## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. $1460 \underset{\substack{\text { sessign of } \\ 1997}}{ }$ 

INTRODUCED BY STERN, GEIST, SATHER, FICHTER, GIGLIOTTI, HALUSKA, ARGALL, B. SMITH, FAIRCHILD, BROWN, WALKO, BELARDI, HENNESSEY, McGEEHAN, NAILOR, COLAFELLA, WAUGH, CORRIGAN, E. Z. TAYLOR, YOUNGBLOOD, SEMMEL, SAYLOR, SAINATO, THOMAS, BENNINGHOFF, MUNDY, ITKIN, BOSCOLA, JAMES AND ROSS, MAY 6, 1997

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, MAY 6, 1997

## AN ACT

Amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," providing for vacancies in election boards.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 402 of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No. 320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended May 5, 1982 (P.L.374, No.108), is amended to read:

Section 402. Qualifications of Election Officers.-[Election] Except as provided in section 405 (c), election officers shall be qualified registered electors of the district in which they are elected or appointed. No person shall be
qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held, any office, appointment or employment in or under the Government of the United States or of this State or of any city or county or poor district, of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only district justices, notaries public and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be voted for at a primary or election at which he shall serve, except that of an election officer.

Section 2. Section 405 of the act, repealed in part April 28, 1978 (P.L.202, No.53) and amended June 1, 1978 (P.L.456, No.58), is amended to read:

Section 405. Vacancies in Election Boards; Appointment; Judge and Majority Inspector to Be Members of Majority Party; Minority Inspector to Be Member of Minority Party.--(a) Vacancies in election boards existing by reason of the disqualification, removal, resignation or death of an election officer, or from any other cause, occurring prior to [the day of] the fifth day before any primary or election, shall, in all cases, be filled by appointment, by the court of the proper county, of competent persons, qualified in accordance with the provisions of this act, who shall serve for the unexpired term of the person whose place he is appointed to fill: Provided, however, That any district election officer who, after his election or appointment, changes his political affiliation, shall not thereby become disqualified to serve on said election board, and shall not thereby be subject to removal. In making such appointments, the court shall receive and consider any petitions filed by qualified electors of the district affected, and shall make no appointment to fill any vacancy [occurring
more than five days before any primary or election,] unless notice of the time at which they will make such appointment shall have been posted on the polling place of such district, and in the immediate vicinity thereof, at least five days prior thereto. In the appointment of inspectors in any election district, both shall not be of the same political party at the time of said appointment, but one shall be of the party having the largest number of votes and the other shall be of the party having the second largest number of votes in said district at the last preceding November election, as nearly as the judge or judges can ascertain the fact. The judge of election shall, in all cases of appointment, be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district at the last preceding November election, as nearly as the judge or judges can ascertain the fact. Immediately upon the entry of an order of court filling any vacancy on an election board, the clerk of said court shall forthwith transmit a certified copy of said order to the county board, giving the name and address of said appointee. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary, in counties which have adopted home rule charters or optional plans and which appoint the members of the county election board under section $301(\mathrm{~b})$, vacancies in the county board of elections shall be filled consistent with the provisions for appointment of county election board members under that section.
(b) The first election board for any new district shall be selected, by the court of the proper county, of competent persons, qualified in accordance with the provisions of this act, who shall serve until the next municipal election at which all election officials are elected under the provisions of section 401.
(c) Vacancies in election boards occurring at any time during the five days immediately preceding any primary or election or on the day of the primary or election may be filled by appointment by the county board of elections from a pool of competent persons who are qualified registered electors of the county and who have been trained by the county to perform the duties of election officers which are required by this act. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy in accordance with this subsection shall serve as a member of the election board on the day of the primary or election only. Any election board position filled in accordance with this subsection shall be deemed vacant on the day immediately following the primary or election and subsequently shall be filled in accordance with subsection (a). Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

