

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1497

Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE SCHWEYER

Printer's No. 1907

1 Amend Bill, page 1, line 17, by striking out "'alcoholic
2 cider.'" and inserting
3 "alcoholic cider" and "public venue."

4 Amend Bill, page 1, lines 20 through 23, by striking out all
5 of said lines and inserting

6 Section 1. The definitions of "alcoholic cider" and "public
7 venue" in section 102 of the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90,
8 No.21), known as the Liquor Code, amended November 15, 2016
9 (P.L.1286, No.166), are amended to read:

10 Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 15 and 16

11 "Public venue" shall mean a stadium, arena, convention
12 center, museum, zoo, amphitheater or similar structure. If the
13 public venue is a cruise terminal owned or leased by a port
14 authority created under the act of June 12, 1931 (P.L.575,
15 No.200), entitled "An act providing for joint action by
16 Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on
17 the lower Delaware River, and the improvement of the facilities
18 for transportation across the river; authorizing the Governor,
19 for these purposes, to enter into an agreement with New Jersey;
20 creating The Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the
21 powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance
22 projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the
23 new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint
24 Commission; and making an appropriation," it shall have no
25 permanent seating requirement. If the public venue is an open-
26 air amphitheater owned by a port authority created under the act
27 of December 6, 1972 (P.L.1392, No.298), known as the "Third
28 Class City Port Authority Act," it shall have no permanent
29 seating requirement. If the public venue is owned by a political
30 subdivision, a municipal authority, the Commonwealth, an
31 authority created under the act of July 29, 1953 (P.L.1034,
32 No.270), known as the "Public Auditorium Authorities Law," an
33 authority created under Article XXV-A of the act of July 28,
34 1953 (P.L.723, No.230), known as the "Second Class County Code,"
35 an art museum established under the authority of the act of

1 April 6, 1791 (3 Sm.L.20, No.1536), entitled "An act to confer
2 on certain associations of the citizens of this commonwealth the
3 powers and immunities of corporations, or bodies politic in
4 law," [or] an authority created under Article XXIII (n) or (o)
5 of the act of August 9, 1955 (P.L.323, No.130), known as "The
6 County Code," or it is located in a neighborhood improvement
7 zone created under Article XIX-B of the act of March 4, 1971
8 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971, located in
9 a city of the third class, it shall have permanent seating for
10 at least one thousand (1,000) people; otherwise, it shall have
11 permanent seating for at least two thousand (2,000) people. The
12 term shall also mean any regional history center, multipurpose
13 cultural and science facility, museum or convention or trade
14 show center, regardless of owner and seating capacity, that has
15 a floor area of at least sixty thousand (60,000) square feet in
16 one building. The term shall also mean a convention or
17 conference center owned by a city of the third class or a
18 university which is a member of the Pennsylvania State System of
19 Higher Education which is operated by a university foundation or
20 alumni association, regardless of seating capacity, that has a
21 floor area of at least fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet in
22 one building. The term shall also mean a visitor center,
23 regardless of floor area or seating capacity, that was
24 established under the authority of the Gateway Visitor Center
25 Authorization Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-131, 113 Stat. 1678,
26 16 U.S.C. § 407m).

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