

RULE GOVERNING RESIDENCE STATUS OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE

Act of Jul. 21, 1919, P.L. 1065, No. 432

Cl. 25

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT

To an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, nine hundred seventy-seven), entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors, and their enrollment as members of political parties, in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth; to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities; and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners; to provide penalties for violations of its provisions; and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith."

Compiler's Note: Section 44(a)(14) of Act 62 of 1933, Special Session 1, provided that Act 432 is repealed insofar as it affects the personal registration and enrollment of voters in cities of the second class A.

Compiler's Note: Section 45(14) of Act 35 of 1933, Special Session 1, provided that Act 432 is repealed insofar as it affects the personal registration and enrollment of voters in cities of the second class A.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any person employed in the service of this State or in the service of the Federal Government, and required thereby to be absent from the city wherein he resided when entering such employment, his wife or her husband, shall, on petition to the proper registration commissioners, verified by affidavit, and without appearing personally before the commissioners, be registered as of the district wherein he or she shall have resided prior to entering such service. In such case a residence by street and number shall not be required, but the person shall be registered as of the proper district. In the case of persons employed by this Commonwealth, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the Auditor General, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person, or the husband or wife of the person, is actually employed in the service of this Commonwealth, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. In the case of persons employed by the Federal Government, no such petition shall be considered unless it be accompanied by a certificate from the head of the proper department or chief of the proper division or bureau, under the seal of his office, setting forth that the proper person, or the husband or wife of the person, is actually employed in the service of the United States, and also setting forth the nature of such employment and the time when such person first entered such employment. No such person shall be registered unless he or she shall produce to the registration commissioners satisfactory proof that he or she is, by payment of taxes and otherwise,

entitled to registration. When any such person so registered shall vote, he or she shall be required, by the proper election officers, to sign the ballot check list of the proper district.

(1 amended June 7, 1923, P.L.680, No.278)

Section 2. The petitions required by this act shall be upon blank form, which shall be prepared by the proper registration commissioners, and shall be by them furnished on written application.

Section 3. The act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, two hundred forty-nine), entitled "A further supplement to an act, approved the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred six, entitled 'An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions,'" and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.