## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 1270 <div class="inline-tabular"><table id="tabular" data-type="subtable">
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INTRODUCED BY SEVENTY, PISTELLA, TRELLO, DUFFY, COLAFELLA, OLASZ, MRKONIC, SALOOM, PETRONE, PETRARCA, GAMBLE, ALDERETTE, DAWIDA, HALUSKA, AFFLERBACH, RYBAK, CLARK, DeLUCA, TELEK, WOZNIAK, STEIGHNER, VAN HORNE AND MCMONAGLE, JUNE 27, 1983

AS AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MARCH 14, 1984

AN ACT

Amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," further providing for nominating petitions and affidavits; further providing for certain vacancies in public office; further providing for vacancies in certain elections; further providing for ballot forms; and providing for the duties of magistrates and district justices on primary and election days.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 909 of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333,
No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended
December 22, 1971 (P.L.613, No.165), is amended to read:
Section 909. Petition May Consist of Several Sheets;
Affidavit of Circulator.--Said nomination petition may be on one
or more sheets, and different sheets must be used for signers resident in different counties. If more than one sheet is used, they shall be bound together when offered for filing if they are intended to constitute one petition, and each sheet shall be numbered consecutively beginning with number one, at the foot of each page. In cases of petitions for delegate or alternate delegate to National conventions, each sheet shall contain a notation indicating the presidential candidate to whom he is committed or the term "uncommitted." Each sheet shall have appended thereto the affidavit of the circulator of each sheet, setting forth--(a) that he or she is a qualified elector duly registered and enrolled as a member of the designated party of the State, or of the political district, as the case may be, referred to in said petition[, unless said petition relates to the nomination of a judicial candidate in which event the circulator need not be a duly registered and enrolled member of the designated party]; (b) his residence, giving city, borough or township, with street and number, if any; (c) that the signers thereto signed with full knowledge of the contents of the petition; (d) that their respective residences are correctly stated therein; (e) that they all reside in the county named in the affidavit; (f) that each signed on the date set opposite his name; and (g) that, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, the signers are qualified electors and duly registered and enrolled members of the designated party of the State, or of the political district, as the case may be.

Section 2. Section 910 of the act, amended July 11, 1980 (P.L.591, No.127), is amended to read:

Section 910. Affidavits of Candidates.--Each candidate for any State, county, city, borough, incorporated town, township,
ward, school district, poor district, election district, party office, party delegate or alternate, or for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress, shall file with his nomination petition his affidavit stating--(a) his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address; (b) his election district, giving city, borough, town or township; (c) the name of the office for which he consents to be a candidate; (d) that he is eligible for such office; (e) that he will not knowingly violate any provision of this act, or of any law regulating and limiting nomination and election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith; (f) [unless he is a candidate for judge of a court of record, or for the office of school director in a district where that office is elective or for the office of justice of the peace] that he is not a candidate for nomination for the same office of any party other than the one designated in such petition; (g) if he is a candidate for a delegate, or alternate delegate, member of State committee, National committee or party officer, that he is a registered and enrolled member of the designated party; (h) if he is a candidate for delegate or alternate delegate the presidential candidate to whom he is committed or the term "uncommitted;" and (i) that he is aware of the provisions of section 1626 of this act requiring preelection and post-election reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures. In cases of petitions for delegate and alternate delegate to National conventions, the candidate's affidavit shall state that his signature to the delegate's statement, as hereinafter set forth, if such statement is signed by said candidate, was affixed to the sheet or sheets of said petition prior to the circulation of same. In the case of a
candidate for nomination as President of the United States, it shall not be necessary for such candidate to file the affidavit required in this section to be filed by candidates, but the post-office address of such candidate shall be stated in such nomination petition.

Section 3. The first paragraph of section 976 of the act, amended June 27, 1974 (P.L.413, No.146) and repealed in part April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53), is amended to read:

Section 976. Examination of Nomination Petitions, Certificates and Papers; Return of Rejected Nomination Petitions, Certificates and Papers.--When any nomination petition, nomination certificate or nomination paper is presented in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth or of any county board of elections for filing within the period limited by this act, it shall be the duty of the said officer or board to examine the same. No nomination petition, nomination paper or nomination certificate shall be permitted to be filed if--(a) it contains material errors or defects apparent on the face thereof, or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits; or (b) it contains material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers; or (c) it does not contain a sufficient number of signatures as required by law; Provided, however, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth or the county board of elections, although not hereby required so to do, may question the genuineness of any signature or signatures appearing thereon, and if he or it shall thereupon find that any such signature or signatures are not genuine, such signature or signatures shall be disregarded in determining whether the nomination petition, nomination paper or nomination certificate contains a sufficient number of signatures as required by law;
or (d) in the case of nomination petitions, if nomination petitions have been filed for printing the name of the same person for the same office[, except the office of judge of a court of record, or the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or the office of justice of the peace] upon the official ballot of more than one political party; or (e) in the case of nomination papers, if the candidate named therein has filed a nomination petition for any public office for the ensuing primary, or has been nominated for any such office by nomination papers previously filed; or (f) if the nomination petitions or papers are not accompanied by the filing fee or certified check required for said office; or (g) in the case of nomination papers, the appellation set forth therein is identical with or deceptively similar to the words used by any existing party or by any political body which has already filed nomination papers for the same office, or if the appellation set forth therein contains part of the name, or an abbreviation of the name or part of the name of an existing political party, or of a political body which has already filed nomination papers for the same office. The invalidity of any sheet of a nomination petition or nomination paper shall not affect the validity of such petition or paper if a sufficient petition or paper remains after eliminating such invalid sheet. The action of said officer or board in refusing to receive and file any such nomination petition, certificate or paper, may be reviewed by the court upon an application to compel its reception as of the date when it was presented to the office of such officer or board: Provided, however, That said officer or board shall be entitled to a reasonable time in which to examine any petitions, certificates or papers, and to summon and interrogate the
candidates named therein, or the persons presenting said petitions, certificates or papers, and his or their retention of same for the purpose of making such examination or interrogation shall not be construed as an acceptance or filing.


Section 4. Sections $993(\mathrm{a})$ and $998(\mathrm{a})$ and (b) of the act, amended June 27, 1974 (P.L.413, No.146), are amended to read:

Section 993. Filling of Certain Vacancies in Public Office by Means of Nomination Certificates and Nomination Papers.--(a) In all cases where a vacancy shall occur for any cause in an elective public office, including that of judge of a court of record, at a time when such vacancy is required by the provisions of the Constitution or the laws of this Commonwealth to be filled at the ensuing election but at a time when nominations for such office cannot be made under any other provision of this act, nominations to fill such vacancies shall be made by political parties in accordance with party rules relating to the filling of vacancies by means of nomination certificates in the form prescribed in section nine hundred ninety-four of this act, and by political bodies by means of nomination papers in accordance with the provisions of sections nine hundred fifty-one, nine hundred fifty-two and nine hundred fifty-four of this act. No such nomination certificate shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any other political party or by any political body for the same office [unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of record or the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or for the office of justice of the peace]. No such nomination papers shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any political party or by any
other political body for any office to be filled at the ensuing November election[, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of record or the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or for the office of justice of the peace].

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Section 998. Substituted Nominations to Fill Certain Vacancies for a November Election.--(a) Any vacancy happening or existing in any party nomination made in accordance with the provisions of section nine hundred ninety-three of this act for a November election by reason of the death or withdrawal of any candidate may be filled by a substituted nomination made by such committee as is authorized by the rules of the party to make nominations in the event of vacancies on the party ticket, in the form prescribed by section nine hundred ninety-four of this act. But no substituted nomination certificate shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any other political party or by any political body for the same office[, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of record or for the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or for the office of justice of the peace].
(b) In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated by a political body for an election, the committee named in the original nomination papers may nominate a substitute in his place by filing a substituted nomination certificate in the form and manner prescribed by section nine hundred eighty of this act. In the case of a vacancy caused by the death of any candidate, said nomination certificate shall be accompanied by a death certificate properly certified. No
substituted nomination certificate shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any political party or by any other political body for any office to be filled at the ensuing November election[, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of record or for the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or for the office of justice of the peace].

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Section 5. Section 1004 of the act, amended December 10, 1974 (P.L.835, No.280), is amended to read:

Section 1004. Form of Ballots; Printing Ballots; Stubs; Numbers.--From the lists furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the provisions of sections 915 and 984, and from petitions and papers filed in their office, the county election board shall print the official primary and election ballots in accordance with the provisions of this act: Provided, however, That in no event, shall the name of any person consenting to be a candidate for nomination for any one office[, except the office of judge of a court of record, or the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or the office of justice of the peace] be printed as a candidate for such office upon the official primary ballot of more than one party. All ballots for use in the same election district at any primary or election shall be alike. They shall be at least six inches long and four inches wide, and shall have a margin extending beyond any printing thereon. They shall be printed with the same kind of type (which shall not be smaller than the size known as "brevier" or "eight point body") upon white paper of uniform quality, without any impression or mark to distinguish one from another, and with sufficient thickness to
prevent the printed matter from showing through. Each ballot shall be attached to a stub, and all the ballots for the same election district shall be bound together in books of fifty, in such manner that each ballot may be detached from its stub and removed separately. The ballots for each party to be used at a primary shall be bound separately. The stubs of the ballots shall be consecutively numbered, and in the case of primary ballots, the number shall be preceded by an initial or abbreviation designating the party name. The number and initial or abbreviation which appears upon the stub shall also be printed in the upper right hand corner of the back of the ballot, separated from the remainder of the ballot by a diagonal perforated line so prepared that the upper right hand corner of the back of the ballot containing the number may be detached from the ballot before it is deposited in the ballot box and beside that corner shall also be printed, "Remove numbered stub immediately before depositing your ballot in ballot box."

Section 6. Section 1206 of the act, amended July 13, 1961 (P.L.603, No.303), is amended to read:

Section 1206. Duties of Common Pleas Court, Magistrates and District Justices on Days of Primaries and Elections.--The court of common pleas of each county of the Commonwealth or a judge or judges thereof, shall be in continuous session at the courthouse of said county, or, in judicial districts composed of more than one county, at the courthouse of the county in which such judge or judges reside, on the day of each primary and election from 7 ○'clock A. M. until 10 ' 'clock P. M. and so long thereafter as it may appear that the process of said court will be necessary to secure a free, fair and correct computation and canvass of the votes cast at said election. In judicial districts having

1 but one judge of the court of common pleas, such judge shall not 2 be required to be in session, as aforesaid, between the hours of 312 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock P. M., nor between the hours of 4 5:30 o'clock P. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. The president judge of 5 the court of common pleas IN ALL JUDICIAL DISTRICTS shall 6 appoint such number of magistrates or district justices as shall 7 be necessary to sit in session in their offices during the same 8 hours as the judge sits in a judicial district having but one 9 judge. During such period said court, magistrate or district justice shall act as a committing magistrate for any violation of the election laws; shall settle summarily controversies that may arise with respect to the conduct of the election; shall issue process, if necessary, to enforce and secure compliance with the election laws; and shall decide such other matters pertaining to the election as may be necessary to carry out the intent of this act; and in counties of the third class the president judge of the court of common pleas shall have power to appoint additional clerks at the polling places where needed and requested by the election board: Provided, That for each clerk appointed from the majority political party, a clerk from the minority political party must also be appointed.

Section 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

