## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 1600 

INTRODUCED BY COCHRAN, NOYE, PRATT, MADIGAN, CLARK, E. Z. TAYLOR, CALTAGIRONE, BELFANTI, WILSON, PUNT, DUFFY, SAURMAN, VROON, KLINGAMAN, VAN HORNE AND SALVATORE, JUNE 16, 1981

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, JUNE 16, 1981

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, further providing for the election of judges.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby resolves as follows:

Section 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is proposed in accordance with the provisions of Article XI thereof:

That section 15 of Article $V$ be amended to read: § 15. Tenure of justices, judges and justices of the peace.
(a) The regular term of office of justices and judges shall be ten years and the regular term of office for judges of the municipal court and traffic court in the City of Philadelphia and of justices of the peace shall be six years. The tenure of any justice or judge shall not be affected by changes in judicial districts or by reduction in the number of judges.
(b) A justice or judge elected under section $13(\mathrm{a})$,
appointed under section $13(d)$ or retained under this section 15(b) may file a declaration of candidacy for [retention election] reelection with the officer of the Commonwealth who under law shall have supervision over elections on or before the first Monday of January of the year preceding the year in which his term of office expires. If no declaration is filed, a vacancy shall exist upon the expiration of the term of office of such justice or judge, to be filled by election under section $13(a)$ or by appointment under section $13(d)$ if applicable. If a justice or judge files a declaration, his name along with the names of all other candidates for the office shall be submitted to the electors [without] with party designation, on a separate judicial ballot or in a separate column on voting machines, at the municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the term of office of the justice or judge[, to determine only the question whether he shall be retained in office. If a majority is against retention, a vacancy shall exist upon the expiration of his term of office, to be filled by appointment under section $13(\mathrm{~b})$ or under section $13(d)$ if applicable. If a majority favors retention, the justice or judge shall serve for the regular term of office provided herein, unless sooner removed or retired]. At the expiration of each term a justice or judge shall be eligible for [retention] reelection as provided herein, subject only to the retirement provisions of this article. No candidate for the office of justice or judge shall cross file in any primary or otherwise run for office on more than one party line.

