COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS COMMITTEE joint with the JUDICIARY COMMITTEE PUBLIC HEARING

> STATE CAPITOL HARRISBURG, PA

MAIN CAPITOL BUILDING ROOM 140

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 2014 9:30 A.M.

PRESENTATION ON PA STATE POLICE EMERGENCY TOWING PILOT PROGRAM

VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS COMMITTEE BEFORE: HONORABLE STEPHEN BARRAR, VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN HONORABLE MARK M. GILLEN HONORABLE JOSEPH T. HACKETT HONORABLE LEE JAMES HONORABLE JIM MARSHALL HONORABLE KATHY RAPP HONORABLE RICK SACCONE HONORABLE CHRIS SAINATO, VA&EP DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN HONORABLE BRYAN BARBIN HONORABLE RYAN A. BIZZARRO HONORABLE MARIA P. DONATUCCI JUDICIARY COMMITTEE BEFORE: HONORABLE RONALD MARSICO, JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN HONORABLE BRYAN CUTLER HONORABLE SHERYL M. DELOZIER HONORABLE JOSEPH T. HACKETT HONORABLE MARK KELLER HONORABLE MIKE REGAN

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE BEFORE (Cont'd): HONORABLE RICK SACCONE HONORABLE TODD STEPHENS HONORABLE THOMAS CALTAGIRONE, JUDICIARY DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN HONORABLE BRYAN BARBIN HONORABLE DOM COSTA

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Pennsylvania House of Representatives
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

ALSO IN ATTENDANCE: HONORABLE RICHARD STEVENSON VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS COMMITTEE STAFF PRESENT: RICK O'LEARY MAJORITY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SEAN HARRIS MAJORITY RESEARCH ANALYST LU ANN FAHNDRICH MAJORITY ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT AMY BRINTON DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HARRY BUCHER DEMOCRATIC RESEARCH ANALYST JUDICIARY COMMITTEE STAFF PRESENT: THOMAS DYMEK MAJORITY COUNSEL, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MICHELLE MOORE MAJORITY ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT MIKE FINK MAJORITY RESEARCH DAVID VITALE DEMOCRATIC COUNSEL, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DAVID MCGLAUGHLIN DEMOCRATIC RESEARCH ANALYST

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I N D E X

TESTIFIERS

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NAME
LT. COLONEL GEORGE BIVENS DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF OPERATIONS PA STATE POLICE
MAJOR EDWARD HOKE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF PATROL PA STATE POLICE
CAPTAIN PATRICK BRINKLEY DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PA STATE POLICE
JOHN WICKER CEO, AUTORETURN
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * *
3	MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Good morning,
4	everyone. I'm Representative Steve Barrar. I'm the
5	Chairman of the House Veterans Affairs and Emergency
6	Preparedness Committee, and I'd like to call this Committee
7	to order. And also this is a joint hearing with Chairman
8	Marsico.
9	The first order of business here I would ask
10	Representative Saccone if he would lead us in the Pledge of
11	Allegiance.
12	
13	(The Pledge of Allegiance was recited.)
14	
15	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.
16	We're here today to examine the Pennsylvania
17	State Police Emergency Towing Pilot Program that is being
18	conducted in western Pennsylvania. We have with us today
19	several panels of affected groups and stakeholders in the
20	pilot program. We are looking forward to some excellent
21	dialogue on this important emergency towing issue.
22	The hearing today is being conducted jointly with
23	the House Judiciary Committee and we also have invited
24	House Members from the affected pilot program areas to join
25	us today since many of them have expressed great interest

in this pilot program.

2	What I'd like to do first is maybe go around the
3	room there are a lot of legislators here and have the
4	legislators introduce themselves starting at the table to
5	my far left. Representative Hackett, if you want to start.
6	REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Thank you, Chair. I
7	can't think of a better place. Representative Joe Hackett,
8	161st District, Delaware County.
9	REPRESENTATIVE BIZZARRO: Good morning, everyone.
10	Representative Ryan Bizzarro, 3rd District, Erie County.
11	REPRESENTATIVE DONATUCCI: Good morning. Maria
12	Donatucci, 185th, that's Philadelphia County and Delaware
13	County.
14	REPRESENTATIVE KELLER: Good morning. Mark
15	Keller of the 86th District, which is Perry and Franklin.
16	REPRESENTATIVE CUTLER: Good morning. Bryan
17	Cutler, 100th District, southern Lancaster County.
18	REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Good morning. Dom Costa,
19	21st District, Allegheny County, City of Pittsburg.
20	REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Mark Gillen, Berks
21	County.
22	REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Good morning. Lee James,
23	Venango County, District 64 and part of northern Butler
24	County.
25	REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Good morning.

1 Representative Marshall, Beaver County, 14th District. REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Good morning. 2 Representative Kathy Rapp, Warren, Forest, and McKean 3 4 Counties. 5 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Good morning. I'm 6 Representative Rick Saccone. I'm from the fighting 39th 7 District of southern Allegheny and northern Washington Counties. 8 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can we get the 10 staff also to introduce themselves? 11 MR. BUCHER: Harry Bucher, Analyst for Chris 12 Sainato. 13 MS. BRINTON: Amy Brinton, Minority Executive 14 Director for Chris Sainato. 15 MR. DYMEK: Tom Dymek, Executive Director for 16 Judiciary. 17 MR. HARRIS: Sean Harris, Research Analyst for 18 Majority. 19 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So we know who's 20 here, go ahead, Tom. 21 JUDICIARY MINORITY CHAIRMAN CALTAGIRONE: Tom 22 Caltagirone, District 127, Reading. 23 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Ron 24 Marsico, Chair of the Judiciary Committee, 105th, Dauphin 25 County.

1 MR. O'LEARY: Rick O'Leary, Executive Director 2 for Chairman Barrar. VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Representative 3 Chris Sainato. I'm the Democratic Chairman of the House 4 5 Veterans Affairs and Emergency Preparedness Committee. I'm 6 from Lawrence County. 7 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Dick Stevenson, Mercer and Butler Counties, 8th District. 8 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I would ask the 10 Chairmen here if they would like to make a statement first 11 starting with Chairman Marsico. 12 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Thank you, 13 Mr. Chair. 14 And thanks for convening this hearing. I look 15 forward to the testimony. This has been going on for, I 16 quess a number of months now and we've been hearing reports 17 of concerns from the towers and also we're looking forward to hearing the testimony, especially from the Pennsylvania 18 19 State Police. So thanks for arranging this meeting. 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 21 Chairman. 22 Chairman Sainato. 23 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Thank you, Chairman Barrar. 24 I, too, am looking forward to this hearing. 25 It's

1 been something that's been talked about and planned for a while now. It's great to see so many people have come out 2 3 today, too. I know this is a very important issue, especially to many of my towers back in my area and I look 4 forward to listening and hearing and potentially 5 6 questioning all sides on this important issue. 7 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 8 Chairman. 9 Also with us today is Representative Dick 10 Stevenson, who is a Member of the House Leadership Team and 11 who is our Caucus Administrator. Representative Stevenson. 12 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you, Chairman 13 Barrar. 14 Again, I'd like to just add my words of welcome 15 to everyone who's here. We're looking forward to an 16 informative and helpful hearing today on this critically 17 important issue to so many people. And hopefully as a result of this hearing we'll be able to move this issue 18 19 forward and reach some resolution. 20 Thank you. 21 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 22 Chairman Caltagirone. JUDICIARY MINORITY CHAIRMAN CALTAGIRONE: 23 Thank 24 you, Mr. Chairman. 25 I look forward to the testimony and appreciate

everybody showing up. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.

3 I have just a few remarks. And one of the 4 reasons we wanted the hearing today is one of our big 5 concerns was the fact that the stakeholder meetings were 6 held throughout I guess several years now to get us to this 7 point of a contract being signed for a third-party dispatch group to come in. During the stakeholder meetings, which 8 9 we're all familiar with here as legislators, we have 10 numerous stakeholder meetings whenever we pass legislation. 11 My biggest concern is the fact that the towers, the people 12 that are involved in this contract, the people most 13 affected by this, were never invited to any of the 14 stakeholder meetings, which in my feeling warrants this 15 hearing to be held so, first of all, that we can hear from 16 the towers, from the State Police, and why this happened.

17 But I also, as a Representative who's taken a great interest in this industry, was asked to be part of 18 19 the stakeholder meetings and was never invited. The first 20 responders, our firefighters, our EMTs are an important 21 part of a response when there's a traffic accident out on 22 our highways. They were never invited to these stakeholder meetings. Their suggestions, their ideas, their thoughts 23 and concerns were never taken into consideration. It's one 24 25 of the main reasons that I thought we needed to move

1 forward with this hearing.

At this time I'd like to get our first panel to testify, the Pennsylvania State Police. We have Lt. Colonel George Bivens, Deputy Commissioner of Operations; Major Ed Hoke, Director of Bureau of Patrol; and Captain Patrick Brinkley, Director, Bureau of Research and Development.

8 Thank you for being here today, gentlemen, and 9 you may begin your testimony when ready.

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Good morning, Chairman and Members of the Committees. Thank you for the opportunity to be here. And you've introduced the members, but just for clarification this is Major Edward Hoke on my right and Captain Patrick Brinkley on my left.

We do appreciate the opportunity to appear before you today to discuss the emergency towing pilot project being conducted by our Department. It has always been the policy of the Pennsylvania State Police to provide assistance to individuals involved in highway incidents in a timely, efficient, and fair manner.

Each year, troopers respond to thousands of such calls requiring emergency towing services. These incidents range from assisting motorists whose vehicles have become inoperable to those incidents requiring in-depth crash and criminal investigations.

1 Despite not being statutorily required, the Pennsylvania State Police has always taken the 2 3 responsibility of coordinating towing services very 4 seriously, as it is critical to the restoration of the flow 5 of traffic and the protection of the motoring public and 6 their property. To accomplish this, we have crafted 7 complex and comprehensive internal policies. These policies involve such things as inspecting private towing 8 9 businesses to determine if they have sufficient equipment 10 and facilities, accounting for the injured motorist's 11 belongings and ensuring their safe storage, attempting to 12 keep motorists from being charged exorbitant rates, as well 13 as maintaining background standards for those who are given 14 this critical public safety task.

15 In an attempt to be fair to the towing industry, 16 the PSP has gone to great lengths to construct protocols 17 that attempt to achieve equality in how calls for services are distributed, as well as internal regulations that 18 attempt to apply these standards consistently as not to 19 20 create an unfair business advantage among competitors. We 21 believe these commonsense measures have aided in the safety 22 of the motoring public and have been very beneficial to the 23 towing industry.

Over the years, we have developed many positivebusiness partnerships with towing service providers, and

1 our experience shows most towers to be highly professional. But the system is simply not sustainable. Adhering to 2 3 these complex protocols during emergency dispatch and 4 response has always been at the cost of efficiency. 5 Further, we invest significant administrative resources 6 into the process only to be highly vulnerable to litigation 7 and criticism of partiality; related lawsuits have resulted in millions of dollars lost to the taxpavers. 8

9 Instead of resources being spent on our primary 10 law enforcement function, they are frequently spent 11 conducting conflict resolution between motorists and towers 12 and time-consuming internal investigations, much for the 13 purpose of consumer protection. Some even result in 14 discipline to our own members, whose primary function and 15 training is emergency response, not business management or 16 resolution of civil disputes.

17 The PSP is a unique organization in that it has primary jurisdiction in parts of every county in the 18 19 Commonwealth. Some of our patrol zones on interstate 20 highways span several counties. Thus, we rely heavily on 21 county emergency management services and communication 22 centers. Because of this relationship, we have considered 23 the prospect of utilizing county resources for towing 24 management. However, we recognize that adding the responsibility of all of the aforementioned administrative 25

requirements of inspection, conflict dispute, litigation, and dispatching would be a significant increase in their operational workload and fiscal liability. Further, actually requiring them to take on all of these tasks in a uniform manner across the entire State would surely require comprehensive legislation.

7 Given these challenges, the Pennsylvania State Police has undertaken an initiative to evaluate the 8 9 feasibility of establishing a no-cost contract with a 10 third-party administrator to manage the process for the 11 PSP. The private entity is responsible for establishing 12 and maintaining a list of authorized towing service 13 providers, ensuring compliance with professional standards, 14 dispatching towers to the scene of highway incidents, and 15 resolving disputes. Those providers, who are interested in 16 participating, pay a maximum of \$35 per call to the 17 administrator for these services. Providers may absorb this cost or pass it on to the motorist. Importantly, 18 19 those motorists who request a towing provider of their 20 choice are unaffected by this system, provided their 21 request is in conformance with current law. Also, this 22 does not affect towing requests to municipal police 23 departments.

24 The pilot program was intentionally started in 25 the challenging terrain of northwest Pennsylvania,

beginning in December of 2013. While initially focused on
a small area, it now encompasses eight stations spread over
two troops and involves the participation of 43 towing
service providers. We have worked with individual business
owners, industry-wide representatives, our volunteer
emergency service partners, and legislators to gather
feedback and make changes where necessary.

8 Although the project has not been a seamless 9 transition in the affected areas, it has shown very 10 promising results. We are very optimistic about its future 11 success and we continue to incorporate lessons learned 12 along the way, particularly as they relate to safety.

Our Department has taken on a significant number of statutorily related initiatives and administrative duties over the last several decades. Many of these are well suited to our organizational structure, but our finite fiscal and administrative resources need to be efficiently utilized.

19 The Pennsylvania State Police has long been 20 considered one of the most progressive law enforcement 21 agencies in the Nation. Consistently, this pilot is 22 designed to determine if we can leverage competitive 23 private sector resources to manage a public sector need in 24 a cost-effective manner. In other words, let business 25 manage business. But, most importantly, this initiative is 1 designed to allow us to remain focused on our core 2 function: to provide the highest quality law enforcement 3 and public safety services possible for the citizens of 4 Pennsylvania.

5 I thank you for your attention, and we'll be 6 happy to answer any questions you might have on this pilot 7 program. Thank you.

8 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I would first
9 ask the Chairmen if they have any questions.
10 Representative Stevenson.

11 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Colonel Bivens, can 12 you tell us how many towers have signed up with AutoReturn 13 and do you feel there's adequate coverage in that northwest 14 area with the towers who have signed on to cover the area, 15 both towers, EMS, and fire?

16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, sir, we have a total 17 of 43 towers, I'm told, that have signed on at this point and are being used in that eight-station area. 18 I do 19 believe that we have adequate coverage in that area. One 20 of the decisions that we made was that we would not rule 21 out this service or initiate this service in any particular 22 area until we were confident that we had adequate coverage 23 and that responses would be made in a timely matter.

24 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: And in your testimony 25 you indicated that your coverage, the State Police

1 coverage, it's primarily on State highways, I would assume 2 interstate highways, State roads, and so forth. Local dispatch is done through local municipalities or 911 3 centers. Is that what I understood you to testify? 4 5 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I gave the example of 6 interstate highways but we have primary jurisdiction over 7 many, many highways, anything from dirt roads up through interstate highways, depending on where they're located, if 8 9 they're in a municipality that we have primary jurisdiction 10 for. 11 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Can you talk for a 12 minute about how that dispatching works in terms of how a 13 call comes to the State Police, whether through direct call 14 or whether through a 911 center or how that call comes and 15 then how the process works from there? 16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, typically in the case 17 of the necessity for a tow, we would have a trooper on scene and the trooper would request a tow. The trooper 18 would contact the dispatcher at the State Police station. 19 20 The dispatcher would then proceed through one of two 21 mechanisms. One is an online process that's very simple 22 for a civilian dispatcher to enter the basic information that's required into the system and a tow is dispatched, in 23 this case by AutoReturn. Or they can pick up a phone and 24 there's a phone number that they can call and have the 25

1	dispatch of that towing service done that way.
2	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you, Colonel.
3	Mr. Chairman, I have other questions, but I'll
4	let other Members ask.
5	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Great. Thank
6	you.
7	Chairman Marsico.
8	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Thank you,
9	Mr. Chair.
10	Representative Stephens touched on some of the
11	questions I had but I wanted just to follow up on that
12	dispatch. Now, they call 911, right?
13	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I'm sorry?
14	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: You said
15	the State trooper would call the dispatcher.
16	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: The State Police dispatcher
17	at our station.
18	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Yes. Is
19	the county emergency 911 involved in this process at all?
20	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, sir.
21	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Can they
22	be?
23	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: There would be no
24	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Or should
25	there be?

1	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: The way it works now there
2	would be no reason for them to be. It would be an extra
3	step in the process.
4	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: So if
5	there's an emergency at the crash, are they contacted at
6	all or is it just you guys then
7	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Certainly
8	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO:the
9	State troopers then call the EMTs, et cetera?
10	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No. The 911 center would
11	certainly be involved in the dispatch
12	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: I've got
13	that.
14	LT. COLONEL BIVENS:of EMS and fire
15	department
16	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: If there's
17	a crash.
18	LT. COLONEL BIVENS:if they're needed.
19	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: If there's
20	injuries, et cetera
21	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir.
22	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO:they
23	would be called. But does it make sense to call them and
24	let them do the dispatch to the towing operators, et
25	cetera? I'm just asking the question. I'm not quite

Г

sure ---

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Anyone can do the dispatch.
Who does the dispatch isn't the issue to us.

4 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Right. I 5 understand.

6 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: The issue is all of the 7 other things on the front end that I talked about briefly and I can go into greater detail if you like but there's a 8 9 lot of work that goes into, first of all, qualifying the 10 tower for service, inspecting the premises, doing 11 background checks on those towers, and mapping their 12 location so that the dispatchers can identify the nearest available and that kind of thing. And so once all of these 13 14 other steps are in place, we collect the fee structure, for 15 example, from that tower and all of that is put in place. 16 Now, the dispatch occurs. The dispatch is one very small 17 piece of a much larger issue for us.

After that tow occurs, the other issue that we 18 19 get involved with is conflict resolution because we have 20 individuals who are not satisfied at times. And again the 21 vast majority of towers, I want to be very clear the vast 22 majority of the towers are very professional and we don't get complaints but there is a significant percentage that 23 24 we do get complaints on and then we're required to follow 25 up and try and mediate those complaints. We work with the individual, we work with their insurance company, we work
with the towers to try and come to some resolution. In
other cases, the complaints are between towers. One tower
feels that they should have gotten the tow versus a
different tow. So that ties up our people spending time
mediating that and resolving it for the future.

And there are a myriad of other issues that we get into that ultimately at times lead to litigation that again cost the taxpayers because we're now incurring legal fees and ultimately at times paying out civil awards over the way that whole process has been structured and the way those tows occurred.

JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: I guess the question is though can the 911 folks at the county level, can they do the job that the company is doing that was contracted?

17 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: They could do one small 18 piece of what the company does. Again, this company is 19 contracted to do all of those other steps. So it should 20 not be a trooper involved in mediation of those issues. It 21 should not be a trooper inspecting the station to begin 22 with. All of that would be done by AutoReturn.

The phone call itself is not the issue. I can have a PCO, a police communications operator, from the State Police make the call or I can have a 911 dispatcher

1 make the call. That's not the issue for us. Or I could 2 have AutoReturn make the call. The issue for us is all of 3 the other work on either end of that process that creates 4 administrative work for all of our people and takes 5 troopers off the road significant amounts of time. 6 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Okay. 7 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 8 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can I just jump 9 in here? I know Chairman Sainato has a question. 10 You talked about the issue of conflict 11 resolution. Two years ago we passed House Bill 110 of 2012 which basically gives the conflict resolution authority now 12 13 to the Office of the Attorney General in their Office of 14 Consumer Affairs, doesn't it? 15 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: It gives them the ability to 16 enforce that one small act. That act doesn't even begin to 17 address the issue. That act, it was a step in the right direction but doesn't begin to go nearly as far as even our 18 19 own internal policies on establishing who can be a tower 20 for the State Police and how some of the issues are 21 resolved. It basically gives an individual the right to 22 have access to their vehicle. It says that the rates have 23 to be posted and essentially... 24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: But that's all 25 addressed in Act 110.

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Again, that one small piece.
 None of the rest of what I described to you is addressed in
 that act.
 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: How many

complaints have you sent to the Office of Consumer Affairs in the Attorney General's Office since its passage?

7 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I don't know how many we've 8 sent. We've handled quite a few in that interim because 9 again it reflects on the State Police. So if we called the 10 tower and the motorist calls us, we will attempt to resolve 11 that. If the motorist is still dissatisfied, they can 12 certainly call the Attorney General's Office and file a 13 complaint, but again, many of the things that they would 14 complain about are not covered by that act and the Attorney 15 General has no ability to enforce anything that's not 16 covered by that act.

17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. I
18 disagree with you.

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But Chairman Sainato.

VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Colonel, I have
 a quick question. Are these all Pennsylvania companies?
 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, sir, they are not.
 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: What is the
 breakdown? I know we're on the border there in western
 Pennsylvania.

1 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: In terms of towing companies 2 that---VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes. 3 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I really don't have that 4 5 information, sir. We could certainly get that. But what I 6 would tell you is that long before we used AutoReturn we 7 were also using out-of-state companies for tows in the 8 border areas of Pennsylvania. So nothing has changed 9 there. 10 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Are they 11 registered in Pennsylvania, though, the out-of-state? They 12 would meet all the rules ---13 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 14 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: ---and 15 regulations? 16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: That is a requirement for 17 them to do those tows. VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Okay. Because 18 19 I just heard that they were not and that's why I want to 20 ask that. And you're saying that they are registered in 21 Pennsylvania. 22 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: That is my understanding, 23 sir. 24 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Well, wouldn't 25 it take them longer to have to service the needs? I mean

1 if you're in Grove City that's 25 miles from the State 2 line. If---LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Sir, and I wouldn't expect 3 that we would be bringing an out-of-state tower great---4 5 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes. 6 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: ---distances into 7 Pennsylvania. I would expect that they would be given tows when they happen to be the closest service, closer than any 8 9 Pennsylvania tower and they can assist in getting that 10 roadway opened up. 11 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: All right. 12 Thank you, Colonel. 13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Let me see. 14 Let's start down at this table with the legislators down 15 here, Representative Hackett for a question. 16 Thank you, Mr. Chairman, REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: 17 for the opportunity to ask a question but it's going to have to be a statement today, I hope you don't mind, just 18 19 to get things off and running. 20 A little bit of background, I'm 26 years law 21 enforcement and have a pretty good knowledge of all aspects 22 of law enforcement throughout this Commonwealth and 23 actually through the Nation through my background. So I just want to be clear here. I do think it's unfair here at 24 25 today's hearing that we have these three gentlemen,

1 Colonel, Captain, and Major sitting in front of us when I 2 truly believe, and if they're not here today, that general 3 counsel for PSP should be here to answer some of these 4 questions and not hide behind these fine men in uniform. 5 That's my statement. That's what I'm upset about and I 6 guess you can see that in my voice.

7 The second thing is I don't think the Pennsylvania State Police should be in the towing business. 8 9 I'll come out and say that for you guys. You need to be 10 back in the business of locking up the bad guys, which is 11 what you do best. And we want to put your funds there. I 12 think that's where we're at. I think the local towing 13 issues that apply should be within those municipalities in 14 which they occur, but we can't get there.

15 And Chairman Marsico, and Dick, you asked great 16 questions. And I think what you were trying to get at was 17 how does the system work? Someone calls 911. It goes to our county 911 centers. They need a tow truck. From there 18 19 that call says hold on, you're in State Police territory. 20 By the way, this happens with crimes in progress, too. They hit that hold-on button, they transfer the call to the 21 22 Pennsylvania State Police local dispatch. Where I live it would be Media. A trooper or a civilian employee would 23 24 answer that phone and say how can we help you? I'm getting 25 beat up at such-and-such location. Now the person told the

1 story twice.

2 Now, Pennsylvania State Police dispatch their 3 trooper to that location whether it's a tow or if it's a crime of violence in progress. There's a delay here. 4 5 There's a safety issue. Then what happens is that trooper 6 then travels through three municipalities that have all 7 police officers working in those municipalities that don't even hear that dispatch call where the Pennsylvania State 8 9 Police have dispatched their officer or their trooper.

That's the basis of the problem. That then can help us address this towing issue that we have if we leave it back in the local hands. If an incident happens in a community that the Pennsylvania State Police patrol, the 911 should have at hand who that contracted tower is and call the tower for the State Police.

16 You mentioned common sense in a lot of your 17 statements there, Lieutenant [sic]. I'm hoping through this hearing we can move forward and start putting some 18 19 things into action. And I feel sorry for these three guys 20 up here because it's not them that are making those rules 21 and all. It is general counsel and they need to come out 22 and they need to talk to us in front as a committee. 23 Thank you for your service, guys.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you,
25 Representative.

1 Anyone else at that table, questions? In the 2 front row here? 3 Representative Saccone. 4 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 5 So when you put this contract out for bid, how 6 many companies responded? 7 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: There were three, sir. REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: And were any of them 8 9 from Pennsylvania? 10 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, they were not. 11 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: All were out-of-state 12 companies. Are there Pennsylvania providers for this 13 service available? 14 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I'm not aware of any 15 companies that provide this specific service. Are you 16 aware of any? 17 MAJOR HOKE: No, we're not aware to our knowledge of any Pennsylvania firms that provide this type of 18 19 service. 20 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Okay. Thank you very 21 much. 22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Anyone else? 23 Jim Marshall. 24 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you, 25 Mr. Chairman.

1 I have several questions but I'll limit at the 2 beginning just to the statement that you made about the 3 front-end costs. I guess the initial information I got was 4 that the company AutoReturn was hired to dispatch these 5 calls but you're saying that there's more to it? 6 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 7 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: So not only they dispatch the calls but they're going to do the background 8 9 checks? 10 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: They're going to do all of 11 the other physical checks of the location. We would still 12 do just the background check for criminal history on the 13 towers. Everything else would be conducted by AutoReturn. 14 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Well, I can see that 15 you're already doing thousands of volunteer coach 16 background checks so I would think that background checks for towing industry wouldn't be that onerous. So that's 17 good to hear. 18 19 The physical check, is it like an inspection? 20 What would that involve? 21 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: It's an inspection of the 22 premises. It's also checking everything from ensuring that 23 the tower has proper and adequate liability insurance. The background is part of it, looking at the equipment to make 24 25 sure that the equipment is up to standards. So if they

1 claim to be a heavy-duty towing service or a medium towing or a light-duty towing, that they have the appropriate 2 3 equipment to do all of that, that their location is where it's claimed to be, that the rates are posted. There's a 4 5 whole list of things that they would do as part of that 6 inspection and then sign that tower up and again map them 7 into their dispatch tool. And I believe you'll hear more about that when they testify, how they go about then 8 9 selecting the tower for a dispatch based on all of that 10 information. 11 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: So previously you would 12 use troopers for that? 13 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 14 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Okay. That's all I 15 have right now. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: 16 Thank you. 17 Representative James. REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 19 Colonel, thank you for your service, gentlemen. 20 It would be good if all this could be resolved amicably. I 21 don't know if that's possible or not but flash-forward if 22 you would. Explain to me how engaging a company from 3,000 miles away to do dispatching is going to make the 23 dispatcher currently working for the Pennsylvania State 24 25 Police life any different, and in particular the conflictresolution issue that you brought up?

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, sir, first of all, in terms of having this end amicably, I hope you're right as well. We have a very good relationship with the towers and I do hope to maintain that, regardless of how this project proceeds.

7 In terms of the conflict resolution, that's separate from the dispatch portion of this. So the 8 9 conflict resolution is after the tow has occurred, the 10 dispatcher is not involved with that. In this case 11 AutoReturn would be. If AutoReturn isn't, then a trooper 12 is involved with that. And again, we're taking the 13 trooper's time away from other law enforcement duties to 14 get the complaint from whoever it is. And again in some 15 cases it's another tower or it may be a motorist or it may 16 be their insurance carrier. And they get that information, 17 they go to the tower, they try to resolve this, determine whether there's any merit to the complaint. If there is, 18 19 there's action that may have to be taken. If it doesn't 20 appear that there is, then again try to mediate a 21 resolution. Either way, it's very time consuming for that 22 trooper. At a minimum, it's a shift off of the road for a 23 trooper that could be otherwise doing law enforcement functions. 24

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you,

1 Representative.

2	Representative Rapp.
3	REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Yes.
4	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Go ahead.
5	REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
6	Thank you, gentlemen, for being here today.
7	I just have a question if you could clarify the
8	fee. From what I understand, the providers who are
9	interested in participating pay a maximum of \$35 per call
10	to the administrator for the services, but then I'm reading
11	from a letter that was written that the third-party
12	dispatch will require the tow responders to collect a
13	\$22.50 administrative fee from the local motorist for each
14	dispatch and then that dispatch will be an automated
15	dispatch from California. Is that correct? So they're
16	paying a \$35 fee but they're collecting the \$22.50 from the
17	motorist?

18 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, ma'am. I think I can clarify that. When I say a \$35 fee, that's the maximum fee 19 20 and that's what AutoReturn under contract would allow that 21 tower to collect from a motorist. The tower remits \$22.50 22 to AutoReturn for their service. The remainder of that 23 money, I'm told, may be retained by the tower or not 24 charged at all by the tower up front. But if it is charged 25 by the tower, it is retained by the tower.

1 And I don't want to speak for them; I would let them explain this formula to you, but AutoReturn has 2 determined that there will be a certain percentage of tows 3 where the tower does not get full reimbursement or maybe 4 5 any reimbursement. And so there's a piece, the difference 6 between the \$22.50 and the \$35 that they're allowed to 7 retain to put toward that percentage of non-reimbursed towing. 8 9 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Okay. Thank you. 10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative 11 Stevenson. 12 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you again, 13 Mr. Chairman. 14 I just have a few more followup questions if I 15 can, Colonel. 16 In my earlier question I asked about the number 17 of towers and you said 43. Have there also been adequate responses from EMS services and from fire companies in the 18 19 region of the pilot program to service the needs of any 20 emergencies there? 21 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I'm not aware of any issues 22 with the responses from EMS or fire department, but again, that's not something that's included in this pilot project. 23 24 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: In what you're 25 involved with.

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 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Nothing has changed with our

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 relationship--

REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: All right.

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LT. COLONEL BIVENS: ---with those folks.
REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: The pilot program
itself, it is a pilot. What is the term of the pilot and
what is the evaluation process that you're going through to
determine whether or not to broaden this program to the
rest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania?

10 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, sir, the pilot was 11 determined to be contained within a two-troop area, Troops 12 D and E, so Butler and Erie troops in the northwestern 13 portion of the State. We've just recently deployed the 14 AutoReturn model in much of Troop D's area, so there's not 15 been adequate time yet to evaluate that. We have not put a 16 firm time limit on when that evaluation will occur because 17 there have been delays in the rollout of the pilot.

And what I would say to you is that, again, 18 19 because it's a pilot, there are mistakes that are being 20 made along the way and we're trying to learn from those 21 mistakes. And so there were mistakes in the rollout in 22 Erie Troop. We acknowledge those. There were mistakes on 23 the part of the State Police; there were mistakes on the 24 part of AutoReturn. We've tried to learn from those and do 25 a better job as we roll it out into Butler.

And we want to ensure that we can address all of the concerns of the towers, the emergency responders, the citizens before we would expand that or consider expanding it any further. If we can't address all of those concerns, we would not expand it any further and we would end the pilot.

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I will tell you that with what I've seen so far it has generally been very positive. There have been some jessues. We're trying to deal with those issues. I wish we could go back in time and take away some of the mistakes that were made early on. We can't do that obviously but I want to make sure that before we go any further, if we go any further, that we don't repeat those mistakes.

14 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Can you address what 15 some of those adjustments or corrections are that you've 16 made?

17 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, as an example, and Representative Barrar alluded to it earlier about some of 18 19 the meetings, we did meet with some individual towers. 20 When we rolled this out in the Erie Troop, we did not have 21 a general meeting if you will, something that was open to 22 anybody that wanted to attend. That was a mistake; we should have. And we have done that in Butler before we 23 24 rolled anything out in Troop D's area. That was one of the 25 things that we learned from.

1 You know, there have been some other issues that have been brought to our attention, concerns about the 2 length of the contract that AutoReturn was present to the 3 4 towers and some of the clauses within that contract. There 5 were concerns about some of the tactics that were alleged 6 to have been used by representatives of AutoReturn in 7 dealing with some of the towers. I have personally spoken with the CEO of AutoReturn and we both agree that some of 8 9 those things should not have occurred. I'm not sure if all 10 of them did occur, but either way, that's not how either of 11 us wants business to be conducted. Again, we think that 12 there are lot of good towers, a lot of good small businessmen out there that we need to deal with on a 13 14 professional level and try to come to some amicable 15 agreement of how to proceed here. 16 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you again, 17 Colonel. Thank you all for your time. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 19 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 20 Could I just do a followup to Dick's question about how you 21 plan to make the final determination on the pilot program 22 to see if it's working or not. Will you assemble some type of a panel to discuss this and go through the information 23 and data that you've received? 24 25 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Would you consider then reaching out to the towing association and 2 3 the first responders? The first responders from these 4 areas have sent us numerous petitions complaining about 5 this new system and the delay in response time. I mean I 6 really think if you're going to make a determination, you 7 should have them as part of your panel or board that would make that assessment from the towing association and also 8 9 then from the first responders to get their input of how 10 the system is working. And I hope you would take that into 11 consideration when you make your final determination on 12 this.

13 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Representative, I agree with 14 you and I think we should have that dialogue with them. We 15 have seen many of those complaints that you're referring 16 to, and in some cases there are some legitimate concerns. 17 In other cases, quite honestly, there's been a bit of hysteria created here as well. And so what we've also seen 18 19 are complaints that have been filed indicating that because 20 of AutoReturn there was a delayed response. Interestingly 21 enough, the complaint was filed in an area where we've not 22 even deployed AutoReturn and it's still being done by normal dispatch procedures. So there may have been a delay 23 but it wasn't related to this pilot program. 24

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The nice thing that we have seen from AutoReturn

1 is that there is an ability to track the dispatch time, the 2 response time, the time on scene, and all of that can be 3 graphed and provided to us so that we can evaluate where we 4 have issues with delayed response. Prior to having that 5 software in place in these areas where the pilot has been 6 initiated, we have no ability to do that, so we're left to 7 then go back and address anecdotally those complaints and hopefully through our people at the station level or the 8 9 troop level identify issues. Here we have firm data that 10 we can look at when we're dealing with the AutoReturn 11 areas. 12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 13 Representative Costa. 14 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 15 Gentlemen, thank you for coming. And I, too, 16 agree with my colleague, Representative Hackett, that you guys shouldn't be here. It should be your counsel. 17 There's no person that has more respect for the 18 19 Pennsylvania State Police than I do. As a former law 20 enforcement officer and chief of police, Colonel, I 21 respectfully disagree with the dispatch being a minor part 22 of this. You and the two gentlemen next to you, as well as I, started out standing on a highway on a rainy day or a 23 24 snowy day with an accident closing the complete lane, 25 bringing people down the southbound lane of a northbound

1 travel thing and all you need is one roque to get on the 2 brim and ride up. And we're bringing tow trucks, we're bringing public safety personnel down to the accident scene 3 4 and we have no way of immediately contacting. 5 I do agree that I think the dispatch should be in 6 the hands of the local 911 centers. I know you're saying, 7 well, you know, it's a cost factor, it's this, it's the added burden, but I think you need that instant 8 9 communications to avoid what could be a catastrophe in 10 this. And I'm hearing all kinds of things. I've talked to

12 If I have a tow shop somewhere and I'm getting ready to set up business, State Police comes out, they make 13 14 sure I've got all my i's dotted, my t's crossed, and then I'm permitted to open. Now, it's my understanding that 15 16 AutoReturn, there's a 90-day grace period for me to set up 17 my yard, for me to do the fence. Why is that? This Pennsylvania State Police wouldn't let me start until that 18 19 was all done, until all my t's were crossed, my i's were 20 dotted. I don't understand that.

people who have signed up with AutoReturn.

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Are the requirements that the PSP had, are they the same requirements that AutoReturn is putting on these towers? Obviously not if that's the case. And who's watching AutoReturn in this and who's going to watch them if this pilot program turns into a statewide thing? 1 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Let me address a couple of First of all, the requirements, and Captain 2 things. Brinkley could address that, if not identical they're very 3 4 similar. In terms of that grace period, while there's a 5 grace period, they can sign up; they cannot begin receiving 6 dispatches for tows until they have complied with all of 7 those rules. So, for example, the secure storage area, they can't take any tows until they have that in place so 8 9 they have to be in compliance before any of that occurs.

10 The point that you made about the dispatch, your 11 point is well taken. By my remarks I don't mean that it's 12 not important that dispatch is done properly and timely and 13 everything else. What my point was that in terms of the 14 time consumption, the amount of resource consumption from 15 the Pennsylvania State Police, the dispatch is minor in 16 terms of that resource consumption compared to all of the 17 other steps in this process that were required either on the front end or the back end to deal with. 18

19 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Well, you said that you're 20 going to look at considerable cost-savings to the PSP, 21 correct, by taking us to a private entity. I mean how many 22 troopers do we have tied up doing this right now in the 23 other areas outside of the pilot area? And what do you 24 anticipate your cost-savings to be? Because if the PSP is 25 going to save money, then we have to look at our ability to use that money either in the general budget or something, or putting more troopers in the academy class. If you're going to put troopers back on the road, as you say, do you have any idea how much you anticipate on saving by going to a private firm to handle this?

6 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: The cost-savings, sir, is 7 more on the litigation side. As far as the troopers, it's time saving and so it allows those troopers -- typically, 8 9 the troopers that are doing these investigations are our 10 vehicle fraud investigators so they can be doing other 11 types of vehicle fraud investigations or they can be doing 12 investigations of complaints against towers. And so it really comes down to how much of the other work do we have 13 14 them do, and in some cases, how much of a criminal 15 investigator's time do we take away from, whether it's drug 16 investigations, gun violence investigations, whatever the 17 case might be, to allocate that they take a day and go handle this complaint that we've got from a motorist about 18 19 one of the towers or again from one tower against another 20 tower, whatever the case might be.

21 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. So we're not really
22 saving dollars; we're just saving time?

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: The dollars we are saving,
sir, are with the litigation.

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REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Right. That's what I

mean.

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LT. COLONEL BIVENS: We do incur significant costs. It varies from year to year but some years we've paid out over \$1 million. We had other years where we've paid out far less than that. But we do incur costs almost every year because of litigation. We're successful in some of that litigation but we incur significant legal costs in fighting it.

9 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. Thank you, Colonel.
10 It's always good to see you.

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. Thank you. REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes, sir.

13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative14 Saccone.

REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

So I just want to be clear in my own mind. So if, for example, AutoReturn didn't do this and the 911s began dispatching, who would then still take care of the inspections of the towers and who would take care of the conflict resolutions? Would the county then have to assume the responsibility for all those other---

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. If the county didn't, then the State Police would be no further ahead than we are right now. We would be still doing all of that. We would still be the entity being sued when someone

1 disagrees with a decision that we've made. And so if the 2 911 centers were to take on this function, all of that, in 3 my opinion, should go along with it but now the counties are assuming that liability and they're assuming all of 4 5 that work to qualify those towers and to mediate those 6 complaints. 7 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: So ultimately the taxpayer is still on the hook for those expenses---8 9 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 10 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: ---as opposed to having 11 it sourced out to a private company that ---12 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir, and get rid of 13 that liability from the taxpayer. 14 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you. Thank you very much. 15 16 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: When lawsuits 17 are paid out, does that come directly from your budget? LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Depends on the amount of the 18 19 lawsuit, sir. Certain awards are capped. We pay into a 20 fund that all state agencies do. Up to a certain award 21 it's paid out of that fund, but when it exceeds an amount, 22 then the State Police is required to pick that up out of 23 our budget. 24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Thank 25 you.

Representative Marshall.

2 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you,
3 Mr. Chairman.

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Colonel, on follow up on Representative Saccone, the litigation that you're involved in, do you believe that it's primarily due to the dispatch and then not the other front end costs of this program to you?

8 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: It's not primarily the 9 dispatch. The dispatch kind of precipitates the issue at 10 times. So in other words, if you have one tower who 11 believes he's not getting or she is not getting a tow job 12 that they should have and someone else gets it, then that 13 dispatch could lead to the litigation. However, in most 14 cases where the litigation comes from is the complaints 15 that come in and any effort on the part of PSP to sanction 16 any tower, remove them from a tow list or take any other 17 sanction almost invariably leads to litigation. And I understand that. It's a loss of revenue for that tower, 18 19 but we have no other means to deal with that other than to 20 suspend them if that's warranted for infractions of the 21 rules that we've put in place as part of the agreement that 22 we had with that tower. The rules, if you read them, seem to be fairly commonsense, but when you get the attorneys 23 24 involved. Determining all the nuances of those, you can 25 imagine where this goes.

1 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Well, thank you. I'm not an attorney but I would think that anyone involved in a 2 3 scene might be brought into court or into some form of 4 liability whether they're dispatching. So I would think 5 that the trooper on scene might be just as involved as in 6 the dispatch. 7 But I will say that the liability, if you did go with AR or some other company then, you would think that 8 9 you would have less litigation because they're choosing the 10 towers. 11 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 12 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: So they would then have 13 some liability in this. So in that case, then they might 14 be going to court over these issues. Would that be correct or would you---15 16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, sir, I'm also not an 17 attorney but I think that's very possible, yes, sir. REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Okay. So then we would 18 19 expect to see them in court over these issues. Thev 20 wouldn't have any clause or any indemnity in their 21 contracts that they wouldn't be liable for any of these---22 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Again, I would ask AutoReturn to address the specifics of the contract. I do 23 believe there is some indemnification. I don't think that 24 25 necessarily takes care of all liability, and as I

1	understand it, there's an arbitration clause in there, too,
2	to deal with some of the disputes. With that said, an
3	attorney would have to tell you how binding that is and
4	what other liability there is for them.
5	REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you, Colonel.
6	And I would think that all of us have the greatest respect
7	for PSP and your troopers and your administration and this
8	is basically information gathering.
9	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Thank you, sir.
10	REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you for your
11	service.
12	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: In your request
13	for proposals, I think one of the main reasons you did cite
14	was the fact that you are sued by, I guess, towers. You're
15	not sued by consumers in this; you're mostly sued by
16	towers. Are they the type of suits you're talking about?
17	What is the reason for their filing lawsuits against you?
18	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: There are a variety of
19	lawsuits that have occurred but some of the larger ones
20	have been because they were removed from a towing list and
21	their services were not being utilized by PSP.
22	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And I know
23	myself I've complained about the lack of clarity and the
24	fact that every barracks commander tends to enforce what is
25	a field regulation. Is it 6-2

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LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---that they 2 3 come under? Okay. I had a barracks commander tell me that 4 in his barracks basically he said to me I'm god in this 5 barracks and I'll interpret the regulations the way I 6 choose to. And I think that's the primary reason that 7 you're sued because every barracks commander seems to be free to interpret the regulations to their ability and I 8 9 know myself just from where I live in Delaware County that 10 that has been a point of contention with many, many towers, 11 the lack of clarity and consistency in the enforcement of 12 the regulation. And it's one of the things I know we need 13 to clean up that I've actually had a meeting with the 14 commissioner about. So---

15 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: And, sir, that would 16 surprise me that one of the station commanders would make 17 that statement, but just for clarification, the station commander in the end cannot make that decision. It goes to 18 19 the troop commander who's got a much broader -- there are 20 15 county troops across the Commonwealth so it goes to that 21 individual. We have also implemented a requirement that 22 the troop commander coordinate with the Office of Chief 23 Counsel in an attempt to make sure that there is 24 consistency in the way those rules are applied across the 25 Commonwealth.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I think in 2008 -- I don't have that memo in front of me; it was sent to me 2 3 from your chief counsel basically giving the department directions on how to not be sued. And I read that memo. 4 5 Did we get copies of that for everyone? That was the one 6 we asked for 40 -- Lu Ann, did you get that copy of that 7 memo from the chief counsel? 8 MS. FAHNDRICH: [inaudible]. 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. I'll have 10 to try find that. I apologize. 11 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: And I'm not familiar with 12 that memo, sir, but I will tell you there's a different administration in place, different chief counsel. And so 13 14 regardless, I'm not familiar with it, but regardless of 15 what was in that memo, I can tell you that the process has 16 been amended in the interim. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 18 Representative Gillen. 19 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Thank you, gentlemen, for 20 your distinguished service. My wife had the misfortune not 21 long ago of being in an accident but had the good fortune 22 of being in one of your coverage areas. So thank you for 23 aiding her and your distinguished service. 24 You had mentioned in your testimony the mistakes

that were made was not a seamless transition going to

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AutoReturn company. In fact, you had even mentioned some tactics of the company and you spoke directly, as I recall your testimony, with one of the leaders of that company. Could you just walk us back in time with regard to the vetting process that this company went through, how they were chosen, and the decision-making process that evolved to the point where they were selected?

8 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I'm going to ask Captain 9 Brinkley to talk a little bit about that.

10 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: The process actually started 11 back in 2011, and as we worked our way through evaluating 12 the various options that we had available with respect to 13 handling towing services, the concept of using a third-14 party vender became the most viable option from our 15 perspective, the most beneficial option from our 16 perspective.

17 We identified a number of companies throughout the United States that provide this type of service and put 18 19 out a request for proposals on the PSP website. We were in 20 contact with DGS prior to that RFP going out. It did not 21 go through the normal DGS process based on their advice, 22 which is it didn't have to go through the normal DGS 23 vetting process. We posted it on our webpage, the PSP 24 website, because it was a no-cost contract. There was no 25 cost to the Commonwealth in getting this stood up.

1 The responses to the request for proposals, we had three different companies that responded to those 2 3 requests, AutoReturn being one of those. Based on a 4 scoring matrix that we put together, we scored those 5 proposals and AutoReturn was the selected vender that we 6 thought would best meet not only our needs but the needs of 7 the towing service providers and the emergency service provider community at large with respect to the services 8 9 that they were able to provide. So that was basically the 10 process that we went through to identify AutoReturn as 11 being the preferred company, at least for the pilot. 12 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: With regard to the 13 vetting specifically, did you look at the companies, or 14 this particular company AutoReturn, with regard to changes 15 in the litigation environment that occurred as a 16 consequence of them taking contracts, tactics specifically

17 with regard to this company versus other companies? What 18 sort of investigation occurred given the fact that they 19 have significant purview over what is happening in 20 Pennsylvania in an emergency environment?

21 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: Right. We looked at the 22 companies' overall history in providing these types of 23 services, reached out to other agencies, entities that were 24 currently using the companies that submitted request for 25 proposals to get feedback from those entities on the companies' performance before making a decision on which of the three that submitted proposals we were going to go with for the pilot. So it did go through a rather extensive vetting process of ensuring that the company that we brought in was going to meet our standards.

REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: What role did towers have
in this exhaustive process with regard to their input and
their feedback?

9 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: Well, that was one of the 10 areas that admittedly -- and Colonel Bivens touched upon 11 this earlier -- that early on in the process the outreach 12 to the towing community was rather limited. Prior to 13 rolling out the pilot initiative in Troop E, AutoReturn did 14 reach out to a small group of towers in that area to let 15 them know what was happening, what was coming.

16 But we did do some other outreach with respect to 17 other entities. The pilot was initiated in December of 2013. In 2011 we had talked a little bit earlier about the 18 19 vetting process that we were going through. There was 20 outreach at that point to legislative members, the 21 Insurance Federation of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania 22 Towers Association, a number of entities to let them know that we were looking at different options for handling this 23 in a different fashion, getting the PSP out of the towing 24 25 business.

1 Prior to launching the pilot in December of 2013, in August there was an extensive legislative outreach 2 3 initiative that was undertaken by our Legislative Affairs 4 office. They contacted it was a total of over 40 different 5 legislative contacts to let them know what we were doing, 6 that we'd be launching this pilot in December of 2013, and 7 a number of those contacts were made in person. In November about a month prior to launching the pilot, we 8 sent out a number of outreach letters to all of the Troop E 9 10 tow operators that we had been doing business with up until 11 that point to let them know that the pilot would be rolling 12 out in December. And on December 3rd we rolled out the 13 pilot in Troop E.

14 Prior to the rollout in Troop D, recognizing that 15 mistake had been made with respect to the limited outreach 16 to the towers prior to rolling out the Troop E pilot, we 17 hosted an informational session at Butler County Community 18 College in January of this year prior to the rollout in the 19 Butler area. We invited in any and all towers. It was 20 publicized heavily. It was their opportunity to come in to 21 hear about the program, hear about how it would impact 22 them, and let them ask questions and address some of their 23 concerns. We also invited folks in from the emergency 24 services community, volunteer fire companies, EMS providers 25 to voice their concerns as well and hear a little bit about

1 the program.

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So that was one of the improvements that we made moving forward, that we were a little limited on the outreach in Troop E but it was much more extensive once we rolled into the Troop D area prior to implementing the pilot there.

REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Thank you for that testimony.

9 And finally, Colonel, with regard to the tactics 10 that were employed, could you amplify a little bit, perhaps 11 give us a little window inside the conversation you had 12 with the company AutoReturn? Were there any surprises, any 13 conclusions that you drew on after that conversation?

14 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Some of the concerns that 15 were brought to my attention were things like voicemails 16 that had been left or messages that had been delivered to 17 individual towers telling them that one of the other towers in their area was signing up and you'd better sign up as 18 19 well or you won't get the business; they're going to take it all. And there were variations of those kinds of 20 21 complaints.

I will tell you that it was not something that I was hearing was widespread, but even one of those complaints, if true, should not have occurred. And there were probably a few other things out there as well but

1 those were probably some of the more egregious and that was the reason for my discussion with AutoReturn, to ensure 2 3 that we would not have anything like that, that there 4 should be truthful information conveyed to the towers. We 5 needed to establish a relationship, not intimidate towers 6 into participating. 7 And again, I will tell you that the leadership of AutoReturn was in complete agreement. I got no pushback on 8 9 that. 10 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Thank you. 11 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Are there other 13 questions from the Members? 14 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Sorry, Chairman. Thank 15 you for indulging me my third question. 16 So could you tell me when you have these 17 contracts with the third party like this, there's always a concern that it opens up charges of favoritism and other 18 19 minor forms of corruption or the perception of corruption. 20 So what are some of the methods you employ to preclude this 21 from happening in the contract? Have you had to deal with 22 this so all towers are treated fairly? 23 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: To this point all towers 24 that wanted to sign up have been permitted to sign up as long as they meet the minimum standards. So I'm not aware 25

1 of any allegations of favoritism to this point. I do know 2 that AutoReturn mentioned to us that there were a couple of 3 issues brought to their attention where they have two 4 towers in close proximity to one another, and so, for 5 example, one of them because of the algorithms in their 6 dispatch program was getting the majority of the 7 dispatches, they're working to more evenly distribute that business between two towers that are in roughly the same 8 9 spot. But I'm not aware of any other issues.

10 Now, the issue of favoritism has come up, and 11 again, that feeds into the whole litigation issue in the past where there have been allegations that a trooper 12 13 specifically requested a certain towing service and then 14 there are allegations made about why the trooper may have 15 requested that specific towing service. And then we get 16 into another whole internal investigation to try and determine the merits of the complaint. If warranted, we 17 take discipline and you see how this snowballs on and on 18 19 and then we still have the civil side to deal with in that 20 particular type of a complaint.

21REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you very much.22VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative23Rapp.

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REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Colonel, you've mentioned that you have 43 towers

1 on your list. Have there been towers that have been dropped from your list from the area, D and E? 2 3 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: I'm not aware of any but that might be a question better directed to AutoReturn as 4 5 they're maintaining that list, ma'am. 6 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: So they maintain the list. 7 So you're not aware at this point in time. The meeting in Butler, was that well attended in 8 9 the area? 10 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: Yes, very well attended. 11 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Very well attended. Okay. 12 And I see that you did have a meeting in Warren County as well. Was that well attended? 13 14 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: That was actually hosted by, I 15 believe, one of the volunteer fire departments up in that 16 area. From what I understand, that was fairly well 17 attended also. REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Okay. And how would I get 18 19 the information regarding whether or not AutoReturn has 20 dropped towers from the list? 21 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: They'll be testifying 22 immediately after us and the CEO will be here as I understand so---23 24 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Thank you. 25 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, ma'am.

1 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 2 3 Representative Costa. REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 4 5 I appreciate it. 6 Colonel, I'm sorry. I maybe missed the -- I 7 asked you a barrage of questions. This is worse than budget time, isn't it? 8 9 But anyway, the one question I had is basically 10 who is going to monitor AutoReturn if indeed they wind up 11 getting a contract and we go statewide? Who's going to 12 make sure that they're doing what they're supposed to be 13 doing? They're inspecting these places and the inspections 14 aren't slighted one way or another, not to say that they 15 would, but checks and balances, trust but verify. 16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. 17 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Do we have any idea who's 18 going to be doing that? 19 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir. That'll fall to 20 Major Hoke's shop under Bureau of Patrol and they would be 21 responsible for any future rollout beyond the pilot program 22 and then maintaining the program as it would go forward. REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. Thank you very 23 24 much, gentlemen. 25 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes, sir.

1 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Appreciate it. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative 2 3 Marshall. 4 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you, 5 Mr. Chairman. 6 According to your timeline, 2011 you said the 7 process started and a number of legislators may have been contacted. I'm not sure who but earlier in your testimony 8 9 you had mentioned that you didn't believe that this was 10 really a venue really that the General Assembly would be 11 involved in anyway, that the PSP would make this decision? 12 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Well, sir, I believe what I 13 alluded to was that if we were going to move to the 911 14 centers taking on all of this responsibility, that the 15 legislature would have had to get involved to put 16 legislation in place to standardize it statewide. I think 17 that's the only place I mentioned the legislature. But in terms of the outreach, yes, in fact we 18 19 could certainly supply you with a list of contacts that 20 were made with the legislature. I believe quite a few 21 people in leadership in affected committees, as well all of 22 the Representatives and Senators from the areas where the 23 pilot project has been initiated. 24 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: And was the Governor's 25 office involved or included?

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Colonel, could I ask you one second to pull the microphone a little closer 2 3 to you? Some people have said they can't hear. Thank you. CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: I can actually answer that 4 question yes, we did have a meeting with the Governor's 5 Policy Office in August of 2013, several months prior to 6 7 the initial pilot rollout. 8 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: But two years after the 9 process started? 10 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: No, no. The meeting with the 11 Governor's Policy Office was in August of 2013. The pilot 12 rolled out in December of 2013. 13 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: But earlier in your 14 testimony did you say that the process started in 2011 or 15 did I misunderstand you? 16 CAPTAIN BRINKLEY: Correct. In 2011 we started 17 evaluating various options for towing services, the administration of emergency towing services for the PSP. 18 19 That evaluation process began in 2011. 20 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Okay. Thank you. 21 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 22 Colonel, I have a question for you. In the 23 contract between AutoReturn and the towers, it does have a 24 section in there that deals with the salvers. The salvers' 25 requirements and duties are written in State law.

1 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Yes. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: They are 2 3 protected; their job title is protected. Does the 4 AutoReturn contract in any way alter or change the 5 relationship that the salvers have with the State Police at 6 this time? 7 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, it does nothing to supersede State law, so all of that would still apply. 8 9 It's only if the salvers involved in towing operations, 10 then they would participate through AutoReturn. 11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 12 Currently, the Pennsylvania State Police with your field 13 regulation you do not have the authority to establish any 14 type of a fee or pricing schedule over the towers, am I 15 correct? 16 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Correct. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. But in your request for proposal, you basically ask the AutoReturn 18 19 then to establish a clear and uniformed rate structure. Is 20 that not a conflict in the law, that you're giving 21 AutoReturn the authority to establish a rate schedule when 22 there's nothing in the law that gives you the authority to do that? 23 24 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: No, sir, I don't see a 25 conflict there and we're not establishing a rate schedule;

we establish caps. And the way that was done was that there is a requirement that the fee schedules for the various towing services be provided to us. We simply took those fee schedules for a regional area, averaged those, and then in fact added to that and set that as the maximum amount that could be towed for those specific services.

7 There are many exceptions to those published 8 services, so, for example, with recovery operations where 9 the costs can be quite high, there's an ability of towers 10 to go outside of that fee schedule and recover for time and 11 materials, for example, for a major recovery. So it was 12 merely working with the figures already provided by towers 13 in those areas to establish a process whereby a single 14 tower could not charge an exorbitant fee that's far beyond 15 what the other towers in that area charge for the same 16 service.

17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Right now I understand that your field regulation requires an 18 19 extremely strict qualification process for a tower to 20 become a State Police tower according to your own 21 regulations. Are you aware if AutoReturn is adhering to 22 the exact same policies that you had enforced in your field regulation 6-2? Is AutoReturn making the new towers coming 23 24 in to towers that never qualified to be State Police towers 25 now all of a sudden are qualifying to be towers under the

AutoReturn policy at this time? It's pretty obvious that in the pilot program a lot of the towers that never could work for you now are working for AutoReturn. Does that---

LT. COLONEL BIVENS: They are being required to meet those standards, sir, and it may not have been that they couldn't work for and take care of PSP tows in the past; they chose not to for whatever reason and they now have decided that they would like to. And they do have to meet those standards.

10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Where is the 11 check and balance done between AutoReturn and the State 12 Police to make sure that towers are not being permitted to 13 tow for the State if they did not meet your field 14 regulation requirements?

15 LT. COLONEL BIVENS: AutoReturn is required to 16 verify that they do meet. They have people working in 17 Pennsylvania who are conducting those inspections, and then they are working in close consultation at this point, 18 particularly with Captain Brinkley's shop over in R&D and 19 20 to a lesser degree Major Hoke's shop in Bureau of Patrol so 21 that we're aware as they acquire additional towing services 22 they're keeping us abreast of who's joining and any issues 23 that develop.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. Any25 of the other Members who would like to ask questions that I

1 didn't get to? Is there anyone?

2	Gentlemen, I thank you for your testimony. I'm
3	going to ask you if you would consider staying around for
4	the duration of the hearing because I think when we hear
5	testimony from the towers, from AR, there might be
6	additional questions. Are you okay hanging around for
7	that? I know we took pretty long on this, over an hour.
8	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: We're going to stay for as
9	long as we can, sir. I will have several command members
10	of our department who will be here for the entire hearing.
11	I'll stay as long as I can but I do have other commitments.
12	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I figured that.
13	I was hoping but if you can identify or if we ask for
14	them, make sure that they would please jump up
15	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Major Martin and several
16	other commanders
17	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I'm very
18	familiar with the Major.
19	LT. COLONEL BIVENS:will be here.
20	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Good. Good.
21	Okay. Great. I thank you for your testimony.
22	LT. COLONEL BIVENS: Thank you.
23	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Thank
24	you, everyone. Thank you.
25	Our next testifier is Mr. John Wicker, CEO of

1 AutoReturn.

2 Mr. Wicker, thank you for being here today. If 3 you could introduce your panel of who's with you and you 4 can begin your testimony at any time.

5 MR. WICKER: Okay. Thank you. I have to my 6 right Matt Steck, our Government Affairs consultant; John 7 Pendleton, who's manning the laptop over here, our CTO; 8 we've got Mike Harnish, who's a tow operator in our 9 network; and we have Ken Fisher, also a tow operator in our 10 network. And both these were tow operators for the 11 Pennsylvania State Police prior to the pilot.

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So I have a statement.

Good morning, Mr. Chairman and distinguished members of the Committee. Thank you for allotting me time to come and speak with you today.

16 I am John Wicker, CEO and Founder of AutoReturn. 17 Though I live in California now, my roots run deep in Pennsylvania. In the 1730s, my forefathers emigrated from 18 19 Switzerland and settled in Lancaster. My Pennsylvanian 20 relatives fought in Civil War. My grandmother grew up in 21 that house right there, and for those of you on the panel, 22 there's a PowerPoint slide that shows this. My grandmother Dorothy Jackman, Momo, grew up there. Momo and my 23 grandfather Papap, Howard Jackman, both went to Peabody 24 25 High School.

1	Next slide.
2	He went on to play for Pitt and won the Rose Bowl
3	in 1937.
4	Next, he then joined the Navy and spent World War
5	II on a destroyer in the South Pacific stationed out of
6	Pearl Harbor.
7	Next slide.
8	My mother Elaine Jackman was born at St. Francis
9	Hospital, and my brother David was born at Magee-Womens
10	Hospital. My Aunt Donna and Uncle Jeff Jackman still live
11	in Beaver Falls, having spent their careers as
12	schoolteachers in Black Hawk District where Uncle Jeff was
13	also the swim coach.
14	I might have been born in Pennsylvania myself if
15	not for the fact that my dad was stationed at Norton Air
16	Force Base when my mom was pregnant with me. We did return
17	to Pennsylvania briefly but my dad became a Federal systems
18	development contractor after leaving the Air Force and
19	ultimately we settled in the Virginia suburbs of Washington
20	D.C. I went to Virginia Tech, received a computer science
21	degree, and eventually moved to San Francisco at the age of
22	30 because it's the innovation hub of the world and a top
23	destination for technologists. I live there now with my
24	lovely wife Nathalie and our young boys, Blake and Jack.
25	By the end of my short time with you today, I'd

1 like you to have a clear understanding of what Auto Return 2 is and what our company is not; to understand our mission, our intentions, and what we stand for. I'd also like for 3 4 you to firmly grasp what we are doing here in Pennsylvania. 5 Our primary goals are to help the State Police and 6 contribute to public safety while saving taxpayer dollars. 7 I hope to dispel any misinformation, to establish the facts, and tell you a bit about how well the pilot program 8 9 has worked in Erie and elsewhere.

10 I want to begin by giving you a sense of why we 11 started AutoReturn and the problems we solve for people. 12 Before AutoReturn, I built a career focused on making 13 business more efficient through the application of 14 technology. So after the .com crash of 2000, my colleagues 15 and I began looking for an industry where we could make a 16 positive difference using what we had learned. When we 17 found that there was a set of problems in law enforcement towing that is common to all agencies and that by applying 18 appropriate technology to those problems could make a 19 difference for public safety, efficiency, and fairness for 20 the tow operators, AutoReturn was born. 21

The problems in law enforcement towing are not with the highly capable, local tow operators. I have the greatest respect for them and what they do, their commitment to public safety, and their desire to run a profitable business, as we all should. The problems exist largely because of the manual processes used in the administration and logistics of law enforcement towing. Many of the problems stem from the inefficient voice communications used to execute the majority of routine tow requests.

7 This inefficient process increases the burden on police dispatchers, making them order-takers rather than 8 exception-handlers with the bandwidth to focus their time 9 10 and energy on the unusual tows that need special attention. 11 Because the communications are primarily verbal, details of 12 the transactions are rarely kept after the tow is complete and understanding what happened after the fact becomes 13 14 nearly impossible. This nontransparent and laborious 15 process can lead to unfair distribution of towing 16 opportunities, increased officer wait times, and decreased 17 public safety.

We created AutoReturn to streamline the process to increase efficiency, increase public safety, increase the fair distribution of business opportunity, decrease administration surrounding this important agency service, while decreasing cost to the taxpayer.

That's what Auto Return is; we are a technology company laser-focused on only one thing: law enforcement towing logistics. That's all we do. Logistics. Our primary goals are to minimizing tow response times, allowing troopers to return to patrol duties faster, and decrease the administrative burden surrounding the towing program.

5 To be clear, AutoReturn is not a towing company. 6 We do not own a single tow truck. We are not in the 7 business of dismantling unclaimed vehicles. We are not a 8 tow operator and we don't compete with tow operators. 9 AutoReturn is also not an auto club. We don't decide to 10 partner with towing companies based on "low bid" contracts 11 at the expense of service levels.

12 AutoReturn stands for safety, efficiency, 13 respect, and fairness. We are the only firm that works 14 with existing tow companies in communities to customize our 15 model to maximize the effectiveness of these important, 16 local independent businesses, the tow and impound company 17 operators for law enforcement towing. Our proven processes and tools help our towing partners meet police-mandated 18 19 service levels, and our transparent practices result in 20 higher service levels to the vehicle owner. We've created 21 a comprehensive open and transparent system that lets tow 22 companies compete evenly and fairly.

Let me give you a sense of how our system works.
The AutoReturn system receives tow requests from the police
electronically, and in some cases verbally. The police

dispatcher's job is done at this point. The system then instantaneously allocates the tow request to a policeauthorized tow operator according to the rules set by the police. Then the system automatically tracks the job, and assuming the tow progresses normally, no other human is involved in the communication.

7 If the job shows any signs of difficulty, then and only then an AutoReturn dispatcher calls the tower to 8 9 provide assistance long before a service issue has 10 occurred. The problems are addressed and the tow gets back 11 on track. The key benefit of the system is that by 12 handling the vast majority of tows automatically, 13 dispatchers have time to address periods of peak demand like during emergencies. Here's an example: 14

15 Imagine your area of Pennsylvania covered in over 16 two feet of snow. Roads need to be cleared. Well, shortly after we went live in Baltimore County, we faced this exact 17 situation, a blizzard, the likes of which are not uncommon 18 in Pennsylvania. On Saturday, January 30th, 2010, with 19 20 over two feet of snow on the ground, Corporal Friedman, 21 who's in charge of their towing program in an area close to 22 the size of Troop E, was tasked with removing over a hundred vehicles from roads across the county. He fondly 23 24 tells the story of how AutoReturn systems allowed for the 25 seamless dispatch and tracking of all of these tows, and

how those surrounding countries were incurring massive
 overtime dispatching the tows and subsequently handling
 customers' requests for lost vehicles.

So that's how it looks in a region where members of the towing community are partners in making the system successful, easy, efficient, and safe. From the police point of view, the dispatcher simply enters the tow request into the system and that's it. AutoReturn handles everything from that point.

10 Let me give you a sense of how the system works 11 from the point of view of the tow operator. Towers receive 12 dispatch requests any way they would like. Some take 13 automated phone calls from good old-fashioned landlines or 14 cell phones. Others choose to take advantage of increased 15 capabilities available on today's smartphones, but this is 16 not a requirement to be part of the program. The tow 17 request includes the location and other information about the situation that the tower will need to complete job 18 safely and quickly. They accept requests and go do the 19 20 job. When they return back to their office with a towed 21 vehicle, we do ask them to enter basic information about 22 the vehicle so it can be found later -- license plate, make, model -- and ultimately, information about the fees 23 and when it left their facility. 24

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There is no special software to install or

1 administer. They just use any internet browser to go to 2 their AutoReturn page online. When the customer shows up 3 to get his car, the tower bills him for the tow adding a \$35 administrative fee to the total bill. After and only 4 5 after the customer pays the bill, AutoReturn gets \$22.50 6 for its service fee. The tow company keeps the remaining 7 \$12.50 from the administrative fee, to cover vehicles that go unclaimed and other costs. The customer receiving the 8 9 tow service pays for administrative costs of the tow, not 10 the government or the taxpayer.

As part of the program, AutoReturn relieves the State Police of all of the administration around a tow and any followup inquiries after a tow. This is no small burden, freeing the State Police to focus on other activities.

16 So that's the way the Auto Return system works. 17 I'd like to now turn to how AutoReturn got invited --18 actually, I'll skip that. It's in the testimony and you've 19 heard that.

So I'm pleased to announce actually as of yesterday we are now operating 9 of the 11 stations that are part of the pilot program. Since the beginning of the pilot through Monday, we have facilitated 1,003 tows. Our network grows every week. We are partnering with 43 -- the pause was we added some recently -- with 43 local 1 Pennsylvania towing companies, with 3 additional companies who have agreed to join and are providing the required 3 documentation. Twenty-two of them towed for the PSP prior to the pilot and 21 companies are new to the program.

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5 In our proposal accepted by the PSP, we agreed to 6 integrate our systems with the "Mobile Office," the laptop 7 platform in troopers' vehicles, allowing the State Police to further leverage its existing investment in Mobile 8 9 Office and to further reduce burden on communications 10 officers and to create a direct communication link between 11 tow operators and troopers in the field.

12 For years, taxpayers in Pennsylvania have paid to 13 fund the State Police's towing operations. Now with 14 AutoReturn, as part of this pilot program, the only people 15 who are paying for towing are those who receive the 16 service.

17 As I mentioned before, the amount of the fee to the customer is \$35, which gets split between Auto Return 18 and the towing company. The tax dollars that were being 19 20 spent on police towing operations can now be freed up for 21 other purposes.

> Our pilot program has been a success story. Next slide.

Starting with Erie, towing companies readily 24 joined our program, as they were reluctant to miss out on 25

towing opportunities. Here is a chart of the response times in the pilot area. The green dots or the green pins represent tow requests that were on scene within 35 minutes of the request. The yellow represents on scene within 60 minutes and the instances of red are on scene greater than 6 minutes.

7 Where the network is robust, there is proven success in improving response times. In other areas, the 8 9 results have not been quite as good due to lack of 10 participation. Network coverage is a key factor for the 11 system to work as designed. Gaining network coverage is an 12 incremental process not yet complete across the pilot area, 13 and we are addressing the challenge day-by-day. The 14 benefit to the citizens so far is that law enforcement 15 agencies are able to do what they do best -- keep people 16 safe -- by getting the PSP out of towing logistics.

17 We realize that implementing the AutoReturn system is a change to the status quo. Everyone 18 19 acknowledges that change can be difficult. Both the State 20 Police and AutoReturn are facing some unfortunate hostility 21 to this important public safety program. Since December, 22 there has been a small but motivated group of towing companies that fear change or want to maintain the status 23 24 quo, that have prosecuted a misinformation campaign and 25 continue to do so even when presented with the facts.

1 Led by these influential operators, a number of 2 other towing companies in Pennsylvania have refused to 3 participate in the pilot program. Through spreading misinformation and untrue allegations, that small handful 4 5 of operators has made some tow companies refuse to join our 6 program. Many have chosen not only to not join, but refuse 7 to take a phone call from us in lieu of a communications officer to perform a paid tow services in their area to 8 9 assist the public with no contract and no fee going to 10 AutoReturn causing increased response times and public 11 safety problems.

12 An example of the misinformation being spread and 13 untrue are stories that I personally own land in 14 Pennsylvania in anticipation of opening AutoReturn impound 15 facilities. People have been told that I own tow companies 16 and tow trucks. Nothing could be further from the truth. 17 I am not in the towing business. AutoReturn is not a towing company. We do not own a single tow truck. We are 18 19 a technology company laser-focused on one thing: law 20 enforcement towing logistics. That's all we do. 21 Logistics.

Another example of the misinformation that people are being told that we'll come in for one rate, but after a while, we're going to lower the maximum fee or we'll require everyone to buy a smartphone. It's not in our

interest to do this. We are not an auto club. We do not gain financially by putting downward pressure on rates because we are simply providing a logistics support to this important service.

5 Our opponents are also saying that 911 centers 6 can do what AutoReturn does more effectively. That is 7 simply not true. Just shifting the manual, laborious communication process for allocating tows from police 8 9 communications officers to 911 operators will not provide 10 any of the efficiencies of the AutoReturn approach I just 11 described. It just makes a different group of people as 12 overburdened by an inefficient process as the current 13 group. Somebody would still be responsible for maintaining 14 a tow company roster, verification of minimum requirements, 15 site inspections, and following up on requests for 16 information after the tow.

The public conversation has gone on out without us in a one-sided way so far. This ends today. Historically, we have not engaged the towing community at large. We have not had to in the past. Today, we finally have a public forum so the actual facts can be shared.

To begin with, we have worked successfully with the tow companies who have chosen to participate in the pilot program to change the dispatch model, simplify the contract, as well as respond to many other requests from 1 the State Police and the towers to make many other 2 adjustments during the pilot. We are doing in Pennsylvania what we have done with all of our other satisfied customers 3 in Indianapolis, Kansas City, Baltimore County, Concord, 5 California, San Diego, and San Francisco to optimize the 6 program for safety, efficiency, and public service.

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7 Across the country we have 100 percent agency referenceability. In 100 percent of our jurisdictions, 8 9 response times are reduced. Agencies get increased control 10 while reducing administrative burden. It's not just us 11 saying this, our contracts have been renewed at every 12 occasion, nine times and counting.

13 The fact is that modern logistics drives the 14 worldwide distribution of goods and services most 15 everywhere on the planet. Without this technology, we 16 would get no mail, UPS, or FedEx packages delivered. There 17 would be no online commerce or fresh food delivery at all times of the year. Modern logistics is here to stay. 18 No 19 one can argue that being able to instantaneously contact 20 and engage a statewide fleet of tow operators in service to 21 the needs of the public is a bad thing. AutoReturn is 22 bringing this to law enforcement towing.

23 We at AutoReturn are honored and grateful to have the opportunity to speak here today, to speak with those 24 25 who haven't talked with us before. We intend that everyone

listening in the room today leave the meeting with a clear
 understanding of the truth and renewed in the values of
 respect, fairness, efficiency, and public service, which we
 believe everyone here shares.

5 I'm personally very grateful to have had the time 6 before you, that you've given me the courtesy of your 7 attention. Thank you to the Pennsylvania State Police who 8 have allowed AutoReturn to help transform the way police 9 towing works in the Commonwealth and for how they keep the 10 public safe.

11 Thank you to the hardworking tow operators who 12 put themselves on the line every day clearing accidents 13 from the highways and side streets. We are grateful to be 14 working with you.

15 Mr. Chairman, that concludes my remarks. My team 16 and I will be glad to answer any questions you or the 17 Committee have for us at this time.

18 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.19 Chairman Marsico.

JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Thank you,
Mr. Chair.

22 Thanks for being here. Appreciate your time and 23 your testimony.

In your testimony you mentioned that you have alot of satisfied customers in other cities, Indianapolis,

1 Kansas City, Baltimore County, San Diego, San Francisco, and Concord, California. Well, how many States do you 2 contract with? Those are all cities. Are you contracting 3 with those States? 4 5 MR. WICKER: So the concept of having transparent 6 view into the location of tow trucks and facilities is a 7 universal truth and it works both in rural and urban areas. JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: So do you 8 9 contract with other States ---10 MR. WICKER: We do not. 11 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: ---other 12 State police departments? So this is the first State---13 MR. WICKER: That is correct. 14 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Okay. 15 Further, how do you select the towers? What is that 16 selection process like? Is it a rotation with the venders 17 that are contracted with? 18 MR. WICKER: So our systems and our processes 19 agree able to dispatch tow companies in many different 20 ways, and we do based on the rules set by or the 21 recommendations of the law enforcement agencies. So one of 22 the methods is the closest facility to the incident and 23 that is the method we're using here with some exceptions. 24 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Do you 25 rotate that closest? I mean there could be two towers that

are the same---

2	MR. WICKER: That's correct. So I think the
3	safest way to put it is you can always tweak your towing
4	algorithm but in the end you set clear rules and
5	consistently apply them and fairness is achieved. So I
6	believe your question is if two tow operators are nearby
7	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Yes.
8	MR. WICKER:how do you do that? Rotation
9	would be a very fair method.
10	JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Okay.
11	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
12	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.
13	Representative Stevenson.
14	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you,
15	Mr. Chairman.
16	Mr. Wicker, thank you for being here today. As
17	you know, one of the goals of this hearing is to continue
18	the dialogue between the towers, the State Police, and
19	AutoReturn in hopes of reaching a resolution to this issue.
20	I must say at the outset I'm disappointed in your
21	characterization of the motives of towers who don't agree
22	with this process. I think we're all looking for a
23	solution here. We're not looking at ways to point fingers
24	or make accusations. Do you understand why many of the
25	towers are reluctant to sign on with AutoReturn? I think

1 the State Police testimony indicated some of the tactics 2 used early on were not well received. Are you aware of 3 that?

4 MR. WICKER: I think the best way to answer that 5 question would be to let someone from our towing community 6 who is working with the program. The majority of the folks 7 that are opposing the program are not part of the program and have not participated and don't know what it's about. 8 9 And frankly my testimony is clear. There is a 10 misinformation campaign being prosecuted out there and I 11 wanted to make sure that was on the record.

12

Ken, would you like to share your thoughts?

13 MR. FISHER: I'll try. My name is Ken Fisher. Ι 14 own Eagle Auto Service and Collision Center right off 15 Interstate 79 up in Erie County, and we were invited along 16 with numerous other towing companies in our region to 17 attend a meeting concerning the pilot program. We were already a preapproved State Police towing facility. We 18 19 went through all the requirements that everyone else had to 20 up in the area and we were actively towing for the State 21 Police. And we went in and we were informed that the pilot 22 program was going to start up here in Troop E. We were 23 currently towing for Lawrence Park and Gerard Barracks.

24 So we in no way were coerced into joining this. 25 We were given the opportunity to either get on the list or 1 not. And looking at the pros and the cons of it from a 2 business standpoint, there was no reason for me not to get 3 on there. No one forced me to do this. We went through 4 the legal documentation concerning liability transfer. We put it up to our insurance company. We went through the 5 6 requirements that we were going to have to follow. We went 7 through the dispatching changes that we were going to have to comply with and decided it made sense to at least try. 8 9 We had nothing to lose.

10 So no one from AutoReturn put any undue pressure 11 on us one way or another to join or not, and there were 12 numerous tow companies in the area that decided not to. 13 That was their business decision. My business decision was 14 to get on board and frankly I'm glad I did.

15 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Mr. Wicker, my 16 question again is to you. Do you understand why the State 17 Police talked to you or talked to your company about this and about some of the comments that were made regarding---18 19

MR. WICKER: Sure.

20 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: --- some of the 21 pressure that was put on towers---

22 MR. WICKER: So I believe what you're referring 23 to is a conversation where someone from our organization 24 was making a comment to somebody to encourage them to join 25 saying the guy down the street has joined. You know, you

1 ought to consider joining from a business perspective. Ι think that's a completely reasonable -- well, tell you 2 3 what, let me take it a different way. My problem is not 4 with the majority of the folks in this room. I fully 5 respect and work with across the country many hundreds of 6 hardworking tow companies that do their jobs and I respect 7 that. Our problem is with the misinformation campaign being prosecuted by a small subset of towers that has 8 discouraged hardworking, honest tow companies from 9 10 participating in what could be a very good thing for them. 11 We are not taking business from tow operators. 12 We are simply providing a service to the State Police

12 We are simply providing a service to the state poince 13 allowing tow companies to take dispatch requests in a new 14 and different way, a more efficient way at no cost to them.

15 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Do you believe there 16 is a place for trust in the relationship between AutoReturn 17 and the independent businesses who you work with?

18 MR. WICKER: I think I made that very clear in my 19 testimony. We stand for, first, public safety. We stand 20 for efficiency. We stand for respect and a fair 21 distribution of tows. That's what we stand for.

22 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: In that regard, let me 23 ask a couple questions about the process itself if I may. 24 You're dealing with an area of rural Pennsylvania which is 25 much different from Baltimore County or cities in California and so forth, an area which is somewhat remote.
And my understanding is you use a GPS system to dispatch
these tows in this rural area. Have you found that to be
successful? There are no problems with that?

5 MR. WICKER: Okay. Let me share again our 6 dispatch approach. So our dispatch approach is very 7 flexible. In cases where partners choose to use smartphones and GPS information is available, that 8 9 information can only help in the effective dispatch of a 10 tow request. However, in the absence of that information 11 or using different dispatch algorithms, a suitable tow 12 company can be dispatched again more efficiently than 13 through manual methods. So I believe the method we're 14 using in rural areas where cell phone reception is spotty 15 is closest facility to the tow request.

16 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: And how do you ensure 17 that the proper equipment is being sent to the scene to 18 make sure that the tower first of all has the equipment 19 necessary for, say, a heavy tow and how do you make sure 20 that equipment is being dispatched to that scene?

21 MR. WICKER: I mean in the dispatch request, just 22 as if the communications officer were making the call to 23 the tow company, they are providing the same information in 24 our systems and that information is being relayed. So it's 25 the exact same way that it's happened always is the details

1 of the required equipment are put in the request. REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: 2 Thank you, 3 Mr. Chairman. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 4 5 Representative Costa. REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 6 7 Thank you, gentlemen, for being here. My first concern in this is public safety. 8 You 9 say that your company is in direct communications with 10 State troopers, their laptops, and stuff like that. Well, 11 that's all well and good. As a former police officer, I've 12 been out on the road and I know these kids. They're new cars are all decked out, look like fighter pilots, but the 13 14 laptop is no good when you're standing on the side of the 15 road out in the cold. You need radio communications. So 16 that's a public safety issue for me, for the emergency 17 responders, for the tow truck drivers that are responding, and for the officers that are on scene, which I don't know 18 19 how in any way, shape, or form you'll be able to work that 20 out. 21 Secondly, you say you're not in the towing

business but I have information that you have an impound place in Indianapolis. So are you going to expand to impounding here in Pennsylvania?

MR. WICKER: Would you like me to take those one

25

at a time?

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2 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes, if you would, please. 3 MR. WICKER: Okay. So you are correct. The 4 beauty of using the laptop capability in the vehicle is a 5 lot of information about the tow has already been recorded 6 and it's basically a tow button you get to push with very 7 little additional information, and that then can get immediately electronically dispatched based on the business 8 9 rules to the appropriate tow operator. It's a very 10 efficient process. This does not preclude an officer in 11 the field of course from radioing in to his communications 12 center and having them enter the request and getting nearly 13 the same efficiencies. I hope that's clear.

14 Now, on to our impound operations. It is true. 15 In some municipalities where there is -- this is the 16 combination -- when there is a high volume of tows in a 17 very small square area, square miles, oftentimes municipalities want to control the impound locations and 18 19 would prefer to have a centralized impound rather than an 20 impound spread around that municipality. And in those 21 cases when cities look for that type of service, we do 22 provide that. We do that in two places: in San Francisco 23 that tows 50,000 tows in a 50-square-mile area, and in 24 Indianapolis, which tows a similar number in a slightly 25 larger area.

1 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. Can you---MR. WICKER: We have no intention of opening 2 impound facilities as a result of this contract. That's a 3 4 fear that's been raised, and so as one of the moves of the 5 pilot is we actually put that into our contract to allay 6 those fears. But yet the folks prosecuting the 7 misinformation campaign continue to bring that up as our evil, sinister approach. 8

9 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes, but don't you think 10 that you should have brought it up? I know when I ran for 11 office my negatives came out first. I put them out there 12 if that's going to be a negative. You said clearly that 13 you have no business, you're not in the towing business, 14 you don't do that, and then I have to question you and say 15 you are. And now you're saying that you are.

16 MR. WICKER: No, I am absolutely no. I have
17 never towed a vehicle.

18 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: No, you don't tow a 19 vehicle. Okay. Semantics. You're using words. You are 20 in the business of impounding. It's still related to the 21 towing business in my interpretation of this.

22 MR. WICKER: Representative, with all due 23 respect, our business is to be efficient and to help local 24 tow operators be efficient in the execution of tows. 25 Whether it's to distributed facilities like in Pennsylvania

or centralized facilities like we have in San Francisco and
 Indianapolis, our job is towing logistics.

REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: If I can, Chairman, just a
 statement and then I'll close.

5

VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay.

REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: All right. Sir, sometimes 6 7 public safety is a cost. It's a major cost to all 8 communities. And for us as a government, to ensure public 9 safety is above all. I think this pilot program is a slap 10 in the face to public safety. It's a slap in the face to 11 our emergency responders. It's a slap in the face and your 12 arrogance of what you said about these people, these 13 hardworking towers, because they don't agree with you, just 14 because they don't agree with you, they're rogues. That's 15 not the case. Everybody's in business. They've invested a 16 lot of money. It's not about them with me, okay? It's about everyone. It's about the Commonwealth of 17 Pennsylvania and doing things safely. 18

I totally disagree with this pilot program. It's a pilot but it keeps extending through the State. How much of a pilot program are we going to have? If I have anything to do with it, we're going to bring this to a halt and we're going to move forward in a better way of doing this structure. I know it's not all you. I know it's part of the State Police. But public safety is a cost that we

1 in government must incur, okay? And it doesn't mean farming it out or giving it to another private company. 2 I'd rather see the \$23,500 that you've made in Pennsylvania 3 already go to our 911 centers. 4 I totally am astounded by your disrespect to the 5 6 other towers just because they don't agree with you. 7 That's all I have to say. Thank you, Chairman. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Chairman Sainato 8 9 for a question. 10 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 11 12 Is AutoReturn responsible for the background 13 checks of the registered towers? 14 MR. WICKER: I believe Colonel Bivens mentioned 15 in his testimony that the State Police still do the 16 background checks. 17 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Okay. Now, how do you know when you hire these towers that they are up to 18 19 those standards? I mean do you meet with them? Do you 20 talk with them? I mean what relationships do you have with 21 them? 22 MR. WICKER: So of the 22 existing Pennsylvania 23 State towers that were already vetted, they met the 24 requirements, and the 21 new towers went through the exact 25 same process that the 22 towers had gone through previously

1 which involved background checks, inspection of facilities, 2 inspection of equipment, and adequate insurance. Matter of 3 fact, we assign ourselves as additional insureds on their 4 policy so we can ensure that the policies are in force. 5 VA& EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: I asked because 6 I had asked the State Police. I'm going to ask you the 7 same thing. They're not all Pennsylvania towers. How many do you use from out-of-state? 8 9 MR. WICKER: We use two out-of-state tow 10 operators. They're both in Ohio and they were both part of 11 the Pennsylvania State Police program prior to the pilot. 12 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Okay. And are 13 you having problems filling all the towers? 14 MR. WICKER: I'm sorry? 15 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Are you having 16 problems filling -- I mean it's a rural area as 17 Representative Stevenson said and you have towers who are not signing up. 18 19 MR. WICKER: Okay. If you can refer to the slide 20 that's in your packet, and John's going to put this up on 21 the screen. So I would say that our response has been 22 directly proportional to network participation. So where we have a robust network, what we're seeing is very good 23 24 response times. Where we're seeing response times that can 25 be improved are in areas where we have less of a network.

But every day, every week the network improves, and if you were to look at this thing over time, we're seeing more and more green across more and more of the pilot area.

4 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Because when I 5 look at it here, I mean a lot of it's up in Erie and I'm 6 down there in Lawrence County and I'm looking and there's 7 not a whole lot there.

8 MR. WICKER: I believe Kittanning we have three 9 new towers coming on board and so I expect to see those 10 areas of yellow and red improve. And that's the purpose of 11 the pilot is to create improvement. In every jurisdiction 12 where we're ever gone, we've gone in and improvements have 13 occurred over time.

14 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: I ask that 15 because I know that where I'm at there's a lot of good 16 towers and my recommendation would be try to work with 17 these people because they're very good towers. They've been in business for many, many years. And just from what 18 19 I'm listening to and hearing I mean I'm here to listen and 20 to learn and towers will be coming up, but I still think 21 that these people have been doing it for many years. And 22 we ask about the response time. These people are on the ground. They've been doing it for years. They know where 23 24 everything is at. I mean wouldn't that make sense?

25

MR. WICKER: We are trying to work with every

1 single tower. Our invitation extends to every single 2 Pennsylvania State Police tower, and the ones that have chosen to work with us are the ones that have resulted in 3 4 the response times that you see here. But we continue to 5 be willing to work with everyone in this room, including 6 our opposition. 7 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: What happens when you have a bad tower? I mean how do you deal with 8 9 that I mean if someone's not doing what they're supposed to 10 be doing? 11 MR. WICKER: A bad tower? 12 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes. 13 MR. WICKER: I'm not sure I like to characterize 14 bad tower, but one of the great things about collection of 15 data is you can evaluate scenarios based on a large pool of

16 data, not just anecdotal incidents. So if you see a
17 particular tower who is consistently late for response
18 times or is consistently turning down tows, then you can
19 address those issues through coaching. And what we've
20 found is that coaching has been a very effective method for
21 us in creating effective networks.

22 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: All right.23 Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Chairman Marsico

for questions.

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JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Thank you,
Mr. Chair.

Going back to the process, when a person who needs a tow who has a service they could use for free, for example, if they have a manufacturer's warranty or they're a member of AAA, do they have an option to use that service?

MR. WICKER: I believe they do.

10 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: So how does 11 that work then? Walk me through the process. If I need a 12 tow, I have a manufacturer's warranty, do I then pay the 13 \$35.

MR. WICKER: No. The \$35 is only paid on a subset of tows. It's tows where a tow is actually completed. There is no fee paid for roadside assistance, what you're referring to as an owner-request tow, those sorts of tows.

And again, this is to protect the tow operator. The model is if the tow operator is able to collect the fee, then we collect our fee with the model being to never have a tow company come out of pocket one penny to be part of this program. And I don't think that's been clearly communicated.

25

JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Okay. Just

1 to follow up, can the customer then designate to where the vehicle is towed or does AutoReturn make that call? 2 3 MR. WICKER: In the case of an owner-request tow, the customer dictates where that tow goes. In the case of 4 5 a Pennsylvania Police authorized tow, the tow operator tows 6 it to their facility. 7 JUDICIARY MAJORITY CHAIRMAN MARSICO: Okay. 8 Thanks. 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 10 Mr. Chairman. 11 Representative Rapp. 12 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Thank you, sir, for being 13 here today. 14 I was looking at your map and I did receive some 15 correspondence from Lieutenant Krol, who is with the 16 Pennsylvania State Police. I was specifically interested 17 in of course my district, which is Warren, Forest, currently McKean. In looking at your map I see nothing in 18 19 Warren County, so is there no one there currently 20 participating in the program? 21 MR. WICKER: So the Pennsylvania State Police is 22 rolling this pilot out in stations once we feel there is 23 sufficient coverage in that station, and Warren County has 24 not reached that point. 25 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: And, again, I will share

1 some of the comments that some of the legislators have with the program because I have several areas in Warren County 2 3 going over into Crawford and going over into McKean and Elk 4 where I can drive 45 minutes with not even cell phone 5 coverage, so that certainly is a concern of mine. 6 And obviously the charts, the larger the network, 7 the better the response; the weaker the network, the slower 8 response. But I do have people attending here from my 9 district and they do have many concerns that have been 10 shared here just to let you know up front. And have you 11 turned down any tow operators that have wanted to work in 12 partnership with you? 13 MR. WICKER: None that have met the minimum 14 requirements set by the Pennsylvania State Police. 15 REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: Okay. Thank you. 16 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 18 Representative Gillen. 19 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Thank you very much again 20 for your distinguished testimony. 21 I just had a couple brief questions with regard 22 to your business model. I think you had mentioned San Francisco as a city that you operate in, and I think I 23 recall you saying that you had 50,000 tows in San 24 25 Francisco. Is that accurate?

1	MR. WICKER: That's right.
2	REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: And you control the
3	impound lots in San Francisco. In Pennsylvania we get
4	\$22.50 per tow, correct? What would that number be in San
5	Francisco?
6	MR. WICKER: Excuse me? \$22.50 per tow times
7	50,000.
8	REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: No. It's exactly the
9	same number?
10	MR. WICKER: Oh, I'm sorry. What's our rate in
11	San Francisco?
12	REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Yes.
13	MR. WICKER: It's a completely different model.
14	The model in San Francisco is we collect the money from two
15	sources. One is when a customer claims their vehicle and
16	then vehicles that go unclaimed, we dispose of it through
17	the California lien laws. And then we pay the
18	municipality, we pay the tow operator, we pay the labor
19	force. It's a completely different model. This is what we
20	call our logistics model.
21	REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Okay. It strikes me, if
22	there's any relationship at all between the \$22.50 and the
23	impound lot, it strikes me that you would be receiving a
24	preponderance of your income from the impound lots in San
25	Francisco?

1 MR. WICKER: I mean I'm not sure I follow. REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: Well, if---2 3 MR. WICKER: I mean the high level business model 4 is, the logistics model, it's \$22.50 per towed vehicle is 5 our revenue line. Our cost line is small relative to an 6 operation where we're running the impound lot where the 7 revenue per vehicle is in the \$200 plus per vehicle but the costs are in the \$180 to \$190 range, much higher costs per 8 9 vehicle. 10 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: The reason I'm asking the 11 question in terms of how you represented the service that 12 you offered, if you had something close to \$22.50 and 13 you're asserting the model is different out there, it'd be 14 about \$1 million worth of revenue on a 50,000 vehicle 15 model. But if you just throw out a number \$100 on an 16 impound lot, I'm sure it's substantively more than \$22.50. 17 Then it would be a \$5 million revenue stream. It strikes me that your revenue stream in San Francisco, and maybe 18 19 it's a legitimate concern here, is substantively coming 20 from what would be traditionally the purview or oversight 21 of tow operators versus the actual tow fee as compared to 22 the impound lot fee. It strikes me that the service that 23 you're offering goes far beyond logistics and technical 24 assistance to an actual arena that tow operators have a 25 substantive revenue stream in Pennsylvania.

MR. WICKER: I'm not sure I follow the question
 but I'll try and answer what I think you're asking.
 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: It's partly a statement,
 too.

5 MR. WICKER: So our key value in my opinion is 6 the application of technology and business process to this 7 industry that needs some. And the application of technology to the dispatch function does two things. 8 One, 9 it allows disparate tow operators in a large geographic 10 area to be sort of combined into one single virtual fleet 11 that then law enforcement can engage to pick the right 12 company to fulfill a public safety request.

13 How our technology benefits on the back end is in 14 the customer service function going through sophisticated 15 call centers and queues and systems that allow us to track 16 customer requests. We have queue systems that monitor the 17 lines so when you wait in line for your vehicle to get picked up, it's like Hertz Gold Service; instead of 18 19 standing in a line in an inefficient release process, our 20 average customers wait 73 seconds in that other model.

Also, the application of following a car through the lien process if it goes unclaimed and selling it through a proper regulatory process and submitting fees in excess of your towing and storage fees to the appropriate municipal and State agencies is all part of things that 1 systems can play a tremendous effect and have.

2 REPRESENTATIVE GILLEN: The technology is welcome 3 and we appreciate that. I think the prospect of future 4 competition is what concerns some of the folks that are in 5 this room. And based on the San Francisco business model, 6 it appears there's a significant revenue stream coming from 7 an arena which would represent competition to some of the 8 operators in this room.

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Thank you, sir.

10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative
11 James.

12 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,13 Mr. Wicker.

14 I've been involved since January of this year in 15 trying to understand what the benefit was to the 16 Pennsylvania State Police in taking this step to begin with 17 and I'm still collecting facts. Thank you.

Originally, it sounded like it would free up the time of some of the dispatchers. Perhaps that's not really going to be much of a benefit to them. But ultimately today I think we heard that the primary goal was to avoid upwards of \$1 million annual litigation, which they're experiencing from tow responders who are dissatisfied with their service, which gets me around to my question.

Are you experiencing any kind of litigation

problems in some of your other areas? And if it ends up costing you \$1 million once it's statewide here, is this something you're interested in doing or will you terminate your contract?

5 MR. WICKER: I mean we do have legal expense. 6 It's managed as part of our business but I actually think 7 the real questions goes back to is the benefit in the 8 efficient dispatching? And I believe it really is. And I 9 said it in my testimony and I quess reading it doesn't 10 create the energy around it, but having a real-time view 11 into where the assets are deployed across a State when 12 there's an emergency only provides data to make better 13 decisions, and those better decisions result in decreased 14 response times and increased public safety. And that's 15 just a truism and it's happened that way everywhere we go 16 and we continue to see it in this pilot and we're going to 17 continue to see it as our network grows.

18 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Nothing else,19 Mr. Chairman. Thank you.

20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you,
21 Representative.

Representative Hackett.

22

23 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
24 This is for the gentleman from the towing
25 business. I'm sorry I forgot your name.

1 MR. FISHER: Ken Fisher. REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Ken Fisher. Ken, do you 2 3 also tow for local municipalities? 4 MR. FISHER: Yes, that's correct. 5 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. About how long 6 have you been doing that? 7 MR. FISHER: About two years. 8 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. How long have you 9 been in business? I'm sorry. 10 MR. FISHER: Well, I have several businesses. 11 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. The towing 12 business. 13 MR. FISHER: The towing business? Two years. 14 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Two years. Okay. Over 15 the past two years that you've been towing for the local 16 municipalities, how do you get your dispatch jobs? How do 17 you receive them? MR. FISHER: If it's for a local, the individual 18 19 that needs towed will actually call us. 20 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Let's talk police tows. 21 So police tows for those local municipalities, how do they 22 come about? MR. FISHER: The police departments for the local 23 municipalities don't call us. They have their own tow 24 25 operators in their own municipalities.

1 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: So you're not towing for the local police municipalities? 2 3 MR. FISHER: No. If somebody's double-parked or something, no, we do not do that. 4 5 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: No, how about a crash, 6 an accident for the local---7 MR. FISHER: If it's a crash if it's in PSP 8 area---9 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: No, it's not. It's in 10 the local municipality where they have their own police 11 department. 12 MR. FISHER: No. If they called us, we would, 13 but right now we do not. 14 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. But you don't 15 have a contract with a local municipality---16 MR. FISHER: That is correct, no. 17 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: --- to handle their 18 police tows? 19 MR. FISHER: No, we do not. 20 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: You're only doing State 21 work there? 22 MR. FISHER: State and private towing. 23 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: State and private. 24 Okay. So then you wouldn't have knowledge of how those 25 calls are dispatched to the local police---

1 MR. FISHER: I do not. REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: --- for those tows? 2 Do 3 you hear any rumor? How do you think they're getting 4 dispatched? 5 MR. FISHER: I would guess now, I would imagine 6 that the local police would call their dispatcher and the 7 dispatcher would call the tow company. 8 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okav. And your 9 experience of that maybe hearing stuff on the radio or 10 seeing some incidents, does that seem to be going okay? 11 MR. FISHER: Could you ask that again? 12 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: In the local 13 municipalities for those police departments being 14 dispatched, I mean do you see any problems there? Can you 15 give me any feedback of what the industry is feeling as to 16 that respect? 17 MR. FISHER: I cannot. I do believe that the same companies that are towing for PSP tow for the local 18 19 municipalities. 20 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. And they don't 21 have any problems, and again, maybe this might not be---22 MR. FISHER: I'm not qualified to answer that. 23 REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: The other tow quy, I'm 24 sorry, you're also a tower? Do you tow for local 25 municipalities?

1 MR. HARNISH: No. REPRESENTATIVE HACKETT: Okay. Just a comment, 2 3 Mr. Chairman. Mr. Wicker, I do agree with you that Pennsylvania 4 5 State Police should not be in the towing business, okay, 6 but I disagree that the 911 centers aren't doing a bang-up 7 job at dispatching to the scene tow trucks that those local municipalities which they represent are asking for. And I 8 9 believe that's working quite well. But this is very 10 interesting. Thank you for your time there, Mr. Chairman. 11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Mr. Fisher, can 12 I follow up with a couple of questions if you would, 13 please. 14 MR. FISHER: Very well. 15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: When you signed 16 with AutoReturn, your fee schedule towing rates, are they the same today as they were when you were towing basically 17 for the State Police? 18 19 MR. FISHER: We adjusted them slightly. Some 20 went up slightly, some went down slightly based on the 21 maximum, the recommendations from AutoReturn. However, we 22 had already had rates established and I'm not going to say 23 by the Pennsylvania State Police. They were recommended 24 rates and guidelines that we followed prior to being with 25 AutoReturn. They were within 5 percent of our current

rates.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Do you 2 3 maintain a different rate schedule for non-AutoReturn or 4 non-State Police tows that you do? 5 MR. FISHER: We do not. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: 6 The 7 administration fee, can you tell us how you administer 8 that, the administration fee for AutoReturn to get their 9 \$35. 10 MR. FISHER: If we get a call for a tow, once we 11 enter the data into the system, if it's a roadside 12 assistance or if it's just pull them out of a ditch and 13 away they go, we enter it as such and there is no fee going 14 to AutoReturn, zero. If we actually tow it back to our 15 facility or tow it to another garage, the fee is on our 16 books as \$35. We have an account that once every two weeks 17 they will do a direct withdrawal from that account, send us an email. It's all electronic. 18 19 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So when I get my 20 bill for towing, when my car is towed in an accident and I 21 show up at your shop to recover my car, I get charged for 22 the tow, the storage, an administration fee---23 MR. FISHER: That's correct. 24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: --- on top of 25 that.

1 MR. FISHER: That's exactly what it says, yes. Right, administration fee. 2 VA& EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So the consumers 3 4 of Pennsylvania are being charged basically \$35 for a 5 service today that currently they aren't paying for. Is 6 \$35 a fair fee? Do you do emission inspections at your 7 facility? 8 MR. FISHER: We do. 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And that phone 10 call to send that data to the State costs you how much? 11 MR. FISHER: I don't know that. 12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: \$1.35 I think it 13 is---14 MR. FISHER: I don't know that. 15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---to report 16 that but we're going to allow another company to come in and charge \$35 for a phone call. Basically you're going to 17 get a phone call from them telling you to respond to a tow, 18 19 where and how, and it just seems like an awful lot of money 20 to me. 21 If I can, Mr. Wicker, can we talk a little bit 22 about your rate schedule? How do you establish that? Is it a regional rate schedule or is there one rate schedule 23 24 for -- I mean Pennsylvania is a large State. Is it one 25 rate schedule for the whole State of Pennsylvania or will

1 it be---2 MR. WICKER: Are you talking about the rate 3 schedule that the towers charge the customers? 4 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. 5 MR. WICKER: It's regional. 6 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: How many 7 regions? MR. WICKER: That is actually continuing to be 8 9 worked out. There's no set program right now. 10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. And then 11 it says in your contract that there are exceptions allowed 12 in the fee schedule? 13 MR. WICKER: Yes, there are. 14 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Who determines 15 that this tow came under an exception? 16 MR. WICKER: The tow operator. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: The tow 18 operator? 19 MR. WICKER: Actually, this is a great 20 opportunity to share sort of the framework of the rates. 21 So when we came in and they asked us to put reasonable 22 maximums in place, we took the information that tow 23 operators had already provided the Pennsylvania State 24 Police and we hashed through that data and submitted to the 25 subset that we approached in I believe it was October or

1 November what do you think about this? And they came back with feedback that this is too low, this seems high, and we 2 3 based the continuing modifications of these rates based on input from the tow operator.

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5 Again, we're not an auto club and I really want 6 to stress that. Since we're not buying bulk tows and 7 that's not on our expense line, we're not motivated to push down the price for tows. Our job is to set reasonable 8 9 maximums in place. And here's the key: They only apply to 10 your standard tow. Extraordinary circumstances is a line 11 item, extraordinary circumstances, and that applies to 12 anything that falls outside the ordinary tow. So every tow 13 operator in this room is free to charge whatever they need 14 to charge for the vehicle that's down the ditch, down the 15 embankment and under the tree, whatever that is, and that 16 is not something we want to get involved in beyond allowing 17 the tow operator to charge what's reasonable and customary for that type of transaction. 18

19 And I think that's another piece of 20 misinformation that's been spread out there, that we're trying to---21

22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. So if I 23 charge a consumer a fee over and above the normal tow rate, 24 then you don't get involved? You don't dispute that with 25 them? You don't call them up or they don't get a letter

1 from you---2 MR. WICKER: No. 3 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---saying we 4 think you're overcharging---5 MR. WICKER: No. 6 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: --- on these 7 fees? MR. WICKER: No. Now, let's be clear. Let's say 8 9 that one tow operator had an extraordinary circumstance 10 every single time, right, that would show up in our data 11 and we might begin to look at that in an odd way. However, 12 again, disagreeing with Representative Costa's comments, I 13 have the utmost respect and work with across the country 14 tow operators and I believe that extraordinary 15 circumstances happen all the time and it's not our business 16 to get involved in that. And tow operators should be free 17 to charge what is normal and customary for whatever the job is without interference from some auto return group looking 18 19 at their fees and doing a unilateral decision on it. 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: If a tower is 21 charging in the exception area above normal times according 22 to your calculations and you dispute that with them, what process then do you use to bring that tower back in line? 23 24 Is there a due process in place?

MR. WICKER: Sure.

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 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Do you penalize

 2
 him.

MR. WICKER: Yes.

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4 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Do you remove
5 him from the list.

6 MR. WICKER: Sure. Okay. So we would never look 7 at a tow and say that's out of line. They put 8 extraordinary circumstance; we weren't at the scene, we 9 don't have information, we don't know what happened. So 10 what could happen, however, is a customer could come and 11 say, you know what? I don't like that fee. And then again 12 we try to come to a resolution and if we can't, we use a 13 simple arbitration process to get that resolved. We again 14 don't want to get in the middle of tow disputes between 15 citizens and tow operators.

16 Matter of fact, I think it's only happened once 17 since the pilot began and I don't recall the tow company. It may be here in this room; I'm not sure. But it was a 18 19 situation where there may have been some miscommunication. 20 The great thing is we had all the data. We had every 21 communication. We had the notes from the dispatcher, from 22 the police communication officer. We knew the time, we 23 knew every single thing about the tow. So weeks after this 24 tow had transpired we were able to go back and have the 25 actual data of everything that transpired to help us move

1 through this process.

And I apologize for not having great command of 2 3 the details, but this was a case where a person was on the 4 side of the road, they needed some gasoline, and the tow 5 truck operator who showed up did not bring gasoline. 6 Perhaps the trooper said they would bring gasoline but the 7 regulations actually say you don't have to carry gasoline due to safety concerns. I know some people do. But in 8 9 this case the person did not and they towed it to a 10 facility. I believe the charge was \$244. It was two hours 11 of time or maybe it was three hours. Long and short of it 12 is we took one look at it and said it seems reasonable to 13 us and the citizen obviously could go take a further course 14 of action but we agreed with the tow operator.

15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So if there's a 16 consumer complaint, this consumer complaint is settled by 17 you with an arbitration board?

18 MR. WICKER: If there's a consumer complaint, if 19 they can't resolve it themselves, it goes through an 20 arbitration process that we only administer; we don't vote 21 on. How's that for a way to describe it?

22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Then how is it23 resolved? Who administers it?

24 MR. WICKER: Well, we set the framework in place. 25 Again, we don't want to be at odds with the tow companies,

1 so our goal is not to get in and say we think this. 2 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okav. 3 MR. WICKER: Right. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: If the tower has 4 5 a complaint, who do they go to? 6 MR. WICKER: Describe a type of complaint. 7 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I quess if they're not getting paid, if they feel they're removed from 8 9 a towing list, if you're not calling the tower in the 10 closest available tow---11 MR. WICKER: Right. 12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---where does 13 that complaint go? Does it go to your arbitration board? 14 MR. WICKER: It certainly can, yes. So at first 15 it goes to us; we try to resolve it. And then it goes to 16 arbitration. We've been to arbitration in our history 17 three times. John? 18 MR. PENDLETON: I mean it's less than five. MR. WICKER: Three times. I nailed it. 19 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Am I 21 right in asking you to become an AutoReturn tower, the 22 tower must sign his rights to sue away? 23 MR. WICKER: Okay. 24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I think 25 that's---

MR. WICKER: Well, I mean---

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2 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---a question of 3 yes or no, not---

MR. WICKER: Actually, I prefer to answer it in a 4 5 -- the cost of litigation is painful so there was one way 6 to -- well, the best way to reduce litigation costs is to 7 come to agreement. So again we've only been to arbitration three times so that kind of gives you a sense with over a 8 9 million tows we've been to arbitration three times. Τ 10 think that gives you a sense of what type of company we 11 are, how we care about respect and fairness.

Yes, you are asked to sign an arbitration clauseto make the process of resolving disputes less costly.

VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: If you fail to do proper inspections according to your contract with the PSP, proper inspections of the towers, making sure that they have their criminal background checks and that they meet all the requirements of the field regulation -- what is it, AR 6-2 -- what penalty is there for you in the contract that you've signed with the State Police?

21 MR. WICKER: Our contract is very brief. It just 22 refers to different codes, so it would be whatever 23 administrative rights the State has.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: How is the25 inspection process working now? Apparently you've brought

1 in a lot of new towers---2 MR. WICKER: Twenty-one. VA& EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---that have 3 4 never qualified for the State Police before but now all of 5 a sudden qualify. MR. WICKER: Well, I would choose to characterize 6 7 it as didn't choose to work with the State Police before 8 for a variety of reasons. I would not say that they didn't 9 qualify. 10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can---11 MR. WICKER: But, yes, we've gone through the 12 inspection process. 13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can you give us 14 that number, the number of how many of the people working 15 for you currently today that did not qualify before with 16 the State Police now work for you? 17 MR. WICKER: I can get that number for you. I don't have that number. 18 19 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Could you supply 20 that to the Committee? 21 MR. WICKER: Certainly. 22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. I appreciate it. 23 24 How many out-of-state towers do you have working 25 in the pilot program?

1 MR. WICKER: I believe someone asked that 2 question. We have two. They're both in Ohio and they were 3 both existing Pennsylvania State Police towers prior to the 4 pilot. 5 VA& EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I think a lot of 6 the towers, especially when you go statewide -- I think 7 maybe it's more common in the Southeast -- a lot of the towers tow for the State Police and they also tow for 8 9 municipalities around the State and I know in my 10 legislative district quite a few of the municipalities have 11 separate contracts with a designated tower. So then that 12 tower would be required to basically have an AR rate 13 schedule and also then have a municipal rate schedule which 14 there may be a difference between the two rate schedules. 15 The consumer might be paying more or less under your rate 16 schedule. Is it fair to the consumer that a tower has to 17 maintain basically two rate schedules? 18 MR. WICKER: I'm not sure how to answer that 19 question, sir. 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: An abandoned 21 vehicle, when a tower in Pennsylvania tows an abandoned 22 vehicle, and correct me if I'm wrong, from the best of my knowledge, I think the tower, you would dispatch abandoned 23

vehicle calls from the State Police, right, that someone just leaves their car on the side of the road and walks

1 away from it? 2 MR. WICKER: I believe that is a reason code that 3 is part of the State Police. 4 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. 5 MR. WICKER: Yes. 6 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And under the 7 current law I think they get \$15 for that tow. Would they be assessed that \$35 fee from your company if they 8 9 successfully complete that transaction of towing an 10 abandoned vehicle? 11 MR. WICKER: No. 12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So there's no 13 way to collect that \$35 fee. So pretty much you're saying all abandoned vehicles in the State we're not charging for? 14 15 There's very little---16 MR. WICKER: We are not collecting our \$22.50 on 17 that. We don't believe it's fair to charge the tow operator an administrative fee if they are not able to 18 19 collect the fees from a consumer. 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 21 MR. WICKER: And again, I think this is part of 22 the misinformation campaign that's been prosecuted and I really relish the opportunity to get this information on 23 24 the record to again the hardworking tow companies that are 25 here hearing from us for the first time.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And that's why we wanted to have the hearing. Believe me, we hear from 2 I mean we've heard from the State Police and 3 both sides. 4 other entities of tower activity that they don't approve 5 of. We've heard from the towers that there's activity 6 taking place here. I've complained for years about a lack 7 of a due process for our towers under the State contract and under the municipal contract. So the main purpose of 8 9 the hearing is to try to get to some of that information.

10 MR. WICKER: I think if you talk to our towers 11 across the country, what you'll find is that initially they 12 all feared us. I mean they all feared a new entity they 13 did not know, they did not understand. They didn't have a 14 track record with us and it was scary. And we understand 15 and respect that. And historically we haven't again done 16 outreach to the towing community at large because we would 17 again engage the towing community that we worked with and then they would turn around and become staunch supporters 18 19 of ours.

As a matter of fact, the headwinds we faced in Pennsylvania have actually changed our marketing approach nationwide. We're actually attending the Las Vegas Tow Show. Actually I'm flying there on Friday. It's Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. We're addressing for the first time the public tow companies at large to sort of dispel the

1 rumors. Because again, as I mentioned in my testimony,
2 it's been a one-sided conversation we have chosen not to
3 participate in the conversation because we haven't had to,
4 and now we are.

5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Thank 6 you. One last question. I know Chairman Marsico built on 7 this but while he was asking the question, things were popping into my brain, questions to follow up on. But the 8 9 current call, the 911 center, there's an accident on the 10 highway. The 911 center is called by the motorist or a 11 passing motorist sees the accident, calls the 911 center. 12 That call then in certain areas will then be transferred to 13 a State Police communications officer who then on their 14 computer will pull up your software that will locate then 15 to them the closest tower or is that done in your facility 16 in California? You ge the call from the PCO and then your people then send a dispatch either by email or phone call 17 or whatever to the following---18

MR. WICKER: So I believe in that situation the police communications officer would dispatch a trooper and that trooper would arrive and assess the scene and determine if there were a need for a tow truck.

But I want to highlight one point. You guys keep calling it goes to California. I would say across our network 90 percent of the tows are handled electronically.

1 And that's really the power and the beauty of the system is whether it be radioed in by a trooper in the field or 2 entered into their mobile data terminal in their trooper's 3 4 vehicle or a parking control officer enters it in their 5 systems. 6 Ninety percent of the time the system determines 7 through a fair process who the right driver is with the appropriate equipment who's available to take the tow 8 9 instantaneously and sends a digital request to that 10 operator. And if the operator has chosen not to take 11 digital requests, a phone call goes to that chosen 12 operator. And that's---13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: How long between 14 that?

MR. WICKER: Milliseconds.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. So I get an email or I get a contact on my iPhone says I need you Route 1202 accident. How do you determine what the appropriate piece of equipment is if you can't see it? Does the officer---

21 MR. WICKER: The trooper or the communication22 officer does.

23 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: He'll say a
24 light wrecker or heavy wrecker or whatever--25 MR. WICKER: Correct. Yes.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---type of 2 wrecker is needed then at that point? 3 MR. WICKER: Yes. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. So 4 5 then---6 MR. WICKER: I mean I wish---7 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---an email 8 comes in, I don't respond to it. I mean is it two minutes 9 later---10 MR. WICKER: Exactly---11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---is it three 12 seconds later---13 MR. WICKER: Thank you for the opportunity to 14 answer that. So we spent a great deal of time thinking 15 through that process. So instantaneously -- I mean I'm not prepared for a demo -- but if we were sitting here with our 16 17 automated dispatch system and hit the send button, if the chosen company is set up for the mobile device, that cell 18 19 phone rings nearly instantaneously. Is it less than a second, John? 20 21 MR. PENDLETON: It's like between one and five 22 seconds. 23 MR. WICKER: Between one and five seconds the 24 phone goes off and it makes a loud noise. And that's one 25 of the annoyances of the existing operators that they want

1 us to get a better volume button that. We'll get that
2 handled.

3 That operator then has some period of time to answer that response. I believe it's one minute. Now, 4 5 there are two situations that typically transpire. One is 6 they're holding it in their hand, they see it, and they 7 don't hit the right button but they actually intend to head toward the tow. The other situation is it's sitting in 8 9 their car, they're outside of their vehicle and something's 10 happening and they're not getting that thing.

11 So what we've chosen to do at that time is stop 12 the automation. Now, it's time for a human being to get 13 involved for a variety of reasons. They could be in a bad 14 cell zone. There could be no data communication in that 15 area. So our work flow system basically says if one minute 16 -- or is it two, John?

17 MR. PENDLETON: In different regions the alert18 comes in one or two minutes.

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MR. WICKER: Right.

20 MR. PENDLETON: And then the second alert---21 MR. WICKER: So the work flow, if it's not going 22 according to plan, an AutoReturn dispatcher gets involved 23 and makes a phone call instantly to that guy. If they 24 don't answer, they'll call the station center. The long 25 and short of it is they, using human skills, determine

1 whether that company is capable of responding to the request or not, and if they're not, they have a map, they 2 3 have situational awareness, and based on the business rules 4 the next person gets dispatched. And the same thing 5 transpires. The alert comes to their device if they've 6 signed up for that program. Again, you don't have to have 7 a smartphone. It could come to your land phone and you press 1 to accept the tow. 8 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: But how can you 10 tell us that that system is going to result in faster 11 response time? 12 MR. WICKER: It has everywhere we've gone. 13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I mean directly 14 to 911 to the trooper---15 MR. WICKER: It has---16 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---who currently 17 dispatches -- if I can ask a question---18 MR. WICKER: Sorry. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---if the 19 20 trooper dispatches the towing operator, the CPO dispatches 21 the towing operator, it cuts out the middleman. We're 22 bringing in a layer of bureaucracy into this operation---23 MR. WICKER: I don't believe the 911 operator---24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: 25 ---has [indiscernible] results---

1 MR. WICKER: This is my understanding and I don't want to overstep my bounds here, but I believe the 911 2 3 operator sends a trooper to assess the situation, and that 4 trooper has to determine what the needs are. The passing 5 motorist isn't going to say I need a 10,000 gross vehicle 6 weight. They're not going to have that information and 7 that information the 911 operator is not equipped to handle. 8

9 So what we've discovered -- and don't ask me; ask 10 all of our customers -- response times get better and 11 continue to get better as we work through whatever the 12 issues are in the municipality or in the law enforcement 13 agency. And it's proven everywhere we go. We're not a 14 threat to towing companies. It doesn't cost the tow 15 companies a penny. They get to interact instead of with 16 State Police they're interacting with new forms of 17 technology which I understand can be scary. But if you choose to, you can operate with the same phones that you've 18 19 used in the past and things are tracked. You can follow up 20 and there are actually protections for the tow operators.

One of the things that our smartphone customers really like is the ability to take pictures of the vehicle before they tow it. So the great thing about smartphones is you've got cameras on them. When you're at the scene and you've hit the on site button, there is a camera option. You can start snapping pictures of preexisting
 damage. People that use that have reduced their claims
 expense.

4 So, again, we're in a market that municipalities 5 across the country are interested in this program. Thev 6 want to get out of the towing business. They're coming 7 more and more to AutoReturn. In the last 18 months 8 Indianapolis, Kansas City, and Pennsylvania State Police, 9 I've got a couple more NFL cities that are right on the 10 horizon I can't announce right now, but the law enforcement 11 agencies are choosing more and more to move to logistics 12 and we are the leader in this space and we can do for 13 Pennsylvania what we were doing for other municipalities.

14 We're not a threat to the towing companies. We 15 want to work with you, not compete against you. And I'm 16 finally glad to have an opportunity to have a forum to speak to folks who I've been unable to contact before 17 because, for whatever reason, they won't take our phone 18 19 calls, they don't want to listen to us. So hopefully this 20 is the beginning of a constructive dialogue with many of 21 the people in this room.

VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.
Representative Costa, please.
REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
Mr. Wicker, in your direct testimony you stated

that you're not a tower, you don't want to be a tower. "To be clear, AutoReturn is not a towing company. We do not own a single tow truck." I'm looking in an article and I pulled it up on my -- the technology in the State of Washington, May 16th in a protest letter from your attorney apparently Bernard Vogel---

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: [inaudible].

8 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes. He claims that you 9 are. "AutoReturn was and currently is a registered tow 10 truck operator in the State of Washington." Because you 11 were cancelled out on an RFP and to be able to get into 12 that contract apparently you had to be a registered tow 13 truck operator in there.

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MR. WICKER: Okay.

REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: So you are or you aren't?

16 MR. WICKER: No, this is a great example of the 17 misinformation campaign that's been brought against us. Give me one minute to respond to this. There was a 18 19 requirement in order to bid on the logistics contract to 20 dispatch the tows in the State of Washington, in Seattle, 21 that you must be a registered tow truck operator in the 22 State. And that requirement had been put in place by existing operators to keep companies like us out. 23

And so what we had to do was obtain a registered tow truck operator license. And what we actually did to do that was we found a truck, we actually had to spend money putting the light bar on it and putting badging on it. And our competitors parade that one picture around, as I've seen it many times. Matter of fact, I think I saw from the Pennsylvania State police. Claim that now we're a towing company.

We've never put a driver in that truck, we've
never towed a vehicle with that truck, we don't intend to
tow a vehicle with that truck, and again, we're not in the
towing business. We're not a tower.

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REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: All right, sir.

MR. WICKER: And again, I've shared that with the folks that continue to share that information with folks in this deliberate misinformation campaign.

15 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Well, then you were16 misrepresenting yourself to Washington then?

MR. WICKER: Now we're getting into semantics.
Oh, please. We have---

19 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: I have no further 20 questions. That's fine, sir. Thank you. If you want to 21 continue your answer, go ahead, but I have no further 22 questions.

Thank you, Chairman.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you,
25 Representative.

Since the hearing has begun, we've been joined by
 at least two other Representatives, Representative Regan
 and also Representative Barbin, who I will recognize for
 some questions. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Thank you.

5

6 My question kind of follows up on Representative 7 The idea that what you do seems to depend on what Costa's. State you're applying to. And one of the questions that 8 9 has come up today and I think it's the reason for the 10 hearing is the fact that you've had this pilot program and 11 a lot of people haven't been able to participate up to this The question seems to be about liabilities. How do 12 point. 13 you manage liabilities that are associated with getting 14 tows?

15 And I guess what my question is in any of your 16 other business areas, whether it's Washington or 17 Pennsylvania or any other State, have you ever provided services that allow the agencies themselves to operate 18 19 whatever your cloud technology is? Because I'm wondering 20 why the agency isn't the person who's making the fair 21 decision of what company is called out to do the work as 22 opposed to you making the decision through your technology.

23 MR. WICKER: Okay. So I'll answer that in two 24 parts. The first one was people can't participate. Again, 25 I'll offer it up to everyone in this room or everyone who's

1 in the pilot area. We would like to work with any 2 qualified Pennsylvania State Police tow operator who is 3 willing to join the program. We would like to turn all of 4 these little bullets or these pins to green and no one has 5 been excluded from the program. 6 Your second question is -- can you repeat it 7 briefly? I apologize. 8 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: The question is has your 9 technology---10 MR. WICKER: Oh, yes. Thank you. 11 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: ---been allowed to be 12 used in any other State without you deciding---13 MR. WICKER: Yes. 14 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: ---who the people are 15 that are called? 16 MR. WICKER: Very good question. So we actually 17 want to provide that service. It's a small town. It's called Concord, California, where they were interested in 18 19 using our solution and having their own dispatchers run the 20 That's great. We're happy to offer that program. 21 solution. What we're finding is law enforcement agencies 22 across the country haven't been interested in that. What 23 they're interested in is getting out of the towing business 24 and having a company whose best practices business model, 25 whose FAQ database, who are trained and focusing on

optimizing the logistics around municipal towing and being able to leverage the learnings across all of our customers to create a seamless, efficient response. That's what the market is saying to us.

5 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Do you have any 6 competitors that provide that technology without running 7 the fairness decisions?

MR. WICKER: Oh, there are hundreds of software 8 9 providers in the towing industry but there is no law 10 enforcement cloud-based platform anywhere near as robust as 11 ours. Ours has been developed over nearly a decade. We compete in various markets and when things go to RFP, we 12 13 generally win. We haven't found a competitor out there --14 if someone's looking for a fully functioned, full lifecycle 15 solution, AutoReturn is the best solution.

16 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: And, Mr. Chairman, I have 17 no further questions but I'd like to make the following 18 comment. One of the problems with this hearing or why 19 we're having the hearing today is, despite your belief that 20 you have the most robust platform, the fact of the matter 21 is nobody else was allowed to participate in a request for 22 proposal.

We're now here looking at the question from the industry is raising questions. Various law enforcement agencies are worried that this is going to be extended to

1 maybe other municipalities and we don't have any way of knowing whether even the people that should have been 2 3 involved in the original process were even contacted before 4 you were provided this pilot project opportunity. And 5 because it affects so many different issues, I think we 6 should be looking to some of the other people that have 7 been doing this for a long time, whether they're county emergency or the Pennsylvania Turnpike. And I just think 8 we're running this way too fast without knowing what the 9 10 facts are from the people that are involved.

But thank you.

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12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative 13 Saccone. After Representative Saccone asks his question 14 and we finish this up, we're going to take a 10-minute 15 break. We've been sitting here for quite a while and I 16 would ask everyone to be back as promptly as possible.

So, Representative Saccone.

REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you, Chairman.

Okay. I think it's really important to follow up on Representative Barbin's question because I asked the question earlier of the State Police. Were there other people who responded to the Request for Proposal? And the testimony was that there were three. So I need to know is this a no-bid contract or were there other people qualified that were able to respond and then there was a competition

1 for you to win this? Do you know the answer to that or do we have to go back to the State Police for that? 2 3 MR. WICKER: I'm not the right person to answer that question but my understanding is there were three 4 5 bidders and we scored the highest of the three bidders. 6 But I'm not the right person to ask that. 7 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Okay. Thank you very 8 much. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I agree with 9 10 that. I filed numerous Right to Know requests. Now that 11 you raise that issue, I probably should have asked for that 12 in my Right to Know requests so I apologize. 13 But, Mr. Wicker and your panel, thank you for 14 your patience and testimony here today. Thank you. 15 I'm sorry. Did you have something to say? 16 MR. WICKER: thank you. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Great. 18 We're going to be back here in 10 minutes if you can, okay? 19 Be prompt. 20 21 (A break was taken.) 22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: This hearing 23 24 will come to order. And our next testifiers are from the 25 Pennsylvania Towing Association. Mr. Ron Bressler and

1 Mr. Shane Staley from the PA Towing Association, gentlemen, 2 if you would, and also Cathy Tennis. 3 Thank you for being here today and you can begin your testimony when ready. 4 MR. STALEY: I'd like to first start out, Shane 5 6 Staley with the Pennsylvania Towing Association, and just 7 thank you, the Committee, for allowing us the opportunity to present our thoughts. 8 9 I'm going to start you out with a timeline of how 10 things began. 11 Back in February of 2011 I found a Request for 12 Information posted on the Commonwealth's Procurement 13 website. The RFI was titled "Emergency Towing Referrals by 14 the Pennsylvania State Police PSP-TOW 11." The point of 15 contact listed was Director DeShawn Lewis. On February 19, 16 2011, I emailed Director Lewis with questions from our 17 members, which I've attached Exhibit A. I did not receive a response. 18

On February 25, 2011, I emailed Director Lewis again with questions from our members, attached Exhibit B. Later that day, Director Lewis responded with an email referring me back to the DGS website where the RFI was posted, Exhibit C. I was told answers to our questions would be posted there, and that it may take at least two weeks.

1 With the inability to get any information for our members, the Pennsylvania Towing Association began its own 2 investigation into the RFI. Our investigation found that 3 4 AutoReturn was one of the main driving forces. We located 5 an internal company memo from AutoReturn that opened our 6 eyes to what was really going on, which I've attached 7 Exhibit D. Among other things, the memo discusses political relationships and making authorities aware of how 8 9 much revenue and profits towing companies were generating 10 for themselves.

On March 24, 2011, Pennsylvania Towing
Association president Ron Bressler sent a letter to
Director Lewis, which I've attached Exhibit E, asking for
the State Police to let our association help them solve
their emergency towing dispatch problems. He also asked if
they would keep us informed of any changes regarding this
RFI.

With the RFI deadline approaching and very little information being made available to the towing industry, my own company River Drive Service Center responded to the solicitation in hopes that our response would at least include us in future discussions regarding the program. It did not.

August 9, 2011, the PTA finally had its first meeting with PSP regarding the program in Harrisburg. 1 Trooper David Pallone informed the Board that he was 2 charged with instituting the third-party dispatch program 3 and that towing-related lawsuits were the driving force 4 behind it. We informed him that a third-party dispatch 5 program would be extremely difficult to operate 6 successfully across Pennsylvania for various reasons. We 7 also expressed our interest in the towing association operating the program in order to maintain public safety 8 9 and professional standards in the towing industry.

10 Later that month, Trooper Pallone met with Ron 11 Bressler and myself in Morgantown to further discuss the 12 In that meeting we were told that third-party program. 13 dispatching for emergency towing was 100 percent going to 14 be reality. Trooper Pallone also informed us that he was 15 advocating the PTA's ability to perform this service. 16 Trooper Pallone left PSP later that fall and we 17 unsuccessfully attempted numerous times to find out his replacement and further information on the program. 18

Over the next two years we constantly monitored the DGS procurement website without ever finding any more RFIs or RFPs relating to the State Police third-party towing initiative.

On September 11, 2013, the towing association
became aware that the State Police had posted a
solicitation on their own PSP website regarding third-party

towing dispatch. I immediately emailed the listed contact,
Procurement Manager Maggie Boyer in Exhibit F. The next
morning Ms. Boyer responded that the solicitation deadline
has passed and it was now in the review process, Exhibit G.
I returned to the State Police website and the solicitation
had been removed.

7 On September 30, 2013, we found out the AutoReturn Pilot Program was to begin in western PA. 8 On 9 November 26, 2013, the PTA Board finally had a meeting with 10 Ray Krouse of AutoReturn and Lieutenant Wendt from the 11 State Police. They explained the pilot program and how it 12 would be rolled out. Lieutenant Wendt informed us that the 13 third-party towing dispatch was initiated to alleviate 14 State Police staffing issues and eliminate their handling 15 of towing related questions and complaints.

When asked how the towing association could be excluded from this initiative, we were told it was an unfortunate oversight and that we would be included in the pilot program review. Since then, we have been briefed by Lieutenant Wendt in monthly meetings at State Police headquarters regarding the pilot program's status.

As a member of the towing community in Pennsylvania, I have a few concerns. It certainly appears that the towing association was specifically excluded from the solicitation from PSP. Why would the solicitation be posted on the Pennsylvania State Police website when it was originally posted on the DGS website for procurement and that is where we were directed to check back for further information? Why would the State Police choose to look for an out-of-state vendor without even speaking to a known interested party in Pennsylvania? And how will this program affect the safety of the motoring public?

8 MR. BRESSLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Thank 9 you to the rest of the Members.

10 My name is Ron Bressler. I'm the President of 11 the Pennsylvania Towing Association.

Every day of a tower's life is interrupted several times by an unplanned, unavoidable, unscheduled, inconvenient hazard that affects the general public. We are immediately yoked with the full responsibility of how to solve what has resulted from the decisions of others, good, bad, or indifferent, none of which we take part in.

The Pennsylvania State Police are arguably the most demanding customer many towers service, yet they hold the least amount of responsibility as to the liability of the task to be carried out or the method or means by which to pay for the services requested.

Pennsylvania State Police has the unique ability
to demand services from the private sector's towing
industry without thought of compensation. They are, in

1 effect, a very large company demanding services of many very small family-owned and operated businesses that must 2 yield to their demands or face expensive traffic scrutiny 3 4 or retaliation. 5 State employees are strictly forbidden to accept 6 free meals in restaurants or demand free service at the 7 garage or at the lawnmower shop, but when it comes to the towing community, there seems to be a different standard of 8 9 tolerance. 10 We professional towers take our careers very 11 seriously. A career in this industry is an enormous 12 commitment, a commitment of a lifetime, often a 13 multigenerational passion that is motivated by having a 14 servant's heart. Quite frankly, we try to help people, all 15 people. We have no way of predicting traffic incidents but 16 are expected to have millions of dollars invested and be 17 poised to clear any incident in a timely manner. We have very few legislative exemptions in which 18 19 to quick-clear the unimaginable and are given 20 responsibility, even to the extent of what may be leaking 21 on our property, after the casualty arrives in our yard as 22 a result of clearing an accident. We're additionally held 23 liable for the accident cleanup and site restoration long after traffic flow has been restored. 24 25 We faithfully give up family events, once-in-a-

1 lifetime celebrations to service the motoring public, the criminals, the poor decision-makers of our society. Should 3 we not be entitled compensation and respect for this?

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Our job is also dangerous. As if working along 4 5 the side of the road in all kinds of weather and rushing 6 traffic were not enough, we're also exposed to whatever the 7 cargo may be, ranging from explosives to radioactive, but there are many other dangers as well that we fail to 8 9 consider sometimes.

10 Last September, I traveled to Chattanooga, 11 Tennessee, to join many towing family members who had lost 12 loved ones and whose names were being added to the Wall of 13 the Fallen. There were 55 names added last year, towers 14 who were killed in the line of duty, some of which had been 15 hit by passing vehicles. Some had been killed while 16 performing a difficult recovery. And even a few who were 17 shot in their own offices by the disgruntled customer attempting to get his vehicle. 18

Regardless of the circumstance, you could feel 19 20 the hurt of each family member as they walked to the podium 21 when their loved one's name was called. This was personal 22 for me as I too last year lost an employee and friend in 23 the line of duty.

24 I am certain that just like the Pennsylvania State Police there are few in our industry who are less 25

than reputable, but to paint all towers with a broad brush of unscrupulous tactics is unfair. I would assert that all PA towers live with a few of retaliation that could result from expressing their opinion.

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5 The Pennsylvania Towing Association has always 6 offered our support to the Pennsylvania State Police and we 7 acknowledge many positive working relationships throughout 8 the State. We invite their input and their presence to our 9 statewide trade show and value the tireless efforts of many 10 of the troopers that work together with our industry to 11 clear various highway incidents.

12 The Pennsylvania Towing Association respectfully 13 requests that we as an industry would be viewed not as the 14 opposition but rather as a stakeholder in the pursuit of 15 restoration of commerce in the Commonwealth. Using the 16 AutoReturn pilot program as an example, I feel much suspicion and unrest could have been mere problem-solving 17 at a stakeholders' roundtable meeting. However, with the 18 approach taken, specifically not including the towing 19 20 industry, has proven unsettling for all parties involved.

21 With the introduction of new policies or mandates 22 such as the new salver procedures, it would be highly 23 beneficial for Pennsylvania State Police to consider the 24 input of the Pennsylvania Towing Association as we work to 25 help them achieve their goal. Without the input of the towing industry, we can only speculate as to what State
 Police motives are.

3 The Pennsylvania Towing Association has been instrumental in working with legislators to draft 4 5 amendments, we volunteer countless hours working together 6 with local fire and police agencies all across the State as 7 we train and practice working together to promote safety for all the agencies. We value their expertise in matters 8 9 that concern their equipment and their procedures. They 10 too value us.

11 In closing, I can't speak to what has caused the 12 Pennsylvania State Police to view the towing industry in 13 Pennsylvania as the opposition. Possibly, it may have been 14 the actions of a few unprofessional operators in our 15 industry. But it's just as possible that it could have 16 been Pennsylvania State Police asserting their authority. 17 I can only hope we can move past this line of thinking and come to the realization that we each gain strength when we 18 19 can rely on each other.

We need to identify that it's the traffic incident, the snowstorm, the ice, the irresponsible party that abandoned their vehicle that is the opposition and we need to work together for a resolution. I hope we can move forward in a positive direction.

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I'd like to thank all the towers that are

1 represented here today. We'd like to thank the 2 Pennsylvania State Police as they do protect us all the 3 time on the highways. And thank you, Mr. Chairman, and the 4 rest of the Members.

5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, Ron. 6 And all just add my comment to yours is there's 7 nothing more troubling to me in this whole process as the fact that the towers were left out of these stakeholder 8 9 meetings. I view you as a partner in this whole emergency 10 response scheme that we have here in Pennsylvania and 11 you're an important part. The roads don't get cleared 12 until you show up to do it. Our first responders don't 13 have the capability; our State Police don't have the 14 capability. You're the only group of people that have the 15 capability of clearing our highways and really I think 16 that's why I'm so involved in this is because it truly bothers me that you were not part of this negotiation to 17 stakeholder meetings. 18

We would not move a piece of legislation in this House until we sat down with all the stakeholders. We may not agree with you on every piece of input that you have, but at least you have a right to have your voice heard and that's why this hearing today to me is so important is that pretty much to give the towers their day in court because you were denied it in the stakeholders' meetings. So I do

1	appreciate your testimony and being here today.
2	For a question, Representative Dick Stevenson.
3	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you,
4	Mr. Chairman.
5	Mr. Staley, do I understand from your testimony
6	that you were anxious to present a plan to handle the
7	dispatch issue with the State Police?
8	MR. STALEY: Yes. We worked to try and develop
9	something to solve their issue because, as I expressed in
10	my testimony, we felt the only way that you could do this
11	statewide and maintain professional towing standards would
12	be if the towing industry conducted its own program.
13	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Can you share with us
14	today what the plan would be?
15	MR. STALEY: It never fully developed. We worked
16	on it but never, ever had any further input from the State
17	Police.
18	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: I see. Thank you.
19	And thank you, Mr. Chairman.
20	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. The
21	Representatives in the front row, anybody with questions
22	over at the table there?
23	Representative Barbin.
24	REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: My question is I'm
25	assuming that there are members of your towing association

1 that have not been included in the AutoReturn system, and 2 can you give the Committees some understanding of why 3 people aren't signing up to be part of this program? MR. BRESSLER: Well, I think individual tower --4 I mean we are an association of a bunch of small business 5 6 people with varying business minds and varying business 7 models, each one of us, so I believe that the towers are making what they feel is the right decision for their 8 9 business. I can't represent the towers as a group that way 10 because each individual has his own business model. 11 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Do you have any ideal 12 what percentage of the towing association has decided that 13 they want to participate with the AutoReturn pilot program? 14 MR. BRESSLER: It's a very, very small 15 percentage. It's a much larger percentage that isn't. 16 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Okay. And is the main 17 concern of the towing association the fact that they're not going to be provided a fair shake with the system or why is 18 19 it that it's such a small percentage? 20 MR. STALEY: Mostly what I'm hearing is the 21 concern that the standards of the towing community have 22 been decreased. 23 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Thank you. 24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 25 Representative.

1 And I guess this is for anyone in the panel who wants to answer this. I don't know if you can put a finger 2 3 on this. What is the cost for your company to comply with 4 the field regulation 6-2? I know there are different 5 requirements for insurance, for background checks, for 6 fences around your facility, different grades of towers. 7 Is there any way to put a number to that? I guess all your businesses are so different. 8

9 MR. STALEY: I could throw out a few numbers just 10 from my own business: \$28,000 for cameras for our secure 11 impound. I have \$53,000 in engineering fees just for the 12 lot. I have 20 some thousand dollars in the fence. And 13 that doesn't get into the million dollars worth of towing 14 equipment and staffing it.

15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: How much 16 insurance are you required by -- or does the field 17 regulation require a specific number of insurance that you 18 must carry or just different types of insurance?

MR. STALEY: I'm not sure on what they require.
MR. BRESSLER: I have left that up to you. I'm
not sure that it specifies. I'm a turnpike contractor so
that does so I can't speak to nonspecific but I don't think
so.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Do you know if25 the AutoReturn contract requires a specific amount of

1 liability insurance? 2 MR. BRESSLER: Do you know what it is? MR. STALEY: I believe it does. I don't know 3 4 what that amount is. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Does 5 6 anybody have a number what that might---7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's in your book. In the field regulation it'll tell you the amount of insurance 8 9 that's required for each level of towing that you're doing. 10 The book---11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. So light 12 wrecker, a medium wrecker, and a heavy wrecker---13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think \$500,000 and I 14 think it's a million, million five or---15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's \$3 million 16 aggregate---17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: ---isn't it? 18 19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: \$3 million aggregate for 21 the [inaudible]. 22 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: [inaudible]. 23 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 24 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But I believe it starts 25 about a half-million dollars liability coverage.

1	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. One of
2	the questions I had asked the people from AutoReturn, one
3	of the towers that testified on his behalf, was about a
4	dual-rate schedule, a rate schedule for I guess if you
5	have a towing operation that is partially in the pilot
6	program but you could still operate outside of the pilot
7	program, right, you would have two different rates, a set
8	of rates for the rates that you tow for the State Police, a
9	set of rates that you tow for AutoReturn, and if you do
10	municipal towing, you would have a set of rates for those.
11	Am I correct in thinking that?
12	MR. STALEY: It would be very easy to see that
13	occur.
14	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And technically
15	every one of them could be different?
16	MR. STALEY: Yes.
17	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And I'm trying
18	to get to where's the fairness for the consumer in that
19	type of a system? I mean it seems very unpredictable. You
20	don't know what you're being charged and under our
21	legislation that was passed two years ago it said you had
22	to post your rate so you would pretty much then in your
23	office you would have to have posted inside your office
24	three different rate schedules, which I would assume if I
25	was your consumer and I came in and saw you were charging

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1 me a different rate because you towed me for AutoReturn or 2 different, I'd kind of be pretty upset with you. 3 MR. BRESSLER: Correct. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: 911's ability to 4 5 dispatch, is that one of the issues that you said you 6 explored was the dispatching being done directly from 911 7 and there would be no cost at all to our taxpayers, our consumers would receive no cost? 8 9 MR. STALEY: Yes. That's been a topic a lot of 10 our members have brought up and it appears that that would 11 be an easier way. That's amicable with all parties 12 involved to handle it. My own business, the municipal 13 towing that we do through the 911 system for the county is 14 very straightforward and they almost never give you the 15 wrong information. I can't say anything bad about it. Ιt 16 does well. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Are you 18 currently dispatched now from the 911 system or are you 19 dispatched from a police communication officer? 20 MR. STALEY: State Police we're dispatched 21 through a PCO, a communication officer. For my local 22 police it's through the 911 center. 23 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. So they 24 would have the capability. 25 Ron, did you---

1 MR. BRESSLER: I can also speak to that. Μv business operates out of the three different counties so 2 3 we're dispatched in a barrage of ways. We get 911 from 4 Berks County, we get 911 from Lancaster County, we get 911 5 from Chester County. Occasionally we're dispatched from 6 Fire Ban and sometimes we're obviously dispatched by the 7 Turnpike Commission. And so there are lots of other dispatch ways. If you do municipal towing in more than one 8 9 location, if you're doing municipal towing or whatever in 10 more than one location, we're already using a bunch of 11 different dispatch centers and it's all familiar.

12 MR. STALEY: I'd like to point out one other 13 thing that the individual companies sitting right here at 14 this table right now have probably 200 years of experience 15 in towing and I mean even the police presence that was here 16 I doubt has that much experience in towing-related 17 accidents. And I'd like to hit home the point that I mean we should have been included. We're the number one 18 19 stakeholder I would say.

VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Oh, I would
agree. I would absolutely agree. Do you expect to see
response times -- I think AutoReturn made a very large
boast saying that they expect to see the response time of
the tower greatly reduced. Do you see that as a
possibility with the current system that they have?

1 MR. STALEY: I don't see how it could reduce it at all. At absolute best case scenario I think it has to 2 3 add a minute. It's got to add something. It can't reduce. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I have a hard 4 5 time understanding how it would be reduced. 6 First responders, I think you've had contact with 7 first responders through this. Our firefighters, our emergency response people have all expressed concerns to us 8 9 that they think this is going to lead to much longer times. 10 Most of our firefighters are volunteers. That means they 11 will have to spend more time out at the accident scene. 12 What are you hearing from first responders? MR. STALEY: Honestly, I've had a couple 13 14 conversations with them as basically what's going on, 15 what's happening, and I believe Curt is going to be able to 16 address that a lot better because he's in the affected 17 pilot area. 18 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And maybe you 19 can clear up the abandoned vehicle issue that I've raised 20 with AutoReturn about how the charge would be -- how many 21 abandoned vehicles are towed off our highways today? Do 22 you have any number on that? MR. STALEY: I don't have a number on that 23

24 although everything that I was led to believe when the 25 abandoned vehicle would be towed, you would still have to

1 pay the fee to AutoReturn, whether the vehicle was claimed 2 or not and that's why there was the difference between the 3 \$35 and the \$22.50 to compensate for the ones you weren't 4 getting paid for. 5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And you 6 currently get \$15 for towing an abandoned vehicle. 7 MR. STALEY: We're supposed to. 8 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: You're supposed to? 9 10 MR. STALEY: Yes. 11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Why don't you? 12 MR. STALEY: I don't know how to track it. 13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 14 MR. STALEY: It's very difficult to ever know 15 what \$15 you're collecting. 16 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. Okay. And 17 I guess my last question for you is the contract requires 18 you to give up your right to sue. I question whether 19 Pennsylvania law is even legal to force someone into a 20 contract that requires them to give up their right to sue. 21 I don't know if your association has looked into that. 22 MR. STALEY: Our main concern with that, yes, 23 giving up your right to sue but it was almost barely 24 touched on about their arbitration panel and is this 25 something that would be developed in the future? And they

1 didn't really say who was going to be on this panel. Was it going to be the towing community? Was it going to be 2 AutoReturn? Definitely that's a major concern of ours. 3 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. I'm 4 5 looking to see if I have another guestion. 6 Okay. Any of the other Members with a question? 7 Representative Costa, please. 8 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Young lady, thank you, and gentlemen, thank you 9 10 for being here. 11 I guess the question that I have for you is being 12 approved on the State Police current list an automatic 13 approval by AutoReturn or do they have to go through your 14 application again? In other words, if I did everything the 15 State Police wanted and I got licensed by the State Police 16 or granted the ability to tow and they came to me and said 17 we'd like you to tow, put an application or is it just automatic that you would be called? 18 19 MR. BRESSLER: We can't answer that. 20 MR. STALEY: I'm told that the list is presented 21 to AutoReturn of current police towers and my assumption 22 from those conversations is that you would just have to 23 fill out the contract with AutoReturn and you would be 24 approved. 25 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. So you'd have to

1 agree to their contract? 2 MR. STALEY: Right. 3 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes. And I do agree that when you said the \$15 is hard to track, I was talking to a 4 5 couple of folks here. I think that we need to look at 6 maybe a statewide database so that we can keep track of a 7 lot of the things that you folks do. I commend you for coming out and this is about as full as I can see the room 8 9 has been since budget time. And it's commendable. I quess 10 when your feathers are ruffled and your careers and your 11 stuff is at stake, you want to be heard. And I'm glad that 12 Chairman Barrar and Chairman Marsico and everybody actually had this hearing and I'm proud to be part of it and I thank 13 14 you very much. 15 Thank you, Chairman. 16 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 17 Representative. 18 Representative James. 19 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: 20 Thank you, panel. 21 Just for clarification, do the Pennsylvania 22 Towing Association, this group here, does it represent towers all across Pennsylvania, the entire State? 23 MR. BRESSLER: We do have members all across the 24 25 State, yes.

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Would you say you have 1 consensus then from that group that you're not in favor of 2 proceeding down the road we're going? Is that a fair 3 4 statement? 5 MR. BRESSLER: Well, it's kind of an unfair 6 question because it's such a small part that's been the 7 pilot area and we have many more members on the other end of the State so I'd hate to---8 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Well, that's actually 9 10 exactly why I asked. I wondered what kind of response you 11 were getting from eastern Pennsylvania. I mean they know 12 about this, right? 13 MR. BRESSLER: Yes, everybody's scared and 14 nervous. 15 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Okay. MR. BRESSLER: And I'm sure they're watching 16 17 today to try to figure out what business decision they can make out of that. 18 19 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: And I'm going to repeat 20 myself here---21 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Go ahead. 22 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: May I? 23 VA& EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. 24 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: This morning's testimony revealed that one of the chief goals if not the goal of the 25

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1 State Police was to avoid future costs of litigation with 2 members of your association. Can you comment on that in 3 any way? I mean why is this happening? What's causing 4 this?

5 MR. BRESSLER: I have no way of knowing what 6 those lawsuits were about. I can only speculate and that's 7 all I'm going to do, but surely if they were -- I don't know what they were but if they were inappropriate actions 8 9 of the State Police or something, I can't imagine they 10 could be exempt even with a contract. If they were 11 inappropriate, again, it's tough for me to comment because 12 I don't have the background on the cases.

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Mr. Staley?

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14 MR. STALEY: I don't have background on the cases 15 either. Along that line I think it's interesting that one of the State Police's main concerns was to transfer their 16 17 litigation risk to AutoReturn, and AutoReturn is poised to be a great dispatch program. The State Police indicated 18 19 that dispatching was a minor part of what they were trying 20 to do, yet that's what AutoReturn excels at according to 21 their testimony, so I'm not why that fit is a good fit to 22 transfer the litigation. Does it transfer it? I guess if 23 you sign away all rights to sue, it does, but---

24 REPRESENTATIVE JAMES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.25 No more questions.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. One of my concerns in the past has always been 2 3 the lack of a due process ability on behalf of the towers 4 when the State Police take you off the towing rotation list 5 because of a complaint or an issue they may have with you. 6 Does the due process contained in the contract or if there 7 is any due process contained in the contract with 8 AutoReturn, does that give you a better voice than you 9 currently have now? 10 MR. BRESSLER: I don't believe so. I believe 11 we're pretty much in the same position we were but I don't 12 believe that gives us a level of insulation at all. 13 MR. STALEY: I think it would be worse in the 14 fact that the police would have the ability to say it's 15 AutoReturn's decision. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. At least 16 17 now you do have very little but some remedy to go into court. Under AutoReturn you can only appeal to arbitration 18 19 from what I've read in the contract. Is that right? 20 MR. STALEY: Yes. 21 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Which 22 still limits your ability for any type of due process hearing if you were suspended from them. 23 24 MR. BRESSLER: Correct. 25 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: So,

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Representative Costa for a followup.

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REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm not sure if you can answer this but if we, this legislative body, gave the legislative approval for the towing organizations to take that \$35 or \$22.50, whichever, that AutoReturn is getting and it would probably amount to anywhere between \$3 and \$5 million and transferred that into the State Police fund and it would cover their legal expenses plus their other expenses as far as inspections, do you believe your members would have an objection to that? So in other words we're reinventing the wheel here it seems like and I don't think it's necessary.

13 If it's a matter of that \$35, I'd rather see it 14 go to the PSP to maintain what they do. I understand they 15 want out of it and they say the major reason is litigation. 16 Well, if we give them the money to cover litigation and we 17 give them the money to cover their inspections and stuff, I 18 think it's a much better idea than reinventing the wheel 19 and putting a lot of our businesses in jeopardy.

20 So do you believe that your people would go along 21 with something like that rather than an AutoReturn type of 22 deal?

23 MR. STALEY: Yes. I know that most of the people 24 I talk to are not in favor of AutoReturn so pretty much---25 MR. BRESSLER: And I'll say that I believe all the towers would much rather do anything if they had any control in steering in it. I mean we'd much rather work together as towers to work for what would work better for our industry because we're stakeholders. Everybody in this room is a stakeholder.

6 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Okay. Well, thank you. 7 I'm speaking for myself and hopefully for a lot of the Members here. I would rather see the money, if we're going 8 9 to collect anything, go to the Pennsylvania State Police. 10 I would rather see that the process that we're doing now 11 continue and I would rather see that everybody would -- we 12 don't need to reinvent this wheel. It may be a simple 13 solution to this.

Okay. Thank you very much.

15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative16 Saccone for questions.

17 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
18 You testified just a few minutes ago that you
19 said, and correct me if I'm wrong, your members might not
20 be signing up for the program because the standards were
21 decreased. That's the term you used.

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MR. STALEY: Yes.

REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: My question is I'm under
the assumption that the State Police standards are higher
than the municipal standards so how are the standards

1 decreased?

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2 MR. STALEY: Decreased from what the State Police 3 standards were. The main example was that, in order to be 4 a light duty tower, you were required to have a rollback 5 and a conventional wrecker for recoveries. And now you are 6 only required to have a rollback.

7 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Okay. I see that. And, 8 sir, your association, because the pilot program just 9 encompasses a small area of Pennsylvania, most of your 10 members aren't in this, but are some of your members 11 currently operating in this system, this pilot program? Do 12 you represent some of the members that are in the system 13 now?

MR. BRESSLER: We have membership that is in the system, yes.

16 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: And what do they say 17 about it? They're your members also. What's the feedback 18 from them?

MR. BRESSLER: I haven't heard any negative reports.

21 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Okay. And I don't want 22 to get off track but \$15 to tow an abandoned vehicle, does 23 that even pay for the gas to go out there? I don't 24 understand that.

MR. STALEY: I don't understand it either.

1 MR. BRESSLER: Diesel prices---REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: 2 That doesn't make any 3 I want to be fair. At the same time you sense to me. 4 can't keep track of how many abandoned vehicles and whether 5 you got the \$15 or not with all the technology we have for 6 accounting and so forth? 7 MR. STALEY: I can keep track of what I turn in but when I get the \$15 check, it's a \$15 check. 8 9 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: It doesn't say---10 MR. BRESSLER: With no tracking. 11 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: There's no tracking. 12 Okay. All right. 13 And one last question or comment. I have full 14 faith that our 911 centers. I'm from Allegheny County. 15 Our 911 center is top-notch. I know that they could handle 16 this but I worry about when people say there's no cost 17 because I am sure, I'm confident that if we turned over all this to the 911 centers they would say, well, there's a 18 19 cost to this; we've got to increase costs. I know the 20 towers told me it's a small amount compared to what they do 21 now. They do exponentially more of these than the State 22 Police does but there has to be a cost associated with it 23 if they would pick that up.

24 MR. STALEY: I would think there is a cost as 25 well, the cost currently the State Police are paying so to

1 speak, and they're trying to transfer it. I would argue they're not transferring that cost to AutoReturn and then 2 3 ultimately to the motorist. I guess we're just shifting 4 the cost around to alleviate -- they wanted to be out of 5 the towing business. 6 REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: I got you. Thank you 7 very much for your testimony. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Are there other 8 9 questions from Members? 10 I'd like to thank the panel for being here today and we're going to move on to our next panel. Thank you. 11 12 MR. STALEY: Thank you. 13 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Our next 14 panel of testifiers if they would -- and you're going to 15 have a tough time getting all at the table. I'm hoping we 16 have just have a couple of spokespersons. Mr. Curtis 17 Hovis, President, Hovis Auto Wrecking, Inc.; Mr. Eddie Whiteman, Owner, Eddie's Collectibles in Erie County; 18 Mr. Mark McConnell, Owner, McConnell's Sunoco, Lawrence 19 20 County; Mr. John Malinski, Owner, Malinski Towing, Butler 21 County; Mr. Dave Norris, Owner of D&D Salvage, Westmoreland 22 County; and Mr. Dan Donald, Moore's Auto Wrecking, Beaver 23 County.

24 People who are going to answer the questions,25 it's just two of you?

1 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Only two testifiers. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 2 3 MR. HOVIS: Predominantly, Ed and myself are 4 going to do most of the testifying. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Good. 5 6 MR. HOVIS: The other gentlemen are 7 representative of various counties, and in the event you want to ask them how's it going in their county, they would 8 be better able to speak specifically to that county what 9 10 they see the effects to be. 11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. 12 MR. HOVIS: So for the question-and-answer side 13 it would relate to those gentlemen, but for the 14 presentation side, it's Eddie and myself. 15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Great. 16 MR. HOVIS: Okay. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: When you guys are set up, you can begin your testimony when you're ready, 18 19 okay? 20 MR. WHITEMAN: Sure. No, I'll go first. Let's 21 get this fired up here. 22 MR. HOVIS: I'm with you. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Make sure that 23 24 microphone is close to you so we can hear you well. 25 MR. WHITEMAN: Thank you. Good afternoon. I'm

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1 glad to be here today so I can give you what an AutoReturn
2 vendor goes through.
3 MR. HOVIS: By the way, he is an AutoReturn

4 vendor.

5 MR. WHITEMAN: I am what you want to refer to as 6 the algorithm. I'm the guy that doesn't get the calls 7 because my competition is 100 yards closer to more 8 prospective areas than myself.

9 The issue was brought up and I was told that the 10 system does not have the ability to show a rotation. The 11 old system we rotated. The dispatcher runs a log. Every 12 State Police barracks runs a tow log. It's a handwritten 13 log. It goes in order of who towed what car, when they 14 towed it. Kind of antiquated but it works. If you accept 15 a call, they put your name down, the date, and what was 16 towed. Then the next time, the next vender would get it. Very fair, worked out perfect. If the vender wasn't 17 available, no answer, then back to me. And I think that's 18 19 what it is.

I mean I'm 48 years old. My first tow call I was four years old with my father, family business. I don't know anything but this business.

I proudly can say that I bleed blue for this industry and for the police, the first responders that we work with. It's relationships that have been lifetime built, the trust of knowing what my move is going to be, what their move is going to be. We know each other. It's a well-oiled machine. Now, we've got dirt in the clog. It's not smooth. We need to make it happen.

5 Am I little upset about the way things have 6 Yes. The reason I am, it's not about me or the happened? 7 money. It's about the industry of the people that have sacrificed so much and are left wondering is this company 8 9 coming to take our business? We obviously heard Mr. Wicker 10 lie to us about owing a towing company and storage 11 facilities. How do we know that they aren't going to come 12 here?

Ray Krouse, a representative, asked me questions about a towing storage facility that an insurance company uses. What am I supposed to think? Is that what he wants? They want more. They want a bigger piece of this pie and they're willing to do what it takes.

I'm going to show you some stuff right now that's 18 going to kind of blow your mind. We talk about 19 20 professionalism, we talk about higher standards and 21 regulations, and we talk about following the rights of 22 everyone. We'll start off with some locations. I'll show you what I do. I'm fortunate enough to be able to have a 23 24 facility where I can store my automobiles indoors, most of 25 my stuff, and it's very nice. It's safe. Nothing is

1 stolen, nothing is taken from people's cars. We have fire alarms, cameras, ADT, the whole nine yards. It's a very 2 nice layout. And I'm very fortunate that I was able to do 3 4 that. 5 Now, let me bring it on board here with a couple 6 things that AutoReturn has brought to the table for you 7 guys to tell you how great it is. Yes, I put the nail in my coffin with this company, but you know what---8 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Excuse me, Ed. 10 Can I interrupt you for a minute? Because we are streaming 11 live, when you walk away from your microphone, they're not 12 picking this up on TV. 13 MR. WHITEMAN: [inaudible]? 14 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: No. If you can 15 stand back by your seat---16 MR. HOVIS: Get up there, Vanna. 17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---as close as 18 you can to the microphone. 19 MR. HOVIS: This is our Vanna. Go, Vanna. 20 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. If you can 21 sit by the microphone and have your assistant display the 22 pictures for us would be great. MR. WHITEMAN: This guy here, the State Police 23 24 refused to let him tow, Paul's Towing. He was implicated 25 in a stolen car ring, turned State's evidence so he wasn't

1	prosecuted. That's the facility, that's the equipment that
2	is towing your cars right now. That's disgusting. That's
3	unheard of. That shouldn't even be happening. There's no
4	level of professionalism there. It's horrifying.
5	All right, Vanna. Let's go next. This here
6	shows a storefront
7	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can I ask you
8	one question? You're showing us pictures of towing
9	facilities
10	MR. WHITEMAN: Facilities in Erie.
11	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And I'm just
12	curious to know how you know that they are all AR towers.
13	Is it just common knowledge
14	MR. WHITEMAN: I made up a log into the AR system
15	and pull up their vendor list.
16	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. Good.
17	Then you do AR
18	MR. WHITEMAN: And they're showing as current
19	venders so they do list themselves.
20	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. I want to
21	make sure before we go on with this
22	MR. WHITEMAN: Right. This is part of my other
23	algorithm here. This is a satellite location to the vender
24	that's 100 yards away from me. They allowed them to move
25	into a facility with just a fence around it in a

residential area without the proper zoning. How would you like cars and stuff in your house, next door to your church? Would you care for that? No. It doesn't meet the regulations, unmanned, unattended facility. We can't have that. That's not part of the State regulations, but it's allowed and it's going on right now. That's terrible.

7 This property here is a tower. His brother, a retired State trooper. He was able to have the ability to 8 9 kind of bend the rules. This is his parents' house. This 10 house is a registered geographic location. It's one of 11 those dots on the map that says, hey, I can have a towing 12 company here. A gate across the driveway, unheard of. 13 Where are the ADA regulations on these buildings? This is 14 terrible. Our people should not be subjected to towers 15 like this, absolutely ridiculous.

We have one more facility. This is an auxiliary storage lot that is used as another geographic location, beautiful facility, nice fence, wooden shed, no electricity, no security, and it is shown up on their map as a usable spot to estimate calls from that. We can't have that. That doesn't meet the requirements what the State puts in place.

I've been doing this my entire life, and when we see people who will just diminish what we have worked hard at to bring stuff like this to the table, that's unheard of. It hurts me to see the levels brought down to this just to make this work. And these are numbers that they can change and play with. I don't care for that.

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4 We're going to move on to another situation. 5 We're talking about salvage, statute 757309, processing of 6 non-repairable or salvage vehicles, subsection (e), police 7 officers and authorized personnel, their departments or any government agency or municipality shall not assess any, 8 9 accept payment, consideration of any kind or portion of 10 fees outlined in this chapter from any salver or person 11 processing the fees, the law.

12 Here's a screenshot, AutoReturn screenshot of 13 what's going on. There's a couple things on here that's 14 really interesting. I'd like to number one start with a 15 dispatch time. 3/6/2014 4:39 a.m., when does it get 16 dispatched to me? At 12:16 p.m. We've got a lapse of 17 almost eight hours there in the timeline on this. There's an additional note here. It says, "Agency, this tow was 18 19 created by AutoReturn user. Please do not use agency 20 notes. Further instead the agency should be contacted 21 directly by phone. 3/6/2014 12:32 p.m., [inaudible] 22 municipality, "system finally back online but extremely slow." Show me the efficiency. 23

Now, let's move over here to administration fee.I charge \$110 for salvage vehicles. That's part of the

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contract rate. I'll get into the three parts of towing
shortly here. But there's a \$35 administration fee put on
here and automatically placed a \$125 tow fee. That was
generated by our friends at AutoReturn. That can't happen.
They're breaking the law. They need to be held accountable
for that.

7 As a tower in Pennsylvania, there's three parts of towing. We have a contract tower which handles your 8 9 State vehicles. We have the emergency tower, which 10 basically we should be wrapping up here talking about. And 11 number three, the salver. When you call me out as a 12 salver, you do not get the opportunity to dig into my 13 wallet or the consumers of Pennsylvania. There is no value 14 in AutoReturn, no value at all.

> VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Can I have that? MR. WHITEMAN: Absolutely.

17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I can't read it.
18 I'm going blind. I'm getting old.

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19 MR. WHITEMAN: There is no value in AutoReturn to 20 the consumer. I'm just appalled that it got this far this 21 fast.

And we talked about the corrosion about when we started. In November a gentleman from AutoReturn walks into my business, hands me a letter from the commanding officer of the Pennsylvania State Police. It says, "Mr. Whiteman, you will cooperate to the fullest of your ability with this pilot program for 90 days." Well, guess what? Ninety days is up, out of Erie. Sorry. Let's go somewhere else. Don't put a gun to my head.

Also, they told me your neighbor signed. You will not tow another car unless you sign. I can't believe that that could be held like that. That's horrible.

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8 We've got some health and safety issues. Their 9 dispatch system, you're right. You talk about the 10 telephone, you want to get an automated phone call, push 11 one, you get an automated voice says, hi, can you take a 12 call here? Push another number. Really? That doesn't 13 tell me anything. Their great dispatch, the marvelous 14 robust system, it comes in a text form.

15 And now there's a timing program put into this 16 text form that comes on my phone. While I'm driving, I'm 17 supposed to accept that call. As a commercial driver, I cannot do that. That's against the law. But they're 18 19 requesting me to accept the call as I'm driving. As I 20 approach a scene, there's another button that says that I'm 21 supposed to hit a button that's on scene. Do you know 22 what? When I'm approaching a scene, that's one of the most dangerous areas that you'll ever run into in your life. 23 You've got slow traffic, you have personnel walking around, 24 25 ambulances. You've got people that are confused and dazed

1 that are just walking into traffic. You know, we can't 2 have this.

Ron Perry told me, he says when you're approaching, even like you're a quarter-mile, half-mile away, just hit the button while we're still driving. I'm not worried about hitting a button. I'm not going to hit a button.

8 My times are very good. You've seen an average 9 of 35 minutes. That's a shame. That's absolute insanity. 10 I respond to most of my calls within 10 to 20 minutes 11 depending on the distance I have to travel in my area.

And as a salver, I've got up to 30 miles of responsibility that I have to cover. If I don't, I'm arrested on a misdemeanor charge for not doing my duty to the State. This is not right. I don't believe that we can continue to do this.

17 Are there changes that needs -- the wheel is in place like we've discussed. That wheel is rolling. We 18 19 need to put a radial tire on it. We need to make that 20 wheel run smoothly. We need to have a centralized 21 depository system for automobiles. There's a section that 22 says that we must report all cars that sit on our property 15 days. When it hits the 15th day, within 24 hours report 23 24 it to the department. There's no procedure. How do we 25 report it to the department? It's not laid out. It's not

designed. This is ridiculous.

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Let's take this wheel. We can all sit down together. We're very smart and intelligent people and we can work together and make a system that will work.

5 As far as money goes, yes, we need to figure 6 something out for our 911 systems. Why don't we do 7 licensed towing companies like most States? Buy a towing license. That way we aren't worried about who paid this 8 9 month, who paid that month. Here's your upfront fee. You 10 want to tow in the State of Pennsylvania, here's your 11 number, pay it or don't. These are the requirements you 12 must meet. Play the game right, get rid of the gypsies and 13 the people that are just running around with one pickup 14 truck with that sling on the back or trying to put 15 something on a trailer.

16 Actually Ron Perry told me, he says I don't care 17 what I've got to do to make this happen. If I have to put a pickup truck with a trailer on it to tow a wrecked car 18 19 off the street to make this happen for us, we're going to 20 do that. This is the kind of crap that we've been putting 21 up with. We don't need to put up with it anymore. 22 Thank you. 23 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 24 MR. HOVIS: Look, I don't know if I can follow

25 that. You all heard me for a long time because the

gentleman from AutoReturn I admire his business prowess and he's a very smart man and he's built a heck of a company, but I'm that rogue tower. But let's define what that rogue tower is. That rogue tower that has stood up not for himself but for all the people in my district and in my area. I have worked with these people all my life and so has my father since 1952. We deserve some respect.

8 We're going to lay out some information today and 9 my presentation is going to shoot a whole lot of holes in a 10 lot of things that they presented. But, ladies and 11 gentlemen, this is the truth. This is the truth that came 12 from these people beside you, these towers, not from me. 13 Nobody can amass this information on their own. Nobody can 14 come up with this information on their own and still have a 15 business running. This wasn't because of me. It wasn't 16 because of one roque tower. It was because a group of 17 towers, 115 of them, and 78 fire companies, that's what this is about. 18

Yes, we're a little smarter. We didn't come like they normally did so they can push people around. We came together, put a unified front on it and put a spokesman in place. Unfortunately, it's me, but you know what? Sometimes you've just go to fight. If it puts an X on my back like Eddie just got on his and I never tow for the PSP again, then I guess I don't. I'll give it up since 1952. But we're here to fight and fight for a reason because it's right for our businesses, it's right for our fire responders, and it's right for us.

So if you flip to the beginning of this book, and I apologize for it being a book, but you're going to see some really revealing things. I know this is a little different venue than the way you've been doing it, but ladies and gentlemen, there is some stuff in here that'll boggle your mind and shake your toes. It's going to be fun.

Let's start with, first, we are family-owned businesses. This short page at the beginning kind of sets out who we are. We are family-owned businesses. We are in your neighborhood, we are your constituents, and we've done a good job for a long, long time.

16 The material that's in here is going to be very 17 clear. It's going to address what the initially stated objective was, which was told to Representative Stevenson, 18 which was to free the patrolmen up to go back out on the 19 20 street as soon as possible. That was the initial thing 21 that was sold to us probably because they didn't want to 22 hurt our feelings and say we're really after you because we think you're a bunch of scumbags, like Major Hoke said in 23 24 his dirt request. Instead, that's what they come out with. 25 Well, it didn't take long for us to figure out

and them to figure out that the troopers don't get back on the street quicker. In fact, we have evidence later we'll show you it's slower.

We are family-owned businesses, and yes, we are 4 5 small businesses, but every one of us in this room is a 6 businessman that prides ourselves on our integrity. The 7 reason our businesses are succeeding is because we work hard. There's a lot of businesses that don't. We are 8 9 prepared to change every day. There's been references to 10 change and we do. That's why we still survive. But one 11 thing we can't change is integrity by which we function our 12 businesses. That's first.

13 Second, as part of running your business your 14 must find a partner or partners in life that share that 15 equal integrity so that you feel comfortable in what your 16 family-owned businesses are and how you run them. 17 Otherwise, you're putting everything that your family has worked for -- I've got third-generation towers over here, 18 19 third-generation towers over here, they're putting 20 everything they have at risk or a large part of it because 21 in our business there isn't a whole bunch of cash. There's 22 just enough to make it so you need the towing and storage. You need to tow. You need the PSP. You need the 23 24 municipality. You need AAA. You need everything to make it work. Take away 20 percent of it, 30 percent of it, all 25

of a sudden you can't make a truck payment. All of a sudden you lose your truck. All of a sudden your kid can't go to the activities they usually go to because you're cutting back. That's the threat that we're under.

5 But integrity is the key. This information is 6 going to show, and they kind of wanted to gloss over it, 7 but without a doubt, verifiably, and they absolutely knew 8 about it, they used coercive tactics to try to force towers 9 to join their program.

10 Now, Ken is a heck of a guy from Eagle Towing in 11 Erie and I've talked to him several times. He's an honored vet. And sure, he didn't have a problem when he signed up. 12 13 Do you know why? Because he willingly stepped forward and 14 signed up. But show them that you object to that and all 15 of a sudden you're a roque tower, you're a scumbag, you're 16 whatever it is, you're a bad apple. And there's no room 17 for objection. Just step in line and comply.

Well, we're going to show in this information that they used coercive tactics. As soon as you decide you're not going to participate, they'll do whatever they can, use whatever methods they can to convince you or force you to comply. Integrity, that means a lot.

Now they switched their justification to bad
tows. Well, it's bad towers. It's not about dispatch
anymore, which we all heard from the beginning. It's about

1 bad towers. Let me tell you what. In every organization, 2 whether it's the towing industry or the State Police or any, they're bad towers, but do we discipline them all 3 because of the actions of a few? No. 4 Let's talk about the actions of the State Police. 5 6 Since 1994 to 2012 over 150 State troopers have been 7 arrested, anywhere from murder to rape to burglary to protection of child prostitution rings, documented 8 9 evidence. That does not make this gentleman right here a 10 bad man. In fact, everybody sitting here is a good quy. 11 They work hard for their living. There are some bad ones 12 but that doesn't make you take this man's gun off him or 13 his taser and put it in a truck for fear that he's going to 14 act bad with it. No, you figure out how to get rid of the 15 bad troopers but you let him do his job and you let him 16 protect the public health and safety. That's what we're 17 dealing with at AR. It's a bad system and it decreases

18 health and safety.

Health and safety, there isn't a person with common sense in this room, especially those that are in law enforcement, that can honestly say that when a call originates from 911, goes to the State Police barracks, the trooper is dispatched, the trooper makes an evaluation, calls the PCO on radio, the radio guy pulls down a program, types in the information with delays as Eddie has seen and as we'll talk about in a minute, sends it to California, California then picks a tower, that that system is faster and/or safer than the PCO getting a call, picking up the phone, dialing speed dial and talking to one of my peers in this room with the trooper a click away on a mike asking him how, what, when, where.

7 You have got to be unbelievably naïve to believe that that automated system is faster and you get better 8 9 information of that than you do through a personal one-on-10 one communication. What happens when they don't get a hold 11 of somebody? Well, he said, oh, well, we go to a live 12 communication. Well, why'd you do that? I thought automated was the real thing. Because that part doesn't 13 14 fail and automated can. And the delays that they have in 15 that system, we'll show you later how that affects response 16 time.

17 They also said in the dirt request to their inner barracks staff that we're unregulated industry. I disagree 18 19 with that. The legislature disagreed with that. You guys 20 passed the Towing and Storage Act in 2012. Now, we can all 21 agree or disagree that there is or isn't enough information 22 within that act or enough regulation. But you know? It is regulated. And our suggestion is if we do need regulation 23 to relieve the PSP of the burdens that they have, then we 24 as towers do not object to our legislature, through a fair 25

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and just legislative process wherein we are participants and the State Police are participants to sit down through a legislative process and augment that Towing and Storage Act.

5 Now, by doing so what will happen that'll give 6 where he said the Office of Attorney General doesn't 7 enforce because it's so small, we'll augment it. If you want to, adopt some of the PSP regulations and other things 8 9 and now the Office of Attorney General will enforce it 10 according to what's in that statute. There's no reason we 11 can't incorporate a lot of FR 6-2 into that and/or anything 12 else the legislature, through a legislative process, deems 13 necessary, not somebody who's hired as a third party.

14 I think Chairman Barrar asked this question. How 15 can you not have the authority to control pricing but yet 16 at the same time hire someone to control pricing? Bov, 17 that's a tough on. I didn't get that. As I understood in law school you can only pass on the rights. If you're the 18 trunk of the tree, you can only pass on the rights that you 19 20 have. It's hard to believe that they can abdicate that to 21 a third party from California or any other third party to 22 control rates.

But this isn't about rates. This is going to be about health and safety in a few minutes. Everybody in this room invests in their family business. A lot of the State Representatives sitting up there came from family
 businesses. In fact, AutoReturn, Mr. Wicker, invested in
 his business. He is probably a really good guy. Ken
 sitting over there from AutoReturn, I know he's a good guy.
 We all invest in our business.

6 What is the role of government? Now, I'm just a 7 farm boy coming from Clintonville, PA. I'm passionate about this. But let me tell you what we always thought the 8 role of government was. The role of government was to 9 10 provide a stable environment so that the person or 11 businesses could plan their life and go about their life. 12 The stable environment gives us as businessmen the 13 opportunity to invest and the opportunity to plan for the 14 future. Without that stability, we will not invest. We 15 will be worried. We'll put our money under the mattress.

16 Now, what does that mean for health and safety? 17 You know, in the middle of winter in Pennsylvania is not San Diego, California. We do have storms and snow just 18 19 like they had in Baltimore. But what does that mean? If 20 we don't invest, you don't have the equipment. You don't 21 have the surplus response equipment that has been paid for 22 by the towers to utilize and service the State of Pennsylvania. We have to have a stable environment by 23 which to invest. 24

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We as towers, and we will tell you why in a few

minutes, we can't do business with AutoReturn. Lowering standards is one, trust and credibility is two, and regulation without representation is three. And there's a dozen other ones because everybody here has their own reasons. But I tell you what, when you talk to them, those are a lot of the real ones.

Small businesses can rely upon our legislature, the role of government to provide a stable environment so that we can go forward. We might not like it. I didn't say I would. Some guys in here would like it, some guys wouldn't, but you know what, we can trust it. Credibility once again is key. We'll show you in a few minutes why we have none with the company that we're talking about today.

14 Let's just give one thought to a plausible 15 scenario and how to handle this. Just keep this in mind because everybody is saying, well, how do we fix this? 16 Augment the Towing and Storage Act if you deem it's 17 necessary through the legislative process and of all the 18 policyholders and the participants in that legislative 19 20 process. If we have a seat at the table and we can come up 21 with reasonable, logical regulations through 22 representation, one.

Two, use the insurance equality officers that are
currently out in the marketplace for the salvers and
inspecting all your inspection stations. They already

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1 checked me for wreckers and fence for salver. They already checked my garages and service stations, of which most of 2 3 these people are automotive-related either repairing so the 4 guys are already at the facility. He's already there. Oh, 5 well, there might be a little cost but safety is going to 6 mean a lot here. There's a little cost for safety. 7 Safety's first. But we can use them to do that. So now 8 the PSP doesn't have to inspect cars. We've augmented the 9 Towing and Storage Act and now the Office of Attorney 10 General is responsible for the enforcement of that.

11 They think that the PCOs won't be bothered. Let's talk about what happens and we'll get into all those 12 13 in a minute. Somebody's towed. PSP dispatches. A car is 14 dispatched and a trooper is there. The person has no idea 15 how they're supposed to call or whom so what do they do? 16 They call the barracks. We'll get into that. They'll call 17 the barracks and the PCO will do just what they did in this example. They'll give them the number to AutoReturn to 18 19 call and complain now or they can give the number to the 20 Attorney General's office. No difference there, right? 21 The one agency handles the complete issue relevant to 22 enforcement or the other agency handles the complete issue relevant to enforcement. It seems like the State Police 23 24 are still getting what they want.

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Now, let's go to the dispatch side. Let's turn

1 it over to 911. Mr. Wicker talked about how in the 911 2 side, well, you know, it's obsolete, it's this, it's that. 3 Well, let me tell you what, ladies and gentlemen, they dispatch the ambulances to your house, they dispatch the 4 5 fire trucks to your house or to the schools, they dispatch 6 more wreckers than the PSP ever do in the State of 7 Pennsylvania, and they dispatch the police all over Pennsylvania. And they do a fine job and they have control 8 9 or connection with all the emergency assets within the 10 county. I have a hard time believing that they're not 11 capable of dispatching 200,000 or 240,000 PSP tow calls in 12 the State of Pennsylvania.

13 Is there an incremental cost? According to our 14 guys that we talk to at the 911s, they said we can easily 15 handle it. Maybe there's an incremental cost but safety 16 matters. So what do we get for that? We get a live 17 dispatch that I can actually talk to somebody that comes quicker, which we'll get into that, so we can save lives on 18 19 the road. People die in seconds on the road, not in 20 minutes.

21 That's my opening statement. I'm sorry it was 22 long, but this really means a lot to us.

Let's go to Section 1. We talked about the changing rationale. You can see the documentation from the PSP. They're relevant to the changing rationale. 1 Importantly, we sent a statement to them very early on 2 which Dick Stevenson and other Representatives got. We got 3 the same boilerplate response back. We're going to do 4 this; it's the best thing. It's the same thing they just 5 regurgitate. They never paid a single attention to what we 6 said, just like they never cared what the PTA or the 7 Pennsylvania Towing Association have to say.

You can look through number two. It talks about 8 9 response time, but number three is interesting. It's a 10 dirt request we call it, and you know what? It's unfair to 11 Mr. Hoke because it was an interoffice thing and I 12 understand that. But if you're going to put that out 13 there, people are going to look at it if we can get a hold 14 of it. And he's a fine man and there's no disrespect to 15 that gentleman, but pay attention to what is says within 16 that thing because this is going to come up later and this 17 will be one thing that I think will affect every State Representative and every State trooper in the room because 18 we all have family, we all have loved ones. 19

And in that thing he asks for examples of such intentional conduct could include overcharging, charging for services when not rendered, duplicate billing, tow company assisting another, exorbitant storage fees, blah, blah, blah, and it gets down to employing of felons, just to name a few. We'll get into that but remember that because you're going to be surprised.

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Let's go to Section 2, tow responders. You can't 2 3 define a program by any one part. You have to define a 4 program by the whole, right? So what's a program supposed to do? Well, it's not my fault. The PCO didn't type in 5 6 enough information. Well, it's not my fault if the trooper 7 didn't tell him enough and the PCO didn't type it in. That's why you went the wrong way. It's not my fault that 8 9 the internet lines were slow. Look, we're not here to talk 10 about that. We're here to talk about a system. If you 11 have internet slow over here, PCO doesn't like to type, 12 doesn't type as much, that's all part of the system. The 13 other part of the system is convincing the Pennsylvania 14 towers that they should willingly participate in a program. 15 Now, if they aren't able to convince the towers to 16 participate in that program, the system failed because we 17 are an integral part of the program.

So the phone line goes down. It's unreliable. 18 19 This is unreliable, so on and so forth down the line. 20 You've got to put it all together and if every one of those 21 is off, sooner or later, one time or another, the system 22 starts to fall apart. They can talk what they want. This 23 is towing and recovery in the State of Pennsylvania, not 24 municipal towing in San Diego where you're talking about a 25 lot of traffic violations and stuff like that. This is

accident recovery. Most of our towing aside in
 Pennsylvania. It requires response times.

3 There are 115 tow companies that signed this petition most of which were prime towers or former PSP 4 5 towers that met all the criteria. Most of them have towed 6 for a long time. There are 74 fire departments assigned 7 with concerns and there are lots of complaints from the fire departments in here. That in and of itself would tell 8 9 me that the system failed. You'll see, Representatives, 10 most of those people are listed here in accordance with 11 their counties and districts.

Let's go back to credibility. I won't do business with a company that I don't trust. And it's been a secure business philosophy for my company for years. The problem they have is they've lost the credibility with the towers on these 115 towers in this room and it's spreading across the State, not the State Police, but AutoReturn has, their surrogate.

See, as Ken said, so long as you willingly go along, you're a good guy but as soon as you disagree or have questions, well, then you are a rogue tower, you're a bad guy, you're a misinformation person. Hey, you give me a contract, I don't like what's in it, I'm going to tell people about it.

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VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I know you want

1 to dispute some of the comments. I would like you to, because we are limited on time, try to stick to the 2 3 comments that were made by AutoReturn or State Police---MR. HOVIS: Sure. 4 5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---and give us 6 your reasons why you feel their comments weren't accurate, 7 okay? MR. HOVIS: Okay. Anybody from the Warren County 8 9 tow here? Raise your hand, guys. 10 We had a tow meeting in Lander Fire Hall, Warren 11 County, and in that meeting the State Police invited 12 themselves to come, which was fine, okay. Within that 13 meeting Lieutenant Klein, who is a Lieutenant at the Erie 14 barracks; Trooper Eric Maskelli [ph], who was integral and 15 part of the implementation team was there to present their 16 side from Harrisburg; and Corporal Rick Elkson [ph], and I 17 apologize if I destroy his name, from the Warren barracks. 18 We made our presentation and they come in about 19 partway through, and I have to say they were all respectful when they're there. They're good men. And they come in 20 21 and they heard us talking about the integrity and the lies 22 and deceits that are used by AutoReturn to try to coerce towers to join. Trooper Maskelli, unfortunately for him, 23 24 didn't come in until after we'd already talked about the 25 real details so he didn't hear what the towers actually had

1 to say at that point. In his presentation Trooper Maskelli said, well, we've heard a rumor about that; it's just 2 3 hearsay. Well, we said timeout. Let's talk to the towers. 4 How many of you guys have been lied to, right, and how many 5 of you people have been told that your neighbor signed, the 6 other neighbor signed? Almost every tower in the room 7 would say I was told that he signed and if I didn't find that he was going to get all my business. He would go to 8 9 that guy and say I was told he signed, back-and-forth, and 10 you're going to be out of business if you don't sign up. 11 So that was direct evidence to Trooper Maskelli from 12 witnesses of what actually happened to them.

But it gets better than that. Steve Barnett, who is from Erie, had a tape-recording from earlier that day, a voicemail from Ron Perry that did exactly that, threatened him, threatened his business as we call threats, but used lying tactics because the guys beside me he said signed up said we never signed up and he was talking to those guys. Lieutenant Klein listened to that voicemail at our request.

We requested that this man, who we greatly respect, report that to superiors in Harrisburg, okay? It was reported to Lieutenant Wendt in Harrisburg according to Lieutenant Klein and obviously Trooper Maskelli, who's part of the information team, heard it and heard Lieutenant Klein talking about it. I don't know if you heard we heard Lieutenant Klein talking about it.

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In followup conversation with Lieutenant Klein we ask him did you hear anything back on it? Did you report it? He said yes, I did. They said they'd get back to me. I said have they? And he said no, they never have. No one ever contacted a single tower to ask if those things actually occurred.

Interestingly, at the PTA meeting a month later 8 9 Lieutenant Wendt and Trooper Maskelli sat there while 10 Mr. Wicker from AutoReturn stood up there and denied that 11 ever happen and said that is just, like he sat here and 12 say, one tower who signed not wanting to tell the other he 13 didn't. Well, guess what? Nobody in Warren County signed, 14 right? So that can't be the case. But Lieutenant Wendt 15 and Trooper Maskelli sat there and never said a word while 16 he lied to the Pennsylvania Towing Association.

Now he may not have lied; he might not have believed it, but that is exactly what happened. Maybe they never said anything to him from the PSP and they didn't want to talk about it. Maybe he didn't lie. But that's exactly what happened and that's what everybody in Warren County -- there's a petition here that says that.

If you flip through the rest of them, there's numerous, numerous of them. Hayden's Garage, they were told towers had signed up that hadn't. Tom Doyle from Venango, Mr. Perry told him he was a Maryland County State Police trooper and he wasn't. He was a municipal. I don't know what that mattered but he seemed to think that was important. Several towers have been told that and the information is in here.

6 Credibility is important. Is it reasonable to 7 ask Pennsylvania companies to willingly sign up and turn 8 over their third-generation family businesses to a company 9 that's lost your trust? I submit to you the answer to that 10 is now. That's one of the reasons not just the other ones 11 why we don't want to participate, but that's a credibility 12 issue.

13 This is interesting. Eddie brought up a point 14 earlier. Credibility is in making sure the system works. 15 Eddie brought up a point where Ron Perry told him to punch 16 in while he's arriving on a scene before he gets there. 17 Unsafe. What does that do? That makes the numbers look good so when AutoReturn turns them over to the Pennsylvania 18 19 State Police, the response times are better. Why do you 20 think their numbers keep getting better in every community? 21 Because they teach the towers to cheat. And don't forget, 22 according to Major Hoke, we're already cheaters.

There's an email attached in here. This comes from the Baltimore Towing Association, was drafted by Ron Perry. In there he also reports response times to

Baltimore County and I'll read it. It says, "I've been 1 reviewing data reports and I've noticed that many companies 2 3 are late by seconds. Please request that your drivers mark 4 themselves on site when they are within view of the scene. 5 Also, if the driver arrives at the location specified by 6 ARES," which is their dispatch program, "and the officer or 7 vehicle is not in sight, have them mark themselves on site prior to making inquiries about the location or continuing 8 9 to search the surrounding areas."

On the face of it that sounds good like you're telling the towers were out looking out for you, but the reality is that falsifies response times that these folks in Harrisburg are supposed rely upon to justify the existence of this program. He told Eddie to do the same thing while driving to a scene. It seems to be a common tactic.

17 It's easy to increase response time if you tell 18 the towers it's okay to cheat and you don't care if you 19 supervise them because it makes your numbers look good. 20 It's kind of self-serving.

Let's talk about lowering standards because they do get low. Lieutenant Colonel Bivens sat here and he said the only time that a tower can be turned on is when they meet compliance with the standards. They can sign up but they can't be turned on. Well, that might be what the State Police believe is happening but the reality is far, far, far from that. We have some really good examples.

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Again, credibility. You held us to this standard 3 4 all these years and now there's no standard? What are we 5 supposed to do? We're supposed to sign up with these guys? 6 There is that statement, as testified by Shane Staley, 7 Lieutenant Wendt said they already dropped the requirement for a wrecker on a scene for a light duty tow. Why do you 8 9 think that was there? Because a tilt bed is not a recovery 10 vehicle. A wrecker is a recovery vehicle. Chevron, which 11 is the world's largest producer of tilt beds, which are 12 materials in close, says specifically that a tilt bed is not for recovery but you only need a tilt bed under the new 13 14 State Police rules because they need to get this program to 15 work. They don't care about health and safety.

Second, International Towing Institute says the same thing. It says tilt beds are not for recovery, but so long as we want the program to work, we don't care. But tell me, is it just as safe because it is a pilot program than before? No. It's unsafe. That's why you put the rules in in the first place.

Venango County, yes, my friends in this room from
Venango County are rogue, crazy towers. That's what they
would have you believe. To be honest with you, we're just
Americans, small businessmen that don't like to be lied to,

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forced, or disrespected.

So let's talk about what happened there. They tried to turn Venango County on. There's a statement here to that effect. If you get past the towing stuff, I call this "Might makes right. Who cares about health and safety?"

7 They wanted to turn Venango County on because that's what they do. On March 10th, which was Monday, they 8 9 intended on turning on Venango County. To do so, they 10 approached two or three really good families. They 11 approached B&M towing, which are good people. Thev 12 approached Snyder Brothers, which are good people. And 13 they approached Burt's Auto Repair, which is good people. 14 I've known two of those people all my life.

15 They went to a tow meeting the Friday before with 16 us because they weren't sure what this is about. When they 17 came to the tow meeting with us, they said, you know what? We're going to join you guys instead of those guys. 18 So 19 they signed up with us but they were all ready to start on 20 Monday to be AR towers. They were approved AR towers for 21 Monday morning. They were going to kick that program off 22 on Monday morning and this was Friday night. They were the towers to run the program, no doubt about it. 23

24 So when they joined us we said, hey, we'll help 25 you join the PSP the regular way, right? I mean obviously

1 you meet the criteria; otherwise, you wouldn't be able to 2 tell. Well, Tom Doyle from Venango County Towing, he's 3 more of a logistics guy when it comes to that, he met with 4 them. He met with Snyder Brothers, and guess what? He had 5 only a tilt bed, no wrecker. Well, we knew that was 6 coming. The second, he didn't meet the insurance 7 requirements. He no way near had the insurance, and when he found out it was going to cost him \$2,400 to add the 8 9 insurance, but he didn't have them but he was going to tow 10 on Monday morning. He did not have a pound.

11 I thought Lieutenant Colonel Bivens sat here and 12 told the State Representatives that nobody could turn on 13 and tow until they met the requirements. I have no doubt 14 Lieutenant Colonel Bivens believes that but I know for sure 15 that AR is not honoring that and nobody's watching them. 16 What do you think will happen after the program gets 17 started? If they don't take care of business now in the pilot program, do you really think they will later? 18

Burt's Auto didn't meet the insurance
requirements, didn't have a pound, only had a twin line
wrecker. B&M didn't meet the insurance requirements and
didn't have a pound. Ladies and gentlemen, once again,
that's bad for health and safety.

24 Mercer County, wait until you see this one. Now,25 I'm a little confused in some parts but in Mercer County

1 they turned on half the county. They turned it on with two towers. They turned it on with Lowery's Towing in Mercer 2 3 County and with Brown's Towing in Mercer County with the 4 assistance of Watson's over in Ohio. The only one before 5 that was a PSP tower -- well, I quess Watson's was they say 6 in Ohio and Lowery's but Brown's was not. Brown's towed 7 for auction sites. He never qualified to be a PSP tower or never wanted to. So therefore he wasn't a preexisting PSP-8 9 approved tower that just had to sign on the line. This 10 wasn't a PSP screw-up. PSP had no responsibility for this. 11 It was AutoReturn.

How many of State Representatives here have kids?
I do. How many people in this room have kids? Right? All
right.

15 What's the nearest and dearest thing to you in 16 your life? The health and safety of your kids. It is for 17 me. I'd give up my life for them. Don't forget, remember we talked or made mention the dirt request from Major Hoke 18 19 that said employing felons, just to name a few. Brown 20 Towing, Joe Brown is a heck of a quy. I like him a lot. 21 His brother, not so good. His brother is one of his 22 primary towers. His brother is on Megan's list, Tier 3. 23 His brother goes out and tows for PSP. The PSP have 24 reported that to their barracks. They're told to stand 25 down and shut up. Here's what he's convicted of, ladies

1 and gentlemen with kids -- what he pled to, I'm sorry. 2 Guilty plea, Disorderly Conduct, Hazarded Physical Offense; 3 guilty plea, Aggravated Assault, Forcible Compulsion, 4 Felony 2; guilty plea, Criminal Trespass, Structure. 5 How about your kid going to college at Edinboro, 6 Westminster, Thiel, Slippery Rock, or just traveling to see 7 a friend at one o'clock at night and they break down or their tire goes flat or they're in a meeting and they need 8 9 towed and this man is the person that picks up your 10 daughter? Thank you AutoReturn. I don't think I can be 11 more clear than that. 12 Watson's, whether it was the PSP's fault or not, 13 the guy is from Ohio, heavy duty out of Ohio. The problem 14 with that is A) he only has one lot, not two. You have to 15 have two to be on the PSP lot. B) You have to have a 16 Pennsylvania sales tax license. I don't speak to that but 17 almost guarantee you he doesn't. His vehicles are not registered with the Department of Transportation. As 18 19 Lieutenant Colonel Bivens said, they all obviously would 20 be. 21 The next one---22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Curt, can I ask 23 you a question? Are you going to be able to wrap up in 24 about two, three minutes? 25 MR. HOVIS: Oh, boy.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. 2 MR. HOVIS: All right. So credibility, whip out 3 that picture real quick of the tower that they signed and 4 just show that. 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: In Erie? 6 This picture right here shows a tower MR. HOVIS: 7 signed by AR that was never a PSP tower before. Guess what? His pound is the alley and his tilt bed is obsolete, 8 9 doesn't meet GVW, does not have DOT, PUC, or anything on 10 the truck, but they are a prime AR tower. In your package 11 materials, this is another prime AR tower called Always 12 Towing. Look at the picture. The guy has an Ohio PUC 13 number on it with Ohio plates but he's towing on Route 28 14 so that he can put it to the towers down there. 15 It keeps getting better. Dispatch failure, 16 here's the deal. You have to see this one. This system 17 takes longer, no doubt, no way about it. We received anonymously in the mail from somebody from a police 18 19 barracks 30 screen prints supposedly consecutive from 20 AutoReturn's dispatch program. We ran averages on them. 21 My IT guy did. I have provided them to a necessary party 22 who has verified and would verify at any time the actual 23 numbers. I no longer have the information. The 24 information we were sent said that their average response 25 time was 15 to 20 minutes. When we did number crunching,

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1 their average response time on scene was 50 minutes and 22 2 seconds.

3 Here's the way it breaks down and this is why the system of automation isn't as good as a live tow. 4 The 5 trooper radios in. We talked to a couple of troopers. 6 They said, man, it takes me about two minutes when I'm on 7 scene so there's two minutes. The PCOs that we talked to 8 and the PCOs that called anonymously, which two of them 9 did, said that it takes them about a minute to dispatch a 10 tow responder. That's three minutes. I took the high side 11 of the information we got. They said 15 to 20, which the 12 person has the documentation to review that says it on 13 there. I used 20 minutes. Response time on scene from 14 trooper to the time a tow truck arrives in this area, 23 15 minutes. Here's the AR system run by their averages. 16 Trooper said it takes no more than a minute longer. He 17 said it really isn't much because he doesn't have to fill out a lot of information. He said later that may change 18 19 but not now.

Now, obviously this PCO was disgruntled and/or people that sent us this information was, and they said that by the time they pulled the program down with the slowness and they've got to fill it out as well as they can because otherwise the guy gets lost and the directions are bad, it'll take about seven minutes.

1 Those you can argue, Mr. Wicker, but here's what you can't argue about from that. When the PCO presses 2 3 dispatch request, it took three minutes and 10 seconds from 4 the time he pressed, not one second or one half-second like 5 you said. According to these reports it took three minutes 6 and 10 seconds from the time he pressed request to the time 7 AR received that request. It took them three minutes and 48 seconds from there for that tow company, whoever they 8 9 picked, to respond to that. That's seven minutes, give or 10 take two seconds.

Then we did the calculations from the time the PCO, they said 20 minutes for the PCO, we took the average arrived time after the time that they received the dispatch. It was 33 minutes, 24 seconds, right from their documents. That's 50 minutes and 22 seconds versus 23 minutes.

Now, here's where this adds all up real quick.
Let's say everything was equal. Well, let's just look at
the difference. That's a difference of 27 minutes. That
response time doubled with a trooper on scene. That's not
good.

Fire companies say the same thing. So do towers and so do the troopers in the field. We just don't want to talk to them because they know what's really happening.

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Even if you take out any discrepancy between the

trooper in the field and the PCO taking longer, if you just use the initial time it takes for them to administer it and the response times, it was 20 minutes and 22 seconds longer. On a 30-call average, they're talking hundreds. Add that up times hundreds and see what your liability is on the interstate.

7 Here's the real kicker. In the notes there were 22 requests for ETA by the PCOs. Let's talk about how it 8 9 works now. PCO picks up the phone, knows who he's calling, 10 you say you're going. How long is it going to take you to 11 be there? I'll be there in 15, 20. Thanks. Boom. Trooper on scene. He'll be there 15, 20. Here's the way 12 13 it works now. The system is defaulted to 30 minutes. Who 14 knows? Why do you think the troopers called 22 times?

15 So if he wants an ETA, he calls the PCO, the PCO 16 turns around and sends that to California, California calls 17 a tower who's driving a commercial vehicle down the road and asks for a response time. He then sent it back to PCO, 18 the trooper. In these 30 responses, they asked for ETAs 22 19 20 times. Nine times they failed to respond. There's a 15-21 minute shutdown, six re-dispatches, and seven no-responses. 22 There's an email from Ron Perry sent out to the towers that confirms this and it says, "We realize that it's 23 24 frustrating when our customer service representatives called to inquire about your ETA. This is usually done at 25

the request of the PASP who are waiting on the scene.
Please be patient with the representatives. They are
trying to perform their duties as required." Yes. They're
calling and asking for ETAs all the time. Why is that?
Because the trooper is used to waiting 15 to 20 minutes and
not 40. That's why he's calling for it.

7 Health and safety, for that issue and that reason 8 alone this program has absolutely failed. If it takes long 9 to respond on the interstate, then shame on them. The 10 administrative efficiencies can be handled by our 11 legislature through augmentation of the towing act and 12 through, if the PSP doesn't want to enforce it, having the 13 people we talked about through inspection of towing 14 stations and service stations come and by pushing this 15 issue through, again, the Towing and Storage Act and 16 they're done. They don't have any issues.

17 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Curt, can we get18 out to questions from the legislature?

19 MR. HOVIS: Absolutely. I apologize for that but 20 I wanted you to hear what these guys have told me for the 21 last six months.

22 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I can tell this
23 is an issue you are very passionate about so we appreciate
24 your passion here.

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Representative Stevenson for questions.

1 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And thank you, Curt, for making the trip 2 3 with all of your colleagues today. I appreciate it. I 4 appreciate your testimony. I'm going to get right to the bottom line. We've 5 6 heard a lot of testimony today. Is it AutoReturn itself 7 that you don't want to work with or is it the system that they're proposing that you don't like? 8 9 And in addition to that, if that's not the system 10 you like, what is the system you would like to see in place 11 in Pennsylvania in terms of the dispatch. I'm not talking 12 about the legislative changes to the act or any of that 13 sort of thing, but just a system that would work. We've 14 heard concerns from the State Police about 911 not being 15 able to do it because of the administrative work that they 16 State Police now does in terms of regulating the towers and 17 so forth. So taking all that into account, how do you see 18 19 this issue being resolved? What's your suggestion? 20 MR. HOVIS: Well, first, everybody that's 21 opposing this system of which are a lot of good towers, the 22 questions are why, and as the Pennsylvania Towing 23 Association said, those responses vary but there are 24 several very clear ones. The first is we don't want to do

business with a company we don't trust. They burnt the

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1 bridge. And how do you do business with that now because 2 you can't trust them to be honest with you? 3 Second, the system is not conducive to health and 4 safety. As Representative Costa said, I do Interstate 80. 5 You've got to get me a real live dispatch. Even on the 6 country roads it's down by the creek, it's across from the 7 old mill, it's here, there. You don't get that from AutoReturn. Eddie says he calls the barracks every time he 8 9 goes on a tow for the State Police because the information 10 isn't good, right? 11 MR. WHITEMAN: Correct. Every time. 12 MR. HOVIS: Every time. 13 MR. WHITEMAN: I call the barracks to find out 14 exactly what equipment I need so I do not leave our 15 emergency personnel, our troopers out there in any more 16 danger. It's horrifying being on a highway. 17 MR. HOVIS: So first, the AR company to us, to me, and to most of the people here is untrustworthy. And 18 19 you should see the first contract that backs that up. 20 Second, the system we believe is flawed. You 21 can't replace a verbal dispatch with real-live 22 communication with an automated system and say it's better 23 or safer. You really can't. And how do you know which one 24 is the one that's going to get somebody killed? Well, our 25 averages are -- I don't deal on averages. My kids travel

1 that road. So those are two compelling reasons for the 2 towers.

What do we need? We need live dispatch and we need to have security in our future through regulation through representation if necessary versus having somebody from California doing things that they State Police never could do or never would do.

So how do we do that? We rely upon you 8 9 obviously, but our concepts are simple and we're simple 10 folks. Our concepts are we already have the vehicle by 11 which to drive which is the Towing and Storage Act. Take a 12 look at it. Get with us, get with the PSP and decide what 13 we need to do apply additional regulations, if any, to that 14 act, number one. Put them in there. That leaves it then 15 up to the Office of Attorney General for enforcement. PSP 16 can just prefer that to Office of Attorney General if they 17 have any questions.

Number three, we can use the other company I 18 19 talked about, the other people to inspect the vehicles, and 20 we can use 911 to dispatch, which is better anyhow. So 21 you've got 911 dispatch and you've got the Towing and 22 Storage Act regulating and the Office of Attorney General enforcing and you've got the guys, the insurance equality 23 inspecting your cars in your vehicles. And we've solved 24 25 this in-state with our resources rather than send our money 1 out-of-state. I think that's a better scenario. And we 2 have live dispatch.

One of the things that they said, Dick, which is 3 4 a real kick, AutoReturn was supposed to be the person that handled -- this is a real issue. They said AutoReturn is 5 6 supposed to be the intermediary between the tower and the 7 person who got towed. Kathy Newquist out of the Kittanning barracks area is a very nice lady. I talked to her. 8 Now, 9 they'll tell you they never had a complaint. Not true. 10 Kathy Newquist said the information is in here under failed 11 dispatch, but what happened to her? And it's not the fact 12 that the charges were wrong; it's a whole process. A non-13 PSP, new AR tower towed the lady, right? Towed her son two 14 hours from where she has.

She was told the bill was 300, 350, 400, now 15 16 became 450. At the end of the day the bill was right 17 probably or pretty close but the kick in the pants is this: The lady didn't have as, in your office, Major said, well, 18 \$30 is a nominal fee. She didn't have a spare \$35. And 19 20 she tried to pay for her car her son was driving the first 21 time, her debit card failed. She's a teacher's aide. She 22 doesn't make 200 grand like some people in this room, okay?

23 So what happened? She called the State Police 24 barracks for help. Whoa, she didn't call AutoReturn. 25 They're always going to call the State Police. They're 1 always going to handle it regardless. What did they do? They gave them the phone number for AutoReturn. She called 2 3 AutoReturn. Now, this is where it's supposed to be 4 Pandora. The great AutoReturn is going to handle all these 5 problems, make everything go away. Hardly the case with 6 this poor lady. She was very clear in what she said. 7 AutoReturn told her at the desk we are only a dispatch company. We do not fix or set rates and we cannot help you 8 9 get your car. Sorry.

10 So what did she do? She called back to the State 11 Police barracks. The PCO, whoever that was, forwarded it 12 to the supervisor and the supervisor tried two or three 13 times. His response to her was I've never worked with this 14 tower before. I can't help you. She had to leave work, 15 drive two hours, put money in her son's car because he 16 would no longer accept the debit card so he could go get 17 cash and pay that guy.

Her point wasn't about a lot of it. It was nobody would take responsibility. I thought that's what AutoReturn was supposed to do. Obviously it didn't work. So, Dick, we've got to avoid that.

22 REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Right. I appreciate23 your answer and your direction. Thank you.

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative25 Barbin for a question.

1 Curt if I can ask you, we have one more 2 testifier---3 MR. HOVIS: Yes. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: ---and if you 4 5 can speed your answers up, we'd greatly appreciate it. 6 MR. HOVIS: Okay. 7 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 8 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: This is a question for 9 Mr. Whiteman. 10 I think seeing your photos I just want to confirm that this is your testimony. You are a vendor for AR? 11 12 MR. WHITEMAN: Yes. 13 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Okay. And in AR's 14 computer-generated package of administration, if somebody 15 were to come in tomorrow and build a building beside you 16 that was 10 feet closer to whatever your area is, you would 17 be eliminated from receiving that work? MR. WHITEMAN: Well, actually, I have been 18 19 eliminated from a majority of the work. 20 REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Okay. That's the first 21 question. I just wanted to get very clear that that's what 22 happens with the system. Okay. 23 And the next question is is this system, as a 24 vendor, does it allow for any rotation of the people close 25 in your area?

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MR. WHITEMAN: No.

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REPRESENTATIVE BARBIN: Okay. Then I just have a 2 3 quick comment. No matter what, the testimony has come out 4 really clearly today is it isn't a question whether this 5 was good or bad. The State Police are doing an incredible 6 job for drug problems that we have in this State. Thev 7 shouldn't be administering the problem. The only question that's coming up to us is whether this particular group out 8 9 of California with their centralized administration 10 approach and the computer response as opposed to a 911 11 response, a county 911 would know who the people are and 12 whether we should have licensing or not. We probably 13 should have licensing.

14 But from the testimony the State Police are to 15 enforce our violent laws, not to administer our tow laws. 16 And the only question that is is whether we can do better 17 than the current system because it's a pilot project. It's not a good system if you get a computer to tell you 18 something based on garbage in that the guy who doesn't have 19 20 as good a program of recovering gets the call because they 21 put up a building to beat the GPS system. That's garbage 22 in.

And it doesn't make sense for consumers to allow people to have only one person responding instead of having four because by four people in an area responding it keeps 1 the price of that tow lower.

So no matter what it is or how we got here, this is a bad system and we need to go back and look at getting a license for towers and we need to get to a program where State Police doesn't have to do this. We've got 911 centers in every county in Pennsylvania. We shouldn't be sending the money to California.

8 MR. MALINSKI: Sir, may I comment? My name is 9 John Malinski. I represent Butler County. We had one of 10 the first 911 systems in PA. They dispatch for 13 police 11 departments, different variations, and I can tell you as a 12 fact and as a tower we do not have the problem that PSP 13 does. And I don't understand where their problem is at, 14 and it's all different. Some are rotation. It's nearest 15 available, but it's all worked out. And our 911 system has 16 no problem doing it. Our average response time for Butler Township is 20 minutes. That's the longest we're allowed 17 and we're there. What we get is a phone call saying, hey, 18 19 okay, this is what we need. I send the trucks out. And 20 that's it. We're done. I don't have to go back and talk 21 to somebody on a voice message. And this is the way we 22 have been doing it for years and we have no problems. What 23 is the problem now?

24 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Our next25 testifier was supposed to be the gentleman from Beaver

County Emergency Services. He could not make it today. Everyone has in their packet, if you look in your packet from Wesley Hill, Director, his testimony is of course exactly what you said, verifies what you're saying, that the 911 emergency calls in Beaver County are handled and dispatched through the 911 system. So the capability is truly there.

Right now, this Committee is currently in the middle of rewriting the 911 emergency telephone laws at this time, and this may be an area that we could look at a doing the dispatching and talking to our 911 centers around the State to make sure that they have that capability.

13 I would assume it's pretty much a software 14 program that would be needed.

15 MR. MALINSKI: I have talked to Steve Bricehouse, 16 which is the head of our 911 system up there. He said the program is roughly \$1,000. He said it's pennies on the 17 dollar to do the dispatching, which he didn't even know if 18 19 he really needed an extra dispatcher because the amount of 20 dispatching they do for some many police departments, fire departments, and ambulances. So basically they're telling 21 22 you they can do it.

VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And pretty much
everyone who has a telephone or a cell phone is paying
already for a dispatch service.

1 MR. MALINSKI: Correct. VA& EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Now we will 2 3 charge them twice ---4 MR. MALINSKI: Correct. 5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: --- for the 6 dispatch service through 911 and then if they're involved 7 in an accident, they would have to pay a \$35 additional fee on top of the \$1 to \$1.25 that they currently pay in 8 9 Pennsylvania. So of course we would like to rectify that. 10 I think the system is very unfair to the consumer in 11 Pennsylvania. 12 MR. MALINSKI: Most of our township, I live in 13 Centre Township, we are already paying a fire tax to pay 14 for this kind of stuff. 15 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. Yes. 16 Other questions from the Members? 17 Representative Marshall, did you have a question? 18 REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you, 19 Mr. Chairman. 20 I appreciate the testimony that we've heard today 21 from all sides. And as a volunteer firefighter myself, I 22 know what it's like to be out on the street typically at night, oftentimes when it's snowing, and even in the best 23 24 conditions we have motorists that fail to comply with our 25 signals and drive onto a scene at a rate of speed that is

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uncontrollable. Any minute that we spend on the highway is
 precious. There are lives involved in this.

3 And I think that it's important to note your 4 testimony in reducing the amount of time out there at the 5 scene is critical and that the costs of government is 6 something that is hard to wrap your hands around, but the 7 cost of public safety, I mean that's our prime concern, public safety in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And we 8 9 really have to work on the efficiency and maybe we need 10 broadband radio or maybe we need to consolidate some 11 services.

12 But we certainly rely on the Kens and the Bills 13 and the Marys and everyone that's involved in our first 14 responders that we know. They're our friends, they're our 15 neighbors. We trust them whether they're towers or EMTs or 16 firefighters, and certainly I think that we need to keep 17 these jobs in Pennsylvania if we can. That's certainly our goal. And the citizens of Pennsylvania need to be involved 18 in this and I'm glad that you brought so many from western 19 20 Pennsylvania appears today. I appreciate that.

I was looking forward to some questions to Wes Hill, our Director of Beaver County, but again, we do have his testimony. And I thank all that have testified here today and I thank the Chairman for having this hearing. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Great. Thank you.

2	Curt, this book, and I'm going to draw some
3	attention to it to the other Members, that you've given us
4	is incredible. I wish I would have had it for days to look
5	through. But there's also a section in here that was
6	provided by a member of the Maryland Legislature basically
7	outlining numerous concerns exactly what we're getting here
8	today, and I'm not sure. How long has this been taking
9	place not in the entire State of Maryland? I understand
10	it's just Baltimore County.
11	MR. HOVIS: Baltimore County. Yes, the county,
12	Baltimore County.
13	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay.
14	MR. HOVIS: And that was given to Dick Stevenson,
15	Representative Stevenson, by someone in the Baltimore
16	Legislature, and we received it in a meeting with the Major
17	at Dick's office. And in review I enclosed that within
18	there and highlighted the points as you said,
19	Representative, those are the same things we're talking
20	about and the same things they're talking about.
21	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: There are
22	numerous concerns that this has led to 5- to 7-minute
23	longer response times, that the tow responders are not
24	allowed to call police officers or the barracks. Instead,
25	they must call California, that there's missing

1 information, is not when the tower is dispatched, that 2 there is missed information because they 911 or the 3 communications officer has to type in the data field to 4 tell you exactly the detail of the accidents, which I can imagine could the quite lengthy. I'm a typer like this so 5 6 it would take me a week to do it properly. 7 Well, I guess the Members will all take a look at this if they can. 8 9 Who else had a question? 10 Representative Costa. 11 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Yes, thank you, Chairman. 12 Just a comment. When I first came into this 13 meeting this morning and reading and following the whole 14 process along the way, my biggest concern were for the 15 troopers who are out there responding, the public safety 16 people, the first responders, your tow people that are 17 responding to these scenes because I know how deadly they can be. They can turn instantly and that was my biggest 18 19 concern. 20 I have many other concerns after this hearing 21 today and I trust, especially building a tow truck, to be a 22 tow driver, to get a contract, I mean I trust that -- in the City of Pittsburgh when I was the chief, if I had an 23 applicant or a candidate or a probationary officer and I 24 25 found out that they misled me like that, and I believe the

1 State Police is the same way, they'd be gone. This is a 2 They're on probation. I trust the State pilot program. 3 Police will look into these whether it be tapes or if you 4 guys can give them the books, the allegations, and look 5 into these allegations on both sides, verify stories on 6 both sides and then make the judgment there if they 7 continue to go down the road as far as looking for privatization of this versus a 911 center. 8

9 So, again, I thank you very much. Mr. Chairman,
10 I thank you extremely for this very informative meeting.
11 Thank you.

12 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you.
13 There was one gentleman that was named in your panel
14 sitting next to you who switched seats. You would like to
15 make a comment?

16 MR. NORRIS: Yes, I would. My name is David 17 Norris. I'm 31 years old. I'm a third-generation tower in D&D Auto Salvage, Towing, and Recovery. I have been 18 19 involved in this industry my entire life, and many of these 20 people in this room, I mean since I was a child and when I 21 came up through building the business, have helped me, many 22 mentors in this room. And one thing that I'm not sure was made clear today, there is a large difference between what 23 24 is referred to as a tow operator and a towing and recovery 25 operator. And basically what I have witnessed so far with

this program there are companies that may have been around our area that were tow companies. I have tow operators that I would not send on a recovery job. They merely do hook-and-tow private calls.

5 There is a big difference in training, equipment, 6 everything, and there are a lot of people in our area that 7 have chosen to participate in this program that may be purchasing the equipment to meet the standards even though, 8 9 as Curt brought to our attention, is not the case. Even if 10 they did represent the standards in that manner, these 11 people do not have the background and experience. You have 12 the best towing and recovery operators in this room in that 13 part of the State who are not willing to participate in 14 this program. So what you have is a poor form of a mockery 15 of our businesses that are trying to represent us.

16 And again, we have always had a good working 17 relationship with the police departments, and I don't mean any disrespect, but if you took the current troopers out of 18 19 base and replaced them with State constables, not that 20 there is anything the matter with them, but the State 21 troopers are held to a higher standard. They require more 22 training; they require more testing to perform their duties. Although these people may represent them, you're 23 not going to get the same standard and performance that 24 you're going to get out of the people that are in this 25

room.

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We are the ones that took initiative and made the 2 3 investments originally on our own decision to participate in towing for the State Police. We are the ones before you 4 that made that investment and sacrifice in our lives. 5 Τ 6 mean I've left my children's birthday parties. I have four 7 children. Have a beautiful wife. I have to completely revolve my life around this industry. And at a prior 8 9 meeting I was told by the State Police, well, you chose 10 that. And I said you're exactly right. I did choose to do 11 that. I chose to be a tow operator. But I feel that we 12 deserve to be respected more than that for the sacrifices 13 we've made in our lives and with our families to do this 14 because people don't understand.

15 On an emergency scene we are the only agency there that is not government-funded. It's not like the 16 fire department where we're able to go back and volunteers 17 come and clean the trucks and replace all the equipment. 18 19 This is all ourselves and our families and our sacrifice 20 and our money and that's why this is so important to us and 21 that's why many of these gentlemen took the day off today 22 to be out here. It was not easy for any of us to be here 23 but this is how important it is to us and this is how important it is to the general safety of the public and the 24 25 State of Pennsylvania.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I agree with you. And you're not guaranteed to get paid for the tow 2 3 either. MR. NORRIS: Correct. 4 5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And you don't 6 have to answer the question, but how many times do you tow 7 and the person never comes back to reclaim their car? 8 MR. NORRIS: Absolutely. 9 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: And our new law 10 gives them access to the car to take their personal 11 belongings but doesn't require them to pay you for the 12 service that you provided to the customer and the 13 Commonwealth. So believe me, we understand fully. 14 There's a couple other questioners. 15 Chairman Sainato. 16 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Thank you, 17 Mr. Chairman. I'd like to hear from Mark McConnell. Mark, 18 19 would you come up and just---20 MR. McCONNELL: Does this work here? 21 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Yes. 22 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes. Why don't 23 you just give us some briefing on what's happening in 24 Lawrence County and how it's operating? 25 MR. McCONNELL: Hello. My name is Mark

1 McConnell. I'm from Lawrence County. We have seven towers 2 previously before the AR. Now, we have two that are still 3 on the AR. None of the seven is doing it. One of the 4 towers is doing towing in Mercer County so he's also trying to cover Lawrence County, which I don't know how he does 5 6 that because I couldn't do it. And then the other guy is a 7 new quy. He's out of Ellwood City so we've got them on two big ends of the county and they're trying to cover a huge 8 9 county.

10 So the ETAs aren't the greatest. There's a 11 letter in there from the Hickory Township, April 19th. The 12 call took about 45 more minutes for a towing company out of 13 Ellwood City to get to Hickory Township. The Pulaski Fire 14 Departments complained about ETA time. The Shenango 15 Township Fire Departments complained about ETA time. Over 16 the past weekend I received two PSP calls after midnight 17 when the State has one car on for the night. They were getting backed up with calls. They needed somebody there 18 19 in a quick manner. They called and said, Mark, do you have a wrecker available? I said yes. How many do you need? 20 21 He says how quick can you be there? I said I'll have 22 somebody there in 15 minutes. This was after midnight on a weekend night. We got somebody up there on a Friday night, 23 24 somebody back up there on a Sunday night. We've got a one-25 lane traffic problem on 376 with construction. I think

1 there's been six or seven accidents up there within the 2 past week. I think they're having some response time from 3 AR towers. I appreciate your time. Thank you. 4 5 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 6 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Thank you, 7 Mark. 8 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Chairman 9 Sainato. 10 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes, thank you, 11 Mark. You had told me some of the things that are going 12 on. I just wanted that for the record because I think 13 that's so vitally important. I think with everyone's 14 testimony today the purpose, as Chairman Barrar said, is 15 we're here to get information. We want to listen to all 16 sides and we need to put everything on the table because, 17 as Chairman Barrar, we are doing the 911 rewrite. That's something this Committee spent a lot of time in the last 18 19 year-and-a-half on and that's something we're going to be 20 spending a lot more time on, too. 21 So I do thank you all for coming. Thank you, 22 Mark. 23 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you, 24 Chairman. 25 Representative Rapp. And we would ask the

1	questions to be, if you can, answer them very quickly if
2	you can.
3	REPRESENTATIVE RAPP: I will be very brief,
4	Mr. Chairman. Thank you. And, Representative Stevenson,
5	thank you.
6	And I just have several constituents here. This
7	was a very informative meeting and I know that my
8	constituents traveled a long way to be here and I'm hopeful
9	that we can come to some better resolutions for our towers
10	across the State of Pennsylvania.
11	So thank you, Mr. Chairman, for conducting the
12	hearing today.
13	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Great. Thank
14	you.
15	Representative Saccone.
16	REPRESENTATIVE SACCONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
17	And very quickly, it's a comment more than a
18	question. And I'm an old investigator. I try to look at
19	all the evidence. I try to be fair here, listen to all
20	sides, but I tell you I have some real concerns about
21	paying attention to the letter of the law but not the
22	spirit of the law, and I think by AR's own testimony up in
23	Seattle they were willing to pay attention to the letter of
24	the law by making a tow truck to qualify them for a towing
25	company but not the spirit of law when they weren't really

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1 a towing company. So I worry about when you say standards being lowered that if someone is willing to compromise that 2 by following the letter and not the spirit, we have some 3 4 real concerns there that we have to take a look at. 5 So thank you. It was very informative and I 6 appreciate hearing all of your testimony. And some of my 7 constituents are here also and they traveled a long way to get here and I really appreciate that. Thank you very 8 9 much. 10 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. Are 11 there any other questions from the Representatives? 12 Anyone? No. 13 Gentlemen, thank you for your testimony. And one 14 of the good things that came out is I think that teaching 15 us the difference between a tow and recovery I think is a 16 huge issue for us to consider or to be educated about 17 because in hearing the testimony most of us think you just back up to a car, pull them up there, and drive away. 18 We 19 don't see the number of times that the recovery is 20 extremely long. You may have a 10-car pileup. We saw it 21 with the snowstorms this year, that the length of time it 22 took to clear, what, 52-some cars off the turnpike back when we had a couple bad snowstorms. We had 13 this year. 23 24 So we thank you for your testimony. 25 Our next testifier is Mr. John Glass. I think

1 John and I participated in a covert operation a few years 2 ago. It's great to have you here, John. You can begin 3 your testimony when you get settled. 4 5 MR. GLASS: Thank you. My name is John Glass. 6 I'm from actually Morristown, New Jersey. I am the 7 President of the Towing Association of New Jersey since the beginning of time. Nobody has wanted to take it since me. 8 9 I'm also Legislative Chairman for TRA, the 10 national Towing Recovery Association, and that's what 11 brings me here today, to try to help the towing industry 12 and try to help you all understand possibly the concerns that the towing industry has in front of third-party 13 14 dispatch. 15 I'm not privy unfortunately to what I will say 16 what the towers are going through because I am not 17 experiencing it on a first-hand basis, but we are concerned what possibly third-party dispatch is doing across the 18 19 country. 20 I am a State Police tower myself in New Jersey. 21 I've been there for 35 years doing municipality work and 22 State Police towing so I do understand the concept of towing besides the legislative end of it. But I'd like to 23 24 talk mostly on the communication end of it and try to help 25 answer any questions you have.

Incident management has been around since the early '80s and the intention of incident management, Federal highway put it together and they put many, many programs together to try to move traffic and get things out of the way for safety of the public, for the responders, get the traffic moving, the trucks moving.

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7 There are all kinds of books. I happened to 8 bring two of them today, thick manuals that the feds put 9 out constantly that goes out to emergency responders on how 10 to respond, how to do dispatching, what kind of equipment 11 you should bring, how to move vehicles. So the point is I 12 came into Harrisburg tonight, I noticed that you have road 13 patrols out there on the highways, the yellow trucks. 14 That's all part of incident management in a program that 15 started many, many, many years ago to try to be effective 16 on moving the cars off to the side and for detection.

17 But the biggest parts that they have found over all the years for incident management is and the biggest 18 19 tool that you can use is really communications between all 20 your emergency responders. They have gone, they have 21 looked at the road patrols, they have looked at different 22 dispatching, they have looked at different models, anything you can think of. But when it all comes back down to the 23 24 basic thing that moves stuff quicker and faster is communications. 25

1 Right now the future direction that incident management is going, believe it or not, is direct 2 3 communications with all emergency responders, listening, 4 talking to each other because they've realized that between 5 the communications today, between cell phones and even text 6 messaging or whatever, if they have to, if they can get 7 that fire chief to talk to that particular tower or that police officer, state trooper to talk to that tower or that 8 9 fire chief, they want to do it so they can get a true 10 understanding of what is going on.

11 And the only way to do that is if you have a 12 dispatcher as far as we can see. It may be expensive, it may be time-consuming, it may take a lot of resources, but 13 14 if you have an individual sitting there, it's like a hub of 15 the wheel. They are the hub and you have all of these 16 different branches coming off to the sides. But that 17 dispatcher is taking all of the communications and the information. So if he hears or she hears from the fire 18 19 department that they have an extreme condition, whatever it 20 may be, she can now pick up her mike and say to the rescue 21 squad, for example, I've just heard they've got injuries. 22 It looks like six to eight people; they are not sure, maybe a fatality. They're bringing them up to speed even though 23 the ambulance may not have arrived. 24

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And it's the same thing with the towing industry.

1 If they're listening and hearing, they may not be directed 2 make that call, but at least they have a better feel of 3 what's going on.

When you have voice communication, you can also hear the urgency. Obviously if you have anybody on there, a police officer, and he's screaming, he's screaming because he's got a serious, serious problem. Bring me more people. I've got injuries. All the ambulances. If he's text messaging it, I'm sorry to say, you have no idea how urgent or how bad that is.

11 Our concern to a certain extent is if the 12 technology is there, the ability to do it, and it's all 13 neat stuff as far as I'm concerned, that you can sit in a 14 patrol car or you could sit at the dispatch office and say 15 let me push the button and I'll type in "send me a tow 16 truck." That's all they're going to get: Send me a tow 17 truck. They may get it to say cars rolled over but they're not hearing the urgency of whatever else that may be there. 18 19 They need to go out and find someone else to respond.

Now, I do agree that to a certain extent that dispatcher isn't amongst a lot of communications and he's dispatching for all kinds of emergency responders, he does have to stop and do something for the tower or he may be able to turn I would say to his people next to him and say I've got my hands full here with EMS. Could you get that 1 tower on the phone for me and then let's get things
2 started? It's not impossible. That's what we all have to
3 do.

4 I think we all agree that when we get the call 5 today that we gave up the operators in general not for 6 emergency responders but just an operator for anybody that 7 you call and you get push one, push two, push three. And then when you finally get there, you leave the message. 8 9 Yes. It saves communication, saves people, but if you 10 really want to talk and you really want an answer, you're 11 hoping even if you get put on hold that you have a voice 12 coming at you at the other end.

13 But realistically, communications, like I say, 14 that is the key, key factor and I don't see how you can 15 really give it up. I will agree that there is a 16 possibility that any third-party dispatch system has the 17 data, the communications, and the ability to control data, excellent tools, excellent information that they could use 18 19 to help the emergency responders, police departments, whatever the case may be, even you at the legislators to 20 21 try to figure it out.

But going to the third step, second step, whatever you want to call it to say let's call California, let's call New Jersey, wherever it may be, whoever it may be, they have no idea or clue what is happening here on the 1 highway, on Interstate 80.

If we look at the motor clubs to a certain extent and what they have to deal with, motor clubs have a very, very good purpose but in severe weather conditions you find their lines get tied up, they can't answer calls, and they have no idea what's going on in Pennsylvania for the same reason. It's because they are out in California and what have you. They've got beautiful sunny weather, great life.

9 We don't understand either if they were 10 dispatching from New Jersey to say we just had a mudslide, 11 forest fires. We can't get into that area. They have no idea. It really needs to stay home, stay in tune and 12 13 understanding what's going on in the areas. Even to the 14 point of knowing what fire department to call, which 15 ambulance, how to get the helicopter if necessary, how to 16 put that helicopter on standby. It's no different than 17 with a tower. How do we get them into the scene and what should he bring and who do we belong? 18

19 Rotation systems, pricing, I've heard a lot about 20 that today. Who should be on a list and who's not. I'm 21 not sure how you all are set up, but in all honesty, if you 22 have guidelines, good procedures, and if any of those 23 guidelines and procedures need to be relooked at, then I 24 would put a committee together, sit down with them, and say 25 we're having a problem with this area. It's not working anymore. It's old, inadequate, or we've had to move
farther along. I think that can be done. I know it can be
done. It gets done all over the country with the towing
community, the emergency responders, and legislators and
police departments if necessary.

6 Cutting cost is always a concern. I understand 7 what the State Police are saying and I think the State Police are dealing with it. And just like municipalities 8 9 anywhere across the country, they've had their funding cut 10 and we are in a terrible, especially the economy just in 11 general, we're all feeling it. And I have to say I 12 sympathize with them but you can't cut costs for safety and 13 for well beings on emergency response. The last thing, for 14 example, you want to hear in the ambulance as you're going 15 to the hospital is we don't have any more tourniquets; 16 we're out of it. You want to hear I hope they got a whole box of them because my life is depending on it when I 17 arrive at the other side. 18

And that's why I said we are emergency responders. Law enforcement is traffic control. It's dispatching, it's working with towing, it's traveling down the roadway to give tickets, it's directing traffic, it's doing road construction, it's doing accident investigation. So the same scenario, law enforcement has a tremendous amount of activity with vehicles, towers, and what have 1 you. And I'm not here to pick on them, but if they had to do an investigation, for example, criminal or prosecutor, 2 3 whatever you want to call it, to build a case, you're 4 looking at the same expenses, the same amount of time, and 5 the same amount of what I would call dedication that 6 they're talking about how they're taking it from what I 7 call the towing industry and they like to put it out to chase the bad guvs. 8

9 Even on a legal concern, as I listened today, my 10 thoughts were they can be sued; they can get wrapped up in 11 lawsuits unfortunately at any time. Anybody today, and I 12 don't like to take that lightly; it's terrible, but all you 13 have to do is have an officer say the wrong thing, have a 14 disciplinary problem with that officer, whatever, lose his 15 job. It could happen anywhere. It doesn't even have to be 16 a police department. You are subject to the lawsuits and 17 the liability just like you are with the towing.

But if you put good, good, good guidelines and programs together, I really feel truly you can start to what I call not eliminate it but control it and try the best that you can.

As a national association, if we can help you all or help the towing industry at all, we have plenty of programs, models. We've been through a lot in general. I'm the one that usually does it, but come up with programs to help you, whatever you may need. When I say that a
better SOP for dispatching, trying to figure out who should
be dispatching. I'm a little confused today myself
unfortunately. You handle dispatch in county, local, State
Police. Whoever's got that main dispatch though is the one
that needs to be funneling all that information, even if
it's to that trooper.

Last thing I always look at is, I don't want to 8 9 keep you all too long because I'm kind of repeating myself, 10 but if an officer or if a fire department were taken out of 11 the tower's hands, in all honesty, he gets a response 12 saying we have a dispute at the 2nd and 3rd Street. Send 13 an officer. He arrives. They figure it may be just two 14 people having a fistfight, maybe a verbal argument, but all 15 of a sudden he arrives and says we have a large group and 16 shots have been fired. That needs to go out to everybody, 17 not push a button saying I need help because responders coming in realistically need to know what he has, how big a 18 19 group, where's the shots coming.

Now, the next discussion he may have or next dispatch may be I notice it's coming from the red building on the second floor, same scenario. Then I'm coming in as an emergency responder. The last thing I want to do is pull in front of the second building or the red building, step out, and face my accuser. Fire, very easy, also, is it a pot on the stove, do we have engulfed flames, do we have people hanging out of windows? It's an ongoing dialogue and information that helps make it happen. Fortunately for what I see in this third-party dispatch it's not. It's hit a button and they're out of it. Why would the police officer get back on the phone and

7 it. Why would the police officer get back on the phone and 8 try to start retyping or pushing buttons to get more data? 9 He doesn't have the time. But he does have the time to 10 hook up his phone, mike, telephone to say as he's walking 11 there get me more, get me more, let them know, or have that 12 tower call me.

The best thing to do is really working together. And I don't think I want to go into that direction right now; I was going to talk about what I feel good government responsibility is and even good policing is, everybody getting together to solve problems and not trying to push it through.

I will direct that to the third-party dispatch group though because he talked about technology as being the future and he's right, but technology also brings a push of a button and information to find out who to call. When I say call, when you're coming into an area. If I were to go into Oklahoma tomorrow, I may not know the towing association or even who's in charge of towing in 1 Oklahoma or even know who the troopers are that are 2 involved, but I bet you if I got on the internet, Googled 3 whatever, I could get that information, a phone call and 4 say, gentlemen, I'm coming to town. I'd like to meet you, 5 what have you. It's not in their best interest to get the 6 towers involved until the end.

7 The only other thing I would say to you, and I'll take any questions you'd like, is I think you really need 8 9 to look at, anybody needs to look at -- it's nothing 10 against any individual -- if this is such a wonderful thing 11 to be involved with, why do the police want out of it? Ι 12 see the police do not want to have anything to do with the towers. This group over here is trying to get as much as 13 14 he can. I don't think he's doing it because he wants to be 15 a friend. I really don't think they want to do it because 16 they want to make the system better. It has to be dollar-17 driven, like it or not. How much driven? It all depends 18 on how far you dig and what their recourses are.

They are business just like the towers, just like any business. They're there for the dollars, and if they can make it, terrific. I think they possibly put a great program together for technology but that's where it should stay, and there is a good chance that you could find other businesses doing the same scenario.

I thank you for your time.

1 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. Are 2 there questions for Mr. Glass? Anyone? No. Okay. 3 Thank you for your testimony. I appreciate you being here today. 4 5 MR. GLASS: Thank you for letting me be here. VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Okay. We are 6 7 going to end with a couple closing statements. Chairman Sainato, would you like to go first? 8 VA&EP MINORITY CHAIRMAN SAINATO: Yes. 9 Thank 10 you, Chairman Barrar. 11 I think this was a very good hearing. We went 12 over 5 hours and 10 minutes. This is probably the longest 13 hearing we've had as a Committee in the last 3-1/2 years 14 since Chairman Barrar and I became the Chairmen, but I 15 think the time was well spent absorbing, listening, and 16 getting the information. 17 We had a lot of Members come in and out today because there's a lot of activity here. Even though this 18 19 is a non-session week, we are here doing people's business, 20 as you all see, and we thank you for coming from all over 21 the State to be with us today because it is vitally 22 important. This is a very critical issue. I know for my 23 towers back home, we've had those conversations, and the 24 number one goal, as I know Representative Costa said and 25 Chairman Barrar is public safety. I think that's something

1	you couldn't put a price tag on.
2	So I do thank everyone for their time, efforts,
3	and we look forward as this process moves forward. Thank
4	you.
5	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Representative
6	Stevenson.
7	REPRESENTATIVE STEVENSON: Thank you, Chairman
8	Barrar. I would like to thank you and Chairman Marsico for
9	holding this hearing on this vitally important issue.
10	As I said at the outset, I hope that what comes
11	from this hearing is a way forward and we had a lot of
12	suggestions, I think good suggestions today about
13	legislative approaches and other ideas as well and those
14	will all be taken into account.
15	I want to thank everyone for coming today and for
16	sticking with us through the five hours and wish you all
17	safe travel on the way home. Thank you.
18	VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: I know a lot of
19	the Representatives that have stayed have constituents in
20	the audience. Did you want to make any closing statement
21	at this time, any of the Representatives?
22	I will start with Representative Marshall.
23	REPRESENTATIVE MARSHALL: Thank you,
24	Mr. Chairman.
25	Indeed, it was a long hearing and certainly

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1 worthwhile. I did want to recognize that Dan Donald is 2 here from Beaver County from Moore's Auto Wrecking. And 3 I've met with him and other towers and recovery and tow 4 personnel in Beaver County. I certainly welcome him to 5 Harrisburg and thank him for his time spent here. 6 And I also wanted to mention I have a great deal 7 of respect and I owe a lot of thanks to Representative Stevenson for introducing me to this issue. It certainly 8 9 was probably in his area before mine in Beaver County, but 10 he's been a leader in this effort. And all of his 11 constituents should know how hard he's worked for them 12 especially on this issue. 13 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 14 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 15 Representative Costa. 16 REPRESENTATIVE COSTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 17 I just want to thank everyone. I think we all look at you all as all of our constituents. We're here to 18 19 look out for everyone on both parts. I'm looking out for 20 the businesses, I'm looking out for my troopers, and one 21 thing Commissioner Noonan, and I caught him one day when he 22 was talking, he said "my troopers." That tells me he has a 23 great love and respect for his troopers. When I was the 24 chief of police, they were my officers. So these are my 25 troopers and I'm looking out for them, too, and I want to

1 make sure that we get something that's fair. Instant communication is very, very important. 2 3 When 9/11 hit, we lost all communications with cell phones, 4 computers. But guess what? The two-way radios in Pittsburgh worked. That's the only thing that got us 5 6 through and we were able to manage our departments and keep 7 us going. So I want to wish everyone God speed home and a 8 9 safe trip. And I thank you very much. 10 And, Chairman, thank you for having this. 11 VA&EP MAJORITY CHAIRMAN BARRAR: Thank you. 12 Anyone else? Anyone want to make a statement? Okay. 13 It was a good hearing, rather longer than we 14 thought. We had actually planned to be out of here by 15 12:30, 1:00, which shows the interest level of this, the 16 fact that so many of the Members stayed the entire length 17 of the hearing. We did hear quite a bit of conflicting testimony 18 during this hearing and I think it raises still a lot more 19 20 questions that need to be answered. Our primary concern 21 here is emergency response and a response time of our

towers. I know our constituents get very impatient when the roads are blocked, they can't get through, they're 23 24 coming home from work, and that's their main concern is how 25 fast can we get the roads clear?

1 Where we go from here is not exactly clear. The decision to enter into this contract is an executive 2 3 decision and the only solution then for us as legislators would be to do some type of legislative solution. We've 4 5 heard about licensing, which I think is a reality that what 6 could be done here. I don't know if it corrects the other 7 issue here because then there's still the issue of inspections and enforcement and due process that the towers 8 9 would have to adhere to.

I hope the State Police in moving forward with this pilot program will keep us informed of what is going on, the concerns that you are hearing from the towers and also from AR, and that we would like to be part of that final determination along with the towers and the first responders if this pilot program goes forward.

16 To the towers that are currently in the system, I 17 think it's imperative that you stay in touch with your legislators to report to them what you're hearing, what 18 19 you're experiencing so that we can document that for you 20 and we need to be your eyes and ears in this and your 21 voice. And it's important that you not just think that 22 because the hearing is over that it's over. We want to continue this. We're going to. 23

24 Believe me, I think every Representative at this 25 hearing was passionate about the information that was put

1 out here and we want to continue hearing from you. So don't be afraid to call us or email, not just us but also 2 3 your Representative. If they weren't here today, then let them know your thoughts on this. 4 5 I want to thank everyone for their patience, for 6 their testimony. It was a very long hearing but it's an 7 important issue to this Committee and I thank you all for 8 being here. God bless you all. Thank you. 9 10 (The hearing concluded at 2:45 p.m.)

1	I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings
2	are a true and accurate transcription produced from audio
3	on the said proceedings and that this is a correct
4	transcript of the same.
5	
6	
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