AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 14

Sponsor: SENATOR BAKER

Printer's No. 59

- Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 9, by striking out all of 1
- 2 said lines and inserting
- Amending Titles 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) and 61 3
- 4 (Prisons and Parole) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
- 5 Statutes, in sentencing, further providing for conditions of
- probation and for modification or revocation of order of 6
- 7 probation.
- 8 Amend Bill, page 1, lines 12 through 21; pages 2 through 7,
- 9 lines 1 through 30; page 8, lines 1 through 4; by striking out
- all of said lines on said pages and inserting 10
- Section 1. Section 9763(b) of Title 42 of the Pennsylvania 11
- 12 Consolidated Statutes, amended December 18, 2019 (P.L.770,
- No.115), is amended to read: 13
- 14 § 9763. Conditions of probation.
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- (b) Conditions generally. -- The court may attach any of the following conditions upon the defendant as it deems necessary:
 - (1) To meet family responsibilities[.], including consideration of child care responsibilities and limitations, other than the child care responsibilities and limitations contained in 23 Pa.C.S. Ch. 43 (relating to support matters generally) which shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of that chapter.
 - (2) To be devoted to a specific occupation, employment or education, study or vocational training initiative.
 - To participate in a public or nonprofit community service program.
 - To undergo individual or family counseling.
 - To undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment or to enter and remain in a specified institution, when required for that purpose.
- To attend educational or vocational training programs.
- 34 (7) To attend or reside in a rehabilitative facility or 35 other intermediate punishment program.

- (9) To not possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon unless granted written permission.
- (10) To make restitution of the fruits of the crime or to make reparations, in an affordable amount and on a schedule that the defendant can afford to pay, for the loss or damage caused by the crime.
- (11) To be subject to intensive supervision while remaining within the jurisdiction of the court and to notify the court or designated person of any change in address or employment. The court must permit the defendant to temporarily leave the jurisdiction of the court unless the court finds a specific, identifiable and forseeable reason that leaving the court's jurisdiction would likely result in the defendant absconding, causing harm to himself or others or committing a crime.
- (12) To report as directed to the court or the designated person and to permit the designated person to visit the defendant's home.
 - (13) To pay a fine.
- (14) To participate in drug or alcohol screening and treatment programs, including outpatient programs.
- (15) To do other things reasonably related to rehabilitation.

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Section 2. Section 9771(c) of Title 42 is amended and the section is amended by adding subsections to read: § 9771. Modification or revocation of order of probation.

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- (b.1) Nonpayment of fines or costs.--Notwithstanding subsection (b), the court may not extend the period of probation, may not impose a brief sanction under section 9771.1 (relating to court-imposed sanctions for violating probation) and may not revoke an order of probation solely due to nonpayment of fines or costs unless the court finds, with respect to the payment of fines, the defendant is financially able to pay the fines and has willfully refused to do so.
- (c) Limitation on sentence of total confinement.--[The court shall not impose a sentence of total confinement upon revocation unless it finds that:
 - (1) the defendant has been convicted of another crime; or
 - (2) the conduct of the defendant indicates that it is likely that he will commit another crime if he is not imprisoned; or
 - (3) such a sentence is essential to vindicate the authority of the court.] The following apply:
 - (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the court may not impose a sentence of total confinement upon revocation unless the court finds the defendant has been convicted of another crime.
 - (2) A court may impose a determinate sentence of total

	niinement upon revocation ii the court linds by a
_	eponderance of the evidence that the defendant committed
<u>te</u>	chnical violation and any of the following apply:
	(i) The technical violation was sexual in nature.
	(ii) The technical violation involved assaultive
	behavior or included a credible threat to cause bodily
	injury to another.
	(iii) The technical violation involved possession
	control of a weapon.
	(iv) The defendant absconded and cannot be safely
	diverted from total confinement through less restriction
	means.
	(v) There exists an identifiable threat to public
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	safety, and the defendant cannot be safely diverted from
	total confinement through less restrictive means.
	(vi) The technical violation involved an intention
	and unexcused failure to adhere to recommended
	programming or conditions on more than three occasions
	and the defendant cannot be safely diverted from total
	confinement through less restrictive means.
	(3) If a court imposes a sentence of total confinement
<u>up</u>	on revocation for a condition under paragraph (2), the
<u>de</u>	fendant shall be sentenced as follows:
	(i) For a first technical violation, a maximum
	period of 14 days.
	(ii) For a second technical violation, a maximum
	period of 30 days.
	(iii) For a third or subsequent technical violation
	the court may impose any sentencing alternatives
	available at the time of initial sentencing.
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	(iv) For a sentence of total confinement upon
	revocation for a condition under paragraph (2) (i), (ii
	(iii) or (v), the court may add up to an additional 30
	days for a first technical violation or up to an
	<u>additional 45 days for a second technical violation.</u>
	(v) The court shall consider allowing the term of
	incarceration to be served on weekends or other nonwor
	days for employed probationers who have committed a fi
	or second technical violation.
	(vi) The time limitations contained in this
	paragraph shall not apply to the extent an additional
	term of total confinement is necessary to allow a
	defendant to either be evaluated for or to participate
	in:
	(A) a court-ordered drug, alcohol or mental
	health treatment program; or
	(B) a problem-solving court provided for in
	section 916 (relating to problem-solving courts).
	* *
<u>(e</u>) Mandatory probation review conference
	(1) (i) Subject to subparagraph (ii), a defendant sha

1 be eligible for an initial probation review conference after the defendant has completed three years of 2 3 probation following a misdemeanor conviction or five 4 years of probation following a felony conviction. 5 (ii) If the sentence or sentences imposed arise out of the conviction for multiple offenses and: 6 7 (A) The sentence or sentences imposed are all 8 misdemeanors and are based on the same conduct or 9 arise from the same criminal episode, the defendant shall be eliqible for a probation review conference 10 11 at the initial completion of three years of probation 12 by the defendant. (B) The sentence or sentences imposed include a 13 felony and are based on the same conduct or arise 14 15 from the same criminal episode, the defendant shall 16 be eligible for a probation review conference at the initial completion of five years of probation by the 17 18 defendant. 19 (2) Unless waived under subsection (d), the court shall 20 hold a probation review conference no later than 60 days from the date the defendant is eligible. If a defendant's 21 22 probation review conference has not commenced within the time 23 frames specified in this subsection, the defendant's attorney, or the defendant if unrepresented, may file a 24 25 motion demanding a probation review conference within five 26 business days. 27 (3) A defendant serving probation following either a felony conviction or misdemeanor conviction shall be eliqible 28 29 for an initial probation review conference six months prior to the date that the defendant would otherwise be eliqible 30 31 under paragraph (1) if the defendant successfully satisfies 32 any of the following conditions while serving the term of 33 probation: (i) Earns a high school diploma or certificate of 34 35 high school equivalency. 36 (ii) Earns an associate degree from an accredited university, college, seminary college, community college 37 38 or two-year college. 39 (iii) Earns a bachelor's degree from an accredited university, college or seminary college. 40 (iv) Earns a master's or other graduate degree from 41 42 an accredited university, college or seminary college. 43 (v) Obtains a vocational or occupational license, 44 certificate, registration or permit. (vi) Completes a certified vocational, certified 45 technical or certified career education or training 46 47 program. (vii) Any other condition approved by the court at 48 49 the time of sentencing that substantially assists the defendant in leading a law-abiding life or furthers the 50

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rehabilitative needs of the defendant.

- (4) A defendant serving probation following a felony conviction shall be eligible for an initial probation review conference up to a total of six months prior to the date that the defendant would otherwise be eligible under paragraph (3) if the defendant satisfies an additional condition specified in paragraph (3) while serving the term of probation.
- (5) A defendant sentenced to probation following either a felony conviction or a misdemeanor conviction shall be eligible for an initial probation review conference prior to the date otherwise eligible under paragraphs (1), (3) or (4) as follows:
 - (i) Two months earlier for every six consecutive calendar months served on probation without a violation.

 Such six-calendar-month-period shall be referred to as the "non-violation period." No two non-violation periods may contain the same calendar month in the same calendar year.
 - (ii) Two months earlier for every six consecutive calendar months in which the defendant maintains at least 80 hours per month of employment. Such six-calendar-month-period shall be referred to as the "employment period." No two employment periods may contain the same calendar month in the same calendar year.
 - (iii) Two months earlier for every six consecutive calendar months in which the defendant performs at least 80 hours per month of community service on behalf of a Pennsylvania registered 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization or civic or governmental agency. Such six-calendar-month-period shall be referred to as the "community service period." No two community service periods may contain the same calendar month in the same calendar year.
 - (iv) In no event shall the total reduction in time calculated pursuant to this paragraph exceed six months.
- (6) To qualify a defendant for an accelerated initial probation review conference under paragraph (3), (4) or (5), any condition under paragraph (3)(v), (vi) or (vii) an employer referenced under paragraph (5)(ii) or a nonprofit organization or civic or governmental agency referenced under paragraph (5)(iii) must be approved by the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency or any advisory committee of that commission designated to provide approval.
- (7) A defendant sentenced to a period of probation consecutive to a period of incarceration in a State correctional institution shall be eligible for an initial probation review conference 12 months prior to the date that a defendant would otherwise be eligible for a probation review conference under paragraph (1) if the defendant completed the final 12 months of State parole supervision without violating the terms and conditions of the defendant's parole. This paragraph shall not apply to a defendant who serves fewer than 12 months on State parole supervision.

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(iii) The defendant has failed to pay the total

words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: "Crime of violence." As defined in section 9714(g) (relating

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to sentences for second and subsequent offenses).

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"Family or household members." As defined in 23 Pa.C.S. § 6102(a) (relating to definitions).

"Technical violation." A violation of the terms and conditions of a defendant's sentence, other than by the commission of a new crime of which the defendant is convicted or found quilty by a judge or jury or to which the defendant pleads quilty or nolo contendere in a court of record.

Section 3. This act shall apply as follows:

- This act shall apply to individuals sentenced or resentenced on or after the effective date of this section.
- (2) Except for the amendment of 42 Pa.C.S. § 9771(e), this act shall apply to individuals sentenced or resentenced prior to the effective date of this section.
- Section 4. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent a defendant from petitioning a court for early termination of probation or modification of the terms and conditions of probation as otherwise permitted by law.
- Section 5. Courts shall ensure that the probation of all 20 individuals sentenced or resentenced prior to the effective date of this section are reviewed to determine whether the 22 individuals should be considered for early termination of probation or modification of the terms and conditions of probation. The review shall occur at the later of two years after the effective date of this section or:
 - (1) the date the individual has completed three years of probation following a misdemeanor conviction or five years of probation following a felony conviction; or
 - (2) if the sentence or sentences imposed arise out of the conviction of multiple offenses and:
 - The sentence or sentences imposed are all misdemeanors and are based on the same conduct or arise from the same criminal episode, the defendant shall be eligible for a probation review conference at the initial completion of three years of probation by the defendant.
 - The sentence or sentences imposed include a felony and are based on the same conduct or arise from the same criminal episode, the defendant shall be eligible for a probation review conference at the initial completion of five years of probation by the defendant.

For each case under review, the defendant and the Commonwealth shall have the opportunity, in advance of a decision, to provide written comments to the court. Courts may by local rule adopt such procedures as they deem appropriate to accomplish the reviews.

Section 6. When a court, either as a result of a petition or as a result of its review under section 6 of this act, seeks to determine whether an individual sentenced or resentenced prior to the effective date of this section should be considered for early termination of probation or modification of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall ensure that due

consideration is given to whether the individual has successfully satisfied the conditions contained in 42 Pa.C.S. § 9771(e)(3)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi) and (vii) or has engaged in behavior that would have otherwise made the individual eligible for the reductions in time specified in 42 Pa.C.S. § 9771(e)(5), (i), (ii) and (iii).

Section 7. Section 5 of this act shall not apply and the defendant shall not be entitled to a probation review if:

- (1) The defendant committed one of the following technical violations within the nine months immediately preceding the defendant's probation review conference:
 - (i) A technical violation that was sexual in nature.
 - (ii) A technical violation that involved assaultive behavior or included a credible threat to cause bodily injury to another.
 - (iii) A technical violation that involved possession or control of a weapon.
 - (iv) The defendant absconded.
 - (v) A technical violation that involved an identifiable threat to public safety.
 - (vi) A technical violation which involved an intentional and unexcused failure to adhere to recommended programming or conditions on more than three occasions.
- (2) The defendant committed any other technical violation not enumerated in subparagraph (i) within the six months immediately preceding the defendant's probation review conference.
- (3) The defendant was convicted of a misdemeanor or felony offense committed while either incarcerated or serving probation.
- (4) The defendant was convicted of an offense listed under 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 97 Subch. H (relating to registration of sexual offenders) or I (relating to continued registration of sexual offenders).
 - (5) The defendant was convicted of a crime of violence.
- (6) The defendant was convicted of an offense under 18 Pa.C.S. § 2701 (relating to simple assault) or 2709.1 (relating to stalking) against a family or household member. Section 8. This act shall take effect January 1, 2021.