

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

**HOUSE BILL**

**No.**

**2**

Session of  
1969

INTRODUCED BY MESSRS. MEBUS AND GROSS, JANUARY 8, 1969

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, JANUARY 14, 1969

AN ACT

Authorizing the gift of all or part of a human body after death for specified purposes.

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- 1 THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA HEREBY
- 2 ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

1           Section 1. Definitions.--As used in this act:

2           (a) "Bank or storage facility" means a facility licensed, accredited, or ap-  
3 proved under the laws of any state for storage of human bodies or parts thereof.

4           (b) "Decedent" means a deceased individual and includes a stillborn infant  
5 or fetus.

6           (c) "Donor" means an individual who makes a gift of all or part of his body.

7           (d) "Hospital" means a hospital licensed, accredited, or approved under the  
8 laws of any state; includes a hospital operated by the United States Government, a  
9 state, or a subdivision thereof, although not required to be licensed under state laws.

10          (e) "Part" means organs, tissues, eyes, bones, arteries, blood, other fluids  
11 and any other portions of a human body.

12          (f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or governmental  
13 subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any  
14 other legal entity.

15          (g) "Physician" or "surgeon" means a physician or surgeon licensed or  
16 authorized to practice under the laws of any state.

17          (h) "State" includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular  
18 possession, and any other area subject to the legislative authority of the United States  
19 of America.

20          Section 2. Persons Who May Execute an Anatomical Gift.--(a) Any individual  
21 of sound mind and eighteen years of age or more may give all or any part of his body  
22 for any purpose specified in section 3, the gift to take effect upon death.

23          (b) Any of the following persons, in order of priority stated, when persons in  
24 prior classes are not available at the time of death, and in the absence of actual notice  
25 of contrary indications by the decedent or actual notice of opposition by a member of  
26 the same or a prior class, may give all or any part of the decedent's body for any pur-  
27 pose specified in section 3:

28           (1) the spouse,

29           (2) an adult son or daughter,

30           (3) either parent,

1 (4) an adult brother or sister,

2 (5) a guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of his death,

3 (6) any other person authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.

4 (c) If the donee has actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent or  
5 that a gift by a member of a class is opposed by a member of the same or a prior class,  
6 the donee shall not accept the gift. The persons authorized by subsection (b) may  
7 make the gift after or immediately before death.

8 (d) A gift of all or part of a body authorizes any examination necessary to  
9 assure medical acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.

10 (e) The rights of the donee created by the gift are paramount to the rights of  
11 others except as provided by section 7 (d).

12 Section 3. Persons Who May Become Donees; Purposes for Which Anatomical  
13 Gifts May Be Made.--The following persons may become donees of gifts of bodies or  
14 parts thereof for the purposes stated:

15 (1) any hospital, surgeon, or physician, for medical or dental education, re-  
16 search, advancement of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation; or

17 (2) any accredited medical or dental school, college or university for edu-  
18 cation, research, advancement of medical or dental science, or therapy; or

19 (3) any bank or storage facility, for medical or dental education, research,  
20 advancement of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation; or

21 (4) any specified individual for therapy or transplantation needed by him.

22 Section 4. Manner of Executing Anatomical Gifts.--(a) A gift of all or part  
23 of the body under section 2 (a) of this act may be made by will. The gift becomes ef-  
24 fective upon the death of the testator without waiting for probate. If the will is not  
25 probated, or if it is declared invalid for testamentary purposes, the gift, to the extent  
26 that it has been acted upon in good faith, is nevertheless valid and effective.

27 (b) A gift of all or part of the body under section 2 (a) may also be made by  
28 document other than a will. The gift becomes effective upon the death of the donor.  
29 The document, which may be a card designed to be carried on the person, must be  
30 signed by the donor in the presence of two witnesses who must sign the document in

1 his presence. If the donor cannot sign, the document may be signed for him at his  
2 direction and in his presence in the presence of two witnesses who must sign the  
3 document in his presence. Delivery of the document of gift during the donor's life-  
4 time is not necessary to make the gift valid.

5 (c) The gift may be made to a specified donee or without specifying a donee.  
6 If the latter, the gift may be accepted by the attending physician as donee upon or  
7 following death. If the gift is made to a specified donee who is not available at the  
8 time and place of death, the attending physician upon or following death, in the ab-  
9 sence of any expressed indication that the donor desired otherwise, may accept the  
10 gift as donee. The physician who becomes a donee under this subsection shall not  
11 participate in the procedures for removing or transplanting a part.

12 (d) Notwithstanding section 7 (b), the donor may designate in his will, card,  
13 or other document of gift the surgeon or physician to carry out the appropriate pro-  
14 cedures. In the absence of a designation or if the designee is not available, the donee  
15 or other person authorized to accept the gift may employ or authorize any surgeon or  
16 physician for the purpose.

17 (e) Any gift by a person designated in section 2 (b) shall be made by a docu-  
18 ment signed by him or made by his telegraphic, recorded telephonic, or other recorded  
19 message.

20 Section 5. Delivery of Document of Gift.--If the gift is made by the donor to  
21 a specified donee, the will, card, or other document, or an executed copy thereof,  
22 may be delivered to the donee to expedite the appropriate procedures immediately after  
23 death. Delivery is not necessary to the validity of the gift. The will, card, or other  
24 document, or an executed copy thereof, may be deposited in any hospital, bank or  
25 storage facility or registry office that accepts it for safekeeping or for facilitation of  
26 procedures after death. On request of any interested party upon or after the donor's  
27 death, the person in possession shall produce the document for examination.

28 Section 6. Amendment or Revocation of the Gift.--(a) If the will, card, or  
29 other document or executed copy thereof, has been delivered to a specified donee,  
30 the donor may amend or revoke the gift by:

- 1 (1) the execution and delivery to the donee of a signed statement, or
- 2 (2) an oral statement made in the presence of two persons and communicated
- 3 to the donee, or
- 4 (3) a statement during a terminal illness or injury addressed to an attending
- 5 physician and communicated to the donee, or
- 6 (4) a signed card or document found on his person or in his effects.

7 (b) Any document of gift which has not been delivered to the donee may be  
8 revoked by the donor in the manner set out in subsection (a), or by destruction, can-  
9 cellation, or mutilation of the document and all executed copies thereof.

10 (c) Any gift made by a will may also be amended or revoked in the manner  
11 provided for amendment or revocation of wills, or as provided in subsection (a).

12 Section 7. Rights and Duties at Death.--(a) The donee may accept or reject  
13 the gift. If the donee accepts a gift of the entire body, he may, subject to the terms  
14 of the gift, authorize embalming and the use of the body in funeral services. If the  
15 gift is of a part of the body, the donee, upon the death of the donor and prior to em-  
16 balming, shall cause the part to be removed without unnecessary mutilation. After  
17 removal of the part, custody of the remainder of the body vests in the surviving spouse,  
18 next of kin, or other persons under obligation to dispose of the body.

19 (b) The time of death shall be determined by a physician who tends the donor  
20 at his death, or, if none, the physician who certifies the death. The physician shall  
21 not participate in the procedures for removing or transplanting a part.

22 (c) A person who acts in good faith in accord with the terms of this act or with  
23 the anatomical gift laws of another state or a foreign country is not liable for damages  
24 in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal proceeding for his act.

25 (d) The provisions of this act are subject to the laws of this state prescribing  
26 powers and duties with respect to autopsies.

27 Section 8. Uniformity of Interpretation.--This act shall be so construed as to  
28 effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

29 Section 9. Short Title.--This act shall be known and may be cited as the  
30 "Uniform Anatomical Gift Act."

1           Section 10. Repeal.--The act of November 30, 1959 (P. L. 1617), entitled  
2           "An act providing for the carrying out of the directions of any person with respect to  
3           the disposition of any part of his remains to an eye bank or body part bank," is hereby  
4           repealed. All other acts or parts of acts are repealed in so far as they are inconsistent  
5           herewith.

6           Section 11. Effective Date.--This act shall take effect January 1, 1970.