

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 2020

SESSION OF 2020

204TH OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

No. 49

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The House convened at 11 a.m., e.d.t.

THE SPEAKER (BRYAN CUTLER) PRESIDING

PRAYER

HON. RYAN WARNER, member of the House of Representatives, offered the following prayer:

Thank You, Lord, for bringing us safely here today. We especially thank You for the safe return of our colleague, Representative Mako, who has been honorably serving our nation overseas.

Lord, I ask that You please watch over those who may be sick or otherwise unable to join us today. I pray for discernment. I pray for wisdom as we enter deliberations affecting the lives of Pennsylvanians. I ask for Your guidance and I ask that we speak with humility and kindness. We are Your servants, Lord, and I pray that our words and actions reflect that. I ask that we honor You and remember the responsibility given to each of us as leaders in this State. Strengthen our resolve and provide us with the insight we need to meet the needs of our communities. Help us demonstrate the love shown to us by Your son.

Lord, I pray that You watch over our children and their teachers as they return back to school. And I pray that You protect and watch over our first responders and our military as they selflessly protect and serve our nation. In the precious name of our Lord, Amen.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

(The Pledge of Allegiance was recited by members and visitors.)

JOURNAL APPROVAL POSTPONED

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the approval of the Journal of Monday, August 31, 2020, will be postponed until printed.

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

No. 975 By Representatives SCHLOSSBERG, CIRESI, CRUZ, A. DAVIS, DEASY, DELLOSO, DeLUCA, FRANKEL, FREEMAN, GALLOWAY, HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, HOHENSTEIN, KENYATTA, KORTZ, MADDEN, McNEILL, MURT, PASHINSKI, READSHAW, ROZZI, SANCHEZ, SCHWEYER, SHUSTERMAN, THOMAS, WEBSTER, WILLIAMS and YOUNGBLOOD

A Resolution urging the Governor to take action in coordination with the Insurance Department to waive in-network cost-sharing provisions for mental health service for frontline essential workers.

Referred to Committee on INSURANCE, August 31, 2020.

No. 982 By Representatives RABB, MURT, KINSEY, HARRIS, HILL-EVANS, WEBSTER, KORTZ, LEE, READSHAW, NEILSON, McCLINTON, MARKOSEK, MULLINS, DAWKINS, ROZZI and MADDEN

A Resolution honoring the life and legacy of Ona Maria Judge Staines.

Referred to Committee on RULES, August 31, 2020.

HOUSE BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

No. 2792 By Representatives THOMAS, DAY, SCHROEDER, TOMLINSON, NELSON, POLINCHOCK, HILL-EVANS, MIZGORSKI and ROZZI

An Act providing for a long-term care medical director registry and imposing duties on the Department of Health and the Department of Human Services.

Referred to Committee on HEALTH, August 31, 2020.

No. 2823 By Representatives DOWLING, GAINNEY, JAMES, KULIK, SCHMITT, O'NEAL, KAIL, MIHALEK, ORTITAY, DAVANZO, A. DAVIS, MARSHALL, DUNBAR, BERNSTINE, READSHAW, GREEN, MIZGORSKI and SNYDER

An Act amending the act of December 14, 1992 (P.L.818, No.133), known as the Port of Pittsburgh Commission Act, further providing for commission and governing body.

Referred to Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT, August 31, 2020.

No. 2827 By Representatives RABB, CEPHAS, WEBSTER, BRIGGS, MURT, GALLOWAY, CALTAGIRONE, KINSEY, TOOHIL, PASHINSKI, READSHAW, DRISCOLL, WILLIAMS, SHUSTERMAN, NEILSON, SANCHEZ, YOUNGBLOOD, LEE, T. DAVIS, KENYATTA, CIRESI, ROZZI, OTTEN, SCHWEYER, McCLINTON and MADDEN

An Act amending Title 35 (Health and Safety) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in COVID-19 disaster emergency, providing for student tenant relief.

Referred to Committee on CONSUMER AFFAIRS, August 31, 2020.

No. 2830 By Representatives SONNEY, BROOKS, SCHLEGEL CULVER, DRISCOLL, GLEIM, HARKINS, HILL-EVANS, JAMES, MILLARD, RYAN, SAYLOR and ZIMMERMAN

An Act amending the act of June 9, 1997 (P.L.169, No.14), known as the Nurse Aide Resident Abuse Prevention Training Act, providing for findings; further providing for definitions; providing for certification of COVID-19 temporary nurse aides; and making an editorial change.

Referred to Committee on AGING AND OLDER ADULT SERVICES, August 31, 2020.

No. 2832 By Representatives DOWLING, KAUFFMAN, RYAN, ECKER, PYLE, KULIK, ROWE, TOPPER, SNYDER, BERNSTINE, WARNER, SCHMITT, CAUSER, COX, REESE, DUNBAR, MIHALEK, PUSKARIC, O'NEAL, COOK, GAYDOS, STRUZZI, MIZGORSKI, MILLARD, HICKERNELL, MULLERY and HERSHEY

An Act amending the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, providing for event venue indoor space operation.

Referred to Committee on COMMERCE, August 31, 2020.

No. 2833 By Representatives SNYDER, SHUSTERMAN, MADDEN, PASHINSKI, HILL-EVANS, HOWARD, DELLOSO, YOUNGBLOOD, CIRESI, SANCHEZ, DeLUCA, GALLOWAY, ROZZI, INNAMORATO, NEILSON and GREEN

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in charter schools, further providing for applicability of other provisions of this act and of other acts and regulations relating to cyber charter schools.

Referred to Committee on EDUCATION, August 31, 2020.

No. 2834 By Representatives INNAMORATO, GALLOWAY, HILL-EVANS, CALTAGIRONE, KULIK, KINSEY, RABB, McCLINTON, D. MILLER, DELLOSO, DRISCOLL, GREEN, T. DAVIS, SANCHEZ, ROZZI, HOHENSTEIN, KENYATTA, WILLIAMS, DEASY, SCHLOSSBERG, ISAACSON, KRUEGER and FRANKEL

An Act amending Title 35 (Health and Safety) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in COVID-19 disaster emergency, providing for prohibitions relating to reporting of nonpayments or delinquent rent payments.

Referred to Committee on CONSUMER AFFAIRS, August 31, 2020.

BILLS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE, CONSIDERED FIRST TIME, AND RECOMMITTED TO COMMITTEE ON RULES

HB 2022, PN 4316 (Amended) By Rep. BARRAR

An Act amending Title 51 (Military Affairs) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in Department of Military Affairs, establishing the Veterans' Outreach and Support Network Program.

VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.

HB 2100, PN 2979 By Rep. BARRAR

An Act designating September 11 of each year as "September 11th Remembrance Day" in this Commonwealth; and providing for the observance of "September 11th Remembrance Day" in public school entities and during public meetings.

VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.

RESOLUTION REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE

HR 949, PN 4145 By Rep. BARRAR

A Resolution designating the month of September 2020 as "Military Service-Related Post-Traumatic Stress Injury Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.

VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

The SPEAKER. The Speaker will move to leaves of absence. Are there any requests for leaves of absence?

The Chair recognizes the majority whip; seeing none. The Chair thanks the lady.

The Chair now recognizes the minority whip for leaves of absence; seeing none. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

MASTER ROLL CALL

The SPEAKER. The Chair is about to take the master roll. Members will proceed to vote.

The following roll call was recorded:

PRESENT—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causser	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

ADDITIONS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The SPEAKER. Two hundred and two members having voted on the master roll, a quorum is present.

OPENING REMARKS BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. I would please ask all the members to please take their seats. There are a couple of opening remarks I wanted to make here at the beginning of session regarding some recent events. Members, please take your seats. The Sergeants at Arms will please clear the aisles.

I trust the members are doing well and I want to thank everybody for being here today. And I wanted to take a moment for some personal reflection prior to the start of session and what looks like will be probably a very busy week.

The view from this seat is something I am still growing accustomed to, and to be honest, I am not sure it is something that I will ever get used to, but it is one of the most humbling and inspiring sights that I have been blessed to see. Much of what we hear about in the news or even in conversations with our friends and neighbors is all about what is going wrong in the world, who is fighting, and friends are picking sides. But when I look over this chamber, I think of our experiences, many of which you have shared in debates on this floor, and I remember what messages you each carry from your communities. I think of what has brought us together and not what has torn us apart. And as we look around this room and move through these hallowed halls, I know that you see it too.

Regardless of where you have come from, who your family is, or whether or not you choose to worship a higher power, the values that we have in common far outweigh anything that makes us different. And any act of violence against our fellow man or woman is an attack on the freedoms that we all hold in the highest regard. For me, it is actually a personally held faith belief that all life is unique and valuable. And as some communities in our nation face intensifying violence, you cannot help but think of the men and women who night after night put themselves in harm's way and allow us to exercise our freedom of speech. And in our times of need, those officers have answered the call, and for that I am grateful.

But I also recognize that there are some in communities who feel marginalized, victimized, oppressed, and ignored, and we must listen to their voices and empathize with their stories. Their message must be received with understanding and acted on — acted on as this chamber did previously, prior to the break, in a unanimous manner. Recognizing that while that work was groundbreaking, it certainly was not the end, and much work remains on probation and parole reform, criminal justice reform, and police reform, and all of the other issues that we are currently working through the committee and fuller process.

This is the forum where we can and should debate the future of the Commonwealth. For the people to have trust in our institutions, we must ensure that it is equally open and protects everyone. As elected leaders, the world expects us to act in a certain way, and for me, I hope that we can be a shining example of what can be accomplished when we remember that we are here together and working together. And let us please carry that message of hope with us so that we can lift up all of Pennsylvania as we do so.

I want to thank the members for their attention. And I recognize that sometimes while we may have debates on policy issues here on the floor, I certainly appreciate in my short tenure how they have been respectful, and I simply ask for the members' grace as that continues. So thank you for all taking part in that, and thank you very much for giving me this honor.

REMARKS BY MINORITY WHIP

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes Representative Harris. Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I want to first thank the Speaker for his comments this morning as we begin to dive into debating issues of significant importance to us and all of our constituents. Mr. Speaker, you are correct: some of the work that we have done, particularly around criminal justice reform and police reform, has been groundbreaking. It has moved us as a Commonwealth in the right direction. But you are also correct that that work is still left undone and that there is more that must be done for all of us to recognize and be proud of the work that we do in this chamber.

Across this Commonwealth, there are men and women from marginalized communities who have lost faith in their government. They have lost faith that their voice is being heard by those in power. They have lost faith that the tears of a mother who has just lost her son, that the tears of a father who has just lost his daughter, whether it be at the hands of gun violence in communities or at the hands of law enforcement, that nobody will wipe those tears away from this chamber, that nobody will feel the pain that they feel. It is all of our responsibility, regardless of what party affiliation we have. It is all of our responsibility, regardless of the makeup of our constituency, for us to come to this hallowed place, this sacred chamber, and remember that it is our job to speak up for the voiceless. It is our job to stand up for those who are often silenced.

So, Mr. Speaker, I thank you for your words this morning as we debate, this week alone, very pressing issues of our time. But, Mr. Speaker, I think the author Eldridge Cleaver said it best. He said that people say with their mouths that they know in their head that they should believe in their heart – but do not. Let us not be the ones who say words that are not reflected in our heart. Let us not be the ones who do actions that are not reflected in our hearts. But let us move together in this chamber understanding that the awesome responsibility of righting wrongs rests in our hands.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

REMARKS BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. For many of us, this is the most unique and challenging year that we have ever faced. Each of you, your families, loved ones, and constituents have made enormous sacrifices. And in some cases, the way we lived 12 months ago is completely different than the way we live today. And then you remember there are many others making much more important and impactful sacrifices. And today we are once again blessed and fortunate to be joined by someone who has made that level of sacrifice for each and every one of us. Thanks to the voters from the communities we call home, we all take the oath to carry their voices into this chamber, and on certain occasions we are even called "the Honorable." But there is no higher honor in our great nation than to take the oath to serve our country, to fight to protect our freedoms both at home and abroad, to wear the flag of the United States into battle so that everyone can see what we are fighting for.

While many of us continued to work in this chamber, both in person and remotely, our colleague was flying over foreign territory, making critical missions flying a Chinook helicopter

over potential enemy territory delivering truly essential and life-sustaining materials, personnel, and supplies to our military and civilians in Afghanistan. To the honorable gentleman from the 183d Legislative District, on behalf of your constituents, I pass along their sincerest gratitude for all you continued to accomplish on their behalf while answering the call to continue to preserve our freedoms. And on behalf of every member of this Assembly and every American who takes great pride in our military, I want to personally give you the sincerest thanks for your service. It is a thanks to you and the men and women who you serve with that our humble chamber is here today and will continue to be in the future.

Representative Mako, welcome home.

And, Representative Mako, we took the opportunity to have both a State and a United States flag flown over the Capitol, and there are some certificates here designating the time and the day. But we are eternally grateful for your service and very glad to see you here amongst us again. Thank you.

UNCONTESTED CALENDAR**RESOLUTIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 35**

Mrs. KEEFER called up **HR 956, PN 4194**, entitled:

A Resolution recognizing August 31, 2020, as "International Overdose Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 962, PN 4232**, entitled:

A Resolution designating the month of September 2020 as "Childhood Cancer Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolutions?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson

Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causser	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Deloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufner	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was adopted.

STATEMENT BY MR. BENNINGHOFF

The SPEAKER. The Speaker now recognizes the majority leader, Representative Benninghoff, for comments on HR 962.

Mr. BENNINGHOFF. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Very briefly, I just wanted to thank the members for their support on this resolution recognizing September as "Childhood Cancer Awareness Month." I have often tried to make it my mission to be a voice for these little people, that at times we forget that cancer affects all age groups. In the State of Pennsylvania, over 600 children are diagnosed every single year. If you think about the math, that is 1 1/2 families will be given that information from today until tomorrow that their child is battling cancer. As we struggle for resources, childhood cancer gets only about 3 percent overall of the funding in research, and we are just encouraged that each of you are so gracious to support this resolution.

It also gives us an opportunity to say thank you to the medical providers – the doctors and nurses and the clinicians. We have got some great research going on in many of our institutions here, both educationally and in medical research institutes.

On a personal note, I just wanted to say thank you to those nurses and doctors and other caregivers. I actually just ran into my daughter's radiation oncologist the other day and told him how helpful it was to have his words of inspiration and hope and how grateful we as parents are. So on behalf of other families that are in this challenge across Pennsylvania, I thank each and every one of you.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

RULES COMMITTEE MEETING

The SPEAKER. For purposes of announcements, the Chair recognizes Leader Benninghoff for a committee announcement.

Mr. BENNINGHOFF. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

We will have a Rules Committee meeting directly following the departure from the floor in the majority caucus room; Rules Committee directly following. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Rules Committee will meet immediately in the majority caucus room.

APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE MEETING

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Saylor, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, for a committee announcement.

Mr. SAYLOR. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The Appropriations Committee will meet in the majority caucus room immediately following the Rules Committee.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Appropriations Committee will meet immediately following the Rules Committee meeting in the majority caucus room.

TOURISM AND RECREATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Millard, for a committee announcement.

Mr. MILLARD. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

For the House Tourism and Recreational Development Committee, just a notice that at the call of the Chair tomorrow we will be having a committee meeting in B-31 Main Capitol to vote on HB 2724.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Tourism and Recreational Development Committee will meet in B-31 Main Capitol tomorrow at the call of the Chair.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Toepel, for purposes of a caucus announcement.

Mrs. TOEPEL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Republicans will caucus virtually and in person at 12 o'clock in the majority caucus room. We would be prepared to return to the floor at 1 o'clock. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Dermody, for purposes of a caucus announcement.

Mr. DERMODY. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, the Democrats will also caucus at noon.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. The House will now be in recess until 1 p.m., unless sooner recalled by the Speaker.

RECESS EXTENDED

The time of recess was extended until 1:30 p.m.; further extended until 2 p.m.; further extended until 2:15 p.m.; further extended until 2:30 p.m.; further extended until 2:45 p.m.; further extended until 3 p.m.; further extended until 3:15 p.m.

AFTER RECESS

The time of recess having expired, the House was called to order.

BILLS REREPORTED FROM COMMITTEES

HB 1954, PN 3921 By Rep. SAYLOR

An Act designating a bridge, identified as Bridge Key 15552, carrying U.S. Route 219 over Elk Creek, Ridgway Borough, Elk County, as the Elk County Vietnam Veterans Memorial Bridge.

APPROPRIATIONS.

HB 2245, PN 3227 By Rep. SAYLOR

An Act designating the bridge, identified as Bridge Key 45676, carrying Pennsylvania Route 26 over Yellow Creek in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, as the Colonel Joseph M. Stine Memorial Bridge.

APPROPRIATIONS.

HB 2247, PN 3922 By Rep. SAYLOR

An Act designating a bridge, identified as Bridge Key 25488, carrying State Route 1011 over the Mix Creek, Eldred Township, McKean County, as the Sgt. Neil K. Dorriion Memorial Bridge.

APPROPRIATIONS.

HB 2626, PN 4025 By Rep. BENNINGHOFF

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, in the Secretary of the Commonwealth, further providing for powers and duties of the Secretary

of the Commonwealth; in county boards of elections, further providing for powers and duties of county boards; in preparation for and conduct of primaries and elections, providing for deadline for change of enrollment of political party; in voting by qualified absentee electors, further providing for applications for official absentee ballots, for date of application for absentee ballot, for approval of application for absentee ballot, for official absentee voters ballots, for voting by absentee electors and for canvassing of official absentee ballots and mail-in ballots; in voting by qualified mail-in electors, further providing for applications for official mail-in ballots, for date of application for mail-in ballot, for approval of application for mail-in ballot, for official mail-in elector ballots and for voting by mail-in electors; and making a related repeal.

RULES.

HB 2787, PN 4258 By Rep. BENNINGHOFF

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in terms and courses of study, providing for sports and extracurricular activities during the COVID-19 pandemic.

RULES.

HB 2788, PN 4303 By Rep. BENNINGHOFF

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in pupils and attendance, providing for age limit extension during COVID-19 pandemic of 2020; and, in terms and courses of study, providing for option year of education due to COVID-19.

RULES.

HOUSE BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

No. 2809 By Representatives HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, T. DAVIS, SHUSTERMAN, DRISCOLL, FREEMAN, LONGIETTI, SCHLOSSBERG, MADDEN, ROZZI, MERSKI, ZABEL, RABB, SANCHEZ, CIRESI, KINSEY, DELLOSO, WILLIAMS, ROEBUCK, McNEILL, KIM, HOHENSTEIN, CALTAGIRONE, ULLMAN, MALAGARI, GALLOWAY, GREEN, BURGOS, KENYATTA, DeLUCA, MURT, YOUNGBLOOD, McCLINTON, DEASY, INNAMORATO, READSHAW, STURLA, DONATUCCI, FRANKEL, STEPHENS, KIRKLAND, HOWARD, WEBSTER, KOSIEROWSKI and O'MARA

An Act establishing the COVID-19 Childcare for Essential Workers Grant Program and the COVID-19 Childcare for Essential Workers Fund to provide grants to essential workers to be used for childcare during the COVID-19 disaster emergency; imposing duties on the Department of Community and Economic Development; and providing for a transfer of Federal money.

Referred to Committee on CHILDREN AND YOUTH, September 1, 2020.

No. 2810 By Representatives HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, T. DAVIS, SHUSTERMAN, DRISCOLL, FREEMAN, LONGIETTI, JAMES, SCHLOSSBERG, MADDEN, ROZZI, MERSKI, ZABEL, RABB, SANCHEZ, CIRESI, KINSEY, WILLIAMS, ROEBUCK, KIM, HOHENSTEIN, CALTAGIRONE, ULLMAN, MALAGARI, GALLOWAY, GREEN, DeLUCA, MURT, YOUNGBLOOD, McCLINTON,

DEASY, INNAMORATO, KENYATTA, READSHAW, STURLA, DONATUCCI, FRANKEL, STEPHENS, DELLOSO, KIRKLAND, HOWARD, WEBSTER, KOSIEROWSKI and O'MARA

An Act establishing the COVID-19 Child Care Grant Program and the COVID-19 Child Care Fund; providing for duties of the Department of Community and Economic Development; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on CHILDREN AND YOUTH, September 1, 2020.

No. 2835 By Representatives BURGOS, HOHENSTEIN, INNAMORATO, RABB, ISAACSON, KENYATTA, PASHINSKI, KINSEY, HANBIDGE, MADDEN, HARRIS, FIEDLER, HOWARD, SANCHEZ, D. MILLER, SCHLOSSBERG, DEASY, DELLOSO and HENNESSEY

An Act amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in licensing of drivers, further providing for application for driver's license or learner's permit, for issuance and content of driver's license and for expiration and renewal of drivers' licenses.

Referred to Committee on TRANSPORTATION, September 1, 2020.

No. 2838 By Representatives MADDEN, SCHLOSSBERG, CALTAGIRONE, CIRESI, DALEY, DAVIDSON, A. DAVIS, T. DAVIS, DELLOSO, DONATUCCI, DRISCOLL, FIEDLER, FREEMAN, GALLOWAY, GREEN, HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, HOHENSTEIN, HOWARD, INNAMORATO, ISAACSON, KENYATTA, KIM, KINSEY, KOSIEROWSKI, McCARTER, McNEILL, PASHINSKI, ROZZI, SANCHEZ, SAPPEY, SCHWEYER, WILLIAMS, ZABEL, O'MARA, KRUEGER and FRANKEL

An Act amending Title 35 (Health and Safety) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in Commonwealth services, providing for rent recovery during COVID-19 disaster emergency.

Referred to Committee on CONSUMER AFFAIRS, September 1, 2020.

No. 2839 By Representatives MADDEN, SCHLOSSBERG, CALTAGIRONE, CIRESI, DALEY, DAVIDSON, A. DAVIS, T. DAVIS, DELLOSO, DONATUCCI, DRISCOLL, FIEDLER, FREEMAN, GALLOWAY, GREEN, HANBIDGE, HILL-EVANS, HOHENSTEIN, HOWARD, INNAMORATO, ISAACSON, KENYATTA, KIM, KINSEY, KOSIEROWSKI, McNEILL, PASHINSKI, ROZZI, SANCHEZ, SAPPEY, SCHWEYER, WILLIAMS, ZABEL, O'MARA, KRUEGER and FRANKEL

An Act amending Title 35 (Health and Safety) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in Commonwealth services, prohibiting fees on late or missed rent payments or other similar charges during COVID-19 disaster emergency.

Referred to Committee on CONSUMER AFFAIRS, September 1, 2020.

No. 2842 By Representatives BOBACK, JAMES, SCHLOSSBERG, McNEILL, MILLARD, DONATUCCI, HILL-EVANS, NEILSON, YOUNGBLOOD and SCHLEGEL CULVER

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in pupils and attendance, providing for protective barriers on school buses.

Referred to Committee on EDUCATION, September 1, 2020.

No. 2843 By Representatives BOBACK, MURT, READSHAW, JAMES, BARRAR, SCHMITT, PICKETT, MILLARD, YOUNGBLOOD, MENTZER, DAVANZO, CIRESI, SAYLOR and SAINATO

An Act amending the act of March 4, 1970 (P.L.128, No.49), entitled "An act granting to the Governor of the Commonwealth the sole authority for regulating the display of the flag of the United States from any public ground or building and from any ground or building of certain other institutions," providing for display of the Honor and Remember Flag; and making an editorial change.

Referred to Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT, September 1, 2020.

No. 2844 By Representatives MASSER, ECKER, ROWE, SCHMITT and KORTZ

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, in licenses and regulations and liquor, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, further providing for prepared beverages and mixed drinks for off-premises consumption during disaster emergency.

Referred to Committee on LIQUOR CONTROL, September 1, 2020.

No. 2845 By Representatives MASSER, SCHMITT, TOEPEL, CAUSER, KAUFFMAN, ECKER, BARRAR, SAYLOR, HILL-EVANS, POLINCHOCK, SAINATO, MENTZER, PICKETT, ROWE, DAVANZO, SCHLEGEL CULVER, DRISCOLL, GAYDOS and MILLARD

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, in Pennsylvania liquor stores, further providing for sales by Pennsylvania liquor stores; and abrogating a regulation.

Referred to Committee on LIQUOR CONTROL, September 1, 2020.

No. 2846 By Representatives MASSER, SCHMITT, CAUSER, KAUFFMAN, JAMES, ECKER, HILL-EVANS, ROWE, SAINATO, DAVANZO, DRISCOLL, MILLARD and HERSHEY

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, in licenses and regulations and liquor, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, further providing for wine expanded permits and for prepared beverages and mixed drinks for off-premises consumption during disaster emergency.

Referred to Committee on LIQUOR CONTROL, September 1, 2020.

No. 2847 By Representatives MASSER, SCHMITT, CAUSER, ECKER, BARRAR, ROWE, SAINATO, STAATS, COX, SCHLEGEL CULVER and MILLARD

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, in unlawful acts and penalties, further providing for unlawful acts relative to liquor, malt and brewed beverages and licenses.

Referred to Committee on LIQUOR CONTROL, September 1, 2020.

No. 2848 By Representatives MASSER, SCHMITT, TOEPEL, CAUSER, KAUFFMAN, JAMES, ECKER, KNOWLES, HILL-EVANS, POLINCHOCK, SAINATO, COX, PICKETT, ROWE, CIRESI, SCHLEGEL CULVER, INNAMORATO, DRISCOLL and MILLARD

An Act amending the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code, in licenses and regulations and liquor, alcohol and malt and brewed beverages, further providing for issuance, transfer or extension of hotel, restaurant and club liquor licenses and for malt and brewed beverages retail licenses.

Referred to Committee on LIQUOR CONTROL, September 1, 2020.

No. 2849 By Representatives KEEFER, BOBACK, RYAN, MILLARD, MENTZER, MOUL and GROVE

An Act amending the act of December 5, 1936 (2nd Sp.Sess., 1937 P.L.2897, No.1), known as the Unemployment Compensation Law, in compensation, further providing for qualifications required to secure compensation.

Referred to Committee on LABOR AND INDUSTRY, September 1, 2020.

No. 2850 By Representatives FIEDLER, INNAMORATO, LEE, GALLOWAY, ZABEL, SANCHEZ, CALTAGIRONE, KINSEY, McCLINTON, DERMODY, STURLA, YOUNGBLOOD, SOLOMON, DRISCOLL, HARRIS, SHUSTERMAN, GREEN, FRANKEL, ROZZI, HOHENSTEIN, KENYATTA, DEASY, WILLIAMS, MADDEN, DeLUCA, GAINEY, DALEY, COMITTA, SCHLOSSBERG and ISAACSON

An Act amending Title 35 (Health and Safety) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in COVID-19 disaster emergency, imposing a moratorium on evictions and foreclosures; and, in Commonwealth services, further providing for general authority of Governor.

Referred to Committee on CONSUMER AFFAIRS, September 1, 2020.

CALENDAR

BILLS ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2123, PN 3149**, entitled:

An Act designating the Faxon Interchange of Interstate 180 at Northway Road in Loyalsock Township, Lycoming County, as the Sgt. Thomas Woodruff, Sr., and Sgt. Hamilton Woodruff Memorial Interchange.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?
Bill was agreed to.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2579, PN 3918**, entitled:

An Act designating a bridge, identified as Bridge Key 43976, on that portion of Pennsylvania Route 1010 over Chatham Run, Pine Creek Township, Clinton County, as the Tech. Corporal Lee R. Phillips Memorial Bridge.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?
Bill was agreed to.

SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR B

BILLS ON THIRD CONSIDERATION

The House proceeded to third consideration of **HB 1954, PN 3921**, entitled:

An Act designating a bridge, identified as Bridge Key 15552, carrying U.S. Route 219 over Elk Creek, Ridgway Borough, Elk County, as the Elk County Vietnam Veterans Memorial Bridge.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third consideration?
Bill was agreed to.

(Bill analysis was read.)

The SPEAKER. This bill has been considered on three different days and agreed to and is now on final passage.

The question is, shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeable to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays will now be taken.

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roeback
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan

Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappery
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causer	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the bill passed finally.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

* * *

The House proceeded to third consideration of **HB 2245, PN 3227**, entitled:

An Act designating the bridge, identified as Bridge Key 45676, carrying Pennsylvania Route 26 over Yellow Creek in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, as the Colonel Joseph M. Stine Memorial Bridge.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third consideration?
Bill was agreed to.

(Bill analysis was read.)

The SPEAKER. This bill has been considered on three different days and agreed to and is now on final passage.

The question is, shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeable to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays will now be taken.

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappery
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causer	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman

Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the bill passed finally.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

* * *

The House proceeded to third consideration of **HB 2247, PN 3922**, entitled:

An Act designating a bridge, identified as Bridge Key 25488, carrying State Route 1011 over the Mix Creek, Eldred Township, McKean County, as the Sgt. Neil K. Dorrien Memorial Bridge.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third consideration?
Bill was agreed to.

(Bill analysis was read.)

The SPEAKER. This bill has been considered on three different days and agreed to and is now on final passage.

The question is, shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeable to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays will now be taken.

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borrowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson

Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappay
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causer	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufner	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the bill passed finally.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR A

BILLS ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2788, PN 4303**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in pupils and attendance, providing for age limit extension during COVID-19 pandemic of 2020; and, in terms and courses of study, providing for option year of education due to COVID-19.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **TOPPER** offered the following amendment No. **A06847**:

Amend Bill, page 2, line 24, by striking out the period after "activities" and inserting
, except for interscholastic athletics. The parental election under this subsection shall include participation in interscholastic athletics if the Governor canceled interscholastic athletics throughout the Commonwealth during the 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 school years due to the proclamation of disaster emergency issued by the Governor on March 6, 2020, published at 50 Pa.B. 1644 (March 21, 2020), and any renewal of the state of disaster emergency.

Amend Bill, page 2, line 28, by inserting after "(d)"

(1)

Amend Bill, page 3, by inserting between lines 1 and 2

(2) As used in this section, the term "interscholastic athletics" shall mean all athletic contests or competitions conducted between or among school entities situated in any school district.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

AMENDMENT WITHDRAWN

The SPEAKER. The gentleman withdraws that amendment. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **TOPPER** offered the following amendment No. **A06848**:

Amend Bill, page 2, line 24, by inserting after "activities"

, except for interscholastic athletics

Amend Bill, page 2, line 28, by inserting after "(d)"

(1)

Amend Bill, page 3, by inserting between lines 1 and 2

(2) As used in this section, the term "interscholastic athletics" shall mean all athletic contests or competitions conducted between or among school entities situated in any school district.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Topper.

Mr. TOPPER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Upon consultation with the PIAA as well as school districts, unfortunately, while we would love to provide these students an extra year of athletic opportunities in addition to the educational and other extracurricular activities, there are age limits in the PIAA that we believe we will be up against that simply cannot be changed. So I would ask the members to please support this amendment. Thank you.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causer	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortity	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **MULLERY** offered the following amendment No. **A06843**:

Amend Bill, page 1, line 6, by striking out "AGE LIMIT EXTENSION DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC OF 2020" and inserting

extended special education enrollment due to COVID-19

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 14 through 17; page 2, lines 1 through 7; by striking out all of said lines on said pages and inserting

Section 1383. Extended Special Education Enrollment Due to COVID-19.—(a) For the 2020-2021 school year, a parent or guardian may enroll a student with a disability as defined in 22 Pa. Code § 14.101 (relating to definitions) who, during the 2019-2020 school year, was enrolled in a school entity and reached 21 years of age on or after the issuance of the proclamation of disaster emergency issued by the Governor on March 6, 2020, published at 50 Pa.B. 1644 (March 21, 2020).

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the following shall apply to a student enrolled in a school entity under subsection (a):

(1) The school entity shall enroll the student in accordance with the student's IEP.

(2) The student may enroll in the school entity for the 2020-2021 school year free of charge until the end of the school year.

(3) The student's attendance shall be included in the school entity's average daily membership for purposes of calculating the special education subsidy under Article XXV.

(c) As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"IEP." An individualized education program established under 22 Pa. Code Ch. 14 (relating to special education services and programs).

"School entity." A school district, intermediate unit, joint school, area career and technical school, charter school, regional charter school or cyber charter school.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Mullery.

Mr. **MULLERY**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I stand on behalf of my colleague from Allegheny County. Amendment 06843 is an agreed-to amendment. It was drafted by the good Education chairman to provide technical clarity to the language of my amendment that was agreed to and accepted in committee by both the maker of the bill and the Education Committee majority chairman.

This amendment, Mr. Speaker, will ensure that those students with oftentimes the most significant disabilities can continue on their educational and transitional track to keep their legal guarantee of staying in school until age 21 if they so choose. This unique transitional education programming is designed to set the track for kids with those types of needs to be successful after high school. This amendment will allow for every one of those kids and their parents, despite the interruption to their educational programming caused by this pandemic last spring, to have a 12-month extension at the end of their 21st year. It gives them an additional year at this point to stay active in their educational program and to continue to work on their future.

A06843 is a compromise, it is agreed to, and I very much thank the maker of the bill and the House Education majority chair for their continued collaboration and assistance on this important issue.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes Representative Topper.

Mr. **TOPPER**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

And I would like to begin by thanking my colleague from Allegheny County, Representative Miller, who has worked tirelessly on behalf of this group of students. He believes passionately in this issue. That passion has translated to good legislation in the form of this amendment. I would like to thank the chair of the committee, Representative Sonney, and also my colleague, Representative Mullery, for coming together and helping to make this amendment happen. I would encourage its adoption.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. **OBERLANDER**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. **HARRIS**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bulloch	Gleim	McCarter	Sappay
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causser	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi

Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. It is the Chair's understanding that amendment No. 6864 and amendment No. 6867 have both been withdrawn. The Chair thanks the members.

The Chair has ruled the following amendments out of order: 6849, 6870, 6893, and 6894.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Bill as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The bill as amended will be reprinted.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2787, PN 4258**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of 1949, in terms and courses of study, providing for sports and extracurricular activities during the COVID-19 pandemic.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **WHEATLEY** offered the following amendment No. **A06845**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 18 and 19
(5) Procedures for ensuring that a student is authorized to transfer to another school entity for the purpose of athletics before the student's senior year of high school.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Wheatley.

Mr. **WHEATLEY**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I would encourage the members of this body to support this amendment. We talk a lot about giving parents and students choices, and in times like these, depending upon what happens in their local area, we should allow for parents and the children to decide for themselves if they want to stay or they need to go somewhere else for the future of their children. So I would encourage the members to give the parents and our student athletes the flexibility necessary to make their own future decisions.

So thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese.

The Chair recognizes Representative Lawrence. I apologize.

Mr. **LAWRENCE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, may I interrogate the maker of the amendment?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman indicates he is willing to stand for interrogation.

Mr. **LAWRENCE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, under the amendment as I see here, it would allow for a student to transfer to another school entity – so from one school district to another – for the purpose of playing athletics. So the student who elects to transfer from one district to another, would they be allowed to play just sports at the incoming school district or would they also be attending school at the incoming school district?

Mr. **WHEATLEY**. So it is my understanding, as the way we drafted this, that they would be attending the school but allowed to play athletics without having to go through the waiting process now or the particular process that we currently have.

Mr. **LAWRENCE**. Mr. Speaker, I am having difficulty hearing the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is correct. The House will please come to order. The gentleman has an important question and deserves to hear the answer. Members, please take your seats.

The gentleman may proceed. Thank you, Representative Wheatley.

Mr. **WHEATLEY**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, the way that I understand the way that this was drafted, it is with the intention of the student athlete to be admitted into the school for the purposes of both going to school and playing athletics without having to go through the normal process that we currently have.

Mr. **LAWRENCE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

So a student athlete who wishes to transfer to another school district for the purpose of playing sports would be allowed to do that to both play sports and to attend classes in that incoming school district. That is correct?

Mr. WHEATLEY. And again, this is for the school year 2021, under our current conditions, for anyone that is not a senior so that they are able to continue their own progression.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Would this only apply to student athletes? Would it apply to a student who is not an athlete but wanted to go to, perhaps, a neighboring school district that had, let us say, better test scores?

Mr. WHEATLEY. This is only for student athletes.

Mr. LAWRENCE. So could a student elect to perhaps take up a sport that they have never played before – perhaps cross country, track, any sport – and be admitted to a neighboring school district with perhaps better test scores on that basis?

Mr. WHEATLEY. Again, Mr. Speaker, this would be part of the plan for each school district, so the locals will make a decision if that is what they would allow or not.

Mr. LAWRENCE. So if there were no athletics involved in that student's life, if they were not a student athlete, they would not be able to leave a school district with poorer test scores to go to a neighboring school district with better test scores under your amendment? It would only be those who participate in athletics, not nonathletes. Is that correct?

Mr. WHEATLEY. Again, it is our understanding that this is for student athletes, but again, this would be a plan that the local districts would be putting together and they would have to make a decision as also as it applies to others who might want to join a sport who were not playing a sport. We are not necessarily putting that in our language, saying that they can or cannot. We are leaving that decision to the locals, but this is definitely for student athletes who are recognized athletes in their school districts currently, and that have not risen to the level of a senior in that year.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

That ends my interrogation.

May I make brief remarks, Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman. The gentleman is in order and may proceed.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Honestly, I am conflicted on how to vote for this amendment. I certainly understand the intent of the good gentleman from Allegheny County. I do think it is incredible that we would put forward an amendment that allows student athletes to basically choice-out of a school district to go to a different school district, but we would not allow folks who are not athletes that same opportunity. And I am not sure of the ramifications of this amendment, but I do have some serious questions with it.

And I appreciate, Mr. Speaker, the opportunity to speak on the bill. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair now recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to amendment 06845. And look, Mr. Speaker, I actually really appreciate the gentleman's amendment. I think he sees an issue. He is trying to address it. He is working hard for his district and his community, and he wants to allow these students to participate in athletic endeavors, extracurricular activities. That is a very, very good thing. Unfortunately, I have to oppose this amendment because while it addresses school choice for athletes, it does not necessarily address it for students that are not athletes. So because of that, I have to oppose this amendment, and I urge my colleagues to consider voting "no" on this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—38

Boyle	Dawkins	Kinsey	Readshaw
Bradford	DeLuca	Kirkland	Samuelson
Brooks	Donatucci	Kortz	Sanchez
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Schlossberg
Burgos	Freeman	McClinton	Schweyer
Caltagirone	Gainey	McNeill	Solomon
Cephas	Green	Miller, D.	Sturla
Cruz	Harris	Neilson	Wheatley
Davidson	Hohenstein	Ravenstahl	Youngblood
Davis, A.	Kim		

NAYS—164

Barrar	Gabler	Malagari	Roae
Benninghoff	Galloway	Maloney	Roebuck
Bernstine	Gaydos	Markosek	Rothman
Bizzarro	Gillen	Marshall	Rowe
Boback	Gillespie	Masser	Rozzi
Bonner	Gleim	Matzie	Ryan
Borowicz	Goodman	McCarter	Sainato
Briggs	Gregory	Mehaffie	Sankey
Brown	Greiner	Mentzer	Sappay
Burns	Grove	Merski	Saylor
Carroll	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schemel
Causer	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Schmitt
Ciresi	Harkins	Mihalek	Schroeder
Comitta	Heffley	Millard	Shusterman
Conklin	Helm	Miller, B.	Simmons
Cook	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sims
Cox	Hershey	Moul	Snyder
Culver	Hickernell	Mullery	Sonney
Daley	Howard	Mullins	Staats
Davanzo	Innamorato	Murt	Stephens
Davis, T.	Irvin	Mustello	Struzzi
Day	Isaacson	Nelson	Thomas
Deasy	James	O'Mara	Tobash
DeLissio	Jones	O'Neal	Toepel
Delloso	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tomlinson
Delozier	Kail	Ortitay	Toohil
Dermody	Kaufer	Otten	Topper
Diamond	Kauffman	Owlett	Ullman
Dowling	Keefer	Pashinski	Vitali
Driscoll	Keller	Peifer	Warner
Dunbar	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Warren
Dush	Klunk	Pickett	Webster
Ecker	Knowles	Polinchock	Wentling
Emrick	Kosierowski	Puskaric	Wheeland
Evans	Krueger	Pyle	White
Everett	Kulik	Quinn	Williams
Farry	Lawrence	Rabb	Zabel
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman

Fiedler	Longietti	Rapp	
Flynn	Mackenzie	Reese	Cutler,
Frankel	Madden	Rigby	Speaker
Fritz	Mako		

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Ms. **FIEDLER** offered the following amendment
No. **A06873**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 4 and 5

(a.1) The governing authority of a school entity or nonpublic school which holds school sports activities, including competitions, intramural play and scrimmages, and other in-person extracurricular activities during the 2020-2021 school year, may not deny enrollment, participation or otherwise discriminate against a student who:

(1) no longer resides at the address where the student physically resided at the beginning of the school year due to eviction or foreclosure; and

(2) has not obtained permanent residence outside of the school district following the eviction or foreclosure of the student's prior residence.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Fiedler.

Ms. FIEDLER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Today I call on my colleagues to support 06873, which protects students who are rendered homeless due to eviction or foreclosure.

The SPEAKER. The lady will please suspend.

The House will please come to order. Members will please take their seats. Please move any conversations off the floor into the anterooms. The lady deserves to be heard.

Representative, you may proceed.

Ms. FIEDLER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I am here to talk about homelessness, which I think is a very serious issue. I appreciate your patience.

Today I ask my colleagues to support this amendment, which protects students in all of our districts who are about to be rendered homeless due to eviction or foreclosure. Because of the lack of action to extend the moratorium, one in five adults, as well as their families – children – are in jeopardy of losing their homes across our State. Every person, every student deserves to have a place to call home.

Each of us has a responsibility to remember the people back home who sent us here, like the 27-year-old woman in my district who says it is almost impossible for her to pay her rent and her phone bill. She said simply, "We need help." People across our State are echoing that cry and calling for help right now as they stand on the edge of being evicted or foreclosed upon. We need

to do everything we can to support students and their families, and ensuring the extension of the moratorium on evictions and foreclosures is one thing we can and should do. I urge my colleagues to support this amendment, as well as permanent solutions to the housing crisis in our districts and our State.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I thank the Representative for offering this amendment. I certainly appreciate her passion and I understand her concern. I think we all share those concerns. That said, given that this bill, the underlying bill deals with athletics and extracurricular activities, I do believe this amendment may run afoul with the PIAA transfer rule, which is very problematic.

And I think it is also worth mentioning, at least pointing out, that this issue is addressed at the Federal level by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. So this issue is addressed at the Federal level at some level, and therefore, I do not believe this amendment is necessary, and I respectfully request a "no" vote. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causser	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
Delozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufman	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **HOHENSTEIN** offered the following amendment No. **A06878**:

Amend Bill, page 1, line 5, by inserting after "thereto," in school health services, providing for precautions against spread of COVID-19; and,

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 11 and 12, by striking out "a section" and inserting sections

Amend Bill, page 1, by inserting between lines 12 and 13 Section 1416.1. Precautions Against Spread of COVID-19.—
Notwithstanding any designation by the Federal Government that teachers and support staff are considered essential personnel, no person having any form of COVID-19 in a transmissible stage may be permitted inside a school entity or to participate in person in any sports or extracurricular activities. The Secretary of Health and the Secretary of Education may issue further guidance to school entities to implement the provisions of this section.

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 18 and 19 (5) Rules that will be enforced to ensure that the requirements of section 1416.1 are met.

Amend Bill, page 2, lines 23 through 25, by striking out all of lines 23 and 24 and "(e)" in line 25 and inserting

(d)
Amend Bill, page 2, line 28, by inserting after "district," nonpublic school.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On the amendment, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Hohenstein.

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment is basic common sense that we do not want people who are testing positive for COVID to be a part of our high school sporting events, and so that is all that this amendment does. It just places that into law clearly and without really having to worry about whether we have to interpret what that means. And I ask for an affirmative vote.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, will the good gentleman stand for brief interrogation?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman indicates he will. Representative Reese, you are in order and you may proceed.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, in the amendment, the language talks about in "any form of COVID-19 in a transmissible stage." Could you better define for us what "transmissible stage" means?

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. Yes, Mr. Speaker. Transmissible stage is essentially what the CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) would identify as that time period in which someone who would not necessarily be deemed an essential worker as this amendment would say – it applies to teachers who are essential workers. People who are not essential workers ought to be staying home during their transmissible stage, which I understand in the current context from the CDC is about 14 days. So it is that time period that the CDC would identify as a person being transmissible once it is known that they have tested positive for COVID-19.

Mr. REESE. Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker.

And the way I understand it is you are looking at the standard that was set by the CDC when defining "transmissible stage" of COVID-19?

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. Yes.

Mr. REESE. Okay.

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. And what this will do is essentially say how the CDC is establishing how we want to keep everyone safe is how we will handle that in high school sporting events with anyone who might be otherwise required to go to those.

The SPEAKER. Is the gentleman complete with his interrogation?

The gentleman indicates he has one more question. You are still in order, Representative Reese, and may proceed.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, based on the language that you have, how would you deal with the asymptomatic individual that may be participating in these activities?

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. An asymptomatic individual would still need to be kept out of these events if they are within the context of, one, testing positive, and, two, being within that time period that the CDC identifies.

The SPEAKER. Does that conclude the gentleman's interrogation?

Mr. REESE. Yes, sir.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman wish to speak on the bill?

Mr. REESE. Yes.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is in order and may proceed.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I want to thank the good gentleman for offering the amendment. I think this is a very reasonable amendment. I think it is one that our school districts would be glad to follow. Therefore, I request a "yes" vote on this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. HOHENSTEIN. I appreciate the maker of the bill's agreement to this amendment.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longiotti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causar	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling

Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes Representative Hohenstein, who offers amendment 6877.

It is our understanding that amendment is withdrawn. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BRADFORD** offered the following amendment
No. **A06879**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 18 and 19
(5) Requirements that masks must be worn by each individual, except for participants and officials when actively engaged in the activity, at all times while on the premises where the sport or extracurricular activity is taking place.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Bradford. The gentleman waives off.

On the amendment, the Chair recognizes Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I respectfully request a "no" vote. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.
The electronic board is accurate.
The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
Delozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Ms. **KRUEGER** offered the following amendment
No. **A06882**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 22 and 23
(c.1) The day prior to each sports activity and in-person extracurricular activity, a school entity must post on its publicly available Internet website, the number of positive or presumed positive COVID-19 cases involving a student or employee.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman indicates that the gentlewoman, Representative Krueger, will be offering the amendment.

The Chair recognizes the lady, Representative Krueger.

Ms. KRUEGER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment is simply about transparency. As I have talked to parents in my district who so desperately want their kids back in classrooms, and some of them who also want their kids back on the sports fields, it is imperative that parents know what they are up against when they are sending their kids to a sports event. So simply speaking, this amendment would require that a school entity must publicly post the number of positive or presumed positive COVID-19 cases involving a student or an employee prior to the day of each sports activity or in-person extracurricular activity. We need to give parents the information they need to make these decisions.

I ask my colleagues to support this amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentlewoman and recognizes Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I certainly appreciate the amendment and the thought behind it. I think at some level it makes a lot of sense. That said, when we ask our school districts to take this task on, that is just one of a thousand things they have to do each day. And let us be clear: it might be difficult for them to get that very specific data.

What we need to point out is that perhaps a student has COVID-19 and they go ahead and quarantine. They are a part of the count for the county or that ZIP (Zoning Improvement Plan) Code, according to the Department of Health's Web site that can be viewed at any time by anybody, but it might be very difficult for that school district to be accurate with that information. So with that in mind, while I think it is a thoughtful amendment, I think that currently the Department of Health's Web site that breaks it down by ZIP Code is probably a better tool; therefore, I respectfully request a "no" vote on this amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Krueger. Ma'am, I was just making sure no one else wished to speak because I wanted to give you the courtesy of speaking last. So, Representative, you may proceed.

Ms. KRUEGER. Mr. Speaker, respectfully speaking, if a school district cannot tell a parent how many current COVID-19 cases there are at the school, maybe it is not safe for a sporting activity to be open to spectators that day.

Again I ask my colleagues to support this amendment to give transparency to parents and school administrators so that they can make the decisions they need to keep kids safe.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentlewoman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causser	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufner	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner

Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mrs. **KOSIEROWSKI** offered the following amendment No. **A06886**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 18 and 19
(5) Written reviews of the plan by three physicians, including general practitioners, primary care physicians, pediatricians and epidemiologists, practicing in a county where the school entity is located.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Kosierowski.

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, this amendment ensures that school entities engage, at least at some level, with medical professionals in their community in the development of their athletic health and safety plan. The amendment allows the public to view the medical professionals' expert opinion on the effectiveness of the plan before making a decision whether to engage in the activity.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Lawrence.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Will the lady stand for interrogation?

The SPEAKER. The Representative indicates she will. The gentleman is in order and may proceed.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, this amendment deals with written reviews of the plan by three physicians that the school entity would develop. My question is, are there any physician-drafted written reviews of the Governor's order regulating spectator attendance at a high school sporting event?

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. I do not work for the Governor, so. That is my answer.

Mr. LAWRENCE. So I take it you do not know the answer to my question?

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. I do not work for the Governor.

Mr. LAWRENCE. None of us works for the Governor. We work for the people of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. Right.

Mr. LAWRENCE. But are there any physician-drafted written reviews of the Governor's order regulating spectator attendance at high school sporting events?

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. You will have to ask the Governor's Office.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker. That concludes my interrogation.

May I make brief remarks on the bill?

The SPEAKER. On the amendment, the gentleman is in order and may proceed.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Yes, Mr. Speaker, on the amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, this amendment— I am not aware of the answer to my question. I do not believe there are any physician-drafted written reviews of the Governor's order regarding spectator attendance at a high school sporting event, Mr. Speaker. This amendment mandates school districts to a standard that even the Governor's Office does not follow. So with the all protocols already established in law and regulation, I just see this amendment as unnecessary.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese, on the amendment.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the Representative for offering this amendment. Again I think it is a thoughtful amendment. I think she is trying to provide some level of protection for our communities that we all serve, and that is certainly a good thing. That said, in the Governor's health and safety plan requirement for school districts, there was a requirement for coordination with health professionals in those areas; therefore, I do not believe this amendment is necessary, and therefore, I will be requesting a "no" vote from the members. Thank you very much.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes Representative Kosierowski for the second time.

Mrs. KOSIEROWSKI. So I believe this amendment does no harm in the fact that we are just asking for medical opinions to make sure the kids are safe entering the athletic engagement that their school is allowing them to do.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sapprey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufner	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BRADFORD** offered the following amendment
No. **A06896**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 24 and 25
(e) The immunities, defenses, indemnification privileges and limitations on damages made available to local agencies and officials of the agencies under 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 85, Subch. C (relating to actions against local parties) shall not apply in legal actions relating to COVID-19 for activities entered into under subsection (a).

Amend Bill, page 2, line 25, by striking out "(e)" and inserting
(f)

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Bradford.

Mr. **BRADFORD**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment is simple, that if a school district is found to be negligent in their activities and any spectator or student is injured, there should be no shield or limitation to liability in this exercise.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese, on the amendment.

Mr. **REESE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to amendment 06896, and the reason is really simple. Look, I think we have all heard from our constituents, our school board members, our administrators, that they are very concerned. They do not know exactly what to do. They are concerned that they are going to be sued if they do not follow the Governor's recommendations.

The point of the underlying bill is to provide clarity to ensure them that they have the power to make decisions as locally elected officials. The government immunity that the gentleman is seeking to remove will do one thing, it will do one thing in our Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: it will shut down every extracurricular activity in our Commonwealth. There will be no drama club, there will be no football, there will be no soccer, no swimming, no basketball, no band. Our school boards will be terrified that they are going to be sued, and it is going to cost their taxpayers a tremendous amount of money.

I actually really like the gentleman. I think he is a pretty good guy, does pretty good work, but I absolutely oppose this amendment and I urge all of you to consider opposing it also. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Bradford, for second time on the amendment.

Mr. **BRADFORD**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

And I share the compliment. I think the other gentleman is pretty smart as well. And is he smart enough to understand that what this bill does is make sure that if you act negligently, that there will be no limitation and there will be no shield from those injured students or spectators from receiving the appropriate amount of compensation for such injury. Listen, the gentleman talked about the underlying bill – and I know we try to avoid doing that. This underlying bill comes with certain risks, and I think the gentleman thinks it does one thing. This does one thing only: it says if you are negligent, do not expect that the taxpayers will bail you out. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. **OBERLANDER**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. **HARRIS**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—56

Bizzarro	Delloso	Howard	Ravenstahl
Boyle	DeLuca	Innamorato	Rozzi
Bradford	Dermody	Kenyatta	Samuelson
Briggs	Donatucci	Kim	Sanchez
Bullock	Fiedler	Kinsey	Schlossberg
Cephas	Fitzgerald	Kirkland	Schweyer
Comitta	Frankel	Krueger	Shusterman
Cruz	Freeman	Lee	Sims
Daley	Gainey	Madden	Solomon
Davidson	Galloway	McCarter	Sturla
Davis, A.	Green	McClinton	Warren
Davis, T.	Hanbidge	Miller, D.	Webster
Dawkins	Harris	Otten	Youngblood
DeLissio	Hohenstein	Rabb	Zabel

NAYS—146

Barrar	Gillen	Marshall	Rigby
Benninghoff	Gillespie	Masser	Roae
Bernstine	Gleim	Matzie	Roebuck
Boback	Goodman	McNeill	Rothman
Bonner	Gregory	Mehaffie	Rowe
Borowicz	Greiner	Mentzer	Ryan
Brooks	Grove	Merski	Sainato
Brown	Hahn	Metcalfe	Sankey
Burgos	Harkins	Metzgar	Sappay
Burns	Heffley	Mihalek	Saylor
Caltagirone	Helm	Millard	Schemel
Carroll	Hennessey	Miller, B.	Schmitt
Causser	Hershey	Mizgorski	Schroeder
Ciresi	Hickernell	Moul	Simmons
Conklin	Irvin	Mullery	Snyder
Cook	Isaacson	Mullins	Sonney
Cox	James	Murt	Staats
Culver	Jones	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	Jozwiak	Neilson	Struzzi
Day	Kail	Nelson	Thomas
Deasy	Kaufner	O'Mara	Tobash
DeLozier	Kauffman	O'Neal	Toepel
Diamond	Keefer	Oberlander	Tomlinson
Dowling	Keller	Ortitay	Toohil
Driscoll	Klunk	Owlett	Topper
Dunbar	Knowles	Pashinski	Ullman
Dush	Kortz	Peifer	Vitali
Ecker	Kosierowski	Petrarca	Warner
Emrick	Kulik	Pickett	Wentling
Evans	Lawrence	Polinchock	Wheatley
Everett	Lewis	Puskaric	Wheeland
Farry	Longietti	Pyle	White
Fee	Mackenzie	Quinn	Williams

Flynn	Mako	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Malagari	Rapp	
Gabler	Maloney	Readshaw	Cutler,
Gaydos	Markosek	Reese	Speaker

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. It is the Chair's understanding that the following amendments have been withdrawn: 6897, 6884, 6883, 6880, 6876, 6871. The Chair thanks the members.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Bill as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The bill as amended will be reprinted.

DECISION OF CHAIR RESCINDED

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the Chair rescinds the announcement that the bill has been agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **SCHWEYER** offered the following amendment No. **A06898**:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 24 and 25
(e) The Department of Health, local health department or the governing authority of a school entity or nonpublic school may postpone, cancel or limit spectators at school sports activities and other in-person extracurricular events under subsection (a), if health officials determine that there is a significant risk to public safety related to COVID-19.

Amend Bill, page 2, line 25, by striking out "(e)" and inserting
(f)

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. My apologies, Representative Schweyer.

Mr. SCHWEYER. Mr. Speaker, no problem.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of amendment 6898 and ask for a positive, an affirmative vote from the members. Mr. Speaker, this gives an extra level of protection for spectators, potential spectators for sporting events and those sorts of things, by allowing the Department of Health – or if you are lucky enough to live in a town like the city of Allentown where you have a local health department or other governing authority of a school entity

or nonprofit school – to postpone, cancel, or limit spectators at school sports activities or other in-person extracurricular activities if health officials determine that there is a significant risk to public safety.

Again, Mr. Speaker, I ask for an affirmative vote from the members.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Reese.

Mr. REESE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to amendment 06898. Look, the premise of the bill, the underlying bill, empowers our local school districts to make decisions based on what is best for their community, their administrators, their teachers, their students, their families. If we adopt this amendment, that would again take the power out of our local school districts' hands and put it back here in Harrisburg, which is what we are seeking to stop. So with all due respect, I respectfully request a "no" vote on the amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Schweyer, for the second time on the amendment.

Mr. SCHWEYER. Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the second recognition. And to my friend and colleague from Westmoreland County, I appreciate his passion on this and I certainly understand exactly where he is coming from. But the truth is, Mr. Speaker, the county and city of Philadelphia has a local health bureau. Allegheny County has one. Allentown City, Bethlehem City, the city of Wilkes-Barre, Bucks County – the overwhelming majority of the population of the State, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, live in an area with a local health board. So I just fundamentally disagree with the premise that it takes the power away from local folks and brings it to Harrisburg, when in fact on the first line it says a local health department has the authority to do this.

Now, I am the father of a scholastic athlete. My eighth grade daughter is a PIAA swimmer in the Allentown School District. I know how important it is for families to want to watch their children participate in school activities. She is also a member of the marching band at South Mountain Middle School, and so I understand the need. I also am worried about a COVID outbreak. And if our local health bureaus are saying, "Guys, it's really dangerous out there right now," I think we should be empowering those local folks to be able to have this.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—77

Bizzarro	Dermody	Kenyatta	Roebuck
Boyle	Donatucci	Kim	Rozzi
Bradford	Driscoll	Kinsey	Samuelson
Briggs	Evans	Kirkland	Sanchez
Bullock	Fiedler	Krueger	Sappey
Burgos	Fitzgerald	Lee	Schlossberg
Cephas	Frankel	Madden	Schweyer
Ciresi	Freeman	Malagari	Shusterman
Comitta	Gainey	Matzie	Sims
Conklin	Galloway	McCarter	Solomon
Cruz	Goodman	McClinton	Sturla
Daley	Green	McNeill	Ullman
Davidson	Hanbidge	Merski	Vitali
Davis, A.	Harkins	Miller, D.	Warren
Davis, T.	Harris	Neilson	Webster
Dawkins	Hohenstein	O'Mara	Wheatley
Deasy	Howard	Otten	Williams
DeLissio	Innamorato	Rabb	Youngblood
Deloso	Isaacson	Ravenstahl	Zabel
DeLuca			

NAYS—125

Barrar	Gillespie	Marshall	Rigby
Benninghoff	Gleim	Masser	Roae
Bernstine	Gregory	Mehaffie	Rothman
Boback	Greiner	Mentzer	Rowe
Bonner	Grove	Metcalfe	Ryan
Borowicz	Hahn	Metzgar	Sainato
Brooks	Heffley	Mihalek	Sankey
Brown	Helm	Millard	Saylor
Burns	Hennessey	Miller, B.	Schemel
Caltagirone	Hershey	Mizgorski	Schmitt
Carroll	Hickemell	Moul	Schroeder
Causar	Irvin	Mullery	Simmons
Cook	James	Mullins	Snyder
Cox	Jones	Murt	Sonney
Culver	Jozwiak	Mustello	Staats
Davanzo	Kail	Nelson	Stephens
Day	Kaufner	O'Neal	Struzzi
Delozier	Kauffman	Oberlander	Thomas
Diamond	Keefer	Ortity	Tobash
Dowling	Keller	Owlett	Toepel
Dunbar	Klunk	Pashinski	Tomlinson
Dush	Knowles	Peifer	Toohil
Ecker	Kortz	Petrarca	Topper
Emrick	Kosierowski	Pickett	Warner
Everett	Kulik	Polinchock	Wentling
Farry	Lawrence	Puskaric	Wheeland
Fee	Lewis	Pyle	White
Flynn	Longietti	Quinn	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rader	
Gabler	Mako	Rapp	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Readshaw	Speaker
Gillen	Markosek	Reese	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. The remaining amendments as listed previously are all withdrawn.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Bill as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The bill as amended will be reprinted.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2626, PN 4025**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, in the Secretary of the Commonwealth, further providing for powers and duties of the Secretary of the Commonwealth; in county boards of elections, further providing for powers and duties of county boards; in preparation for and conduct of primaries and elections, providing for deadline for change of enrollment of political party; in voting by qualified absentee electors, further providing for applications for official absentee ballots, for date of application for absentee ballot, for approval of application for absentee ballot, for official absentee voters ballots, for voting by absentee electors and for canvassing of official absentee ballots and mail-in ballots; in voting by qualified mail-in electors, further providing for applications for official mail-in ballots, for date of application for mail-in ballot, for approval of application for mail-in ballot, for official mail-in elector ballots and for voting by mail-in electors; and making a related repeal.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **ROTHMAN** offered the following amendment
No. **A06532**:

Amend Bill, page 10, line 24, by inserting a bracket before "close"

Amend Bill, page 10, line 24, by inserting after "close"

] opening

Amend Bill, page 10, line 26, by inserting a bracket before

"third"

Amend Bill, page 10, line 26, by inserting after "following"

] close of polls on the day of

Amend Bill, page 10, line 27, by inserting a bracket before "not"

Amend Bill, page 10, line 28, by inserting a bracket after

"meeting" where it occurs the first time

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Rothman.

Mr. **ROTHMAN**. Mr. Speaker, thank you.

In the June primary, several counties in this area did not start counting their votes until 3 days after the election – 3 days. The most important thing the government does are the elections and to make sure that every vote is not just cast, but is counted. There is no excuse why counties cannot begin counting all votes as soon as the polls close, and this amendment would require the local counties to start counting votes the moment the polls close; all votes, all the votes cast.

I ask for a positive vote for my amendment, Mr. Speaker. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This is an agreed-to amendment. I also would encourage an affirmative vote. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I just wanted to affirm that, yes, this is an agreed-to amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causser	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali

DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. BOYLE offered the following amendment No. **A06601**:

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 18 and 19, by striking out "for date of application for absentee ballot,"

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 24 and 25, by striking out "for date of application for mail-in ballot,"

Amend Bill, page 3, line 22, by striking out "Section" where it occurs the second time and inserting

Sections

Amend Bill, page 3, line 22, by inserting after "1302(i)(1)" , 1302.2(c), 1303(e) and 1306(a) introductory paragraph and (b)(3)

Amend Bill, page 3, line 23, by striking out "is" and inserting are

Amend Bill, page 4, lines 27 through 30; page 5, lines 1 through 30; page 6, lines 1 through 20; by striking out all of said lines on said pages

Amend Bill, page 9, line 16, by striking out "7" and inserting 5

Amend Bill, page 11, line 16, by striking out "8" and inserting 6

Amend Bill, page 13, lines 3 through 16, by striking out all of said lines

Amend Bill, page 13, line 17, by striking out "10" and inserting 7

Amend Bill, page 16, line 9, by striking out "11" and inserting 8

Amend Bill, page 16, line 14, by striking out "12" and inserting 9

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle. The gentleman waives off.

The Chair recognizes Representative Moul on the amendment. Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This is not agreed to and I would encourage a "no" vote on the amendment. Thank you.

AMENDMENT WITHDRAWN

The SPEAKER. The gentleman, Representative Boyle, indicates he wants to withdraw the amendment. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BOYLE** offered the following amendment No. **A06603**:

Amend Bill, page 2, lines 13 through 15, by striking out all of said lines and inserting

Section 2. Section 302(b) and (p) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 20 and 21

* * *

(b) To select [and], equip and clean polling places that meet the requirements of this act. For the duration of the Governor's 20200319 TWW COVID-19 Business Closure Order, a polling place shall be cleaned and maintained to comply with the mitigation measures defined by the Centers For Disease Control and Prevention and the order of the Secretary of Health directing public health and safety measures to protect election officers and electors who appear to vote from the spread of the COVID-19 virus and a county board shall, at a minimum, provide the following:

(1) Cleaning areas with adequate soap and water.

(2) Appropriate new personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment shall include, but not be limited to, hand sanitizer, gloves, masks, an adequate supply of disposable pens and pencils and cleaning products which shall be utilized on all surfaces touched by an elector.

(3) An environment that maximizes the safety of election officers and electors who appear to vote, including, but not limited to, social distancing and barriers.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle.

Mr. **BOYLE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

On November 3 we are going to have an election during the COVID-19 pandemic. It is incumbent upon this body to do all it can to protect the poll workers. So my amendment reflects the need to protect poll workers by mandating a clean and sanitized polling location with access to PPE (personal protective equipment), and also disposable office supplies. I would appreciate support for this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. **MOUL**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Who would not want their polling places clean? So I would encourage an agreeable vote to this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. **OBERLANDER**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. **HARRIS**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappay
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causar	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufner	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BOYLE** offered the following amendment No. **A06604**:

Amend Bill, page 9, line 16, by striking out "1308(g)(1.1)" and inserting

1308(g)(1), (1.1)

Amend Bill, page 9, line 17, by striking out "is" and inserting are

Amend Bill, page 9, line 28, by striking out "* * *" and inserting

(1) (i) An absentee ballot cast by any absentee elector as defined in section 1301(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) shall be canvassed in accordance with this subsection if the ballot is cast, submitted and received in accordance with the provisions of 25 Pa.C.S. Ch. 35 (relating to uniform military and overseas voters).

(ii) An absentee ballot cast by any absentee elector as defined in section 1301(i), (j), (k), (l), (m) and (n), an absentee ballot under section 1302(a.3) or a mail-in ballot cast by a mail-in elector shall be canvassed in accordance with this subsection if the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot is received in the office of the county board of elections no later than eight o'clock P.M. on the day of the primary or election.

(iii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act to the contrary, during a disaster emergency and for sixty (60) days following the termination or conclusion of a disaster emergency, an absentee ballot cast by any absentee elector, an absentee ballot under section 1302.1(a.3) or a mail-in ballot cast by a mail-in elector shall be canvassed in accordance with this subsection if the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot is received in the office of the county board of elections no later than five o'clock P.M. on the seventh day following the primary or election. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "disaster emergency" shall have the same meaning as provided under 35 Pa.C.S. § 7102 (relating to definitions) and declared pursuant to the provisions of 35 Pa.C.S. § 7301 (relating to general authority of Governor).

Amend Bill, page 11, line 5, by inserting after "ballot"

and for absentee ballots and mail-in ballots timely received under paragraph (1)(iii)

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

AMENDMENT WITHDRAWN

The SPEAKER. The gentleman withdraws the amendment. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

It is the Chair's understanding that Representative Lawrence withdraws amendments 6651 and 6676. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BOYLE** offered the following amendment No. **A06813**:

Amend Bill, page 9, line 17, by striking out "is" where it occurs the first time and inserting

are

Amend Bill, page 9, line 17, by striking out "SUBSECTION (G)" and inserting

the subsection

Amend Bill, page 10, line 7, by striking out "TWENTY-ONE" and inserting

twenty-eight

Amend Bill, page 16, line 14, by striking out all of said line and inserting

Section 12. This act shall take effect as follows:

(1) This section and the amendment of section 1308(g) of the act shall take effect immediately.

(2) The remainder of this act shall take effect in 30 days.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Boyle.

Mr. **BOYLE**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

No one wants Pennsylvania to delay the determination as to who won the Presidential election. It would bring great scorn and embarrassment, frankly, to this State if we were the epicenter of national and international news. A simple and easy way to do that is by allowing for 24 days for pre-canvassing. I think that this is a rational step, and it actually would still be fewer days than some neighboring States like Maryland.

So ultimately, I believe we should support this amendment because we do not want to be Florida in the year 2000, and we do not want to be the Iowa caucuses this past February, and this amendment would make sure that we were not.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the amendment, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul.

Mr. **MOUL**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

We have an omnibus amendment coming up shortly that addresses the pre-canvassing time, so I am going to encourage a "no" vote on this amendment as well.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes Representative Everett on the amendment.

Mr. **EVERETT**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I would just like to point out that if we extended the pre-canvassing time out to 28 days in advance, that that would be before all the challenges were settled and before ballots were all adjusted. We do agree that pre-canvassing is a good idea, but 28 days is way too far out in advance of the election, and we would be asking for a "no" vote.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. **OBERLANDER**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. **HARRIS**. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BOYLE** offered the following amendment No. **A06840**:

Amend Bill, page 9, line 16, by striking out "and" and inserting a comma

Amend Bill, page 9, line 16, by inserting after "(2)" and (3)

Amend Bill, page 11, by inserting between lines 14 and 15

(3) When the county board meets to pre-canvass or canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots under paragraphs (1), (1.1), (1.2) and (2), the board shall examine the declaration on the envelope of each ballot not set aside under subsection (d) and shall compare the information thereon with that contained in the "Registered Absentee and Mail-in Voters File," the absentee voters' list and/or the "Military Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File," whichever is applicable. If the county board has verified the proof of identification as required under this act and is satisfied that the declaration is sufficient and the information contained in the "Registered Absentee and Mail-in Voters File," the absentee voters' list and/or the "Military Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File" verifies his right to vote, the county board shall provide a list of the names of electors whose absentee ballots or mail-in ballots are to be pre-canvassed or canvassed. For absentee ballots or mail-in ballots which the county board is not satisfied that proof of identification has been provided due to any inability to match the signature present on the ballot to the signature on file, the county board shall:

(i) Notify the elector by mail, e-mail, telephone or text message that the signature on the elector's ballot does not match the elector's signature in the registration books.

(ii) Direct the elector to appear before, or to provide an electronic, facsimile or paper copy to, the county board of elections within six (6) calendar days with:

(A) proof of identification and an executed affirmation affirming, under penalty of perjury, that the elector is the same individual who personally remitted the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot; or

(B) an executed affirmation affirming, under penalty of perjury, that the elector is the same individual who personally remitted the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot and that the elector is indigent and unable to obtain proof of identification without the payment of a fee.

(iii) Notify the elector that the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot may not be counted if the elector fails to comply with subparagraph (ii).

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment addresses a possibly big issue for this November election. This would mandate that county governments that are responsible for administering elections properly inform any voter who could perhaps be disallowed from voting because a signature is perceived to not match the official signature on record. The way that this amendment would address the issue would be by providing for an advanced notice of 6 days before that voter was actually disenfranchised.

So I would appreciate support for this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Who would not want to make sure our signatures match? So on this one, I am agreeable to it.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longiatti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causar	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil
DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufer	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Ms. **DeLISSIO** offered the following amendment
No. **A06854**:

Amend Bill, page 3, line 11, by inserting after "by"
email or by

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative DeLissio.

Ms. DeLISSIO. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, when we were in committee, I had pointed out that the current language in the bill indicates that if someone wanted to change their political party, they would only be able to do that through the paper-ballot system and could not do it electronically as they can today. It was acknowledged as an oversight. This amendment corrects that.

So I would appreciate everyone's consideration for a "yes" vote. We need to use technology as much as possible. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I am going to encourage a "no" vote on this amendment. The omnibus amendment that is coming up shortly will put back in that you can do your voter registration online. To do it by e-mail just leaves too many question marks in my mind as to whether it would open things up for fraud, so I am going to encourage a "no" vote on this.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. For the second time, the Chair recognizes Representative DeLissio.

Ms. DeLISSIO. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, a point of clarification. The gentleman indicated voter registration; this is specifically changing political parties. Will that language for that omnibus amendment include changing political parties?

The SPEAKER. I believe the gentlelady is seeking interrogation.

Ms. DeLISSIO. Yes, Mr. Speaker. Thank you. If the gentleman will stand for interrogation.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman stand for brief interrogation? Yes. The gentleman agrees. The lady is in order and may proceed.

Ms. DeLISSIO. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, point of clarification. The gentleman had indicated that this omnibus amendment that is yet to be voted on will include voter registration. The language that was specifically

in the existing bill has to do with changing political parties. Does the omnibus amendment specifically include changing political parties electronically?

Mr. MOUL. It does not.

Ms. DeLISSIO. So you still will be prohibited from changing political parties electronically? Because this is what my amendment addresses here today.

Mr. MOUL. One minute, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The House will briefly be at ease.

The House will come back to order. The gentleman will answer the question.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

It will be the exact same form online whether you are a new registration or changing your political affiliation. It is the same form. So the answer to that would then be, yes, it does allow you to change your political affiliation online.

Ms. DeLISSIO. Thank you. I appreciate the answer.

I am done with the interrogation, Mr. Speaker, just a quick comment.

The SPEAKER. The gentlelady is in order and may proceed.

Ms. DeLISSIO. I know there is every confidence that this omnibus amendment is going to pass, but in the event that it should not pass, this amendment would clean up that language – just pointing that out. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS–95

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kosierowski	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Krueger	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Kulik	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Lee	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Longietti	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Madden	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Mako	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Murt	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	Neilson	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	O'Mara	Wheatley

DeLissio	Kim	Otten	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Pashinski	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Petrarca	Zabel
Dermodity	Kortz	Rabb	

NAYS–107

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Mustello	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Nelson	Stephens
Davanzo	James	O'Neal	Struzzi
Day	Jones	Oberlander	Thomas
Delozier	Jozwiak	Ortitay	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Owlett	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufner	Peifer	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Pickett	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Polinchock	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Puskaric	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Pyle	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Quinn	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Rader	White
Fee	Lewis	Rapp	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Reese	
Gabler	Maloney	Rigby	Cutler,
Gaydos	Marshall	Roae	Speaker
Gillen			

NOT VOTING–0

EXCUSED–0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. WEBSTER offered the following amendment No. A06855:

Amend Bill, page 2, line 23, by inserting a bracket before "by"
 Amend Bill, page 2, line 24, by inserting after "election"
] within six hours after the poll has closed or six hours after the
last person has voted, whichever is later.
 Amend Bill, page 9, lines 25 and 26, by striking out "by two
 o'clock A.M. on the day following the election" and inserting
within six hours after the poll has closed or six hours after the
last person has voted, whichever is later

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Webster.

Mr. WEBSTER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This is a very simple amendment. The current underlying bill has a hard date, an absolute time at 2 a.m. for the judge of elections to post their ballots, and my amendment is simply

written so that should anything occur – it could be natural, it could be a power outage, it could be a bomb threat if it was cynical – but if anything happened during the voting day that extended the time period when that polling place was open, this simply gives the judge of elections the judgment to say, I am going to get my ballots in when I can instead of an arbitrary timeframe. And so it simply says, you know, the heart of the amendment is, 6 hours after the close of the poll or the last vote is taken.

So I would ask, for the simple sake of making it sensible for the judge of elections and for the sanctity of every vote, that my colleagues would approve this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes Representative Moul on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This particular amendment language was not part of the conversation with the omnibus that is coming up, so I would encourage a "no" vote on the amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS–93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS–109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causer	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufner	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING–0

EXCUSED–0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. CIRESI offered the following amendment No. **A06856**:

Amend Bill, page 16, line 14, by striking out all of said line and inserting

Section 12. This act shall take effect as follows:

(1) The amendment of sections 1302.1(a) and (a.3)(1)

and (2) and 1302.1-D(a) shall take effect January 1, 2021.

(2) The remainder of this act shall take effect in 30 days.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Ciresi.

Mr. CIRESI. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

My amendment is a simple amendment. All I am asking for is that we move this to next year and put the amendment in for next year into the bill. We are within the window of the election coming up. We are confusing the electorates. The more we make changes, the more confusing it gets to them. They call our office constantly for updates and I do not want to make it any more confusing than it has to be. I am not saying I am against what this

amendment says, but I think it should happen after January of 2021. So I would ask for an affirmative vote.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes Representative Moul on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The Department of State has asked for changes to our Election Code. CCAP (County Commissioners Association of Pennsylvania) asked for changes for this upcoming election, which I would argue is probably one of the most important elections of our lifetime; therefore, I do not want to delay these changes to the Election Code until after the election. We need to do this now. So I would encourage a "no" vote on this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes Representative Ciresi for the second time on the amendment.

Mr. CIRESI. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I read the letter from CCAP also where they asked us not to confuse them any further and make a lot of these changes because they are afraid it is going to be an issue to the counties. So maybe we both misinterpreted it, but that was the letter I thought I read. They were asking for some of these changes not to happen.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS-93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams

Dellosa	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS-109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
Delozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING-0

EXCUSED-0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. BOYLE offered the following amendment No. A06859:

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 11 through 13, by striking out "in the Secretary of the Commonwealth, further" in line 11, all of line 12 and "Commonwealth;" in line 13

Amend Bill, page 1, line 30; page 2, lines 1 through 15; by striking out all of said lines on said pages and inserting

Section 1. Section 302(p) of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Amend Bill, page 3, line 4, by striking out "3" and inserting 2

Amend Bill, page 3, line 22, by striking out "4" and inserting 3

Amend Bill, page 4, line 27, by striking out "5" and inserting 4

Amend Bill, page 6, line 18, by striking out "6" and inserting 5

Amend Bill, page 9, line 16, by striking out "7" and inserting 6

Amend Bill, page 11, line 16, by striking out "8" and inserting 7

Amend Bill, page 13, line 3, by striking out "9" and inserting 8
 Amend Bill, page 13, line 17, by striking out "10" and inserting 9
 Amend Bill, page 16, line 9, by striking out "11" and inserting 10
 Amend Bill, page 16, line 14, by striking out "12" and inserting 11

On the question,
 Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Mr. Speaker, the secret ballot should be absolute and also verifiable. This amendment protects and enhances the secrecy of a ballot by eliminating the tracking system in the outlining bill with a scannable identification number for both the absentee ballot and also mail-in ballots. I urge support for the amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

What we are talking about are the barcodes on the outside of the outside envelope that has been in law, set forth, Department of State-approved, and it helps to ensure one voter, one vote, and cuts down on fraud. The last thing I want to do is get rid of that. Anything to protect us from any kind of voter fraud I do not argue with. So we have to make sure that we defeat this amendment, so I encourage a "no" vote.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
 Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS-93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappery
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims

Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Deloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS-109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufner	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING-0

EXCUSED-0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. BOYLE offered the following amendment No. A06872:

Amend Bill, page 6, lines 18 and 19, by striking out ", 1303(e) and 1306(a) introductory paragraph and (b)(3)" and inserting and 1303(e)

Amend Bill, page 8, by inserting between lines 1 and 2 Section 6.1. Section 1306(a) introductory paragraph and (b)(3) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Amend Bill, page 8, by inserting between lines 21 and 22 (a.1) In addition to the locations designated under paragraph (1), the county board of elections may designate other locations where an elector may deliver an absentee ballot. The following shall apply:

(1) During the hours when the staffed return site is closed or staff is unavailable, the drop-box shall be placed in a secure area that is

inaccessible to the public or otherwise safeguarded.

(2) The county boards of elections shall ensure adequate lighting is provided at all ballot return sites when the site is in use.

(3) If possible, ballot return sites shall be monitored by a video security surveillance system or an internal camera that can capture digital images and video. A video security surveillance system may include existing systems on county, city, municipal or private buildings.

(4) Video surveillance shall be retained by the county election office for at least sixty (60) days following the deadline to certify the election.

Amend Bill, page 15, lines 11 and 12, by striking out "or to the judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place" and inserting a bracket

Amend Bill, page 15, line 12, by inserting after "place."

] or to the judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place. The county board of elections may designate other locations where an elector may deliver an absentee ballot. The following shall apply:

(1) During the hours when the staffed return site is closed or staff is unavailable, the drop-box shall be placed in a secure area that is inaccessible to the public or otherwise safeguarded.

(2) The county boards of elections shall ensure adequate lighting is provided at all ballot return sites when the site is in use.

(3) If possible, ballot return sites shall be monitored by a video security surveillance system or an internal camera that can capture digital images and video. A video security surveillance system may include existing systems on county, city, municipal or private buildings.

(4) Video surveillance shall be retained by the county election office for at least sixty (60) days following the deadline to certify the election.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment addresses any concern regarding the security of ballot drop boxes. Obviously, ballot drop boxes have been in the news hugely over the last several weeks and the last few months, particularly after President Donald Trump began to criticize them. This amendment would literally take care of some of the flaws that have been expressed by mandating during times when the drop box location is closed or staff is unavailable, the drop boxes must be placed in a secure area inaccessible to the public, and also safeguarded otherwise. There also needs to be adequate lighting provided at all drop box ballot return places. And also, when feasible, ballot return sites must be monitored by video security surveillance. And lastly, this amendment would mandate any video surveillance must be kept for at least 60 days after the certification of an election.

I would appreciate support for this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Moul, on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

In the original mail-in ballot legislation, drop boxes were not even envisioned in that. The operative words in mail-in are actually "mail in," and I certainly do not want to encourage anybody to use a box located wherever that could possibly open the door for any possibility of any kind of fraud with the most

sacred democratic thing that we do, which is voting. So I am going to again ask for a "no" vote on this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS-94

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Boyle	Driscoll	Krueger	Roebuck
Bradford	Evans	Kulik	Rozzi
Briggs	Fiedler	Lee	Sainato
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Longietti	Samuelson
Burgos	Flynn	Madden	Sanchez
Burns	Frankel	Malagari	Sappey
Caltagirone	Freeman	Markosek	Schlossberg
Carroll	Gainey	Matzie	Schweyer
Cephas	Galloway	McCarter	Shusterman
Ciresi	Goodman	McClinton	Sims
Comitta	Green	McNeill	Snyder
Conklin	Hanbidge	Merski	Solomon
Cruz	Harkins	Miller, D.	Stephens
Daley	Harris	Mullery	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullins	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Neilson	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	O'Mara	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	Otten	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Pashinski	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Petrarca	Williams
Deloso	Kinsey	Rabb	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Ravenstahl	Zabel
Dermody	Kortz		

NAYS-108

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Roae
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rothman
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Rowe
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Ryan
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Sankey
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Saylor
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schemel
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schmitt
Causer	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Schroeder
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Simmons
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Sonney
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Staats
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil

Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall		

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **BOYLE** offered the following amendment No. **A06874**:

Amend Bill, page 5, line 9, by inserting after "received"
in person

Amend Bill, page 5, line 10, by striking out the bracket before
"first"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 10, by striking out the bracket after
"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 10, by inserting after "Tuesday]"
prior to the day of any primary or election or by mail or
electronically of the

Amend Bill, page 5, line 17, by inserting after "P.M."
in person

Amend Bill, page 5, line 17, by striking out the bracket before
"first"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 17, by striking out the bracket after
"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 17, by inserting after "Tuesday]"
prior to the day of any primary or election or by mail or
electronically of the

Amend Bill, page 5, line 21, by inserting after "P.M."
in person

Amend Bill, page 5, line 21, by striking out the bracket before
"first"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 21, by striking out the bracket after
"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 5, line 21, by inserting after "Tuesday]"
prior to the day of any primary or election or by mail or
electronically of the

Amend Bill, page 5, line 26, by inserting after "appear"
in person before five o'clock P.M. on the first Tuesday prior to
the day of the primary or election to apply for an absentee ballot or

Amend Bill, page 6, line 2, by inserting after "elector"
so as the elector could not apply in person

Amend Bill, page 6, line 3, by striking out the bracket before
"first"

Amend Bill, page 6, line 3, by striking out the bracket after
"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 6, line 3, by inserting before "fifteenth"
prior to the day of the primary or election or by mail or
electronically of the

Amend Bill, page 6, line 10, by inserting after "P.M."
in person

Amend Bill, page 6, line 10, by striking out the bracket before

"first"

Amend Bill, page 6, line 11, by striking out the bracket after

"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 6, line 11, by inserting after "Tuesday]"

prior to the day of the primary or election or by mail or

electronically of the

Amend Bill, page 13, line 14, by inserting after "received"

in person

Amend Bill, page 13, line 14, by striking out the bracket before

"first"

Amend Bill, page 13, line 14, by striking out the bracket after

"Tuesday"

Amend Bill, page 13, line 14, by inserting after "Tuesday]"

prior to the day of any primary or election or by mail or

electronically of the

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment addresses concerns about the current 7-day deadline for people to get in a request for a mail-in or absentee ballot request. It has been expressed to me both by the Philadelphia Democratic City Commissioner and also by the Philadelphia Republican City Commissioner that this amount of time is problematic and cannot – and leads to a situation where they cannot guarantee to voters that they can actually get a ballot to them in the mail and then get it back before the deadline. My amendment changes the deadline. It makes it, for in-person applications, it would still be 7 days before the election at 5 p.m., but where it changes existing law, in Act 77, is electronically or through mail, you must apply for a vote-by-mail ballot 15 days before the election.

I would appreciate support for this amendment. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes Representative Moul on the amendment.

Mr. MOUL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The amendment, the way I read it, also allows for delivery in person of absentee and mail-in ballots. Counties have asked us that we treat absentee and mail-in exactly the same. I am sure that is for their convenience. Also, we deal with the 15-day deadline in the omnibus that is coming up. Current law is 7 days, so that part of this amendment will be taken care of with the omnibus. So I would encourage a "no" vote on this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chairs thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—93

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kortz	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Driscoll	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Bradford	Evans	Krueger	Roebuck
Briggs	Fiedler	Kulik	Rozzi
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Lee	Sainato
Burgos	Flynn	Longietti	Samuelson
Burns	Frankel	Madden	Sanchez
Caltagirone	Freeman	Malagari	Sappey
Carroll	Gainey	Markosek	Schlossberg
Cephas	Galloway	Matzie	Schweyer
Ciresi	Goodman	McCarter	Shusterman
Comitta	Green	McClinton	Sims
Conklin	Hanbidge	McNeill	Snyder
Cruz	Harkins	Merski	Solomon
Daley	Harris	Miller, D.	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullery	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Mullins	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	Neilson	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	O'Mara	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Otten	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Pashinski	Williams
Deloso	Kinsey	Petrarca	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Rabb	Zabel
Dermody			

NAYS—109

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Rothman
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rowe
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Ryan
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Sankey
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Saylor
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Schemel
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schmitt
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schroeder
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Simmons
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Sonney
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Staats
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Stephens
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
DeLozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Ortitay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall	Roae	

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

Less than the majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. It is the Chair's understanding that the following amendments have been withdrawn: 6857, 6860, 6861, 6862, and 6885. The Chair thanks the members.

Additionally, the Chair has ruled the following amendments out of order: 6460, 6602, 6887, 6888, 6889, 6890, 6891, 6892.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **EVERETT** offered the following amendment No. **A06851**:

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 27, by striking out all of said lines and inserting

Amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," in preliminary provisions, further providing for definitions; in Secretary of the Commonwealth, providing for reports on implementation of elections; in county boards of elections, further providing for powers and duties of county boards, for records and documents to be open to public inspection and proviso, for preservation of records and for watchers or attorneys at sessions of county board and candidates may be present; in district election officers, further providing for qualifications of election officers and for appointment of watchers; in voting by qualified absentee electors, further providing for applications for official absentee ballots, for date of application for absentee ballot, for official absentee voters ballots, for delivering or mailing ballots, for voting by absentee electors and for canvassing of official absentee ballots and mail-in ballots; in Statewide Uniform Registry of Electors Advisory Board, providing for SURE requirements; in voting by qualified mail-in electors, further providing for applications for official mail-in ballots, for date of application for mail-in ballot, for official mail-in elector ballots, for delivering or mailing ballots and for voting by mail-in electors; in penalties, providing for an enhancement of penalties for certain violations; and making an editorial change.

Amend Bill, page 1, line 30; pages 2 through 15, lines 1 through 30; page 16, lines 1 through 14; by striking out all of said lines on said pages and inserting

Section 1. Section 102(a.1) and (q.1) of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended or added March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended to read:

Section 102. Definitions.—The following words, when used in this act, shall have the following meanings, unless otherwise clearly apparent from the context:

* * *

(a.1) The word "canvass" shall mean the [gathering of ballots after the final pre-canvass meeting and the counting, computing and tallying of the votes reflected on the ballots.] activities permitted under section 1308(g)(3) and (4).

* * *

(q.1) The word "pre-canvass" shall mean [the inspection and opening of all envelopes containing official absentee ballots or mail-in ballots, the removal of such ballots from the envelopes and the counting, computing and tallying of the votes reflected on the ballots. The term does not include the recording or publishing of the votes reflected on the

ballots.] the activities permitted under section 1308(g)(3) and (4)(i), (ii) and (iii).

* * *

Section 2. The act is amended by adding a section to read:

Section 209. Reports on Implementation of Elections.—(a) No later than sixty days after an election, the Bureau of Commissions, Elections and Legislation of the Department of State shall issue a report to the chair and minority chair of the State Government Committee of the Senate and the chair and minority chair of the State Government committee of the House of Representatives. A copy of the report shall also be made available on the Department of State's publicly accessible Internet website.

(b) The report under subsection (a) shall include only the following information relating to the administration of the election by the Department of State, a county board of elections or a registration commission established under 25 Pa.C.S. § 1203 (relating to commissions):

(1) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of applications for an absentee ballot which were received by the county boards of elections.

(2) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of applications for a mail-in ballot which were received by the county boards of elections.

(3) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of applications for an absentee ballot which were approved by the county boards of elections.

(4) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of applications for a mail-in ballot which were approved by the county boards of elections.

(5) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of absentee ballots which were voted by qualified electors.

(6) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of mail-in ballots which were voted by qualified electors.

(7) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of provisional ballots cast under section 1210(a.4).

(8) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of qualified electors voting by a provisional ballot under section 1306(b)(2).

(9) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of qualified electors voting by provisional ballot under section 1306-D(b)(2).

(10) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of provisional ballots under paragraph (7) which were canvassed.

(11) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of provisional ballots under paragraph (8) which were canvassed.

(12) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of provisional ballots under paragraph (9) which were canvassed.

(13) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of voter registration applications under section 1231 and 25 Pa.C.S. Pt. IV (relating to voter registration) which were received:

(i) Fewer than thirty days before the election.

(ii) Fewer than fifteen days before the election.

(14) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of polling places in school buildings.

(15) For each county, the date, starting time and ending time that the county board of elections met to pre-canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots under section 1308(g)(1.1).

(16) For each county, the date, starting time and ending time that the county board of elections met to canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots under section 1308(g)(2).

(17) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of absentee ballots which were challenged under section 1302.2(c).

(18) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of mail-in ballots which were challenged under section 1302.2-

D(a)(2).

(19) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of absentee ballots subject to challenges under paragraph (17) which were not canvassed.

(20) For each county and the sum for this Commonwealth, the number of mail-in ballots subject to challenges under paragraph (18) which were not canvassed.

(21) The number of incidents known to the Department of State, county boards of elections or registration commissions relating to each of the following categories:

(i) An absentee ballot or mail-in ballot which was sent to the wrong individual or wrong address.

(ii) An absentee ballot or mail-in ballot which was voted by an individual other than the individual who applied for the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot.

(iii) An absentee ballot or mail-in ballot which was returned to the county boards of elections by a means other than permitted by law.

(22) To the extent consistent with Federal and State law, a review of any action taken by the Department of State, county boards of elections or registration commissions in response to an incident under paragraph (21), including determinations made on the incident, legal actions filed and referrals to law enforcement.

(23) A review of issues or incidents encountered with an electronic voting system that received the approval of the Secretary of the Commonwealth under section 1105-A, including any technical issues encountered at polling places.

(c) The Department of State shall develop a process to collect data required to be included in the report under subsection (b) from each county board of elections which conducts an election and each registration commission under 25 Pa.C.S. Pt. IV in a county which conducts an election, as applicable. A county board of elections or registration commission under this subsection shall comply with the process for submission of data under this subsection no later than forty-five days after an election.

Section 3. Section 302(p) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended to read:

Section 302. Powers and Duties of County Boards.—The county boards of elections, within their respective counties, shall exercise, in the manner provided by this act, all powers granted to them by this act, and shall perform all the duties imposed upon them by this act, which shall include the following:

* * *

(p) A county board of elections shall not pay compensation to a judge of elections who wilfully fails to deliver by two o'clock A. M. on the day following the election envelopes; supplies, including all uncast provisional ballots; and returns, including all provisional ballots cast in the election district and [statements signed under sections 1306 and 1302-D.] all material delivered under sections 1306(b)(3)(i) and 1306-D(b)(3)(i).

Section 4. Sections 308, 309, 310(a), 402(a) and 417(b) of the act are amended to read:

Section 308. Records and Documents to Be Open to Public Inspection; Proviso.—The records of each county board of elections, general and duplicate returns, tally papers, affidavits of voters and others, nomination petitions, recordings of pre-canvassing meetings, recordings of canvassing meetings, certificates and papers, other petitions, appeals, witness lists, accounts, contracts, reports and other documents and records in its custody, except the contents of ballot boxes and voting machines and records of assisted voters, shall be open to public inspection, except as herein provided, and may be inspected and copied by any qualified elector of the county during ordinary business hours, at any time when they are not necessarily being used by the board, or its employes having duties to perform thereto: Provided, however, That such public inspection thereof shall only be in the presence of a member or authorized employe of the county board, and shall be subject to proper regulation for safekeeping of the records and documents, and subject to the further provisions of this act: And provided further, That general and duplicate returns, tally papers, affidavits of voters and others, and all

other papers required to be returned by the election officers to the county board sealed, shall be open to public inspection only after the county board shall, in the course of the computation and canvassing of the returns, have broken such seals and finished, for the time, their use of said papers in connection with such computation and canvassing[.]; And provided further, That recordings of pre-canvassing meetings shall be open to public inspection under this section only after the close of polls on election day; And provided further, That recordings of pre-canvassing meetings shall also be open to public inspection under this section by an authorized representative under section 1308(g)(1.1)(vi); And provided further, That recordings of canvassing meetings shall be open to public inspection under this section by an authorized representative under section 1308(g)(2)(vi).

Section 309. Preservation of Records.—All documents, papers and records in the office of the county board of elections of each county shall be preserved therein for a period of at least eleven (11) months, and all official ballots [and], the contents of ballot boxes and recordings of pre-canvassing meetings and canvassing meetings shall be preserved therein for a period of at least four (4) months; in the event the county board has been notified in writing by the district attorney of the county, or by a judge of a court of record, to preserve said [papers or contents of ballot boxes] records for a longer period of time, for the purposes of pending prosecution or litigation, said records shall be preserved accordingly.

Section 310. Watchers or Attorneys at Sessions of County Board; Candidates May Be Present.—

(a) Any party or political body or body of citizens which now is, or hereafter may be, entitled to have watchers at any registration, primary or election, shall also be entitled to appoint watchers who are qualified electors [of the county], or attorneys, to represent such party or political body or body of citizens at any public session or sessions of the county board of elections, and at any computation and canvassing of returns of any primary or election and recount of ballots or recanvass of voting machines under the provisions of this act. Such watchers or attorneys may exercise the same rights as watchers at registration and polling places, but the number who may be present at any one time may be limited by the county board to not more than three for each party, political body or body of citizens.

* * *

Section 402. Qualifications of Election Officers.—(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), election officers shall be qualified registered electors of the [district in which they are elected or appointed.] county in which the polling place is located. An election officer shall not be required to be a qualified registered elector in the election district in which the election officer is appointed. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held, any office, appointment or employment in or under the Government of the United States or of this State or of any city or county or poor district, of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only district justices, notaries public and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be voted for at a primary or election at which he shall serve, except that of an election officer.

* * *

Section 417. Appointment of Watchers.—

* * *

(b) Each watcher so appointed must be a qualified registered elector [of the county in which the election district for which the watcher was appointed is located]. Each watcher so appointed shall be authorized to serve in the election district for which the watcher was appointed and, when the watcher is not serving in the election district for which the watcher was appointed, in any other election district [in the county in which the watcher is a qualified registered elector]: Provided, That only one watcher for each candidate at primaries, or for each party or political body at general, municipal or special elections, shall be present in the polling place at any one time from the time that the election officers meet prior to the opening of the polls under section 1208 until the time that the counting of votes is complete and the district register and voting check list is locked and sealed, and all watchers in the room shall remain

outside the enclosed space. It shall not be a requirement that a watcher be a resident of the election district for which the watcher is appointed. After the close of the polls and while the ballots are being counted or voting machine canvassed, all the watchers shall be permitted to be in the polling place outside the enclosed space. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county board of elections, stating his name and the name of the candidate, party or political body he represents. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. Watchers allowed in the polling place under the provisions of this act, shall be permitted to keep a list of voters and shall be entitled to challenge any person making application to vote and to require proof of his qualifications, as provided by this act. During those intervals when voters are not present in the polling place either voting or waiting to vote, the judge of elections shall permit watchers, upon request, to inspect the voting check list and either of the two numbered lists of voters maintained by the county board: Provided, That the watcher shall not mark upon or alter these official election records. The judge of elections shall supervise or delegate the inspection of any requested documents.

* * *

Section 5. Section 1302(i)(1) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended and the subsection is amended by adding paragraphs to read:

Section 1302. Applications for Official Absentee Ballots.—* * *

(i) (1) Application for official absentee ballots shall be on physical and electronic forms prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

(1.1) The application shall state [that] the following:

(i) That an elector who applies for an absentee ballot pursuant to section 1301 shall not be eligible to vote at a polling place on election day [unless the elector brings the elector's absentee ballot to the elector's polling place, remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and signs a statement subject to the penalties of 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) to the same effect. Such physical] except by provisional ballot.

(ii) That an elector who does not return the absentee ballot by mail may personally deliver the absentee ballot to only the following:

(A) A member or employe of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections.

(B) A member or employe of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(C) A judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day.

(1.2) Physical application forms shall be made freely available to the public at county board of elections, municipal buildings and at such other locations designated by the secretary. [Such electronic]

(1.3) Electronic application forms shall be made freely available to the public through publicly accessible means.

(1.4) No written application or personal request shall be necessary to receive or access the application forms.

(1.5) Copies and records of all completed physical and electronic applications for official absentee ballots shall be retained by the county board of elections.

* * *

Section 6. Section 1302.1(a) and (a.3)(1) and (2) of the act, amended October 31, 2019 (P.L.552, No.77), are amended to read:

Section 1302.1. Date of Application for Absentee Ballot.—(a) Except as provided in subsection (a.3), applications for absentee ballots shall be received in the office of the county board of elections not earlier than fifty (50) days before the primary or election, except that if a county board of elections determines that it would be appropriate to its operational needs, any applications for absentee ballots received more than fifty (50) days before the primary or election may be processed before that time. Applications for absentee ballots shall be processed if received not later than five o'clock P.M. of the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of any primary or election.

(a.3) (1) The following categories of electors may apply for an

absentee ballot under this subsection, if otherwise qualified:

(i) An elector whose physical disability or illness prevented the elector from applying for an absentee ballot before five o'clock P.M. on the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of the primary or election.

(ii) An elector who, because of the elector's business, duties or occupation, was unable to apply for an absentee ballot before five o'clock P.M. on the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of the primary or election.

(iii) An elector who becomes so physically disabled or ill after five o'clock P.M. on the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of the primary or election that the elector is unable to appear at the polling place on the day of the primary or election.

(iv) An elector who, because of the conduct of the elector's business, duties or occupation, will necessarily be absent from the elector's municipality of residence on the day of the primary or election, which fact was not and could not reasonably be known to the elector on or before five o'clock P.M. on the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of the primary or election.

(2) An elector described in paragraph (1) may submit an application for an absentee ballot at any time up until the time of the closing of the polls on the day of the primary or election. The application shall include a declaration describing the circumstances that prevented the elector from applying for an absentee ballot before five o'clock P.M. on the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of the primary or election or that prevent the elector from appearing at the polling place on the day of the primary or election, and the elector's qualifications under paragraph (1). The declaration shall be made subject to the provisions of 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities).

Section 7. Section 1303(e) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended to read:

Section 1303. Official Absentee Voters Ballots.—***

(e) (1) The official absentee voter ballot shall state [that an elector who receives an absentee ballot pursuant to section 1301 and whose voted ballot is not timely received by the commission and who, on election day, is capable of voting at the appropriate polling place may only vote on election day by provisional ballot unless the elector brings the elector's absentee ballot to the elector's polling place, remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and signs a statement subject to the penalties under 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) to the same effect.] the following:

(i) That an elector who does not return the absentee ballot by mail may personally deliver the ballot, enclosed within both the envelope marked "Official Election Ballot" and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector, to only the following:

(A) A member or an employe of the county board of elections, before election day or prior to eight o'clock P.M. of election day, at:

(I) the permanent offices of the county board of elections; or

(II) a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(B) The judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day during polling hours.

(ii) That an elector who receives an absentee ballot pursuant to section 1301 and whose voted ballot is not timely received as set forth in subparagraph (i) and who, on election day, is capable of voting at the appropriate polling place may only vote on election day by provisional ballot.

(iii) That an elector must personally return or mail the elector's ballot.

(2) The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall prescribe the text and the manner by which the notice under this subsection shall be printed on a ballot and shall include the following statement:

This ballot may be mailed by the elector to the county board of elections or personally returned by the elector to the judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day, or in

person on or before election day to a member or an employe of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections or in person on or before election day to a member or an employe of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections and to no other location.

Section 8. Section 1305(b)(1) of the act, amended October 31, 2019 (P.L.552, No.77), is amended to read:

Section 1305. Delivering or Mailing Ballots.—

(b) (1) The county board of elections upon receipt and approval of an application filed by any elector qualified in accordance with the provisions of section 1301, subsections (i) to (l), inclusive, shall commence to deliver or mail official absentee ballots as soon as a ballot is certified and the ballots are available. While any proceeding is pending in a Federal or State court which would affect the contents of any ballot, the county board of elections may await a resolution of that proceeding but in any event, shall commence to deliver or mail official absentee ballots not later than the [second] fourth Tuesday prior to the primary or election. For those applicants whose proof of identification was not provided with the application or could not be verified by the board, the board shall send the notice required under section 1302.2(d) with the absentee ballot. As additional applications are received and approved after the time that the county board of elections begins delivering or mailing official absentee and mail-in ballots, the board shall deliver or mail official absentee ballots to such additional electors within forty-eight hours.

Section 9. Section 1306(a) introductory paragraph and (b)(3) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended and subsection (b) is amended by adding a paragraph to read:

Section 1306. Voting by Absentee Electors.—(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), at any time after receiving an official absentee ballot, but on or before eight o'clock P.M. the day of the primary or election, the elector shall, in secret, proceed to mark the ballot only in black lead pencil, indelible pencil or blue, black or blue-black ink, in fountain pen or ball point pen, and then fold the ballot, enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed, stamped or endorsed "Official Election Ballot." This envelope shall then be placed in the second one, on which is printed the form of declaration of the elector, and the address of the elector's county board of election and the local election district of the elector. The elector shall then fill out, date and sign the declaration printed on such envelope. Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail, postage prepaid, except where franked, or deliver it in person to said county board of election[.] to a member or an employe of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections, to a member or an employe of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections or to the judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place during polling hours and to no other location.

(b) ***

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), an elector who requests an absentee ballot and who is not shown on the district register as having voted the ballot may [vote at the polling place if the elector remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and the elector signs a statement subject to the penalties under 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) in substantially the following form:

I hereby declare that I am a qualified registered elector who has obtained an absentee ballot or mail-in ballot. I further declare that I have not cast my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot, and that instead I remitted my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections at my polling place to be spoiled and therefore request that my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot be voided.

(Date)

(Signature of Elector)
(Address of Elector)

(Local Judge of Elections) personally deliver the completed absentee ballot, enclosed within both the envelope marked "Official Election Ballot" and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector, to only the following:

(i) The judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place during polling hours.

(ii) A member or an employe of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(iii) A member or an employe of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections.

(4) A judge of elections shall keep all material delivered under paragraph (3)(i) in a secure, safe and sealed container in the custody of the judge of elections until delivery of the material to the county board of elections under section 1308(a.1).

Section 10. Section 1308(g)(1.1), (2) and (3) of the act, amended October 31, 2019 (P.L.552, No.77) and March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Section 1308. Canvassing of Official Absentee Ballots and Mail-in Ballots.***

(a.1) A judge of elections shall deliver all material personally delivered under sections 1306(b)(3)(i) and 1306-D(b)(3)(i) to the county board of elections by two o'clock A.M. on the day following the election.

(g) ***

(1.1) The following apply to pre-canvassing by a county board of elections:

(i) The county board of elections shall meet [no earlier than seven o'clock A.M. on election day] at least once before election day to pre-canvass all ballots received prior to the meeting.

(ii) A county board of elections may not pre-canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots before eight o'clock A.M. on the Saturday before the election.

(iii) A county board of elections may not pre-canvass absentee ballots or mail-in ballots received on or after the day of the election.

(iv) If a county board of elections meets to pre-canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots at a location other than the offices of the county board of elections, the county board of elections shall maintain security and chain of custody of any material transported to the location from the offices of the county board of elections.

(v) A county board of elections shall provide at least forty-eight hours' notice of a pre-canvass meeting by publicly posting a notice of a pre-canvass meeting on its publicly accessible Internet website.

(vi) One authorized representative of each candidate in an election, one authorized representative of the county chairperson of each political party and one authorized representative [from] of each political party shall be permitted to remain in the room in which the absentee ballots and mail-in ballots are pre-canvassed. Authorized representatives shall be permitted to be in an area which is within audio range and has a clear line of sight of the pre-canvassing activities.

(vii) A county board of elections shall record the pre-canvassing activities with audio and visual recording. A recording under this subparagraph shall be made available only after the close of the polls under section 308.

(viii) No person observing, attending or participating in a pre-canvass meeting or who views or listens to a recording under subparagraph (vii) may disclose the results of any portion of any pre-canvass meeting prior to the close of the polls.

(2) The following apply to canvassing by a county board of elections:

(i) The county board of elections shall meet no earlier than the close of polls on the day of the election and no later than [the third] nine o'clock A.M. on the day following the election to begin canvassing

absentee ballots and mail-in ballots [not included in the pre-canvass meeting].

(ii) The meeting under this paragraph shall continue until all absentee ballots and mail-in ballots received prior to the close of the polls have been canvassed.

(iii) The county board of elections shall not record or publish any votes reflected on the ballots prior to the close of the polls.

(iv) The canvass process shall continue through the eighth day following the election for valid military-overseas ballots timely received under 25 Pa.C.S. § 3511 (relating to receipt of voted ballot).

(v) A county board of elections shall provide at least forty-eight hours' notice of a canvass meeting by publicly posting a notice on its publicly accessible Internet website.

(vi) One authorized representative of each candidate in an election, one authorized representative of the county chairperson of each political party and one authorized representative [from] of each political party shall be permitted to remain in the room in which the absentee ballots and mail-in ballots are canvassed. Authorized representatives shall be permitted to be in an area which is within audio range and has a clear line of sight of the canvassing activities.

(vii) A county board of elections shall record the canvassing activities with audio and visual recording. A recording under this subparagraph shall be made available under section 308.

(3) When the county board meets to pre-canvass or canvass absentee ballots and mail-in ballots under paragraphs (1), (1.1) and (2), the board shall [examine] do all of the following:

(i) Examine the declaration on the envelope of each ballot not set aside under subsection (d) and shall compare the information thereon with that contained in the "Registered Absentee and Mail-in Voters File," the absentee voters' list and/or the "Military Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File," whichever is applicable.

(ii) If the county board has verified the proof of identification as required under this act and is satisfied that the declaration is sufficient and the information contained in the "Registered Absentee and Mail-in Voters File," the absentee voters' list and/or the "Military Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File" verifies his right to vote, [the county board shall] provide a list of the names of electors whose absentee ballots or mail-in ballots are to be pre-canvassed or canvassed.

(iii) For absentee ballots or mail-in ballots which the county board is not satisfied that proof of identification has been provided due to any inability to match the signature present on the ballot to the signature on file:

(A) Notify the elector by mail, e-mail, telephone or text message that the signature on the elector's ballot does not match the elector's signature in the registration books.

(B) Direct the elector to appear before, or to provide an electronic, facsimile or paper copy to, the county board of elections within six (6) calendar days of the notice with:

(I) proof of identification and an executed affirmation attesting, under penalty of perjury, that the elector is the same individual who personally remitted the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot; or

(II) an executed affirmation attesting, under penalty of perjury, that the elector is the same individual who personally remitted the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot and that the elector is indigent and unable to obtain proof of identification without the payment of a fee.

(C) Notify the elector that the absentee ballot or mail-in ballot may not be counted if the elector fails to comply with clause (B).

Section 11. The heading of Article XIII-C of the act is amended to read:

ARTICLE XIII-C

Statewide Uniform Registry of Electors [Advisory Board]

Section 12. The act is amended by adding a section to read: Section 1303-C. SURE requirements.

In addition to the requirements under 25 Pa.C.S. § 1222(c) (relating to SURE system), the SURE system shall do all of the following:

- (1) track applications for absentee ballots and mail-in

ballots; and

(2) assign a unique scannable identification number to be affixed to the envelope containing the declaration of the elector which is returned by the elector with each absentee ballot and mail-in ballot.

Section 13. Section 1302-D(f) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended to read:

Section 1302-D. Applications for official mail-in ballots.

* * *

(f) Form.—The following shall apply:

(1) Application for an official mail-in ballot shall be on physical and electronic forms prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

(2) The application shall state [that] the following:

(i) That a voter who applies for a mail-in ballot under section 1301-D shall not be eligible to vote at a polling place on election day [unless the elector brings the elector's mail-in ballot to the elector's polling place, remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and signs a statement subject to the penalties under 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) to the same effect.] except by provisional ballot.

(ii) That an elector who does not return the mail-in ballot by mail may personally deliver the mail-in ballot to only the following:

(A) A member or employee of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections.

(B) A member or employee of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(C) A judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day.

(3) The physical application forms shall be made freely available to the public at county board of elections, municipal buildings and at other locations designated by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

(4) The electronic application forms shall be made freely available to the public through publicly accessible means.

(5) No written application or personal request shall be necessary to receive or access the application forms.

(6) Copies and records of all completed physical and electronic applications for official mail-in ballots shall be retained by the county board of elections.

* * *

Section 14. Section 1302.1-D(a) of the act, added October 31, 2019 (P.L.552, No.77), is amended to read:

Section 1302.1-D. Date of application for mail-in ballot.

(a) General rule.—Applications for mail-in ballots shall be received in the office of the county board of elections not earlier than 50 days before the primary or election, except that if a county board of elections determines that it would be appropriate to the county board of elections' operational needs, any applications for mail-in ballots received more than 50 days before the primary or election may be processed before that time. Applications for mail-in ballots shall be processed if received not later than five o'clock P.M. of the [first Tuesday] fifteenth day prior to the day of any primary or election.

* * *

Section 15. Sections 1303-D(e) and 1305-D of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended to read:

Section 1303-D. Official mail-in elector ballots.

* * *

(e) Notice.—

(1) The official mail-in voter ballot shall state [that a voter who receives a mail-in ballot under section 1301-D and

whose voted mail-in ballot is not timely received may only vote on election day by provisional ballot unless the elector brings the elector's mail-in ballot to the elector's polling place, remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and signs a statement subject to the penalties of 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) to the same effect.] the following:

(i) That an elector who does not return the mail-in ballot by mail may personally deliver the ballot, enclosed within both the envelope marked "Official Election Ballot" and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector, to only the following:

(A) A member or an employee of the county board of elections, before election day or prior to 8 p.m. of election day, at:

(I) the permanent offices of the county board of elections; or

(II) a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(B) The judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day during polling hours.

(ii) That an elector who receives a mail-in ballot under section 1301-D and whose voted ballot is not timely received as set forth under subparagraph (i) and who, on election day, is capable of voting at the appropriate polling place may only vote on election day by provisional ballot.

(iii) That an elector must personally return or mail the elector's ballot.

(2) The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall prescribe the text and the manner by which the notice under this subsection shall be printed on a ballot and shall include the following statement:

This ballot may be mailed by the elector to the county board of elections or personally returned by the elector to the judge of elections at the elector's polling place on election day, or in person on or before election day to a member or an employee of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections or in person on or before election day to a member or an employee of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections and to no other location.

Section 1305-D. Delivering or mailing ballots.

The county board of elections, upon receipt and approval of an application filed by a qualified elector under section 1301-D, shall commence to deliver or mail official mail-in ballots as soon as a ballot is certified and the ballots are available. While any proceeding is pending in a Federal or State court which would affect the contents of any ballot, the county board of elections may await a resolution of that proceeding but in any event, shall commence to deliver or mail official mail-in ballots not later than the [second] fourth Tuesday prior to the primary or election. For applicants whose proof of identification was not provided with the application or could not be verified by the board, the board shall send the notice required under section 1302.2-D(c) with the mail-in ballot. As additional applications are received and approved, the board shall deliver or mail official mail-in ballots to the additional electors within 48 hours.

Section 15.1. Section 1306-D(a) and (b)(3) of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), are amended and subsection (b) is amended by adding a paragraph to read:

Section 1306-D. Voting by mail-in electors.

(a) General rule.—At any time after receiving an official mail-in ballot, but on or before eight o'clock P.M. the day of the primary or

election, the mail-in elector shall, in secret, proceed to mark the ballot only in black lead pencil, indelible pencil or blue, black or blue-black ink, in fountain pen or ball point pen, and then fold the ballot, enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed, stamped or endorsed "Official Election Ballot." This envelope shall then be placed in the second one, on which is printed the form of declaration of the elector, and the address of the elector's county board of election and the local election district of the elector. The elector shall then fill out, date and sign the declaration printed on such envelope. Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail, postage prepaid, except where franked, or deliver it in person [to said county board of election.] to a member or an employee of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections, to a member or an employee of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections or to the judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place during polling hours and to no other location.

* * *

(b) Eligibility.—

* * *

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), an elector who requests a mail-in ballot and who is not shown on the district register as having voted the ballot [may vote at the polling place if the elector remits the ballot and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector to the judge of elections to be spoiled and the elector signs a statement subject to the penalties of 18 Pa.C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities) which shall be in substantially the following form:

I hereby declare that I am a qualified registered elector who has obtained an absentee ballot or mail-in ballot. I further declare that I have not cast my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot, and that instead I remitted my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot to the judge of elections at my polling place to be spoiled and therefore request that my absentee ballot or mail-in ballot be voided.

(Date)

(Signature of Elector)

.....
(Address of Elector)

(Local Judge of Elections) may personally deliver the completed mail-in ballot, enclosed within both the envelope marked "Official Election Ballot" and the envelope containing the declaration of the elector, to only the following:

(i) The judge of elections of the elector's election district at the elector's polling place during polling hours.

(ii) A member or an employee of the county board of elections at a location at the county courthouse designated by the county board of elections.

(iii) A member or an employee of the county board of elections at the permanent offices of the county board of elections.

(4) A judge of elections shall keep all material delivered under paragraph (3)(i) in a secure, safe and sealed container in the custody of the judge of elections until delivery of the material to the county board of elections under section 1308(a.1).

* * *

Section 16. Sections 1801, 1802, 1802.1, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1843, 1845, 1847, 1848, 1849 and 1850 of the act are amended to read:

Section 1801. Disobeying Lawful Instructions.—Any person who wilfully disobeys any lawful instruction or order of any county board of elections, or who refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served under the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding

[five hundred (\$500)] one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1802. Perjury.—Any wilful false statement made under oath or affirmation or in writing, stating that it is so made, although such oath or affirmation may not have actually been made, by any person regarding any material matter or thing relating to any subject being investigated, heard, determined or acted upon by any county board of elections, or member thereof, or by any court or judge thereof, judge of election, inspector of election, or overseer, in accordance with the terms of this act, shall be perjury, a misdemeanor of the first degree, and any person, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [ten thousand (\$10,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [five (5)] ten (10) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1802.1. False Affidavits of Candidates.—Any candidate for State, county, city, borough, incorporated town, township or school district office or for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress or any other elective public office who knowingly makes a false statement regarding his eligibility or qualifications for such office in his candidate's affidavit shall, in litigation which results in the removal of the candidate from the ballot, be liable for court costs, including filing fees, attorney fees, investigation fees and similar costs, in an amount up to [ten thousand (\$10,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars.

Section 1803. Refusal to Permit Inspection of Papers; Destruction or Removal; Secretary of the Commonwealth.—Any Secretary of the Commonwealth, deputy, or employe of his office, who shall refuse to permit the public inspection or copying as authorized, except when in use in his office, by this act, of any return, nomination petition, certificate or paper, other petition, account, contract, report or any other document or record in his custody which, under the provisions of this act, is required to be open to public inspection; or who shall destroy or alter, or permit to be destroyed or altered, any such document or record during the period for which the same is required to be kept in his office; or who shall remove any such document or record from his office during said period, or permit the same to be removed, except pursuant to the direction of any competent court or any committee required to determine any contested primary or election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1804. Refusal to Permit Inspection of Papers; Destruction or Removal; County Boards of Elections.—Any member, chief clerk or other employe of any county board of elections, who shall refuse to permit the public inspection or copying, as authorized by this act, of any general or duplicate return sheet, tally paper, affidavit, nomination petition, certificate or paper, other petition, witness list, account, contract, report or any other document or record in the custody of such county board which, under the provisions of this act, is required to be open to public inspection; or who shall destroy or alter, or permit to be destroyed or altered, any such document or record during the period for which the same is required to be kept in the office of such county board; or who shall remove any such document or record from the office of such county board during said period, or permit the same to be removed, except pursuant to the direction of any competent court or any committee required to determine any contested primary or election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1805. Insertion and Alteration of Entries in Documents; Removal; Refusal to Deliver.—Any member, chief clerk or employe of any county board of elections or judge, inspector or clerk of election, machine inspector, overseer, or other person, who knowingly inserts or knowingly permits to be inserted any fictitious name, false figure or other fraudulent entry on or in any registration card, district register,

voter's certificate, list of voters, affidavit, tally paper, general or duplicate return sheet, statement, certificate, oath, voucher, account, ballot or other record or document authorized or required to be made, used, signed, returned or preserved for any public purpose in connection with any primary or election; or who materially alters or intentionally destroys any entry which has been lawfully made therein, except by order of the county board of elections or court of competent jurisdiction, or who takes or removes any such book, affidavit, return, account, ballot or other document or record from the custody of any person having lawful charge thereof, in order to prevent the same from being used or inspected or copied as required or permitted by this act, or who neglects or refuses, within the time and in the manner required by this act, to deliver the same into the custody of the officers who are required by this act to use or keep the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months or more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1806. Refusal to Permit Overseers, Watchers, Attorneys or Candidates to Act.—Any member of a county board of elections, judge of election or inspector of election who shall refuse to permit any overseer or watcher, attorney or candidate to be present, as authorized by this act, at any session of a county board, computation and canvassing of returns of any primary or election, recount of ballots or recanvass of voting machines, as authorized by this act, or at any polling place during the time the polls are open at any primary or election, and after the close of the polls during the time the ballots are counted or voting machine canvassed and until the returns of such primary or election have been made up and signed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1807. Driving away Watchers, Attorneys, Candidates or Overseers.—Any person who by violence or intimidation shall threaten or drive away any watcher, attorney, candidate or overseer, or representative of the county board of elections, or of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, required or permitted to be present at any polling place, or who shall in any manner prevent any overseer, or representative of the county board of elections or of the Secretary of the Commonwealth from performing his duty under this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1808. Refusal to Permit Election Officers, Clerks and Machine Inspectors to Act; Driving away Said Persons.—Any person, including any election officer, who shall refuse to permit any election officer, clerk or machine inspector, duly elected or appointed and authorized to act, to perform the duties imposed on him or to act as permitted by this act; or who shall by violence or intimidation threaten or drive away, any such election officer, clerk or machine inspector or who shall, in any manner, prevent any such election officer, clerk or machine inspector from performing his rights and duties under this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months or more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1809. Refusal to Administer Oath; Acting Without Being Sworn.—If any judge of election or minority inspector of election refuses or fails to administer the oath to the officers of election, in the manner required by this act, or if any judge of election, inspector of election, clerk of election, or machine inspector, shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any such person shall sign the written form of oath without being duly sworn, or if any judge of election or minority inspector of election or any other person authorized to administer oaths shall certify that any such person was sworn when he was not, he shall be guilty of a

misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one hundred (\$100)] two hundred (\$200) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding [six (6) months] one (1) year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1810. Violation of Oath of Office by Election Officers.—Any judge of election, inspector of election, clerk of election, or machine inspector who shall wilfully violate any of the provisions of his oath of office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1811. Peace Officers; Failure to Render Assistance; Hindering or Delaying County Board Members and Others.—Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, deputy constable, police or other peace officer, who shall fail upon demand of any member of a county board of elections, judge or inspector of election, or overseer to render such aid and assistance to him as he shall request in the maintenance of peace and in the making of arrests, as herein provided, or who shall wilfully hinder or delay or attempt to hinder or delay any member of a county board, judge or inspector of election, or overseer in the performance of any duty under this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five hundred (\$500)] one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [three (3)] six (6) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1812. Nomination Petitions and Papers; Offenses by Signers.—If any person shall knowingly and wilfully sign any nomination petition or nomination paper, without having the qualifications prescribed by this act, or if any person shall set opposite a signature on a nomination petition or paper, a date other than the actual date such signature was affixed thereto, or if any person shall set opposite the signature on a nomination petition or nomination paper, a false statement of the signer's place of residence or occupation, or if any person shall sign more nomination petitions or nomination papers than permitted by the provisions of this act, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one hundred (\$100)] two hundred (\$200) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [three (3)] six (6) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 1813. False Signatures and Statements in Nomination Petitions and Papers.—If any person shall knowingly make a false statement in any affidavit required by the provisions of this act, to be appended to or to accompany a nomination petition or a nomination paper, or if any person shall fraudulently sign any name not his own to any nomination petition or nomination paper, or if any person shall fraudulently alter any nomination petition or nomination paper without the consent of the signers, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five hundred (\$500)] one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or to undergo imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1814. Nomination Petitions; Certificates and Papers; Destruction; Fraudulent Filing; Suppression.—Any person who shall falsely make any nomination certificate or who shall wilfully deface or destroy any nomination petition, nomination certificate or nomination paper, or any part thereof, or any letter of withdrawal, or who shall file any nomination petition, nomination certificate or nomination paper or letter of withdrawal knowing the same, or any part thereof, to be falsely made, or who shall suppress any nomination petition, nomination certificate or nomination paper, or any part thereof, which has been duly filed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1815. Offenses by Printers of Ballots.—Any printer employed by any county board of elections to print any official ballots,

or any person engaged in printing the same who shall appropriate to himself or give or deliver or knowingly permit to be taken any of said ballots by any other person than such county board of election or their duly authorized agent, or who shall wilfully print or cause to be printed any official ballot in any form other than that prescribed by such county board or with any other names or printing, or with the names spelled otherwise than as directed by them or the names or printing thereon arranged in any other way than that authorized and directed by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [six (6) months] one (1) year nor more than [five (5)] ten (10) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1816. Unlawful Possession of Ballots; Counterfeiting Ballots.—Any person other than an officer charged by law with the care of ballots, or a person entrusted by any such officer with the care of the same for a purpose required by law, who shall have in his possession outside the polling place any official ballot, or any person who shall make or have in his possession any counterfeit of an official ballot, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1817. Forging and Destroying Ballots.—Any person who shall forge or falsely make the official endorsement on any ballot or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot or wilfully delay the delivery of any ballots shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1818. Tampering with Voting Machines.—Any election officer or other person who shall unlawfully open or who shall tamper with or injure or attempt to injure any voting machine to be used or being used at any primary or election, or who shall prevent or attempt to prevent the correct operation of such machine, or any unauthorized person who shall make or have in his possession a key to a voting machine to be used or being used in any primary or election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1819. Destroying, Defacing or Removing Notices, Et Cetera.—Any person who shall, prior to any primary or election, wilfully deface, remove or destroy any notice or list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of this act, or who, during any primary or election, shall wilfully deface, tear down, remove or destroy any card of instructions, notice of penalties, specimen ballot or diagram printed or posted for the instruction of electors, or who shall, during any primary or election, wilfully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished by the county board of elections to any polling place in order to enable electors to vote, or the election officers to perform their duties, or who shall wilfully hinder the voting of others, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one hundred (\$100)] two hundred (\$200) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [three (3)] six (6) months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1820. Police Officers at Polling Places.—Any police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizen's clothes, who shall be within one hundred (100) feet of a polling place during the conduct of any primary or election, except in the exercise of his privilege of voting or for the purpose of serving warrants, or in accordance with the provisions of the exception set forth in section 1207 of this act where the police station or headquarters is located in the same building or on the premises where the polling place is located or unless called upon to preserve the peace, as provided by this act, shall be guilty of a

misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five hundred (\$500)] one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1821. Peace Officer; Failure to Quell Disturbances at Polls; Hindering or Delaying Election Officers and Others.—Any mayor, chief burgess, sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, deputy constable, police officer or other peace officer who shall neglect or refuse to clear an avenue to the door of any polling place which is obstructed in such a way as to prevent electors from approaching, or who shall neglect or refuse to maintain order and quell any disturbance if such arises at any polling place upon the day of any primary or election, when called upon so to do by any election officer or any three qualified electors of the election district, or who shall wilfully hinder or delay, or attempt to hinder or delay, any judge, inspector or clerk of election, machine inspector or overseer in the performance of any duty under this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1823. Election Officers Permitting Unregistered Electors to Vote; Challenges; Refusing to Permit Qualified Electors to Vote.—Any judge or inspector of election who permits any person to vote at any primary or election who is not registered in accordance with law, except a person in actual military service or a person as to whom a court of competent jurisdiction has ordered that he shall be permitted to vote, or who permits any registered elector to vote knowing that such registered elector is not qualified to vote, whether or not such person has been challenged, or who permits any person who has been lawfully challenged to vote at any primary or election without requiring the proof of the right of such person to vote which is required by law, or who refuses to permit any duly registered and qualified elector to vote at any primary or election, with the knowledge that such elector is entitled to vote, shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both.

Section 1824. Election Officers Refusing to Permit Elector to Vote in Proper Party at Primaries.—Any judge, inspector or clerk of election who refuses to permit an elector at any primary at which ballots are used to receive the ballot of the party with which he is enrolled, or who gives to any such elector the ballot of any party in which he is not enrolled, or any judge, or inspector of election, or machine inspector who, at any primary at which voting machines are used, adjusts any voting machine about to be used by an elector so as not to permit him to vote for the candidates of the party in which he is enrolled, or so as to permit him to vote for the candidates of any party in which he is not enrolled, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [ten thousand (\$10,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [five (5)] ten (10) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1825. Frauds by Election Officers.—Any judge, inspector or clerk of election or machine inspector who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary or election, and any person who shall make a false return of the votes cast at any primary or election, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box or certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot box which he knows to be fraudulent, or who shall register fraudulent votes upon any voting machine or certify as correct a return of votes cast upon any voting machine which he knows to be fraudulently registered thereon, or who shall make any false entries in the district register, or who shall fail to insert in the voting check list the voter's certificate of any elector actually voting at any primary or election, or who shall fail to record voting information as required herein, or who shall fail to insert in the numbered lists of voters the name of any person actually voting, or who shall wilfully destroy or alter any ballot, voter's certificate, or registration card contained in any district register, or who shall wilfully tamper with any

voting machine, or who shall prepare or insert in the voting check list any false voter's certificates not prepared by or for an elector actually voting at such primary or election, for the purpose of concealing the destruction or removal of any voter's certificate, or for the purpose of concealing the deposit of fraudulent ballots in the ballot box, or the registering of fraudulent votes upon any voting machine or of aiding in the perpetration of any such fraud, or who shall fail to return to the county board of election following any primary or election any keys of a voting machine, ballot box, general or duplicate return sheet, tally paper, oaths of election officers, affidavits of electors and others, record of assisted voters, numbered list of voters, district register, voting check list, unused, spoiled and cancelled ballots, ballots deposited, written or affixed in or upon a voting machine, or any certificate, or any other paper or record required to be returned under the provisions of this act; or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned, or in any manner to prevent a free and fair primary or election, shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1827. Interference with Primaries and Elections; Frauds; Conspiracy.—If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any election officers from holding any primary or election, under the provisions of this act, or shall use or threaten any violence to any such officer; or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty; or shall block up or attempt to block up the avenue to the door of any polling place; or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or restrain his freedom of choice; or shall prepare or present to any election officer a fraudulent voter's certificate not signed in the polling place by the elector whose certificate it purports to be; or shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box; or shall register fraudulent votes upon any voting machine; or shall tamper with any district register, voting check list, numbered lists of voters, ballot box or voting machine; or shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned, or in any manner to prevent a free and fair primary or election, he shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1828. Persons Interfering in Other Districts.—Any person who shall on the day of any primary or election visit any polling place at which he is not entitled to vote and at which he is not entitled to be present under any provision of this act, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any election officer from performing the duties required of him by this act, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified elector from exercising his right to vote or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, or for the purpose of influencing the vote of any elector, he shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1829. Assault and Battery at Polls.—Any person who shall unlawfully strike, wound or commit an assault and battery upon the person of any elector at or near the polling place during the time of any primary or election shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [ten thousand (\$10,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [five (5)] ten (10) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1830. Unlawful Assistance in Voting.—Any elector at any primary or election who shall allow his ballot or the face of the voting machine voted by him to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he is about to vote; or in districts in which ballots are used, shall cast or attempt to cast any other than the

official ballot which has been given to him by the proper election officer; or who, without having made the declaration under oath or affirmation required by section 1218 of this act, or when the disability which he declared before any registration commission no longer exists, shall permit another to accompany him into the voting compartment or voting machine booth, or to mark his ballot or prepare the voting machine for voting by him; or who shall mark his ballot or prepare the voting machine for voting while another is unlawfully present in the voting machine compartment or voting machine booth with him; or who shall state falsely to any election officer that because of illiteracy he is unable to read the names on the ballot or ballot labels or that by reason of physical disability he cannot see or mark the ballot or enter the voting compartment without assistance or that he cannot see or operate the voting machine or enter the voting machine booth without assistance; or who shall state, as his reason for requiring assistance, a disability from which he does not suffer; or any person who shall go into the voting compartment or voting machine booth with another while voting or be present therein while another is voting, or mark the ballot of another or prepare the voting machine for voting with another, except in strict accordance with the provisions of this act; or any person who shall interfere with any elector when inside the enclosed space or when marking his ballot, or preparing the voting machine for voting, or who shall endeavor to induce any elector before depositing his ballot to show how he marks or has marked his ballot; or any person giving assistance who shall attempt to influence the vote of the elector whom he is assisting or who shall mark a ballot or prepare a voting machine for voting in any other way than that requested by the voter whom he is assisting, or who shall disclose to anyone the contents of any ballot which has been marked or any voting machine which has been prepared for voting with his assistance, except when required to do so in any legal proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1831. Election Officers Permitting Unlawful Assistance.—Any election officer who shall permit a voter to be accompanied by another into the voting compartment or voting machine booth when the registration card of such person contains no declaration that such person requires assistance, or when such person has not made, under oath or affirmation, the statement required by section 1218 of this act, or when such election officer knows that the disability which the elector declared before any registration commission no longer exists, or who shall permit any person to accompany an elector into the voting compartment or voting machine booth, except as provided by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1832. Failure to Keep and Return Record of Assisted Voters.—Any judge of election who shall fail to record, as required by section 1218 (c) of this act, the name of each elector who received assistance or who is accompanied by another into the voting compartment or voting machine booth; or who shall insert in the record of assisted voters the name of any elector who does not receive assistance or is not accompanied by another into the voting compartment or voting machine booth; or who shall fail to record the exact disability of any assisted elector which makes the assistance necessary, or shall record in respect of any assisted elector a disability, other than that stated by the elector; or who shall fail to record the name of each person rendering assistance to an elector as prescribed by this act; or who shall knowingly record as the name of such person giving assistance a name which is not the name of such person; or who shall fail or neglect to return the record of assisted voters to the county board of elections as required by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [two (2)] four (4) months nor more than

[two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1833. Unlawful Voting.—Any person who votes or attempts to vote at any primary or election, knowing that he does not possess all the qualifications of an elector at such primary or election, as set forth in this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [ten thousand (\$10,000)] twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [five (5)] ten (10) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1834. Elector Voting Ballot of Wrong Party at Primary.—Any elector who shall wilfully vote at any primary the ballot of a party in which he is not enrolled, in violation of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1835. Repeat Voting at Elections.—If any person shall vote in more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once at the same primary or election, or shall vote a ballot other than the ballot issued to him by the election officers, or shall advise or procure another so to do, he shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1836. Removing Ballots.—Any person removing any ballot from any book of official ballots, except in the manner provided by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1837. Commissioners to Take Soldiers' Votes.—Any commissioner appointed by or under the provisions of Article XIII of this act who shall knowingly violate his duty or knowingly omit or fail to do his duty thereunder or violate any part of his oath, shall be guilty of perjury, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1838. Fraudulent Voting by Soldiers.—Any person who shall vote or attempt to vote at any election by electors in military service under the provisions of Article XIII of this act, not being qualified to vote at such election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1839. Bribery at Elections.—Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, give or promise or offer to give any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing to any person, with intent to induce him to vote or refrain from voting for any particular candidate or candidates or for or against any constitutional amendment or other question at any primary or election; or who shall, directly or indirectly, procure for or offer or promise to procure for such person any such gift or reward with the intent aforesaid; or, who with the intent to influence or intimidate such person to give his vote or to refrain from giving his vote for any particular candidate or candidates or for or against any constitutional amendment or other question at any primary or election, shall give to or obtain for or assist in obtaining for or offer or promise to give to or obtain for or assist in obtaining for such person any office, place, appointment or employment, public or private, or threaten such person with dismissal or discharge from any office, place, appointment or employment, public or private, then held by him, shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand (\$15,000)] thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more

than [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1840. Receipts and Disbursements of Primary and Election Expenses by Persons Other Than Candidates and Treasurers.—Any member of a political committee who shall receive or disburse any money or incur any liability for primary or election expenses, except through the treasurer of such political committee, and any person not a candidate or member of a political committee who shall receive or disburse any money or incur any liability for primary or election expenses, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1841. Receipts of Primary and Election Expenses by Unauthorized Persons.—Any person or any political committee who receives money on behalf of any candidate without being authorized to do so under the provisions of section 1623, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand dollars (\$5,000)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1843. Contributions by Corporations or Unincorporated Associations.—Any corporation or unincorporated association, which shall pay, give or lend or agree to pay, give or lend any money belonging to such corporation or unincorporated association or in its custody or control, in violation of the provisions of section 1633, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than [one thousand dollars (\$1,000)] two thousand dollars (\$2,000) nor more than [ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)] twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000). Any director, officer, agent or employe of any corporation or unincorporated association who shall on behalf of such corporation or unincorporated association pay, give or lend or authorize to be paid, given or lent any money belonging to such corporation or unincorporated association or in its custody or control in violation of the provisions of section 1633, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)] twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1845. Failure to File Expense Account.—Any candidate or treasurer of a political committee or person acting as such treasurer who shall fail to file an account of primary or election expenses, as required by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand dollars (\$5,000)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) month] two (2) months nor more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1847. Prohibiting Duress and Intimidation of Voters and Interference with the Free Exercise of the Elective Franchise.—Any person or corporation who, directly or indirectly—(a) uses or threatens to use any force, violence or restraint, or inflicts or threatens to inflict any injury, damage, harm or loss, or in any other manner practices intimidation or coercion upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting at any election, or to vote or refrain from voting for or against any particular person, or for or against any question submitted to voters at such election, or to place or cause to be placed or refrain from placing or causing to be placed his name upon a register of voters, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at such election, or having voted or refrained from voting for or against any particular person or persons or for or against any question submitted to voters at such election, or having registered or refrained from registering as a voter; or (b) by abduction, duress or coercion, or any forcible or fraudulent device or contrivance, whatever, impedes, prevents, or otherwise interferes with the free exercise of the elective franchise by any voter, or compels, induces, or prevails upon any voter to give or refrain from giving his vote for or

against any particular person at any election; or (c) being an employer, pays his employes the salary or wages due in "pay envelopes" upon which or in which there is written or printed any political motto, device, statement or argument containing threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of such employes, or within ninety days of any election or primary puts or otherwise exhibits in the establishment or place where his employes are engaged in labor, any handbill or placard containing any threat, notice, or information that if any particular ticket or candidate is elected or defeated work in his place or establishment will cease, in whole or in part, his establishment be closed up, or the wages of his employes reduced, or other threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of his employes, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. Any person or corporation, convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this section, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five thousand (\$5,000)] ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, or such person or the officers, directors or agents of such corporation responsible for the violation of this section, shall be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1848. Failure to Perform Duty.—Any Secretary of the Commonwealth, member of a county board of elections, chief clerk, employe, overseer, judge of election, inspector of election, clerk of election, machine inspector or custodian or deputy custodian of voting machines on whom a duty is laid by this act who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform his duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1849. Hindering or Delaying Performance of Duty.—Any person who intentionally interferes with, hinders or delays or attempts to interfere with, hinder or delay any other person in the performance of any act or duty authorized or imposed by this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [five hundred (\$500)] one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 1850. Violation of Any Provision of Act.—Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, for which a penalty is not herein specifically provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [one thousand (\$1,000)] two thousand (\$2,000) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than [one (1) year] two (2) years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 17. Section 1853 of the act, amended March 27, 2020 (P.L.41, No.12), is amended to read:

Section 1853. Violations of Provisions Relating to Absentee and Mail-in Ballots.—If any person shall sign an application for absentee ballot, mail-in ballot or declaration of elector on the forms prescribed knowing any matter declared therein to be false, or shall vote any ballot other than one properly issued to the person, or vote or attempt to vote more than once in any election for which an absentee ballot or mail-in ballot shall have been issued to the person, or shall disclose results of a pre-canvassing meeting under section 1308(g)(1.1), or shall violate any other provisions of Article XIII or Article XIII-D of this act, the person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding [two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500)] five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding [two (2)] four (4) years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

If any chief clerk or member of a board of elections, member of a return board or member of a board of registration commissioners, shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties prescribed by Article XIII or Article XIII-D of this act, or shall reveal or divulge any of the details of any ballot cast in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII or Article XIII-D of this act, or shall disclose results of a pre-canvassing meeting under section 1308(g)(1.1), or shall count an absentee ballot or

mail-in ballot knowing the same to be contrary to Article XIII or Article XIII-D, or shall reject an absentee ballot or mail-in ballot without reason to believe that the same is contrary to Article XIII or Article XIII-D, or shall permit an elector to cast the elector's ballot other than a provisional ballot at a polling place knowing that there has been issued to the elector an absentee ballot or mail-in ballot, the [elector] individual shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding [fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)] thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000), or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding [seven (7)] fourteen (14) years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 18. This act shall take effect immediately.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes Representative Everett.

Mr. EVERETT. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I rise today to offer amendment A06851, which is the product of many months of work amongst many members and on both ends of the Capitol. We have agreed, and CCAP and our election officials have agreed, that we need to do – people want to do a lot of things – but we agreed we needed to do at least four things, and one of those was to reduce the number of late-arriving and uncounted ballots. We needed to get the results on election day or as soon as possible after election day. We need to address security concerns, and we need to make it easier for county boards of election to have sufficient poll workers. Amendment A06851 addresses all those issues.

Shortly after the June primary, I reached out to members and to election officials across the State as chairman of the House State Government Committee to ask them what issues we needed to address, and we got many and we found many that were in common, and those are the ones that we have narrowed it down to today and that they have asked us to take care of.

First, we wanted to reduce the number of late-arriving, and therefore uncounted, ballots. Right now, as we have discussed, you can request a mail-in ballot 7 days in advance of the election. Well, USPS (United States Postal Service) has made it very clear to us that that is not going to work with the volume of mail-in ballots we are going to see, so we are moving that out to 15 days in advance of the election to request a ballot. And I think we all should encourage those who are going to use mail-in balloting to get their mail-in ballot early and to get it in early to make sure that it gets counted.

We also are going to provide for three other ways that people can get their mail-in ballots in. And one of those ways is to take it personally to your board of elections. Another way is to take it to – will be provided – to take it to a designated place at your county courthouse. And the fourth way will be to be able to take it right to your polling place. If for some reason you wake up and you have been asleep for 2 weeks and missed the deadline and you got your mail-in ballot and it is all sealed up, but you did not get it in the mail on time, you will be able to take it directly to your polling place and give it to the director of elections there, and it will go into a secure ballot box and then be taken back and it will be counted as a mail-in ballot. So we have provided four ways to do that. And again I would remind everybody that this is mail-in balloting. This is not early voting; that is not what we ever have voted for.

We voted for mail-in balloting, and as my good friend, Representative Diamond, has pointed out to me a number of times during this discussion, we are allowing people to access the right to vote through mail-in. We are providing them with another way to do this and they need to do what they need to do to get their ballots on time. And, you know, if they are not comfortable with mail-in balloting, you know what you can do? You can do it the old-fashioned way, like probably most of us are going to do. You go to your polling place and vote. So we have taken care of uncounted ballots.

Second, we wanted to get the results on election day if possible, or as soon after, so we are providing for what is called pre-canvassing of ballots for 3 days in advance of election day. The election officials in the counties will be allowed to open the envelopes, check and verify the signatures, and pre-process the ballots and scan them – not tabulate them – but scan them so that they can, on election day, they can put them right into the database of tabulated votes. So we are providing them with that flexibility.

And third, we sought to address concerns about security, so we have added safeguards to the pre-canvassing and canvassing process, including requiring pre-canvassing and canvassing meetings to be recorded, adding an additional observer to pre-canvassing and canvassing, clarifying that observers must have a clear line of sight and within audio range of proceedings. And this legislation also explicitly makes the early release of results of pre-canvassing meetings a crime. So we have addressed that.

And we have also still included, fourth, to make it easier for county boards to provide for sufficient poll workers. This omnibus amendment allows for legislation for poll workers to be appointed from anywhere in the county, not just in the precinct. And finally, this legislation also requires that the Department of State issue a report on the election similar to the Act 35 report we got.

Mr. Speaker, I would say that we have worked hard on this with the Senate. This is going to make sure that Pennsylvania is able to process its mail-in ballots in an orderly fashion and in a secure fashion, and I would encourage a "yes" vote on amendment A06851.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Boyle, on the amendment.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I want to make it abundantly clear that this amendment is not the by-product of negotiations between any of the Democratic Caucuses in the State House or Senate and the Republican Party and also the Wolf administration. This amendment is also completely unacceptable because it is a de facto prohibition on the vital drop boxes that our counties want to have. It also is problematic because it radically expands poll watcher eligibility.

Just last October, through Act 77, this body greatly expanded the vote-by-mail process. In the vote, all but two Republicans supported it. Since then a lot has changed, and I think it starts with national politics and I think today we are seeing evidence of that on the floor of the House. Soon after we expanded the vote-by-mail process, President Donald Trump began to vilify the system, and just recently in the last month or two, he and his administration have begun efforts to defund the postal service and also discredit it. Drop boxes are so vital because ultimately for this election we do not know what the USPS will be capable of.

The drop boxes are our insurance, our security that we can have the expanded vote-by-mail process that Act 77 guaranteed.

Furthermore, this bill is very problematic because it greatly expands the eligibility to be a poll watcher. Under this bill as written, someone from Crawford County could come all the way to Philadelphia and be a poll watcher. I find that problematic. I cannot help but think of what is going on in our country today, and I think it is incumbent upon us here to make sure that we do everything we can to make sure that there are no disturbances at polling places, whether in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, or throughout the country. It has been difficult and challenging enough in the city of Philadelphia in years gone by with the poll watcher certificates being available to Philadelphia Republicans. Now this bill would expand it to anyone from the State of Pennsylvania, and due to the current climate in our country, I think it is wrong and dangerous, and I hope all members oppose this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Saylor, on the amendment.

Mr. SAYLOR. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I rise to correct the statement made by the previous speaker. There is no defunding of the United States Post Office. In fact, the fact is that the United States Postal Service has \$13 billion cash on hand. Those kinds of rumors scare Americans and it is uncalled for to spread untruths to our voters; \$13 billion cash on hand at the United States Postal Service. Defunding? I do not think so. Yes, there are problems at the United States Postal Service, but there is no lack of cash. So, Mr. Speaker, those kinds of statements are just inflammatory and not truthful in any shape or form.

And, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman before talks about how we need to do these things, or this bill is not approved because it is not bipartisan. Mr. Speaker, what I would say to you is, this amendment protects the security of the voters of Pennsylvania, to make sure that they get an accurate count, to make sure that legitimate people are voting and not that people can go out and forge signatures and do those kind of things. A vote against this amendment to leave the process as it is is clearly a vote to allow corruption in our election process in Pennsylvania. We need to make sure, we need to make sure that we do not end up like Florida in the Bush campaign and the Gore campaign—

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. DERMODY. Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. Gentleman, please suspend.

For what purpose does the minority leader rise?

Mr. DERMODY. Mr. Speaker, I believe the speaker is ascribing motive to this vote. He is speaking about motive while we are doing this, and that is improper and out of order, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. I believe the leader raises a valid concern and would ask the gentleman to please not go to motive and stay on the substance of the underlying amendment as we currently have before us.

Mr. SAYLOR. So, Mr. Speaker, what I have to say is, if we truly want a fair process, if we want a process that the voters of Pennsylvania can believe in, this is a critical amendment to this bill to move forward, so that the people of this Commonwealth

can be assured that their votes are going to be counted and that they are going to be done in a way that is protective of an election process in Pennsylvania, Mr. Speaker. I ask for a positive vote.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Samuelson, on the amendment.

Mr. SAMUELSON. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I was not going to speak until the gentleman from York County spoke and said there is no problem with the U.S. Postal Service. In my community, we have a post office on the south side of Bethlehem that is open for 9 1/2 hours a day, and the U.S. Postal Service threatened in July to cut it back to 2 hours. From 9 1/2 hours to 2 hours – that is a cutback by any definition.

Now, thankfully, a lot of people spoke up and the cutback did not happen, but at our regional postal service facility that serves the entire Lehigh Valley, they took out one of the machines and removed it. So there is less efficiency. I had a constituent call me and say they did not get their utility bill. They said they did not get their medical bill from the hospital until the deadline had passed to pay the bills because the U.S. Postal Service is cutting back. The U.S. Postal Service, it has been bipartisan, it has been nonpartisan through 44 administrations, since the days of Ben Franklin, who was a Postmaster, one of the first Postmasters in America. This is the very first administration that has decided to mess with the U.S. Postal Service. And my Republican colleague—

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will please suspend. I believe—

Mr. SAMUELSON. I am responding to the gentleman from York—

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will suspend.

The good gentleman has gone far afield on the underlying components of the amendment. The comments the gentleman is referring to were appropriately corrected as well. I will give the same admonition to you, sir, that I gave to the prior speaker. Please stay on the amendment and do not go to motive.

Mr. SAMUELSON. Okay. I would like to conclude by saying that the gentleman from York and I have known each other for 30 years. We were both involved in the Jaycees; in fact, he was our statewide president. In fact, back in those days he used to send me things through the United States mail and I used to get them on time, thank you very much. But I have to say, if you are going to stand here and say that the postal service has not been changed, has not been threatened, you are putting your head in the sand. We should all stand together and say the postal service is an essential American service. We should all stand together and defend the postal service and oppose the cutbacks.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Prior to recognizing the next speaker, though, I would encourage the members to please limit the debate to the underlying amendment and not a debate on the U.S. Postal Service and the debate that is going on in Washington DC. That is a Federal issue, and I would ask the members stay focused on this amendment and what it does in terms of our voting laws.

On that, I will now recognize the gentleman Representative Kenyatta.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. DERMODY. Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. Yes.

Mr. DERMODY. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, we did not start this, and they opened the door on the United States Postal Service. If they want to have this discussion, and that is part of this debate right now, I think we ought to be able to do it.

The SPEAKER. To my good friend, the leader, I would simply point out that while the door was open, the gentleman was corrected; an opportunity was given for a response, and that gentleman was also corrected. I would ask the members to stay on the underlying debate. I recognize that this can be a very contentious issue, but as I mentioned this morning, I think that even as a diverse body, we can work through some difficult issues. I would ask to please stay focused on the amendment.

We will now proceed to Representative Kenyatta. I apologize.

Mr. KENYATTA. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This actually should not be a contentious issue. It should be a bipartisan issue to allow every Pennsylvanian to have access to their fundamental right to vote. This should not be a contentious issue. The maker of this amendment talked about us working together. In the committee hearing, when this bill was initially brought up, there was a promise that over the summer we would get together over Zoom or wherever we had to talk about how to make the process fairer and more accessible. But what this amendment does is make the process inaccessible for Pennsylvanians, and unfortunately, it has been driven by national politics. Unfortunately, it has been driven by a President that wants to make people feel – you can boo if you want. That is okay; that is okay.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will please suspend. The gentleman will suspend. Prior to this speaker, two other speakers have been counseled to please stay on the amendment and to stay away from motive. I will give the same direction to you. Please stay focused on the amendment.

Mr. KENYATTA. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

This amendment should be a bipartisan amendment. Unfortunately, it is not. And maybe I am not allowed to talk about it, but if anybody has two eyes and two ears, they know why this amendment is being moved. I also think the gentleman from York, the chairman of the Appropriations Committee, said that talking about the postal service is diminishing people's faith in our election, but what is actually diminishing people's faith in our election are these unsupported accusations of voter fraud when none exist. Where are the accusations of voter fraud? None exist. There is a lawsuit right now in Federal court where a Federal judge asked, asked to show where is voter fraud, and there is none.

And so let me talk about what this amendment will do. Taking away the drop boxes will mean that less people, not more, vote. That is the reality. Allowing people to come from counties all across the Commonwealth into places like Philadelphia, which is what this exception is created to do, will try to have the intended effect of trying to intimidate people from using their right to vote. We have seen these tactics before. That is why the Voting Rights Act struck down a lot of these things, including allowing people

to come from out of county, standing at ballot locations that have nothing to do with them, trying to intimidate people. And so if folks want a free and fair process, let us have an amendment that allows everybody to vote, that makes it as easy as possible for people to vote. That is the American thing to do. That is what we ought to be doing instead of this red meat nonsense.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes Representative Ciresi.

Mr. CIRESI. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I also want to thank the gentleman that just spoke from Philadelphia with the passion that he spoke with, and what he discussed is what we were told in committee. And there is a disappointment, I think, among the committee members that we did not have this opportunity to discuss this bill all summer long, and here we are almost 60 days from one of the biggest elections we have ever seen as a nation, and again we are here debating on what we are going to do about election systems.

The boxes around Montgomery County worked. There was a security guard at every one of them. They were lit. There were hours. They were put in a secured location. I dropped my ballot in the box, and the next day I found out it was at the county. They sent me an e-mail. It was handled right, and no one knew whether they were Democrats, Republicans, or Independents who were at those ballot boxes, but we gave people an opportunity that they did not have before. We gave people an opportunity who may have feared COVID, who were not going to go to the polls and who really did not want to mail it but wanted to put it in that ballot box. This is something that we need to make sure stays. And I understand what some of the arguments are that we have to go through and clean this up, but again, we are about 60 days out from this election. We are going to confuse the electorate more and more and more by keep changing this. And when this bill passed on this floor, we all voted on it and agreed on it. Now we are 60 days out, and all of a sudden, we have an issue with this and we need to change it again. So we confuse the people more and more and more.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes Representative Everett for the second time.

Mr. EVERETT. Okay. I would like to come back around to the amendment which we are going to consider, and that counties and election officials – and I mentioned it when we started – asked us to do a number of things. We are doing many of them in this amendment which we will turn into the bill. We are going to reduce late-arriving and uncounted ballots. Okay? We are going to do that by extending out the period that you have to request your mail-in ballot 15 days in advance. That is going to give USPS and our county election officials the time to turn them around, get them out; mail-in ballot goes back in the mailbox, gets back, gets counted. That is what was envisioned when we enacted mail-in balloting. This amendment will address that.

We also – everybody agrees that we want to get results on election day, or as soon as possible. We are allowing for that by pre-canvassing. Everybody wanted that. People wanted more pre-canvassing than maybe this amendment allows, but there are a lot of people that did not want any pre-canvassing. We arrived at a compromise – that compromise thing that everybody always says that we should be doing. This is a compromise amendment that addresses issues brought up by everybody from both sides of the aisle.

Everybody thinks we should have secure elections. This amendment addresses election security by putting videos of canvassing and pre-canvassing and putting more eyes on the process. And it also addresses other security concerns. It makes it easier for counties to have sufficient poll workers. And one of those things it allows to do is if you cannot get poll workers from inside your county, you can get poll workers from outside the county. And everybody is always for visibility and transparency, but I guess they do not want visibility and transparency everywhere. Well, I do. I want visibility and transparency across the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and this amendment allows that. And as far as us now making drop boxes illegal, drop boxes were never legal. They were never in the Election Code. We are not taking away something that somebody had. We are taking away – we are allowing other ways to vote. And I will stress, and something that I failed to mention the first time around, is every mail-in ballot will have prepaid postage. Prepaid postage, get your mail-in ballot, mark it, seal it, drop it in the mailbox, everything is fine. You are done. Oh, but we also are going to provide some other things, that you can take it to your county election office, you can take it to your county courthouse, or you could even take it to your polling place. Drop boxes are unnecessary and were never envisioned when we enacted mail-in balloting in Pennsylvania. We have got that covered. So I would just want to say that this was— I took ideas, we took ideas, from everywhere – from the counties, from the election officials, from CCAP, from members – and we arrived at a negotiated amendment, and I would ask for a "yes" vote.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Generally, as expressed earlier, it is the courtesy to allow the maker of the amendment to speak last, but I missed Representative Boyle before, so I wanted to explain why I was coming back to him.

And at this time the Chair recognizes Representative Boyle.

Mr. BOYLE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I believe if the majority party believed that drop boxes were not legalized through the changes in Act 77, it would not be in this bill right now. Obviously, there is a reason why it is in the bill. And then furthermore, I think the courts would chime in and let us know and prevent usage of the drop boxes.

There was one point that the majority chairman of the Appropriations Committee made that I just need to respond to, and it was in relation to the USPS having \$13 billion cash on hand. What he neglected to include in that description is that most of those funds deal with the absolutely unprecedented way that the USPS has to fund future pension obligations. This is not money that is readily available to the USPS. So I believe that the record should be corrected on that.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—108

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Roae
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rothman
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Rowe
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Ryan
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Sankey
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Saylor
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schemel
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schmitt
Causar	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Schroeder
Cook	Hershey	Moul	Simmons
Cox	Hickernell	Murt	Sonney
Culver	Irvin	Mustello	Staats
Davanzo	James	Nelson	Struzzi
Day	Jones	O'Neal	Thomas
Delozier	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Tobash
Diamond	Kail	Oritay	Toepel
Dowling	Kaufer	Owlett	Tomlinson
Dunbar	Kauffman	Peifer	Toohil
Dush	Keefer	Pickett	Topper
Ecker	Keller	Polinchock	Warner
Emrick	Klunk	Puskaric	Wentling
Everett	Knowles	Pyle	Wheeland
Farry	Lawrence	Quinn	White
Fee	Lewis	Rader	Zimmerman
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rapp	
Gabler	Mako	Reese	Cutler,
Gaydos	Maloney	Rigby	Speaker
Gillen	Marshall		

NAYS—94

Bizzarro	Donatucci	Kosierowski	Readshaw
Boyle	Driscoll	Krueger	Roebuck
Bradford	Evans	Kulik	Rozzi
Briggs	Fiedler	Lee	Sainato
Bullock	Fitzgerald	Longietti	Samuelson
Burgos	Flynn	Madden	Sanchez
Burns	Frankel	Malagari	Sappey
Caltagirone	Freeman	Markosek	Schlossberg
Carroll	Gainey	Matzie	Schweyer
Cephas	Galloway	McCarter	Shusterman
Ciresi	Goodman	McClinton	Sims
Comitta	Green	McNeill	Snyder
Conklin	Hanbidge	Merski	Solomon
Cruz	Harkins	Miller, D.	Stephens
Daley	Harris	Mullery	Sturla
Davidson	Hohenstein	Mullins	Ullman
Davis, A.	Howard	Neilson	Vitali
Davis, T.	Innamorato	O'Mara	Warren
Dawkins	Isaacson	Otten	Webster
Deasy	Kenyatta	Pashinski	Wheatley
DeLissio	Kim	Petrarca	Williams
Delloso	Kinsey	Rabb	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kirkland	Ravenstahl	Zabel
Dermody	Kortz		

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Bill as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The bill as amended will be reprinted.

CALENDAR CONTINUED

BILL ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 1566, PN 1980**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 63 (Professions and Occupations (State Licensed)) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in powers and duties of the Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs, further providing for civil penalties.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

Mr. **KORTZ** offered the following amendment No. **A06875**:

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 8, by striking out "the act of July 2, 1993 (P.L.345, No.48), entitled "An" in line 1, all of lines 2 through 7 and "suspension,"" in line 8 and inserting

Title 63 (Professions and Occupations (State Licensed)) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in powers and duties of the Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs,

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 11 through 18, by striking out "5(b) of the act of July 2, 1993 (P.L.345," in line 11, all of lines 12 through 17 and "suspension,"" in line 18 and inserting

3108(b) of Title 63 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, added July 1, 2020 (P.L.575, No.53),

Amend Bill, page 1, line 19, by striking out "Section 5" and inserting
§ 3108

Amend Bill, page 2, line 2, by inserting after "the" where it occurs the first time
licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 2, by inserting after "and" where it occurs the second time
licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 3, by striking out "Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs" and inserting
bureau

Amend Bill, page 2, line 4, by inserting after "acts,"
licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 4, by inserting after "and"
licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 11, by inserting after "or" where it occurs the second time

licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 13, by inserting after "or"

licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 16, by inserting after "or"

licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 16, by striking out "provided that" and inserting

if

Amend Bill, page 2, line 18, by inserting after "or"

licensing

Amend Bill, page 2, line 24, by striking out "section 1 of the act" and inserting

63 Pa.C.S. § 3102

Amend Bill, page 2, line 25, by striking out "section 5(b)(8) of the act" and inserting
63 Pa.C.S. § 3108(b)(8)

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Kortz.

Mr. KORTZ. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I offer this amendment. It is technical in nature. It will modify the proper act.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—202

Barrar	Fiedler	Lee	Reese
Benninghoff	Fitzgerald	Lewis	Rigby
Bernstine	Flynn	Longietti	Roae
Bizzarro	Frankel	Mackenzie	Roebuck
Boback	Freeman	Madden	Rothman
Bonner	Fritz	Mako	Rowe
Borowicz	Gabler	Malagari	Rozzi
Boyle	Gainey	Maloney	Ryan
Bradford	Galloway	Markosek	Sainato
Briggs	Gaydos	Marshall	Samuelson
Brooks	Gillen	Masser	Sanchez
Brown	Gillespie	Matzie	Sankey
Bullock	Gleim	McCarter	Sappey
Burgos	Goodman	McClinton	Saylor
Burns	Green	McNeill	Schemel
Caltagirone	Gregory	Mehaffie	Schlossberg
Carroll	Greiner	Mentzer	Schmitt
Causar	Grove	Merski	Schroeder
Cephas	Hahn	Metcalfe	Schweyer
Ciresi	Hanbidge	Metzgar	Shusterman
Comitta	Harkins	Mihalek	Simmons
Conklin	Harris	Millard	Sims
Cook	Heffley	Miller, B.	Snyder
Cox	Helm	Miller, D.	Solomon
Cruz	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Sonney
Culver	Hershey	Moul	Staats
Daley	Hickernell	Mullery	Stephens
Davanzo	Hohenstein	Mullins	Struzzi
Davidson	Howard	Murt	Sturla
Davis, A.	Innamorato	Mustello	Thomas
Davis, T.	Irvin	Neilson	Tobash
Dawkins	Isaacson	Nelson	Toepel
Day	James	O'Mara	Tomlinson
Deasy	Jones	O'Neal	Toohil

DeLissio	Jozwiak	Oberlander	Topper
Delloso	Kail	Ortitay	Ullman
Delozier	Kaufner	Otten	Vitali
DeLuca	Kauffman	Owlett	Warner
Dermody	Keefer	Pashinski	Warren
Diamond	Keller	Peifer	Webster
Donatucci	Kenyatta	Petrarca	Wentling
Dowling	Kim	Pickett	Wheatley
Driscoll	Kinsey	Polinchock	Wheeland
Dunbar	Kirkland	Puskaric	White
Dush	Klunk	Pyle	Williams
Ecker	Knowles	Quinn	Youngblood
Emrick	Kortz	Rabb	Zabel
Evans	Kosierowski	Rader	Zimmerman
Everett	Krueger	Rapp	
Farry	Kulik	Ravenstahl	Cutler,
Fee	Lawrence	Readshaw	Speaker

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Mr. **LAWRENCE** offered the following amendment No. **A05877**:

Amend Bill, page 1, line 11, by striking out "5(b)" and inserting 5(b)(7)

Amend Bill, page 1, line 18, by inserting after "amended" and the subsection is amended

Amend Bill, page 2, by inserting between lines 6 and 7

(7) To deny, suspend or revoke a license, registration, certification or permit for failure to pay any penalty, fee, interest or cost assessed as a result of a disciplinary proceeding before a licensing board or commission[.], except that under no circumstance shall a board or commission levy a civil penalty or deny, suspend or revoke a license, registration, certification or permit solely because of action taken by a licensee contrary to the declaration of disaster emergency issued by the Governor on March 6, 2020, published at 50 Pa.B. 1644 (March 21, 2020), and any renewal of the state of disaster emergency.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?

The SPEAKER. On that question, the Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Lawrence.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I rise to offer amendment A5877 to this bill. This amendment deals with an issue important at some point to every Pennsylvanian: how we handle discipline of licensed professionals.

Mr. Speaker, as you will recall, several months ago, for months, barbers and other licensed individuals across the Commonwealth were required to close their premises by order of His Excellency, the Governor. Now, since hair continued to grow in spite of the Governor's orders, illicit haircuts without proper safety protocols started to crop up all over the State.

A licensed barber in central Pennsylvania – a barber, I might add, who is trained in infectious diseases and how to handle them – received a letter from the Pennsylvania Office of General Counsel. This letter states, in part, and I am quoting directly from the letter:

"The Prosecution Division of the Department of State's Office of Chief Counsel...has received complaints filed against" your barber shop "based upon allegations that you and your shop are failing to abide by the Governor's Orders to cease non-life-sustaining operations.... Please note that investigations by this office are confidential and privileged.... This office is prohibited...from disclosing anything other than the final outcome of our investigation to you. Therefore, this office cannot provide you with a more detailed explanation of evidence gathered during investigations.... Be advised that if you continue operating in violation of the Governor's Order that could result in the filing of formal charges against you, which could result in the suspension or revocation of your license(s), up to a \$10,000 civil penalty per violation, and the imposition of the costs of investigation...."

Now, Mr. Speaker, this letter was received by a small business owner directly from the State Office of General Counsel. Imagine receiving such a letter. A government attorney is telling you they are investigating you, a confidential investigation based on allegations from an anonymous source. You have no ability to learn who made the allegation, what the allegation even is, what evidence has been gathered, or what the evidence even is, but you will be informed of the outcome of the investigation, which could result in the revocation of your license, a \$10,000 civil penalty per violation, and you will have to pay for the State's costs of the secret investigation made into your own business.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I would like to refer to the Pennsylvania licensing act for barbers, the Barbers' License Law of 1931. The act contains some pretty specific provisions regarding the manner in which barbers must practice. Specifically, section 9 of the Act states, and I am quoting directly from the act:

"The board" – the barbers board – "may suspend or revoke any license granted by the department under this act to any person who...imparts any contagious or infectious disease to any recipient of such person's services as a barber...."

The law goes on to say that the barber's license can be revoked for a year and establishes specific provisions for an appeals process. Importantly, the Barbers' License Law states, quote, "Before any such license shall be suspended or revoked for any of the reasons contained in this section, the holder thereof shall have notice in writing of the charge or charges against him or her, and shall be given a public hearing before a duly authorized representative of the board with a full opportunity to produce testimony in his or her behalf and to confront the witnesses against him or her...."

So let us contrast the two different approaches here. The Office of Chief Counsel's approach is to launch a secret investigation based on anonymous information, the details of which are, quote, "confidential and privileged," which may result in you losing your license for an indefinite period of time, paying a civil fine, and paying for the costs of the State's secret investigation against you for violating an order of the Governor. The Barbers' License Law approach is very different. The law is clear. If a barber runs a slipshod operation that leads to the spread of infectious disease, the barber's licensing board can take action. But there is no secrecy. The barber is entitled to have notice of

the charges against him in writing. There is a public hearing. There is an opportunity for testimony for and against the barber and an opportunity to confront witnesses. If the charge has merit, the barber can lose his license.

Mr. Speaker, I ask the chamber today, which procedure do we prefer: secret investigations, anonymous allegations, confidential and privileged; or charges in writing, public hearing, testimony, opportunity to confront witnesses, and a penalty for those found guilty?

Now, Mr. Speaker, this is not just about barbers. Every licensing board – doctors, dentists, architects, engineers, hair braiders – every licensing board in the State has a process and a procedure to deal with licensees who act in bad faith, bad judgment, or worse. These are well-established procedures that have served the State well for decades. But now we are faced with a new approach from the Governor's Office: listen to what I say or face a secret investigation that you will pay for in more ways than one.

Now, the amendment before the House today provides us with an opportunity to speak into this situation. It states that a licensee cannot lose their license solely for action taken contrary to the Governor's March order. If a reckless licensee engages in behavior that puts the public at risk, including the spread of COVID-19, penalties with proper due process already exist in the law, and I might add, the licensing boards must be vigilant in this area as the spread of COVID-19 is a grave concern.

We cannot condone the Office of Chief Counsel's approach for a host of reasons. I encourage an affirmative vote on amendment 5877.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Rothman, on the amendment. The gentleman waives off. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman, Representative Kortz, on the amendment—

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. Please suspend, Representative Kortz.

Representative Harris, for what reason do you rise?

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, does this amendment violate rule 27, where it says, "Any member may move to amend a bill or resolution, provided the proposed amendment is germane to the subject...?"

The SPEAKER. We do believe the manner in which the amendment is drafted is consistent with being germane or in the single subject. If the gentleman disagrees, you may certainly make a motion to that effect.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

We are just looking for consistent rulings on issues such as these.

The SPEAKER. I would offer to the gentleman that we are being consistent on the underlying amendments and rules, and as a matter of fact, we have invited both leaders and their staffs tomorrow to discuss in-order and out-of-order amendments at further detail because we have noticed an inordinate amount of amendments offered by both sides being drafted that are not consistent with that rule, and we are going to try to corral that back.

The manner in which the gentleman drafted this amendment, though, in the way that it reads, is consistent in the underlying bill, and the provisions that are outlined in the amendment deal specifically with license suspension; whereas some of the other amendments offered today were inconsistent with the underlying or original purpose of the bill and went beyond the original purpose, and for that reason, those were ruled out of order. But that subject matter, as previously discussed, was already scheduled to be discussed later tomorrow or possibly Thursday, depending on the leaders' and their staffs' availability.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The Chair now recognizes the gentleman, Representative Kortz, on the amendment.

Mr. KORTZ. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the good gentleman's intent and I understand his concern. Mr. Speaker, this bill is laser-focused on giving advisory opinions from the boards. That is what the focus is. That is the intent. The intent is not about suspending licenses and getting into a sidebar issue.

Mr. Speaker, right now the business community wants this amendment passed. This is a business-friendly bill. The certified public accountants want this passed. The Pennsylvania Medical Society wants this passed. The Pennsylvania Cemetery Cremation and Funeral Association wants this passed. Jefferson Cemetery wants this passed. Mr. Speaker, this is a business-friendly bill.

And again, while I understand the good gentleman's intent, I hate to say it, but in all reality, if this language goes in and it goes to this Governor's desk, you and I both know he is going to veto it and then we have got to wait another 2 years to try to get this advisory opinion forward.

Now, look, I have voted many times over the past 6 months in efforts to end what is going on here by this Governor. You all know that. This bill particularly is focused on advisory opinions. It is a business-friendly bill, and respectfully, I would request a "no" vote on this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The gentleman, Representative Harris, is recognized for comments on the amendment.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to oppose amendment 05877, which will prevent the Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs from its most basic duties: protecting the health and safety of the public, as well as professionals that they license. On any day, preventing the BPOA from these basic duties is dangerous, but to do so during a pandemic is life-threatening.

In the wake of COVID-19, we have encountered challenge after challenge, but each of these challenges was met with the most important goal in mind: keeping everyone safe. This amendment encourages licensed professionals to break the law and to violate the terms of their licenses. A time like this requires the greatest cooperation and compliance possible from professionals and the public. We need to work together and stop entertaining unhelpful distractions like this. I ask for all members to vote "no" on this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Lawrence, on his amendment.

Mr. LAWRENCE. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The bill deals very specifically with powers of disciplinary boards. As I outlined in my remarks, and with great respect to the minority whip who just said that my amendment encouraged licensees to break the law, I completely disagree with that. This does not encourage licensees to break the law. This amendment has everything to do, as I outlined in my comments, with what the process will be if a – I used the example of a barber, but it could be any licensee who is suspected of spreading COVID-19. And I do not want to go over all of my comments again, but the letter that was received by this barber from the General Counsel's Office alluded to – it did not allude to, it stated that these are confidential and privileged matters. It is an anonymous allegation, the investigation; they cannot even find out what the investigation is up against them. There is already a process in place, as I read directly out of the Barbers' Law. If a barber spreads an infectious disease, then there is a process in place, under law since 1931 in this Commonwealth, for them to be punished. But there is no secret about it. There are no anonymous allegations of secret investigation, confidential and privileged. There will be a public hearing where testimony is provided, an opportunity to confront witnesses, and a penalty if he or she is found guilty. That is the existing law.

Now, my amendment deals, strikes at the heart of what this proposal from the Office of General Counsel to this poor barber – \$10,000, and you are not even, you do not have access to our investigation, but you are going to pay for it, in addition to a \$10,000 fine per instance.

Mr. Speaker, I just respectfully disagree with the previous speaker's comments and would encourage, strongly encourage an affirmative vote on 5877.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman and recognizes the gentleman, Leader Benninghoff, on the amendment.

Mr. BENNINGHOFF. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Very briefly, I just rise to support this amendment. I think it is very well thought out by the gentleman who is offering that. In a State that has got almost 3 1/2 million people unemployed, such punitive measures without someone having the knowledge of who is accusing them of something and having true due process is ridiculous, and I think the gentleman is trying to rectify that. I would ask our members to support this. Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

(Members proceeded to vote.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman, Representative Oberlander.

Ms. OBERLANDER. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the lady and recognizes the gentleman, Representative Harris.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The electronic board is accurate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

The following roll call was recorded:

YEAS—114

Barrar	Gillespie	Masser	Roae
Benninghoff	Gleim	Mehaffie	Rothman
Bernstine	Gregory	Mentzer	Rowe
Boback	Greiner	Metcalfe	Ryan
Bonner	Grove	Metzgar	Sankey
Borowicz	Hahn	Mihalek	Saylor
Brooks	Heffley	Millard	Schemel
Brown	Helm	Miller, B.	Schmitt
Burns	Hennessey	Mizgorski	Schroeder
Causser	Hershey	Moul	Simmons
Cook	Hickernell	Mullery	Snyder
Cox	Irvin	Murt	Sonney
Culver	James	Mustello	Staats
Davanzo	Jones	Nelson	Stephens
Day	Jozwiak	O'Neal	Struzzi
Delozier	Kail	Oberlander	Thomas
Diamond	Kaufner	Oritay	Tobash
Dowling	Kauffman	Owlett	Toepel
Dunbar	Keefer	Peifer	Tomlinson
Dush	Keller	Petrarca	Toohil
Ecker	Klunk	Pickett	Topper
Emrick	Knowles	Polinchock	Warner
Everett	Kulik	Puskaric	Wentling
Farry	Lawrence	Pyle	Wheeland
Fee	Lewis	Quinn	White
Fritz	Mackenzie	Rader	Zimmerman
Gabler	Mako	Rapp	
Gaydos	Maloney	Reese	Cutler,
Gillen	Marshall	Rigby	Speaker

NAYS—88

Bizzarro	Dermody	Kinsey	Ravenstahl
Boyle	Donatucci	Kirkland	Readshaw
Bradford	Driscoll	Kortz	Roebuck
Briggs	Evans	Kosierowski	Rozzi
Bullock	Fiedler	Krueger	Sainato
Burgos	Fitzgerald	Lee	Samuelson
Caltagirone	Flynn	Longietti	Sanchez
Carroll	Frankel	Madden	Sappey
Cephas	Freeman	Malagari	Schlossberg
Ciresi	Gainey	Markosek	Schweyer
Comitta	Galloway	Matzie	Shusterman
Conklin	Goodman	McCarter	Sims
Cruz	Green	McClinton	Solomon
Daley	Hanbidge	McNeill	Sturla
Davidson	Harkins	Merski	Ullman
Davis, A.	Harris	Miller, D.	Vitali
Davis, T.	Hohenstein	Mullins	Warren
Dawkins	Howard	Neilson	Webster
Deasy	Innamorato	O'Mara	Wheatley
DeLissio	Isaacson	Otten	Williams
Delloso	Kenyatta	Pashinski	Youngblood
DeLuca	Kim	Rabb	Zabel

NOT VOTING—0

EXCUSED—0

The majority having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendment was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

The SPEAKER. It is the Chair's understanding that two late-filed amendments, amendments 6957 and 6958, have been withdrawn. The Chair thanks the members.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration as amended?

Bill as amended was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The bill as amended will be reprinted.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. For the benefit of the members, there will be no further votes this evening. There are several members who have requested to speak under unanimous consent on either resolutions or bills that have passed previously, so we will be keeping the desk open for that.

And as a reminder to the members, session tomorrow morning will begin at 10, as originally announced, which I know is a faster or earlier start time than previously.

The Chair now recognizes the gentlewoman from York County, Representative Keefer, for comments on HR 956. The gentlelady waives off. The Chair thanks Representative Keefer.

STATEMENT BY MR. GABLER

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes Representative Gabler on passage of HB 1954, under unanimous consent.

Mr. GABLER. Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker.

I want to rise and thank my colleagues for your unanimous support of HB 1954, which proposes to name the U.S. Route 219 bridge over Elk Creek and the Borough of Ridgway, as the "Elk County Vietnam Veterans Memorial Bridge."

As we are all aware, the veterans in the Vietnam war were notoriously underappreciated for their service and for their sacrifice. During this difficult and complicated time in our nation's history, these soldiers, sailors, airmen, and marines answered the call to serve, and in so doing, they accepted the consequences of that service. Agent Orange, PTSD (post-traumatic stress disorder), and other health problems plagued many of our Vietnam veterans who returned home, even to this day. But of course we offer special gratitude, recognition, and reverence toward our fallen comrades, those who gave their lives, paying the ultimate sacrifice while serving in our nation's military during the Vietnam war.

This bill honors the memory of all of the Elk County Vietnam veterans who are no longer with us, but the bill also specifically memorializes the eight individuals from Elk County who were killed in action or killed in service while serving during the Vietnam war. It is fitting that we ensure that they are never forgotten: Larry Wayne Gardner, U.S. Marine Corps; John Paul Paropacic, U.S. Marine Corps; Robert Glenn Willow, U.S. Marine Corps; John Ellsworth Showers, Jr., U.S. Army; Michael Gigliotti, U.S. Army; Paul Eugene Yonkie, U.S. Air Force; Jerome Robert Sain, U.S. Army; and Jerome Edward Bowers, Jr., U.S. Army.

I also want to thank the local and community leaders who came forward to make this bill possible. As State Representative, I am honored to put forth this bridge-naming proposal in the same manner in which I have offered each similar commemoration, and that is at the specific request of the community where the bridge is located. I want to thank the Borough of Ridgway; the Ridgeway VFW (Veterans of Foreign Wars) Hall-Moore-Starner Post 5887; the Elk County Department of Veterans' Affairs, and specifically, Director Leslie Neal; and the Elk County Commissioners, including former commissioners Dan Freeburg and Janis Kemmer, and the current commissioners, Matt Quesenberry, Joe Dagher, and Fritz Lecker.

I look forward to continuing to work with our Senate colleagues and the Governor to finish the work on this appropriate and fitting commemoration of these great Americans.

Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

STATEMENT BY MR. KAIL

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes Representative Kail under unanimous consent for birthday wishes.

Mr. KAIL. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I just rise today to wish my daughter, Petra, a happy birthday. She turned 4 today. I just wanted to say happy birthday, Petra. I love you and I will see you tomorrow.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

STATEMENT BY MR. RYAN

The SPEAKER. The Chair now recognizes the gentleman, Representative Ryan, under unanimous consent.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Speaker, thank you very much.

It is with great pleasure that I announce that we heard today that my daughter-in-law, Maj. Gosia Ryan, was just selected for lieutenant colonel in the United States Army Reserve, and we are so unbelievably proud of her.

And then a second piece of good news in the Ryan family, my daughter, Katrina Johnstonbaugh, was today recognized as a "Healthcare Hero" by ABC27 News. She is a nurse practitioner for UPMC (University of Pittsburgh Medical Center). So I want to congratulate both.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

BILLS RECOMMITTED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that the following bills be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations:

HB 1566;
HB 2123;
HB 2579;
HB 2626;
HB 2787; and
HB 2788.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND CONSIDERATION

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 1633, PN 2185**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 23 (Domestic Relations) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in child protective services, further providing for employees having contact with children; adoptive and foster parents.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

BILL TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 1633 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Motion was agreed to.

BILL REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 1633 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Motion was agreed to.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 247, PN 999**, entitled:

An Act amending Title 58 (Oil and Gas) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in development, further providing for well permits.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

BILL TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 247 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Motion was agreed to.

BILL REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 247 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2386, PN 3858**, entitled:

An Act providing for business interruption insurance assistance and for powers and duties of the Department of Community and Economic Development.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

BILL TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2386 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

BILL REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2386 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2187, PN 3797**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, No.21), known as the Human Services Code, in children and youth, providing for Statewide children's mental health ombudsman.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

BILL TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2187 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

BILL REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2187 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

The House proceeded to second consideration of **HB 2331, PN 3436**, entitled:

An Act amending the act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, No.21), known as the Human Services Code, in mental health: departmental powers and duties, commissioner of mental health, interstate compact, reciprocal agreements, research foundation, providing for mental health care services clearinghouse; and making an editorial change.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on second consideration?

BILL TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2331 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

BILL REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HB 2331 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTIONS

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 702, PN 3220**, entitled:

A Resolution designating the month of October 2020 as "Halloween Safety Month" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 702 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 702 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 704, PN 3222**, entitled:

A Resolution recognizing November 1, 2020, as "National Family Literacy Day" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 704 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 704 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 748, PN 3319**, entitled:

A Resolution designating November 19, 2020, as "Children's Grief Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 748 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 748 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 781, PN 3390**, entitled:

A Resolution designating April 21, 2020, as "Court Appointed Special Advocates Day" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 781 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 781 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 782, PN 3391**, entitled:

A Resolution designating the month of March 2020 as "Youth Art Month" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 782 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 782 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 793, PN 3403**, entitled:

A Resolution designating October 5, 2020, as "Anti-bullying Awareness Day" in Pennsylvania in support of those working hard to raise awareness of bullying and prevent its occurrence.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 793 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 793 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 822, PN 3480**, entitled:

A Resolution designating the month of April 2020 as "Child Abuse Prevention Month" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 822 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 822 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

* * *

Mr. BENNINGHOFF called up **HR 886, PN 3825**, entitled:

A Resolution recognizing May 25, 2020, as "National Missing Children's Day" in Pennsylvania.

On the question,
Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION TABLED

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 886 be removed from the active calendar and placed on the tabled calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REMOVED FROM TABLE

The SPEAKER. The majority leader moves that HR 886 be removed from the tabled calendar and placed on the active calendar.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS PASSED OVER

The SPEAKER. Without objection, all remaining bills and resolutions on today's calendar will be passed over. The Chair hears no objection.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER. The Speaker is in receipt of a motion. Moved by Representative Lawrence that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, September 2, 2020, at 10 a.m., e.d.t., unless sooner recalled by the Speaker.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Motion was agreed to, and at 6:37 p.m., e.d.t., the House adjourned.