

Legislative Journal

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164th of the General Assembly

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SENATE

TUESDAY, March 4, 1980

The Senate met at 1:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor William W. Scranton III) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The following prayer was offered by the Secretary of the Senate, Hon. MARK GRUELLE, JR.:

O Lord, grant us the grace to meet our tasks and responsibilities with calm and fortitude. Consoled by You, help us to bring encouragement to others. We ask this through Christ, our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding Session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding Session, when, on motion of Senator SCANLON, further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

SENATOR SCANLON TO VOTE FOR SENATOR LYNCH

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I am requesting a legislative leave of absence for today's Session for Senator Lynch. I will be voting him.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection and the leave is granted.

SENATOR HAGER TO VOTE FOR SENATOR CORMAN

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, provisionally, at least, I would like to ask for a legislative leave of absence for Senator Corman who is at a meeting with the Public Utility Commission. He expects to be back on the floor before this Session is over and until his return, I shall be voting him.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection and the leave is granted.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION WEEKLY ADJOURNMENT

Senator SCANLON offered the following resolution, which

was read, considered and adopted:

In the Senate, March 4, 1980.

RESOLVED, (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 10, 1980; and be it further

RESOLVED, That when the Senate adjourns the week of March 10, 1980 it reconvene on Monday, March 17, 1980; and be it further

RESOLVED, That when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, March 17, 1980 unless sooner recalled by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATOR SCANLON TO VOTE FOR SENATOR O'PAKE

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I am requesting a legislative leave of absence for Senator O'Pake who is attending to legislative business and should be back on the floor very shortly. In the meantime, Mr. President, I will be voting him.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection and the leave is granted.

GUESTS OF SENATOR GEORGE W. GEKAS PRESENTED TO SENATE

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, I have the honor to introduce to the Senate of Pennsylvania a visiting group from the 15th Senatorial District, from the Middletown Area School District, a group from the Fink Elementary School, who are observing the doings of the Senate today. They are here along with their teachers, Mrs. VanBoskirk and Mrs. Woodward. They are a fourth grade class who are studying about, through their tour of the Capitol, the great, beautiful tree that Pennsylvania is, with its three main branches, the Judicial, Executive and Legislative Branches.

Mr. President, we ask the Senate to extend them the warm welcome that is the usual custom of this Senate.

The PRESIDENT. Would that group please rise so the Senate may extend to you its usual warm welcome.

(Applause.)

CALENDAR

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

BILL OVER IN ORDER TEMPORARILY

SB 915 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order temporarily at the request of Senator SCANLON.

BILL WHICH HOUSE HAS INSISTED ON ITS AMENDMENTS NONCONCURRED IN BY THE SENATE

SENATE INSISTS UPON ITS NONCONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE HOUSE TO SB 65

SB 65 (Pr. No. 1505) — Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its nonconcurrence in the amendments made by the House to Senate Bill No. 65, and that a Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate be appointed.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE APPOINTED ON SB 65

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces, on behalf of the President pro tempore, the appointment of Senators ROMANELLI, LINCOLN and MOORE, as a Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate to confer with a similar committee of the House (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to Senate Bill No. 65.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL ON CONCURRENCE IN HOUSE AMENDMENTS

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 518 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator SCANLON.

FINAL PASSAGE CALENDAR

NONPREFERRED APPROPRIATION BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE

SB 1201 (Pr. No. 1479) — On the question, Shall the bill pass finally?

Senator KELLEY. Mr. President, as to Senate Bill No. 1201, I do not want to belabor it, but I think it deserves all our attention as I spoke on it when it was under consideration previously.

This bill, I think, speaks to a question of the Commonwealth meeting a responsibility, because it is money that is necessary to complete a job, that the Commonwealth failed to do in the first instance whenever it constructed the amphitheater.

Mr. President, I, therefore, urge all my colleagues to vote in the affirmative for the Commonwealth to meet this responsibility.

And the question recurring, Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Arlene,	Holl,	McKinney,	Reibman,
Bodack,	Jubelirer,	Mellow,	Romanelli,
Coppersmith,	Kelley,	Messinger,	Ross,
Corman,	Kury,	Moore,	Scanlon,
Dwyer,	Kusse,	Murray,	Schaefer,
Early,	Lewis,	O'Connell,	Smith,
Fumo,	Lincoln,	O'Pake,	Stapleton,

Greenleaf,	Lloyd,	Orlando,	Stauffer,
Gurzenda,	Loeper,	Pecora,	Stout,
Hankins,	Lynch,	Price,	Zemprelli,

NAYS—10

Andrews,	Hager,	Howard,	Snyder,
Bell,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Tilghman,
Gekas,	Hopper,		

A constitutional two-thirds majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

THIRD CONSIDERATION CALENDAR

PREFERRED APPROPRIATION BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

HB 2123 (Pr. No. 2931) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question, Shall the bill pass finally?

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, House Bill No. 2123 is the culmination of a political charade begun several months ago by the Speaker of the House and the Governor.

If it were not such a serious subject, Mr. President, it would almost be funny. If it were not for the pious attitude of those involved, it might even be acceptable. But what we have here in this bill is the proposition that the taxpayers of this State are subsidizing the political strategy of the House Republican Leadership and worse, the Republican National Committee.

Mr. President, by scheduling the special events, the Special Elections for March 11, 1980, Speaker Seltzer has not only inconvenienced the voters of these several counties, he has cost these counties a considerable amount of money. The Speaker claims it is necessary to hold these elections next Tuesday instead of with the Primary because there is not a constitutional majority in the House. Between now and the Primary, it is reasonable to assume the House will be in Session less than nine days. Yet, they have managed quite well in the twenty days that they have been in Session since January, when these vacancies occurred.

Mr. President, I suggest that the truth is that the Speaker sees some political advantage in scheduling these elections for next Tuesday. I suspect it is the justifiable anger of the citizens of these districts over being burdened with the cost of these elections which led Mr. Seltzer to introduce this bill which will for the first time to my knowledge have the Commonwealth pay for a Special Election.

The case of Governor Thornburgh is even more astonishing. He first set the Special Election for the Flood Congressional seat for April 1, 1980. Afterwards he discovered that this was a Jewish religious holiday. Common sense would have dictated that event at the Special Election for the Primary, April the 22nd, particularly since the Speaker of the House, Mr. O'Neill, indicated that there would be no important votes missed if the

seat were not filled until then, and particularly since former Congressman Flood's staff continues to provide constituent services to his District.

Mr. President, what did the Governor do? He chose April the 9th, just thirteen days before the Primary. What is the result? The voters of the 11th Congressional District will have to pay several hundreds of thousands of dollars to finance the election and will have to go to the polls twice in less than two weeks. In fact, voters in two counties will have to go to the polls three times in the space of just forty-two days.

Mr. President, I can think of no better way to discourage participation in our electoral process which suggests to me that the real reason for this political charade is to gain some perceived political advantage.

Mr. President, we are going to pass House Bill No. 2123 today because we, on this side of the aisle, do not think the budgets of the counties involved should be drained to satisfy the scheming of the Republican National Committee and the House Republican Leadership and the Governor. I want to put everyone on notice here today that this is the last time we will be a party to this sort of a charade.

The next time Mr. Seltzer or Governor Thornburgh schedules a Special Election within days of a Primary or General Election, they can jolly well take themselves down to those counties and tell the taxpayers there why it is they who have to pay for this Special Election just thirteen days before a scheduled voting day.

Mr. President, we would hope that they would be more candid in the future, instead of hiding behind pious and empty rhetoric.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, if candor and politics never reside together, I would hesitate to cast my vote on that speech.

Mr. President, I would say, however, disregarding for the moment the Federal problem, because I do not claim any expertise in that area, it seems to me there is a very valid and obvious reason for holding Special Elections for the House seats as soon as possible.

Mr. President, we are looking at a Primary ballot this year which has not only all of the ordinary Primary battles on it, but also all of those persons who are seeking the election as delegates or as alternate delegates to both National Conventions, in some cases individual ballot positions with twenty and more candidates. At the same time we have Special Elections. These seats for the balance of this year will not be filled by election at the Primary.

The other part that should be remembered is that there is a lengthy certification procedure which takes, perhaps, a month and we are talking about getting people in place able to act upon such important measures as the budget for this year, prior to June 1st, so that during the month of June they are here available to work on the matter which in the last several years has never been resolved, even with a full complement in the House and the Senate, prior to the end of the budget year.

Mr. President, I understand the argument and I think it is even predictable that it is made. I thought it was delivered well, particularly since it was written for a different Senator to give. Nonetheless, I think that the real fact, the real argument is

that this election is much too important to get lost in a lengthy Primary ballot. We need these people in place to deal particularly with the budget.

Mr. President, that is the purpose and I thank those Members of the Democratic caucus who have been at least predicted to understand the problem and to vote with the House of Representatives in this issue.

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, if the Minority Leader is suggesting the speech was written for me to deliver, I want to be the first to admit to him that I have never seen this speech, and, therefore, will not admit to my having been the party who was intended to deliver it.

However, on the other hand, I thought the substance of the speech was in good order and really to separate it into its real issue, we talk in terms of money around here. We hear lots of things about expenditures that are made on the part of the Legislature and here is a sum of \$200,000, and we cannot possibly let our local communities not be bailed out of this tremendous cost because the onus falls on us if we do. We are talking about \$200,000 to advance the election of several House Members for a couple of days when you know and I know and everyone in this Chamber knows that there will be little if any activity beginning April 1st through the Primary Election.

I cannot think of anything more callous or anything more political and if that is what it is, let us call it political. Let us not hide under the guise of being very pious about these things and rationalizing them in any other way than pure political advantage. I find that is a credible thing to do and if that is what it is, I see it as nothing else but that. If you feel \$200,000 should be spent for that purpose, then call it that.

I have been accused of dancing around several issues and, brother, if I have heard anybody dance, Mr. Minority Leader, I think you are dancing on this issue.

Mr. President, I understand I am being corrected. It is \$300,000 and \$200,000 for the United States House for a total of a half a million dollars to go into an election that will take place less than a month prior to this Primary Election and questionable as to how many legislative days advantage there will be by this earlier election.

Mr. President, I am not impressed. We will vote for this bill simply because we want to bail out our local communities, but at the same time we want the clarion call to be where the onus of the responsibility for the expenditure of a half a million dollars is made with respect to the State's monies on this Special Election.

That is all there is to say, Mr. President.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, I understand the clarion call. I also understand that since this Chamber voted just a few minutes ago on the last bill to spend \$200,000 on an amphitheater without anywhere near the rhetoric being occasioned by it, which seems to me that the rhetoric on the other side, Mr. President, is all politics.

Senator KELLEY. Mr. President, if the first gentleman who spoke on this is from Allegheny County, and calls it a political charade, and if that is what it is, I want no part of it. I happen to believe every person in exercising a decision has to be responsible for that decision.

The laws on the books today in this Commonwealth indicate that the counties are going to pick up the cost of the election. It was one month ago today that the Governor of this Commonwealth spoke to us about more for less and he was applauded and written about and praised with all the news media. Yet his party, and with his condoning, is saying now we are going to spend \$300,000 of taxpayers' money. It does not matter to me to whom the obligation is to pay. The question is that the expenditure is an unnecessary expenditure because of the arbitrariness of selecting these dates different from the Primary Election.

The case in point, Mr. President, as I, because in the Thirty-Ninth Senatorial District, the senatorial seat became vacant in the beginning of January, and the Primary Election was in May, at that time, the selection was to have the Special Election coincidentally with the Primary. At the same time, another seat was vacant and it was held coincidentally with the Primary.

Bear in mind, Mr. President, that that vacancy kept the majority from being a reality. At that time, the vacancy in the Thirty-Ninth Senatorial District meant the Democratic Party did not have twenty-six votes in this Body for a constitutional majority.

What could have been more pressing, far more pressing than what the Minority Leader says is the motivation here for the budget to be carried on? If we are going to talk about the history of filling vacancies, I will hold up what the Democratic Party has done in this Commonwealth as being responsible and what I say is we have had nothing and are having nothing but a government of rhetoric in this Administration.

Mr. President, I am going to vote against this bill because I believe the arbitrariness of selecting these election dates different from the Primary should be borne by the people who the law says should bear it now. Let those people realize that the arbitrariness by the Republican Party, by this Administration, is purely political and that they are going to have to pay the price for it. I think we are foolish to bail out the cost to the counties in this case. I will have no part of it now or ever because it is an irresponsible political judgment to have them in the first place different from the Primary.

Mr. President, I think all those voting in the affirmative are going to be guilty of participating in the charade, but not I, sir.

Senator BELL. Mr. President, it has not been too many weeks ago that I was ruled out of order by yourself because I made a political speech. I am glad to note the rules have been changed.

Senator COPPERSMITH. Mr. President, in his remarks, the Minority Leader said, and I hope I am quoting correctly, "The justification for spending \$500,000 of taxpayers' money for the Special Elections"—the few weeks in one case before the Primary and in another case, thirteen days before the Primary—"it was not right that these Special Elections should be caught up in the complicated ballot that will be given to the voters in the Primary Election this spring."

May I point out a number of things, Mr. President. First of all, the turnout in these Special Elections undoubtedly will be much lower than in the Primary. Historically, this has always

been the case. Even if the voters in the Primary have a more complicated ballot, they will have many more voters to deal with.

Secondly, as we know when there is a Special Election, there is a special small piece of paper with the Special Election in those counties that have paper ballots. It is quite clear both Republicans and Democrats receive the same special ballot which is not part of the larger ballot. Of course, in the machines, it is part of the machine and you may have some confusion problems, but you will have a much higher vote, even with the confusion problems in the Primary than in the Special Election.

While the Minority Leader hesitates to allow the candidates to the Special Elections to be involved in the Primary process, I can only wish he had the same sympathy for the Majority Leader and myself who will be subject to the will of the voters in the Primary in the complicated ballot. We do not mind it and I think the candidates in the Special Election would not mind it either.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47

Andrews,	Hager,	Loeper,	Price,
Arlene,	Hankins,	Lynch,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Ross,
Bodack,	Holl,	McKinney,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Schaefer,
Corman,	Howard,	Messinger,	Smith,
Dwyer,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Snyder,
Early,	Kury,	Murray,	Stauffer,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Connell,	Stout,
Gekas,	Lewis,	O'Pake,	Tilghman,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Orlando,	Zemprelli,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Pecora,	

NAYS—3

Kelley, Reibman, Stapleton,

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

NONPREFERRED APPROPRIATION BILLS ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

HB 1491 (Pr. No. 1738) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Arlene,	Hopper,	McKinney,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Jubelirer,	Mellow,	Ross,
Bodack,	Kelley,	Messinger,	Scanlon,

Coppersmith,	Kury,	Moore,	Schaefer,
Dwyer,	Kusse,	Murray,	Smith,
Early,	Lewis,	O'Connell,	Snyder,
Fumo,	Lincoln,	O'Pake,	Stapleton,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Orlando,	Stauffer,
Hankins,	Loeper,	Pecora,	Stout,
Holl,	Lynch,	Reibman,	Zemprelli,

NAYS—10

Andrews,	Greenleaf,	Howard,	Price,
Corman,	Hager,	Manbeck,	Tilghman,
Gekas,	Hess,		

A constitutional two-thirds majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

HB 1865 (Pr. No. 2307) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41

Arlene,	Jubelirer,	McKinney,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Kelley,	Mellow,	Ross,
Bodack,	Kury,	Messinger,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Kusse,	Moore,	Schaefer,
Dwyer,	Lewis,	Murray,	Smith,
Early,	Lincoln,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Fumo,	Lloyd,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Gurzenda,	Loeper,	Orlando,	Stout,
Hankins,	Lynch,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Holl,	Manbeck,	Reibman,	Zemprelli,
Hopper,			

NAYS—9

Andrews,	Greenleaf,	Hess,	Price,
Corman,	Hager,	Howard,	Snyder,
Gekas,			

A constitutional two-thirds majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 207 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

HB 268 (Pr. No. 2286) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of

the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49

Andrews,	Hess,	Lynch,	Reibman,
Arlene,	Holl,	Manbeck,	Romanelli,
Bodack,	Hopper,	McKinney,	Ross,
Coppersmith,	Howard,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Corman,	Jubelirer,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Dwyer,	Kelley,	Moore,	Smith,
Early,	Kury,	Murray,	Snyder,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Gekas,	Lewis,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Orlando,	Stout,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Hager,	Loeper,	Price,	Zemprelli,
Hankins,			

NAYS—1

Bell,

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER

SB 506 and **HB 805** — Without objection, the bills were passed over in their order at the request of Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AMENDED

SB 1145 (Pr. No. 1593) — Considered the third time,

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on third consideration?
Senator ANDREWS, by unanimous consent, offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 702), page 2, line 12, by striking out "(i)"

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 702), page 2, line 15, by removing the semicolon after "lighted" and inserting a period

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 702), page 2, lines 15 through 17, by striking out "or (ii) in equal assessments for" in line 15; all of line 16 and "lighting without regard to front footage." in line 17

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 702), page 2, lines 18 and 19, by striking out "as in subclauses (i) and (ii)."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.

Without objection, the bill, as amended, was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ANDREWS.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 1158 — Without objection the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AMENDED

SB 1200 (Pr. No. 1478) — Considered the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third consideration?

Senator HAGER, by unanimous consent, offered the following amendments:

Amend Title, page 2, line 1, by removing the semicolon after "instances" and inserting a period

Amend Title, page 2, lines 1 and 2, by striking out "and changing the voting requirements" in line 1 and all of line 2

Amend Bill, page 6, lines 14 through 25, by striking out all of said lines

Amend Sec. 6, page 6, line 26, by striking out "6." and inserting: 5.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

Without objection, the bill, as amended, was passed over in its order at the request of Senator HAGER.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, DEFEATED ON FINAL PASSAGE

SB 1205 (Pr. No. 1489) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, in 1968, the Constitutional Convention changed the law of Pennsylvania so far as electing judges is concerned.

Since that time I can think of no law which has occasioned more unfavorable individual public comment, when the people found that in voting upon a typically worded constitutional amendment, they had given away their own right to elect the Members of the Judiciary in the ordinary political competitive election. Since that time, poll after poll of the public has shown that the people are very disappointed in what they did. They did not make that mistake again when they had the opportunity to vote just in last November's election on the issue of extending retention elections to justices of the peace or district justices. They turned it down.

Mr. President, I think the entire idea of taking the vote away from the public on judges stems from a belief that the people are not smart enough to elect those who aspire to judicial positions. Somehow we must insulate from the "dirty acts of politics"—around which I put quotes—the election of judges. We have come to believe that there is something so evil in politics that judges who rule over the courts, making individual decisions on people here, must be protected from it and yet you and I live by it, live with it and accept its consequences.

Not only that, Mr. President, a strange thing has happened. The idea was if we passed retention elections and said to the judges they would not have to face the people, they would not have to face the problems of decisions which they may have made in controversial cases.

It would seem to me that if the people of Pennsylvania knew what is at issue here today, they would ask that the Members of the Senate pay particular attention to the problem. They believe that through their own inattention they have been disenfranchised. There have been three judges in this State who

have lost that retention election. I can talk knowledgeably about one of them and I think that his example is very important.

Mr. President, the idea of retention election is that a judge may make difficult controversial decisions and not fear the electorate. Yet it worked exactly the opposite for Judge Thomas Wood of Lycoming County.

When the issue came before the courts on fluoridation, the President Judge assigned it to Tom Wood. Over 6,000 taxpayers and voters had signed petitions against fluoridation and he had to decide the issue.

When the issue came before the courts on whether or not the Williamsport Area School District should build a \$14 million school, and over 5,000 taxpayers and voters had petitioned against it, that case was assigned to Tom Wood.

When there was violence on the picket line at AVCO in Williamsport, with tough decisions having to be made against the automotive union, that case was assigned to Tom Wood.

When there was a case involving where you would locate a landfill, a sanitary landfill, with over 5,000 petitioners against the location of a landfill in the county, that case was assigned to Tom Wood.

When he stood for a retention election, all the anti-fluoridationists, all the anti-new school people, the organizations united for ecology, or against the landfill, the people of the union who were unhappy with his decision at AVCO, all got together and they were smart enough not to use any of those issues. What they said was, Tom Wood is soft on criminals and Tom Wood lost. Do you know who he had to support him? He had no political party to support him. He had the Lycoming Law Association whose endorsement is an anathema.

When a judge stands with no one to protect him, when a judge stands with no one between him and the single issue, when there is no one offering the broad philosophical support that a political party can offer, that judge who makes the tough decisions is doomed. He who makes the political decision, who votes always from his bench with the majority, need not fear the electorate.

Mr. President, it is, in my opinion, a system which has worked all wrong. Mediocrity is rewarded by it. The judge who is willing to take a stand on controversial issues and rule the way he feels the law stands, no the way the public stands, finds himself alone against an aroused special interest, single issue electorate with no one, no political party to protect him. I think it is time we get rid of the system, admit that it has not worked and go back to putting judges in the mainstream of American electoral life.

Senator BELL. Mr. President, very seldom do I differ from the Minority Leader but I certainly differ on this occasion.

Perhaps up in the gentleman's part of the State, the people voted against the issue that the justices of the peace be elected on retention elections. They did not vote that way in my county. In my county the people wanted the justices of the peace to go through a retention election.

I was the Chairman of the Committee on Judiciary in this Senate at the time that the constitutional amendments were passed and we had quite an in-depth bipartisan study on the

subject. We had some of the best legal brains in the Commonwealth as a volunteer advisory committee. I can recall why the retention election was introduced. It was to take judges sitting on the Bench out of the necessity of their having to rely for existence on political influence. It was to stop judges having to toady up to political bosses so they could stay in office. It was to stop judges from having to go out when they are sitting on the Bench to raise campaign funds to go through a Primary and a General Election.

Any of you folks who are in this Chamber right now that face a Primary fight know what I mean by that.

In my area, Mr. President, where a judge comes up for retention, he normally has a blue ribbon committee of both parties if he is a good judge. They go out and raise the money for him. He does not get anywhere near the fund raising or the controversial issues.

Mr. President, I heard the gentleman from Lycoming, Senator Hager, say only three were not retained. I think you can add on a few more than that. They are the judges who did not dare stand for retention election.

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, it is unbelievable that I would agree with the Minority Leader in his assessment of the problem and then come to an opposite conclusion as to this amendment.

Mr. President, there is no question that there is something wrong with the system as it now exists. I would suggest that the problem lies in allowing crossovers in the Primary and then allowing the judges to run as partisan in the fall after the Primary Election has been complete. I have always found that a little bit hard to understand with respect to our principle of how we should treat our judges.

Mr. President, this is a good government proposition with respect to retention. The idea being that once a judge is elected, and for the most part the judges I know are useless to you politically, they feel as though they have been put on a shelf, they have been elevated from the mainstream of politics, they are no longer available for corn fries and the rest of the things that we do, and certainly they do not contribute to anybody's political campaign. To put them back into the political process by making them partisan politicians at the end of ten years, I think contributes to the problem and does not alleviate the problem—at least that has been my judgment.

I am not trying to suggest that either position is a perfect position. I think there are fallacies in both suggestions. I think there is a certain aloofness on the Bench when we suggest that they are running against the Mr. Innocuous, the faceless, the bloodless, "Mr. No." But is it not amazing how the process has worked in certain instances. There were two judges that I know of—and I was quite surprised by both because I knew them personally—one from Westmoreland County and one from one of our central counties that were rejected and beaten by the innocuous, the faceless, the bloodless, the personality-less "Mr. No."

Mr. President, I will resist Senate Bill No. 1205 for the reasons stated although I agree entirely with what the Minority Leader has said in his assessment of it. I simply say that if we are to come close to approaching a solution to the problems as

the gentleman has articulated them, it would be to maintain the process as it now is and continue with retention as we now know it.

Mr. President, I would ask the Members of the Democratic caucus and the Members of the entire Senate to reject the amendment of the gentleman from Lycoming, Senator Hager, for the reasons stated.

Senator LLOYD. Mr. President, when this issue was brought up in the Committee on Constitutional Changes and Federal Relations, one of the points that I was able to make at that time, which I would like to share with the Senate as a whole, was that on a recent questionnaire—some 1,200 questionnaires that I had sent out in my district, when they were returned there were two surprises. One of them related to something that is applicable here and that was merit selection of judges, which although is not on a one-to-one basis, it is certainly, I think, identifiable.

The overwhelming majority of people in my Senate District rejected the concept of merit selection, very much to my surprise. Furthermore, they went out of their way on this particular question to write comments on the questionnaire, comments to the effect that we want to have the ability to elect our judges; that judges have moved into other areas of government that were previously accorded the Judicial and Executive branches and as a result the people felt that they were losing control. They expressed a very clear desire to me to be able to be involved in the electoral process, and that retention and merit selection in their view were unsatisfactory alternatives.

Although I am aware of the potential for abuse in the political process, Mr. President, the electoral political process with judges, on the other hand there is also an opportunity for them to become insulated from what the people really feel. The longer they are out of that electoral process, the less they are on the firing line and the less they are aware of what the people in the homes of Pennsylvania truly feel about issues. It is something that we all experience probably almost weekly, where we feel one way about an issue and when we get out and meet our constituents, we find that they feel the other way.

As a result, Mr. President, I think that it is a good amendment and I will be voting "yes."

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, a couple of other things I think should be pointed out. First of all, although the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, thinks this is not the way to do this, I would like to point out to the gentleman that his home county, Allegheny County, when it was offered the opportunity of retention on district justices, rejected that 115,000 to 92,000. As a matter of fact, throughout western Pennsylvania and central Pennsylvania, the vote is resoundingly in favor of giving us back the vote. That is what the people are trying to say to you.

In Cambria County, for instance, the vote was 23,000 to 16,000 in favor of giving the people the right to elect those who magistrate over them. The same is true about judges.

I am kind of amazed at the attitude I hear from those of us who live in the system when we talk about having judges have to toady up to the political bosses. I guess that is to say that all of us toady up to the political bosses. If that is the case in forty-

nine other districts, I want you to know it is not the case in the Twenty-third Senatorial District and I kind of resent the political system, the system which frankly has made this country differ from any other, being downgraded by those who make their living in it. It seems to me it is wrong to say judges should not go out among the people and should not know how people feel. It is no more wrong for them than it is for us to know how people feel. Frankly, the people want very much the opportunity to right the wrong they did upon themselves in 1968.

There is something else. Mr. President, those who are voting "no" on this bill are saying to the people of this State, "We are going to forbid you the opportunity of a second thought." What Senate Bill No. 1205 does and the only thing it does is, if it passes this Body and the House this time and again next year, put the issue before the people.

We are not saying in this bill, nor could we say in this bill that by the action of this Body we are reinstating political elections, that we are getting rid of retention elections. We are only giving that opportunity to the people.

Mr. President, I want to tell the lady and gentlemen something, the people of this Commonwealth want the opportunity to do it again. Those of us who decide to stand against that are really saying to them, as the whole idea is saying to them, "You are not good enough to make that decision."

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, I am really confused at this point. I have been in this Chamber long enough to watch the actions of the Minority Leader and Members of the Minority and you were the champions along with some of us of the merit selection process which really disenfranchised the people of this Commonwealth, particularly when the substance of the nomination of the blue ribbon committee, so to speak, that would pass on merit were determined by an administrative head, as executive head. Therefore, it comes to me as quite a surprise that the system that we now operate on and the system that was designed to be good government and the system that under the illustration that you have given us, that a judge who lacks a constituency, the result as to his election would not be one iota different if he were to run after ten years, or if he were to run against the innocuous, faceless, bloodless "Mr. No."

I say the time is for us to move more towards the merit system, particularly on our judgeships that are statewide, and I have introduced a bill to do that. I would hope the Minority Leader would support me because such organizations as the Pennsylvania Bar Association and others are concerned about the emotions that judges get into by meeting people and being responsible to the political system and not making the law and evidence the primary determinants for how a decision shall come out.

The subject is simply this. I do not think it is important for a judge to be a handshaker within the political stream. I think it is nice if he does, but I would hope that we could divorce ourselves from that kind of emotionalism and hope the judge will use the evidence and the law as presented to him in the determinations of the decisions he makes, then we do not have to worry about political advantage, then we do not have to worry about this judge being responsible to a system even though it

may not take place in Williamsport.

When we invade the concept of the judiciary as being the bedrock of a free society and anything we place as an obstacle in that way, we take away from the very foundations of this government.

If I were to have my way, Mr. President, it would be a stronger movement towards the elimination of the judiciary from the political system. I would certainly hope we would not take this mammoth step backwards in removing retention from the Common Pleas Court benches and the other judicial benches it may apply to.

Senator KURY. Mr. President, I must say the more I heard the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, speak, the more of my speech he took away and the less I have to say.

I would be remiss if I did not say just a word in opposition to this bill. I agree with what the distinguished Majority Leader said. This would be a tremendous step backwards. The whole concept of judges and our judicial system is that they shall apply the law and the facts to the cases before them without prejudice and without popular opinion, without public pressure being brought to bear. That is the whole idea of having judges. If the public is 100 per cent against the defendant in a poll, he is still entitled to be tried free of that prejudice of that public opinion. Public opinion should not count in jury trials or in judicial cases. It should not have anything to do with it. It should be a matter of applying the facts to the law and the law to the facts. On that basis, the individual's guilt or innocence or his case shall be determined, whether it is a civil or criminal case. That is why I disagree profoundly with my good friend, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Lloyd. I do not think that concept is enhanced by making a person go out and campaign for six months or a year or raise money or go to this special interest group or that special interest group or go here or go there. That does not get what we want in the ideal judicial system. Certainly we do not have an ideal system, but it is certainly a tremendous improvement with the retention system.

I might point out that the Federal judges have had lifetime tenure since the founding of our country. As a general proposition, the caliber of our Federal judges, who have not had to run for election at all, has been considerably higher than those of the State courts in many areas.

Mr. President, I just want to say I want to join with the Majority Leader against the Minority Leader. This is a step backwards. This will not improve the judicial system, it will weaken it. It will increase substantially the possibility that cases will be decided not on the facts and the law but on popular opinion. That is something we never want to happen in this country.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, I guess I need unanimous consent to speak for a third time on an issue. I would like to speak just shortly in response to both the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, and to the gentleman from Northumberland, Senator Kury.

In reverse order, as to the gentleman from Northumberland, Senator Kury, it seems to me a strange thing that we are able to stand up and talk about political courage for everyone except judges. It seems to me also that there have been those who have had the courage to stand and make controversial decisions and

the obvious and plain fact is that merit selection and retention elections just are not working.

In the case where judges have made controversial decisions, they have found that they do not have the protection of anyone. All they have is the opposition of those persons who have been affected by their decisions. Why not have the courage to admit your system is not working? The fact is it is not.

As for the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, I think the first error which is made by the Majority Leader, Mr. President, is that he thinks this is a political position and he says, "You over there are the ones who were so much in favor of merit selection." First of all, I was not over here in 1966 or 1968. I did not get here until 1973, and I am not aware that this is a partisan political issue.

There are sponsors on Senate Bill No. 1205 who are Members of the other caucus. I see in this bill no political advantage for anyone. I see no political disadvantage for anyone. I frankly think this is a case of a system which has not worked and we should have the courage to face up to it and give the people of this State a second chance at something they very badly want a second chance.

Then the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, has said, Mr. President, "This is the bedrock of a free society and anything we take away takes away from that freedom." I will tell you what we have taken away. We have taken away the most important bedrock of a free society, the franchise of the people. The people want it back.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—18

Andrews,	Hager,	Lloyd,	Pecora,
Corman,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Stapleton,
Dwyer,	Howard,	Messinger,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Kelley,	O'Connell,	Tilghman,
Greenleaf,	Kusse,		

NAYS—32

Arlene,	Holl,	McKinney,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Ross,
Bodack,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Kury,	Murray,	Schaefer,
Early,	Lewis,	O'Pake,	Smith,
Fumo,	Lincoln,	Orlando,	Snyder,
Gurzenda,	Loeper,	Price,	Stout,
Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,	Zemprelli,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

RECONSIDERATION OF SB 1205

BILL OVER IN ORDER ON FINAL PASSAGE

SB 1205 (Pr. No. 1489) — Senator HAGER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 1205, Printer's No. 1489, just failed of final passage.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, I request that Senate Bill No. 1205 go over in its order and appear on tomorrow's Final Passage Calendar.

The PRESIDENT. There being no objection, the bill will be placed on tomorrow's Final Passage Calendar.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 1262 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

SB 1263 (Pr. No. 1568) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Andrews,	Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,
Arlene,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Holl,	McKinney,	Ross,
Bodack,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Howard,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Corman,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Smith,
Dwyer,	Kelley,	Murray,	Snyder,
Early,	Kury,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Lewis,	Orlando,	Stout,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Price,	Zemprelli,
Hager,	Loeper,		

NAYS—0

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

HB 1778 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator HAGER.

BILL OVER IN ORDER TEMPORARILY

HB 1805 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order temporarily at the request of Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

HB 1847 (Pr. No. 2948) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Andrews,	Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,
Arlene,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Holl,	McKinney,	Ross,
Bodack,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Howard,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Corman,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Smith,
Dwyer,	Kelley,	Murray,	Snyder,
Early,	Kury,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Lewis,	Orlando,	Stout,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Price,	Zemprelli,
Hager,	Loeper,		

NAYS—0

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which concurrence of the House is requested.

SB 506 CALLED UP

SB 506 (Pr. No. 526) — Without objection, the bill, which previously went over in its order, was called up, from page 3 of the Third Consideration Calendar by Senator ZEMPRELLI.

BILL ON THIRD CONSIDERATION AND FINAL PASSAGE

SB 506 (Pr. No. 526) — Considered the third time and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Andrews,	Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,
Arlene,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Holl,	McKinney,	Ross,
Bodack,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Howard,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Corman,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Smith,
Dwyer,	Kelley,	Murray,	Snyder,
Early,	Kury,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Lewis,	Orlando,	Stout,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Price,	Zemprelli,
Hager,	Loeper,		

NAYS—0

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECESS

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, for the information of the Senate, it is the intent of the Majority to run a substantial number of Executive Nominations and, in order to do so, a

meeting of the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations is required.

It is also the intent of the Majority to hold a very short caucus for the purpose of discussing two bills on today's Calendar which were otherwise discussed yesterday but need additional clarification.

Mr. President, based on those two intentions, I would first ask that there be a meeting of the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations, which can be expedited immediately, and will ask the Members of the Democratic caucus to remain in place for at the conclusion of the meeting of the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations, I would ask that they meet in the Rules Committee room at the rear of the Senate for a very important, short caucus.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, we have our act together and have no need for a caucus.

The PRESIDENT. For the purpose of a meeting of the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations which will convene immediately in the Rules Committee room at the rear of the Chamber to be followed immediately by a Democratic caucus, also to be held at the rear of the Chamber, the Chair declares the Senate in recess.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

CONSIDERATION OF CALENDAR RESUMED

SB 915 CALLED UP

SB 915 (Pr. No. 1547) — Without objection, the bill, which previously went over in its order temporarily, was called up, from page 1 of the Calendar, under Report of Committee of Conference, by Senator SCANLON.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 915 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator SCANLON.

HB 1805 CALLED UP

HB 1805 (Pr. No. 2888) — Without objection, the bill, which previously went over in its order temporarily, was called up, from page 5 of the Third Consideration Calendar by Senator SCANLON.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

HB 1805 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator SCANLON.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON RULES AND EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Senator FUMO, by unanimous consent, reported from the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations, communications from His Excellency, the Governor, recalling the follow-

ing nominations, which were read by the Clerk as follows:

MEMBER OF THE STATE ART COMMISSION

February 29, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated January 28, 1980, for the appointment of Frank Goodyear, 8800 Elbow Lane, Philadelphia 19118, Philadelphia County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, as a member of the State Art Commission, to serve until the third Tuesday of January 1983, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Dahlen K. Ritchey, Pittsburgh, whose term expired.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination in the premises.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE WASHINGTON COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

February 29, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In accordance with the power and authority vested in me as Governor of the Commonwealth, I do hereby recall my nomination dated January 28, 1980, for the appointment of Jacquelyn M. Townsend (Republican), Rising Wind Farm, Meadow Lands 15347, Washington County, Forty-sixth Senatorial District, as a member of the Washington County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Fonda Liddle, McMurray, Terminated-By-Law.

I respectfully request the return to me of the official message of nomination in the premises.

DICK THORNBURGH.

NOMINATIONS RETURNED TO THE GOVERNOR

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I move that the nominations just read by the Clerk be returned to His Excellency, the Governor.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. The nominations will be returned to the Governor.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON RULES AND EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Senator FUMO, by unanimous consent, from the Committee on Rules and Executive Nominations, reported the following nominations, made by His Excellency, the Governor, which were read by the Clerk as follows:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF BLOOMSBURG STATE COLLEGE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Thomas C. Gordon, 400 East Third Street, Bloomsburg 17815, Columbia County, Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a student member of the Board of Trustees of Bloomsburg State College, to serve for three years or for so long as he is a full-time undergraduate student in attendance at the college, whichever

period is shorter, vice Jeffrey A. Hunsicker, Northumberland, graduated.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CLARKS SUMMIT STATE HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William J. Heen, Laurel Hill Road, Clarks Summit 18411, Lackawanna County, Twenty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Clarks Summit State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John Barycki, Taylor, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William Lange (Urban Member), 400 Fairview Avenue, Clarks Summit 18411, Lackawanna County, Twenty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Conservation Commission, to serve until November 7, 1980, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice William F. Matson, Camp Hill, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Clifford Tinklepaugh (Farmer Member), R. D. # 1, Thompson 18465, Susquehanna County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Conservation Commission, to serve until May 30, 1980, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Robert J. Dietz, Fryburg, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CRESSON CENTER

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Theodora W. Leiden, 141 Forty-first Street, Altoona 16602, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Cresson Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Walter Criste, Cresson, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CRESSON CENTER

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Helen Myers, Box 168, Patton 16668, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Cresson Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Gloria Mitchell, New Alexandria, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE NAVIGATION COMMISSION
FOR THE DELAWARE RIVER
AND ITS NAVIGABLE TRIBUTARIES

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John M. Kenney, Esquire (Resident from Delaware County), 1028 Ormond Avenue, Drexel Hill 19026, Delaware County, Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of The Navigation Commission for the Delaware River and Its Navigable Tributaries, to serve for a term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Daniel I. Murphy, Esquire, Villanova, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE NAVIGATION COMMISSION
FOR THE DELAWARE RIVER
AND ITS NAVIGABLE TRIBUTARIES

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William A. Schmidt (Resident from Delaware County), 201 Country Club Lane, Wallingford 19086, Delaware County, Ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of The Navigation Commission for the Delaware River and Its Navigable Tributaries, to serve for a term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice William T. Lewis, Jr., Springfield, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA DRUG, DEVICE
AND COSMETIC BOARD

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Morton B. Krechmer, D.V.M. (Veterinarian), Stewartstown 17363, York County, Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Drug, Device and Cosmetic Board, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate

for the advice and consent of the Senate Harold Cramer, Esquire, 1361 Wright Drive, Huntingdon Valley 19006, Montgomery County, Twelfth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania Psychiatric Institute, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William Ross, Jr., Ed. D., 3900 Ford Road, Philadelphia 19131, Philadelphia County, Seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania Psychiatric Institute, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Jerrold V. Moss, Elkins Park, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EASTERN STATE SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jane D. Eves, Pine Run Road, Doylestown 18901, Bucks County, Tenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern State School and Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Beatrice F. McKinley, terminated.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EASTERN STATE SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Elmer J. Waltman, 43 Lewis Street, Feasterville 19047, Bucks County, Sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern State School and Hospital, to serve until the Third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Vernon Randolph Byrd, Sr., Philadelphia, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EBENSBURG CENTER

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Eh Cvjanovich, 307 Olive Street, Johnstown 15905, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Ebensburg Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Barbara J. Kline, Johnstown, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EBENSBURG CENTER

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John L. Letizia, R. D. 1, Box 152 G, Mineral Point 15942, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Ebensburg Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Dorothy M. Cupples, Altoona, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
EDINBORO STATE COLLEGE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles Perrotta, 2423 James Street, Erie 16506, Erie County, Forty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a student member of the Board of Trustees of Edinboro State College, to serve for three years or for so long as he is a full-time undergraduate student in attendance at the college, whichever period is shorter, vice Miss Katy Jean Harriger, Brookville, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE FARM PRODUCTS SHOW
COMMISSION

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dennis Grumbine, R. D. #2, Myerstown 17067, Lebanon County, Forty-eighth Senatorial District for appointment as a member of the State Farm Products Show Commission, to serve for a term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice A. Wayne Readinger, Fleetwood, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
HARRISBURG STATE HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Rufus F. Patton, R. D. 4, Box 189, Gettysburg 17325, Adams County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Harrisburg State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES
TRANSPORTATION BOARD

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate

for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert T. Hindle (Common Carrier by Motor Vehicle), Beaver Hill Road, Chester Springs 19425, Chester County, Nineteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Hazardous Substances Transportation Board, to serve until March 7, 1984, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Benjamin D. Bernstein, Philadelphia, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
HAZLETON STATE GENERAL HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate The Reverend Richard D. Abernethy, 7 West Broad Street, West Hazleton 18201, Luzerne County, Fourteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Hazleton State General Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Edward R. Jacobs, Hazleton, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
HAZLETON STATE GENERAL HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John Elick, 417 Winters Avenue, West Hazleton 18201, Luzerne County, Fourteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Hazleton State General Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John J. Alampi, Hazleton, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
LOCUST MOUNTAIN STATE GENERAL HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Donald F. Rynn, 300 Indiana Avenue, Shenandoah 17976, Schuylkill County, Twenty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Locust Mountain State General Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Raymond F. R. Steidle, Shaft, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL
EDUCATION AND LICENSURE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Nathan Hershey, Esquire (Allied Health Sciences), 5544 Forbes Avenue, Pittsburgh 15217, Allegheny County, Forty-third Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the State Board of Medical Education and Licensure, to serve until December 26, 1982, and un-

til his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA MINORITY
BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Doris Carson Williams, 3205 Niagara Street, Pittsburgh 15213, Allegheny County, Forty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Minority Business Development Authority, to serve until June 2, 1984, and until her successor shall be duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Uvelia S. A. Bowen, Philadelphia, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF MOTOR VEHICLE
MANUFACTURERS, DEALERS AND SALESMEN

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Henry L. Cannon, Jr. (General Public), Box 171, R. D. #4, Chicory Hill, Ligonier 15658, Westmoreland County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Motor Vehicle Manufacturers, Dealers and Salesmen, to serve until February 3, 1982, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Jo Elis Davidson, McMurray, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS'
EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMISSION

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Edward Wunsch (Chief of Police), 104 Sharp Lane, Feasterville 19047, Bucks County, Sixth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training Commission, to serve until February 21, 1982, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF
NURSING HOME ADMINISTRATORS

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert J. Murphy (Consumer), 7 Coopertown Road, Haverford 19041, Montgomery County, Seventeenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Examiners of Nursing Home Administrators, to serve until April 18, 1981, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Bertha Rozman Tunney, R. N., Mechanicsburg, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA NURSING HOME LOAN AGENCY

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Carl Weiss, 53 Lodges Lane, Bala Cynwyd 19004, Montgomery County, Seventeenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of the Pennsylvania Nursing Home Loan Agency, to serve until October 10, 1982, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Maxine T. Segal, Philadelphia whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE PLANNING BOARD

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles S. Conrad, Jr., 1939 Millersville Pike, Lancaster 17603, Lancaster County, Thirteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Planning Board, to serve until December 13, 1981, and until his successor is appointed and has qualified, vice Jack K. Busby, Zionsville, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE PLANNING BOARD

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William L. Rafsky, 3461 Schoolhouse Lane, Philadelphia 19144, Philadelphia County, Thirty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Planning Board, to serve until December 13, 1981, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Harry A. Bailey, Jr., resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
POLK CENTER

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mary Lou Breene, 111 Oak Road, Oil City 16301, Venango County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Polk Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice John E. Dever, Sharon, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
POLK CENTER

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Albert B. Iorfido, 597 Windy Way, Franklin 16323, Venango County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Polk Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of

January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Thomas Liotta, Franklin, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA BOARD OF
PSYCHOLOGIST EXAMINERS

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Leon I. Ford, Ph. D. (Practitioner), 5630 Darlington Road, Pittsburgh 15217, Allegheny County, Forty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Board of Psychologist Examiners, to serve until December 24, 1982, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Patricia Bricklin, Ph. D., Wayne, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA BOARD OF
PSYCHOLOGIST EXAMINERS

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ms. Etha Price (Advocacy Group), 955 Baldwin Avenue, Sharon 16146, Mercer County, Fiftieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Pennsylvania Board of Psychologist Examiners, to serve until December 24, 1981, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, but not longer than six months beyond that period, vice Doctor Leon Gorlow, State College, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS
OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John E. F. Corson, (At-large), 212 Stenton Avenue, Blue Bell 19422, Montgomery County, Twenty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Examiners of Public Accountants, to serve for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice William Jacobs, Pittsburgh, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SCOTLAND SCHOOL FOR VETERANS' CHILDREN

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Crawford M. Mackley, 421 South Potomac Street, Waynesboro 17268, Franklin County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scotland School for Veterans' Children, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Glen E. Cluck, Waynesboro, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SCOTLAND SCHOOL FOR VETERANS' CHILDREN

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Samuel W. Worley, 338 Grandview Avenue, Chambersburg 17201, Franklin County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scotland School for Veterans' Children, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Jack T. Beck, Jr., Belle Vernon, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SCRANTON STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joseph F. Sabatella, 418 Wheeler Avenue, Scranton 18504, Lackawanna County, Twenty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice George M. Turock, Dickson City, deceased.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SCRANTON STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harry W. Wilson, Jr., R. D. #3, Hilltop Drive, Tunkhannock 18657, Wyoming County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Edward Popil, Scranton, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SCRANTON STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Marie E. Marzani, Esquire, 612 River Street, Apartment B, Peckville 18452, Lackawanna County, Twenty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Scranton State School for the Deaf, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Vernon F. Searfoss, Scranton, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SHIPPENSBURG STATE COLLEGE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Paul E. Bogar, 110 Stewart Place, Shippensburg 17257, Franklin County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Shippensburg State College, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Frank W. Poe, Camp Hill, deceased.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SHIPPENSBURG STATE COLLEGE

January 22, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Dorothy H. Mark, 605 East Orange Street, Shippensburg 17257, Cumberland County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Shippensburg State College, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
SOMERSET STATE HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harry J. King, R. D. 2, Stoystown 15563, Somerset County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Somerset State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday in January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice William E. Duffield, Uniontown, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF STATE COLLEGE
AND UNIVERSITY DIRECTORS

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Laurence Fenninger, Jr., R. D. Riegelsville 18077, Bucks County, Tenth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of State College and University Directors, to serve until June 30, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF STATE COLLEGE
AND UNIVERSITY DIRECTORS

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Roberta J. Marsh, R. D. #5, Hickory Circle, Stroudsburg 18360, Monroe County, Twenty-ninth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of State College and University Directors, to serve until June 30, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF STATE COLLEGE
AND UNIVERSITY DIRECTORS

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Percy D. Mitchell, 715 High Street, Williamsport 17701, Lycoming County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of State College and University Directors, to serve until June 30, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE TAX EQUALIZATION BOARD

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Gus A. Pedicone, 2222 South 17th Street, Philadelphia 19145, Philadelphia County, Second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Tax Equalization Board, to serve until November 14, 1983, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Hon. James H. T. Tate, Philadelphia, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES
TORRANCE STATE HOSPITAL

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Nathan S. Falk, 185 North Walnut Street, Blairsville 15717, Indiana County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Torrance State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY
MEDICAL EXAMINERS

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dr. Vernon Yingling, 200 Elmwood Street, State College 16801, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified, vice Dr. Gordon Bachman, Butler, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES
WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John Haggerty, 22

Woodcrest Drive, R. D. 1, Clarendon 16313, Warren County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Daniel M. Filetti, Rimersburg, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Karl Hoffman, Arlington Drive, Warren 16365, Warren County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Raymond Rosswog, Erie, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harold Mallory, R. D. 1, Bear Lake 16402, Warren County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice John Noel Bartlett, Oil City, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jeanne S. Probst, 613 Quaker Road, Warren 16365, Warren County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Warren State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1981, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Earl W. Capron, Sugargrove, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WEST CHESTER STATE COLLEGE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jorge A. Leon, 711 Cedar Grove Road, Broomall 19008, Delaware County, Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a student member of the Board of Trustees of West Chester State College, to serve for three years or for so long as he is a full-time undergraduate student in attendance at the college, whichever period is shorter, vice Robert Scott Hastings, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
THE WESTERN YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Chris Mitsos, 29 Melvin Drive, New Castle 16101, Lawrence County, Twenty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of The Western Youth Development Centers, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1981, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Miss Kathryn A. Rainbow, Pittsburgh, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WHITE HAVEN CENTER

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ms. Pat Hametz, 818 North Street, Weatherly 18255, Carbon County, Twenty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of White Haven Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Elizabeth M. Rubasky, Kingston, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WHITE HAVEN CENTER

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dorothy Tribus, 309 Chestnut Avenue, Kingston 18704, Luzerne County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of White Haven Center, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1985, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Joseph Quinn, Freeland, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WOODVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Mary Anne McLellan, 1529 Jenkins Drive, Pittsburgh 15241, Allegheny County, Thirty-seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Woodville State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until her successor is appointed and qualified, vice Sanford C. Aderson, Pittsburgh, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF
WOODVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John C. Burne, 1426 Greentree Road, Pittsburgh 15220, Allegheny County, Thirty-seventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Board of Trustees of Woodville State Hospital, to serve until the third Tuesday of January, 1983, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Laura D. Campbell, Pittsburgh, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 23, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Clarence Anthony Walz (Republican), 2901 Ponderosa Drive, Allison Park 15101, Allegheny County, Fortieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Allegheny County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Gordon Louis Biscardo, Pittsburgh, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ARMSTRONG COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate C. Roger Butler (Democrat), 413 McKean Street, Kittanning 16201, Armstrong County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Armstrong County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BEDFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate E. Lorene Davenport (Republican), R. D. #1, New Paris 15554, Bedford County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bedford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Dorothy H. Dixon, Everett, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BEDFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Vaughn E. Whisker, Sr., (Republican), 332 South Bedford Street, Bedford 15522, Bedford County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bedford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Vivian V. Snyder, Breeze-

wood, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BERKS COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lois C. Shultz (Republican), 5 Wendy Road, Reading 19601, Berks County, Eleventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Berks County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Esther C. Blatt, Leesport, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BERKS COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jack N. Simpson (Republican), 3049 Merritt Parkway, Wilshire, Sinking Springs, 19608, Berks County, Forty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Berks County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Mazie Bartlett, Reading, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BERKS COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Stewart J. McDonough, Sr. (Republican), 403 Ann Street, West Reading 19611, Berks County, Eleventh Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Berks County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Robert Berry, Jr., Reading, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BLAIR COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Edward W. Dysart (Republican), R. D. #4, Tyrone 16686, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Blair County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Charles R. Gority, Altoona, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BLAIR COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate C. Louise Hampton (Republican), 605 Beaumont Drive, Altoona 16602, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Blair County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Aldo Serafini, Hollidaysburg, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BLAIR COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mary Jane Young (Republican), 15 Bedford Street, Hollidaysburg 16648, Blair County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Blair County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Helen Sill, Altoona, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Betty J. Chaffee (Republican), R. D. # 5, Towanda 18848, Bradford County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Whitney Gardner, Sayre, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Clayton M. Maryott (Republican), 217 York Avenue, Towanda 18848, Bradford County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Roseanne Cotter, Ulster, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BRADFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Gladys W. Smith (Republican), R. D. # 3, Box 113, Troy 16947, Bradford County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bradford County Board of Assistance, to serve until De-

ember 31, 1982, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Marjorie J. Douglas, Towanda, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BUCKS COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Arthur Buchanan (no affiliation), 47 North Homestead Drive, Yardley 19067, Bucks County, Tenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bucks County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Shirley Richardson, Doylestown, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE BUCKS COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles Raudenbush, Jr. (Republican) 61 Lillian Street, Feasterville 19047, Bucks County, Sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Bucks County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Pasquale R. Tanzillo, Morrisville, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CAMBRIA COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles R. Gray (Democrat), R. D. # 1, Mineral Point 15942, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Cambria County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CAMBRIA COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Rosemary S. Kresso (Democrat), 1630 Shelburne Place, Johnstown 15905, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Cambria County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Frank Kulish, Nanty Glo, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CAMBRIA COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joanne Carroll (Republican), 432 Wayne Street, Johnstown 15905, Cambria County, Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Cambria County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Cynthia Friedman, Johnstown, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CENTRE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate (Mr.) Clare A. Becker (Republican), P. O. Box 37, Lemont 16851, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Centre County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Robert L. Dixon, Snow Shoe, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CENTRE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Naomi Fischer (Republican), 1201 Williams Street, State College 16801, Centre County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Centre County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Margaret Ruth French, State College, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CHESTER COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Gloria Ann Phillips (Independent), Box 307, Howell Road, (Charlestown Township), Malvern 19355, Chester County, Nineteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Chester County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Warren H. Burton, West Chester, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CLARION COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Matthew H. Marder (Republican), R. D. # 2, Summerville 15864, Clarion County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Clarion County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Mary Schierberle, Clarion, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CLARION COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dorothy Tippery (Republican), Box 104, Foxburg 16036, Clarion County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Clarion County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Ruth Williams, Clarion, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CLEARFIELD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Harry Fred Bigler (Republican), R. D. # 2, Box 190B, Clearfield 16830, Clearfield County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Clearfield County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Walter Scipione, Curwensville, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CLEARFIELD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John Frank Smith (Republican), P. O. Box 393, Coalport 16627, Clearfield County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Clearfield County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Martha Fortune Lynch, Clearfield, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Reverend Ralph Storm (Republican), 258 Allegheny Street, Meadville 16335, Crawford County, Fiftieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Crawford County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly ap-

pointed and qualified, vice Sister Mary W. Opferman, Cambridge Springs, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Mildred Hand (Democrat), 121 November Drive, Camp Hill 17011, Cumberland County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Cumberland County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE DAUPHIN COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles P. Hoy (Republican), 334 Spruce Street, Steelton 17113, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Dauphin County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Dimitrios A. Zozos, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE DAUPHIN COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Sam Morrison (Republican), 1425 Smokehouse Lane, Harrisburg 17110, Dauphin County, Fifteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Dauphin County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Robert D. Minnick, Harrisburg, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE DELAWARE COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William Robert McLean (Republican), 1611 Colony Road, Havertown 19083, Delaware County, Seventeenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Delaware County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Ms. Nancy Jones, Wallingford, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ELK COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Chris P. Buerk (Republican), 415 Church Street, Saint Mary's 15857, Elk County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Elk County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Ms. Esther K. Sicheri, Toby Valley, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ELK COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ulmar Fritz (Republican), 147 Straub Avenue, Saint Mary's 15857, Elk County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Elk County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Hugo Marnatti, Ridgway, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ERIE COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mary Catherine Arbuckle (Republican), 702 Wyngate Road, Erie 16505, Erie County, Forty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Erie County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Willie L. Gavin, Jr., Erie, Terminated.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE ERIE COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Helen K. Klauk (Republican), 723 Arbuckle Road, Erie 16509, Erie County, Forty-ninth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Erie County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Raymond A. Straub, Erie, terminated.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FAYETTE COUNTY BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Joseph M. Gobermi, Ed. D. (Republican), 1303 Concord Drive, Connellsville 15424, Fayette County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appoint-

ment as a member of the Fayette County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice J. Woodrow Cooley, Fairchance, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FOREST COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert Andrew Hauth (Republican), 417 Elm Street, Tionesta 16353, Forest County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Forest County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Donald E. Taft, East Hickory, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FOREST COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mildred Ruhlman (Republican), R. D. # 2, Marienville 16239, Forest County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Forest County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Merle Kiser, Tionesta, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FOREST COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Arthur Charles VanNort (Republican), Patison Avenue, Marienville 16239, Forest County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Forest County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FRANKLIN COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John P. Peace (Democrat), Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg 17236, Franklin County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Franklin County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Caryl H. Schenkel, Greencastle, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE FRANKLIN COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Pamela H. Heisey (not registered), 252 Johnston's Lane, Mercersburg 17236, Franklin County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Franklin County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Mary C. Spanogle, Chambersburg, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE GREENE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Violet Faddis (Republican), Box 33, Wind Ridge 15380, Greene County, Forty-sixth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Greene County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice William Thomas, Waynesboro, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE GREENE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Myer R. Sonneborn, M. D. (Republican), Wind Ridge 15380, Greene County, Forty-sixth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Greene County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE HUNTINGDON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Eleanor S. Kauffman (Republican), 22 East Shirley Street, Mount Union 17066, Huntingdon County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Huntingdon County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice James W. Gutshall, deceased.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE HUNTINGDON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 17, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Michael R. Miller (Democrat), 211 Spruce Street, Huntingdon 16652, Hunting-

don County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Huntingdon County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE HUNTINGDON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Donald K. Rinker (Republican), R. D. # 1, Box 41, Huntingdon 16652, Huntingdon County, Thirtieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Huntingdon County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Elaine Eichensehr, Huntingdon, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE INDIANA COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate George H. Halsey (Republican), 63 Shady Drive, Indiana 15701, Indiana County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Indiana County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice George A. Coury, Homer City, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles T. Allesie (Democrat), 206 Ridge Avenue, Punxsutawney 15767, Jefferson County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Jefferson County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Charles K. Szalkay (Republican), R. D. # 4, Brookville 15825, Jefferson County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Jefferson County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Gary R. Keister, Brockway, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lois Colleen Thunberg (Republican), 832 Jackson Street, Reynoldsville 15815, Jefferson County, Forty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Jefferson County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Frank J. Perry, Reynoldsville, terminated.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE LANCASTER COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Merle E. Black, Jr. (Republican), 423 South Spruce Street, Elizabethtown 17022, Lancaster County, Forty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Lancaster County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Agustin Rivera, Lancaster, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE LEBANON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William R. Albright (Republican), 1008 State Drive, Lebanon 17042, Lebanon County, Forty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Lebanon County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Kathleen K. K. Kirby, Lebanon, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE LEBANON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 24, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jane K. Williams (Republican), 801 Wheatfield Lane, Lebanon 17042, Lebanon County, Forty-eighth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Lebanon County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Dorothy R. Henry, Myerstown, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MC KEAN COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate James M. McKechney

(Republican), 117 South Fraley Street, Kane 16735, McKean County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the McKean County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. J. Joanne Fishkin, Bradford, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MIFFLIN COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 23, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Robert D. Bowersox (Republican), 1154 West Fifth Street, Lewistown 17044, Mifflin County, Thirty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Mifflin County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Joseph J. Fiore, Lewistown, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MONROE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Gertrude Q. Denlinger (Republican), P. O. Box 7, Pocono Pines 18350, Monroe County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Monroe County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MONROE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jacqueline M. Schoettle (Republican), P. O. Box 457, Pocono Pines 18350, Monroe County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Monroe County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Carolyn Yetter, East Stroudsburg, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lily Rose Giuffrida (Republican), Boyer Boulevard and Walnut Lane, Norristown 19401, Montgomery County, Twenty-fourth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Montgomery County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Richard Carl Slama, Jr., Wynnewood, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE NORTHAMPTON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dennis G. Gambler (Republican), 239 Vista Drive, Nazareth 18064, Northampton County, Eighteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Northampton County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Joseph C. Bassoline, Easton, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE NORTHAMPTON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Terry L. Matla (Republican), 3279 Garrett Circle, Bethlehem 18017, Northampton County, Eighteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Northampton County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1982, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice George R. Bachman, Bethlehem, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE NORTHAMPTON COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Margaret E. Moser (Democrat), R. D. # 4, Box 145, Easton 18042, Northampton County, Eighteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Northampton County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1980, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Willard Smith, Easton, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE PERRY COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Shirley Leedy (Republican), 118 North High Street, Duncannon 17021, Perry County, Thirty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Perry County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Glenn Elwood Smith, Blain, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE POTTER COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 18, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William Stavisky (Republican), 14 Second Street, Shinglehouse 16748, Potter County, Twenty-fifth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Potter County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Florence M. Grabe, Coudersport, Terminated-By-Law.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE SOMERSET COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Lawrence Luteri (Republican), 202 West Catherine Street, Box 2, Somerset 15501, Somerset County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Somerset County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Lana J. Smith, Somerset, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE SULLIVAN COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ruth M. Baumunk (Republican), R. D. #1, Forksville 18616, Sullivan County, Twenty-third Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Sullivan County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Marjorie R. Worthington, LaPorte, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Jennie Grace Cameron (Republican), R. D. 1, Kingsley 18826, Susquehanna County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Susquehanna County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Rev. Eugene Daniel Geromel, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE WAYNE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Dorothy May Dorflinger (Republican), Box 187, Waymart 18472, Wayne County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Wayne County Board of Assistance to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and quali-

fied, vice John R. Pollack, Honesdale, resigned.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE WAYNE COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 27, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Anna Mae Giles (Democrat), R. D. #1, Honesdale 18431, Wayne County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the Wayne County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE WYOMING COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Kathy Stover Duggan (Republican), R. D. #1, Box 303, Falls 18615, Wyoming County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Wyoming County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice Mrs. Mary Jane Morgan, Tunkhannock, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE WYOMING COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 28, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Enola Hawk (Republican), R. D. #2, Box 387, Dalton 18414, Wyoming County, Twentieth Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the Wyoming County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified, vice John B. Sheehan, Mehoopany, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE YORK COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate David L. Hawk, M. D. (Republican), 117 Highland Road, York 17403, York County, Twenty-eighth Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the York County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

MEMBER OF THE YORK COUNTY
BOARD OF ASSISTANCE

January 21, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Thomas Hooker, Esquire (Republican), R. D. #1, Box 257, York Haven 17370, York County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for reappointment as a member of the York County Board of Assistance, to serve until December 31, 1981, and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DICK THORNBURGH.

DISTRICT JUSTICE

February 7, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Eugene J. Simon, P. O. Box 269, National Pike, East, Hopwood 15445, Fayette County, Thirty-second Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice in and for the County of Fayette, Class 2, District 02, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1982, vice Charles E. Pillar, Sr., Uniontown, deceased.

DICK THORNBURGH.

DISTRICT JUSTICE

January 25, 1980.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Mrs. Dorine F. Sutch, 993 South Lewis Road, Royersford 19468, Montgomery County, Nineteenth Senatorial District, for appointment as District Justice in and for the County of Montgomery, Class 2, District 05, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1982, vice Martin R. Kiggins, deceased.

DICK THORNBURGH.

EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Motion was made by Senator FUMO,

That the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session for the purpose of considering certain nominations made by the Governor.

Which was agreed to.

CONSIDERATION OF EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS

Senator FUMO asked and obtained unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor, and reported from committee at today's Session.

NOMINATIONS TAKEN FROM THE TABLE

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I call from the table for consideration the nominations reported from committee today and previously read by the Clerk for Elmer J. Waltman, as a member of the Board of Trustees of Eastern State School and Hospital; and Charles Raudenbush, Jr., as a member of the Bucks County Board of Assistance.

On the question,

Will the Senate advise and consent to the nominations?

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, both of these nominees are from my District. Both of them are personally known to me and I am not aware of any criteria in the background of either individuals that would qualify them to hold these positions. Accordingly, Mr. President, I ask for a negative vote.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate advise and consent to the nominations?

(During the calling of the roll the following occurred:)

The PRESIDENT. To what point does the gentleman rise?

Senator MOORE. May we be at ease.

The PRESIDENT. Nothing is in order at the moment but the calling of the roll.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, now that you have interrupted the roll for the moment, may we be at ease for just a second?

The PRESIDENT. Are there any affirmative votes?

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye" and I would move to strike the roll.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman's vote will be so recorded.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator GREENLEAF. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator PRICE. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator O'CONNELL. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator DWYER. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator MANBECK. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator HESS. Mr. President, I would like to change my vote from "no" to "aye."

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman will be so recorded.

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, may we be at ease.

The PRESIDENT. The request is in order. The Senate will be at ease.

Senator HAGER. Mr. President, am I recorded as voting "aye?"

The PRESIDENT. You are, Senator.

The yeas and nays were required by Senator FUMO and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—17

Andrews,	Hager,	Loeper,	Price,
Bell,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Dwyer,	Hopper,	Moore,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Howard,	O'Connell,	Tilghman,
Greenleaf,			

NAYS—33

Arlene,	Jubelirer,	McKinney,	Romanelli,
Bodack,	Kelley,	Mellow,	Ross,
Coppersmith,	Kury,	Messinger,	Scanlon,
Corman,	Kusse,	Murray,	Schaefer,
Early,	Lewis,	O'Pake,	Smith,
Fumo,	Lincoln,	Orlando,	Stapleton,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Pecora,	Stout,
Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,	Zemprelli,
Holl,			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

NOMINATIONS TAKEN FROM THE TABLE

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I call from the table for consideration the remainder of the nominations reported from committee today and previously read by the Clerk.

Mr. President, I also call from the table for consideration the nomination of Herbert P. Lauterbach, as a member of the State Board of Education.

This nomination was previously laid on the table January 29, 1980.

The Clerk read the nomination as follows:

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

November 16, 1979.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Herbert P. Lauterbach, 709 Linwood Street, New Cumberland 17070, Cumberland County, Thirty-first Senatorial District, for appointment as a member of the State Board of Education, to serve until October 1, 1985, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, vice Doctor Richard C. Keller, Millersville, whose term expired.

DICK THORNBURGH.

On the question,

Will the Senate advise and consent to the nominations?

The yeas and nays were required by Senator FUMO and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Andrews,	Hankins,	Lynch,	Reibman,
Arlene,	Hess,	Manbeck,	Romanelli,
Bell,	Holl,	McKinney,	Ross,
Bodack,	Hopper,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Coppersmith,	Howard,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Corman,	Jubelirer,	Moore,	Smith,
Dwyer,	Kelley,	Murray,	Snyder,
Early,	Kury,	O'Connell,	Stapleton,
Fumo,	Kusse,	O'Pake,	Stauffer,
Gekas,	Lewis,	Orlando,	Stout,
Greenleaf,	Lincoln,	Pecora,	Tilghman,
Gurzenda,	Lloyd,	Price,	Zemprelli,
Hager,	Loeper,		

NAYS—0

A constitutional majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

EXECUTIVE SESSION RISES

Senator FUMO. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator McKinney, has requested a meeting of the Committee on State Government to consider a resolution.

Mr. President, may we stand in recess for a period of five minutes. I ask all members of the Committee on State Government to report to the Rules Committee room immediately.

The PRESIDENT. For the purpose of a five-minute meeting of the Committee on State Government, which will convene in the Rules Committee room at the rear of the Chamber, the Chair declares the Senate in recess.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

CONSIDERATION OF CALENDAR RESUMED

SECOND CONSIDERATION CALENDAR

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION AND REREFERRED

HB 340 (Pr. No. 2553) — Considered the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

Upon motion of Senator ROSS, and agreed to, the bill just considered was rereferred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION AMENDED

SB 526 (Pr. No. 1514) — The bill was considered.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration?

Senator O'PAKE offered the following amendment:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 3), page 4, line 7, by striking out "6301" and inserting: 6302

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

Senator O'PAKE offered the following amendments and, if agreed to, asked that the bill be considered for the second time:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 3), page 4, by inserting between lines 14 and 15:

"Sexual abuse" means the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming or depiction of children for commercial purposes, or the rape, molestation, incest, prostitution, or other such forms of sexual exploita-

tion of children under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is harmed or threatened thereby, as determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the secretary.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 14), page 12, line 21, by inserting after "(m)": and section 15

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 14), page 13, line 2, by inserting brackets before and after "this section" and inserting immediately thereafter: section 15

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 14), page 14, line 28, by striking out "28" and inserting: 18

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 15), page 19, line 6, by striking out "AUDITOR" and inserting: Attorney

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 15), page 19, lines 12 through 14, by striking out all of said lines and inserting:

(10) Law enforcement officials in the course of investigating cases of (i) homicide, sexual abuse, exploitation, or serious bodily injury as defined in 18 Pa. C. S. § 2301 (relating to definitions) perpetrated by persons whether related or not related to the victim; or (ii) child abuse perpetrated by persons not related to the victim within the second degree of consanguinity of affinity.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

Senator O'PAKE. Mr. President, I urge unanimous support for these amendments which do two things. First of all, it adds to the definition of sexual abuse of children the following language: "Sexual abuse means the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming or depiction of children for commercial purposes, or the rape, molestation, incest, prostitution, or other such forms of sexual exploitation of children under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is harmed or threatened thereby, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the secretary." That is the first amendment. It is an attempt to broaden the definition of sexual abuse in our child abuse prevention law. We have learned since the law has been on the books for four years that some changes were needed and this is one of them.

The second proposed amendment or change, Mr. President, responds to the legitimate concerns of law enforcement, police, district attorneys and others throughout the Commonwealth that their hands in some cases have been tied when they attempted to get confidential data concerning reports of child abuse. The amendment adds the following:

It permits access to the confidential records to law enforcement officials in the course of investigating cases of homicide, sexual abuse, exploitation or serious bodily injury as defined in 18, Section 2301, relating to definitions perpetrated by persons whether related or not related to the victim; or the second category, child abuse perpetrated by persons not related to the victim within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.

Basically what this amendment does—and I commend the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, the District Attorneys Association, and various law enforcement people who have suggested the need for this—it is an attempt to balance the need to protect the confidentiality of some records with the

need to provide law enforcement with the kind of investigative material they need to prosecute certain kinds of cases.

The cases we are talking about giving access to are death cases, sexual abuse cases or exploitation, serious bodily injury and the language on that was prepared by the District Attorney's Office in Philadelphia, or in cases where the abuse is perpetrated by someone other than the parent; for example, a paramour, a foster placement or an institutional case.

Mr. President, I think with these two amendments, we will further improve the child abuse prevention law in Pennsylvania and I urge unanimous support for the amendments.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, if the gentleman from Berks, Senator O'Pake, is correct that the establishment of the second part of his amendments is the answer to what we have been seeking for several months in this issue and that is to replace law enforcement into the child abuse arena where they have been removed by the original impact of the legislation four years ago, I encourage the support of the amendments and do so with only one proviso. After they are in place, after they will be today after second reading, I would want to further consult with the people with whom I have been working and then if there be additional language required, I will offer with the request for unanimous consent on third reading further amendments.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 631 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ROSS.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

HB 640 (Pr. No. 2891) — Considered the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 849 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ROSS.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

HB 914 (Pr. No. 2949) — Considered the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION AMENDED AND REREFERRED

SB 995 (Pr. No. 1172) — The bill was considered.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration?

Senator LLOYD offered the following amendments:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1606-A), page 4, line 16, by inserting after "contribution": , as defined in section 1621(b),

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1606-A), page 5, by inserting between lines 6 and 7:

(d) No candidate shall be eligible to qualify for public funding under this act until such candidate shall file a sworn statement indicating that that person is not a subversive person as defined in the act of December 22, 1951 (P. L. 1726, No. 463), known as the "Pennsylvania Loyalty Act," and that the candidate is aware that his affidavit that he is not a subversive person as defined in said act is subject to the penalties of perjury under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1608-A), page 6, line 25, by striking out "(a)." and inserting: (b)(1).

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1609-A), page 7, line 14, by striking out "be" and inserting: base

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1613-A), page 8, lines 25 through 30; page 9, lines 1 through 12, by striking out all of said lines on said pages

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1614-A), page 9, line 13, by striking out "1614-A" and inserting: 1613-A

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1615-A), page 9, line 26, by striking out "1615-A" and inserting: 1614-A

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1610-A), page 7, by inserting between lines 28 and 29: (9) Travel expenses.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1612-A), page 8, line 6, by striking out "(a)".

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1612-A), page 8, lines 18 through 24, by striking out all of said lines

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1612-A), page 8, lines 14 through 17, by striking out all of said lines and inserting:

(3) Political action committee as

defined in section 1621(1) 1500

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1612-A), page 8, by inserting between lines 17 and 18:

(4) Partnerships 1,500

Amend Sec. 1, page 9, by inserting between lines 25 and 26:

Section 1615-A. Annual Report.—The secretary shall report annually to the General Assembly and the Governor on the operations of public campaign funding as provided by this article. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, the revenues and expenditures in the fund, the amounts distributed to candidates, the results of any audits performed on candidates in compliance with the provisions of this article and any prosecutions brought for violations of this article.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 1615-A), page 9, line 26, by striking out "1615-A." and inserting: 1616-A.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Lloyd.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Lloyd, permit himself to be interrogated?

Senator LLOYD. I will, Mr. President.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, does Senate Bill No. 995 in its present form prevent a county commissioner now serving in his place in one of the sixty-seven Pennsylvania counties, who aspires to higher office, who wants to run for Attorney General, does it prevent an incumbent county commissioner or recorder of deeds, just to use an example, does it prevent that individual from applying for public funds and then running for the office of Attorney General?

Senator LLOYD. Mr. President, Senate Bill No. 995 does not do that, it does not inhibit any currently elected officials from participating in an electoral process fully.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, once the county commissioner in our example runs for Attorney General and let us say he is elected after receiving public funds under your bill, is there anything in your bill that would compel him to resign his county commissioner post?

Senator LLOYD. There is nothing specifically in this bill with regard to that, Mr. President. This bill directs its attention toward the financial aspects of campaigning as opposed to the electoral status after an election.

Senator GEKAS. Thank you, Mr. President. I just wanted to lay the groundwork for saying that my amendments would purify the entire element of this particular bill.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

Senator GEKAS offered the following amendments:

Amend Title, page 1, line 14, by inserting a comma after "appropriation"

Amend Title, page 1, line 14, by striking out "and"

Amend Title, page 1, line 14, by removing the period after "penalties" and inserting: and prohibiting an elected public official from holding two elected public offices.

Amend Bill, page 10, by inserting between lines 2 and 3:

Section 2. The act is amended by adding a section to read:

Section 1778. Assumption of Public Office; Resignation of Other Public Offices.—Any elected public official whose name is placed on the ballot in a general, municipal or special election for a public office other than that which he presently holds shall be required, upon being certified the victor in said election, to assume that seat on the prescribed day and shall immediately resign and vacate any other public office.

Amend Sec. 2, page 10, line 3, by striking out "2" and inserting: 3

Amend Sec. 2, page 10, line 7, by inserting after "to": section 1 of

Amend Sec. 3, page 10, line 13, by striking out "3" and inserting: 4

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, let us take the example that we posed in the colloquy between myself and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Lloyd, and then interpolate that into what my amendments would do.

If my amendments were adopted, the incumbent county commissioner who then applied for public funds and ran for Attorney General and then was elected Attorney General, would under my amendments have to resign his county commissioner post and assume the responsibilities of his new office, the one he newly aspired to, as the primary focus of what he intended in the election, to be Attorney General.

If we did not adopt my amendments, the present law would remain in effect and we could have a situation where in the same example that was discussed between the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator Lloyd, and myself, a county commissioner serving in one of the counties, could be county commissioner, could be paid by the county, by taxpayers' funds for his salary, apply for public funds, another taxpayer source, to run for Attorney General, be elected Attorney General, receive a second salary from the taxpayers as Attorney General and retain his position as county commissioner. Heaven forbid if we should permit that kind of situation to persist.

My amendments would say, not just in those types of elections, but in any type of election where a second post is sought while an incumbency is being served, that the incumbency must be sacrificed if the second aspiration is to be fulfilled. This does not militate against the O'Pake situation where the gentleman from Berks, Senator O'Pake, has announced that he is running for both the Senate and the Attorney General because this does not prevent anyone from running for two offices at the same time. It simply says that once the election is made, that he must resign the other post.

Mr. President, I ask for adoption of my amendments. It purifies the public funding concept of the present bill and makes sure when the public contributes to the campaign of an individual that that individual will not hold a second lesser or greater position of public trust with all the inherent conflicts.

Senator ORLANDO. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, permit himself to be interrogated?

Senator GEKAS. I will, Mr. President.

Senator ORLANDO. Mr. President, will these amendments at the time the individual is elected on November 4 or November 6, is that the time he is supposed to resign from his other office or does he have to wait until he is sworn in or just shortly before he is sworn into the second office for him to resign from his first office?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, the election day does not key in the resignation. He will remain as the incumbent county commissioner in our example until he is sworn into the next office in January, whenever that occurs.

Senator ORLANDO. Is that explicit, Mr. President, because the gentleman is talking about being elected. I will be elected on November 4 if I am running for that office.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, it is explicit. The language of the paragraph to which I allude says, "Any elected public of-

ficial whose name is placed on the ballot in a general, municipal or special election for a public office other than that which he presently holds shall be required, upon being certified the victor in said election, to assume that seat on a prescribed day and shall immediately resign and vacate any other public office."

Senator ORLANDO. One more question, Mr. President. The gentleman stated this does not apply to a case like the gentleman from Berks, Senator O'Pake, running for his own seat in the Senate and also for Attorney General. Can you show me the distinction between a county commissioner who is presently a county commissioner, who is in office, the same as the gentleman from Berks, Senator O'Pake, is in office, and the county commissioner is running for a different position using other funds but running for another position, the same as the gentleman from Berks, Senator O'Pake, is running for Attorney General while he sits also as a Pennsylvania Senator?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, I tried to stress that this does not prevent an incumbent commissioner or an incumbent Senator from running. It does not prohibit him from running for a so-called higher office. It merely mandates that once that higher office is attained, the first one must be resigned in the case of the incumbent, if it is a new run for an office, that that one cannot be assumed.

We are left with the higher office being the one to which the candidate must be attached. This works very well with the public funding concept because we are saying the taxpayers, in providing the public funds for a campaign, will be assured what their tax monies are going for, the election of the Attorney General or whatever other high office is designated in Senate Bill No. 995, and no other office then can be held by that individual.

Senator ORLANDO. Mr. President, does this also apply to the local elections for borough and township supervisors or for elected assessors or tax collectors in some of these small boroughs and townships? They would have to resign from those jobs?

Senator GEKAS. Yes, Mr. President.

Senator LEWIS. Mr. President, I understand the gentleman's concern about an individual holding two elected public offices and I share that concern. We have to be aware of the fact that it does exist with some degree of commonality in Pennsylvania, especially in smaller municipalities where it is not unusual to find that someone holding a locally elected office is subsequently elected to State office.

Mr. President, I am concerned that the intent the gentleman is pursuing cannot be accomplished by the proposal that he is offering to us today. The qualifications, the right to hold office with regard to county offices and municipal offices are in fact spelled out in the respective codes governing those offices. County commissioners' qualification and election procedure is established in the County Code and the respective qualifications and procedures for the other row offices are prescribed again in the County Codes. An attempt to amend the Statewide election bill, as the gentleman is now suggesting, in my opinion could well be an inconsequential act with regard to those offices.

Mr. President, I think the gentleman's intentions are di-

rected in the right area. I believe, however, that the subject cannot be as simply dispatched as he would like to have us believe. An acceptance of these amendments could cause more trouble, more difficulty and more confusion than the problem which the gentleman is attempting to correct. I believe it would be only effective as to two offices for which the qualifications and procedures are established under the law which the gentleman is presuming to amend.

Mr. President, I do not believe that an amendment to this Statewide Election Code would impact in any way, shape or form upon the procedures established in the County Codes. I would suggest to the gentleman that he ought to, with the assistance of the Legislative Reference Bureau, give this subject the research that it needs and then prepare in the variety of bill forms that would be necessary, the appropriate responses so the job is done properly.

Mr. President, I am voting against the proposal because, as I said, I am certain that it will add to the confusion rather than attempt to clarify the problem.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, permit himself to be interrogated?

Senator GEKAS. I will, Mr. President.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, could the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, tell us what would happen in the case where the County Commissioner or a County Treasurer as he indicated before, instead of running for a State office, would run for another county office?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, the same thing would apply.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, what would happen also in the case—

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, excuse me. I think there he may be prevented by other laws in running for or keeping both positions. In other words, a recorder of deeds may not be able to hold register of wills at the same time. I am not sure of that. If it is not covered by the County Code or the other codes, then this would apply, yes.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, if it is not covered by the County Code a county official cannot hold more than one local county office, my question to the gentleman would be: What would happen in the case where a County Treasurer or a county recorder of deeds as you would have it, is elected to one of the other offices? In the case where the individual had only claimed one salary, therefore, saving the taxpayer of the county a salary from one particular elected office yet doing the job of two offices, how would he get around accomplishing this fact? If the proposal of the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, would pass, the individual then could only hold down one office whether it be County Treasurer or county recorder of deeds. Without the proposal of the gentleman, the individual could hold down two offices, but yet only get paid for one. Mr. President, is it not extremely possible that the proposal could cause the taxpayers of a particular county additional money?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, I do not see how. If the people elect him to a paid position rather than while he is holding a nonpaying position, yes, the taxpayers will be paying

more. I do not understand the gentleman's question if he is saying that one of my considerations go to double dip into the taxpayers' money, that is only one consideration. The main consideration is the inherent conflict in holding two positions almost anywhere in the Commonwealth.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, just for a point of clarification—my point merely being this, and maybe the gentleman can answer the question and maybe he cannot, I do not really know—can an individual be elected to two county offices? Can he, first of all, take the salary from both county offices?

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, yes, he can. As far as I know in some cases, yes.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, my understanding is that he cannot and that if he is going to hold down two county offices, he can only take the highest salary and the other salary would have to be forfeited back into the county treasury.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, in further answer to the gentleman from Lackawanna, Senator Mellow, I know one example in our county where a state legislator, who is also serving as a county commissioner that individual is drawing both salaries. There is a situation that would be covered by my amendments.

Senator MELLOW. Mr. President, just to make one additional point. I indicated where the same individual was elected to two county offices and not a county office versus a State office.

Senator STAPLETON. Mr. President, just for an example, in my own district I have a sixth class county where a gentleman was elected to the office of register and recorder a number of years ago. He held that office and he ran for the House of Representatives and he was successful and he now holds the office as a House Member, also. He turned his salary at the county level back to the county government. He has not accepted it. Just last year again he ran for that same office, register/recorder and he was very successful and he was elected again by an overwhelming vote. He now again holds the office of register/recorder. He also holds the office as a House Member and the people of that county are pleased that this gentleman is doing both jobs and saving that county the salary of some \$13,500, or in that area. The very fact that they have re-elected him indicates to me that these amendments certainly would be wrong.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, if the example given by the gentleman from Indiana, Senator Stapleton, were one that he would not be receiving one penny in taxpayers' salary, the inherent conflict in holding two or three offices is so blatantly plain that that alone cries out for adoption of the amendments. How can a county commissioner also as a Legislator, in either forum be able to sift through everything that comes up and determine which is better for his county or better for the State or better for his legislative constituency; or, in the example that the gentleman from Indiana, Senator Stapleton, gave, how is he going to determine which is best for his county or best for the township for where he serves or for the State where he also serves? That is the real bastion of our thrust in these amendments, to avoid the conflicts that are implicit and explicit in holding two or more elected offices.

Senator COPPERSMITH. Very briefly, Mr. President, the gentleman from Dauphin, Senator Gekas, disappointed me

with his last argument because all of us in this Chamber have those conflicts of interests. It is not just someone who is a county commissioner and a legislator. If I am a lawyer, I am also a Senator. If I am in a particular business, I also have that special interest. All of us belong to special interest groups that theoretically could collide with our judgment on the floor of the Senate. It is no different from the example that you express such horror about.

Senator GEKAS. Mr. President, except for one monumental difference. We here who have only one public master, have only one public constituency. That constituency cannot collide with any other constituency as an elected public official. Of course some are doctors, undertakers, lawyers and so forth. That is the concept of the citizen legislator. But when an individual holds two or three public offices, his constituencies collide. That is the essential difference in the example given by the gentleman from Cambria, Senator Coppersmith.

Mr. President, we all have conflicts and we deal with them all the time. You cannot add to the burden of a public official another public official conflict.

Senator BELL. Mr. President, I hope that my remarks will conclude this lengthy debate. I will say publicly what is best for Delaware County is best for Pennsylvania.

Senator ROSS. Mr. President, I would ask for a negative vote on these amendments.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

The yeas and nays were required by Senator GEKAS and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20

Andrews,	Hager,	Jubelirer,	O'Connell,
Bell,	Hess,	Kusse,	Pecora,
Dwyer,	Holl,	Loeper,	Price,
Gekas,	Hopper,	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Greenleaf,	Howard,	Moore,	Tilghman,

NAYS—27

Arlene,	Hankins,	Mellow,	Scanlon,
Bodack,	Kury,	Messinger,	Schaefer,
Coppersmith,	Lewis,	Murray,	Smith,
Corman,	Lincoln,	Orlando,	Stapleton,
Early,	Lloyd,	Reibman,	Stout,
Fumo,	Lynch,	Romanelli,	Zemprelli,
Gurzenda,	McKinney,	Ross,	

Less than a majority of the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the negative.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

MOTION TO REREFER

Senator ROSS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 995 be rereferred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 995 is rereferred to the Committee on Appropriations, as amended.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

SB 1063 — Without objection, the bill was passed over in its order at the request of Senator ROSS.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

SB 1233 (Pr. No. 1534) — Considered the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION AMENDED

HB 1787 (Pr. No. 2930) — The bill was considered.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration?

Senator SMITH offered the following amendments and, if agreed to, asked that the bill be considered for the second time:

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 510), page 2, line 13, by inserting a bracket after "1929."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 510), page 2, line 16, by removing the period after "ESTIMATES" and inserting: or budget.

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 510), page 2, line 16, by striking out the bracket after "ESTIMATES."

Amend Sec. 1 (Sec. 510), page 2, line 30, by striking out "APRIL 30," and inserting: March 15,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second consideration, as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

HB 1843 (Pr. No. 2269) — Considered the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third consideration.

RESOLUTION TO DISCHARGE COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT FROM FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF HB 1457

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I offer a resolution in re House Bill No. 1457 which was referred to the Committee on State Government on December 18, 1979, and the committee has not reported the same to the Senate for a period of ten days and this resolution requests the committee be discharged of responsibility for the bill.

DISCHARGE RESOLUTION OFFERED

Senators ROMANELLI, SCANLON and BODACK offered the following resolution which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 4, 1980.

RESOLVED, That House Bill No. 1457, Printer's No. 2664, entitled "An act amending the act of October 27, 1955 (P. L. 744, No. 222), entitled, as amended, 'An act prohibiting certain practices of discrimination because of race, color, religious

creed, ancestry, age or national origin by employers, employment agencies, labor organizations and others as herein defined; creating the Pennsylvania Human Relations Commission in the Department of Labor and Industry; defining its functions, powers and duties; providing for procedure and enforcement; providing for formulation of an educational program to prevent prejudice; providing for judicial review and enforcement and imposing penalties' making it unlawful for an employer to refuse to release certain documents to certain persons, establishing a procedure for the handling of complaints concerning segregation or discrimination in public schools, further providing for educational programs and conferring additional powers," having been referred to the Committee on State Government on December 18, 1979, and the committee not having reported the same to the Senate for the period of ten days, the committee is discharged from further consideration thereof.

On the question,

Will the Senate adopt the resolution?

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do adopt this resolution.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, it is with a very heavy heart that I stand before the Senate at this time to make a few remarks with respect to discharge resolutions.

I understand the turmoil, I understand the heartaches, I understand the issue that is represented by the discharge resolution in House Bill No. 1457.

Mr. President, I also understand what has been the most meaningful thing in this Senate. That is the preservation of the committee system of government. In the sixteen years I have served in both the House and the Senate, I have never seen a discharge resolution meet with success simply because the principle that is involved in the invasion of the committee process has always been paramount to the issue of the substance of any bill to be discharged.

It is an affront to the committee chairman, it is an affront to the system and it is also an affront to every Senator in this Body who recognizes the discipline by which this government has been established and by which this Senate has operated since its inception.

Mr. President, I do not pretend to be a historian, but I do not know in my history of what little I know about the Senate and the House, I have never known a Senate or a House discharge resolution pass. Yet, I was part of the process today in making a hard nose count as to where this discharge resolution may be and I fear that today new history will be made.

Mr. President, I would admonish those who are so quick to become popular with the issue that is before us, that tomorrow is another day. When you put this system on trial and you go to the tenets of it and you rip it apart, there will be something lost from this Senate that never can be regained.

We talked about this when we talked about the majority within a Senate procedure. Let me tell you how ludicrous that committee system was with the ten and one and the six and one from committee. If that procedure were to have been adopted here and lost in committee by virtue of the failure to get ten plus one in order to discharge a bill from any committee in this Senate on petition at any time, it would not preclude the par-

ties from also bringing the issue before the Senate on a discharge resolution.

Mr. President, I ask every Member of this Senate to search their souls as to the destruction and wrought that will be brought upon this Senate by the action here being requested regardless of the merits. I know it is a sensitive issue. I know we would all like to go back home and be able to tell the people how we stand on the substance of the merits of the bill that is in question.

But I think it is just as much to be able to say the Senate of Pennsylvania felt more about its establishment of the rules and principles by which it has been established and also wishes to govern itself.

Unless we quit eroding the system by the legislation we pass — "We have met the enemy and he is us," I suggest to you, Mr. President, if this resolution passes today, that that is precisely the posture we have put ourselves into and we will pay the piper down the road.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator COPPERSMITH: Mr. President, I rise to a question of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Cambria, Senator Coppersmith, will state it.

Senator COPPERSMITH. Mr. President, I would call the Chair's attention to Rule XIV of the Senate, Section 2, "No bill shall be considered unless referred to a committee, printed for the use of the Members and returned therefrom," and also call attention of the Chair to Senate Resolution, Serial No. 21, which was adopted on March 7, 1979, providing for the discharge procedure in the committee when a majority plus one would so direct the chairman.

The point I am raising to the Chair is in view of the mandate in the Rules which is a rephrasing of Article III, Section 2 of the Constitution and in view of the fact that we have provided a procedure whereby a committee chairman can be discharged through the use of the committee process, is not the provision for the discharge of bills by the full Senate repealed at least to the extent that there must be an exhaustion of the remedy in committee before a discharge resolution is passed by the Chamber?

Mr. President, I would think that common sense and logic would require that the less extreme remedy be exhausted before the more extreme is invoked.

The PRESIDENT. In response to the gentleman's inquiry, Rule XVI, Section 6(c) pertains only to the request for discharge by a member of the committee. As to Rule XVI, Section 17, insofar as the rule of discharge from committee, it does not imply specifically a prerequisite to the invoking of that rule. In the absence of that, it would seem appropriate that a discharge resolution would be in order.

Senator COPPERSMITH. Mr. President, reserving the right to appeal the ruling later, I would like to discuss the invoking of this discharge resolution which — I am coming to the end of my third term — in my opinion, is certainly contrary to all practice and precedent in this Chamber.

I should point out to the Members that this bill has been in

the committee for only sixteen days, and to break precedent with a bill that has been in the committee for sixteen days, makes neither rhyme nor reason.

I also would like to make the point that it does not seem to me that you can be with the system and a beneficiary of the system in fair weather and then violate the basic structures of the system by which we live when the storms begin to rage.

Mr. President, I sincerely hope that we defeat this discharge resolution as the gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli said, "if only to preserve the integrity of the system by which we operate in this Senate."

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, I rise to a question of parliamentary inquiry.

The PRESIDENT. The gentleman from Allegheny, Senator Zemprelli, will state it.

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, is the business before the house mainly the presentation of a resolution properly withdrawable and if so, what would be the procedure for doing so, so the statement could be made by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator McKinney, relative to that issue that is before us.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman restate his point?

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, my purpose in my inquiry is to remove from consideration the resolution that is before us. A roll call has not been taken. I understand I can make a motion to table and would be happy to do so if in fact, that was in order. But my specific question, Mr. President, is, how I may remove the matter that is specifically before us now, the resolution in question, so the gentleman from Philadelphia, Senator McKinney, may be recognized, which has relevancy to the issue but not the resolution.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate will be at ease.

(The Senate was at ease.)

Senator MCKINNEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a statement.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection and the gentleman may proceed.

Senator MCKINNEY. Mr. President, I understand that a petition has been prepared by at least eleven Members of the Committee on State Government asking that I schedule a meeting on House Bill No. 1457.

Under the recent rule passed by the Senate, Mr. President, I will be bound to hold that meeting and I will schedule that meeting as soon as I receive that petition, perhaps on Monday or in all probability on Monday.

DISCHARGE RESOLUTION WITHDRAWN

Senator SCANLON. Mr. President, I, at this time, would like to withdraw the petition for discharge which I have just presented.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears no objection. The resolution is withdrawn.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Senator LEWIS, from the Committee on Local Government, reported, as committed, **SB 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1219** and **HB 1057**.

Senator REIBMAN, from the Committee on Education, reported, as amended, **SB 947**.

Senator KURY, from the Committee on Consumer Affairs, reported, as amended, **SB 683** and **HB 1799**.

RESOLUTION REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE

Senator MCKINNEY, from the Committee on State Government, reported with amendment, Senate Resolution, Serial No. 81, entitled:

Proclaiming March 10 through 17, 1980 as "Irish-American Week."

Senator MCKINNEY asked and obtained unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of this resolution.

And the amendments made thereto as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate adopt the resolution?

SENATE RESOLUTION, SERIAL NO. 81, ADOPTED

Senator MCKINNEY. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do adopt Senate Resolution, Serial No. 81.

The motion was agreed to and the resolution was adopted.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE SUBMITTED

Senator LEWIS submitted the Report of Committee of Conference on **SB 316**, which was placed on the Calendar.

CONGRATULATORY RESOLUTIONS

The PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following resolutions, which were read, considered and adopted:

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Bud Murphy by Senator Lincoln.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to John D. Dittmar by Senator Corman

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Edward J. Hresko by Senator Messinger.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Pizzi, Sr. by Senator Orlando.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Russell William Wilson by Senator Hess.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. James A. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Adam L. Helsel, Mr. and Mrs. George Kochseder, Mr. and Mrs. Valentine E. Lilly and to Mr. and Mrs. Luke Stern by Senator Jubelirer.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Samuel O. Swartz by Senator Manbeck.

Congratulations of the Senate were extended to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Cannon and to John H. Radzyninski by Senator O'Pake.

BILLS ON FIRST CONSIDERATION

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to consideration of all bills reported from committees for the first time at today's Session.

The motion was agreed to.

The bills were as follows:

SB 683, 947, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1219, HB 1057 and 1799.

And said bills having been considered for the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second consideration.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate, entitled:

Weekly Adjournment.

ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SECRETARY

The following announcements were read by the Secretary of the Senate:

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1980

10:00 A. M. APPROPRIATIONS (to receive testimony from the Public Utility Commission with regard to their 1980-81 budget request. Senate Majority Caucus Room

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1980

10:30 A. M. URBAN AFFAIRS AND HOUSING (Public Hearing on Urban Mass Transportation in the Commonwealth) Gold Room, Allegheny Co. Court House, Pittsburgh, PA

MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1980

11:30 A. M. JUDICIARY (to consider House Bill No. 55) Senate Majority Caucus Room

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1980

10:00 A. M. APPROPRIATIONS (Budget Hearing with the Department of Education) Senate Majority Caucus Room

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1980

10:00 A. M. APPROPRIATIONS (Budget Hearing with the Department of Public Welfare) Senate Majority Caucus Room

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1980

10:30 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY (to consider Senate Bills No. 135, 136, 699 and House Bill No. 421) Room 286

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1980

10:00 A. M. INSURANCE (to consider Senate Bills No. 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1246 and House Bill No. 1106) Senate Majority Caucus Room

FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1980

10:00 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY (Public Hearing on Senate Bills No. 141, 147, 548, 556, 557, 639, 656, 698, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 793, 839, 884, 895, 1128 and 1164) Holiday Inn East, Rts. 22 & 512, Bethlehem, PA

THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1980

10:00 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY (Public Hearing on Senate Bills No. 141, 147, 548, 556, 557, 639, 656, 698, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 793, 839, 884, 895, 1128 and 1164) Temple University Walk Auditorium Ritter Hall, Philadelphia, PA

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1980

10:00 A. M. INSURANCE (Public Hearing on Senate Bill No. 937 and related No-Fault Insurance matters) City Council Chambers, City Hall, Philadelphia, PA

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1980

9:30 A. M. PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE (Public Hearing on the oversight concerning child health programs) Senate Majority Caucus Room

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1980

10:00 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY (Public Hearing on Senate Bills No. 141, 147, 548, 556, 557, 639, 656, 698, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 793, 839, 884, 895, 1128 and 1164) University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA

THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1980

<p>10:00 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY to (Public Hearing on Senate 4:00 P. M. Bills No. 141, 147, 548, 556, 557, 639, 656, 698, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 793, 839, 884, 895, 1128 and 1164)</p>	<p>Penn State University, State College, PA</p>
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THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1980

<p>10:00 A. M. LABOR AND INDUSTRY to (Public Hearing on Senate 4:00 P. M. Bills No. 141, 147, 548, 556, 557, 639, 656, 698, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 793, 839, 884, 895, 1128 and 1164)</p>	<p>Senate Majority Caucus Room</p>
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ADJOURNMENT

Senator ZEMPRELLI. Mr. President, for the information of

those Senators who are still on the floor and certainly for all those who have returned to their offices, I think it is important to note that there is a material change in next week's schedule.

Mr. President, it is the intent of the Majority to concern itself in next week's Session with consideration and debate, as I am certain there will be, on the very emotional divorce bill, the number of which I believe is House Bill No. 640.

Also there are other bills that will receive special attention that do have some emotional overtones to them and to which we will want to give a great deal of consideration.

For that reason, Mr. President, I am respectfully requesting that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday, March 10, 1980, at 1:00 p.m., and it will be the intent of the Majority to immediately go into caucus so that we may be prepared to run the Calendar with special consideration for at least House Bill No. 640 and such other measures that may be of importance, including the matter that was just concluded here today.

So, Mr. President, I would only note again in connection with this adjournment resolution, that we will adjourn until Monday, March 10, 1980, at 1:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 6:42 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.