professional; and
19 such disclosure shall constitute the basis for instituting
20 proceedings to suspend or revoke the license or certificate of
21 said professional.

22 (d.7) An approved program provider who makes a disclosure
23 under this subsection shall not be subject to civil liability
24 for such disclosure or its consequences.

25 (d.8) Any hospital or health care facility, licensee, <—
26 certificate holder, peer or colleague who knows or has evidence
27 that a professional has an addictive disease, is diverting a
28 controlled substance, or is mentally or physically incompetent
29 to carry out the duties of his or her license or certificate
30 shall make or cause to be made a report to the board: PROVIDED, <—

1 THAT ANY PERSON OR FACILITY WHO ACTS IN A TREATMENT CAPACITY TO
2 AN IMPAIRED PHARMACIST IN AN APPROVED TREATMENT PROGRAM IS
3 EXEMPT FROM THE MANDATORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
4 SUBSECTION. Any person or facility who reports pursuant to this
5 section in good faith and without malice shall be immune from
6 any civil or criminal liability arising from such report.
7 Failure to provide such report within a reasonable time from
8 receipt of knowledge of impairment shall subject the person or
9 facility to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
10 The board shall levy this penalty only after affording the
11 accused party the opportunity for a hearing, as provided in
12 Title 2 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes (relating to
13 administrative law and procedure).

14 Section 6. The act is amended by adding sections to read:

15 Section 7.1. Reinstatement of License, Certificate or
16 Registration.--Unless ordered to do so by Commonwealth Court or
17 an appeal therefrom, the board shall not reinstate the license,
18 certificate or registration of a person to practice pharmacy
19 pursuant to this act which has been revoked. Any person whose
20 license, certificate or registration has been revoked may apply
21 for reinstatement, after a period of at least five years, but
22 must meet all of the licensing qualifications of this act for
23 the license applied for, to include the examination requirement,
24 if he or she desires to practice at any time after such
25 revocation.

26 Section 7.2. Surrender of Suspended or Revoked License.--The
27 board shall require a person whose license or registration has
28 been suspended or revoked, to return in such manner as the board
29 directs, the license or registration. Failure to do so, and upon
30 conviction thereof, shall be a misdemeanor of the third degree.

1 Section 7. Section 8 of the act is amended to read:

2 Section 8. Unlawful Acts.--It shall be unlawful for:

3 (1) Any person to procure or attempt to procure a license,
4 permit or certificate for himself or for any other person by
5 making or causing to be made any false representations.

6 (2) Any person not duly licensed as a pharmacist, pursuant
7 to section 3 hereof, to engage in the practice of pharmacy,
8 including the preparing, compounding, dispensing, selling or
9 distributing at retail to any person any drug, except by a
10 pharmacy intern or such other authorized personnel under the
11 direct and immediate personal supervision of a pharmacist:

12 Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to
13 prevent a duly licensed medical practitioner from dispensing,
14 compounding or otherwise giving any drug to his own patients
15 after diagnosis or treatment of said patient, if such
16 compounding, preparing and dispensing is done by said licensee
17 himself, nor shall anything herein prevent any person from
18 selling or distributing at retail household remedies or
19 proprietary medicines when the same are offered for sale or sold
20 in the original packages which have been put up ready for sale
21 to consumers, provided household remedies or proprietary
22 medicines shall not include any [narcotic drug, dangerous drug]
23 controlled substances or non-proprietary drug under [the Drug,
24 Device and Cosmetic Act.] the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233,
25 No.64), known as "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
26 Cosmetic Act."

27 (2.1) Any pharmacist to dispense an emergency prescription,
28 unless:

29 (i) The pharmacist first attempts to obtain an authorization
30 from the authorized prescriber and cannot obtain the

1 authorization.

2 (ii) The drug which is the subject of the refill is not a
3 controlled dangerous substance.

4 (iii) The drug which is the subject of the refill is
5 essential to the maintenance of life.

6 (iv) The drug which is the subject of the refill is
7 essential to the continuation of therapy in chronic conditions,
8 and, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, the interruption
9 of the therapy reasonably might produce an undesirable health
10 consequence, be detrimental to the patient's welfare or cause
11 physical or mental discomfort.

12 (v) The pharmacist enters on the back of the prescription or
13 on another appropriate, uniformly maintained and readily
14 retrievable record, the date and quantity of the refill, and, in
15 addition, the pharmacist signs the refill.

16 (vi) The pharmacist provides only one refill of the
17 prescription and the quantity of that refill is in conformity
18 with the prescribed directions for use, but limited to a
19 seventy-two hour emergency supply.

20 (vii) Within seventy-two hours of dispensing the refill, the
21 pharmacist notifies the prescriber that an emergency
22 prescription has been dispensed.

23 (3) Any unlicensed person to operate or conduct, or to have
24 charge of or to supervise any pharmacy, for a violation of this
25 section, the owner of said pharmacy shall be equally liable as
26 principal.

27 (4) Any person [representing] to represent himself to be
28 licensed under this act when in fact he is not.

29 (5) Any person to knowingly prevent or refuse to permit any
30 member of the board, or its duly authorized agents, to enter a

1 pharmacy or any other place where drugs or devices are kept,
2 stored, dispensed or distributed to [the ultimate] a consumer,
3 for the purpose of lawful inspection or other purposes in
4 accordance with the provisions of this act and regulations
5 pursuant thereto.

6 (6) Any person whose license, permit or certificate has been
7 revoked, suspended or refused renewal to fail to deliver the
8 license permit or certificate to the board upon demand.

9 (7) Any person to sell at auction drugs or devices in bulk
10 or in open or unopened packages, unless such sale has been
11 approved in advance by the board and unless such sale shall be
12 under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist
13 appointed by the board and whose fee shall be paid by the seller
14 thereof.

15 (8) Any person, firm or corporation to use the title
16 "pharmacist", "assistant pharmacist", "druggist", "apothecary",
17 except a person duly licensed as a pharmacist in Pennsylvania,
18 or any person to conduct or transact business under a name which
19 contains as part thereof the words "drug store", "pharmacy",
20 "drugs", "medicine store", "medicines", "drug shop",
21 "apothecary", "pharmaceutical", "homeopathic", "homeopathy", or
22 any term having a similar meaning, or in any manner by
23 advertisement, display of show globes or otherwise describe or
24 refer to the place of the conducted business or person, unless
25 the place is a pharmacy duly [licensed] issued a permit by the
26 State Board of Pharmacy.

27 (9) Any person who buys, sells or causes to be sold or
28 offers for sale any drug or device which bears or which package
29 bears, or originally did bear, the inscription "sample" or "not
30 for resale" or "for investigational or experimental use only" or

1 other similar words, except where a cost is incurred in the bona
2 fide acquisition of an investigational or experimental drug.

3 (10) Any person using to his own advantage or revealing to
4 anyone other than the board, its duly authorized
5 representatives, or to the courts, when relevant to any judicial
6 proceeding under this act, any information acquired under
7 authority of this act or concerning any method or process which
8 is a trade secret.

9 (11) Any pharmacist or owner of a pharmacy advertising or
10 promoting [dangerous drugs, narcotics or drugs containing either
11 by name or prices therefor to the general public] prices for
12 drug and pharmaceutical service to the public which do not
13 conform to Federal laws or regulations.

14 (12) Any person who knowingly and willfully forges or
15 counterfeits upon any goods, wares or merchandise the private
16 stamps or labels of any mechanic or manufacturer, with intent to
17 defraud the purchasers or manufacturers of any goods, wares or
18 merchandise, or keeps in possession or conceals any goods, wares
19 or merchandise bearing forged or counterfeited private stamps or
20 labels of any mechanic or manufacturer, with intent to defraud
21 the purchasers or manufacturers of any goods, wares or
22 merchandise, or keeps in control, custody or possession any
23 punch plate, stone or other thing in the likeness of any punch
24 plate or stone designated for the printing or imprinting of the
25 private stamps or labels of any mechanic or manufacturer, or who
26 vends any goods, wares or merchandise having thereon any forged
27 or counterfeited stamps or labels purporting to be the stamps
28 or labels of any mechanic or manufacturer, knowing the same to
29 be forged or counterfeited, without disclosing the fact to the
30 purchaser.

1 (13) Any person by himself or through another to procure or
2 attempt to procure for himself or another any drug:

3 (i) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation or subterfuge;

4 (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or any
5 written order;

6 (iii) by the concealment of a material fact;

7 (iv) by use of a false statement in any prescription, order
8 or report.

9 (14) Any person to advertise the filling or refilling of
10 prescriptions for any consumer or patient in Pennsylvania if
11 said person is not licensed under this act or the said
12 prescription is not filled or refilled in a pharmacy licensed by
13 the board.

14 (14.1) Any medical practitioner to have a proprietary or
15 beneficial interest sufficient to permit him to exercise
16 supervision or control over the pharmacist in his professional
17 responsibilities and duties.

18 (15) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this
19 section 8 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction
20 thereof, shall be sentenced to undergo imprisonment for not more
21 than one year or pay a fine of not more than five thousand
22 dollars (\$5000), or both, and for each subsequent offense, shall
23 be sentenced to undergo imprisonment of not more than three
24 years or to pay a fine of not more than fifteen thousand dollars
25 (\$15,000), or both.

26 (15.1) In addition to any other civil remedy or criminal
27 penalty provided for in this act, the board, by a vote of the
28 majority of the maximum number of the authorized membership of
29 the board as provided by law, or by a vote of the majority of
30 the duly qualified and confirmed membership of a minimum of four

1 members, whichever is greater, may levy a civil penalty of up to
2 one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on any current licensee who
3 violates any provision of this act or on any person who
4 practices pharmacy without being properly licensed to do so
5 under this act. The board shall levy this penalty only after
6 affording the accused party the opportunity for a hearing, as
7 provided in Title 2 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes
8 (relating to administrative law and procedure). The board shall,
9 within one year after the effective date of this act, adopt
10 guidelines setting forth the amounts and circumstances for which
11 a fine or civil penalty may be imposed. No fines or civil
12 penalty may be imposed in accordance with this subsection until
13 the board has adopted the required guidelines.

14 Section 8. The act is amended by adding sections to read:

15 Section 8.1. Injunction.--It shall be unlawful for any
16 person to practice or attempt to offer to practice pharmacy, as
17 defined in this act, without having at the time of so doing a
18 valid, unexpired, unrevoked or unsuspended license issued under
19 this act. The unlawful practice of pharmacy as defined in this
20 act may be enjoined by the courts on petition of the board or by
21 the Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs. In
22 any such proceeding it shall not be necessary to show that any
23 person is individually injured by the actions complained of. If
24 the respondent is found guilty of the unlawful practice of
25 pharmacy, the court shall enjoin him or her from so practicing
26 unless and until he or she has been duly licensed. Procedure in
27 such cases shall be the same as in any other injunction suit.
28 The remedy by injunction hereby given is in addition to any
29 other civil or criminal prosecution and punishment.

30 Section 8.2. Setting of Fees and Disposition of Fees, Fines

1 and Civil Penalties.--(a) All fees required under this act
2 shall be fixed by the board by regulation and shall be subject
3 to the act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as the
4 "Regulatory Review Act." If the revenues raised by fees, fines
5 and civil penalties imposed under this act are not sufficient to
6 meet expenditures over a two-year period, the board shall
7 increase those fees by regulation so that the projected revenues
8 will meet or exceed projected expenditures.

9 (b) If the Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs
10 determines that the fees established by the board under
11 subsection (a) are inadequate to meet the minimum enforcement
12 efforts required by this act, then the bureau after consultation
13 with the board and subject to the "Regulatory Review Act," shall
14 increase the fees by regulation in an amount that adequate
15 revenues are raised to meet the required enforcement effort.

16 (c) All fees, fines and civil penalties imposed in
17 accordance with this act shall be paid into the Professional
18 Licensure Augmentation Account.

19 Section 8.3. Reports of the Board.--(a) The board shall
20 submit annually to the Department of State an estimate of the
21 financial requirements of the board for its administrative,
22 investigative, legal and miscellaneous expenses.

23 (b) The board shall submit annually to the House and Senate
24 Appropriations Committees, fifteen days after the Governor has
25 submitted his budget to the General Assembly, a copy of the
26 budget request for the upcoming fiscal year which the board
27 previously submitted to the department.

28 (c) The board shall submit annually a report to the
29 Professional Licensure Committee of the House of Representatives
30 and to the Consumer Protection and Professional Licensure

1 Committee of the Senate a description of the types of complaints
2 received, status of cases, board action which has been taken and
3 the length of time from the initial complaint to final board
4 resolution.

5 Section 9. This act, with respect to the State Board of
6 Pharmacy, shall constitute the legislation required to
7 reestablish an agency pursuant to the act of December 22, 1981
8 (P.L.508, No.142), known as the Sunset Act.

9 Section 10. (a) Section 413 of the act of April 9, 1929
10 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, is
11 repealed.

12 (b) All other acts and parts of acts are repealed insofar as
13 they are inconsistent with this act.

14 Section 11. The presently confirmed members of the State
15 Board of Pharmacy constituted under section 413 of the act of
16 April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative
17 Code of 1929, as of December 31, 1985, shall continue to serve
18 as board members until their present terms of office expire.

19 Section 12. Each rule and regulation of the board in effect
20 on December 31, 1985, not inconsistent with this act, shall
21 remain in effect after such date until repealed or amended by
22 the board. EACH FEE OF THE BOARD IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31, 1985, <—
23 AND NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THIS ACT, SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT AFTER
24 SUCH DATE UNTIL REPEALED OR AMENDED BY THE BOARD OR THE
25 COMMISSIONER.

26 Section 13. Any person who holds a valid license issued by
27 the State Board of Pharmacy under the act of September 27, 1961
28 (P.L.1700, No.699), known as The Pharmacy Act, relating to the
29 practice of pharmacy prior to the effective date of this
30 amendatory act shall, on and after the effective date hereof, be

1 deemed to be licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy as provided
2 for in this amendatory act.

3 Section 14. This act shall take effect January 1, 1986,
4 except that the amendments to section 6, relating to members of
5 the board, shall be implemented as vacancies arise.