Written Testimony of the Department of Community and Economic Development House Tourism and Recreational Development Committee July, 31, 2013

Chairmen Stern, Kirkland and members of the House Tourism and Recreational Development Committee, my name is Carolyn Boser Newhouse, Deputy Secretary of Innovation and Investment. On behalf of the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED), I submit the following testimony relative to local room taxes in Pennsylvania.

We applaud the Committee for holding this public hearing to discuss the current status of room taxes, as well as what can be done for the future success of the tax and the programs it funds.

In support of this discussion, DCED Tourism Office has completed a comprehensive spreadsheet on current local room taxes collected throughout the Commonwealth, including information on tax rates, enabling legislation, county tax revenues, and the related disposition of tax revenues. A copy of this chart is attached for your information and review.

DCED supports the intent of existing room tax laws, including the following guiding principles developed and supported by the Pennsylvania General Assembly, previous Administrations, the tourism industry and county commissioners:

- the county is the sole governmental agency authorized to enact the tax, determine the tax rate and regulate and collect the tax;
- the recognized county tourist promotion agency (TPA) is the sole recipient of room tax revenue;
- the primary use of room tax funds is for tourism marketing and promotion
- local room tax law is a partnership between the county and it recognized tourist promotion agency (TPA)

As always, DCED stands ready to collaborate with all public and private room tax stakeholders on any continued discussions regarding current room tax issues and concerns, and the future of room taxes in Pennsylvania. We strongly believe that any effort to improve or modernize current room tax law should be comprehensive, versus any piecemeal approach.

Thank you for this opportunity to offer these comments. We look forward to working with the House Tourism and Recreational Development Committee on this important matter.

	County Classification	2012 Tax	2012 Actual Total Tax	Estimated % Available	\$\$ Available		
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Adams	5th (advanced from 6th Class County following 2010 Census)	3%, increased to 5%	\$1,469,519	72%	\$1,052,543	Act 142 of 2000, as amended by Act 12 of 2005 and Act 142 of 2012 (16 P.S. § 1770.7)	Tax rate increased from 3% to 5%, effective 10/1/2012. County receives the lesser of 4.5% of total tax revenues OR \$95,000 (adjusted biannually based on CPI) for administrative costs. Of the remaining: 75% to TPA unrestricted Of remaining 25%: 50% to county commissioners for economic development & historic preservation; 50% for grants to municipalities with a municipal police force with at least two full-time police officers or are member of a
Allegheny	2nd	7%	\$29,169,604	29%	\$8,334,173	2% tax imposed under Southwestern Pennsylvania Regional Renaissance Initiative (16 P.S. § 3000.3061)	regional police denartment tax comprised of two components: 5% excise tax + 2% tax rate. Revenue from 5% tax: debt service on bonds for David L. Lawrence Convention Center (majority of hotel tax revenues used for this purpose); 2/5 of revenues to VisitPittsburgh; 5% to Allegheny County for administrative costs; 1/3 of revenues collected in Monroeville Borough to borough "for promotional programs designed to stimulate and increase volume of conventions and visitors"; & subsidy to Sports & Exhibition Authority for convention center. Any revenues remaining to be used for regional tourist promotion activities and operating/maintenance expenditures of convention center.
	OIL	20/	£70.040	099/	₽70 004		Revenue from 2% tax split between Monroeville CVB & Pittsburgh Convention Center Capital Fund 2% retained by county for administrative costs
Armstrong	6th	3%	\$72,246	98%	\$70,801	(16 P.S. § 1770.6)	98% to TPA unrestricted
Beaver	4th	3%	\$278,782	98%	\$273,206	(16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs 98% to TPA unrestricted
Bedford	6th	2%	\$417,505	98%	\$409,155		2% retained by county for administrative costs 98% to TPA unrestricted

County	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	2012 Actual Total Tax Revenues	Estimated % Available To TPA	Estimated \$\$ Available To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Berks	3rd	5%	\$1,685,871	20%	\$337,174	Act 42 of 1999 - the Third Class County Convention Center Authority Act (first authorized under Act 162 of 1994 which was repealed) (16 P.S. § 2399.23)	County does not retain any revenues for its administrative costs. Starting in October 2013, the county will retain 2% of the hotel room rental tax revenues to cover its costs. 20% to TPA unrestricted; 80% to civic center authority Note: Hotel tax only assessed on hotels within 15-mile radius of city. An ordinance adopted in 2013 will extend the tax to hotels in the entire county starting in October 2013 unless challenged in common pleas court by an affected hotel owner(s) who will be required to demonstrate the hotel derives no material benefit from the county's convention center.
Blair	5th	3%	\$503,960	65%	\$329,254	Act 18 of 1997, as amended by Act 142 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: Revenue from first 2 percentage points to TPA for marketing meetings and conventions Revenue from second 1 percentage point for convention center debt
Bradford :	6th	3%	\$417,670	98%	\$409,317	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 70% to Endless Mountains Visitors Bureau (TPA) unrestricted 30% to a grant program administered by the EMVB, with grant awards reviewed and approved by the Bradford County Room Tax Tourism Committee Portion of revenues retained by county for administrative
Bucks	2nd Class A	3%	\$2,573,408	96%	\$2,471,940	Act 76 of 2008 (which replaced Act 224 of 1982 that first authorized the tax) (53 P.S. § 8721)	Revenue from first 2 percentage points to TPA unrestricted Revenue from final 1 percentage point: \$50,000 to county for tourism promotion, with remaining split 50/50 between TPA and a grant program for non-profit, tourism-related members administered by 3-member panel of representatives from TPA, a county commissioner, and one member agreed upon by both parties

			2012	Estimated	Estimated	T	T
	County	2012	Actual	%	\$\$		
	Classification	Tax	Total Tax	Available	Available		
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Butler	4th	3%	\$1,258,563	98%	\$1,233,391	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Cambria	4th	3%	\$402,840	98%	\$394,783	Act 18 of 1997, as amended by Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Cameron ·	8th	3%	\$7,584	74%	\$5,574	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 75% to TPA unrestricted 25% to a county grant fund
Carbon	6th	3%	\$415,192	49%	\$203,444	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 50% of revenues to TPA 50% to county
Centre	4th (advanced from 5th Class County following 2010 Census)	2.5%	\$1,623,450	98%	\$1,590,981	Act 18 of 1997, as amended by Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 80% to TPA unrestricted 20% set-aside for grant fund administered by CVB overseen by grant review committee comprised of county commissioners & industry reps
Chester	3rd	2%	\$1,680,408	96%	\$1,613,192	Act 25 of 1999, as amended by Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	4% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 96%: 100% to the TPA, with 50% for a matching fund grant program administered by the Chester County Conference and Visitors Bureau Foundation
Clarion	6th	3%	\$229,294	74%	\$168,531	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 75% to TPA unrestricted 25% to a county grant fund
Clearfield	6th	3%	\$537,604	92%	\$496,852	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA, but with \$30,000 restricted for county commissioners' designated tourism projects
Clinton	6th	3%	\$288,999	98%	\$283,219	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by for administrative costs. 98% to Clinton County Economic Partnership (comprised of the TPA, Chamber of Commerce, and Industrial Development Corp.) and from which the county commissioners designate up to 10% for grants to "tourism/recreation groups"

County	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	2012 Actual Total Tax Revenues	Estimated % Available To TPA	Estimated \$\$ Available To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Columbia .	6th	3%	\$288,988	59%	\$169,925	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 60% of tax revenues to TPA unrestricted 40% retained by county for tourism grant program administered by the Columbia-Montour Visitors Bureau with grant awards determined by the Columbia County commissioners.
Crawford	6th	3%	\$247,940	98%	\$242,981	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Cumberland	3rd (advanced from 4th Class County following 2010 Census)	3%	\$1,597,462	85%	\$1,356,674	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 86.66% to TPA for tourism promotion 13.34% for Cumberland County economic development
Dauphin	3rd	5%	\$9,074,074	27%	\$2,473,148	Act 25 of 1999, as amended by Act 72 of 2007 (increased rate to 5%) (16 P.S. § 1770.5)	revenues with the amount based on its actual administrative costs, which will vary from month to month depending on the work required (e.g., audits). Revenue from first 2 percentage points: 70% to Derry Township Industrial Authority for regional sports facility; 20% to city of Harrisburg for tourism marketing and promotion and a tourism-related facility; 10% to the Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation for tourism promotion. Revenue from next 1 percentage point: 100% to Dauphin County for discretionary distribution for tourism and regional promotion purposes. Revenue from final 2 percentage points: 50% to TPA to market and promote county; remaining 50% split with 25% to TPA to market city of Harrisburg, 75% to Derry

County Delaware	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	Actual Total Tax Revenues \$1,923,253	Estimated % Available To TPA 61%	#\$\$ Available To TPA \$1,164,788	Enabling Legislation Act 76 of 2008 (which replaced Act 224 of 1982 that first authorized the tax) (53 P.S. § 8721)	Disposition of Revenues The county does not retain any revenues for its administrative costs. \$50,000 to promote Delaware County hotels and B&Bs \$60,000 for rent on county-owned building Amount needed to repay bonds issued for construction of major league soccer stadium (\$450k annually) County reserve fund for tourism-related projects and
Elk	6th	3%	\$98,905	74%	\$72,695	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	activities Remainder to TPA 2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 75% to TPA unrestricted
Erie	3rd	5%	\$3,202,599	20%	\$631,520	Act 73 of 2000, as amended by Act 145 of 2012 (increased rate to 7%) (16 P.S. § 2399.72)	25% to county grant fund Tax rate increased from 5% to 7% errective 1/1/2013. County receives the lesser of 2% of total tax revenues OR \$40,000 (adjusted biannually based on CPI) as administrative fee. In 2012 and prior years, 20% to TPA; 80% to convention center authority. Note: Starting in 2013, after deduction of county administrative fee, TPA receives 100% of revenues from the 2 percentage point rate increase and 20% of revenues from the initial 5% rate, with 80% to convention center authority. The TPA's share of room tax dollars increases to
Fayette	4th	3%	\$911,535	49%	\$446,652	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 98% to Laurel Highlands TPA, of which 50% goes to the TPA unrestricted and 50% is dedicated to a grants program for 501c(3) nonprofit organizations located in Fayette County whose mission is directly related to tourism/tourism development
Forest	8th	3%	\$47,430	74%	\$34,861	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 75% to TPA unrestricted 25% to county grant fund

County	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	Actual Total Tax Revenues	Estimated % Available To TPA	### ##################################	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Franklin	4th (advanced from 5th Class County following 2010 Census)	3%	\$556,368	98%	\$545,241	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to Franklin County Visitors Bureau unrestricted
Fulton	8th	NO TAX	\$0	0%	\$0	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	NO TAX
Greene	6th	3%	\$203,876	98%	\$199,798	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA for marketing the area as a leisure travel and/or business travel destination; projects or programs that are directly and substantially related to tourism and that improve and expand the county as a destination market; and any other tourism marketing or promotion program deemed necessary.
Huntingdon	6th	3%	\$148,771	98%	\$145,796	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Indiana	6th	3%	\$432,657	98%	\$424,004	Act 79 of 1998, as amended by Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Jefferson	6th	3%	\$152,638	74%	\$112,189	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 75% to TPA unrestricted 25% to county grant fund
Juniata	7th	3%	\$19,007	97%	\$18,437	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	1% to county for administrative costs. 97% to Juniata River Valley Visitors Bureau TPA unrestricted 2% to Chamber of Commerce

			2012	Estimated	Estimated		
	County	2012	Actual	%	\$\$		
	Classification	Tax	Total Tax	Available	Available		į.
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Lackawanna	3rd	4% increased to 7%	\$1,894,476	26%	\$491,860	Act 18 of 1997, as amended by Act 143 of 2012 (raised rate to 7%)	Pax rate Increased from 4% to 7% effective 9/10/2012. County retains a small portion of revenues for administrative costs. Of the remaining: 40% of revenues (up from 20% before 2012 tax increase was implemented) to TPA 60% to the county for "reasonable expenses associated with collection and enforcement of the tax; for county-owned tourist and recreational facilities, sports facilities or visitor centers; for other tourism-related activities as determined by the county commissioners; or for other expenditures, debts or liabilities related to tourism or recreational facilities incurred by municipal authorities as determined by the county commissioners."
Lancaster	2nd Class A (advanced from 3rd Class County following 2010 Census)	5%	\$6,487,128	22%	\$1,404,048	Act 18 of 1997 - 1.1% Excise Tax (16 P.S. § 1770.2) Act 42 of 1999 - 3.9% Hotel Room Rental Tax (Third Class County Convention Center Authority Act, first authorized under Act 162 of 1994, which has since been repealed) (16 P.S. § 2399.23)	A small portion of revenues retained by county for administrative costs. 5% tax rate is comprised of two components: 3.9% Hotel Room Rental Tax and 1.1% excise tax. TPA receives 100% of revenues from the 1.1% excise tax, and is to receive 20% of revenues from the 3.9% Hotel Room Rental Tax, with the remaining 80% going to the Lancaster County Convention Center Authority (LCCCA). Note: If the authority is in danger of defaulting on its debt obligations relating to the construction of the convention center, the TPA's allocation of revenues from the 3.9% Hotel Room Rental Tax is suspended with 100% of the revenues directed to the LCCCA. This has occurred in both 2012 and 2013. The TPA will continue to receive its total allocation of revenues from the 1.1% excise tax. NOTE: The estimated revenues to the TPA include only revenues from the 1.1% excise tax.

County. Lawrence	County Classification (2010 Census) 6th (decreased from 5th Class County following 2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	Actual Total Tax Revenues \$151,307	Estimated % Available To TPA 98%	Estimated \$\$ Available To TPA \$148,281	Enabling Legislation Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	Disposition of Revenues 2% retained by county for administrative costs 98% to TPA unrestricted
Lebanon	5th	3%	\$243,311	49%	\$119,222	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 50% to TPA unrestricted 50% to county, which uses the revenues as a discretionary funding source for projects and activities that may or may not be tourism-related. No dollars are retained by county for administrative
Lehigh	3rd	4%	\$2,291,567	44%	\$1,001,987	Act 12 of 2005 (first authorized under Act 28 of 2000) (16 P.S. § 1770.8)	costs. 68.75% to regional TPA (Discover Lehigh), with 36.4% of that amount distributed to the regional economic development organization (Lehigh Valley Economic Development Corporation) under a 50-year agreement negotiated when Act 28 of 2000 (initial room tax authorizing legislation) went into effect. 18.75% retained by county for "further development of tourism facilities & community development initiatives within that county that enhance regional tourism" 12.5% retained by county for "further development of tourism facilities & community development initiatives within that county that enhance regional tourism"
Luzerne	3rd	5%	\$2,835,149	20%	\$555,689	Act 42 of 1999 - the Third Class County Convention Center Authority Act (first authorized under Act 162 of 1994, which has since been repealed) (16 P.S. § 2399,23)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 20% to TPA unrestricted 80% to civic center authority

County	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	Actual Total Tax Revenues	Estimated % Available To TPA	Estimated \$\$ Available To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Lycoming	5th	3%	\$841,704	75%	4 K 3 7 7 / X	Act 25 of 1999 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	10% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 90%: Revenue from first 2 percentage points: 75% to TPA 25% for grant program open to non-profit, 501c(3) cultural entities as approved by Lycoming County Visitors Bureau Committee and ratified by Williamsport/Lycoming Chamber of Commerce. Revenue from remaining 1 percentage point: 100% to TPA
McKean	6th	3%	\$239,481	98%	\$234,691	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Mercer	5th	3%	\$614,007	98%	\$601,727	Act 25 of 1999 (16 P.S. § 1770.2)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Mifflin	6th	3%	\$68,854.59	98%	\$67. <i>4</i> 77	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to Juniata River Valley Visitors Bureau TPA unrestricted
Monroe	4th (advanced from 5th Class County following 2010 Census)	3%	\$3,061,556	88%		Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 90% to TPA unrestricted 10% to Monroe County for tourism-related projects
Montgomery	2nd Class A	2%	\$3,724,673	99%	\$3,697,673	Act 76 of 2008 (which replaced Act 224 of 1982 that first authorized the tax) (53 P.S. § 8721)	\$27,000 flat rate retained by county each year for administrative costs. Remainder to TPA unrestricted.
Montour	8th	3%	\$242,580	59%	\$142,637	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 60% of tax revenues to TPA unrestricted 40% retained by county for tourism grant program administered by the Columbia-Montour Visitors Bureau with grant awards determined by the Montour County commissioners.

County	County Classification (2010 Census)	2012 Tax Rate	2012 Actual Total Tax Revenues	Estimated % Available To TPA	Estimated \$\$ Available To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Northampton	3rd	4%	\$1,963,456	44%	\$858,521	Act 12 of 2005 (first authorized under Act 28 of 2000) (16 P.S. § 1770.8)	No dollars are retained by county for administrative costs. 68.75% to regional TPA (Discover Lehigh), with 36.4% of that amount distributed to the regional economic development organization (Lehigh Valley Economic Development Corporation) under a 50-year agreement negotiated when Act 28 of 2000 (initial room tax authorizing legislation) went into effect. 18.75% retained by county for "further development of tourism facilities & community development initiatives within that county that enhance regional tourism" 12.5% retained by county for "further development of tourism facilities & community development initiatives within that county that enhance regional tourism"
Northumberland	6th (decreased from 5th Class County following 2010 Census)	3%	\$37,621	98%	\$36,869	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Perry	6th (advanced from 7th Class County following 2010 Census)	NO TAX	\$0	0%	\$0	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	NO TAX

		0040	2012	1	Estimated		
	County	2012	Actual	%	\$\$		
	Classification	Tax	Total Tax	Available	Available	. ·	
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Philadelphia	1st	8.2%	\$48,977 _, 879	42%	\$20,468,091	Hotel Room Rental Tax: Act 2 of 2004 (initially imposed under Act 70 of 1986) Hospitality Promotion Tax: Act 80 of 2008 Tourism and Marketing Tax: Act 174 of 1998	Tax rate increased from 8.2% to 8.5% effective 7/1/2013. Tax rate comprised of 3 components. For 2012: 6% Philadelphia Hotel Room Rental Tax, 1.2% Hospitality Promotion Tax, and 1% Tourism and Marketing Tax. Note: The Hospitality Promotion Tax rate was increased from 1.2% to 1.5% under an ordinance by imposing an additional and separate 0.3% excise tax. Revenue from 6% Hotel Room Rental Tax: 29.166% to the Philadelphia Convention and Visitors Bureau (PCVB); remaining 70.834% to Philadelphia Conventior Center Authority (PCCA). NOTE: PCVB's share scheduled to drop to 25% starting in FY 2015. Revenue from 1.2% Hospitality Promotion Tax: 11/30 to PCCA; 19/30 to be split equally between the PCVB and Greater Philadelphia Tourism Marketing Corporation (GPTMC). Note: Starting in FY 2013, 100% of revenues from 0.3 percentage point increase in tax rate to be shared equally between PCVB and GPTMC. In addition allocation of revenues for the two marketing agencies from the 1.2% "base" tax will be determined based on attainment of specified growth rates compared to those in the prior fiscal year, with all remaining revenues to PCCA. Revenue from 1% Tourism and Marketing Tax: 100% to GPTMC Note: % and \$\$ allocated represent total for PCVB and GPTMC

	County Classification	2012 Tax	2012 Actual Total Tax	Estimated % Available	Estimated \$\$ Available		
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
Pike	6th	3%	\$809,840	83%	\$676,025	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 20% of first \$500,000 and 6% of the amount over \$500,000 retained by Pike County for projects/ programs supporting tourism promotion/ development Remainder to TPA
Potter	8th	3%	\$68,381	98%	\$67,014	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Schuylkill	4th	3%	\$228,184	98%	\$223,620	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Snyder	7th	3%	\$165,233	98%	\$161,929		2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Somerset	6th	3%	\$772,556	29%	\$227,131		2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 30% to Laurel Highlands TPA unrestricted; 40% retained by county for grants to tourism-related businesses and non-profit and for-profit organizations for tourism-related projects; 30% for county commissioners' grant fund for tourism-related projects, including management & maintenance of county's portion of Great Allegheny Passage. 2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the
Sullivan	8th	3%	\$33,205	69%	1 499 //u	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 70% to Endless Mountains Visitors Bureau (TPA) unrestricted 30% to grant program administered by the EMVB, with grant awards reviewed and approved by the Sullivan County Room Tax Tourism Committee 2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the
Susquehanna	6th	3%	\$170,586	69%	\$117,022	Act 142 of 2000	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 70% to Endless Mountains Visitors Bureau (EMVB) unrestricted 30% to a grant program administered by the EMVB, with grant awards reviewed and approved by the Susquehanna County Room Tax Tourism Committee

	County Classification	2012 Tax	2012 Actual Total Tax	Estimated % Available	\$\$ Available		
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	
Tioga	6th	3%	\$427,943	98%	\$419,384	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted, with10% reserved by TPA for "Tioga County Sponsorship Award" grant program for non-profits conducting festivals or events promoting county's history, heritage or uniqueness and have the potential to attract visitors from outside the local area.
Union	7th	3%	\$440,541	98%	\$431,731	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Venango	6th	3%	\$176,871	98%	\$173,334	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Warren	6th	3%	\$137,668	98%	\$134,915	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. 98% to TPA unrestricted
Washington	4th	3%	\$1,514,431	78%	\$1,185,228	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. \$75,000/year thru 2014 for retirement of debt on fairgrounds buildings \$50,000/year thru 2018 for field at CONSOL Energy Park \$16,500/year for matching grants for 2 historical attractions \$4,000/year - courthouse tours \$5,000/year - marketing 2 fairs Minimum 10% of gross room tax for grants Remainder to TPA
Wayne	6th	3%	\$356,593	78%	\$279,569	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining: 80% to TPA 20% to county for tourism-related projects
Westmoreland	3rd	3%	\$1,152,258	65%	\$752,808	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 2/3 to Laurel Highlands TPA unrestricted 1/3 retained by county for grant program for tourism-related businesses and non-profit and for-profit programizations
Wyoming	7th	3%	\$187,154	69%	\$128,388	Act 142 of 2000 (16 P.S. § 1770.6)	2% retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining 98%: 70% to Endless Mountains Visitors Bureau (TPA) unrestricted 30% to a grant program administered by the EMVB, with grant awards reviewed and approved by the Wvoming County Room Tax Tourism Committee

	County Classification	2012 Tax	Actual Total Tax	Estimated % Available	Estimated \$\$ Available		
County	(2010 Census)	Rate	Revenues	To TPA	To TPA	Enabling Legislation	Disposition of Revenues
York	3rd	3%	\$1,588,956	96%	\$1,525,398	amended by Act 142 of 2000	Small portion of revenues retained by county for administrative costs. Of the remaining: 100% to TPA, with agreement to provide \$100,000 annually to Expo Center (Convention Center)
STATE TOTAL			\$143,843,155	47%	\$67,402,858	1	

- 1. TPA stands for Tourism Promotion Agency.
- 2. 2012 Revenue and tax rate data provided by county treasurers. "Estimated % Available to TPA" and "Disposition of Revenues" based on applicable legislation and information provided by TPA executive directors.
- 3. Tax Rate and Revenue data is for Calendar Year 2012.
- 4. NB: The Acts listed as the enabling legislation contain the main provisions relating to imposition, allocation, and rate of the local room tax. Amendments pertaining to previous increases in the tax rate and/or to the allocation of revenues that are no longer in effect, and/or to provisions dealing with other aspects of the tax (e.g., audit or residency requirements, certain definitions, etc.) are not listed.