AN ACT

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. Title 35 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended by adding a part to read:

PART VII

CANNABIS
Chapter 91. Adult Use of Cannabis

**CHAPTER 91**

ADULT USE OF CANNABIS

Subchapter

A. Preliminary Provisions
B. Lawful Use and Authority
C. Personal Use of Cannabis
D. Cannabis Regulatory Control Board
E. Social and Economic Equity
F. Regulation of Cannabis Business Establishments
G. Enforcement and Immunities
H. Laboratory Testing
I. Advertising, Marketing, Packaging and Labeling
J. Preparation, Destruction and Regulation of Cannabis and Cannabis-Infused Edible and Nonedible Products
K. Taxes
L. Cannabis Clean Slate
M. Miscellaneous Provisions

**SUBCHAPTER A**

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Sec.

9101. Scope of chapter.

9102. Definitions.

§ 9101. Scope of chapter.

This chapter relates to the adult use of marijuana in this Commonwealth.

§ 9102. Definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Adult use." Cannabis that can be purchased and consumed by
an individual 21 years of age and older.

"Adult use cultivation center." A facility operated by an
organization or business that is permitted by the board to
cultivate, process, transport and perform other necessary
activities to provide cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and
nonedible products to cannabis business establishments.

"Adult use cultivation center permit." A permit issued by
the board that permits an entity to act as a cultivation and
processing center under this chapter or any regulation
promulgated in accordance with this chapter and permits the
entity to offer home delivery services where cannabis and
cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, as approved by
the board, are delivered directly to a purchaser or patient.

"Advertise." To engage in promotional activities, including
through newspaper, radio, Internet and electronic media and
television advertising. The term includes the distribution of
fliers and circulars, billboard advertising and the display of
window signs. The term does not include interior dispensary
signage or exterior signage displaying the name of the permitted
cannabis business establishment.

"Agent" or "cannabis business establishment agent." A
principal officer, board member, employee or other agent of a
cannabis business establishment who is 21 years of age or older.

"Applicant." An individual or entity applying for a permit
under this chapter.

"Board." The Cannabis Regulatory Control Board established
under Subchapter D (relating to Cannabis Regulatory Control
"Cannabis." As follows:

(1) Any of the following:

(i) Marijuana, hashish or other substances that are identified as including any parts of the plant Cannabis sativa and including derivatives or subspecies, such as indica, of all strains of cannabis, whether growing or not, including the seeds, resin extracted from any part of the plant and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant. The term includes THC and all other naturally produced cannabinol derivatives, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction, including, delta-7 THC, delta-8 THC, delta-9 THC or any structural, optical or geometric isomers of tetrahydrocannabinol, cannabis flower, concentrate and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.

(ii) A product intended for human consumption with a THC concentration, however derived, greater than the allowable THC limit specified in this part.

(2) The term does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant or any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of germination or industrial hemp as defined in 3 Pa.C.S. § 702 (relating to definitions).

"Cannabis business establishment." An individual or entity holding a permit issued by the board to cultivate, process, dispense, infuse or transport cannabis, including a dispensing organization, adult use cultivation center, social and economic
equity dispensing organization charter permit holder or micro

cultivation center.

"Cannabis business establishment agent identification card"
or "agent identification card." An identification card held by
an authorized agent of a dispensing organization, social and
economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder,

micro cultivation center or adult use cultivation center.

"Cannabis concentrate." A product derived from cannabis that
is produced by extracting cannabinoids, including THC, with the
intended use of smoking, vaping or making a cannabis-infused
edible and nonedible product. The term includes a product
derived from cannabis that is produced by means of heat and
pressure or mechanical separations.

"Cannabis flower." Marijuana, hashish or other substances
identified as including any parts of the plant Cannabis sativa
and including derivatives or subspecies, such as indica, of all
strains of cannabis, including raw kief, leaves and buds. The
term does not include resin that has been extracted from any
part of the plant or any compound, manufacture, salt,
derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, the plant's
seeds or resin.

"Cannabis-infused edible product." A product meant to be
chewed, dissolved, taken sublingually or swallowed. The term
includes liquids, including beverages, food, oil, tincture,
capsule, tablet, gummies or other ingestible forms containing
cannabis or cannabis concentrate that are not intended to be
smoked or otherwise inhaled.

"Cannabis-infused nonedible product." A product meant to be
used topically or otherwise not intended to be ingested. The
term includes gels, creams, patches or ointments containing
cannabis or cannabis concentrate.

"Cannabis paraphernalia." Any equipment, product or material of any kind which is primarily intended or designed for any of the following:

1. Use in vaporizing, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product into the human body.

2. Preparing, storing or containing cannabis.

"Cannabis seed-to-sale tracking system" or "seed-to-sale tracking system." A system designated by the board as the system of record or a secondary electronic tracking system used by a cannabis business establishment or testing laboratory that meets all of the following criteria:

1. The system captures everything that happens to a cannabis plant from seed and cultivation through the growth, harvest and manufacturing of cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, including testing and transportation, to final sale.

2. The system uses unique-plant identification and unique-batch identification.

3. The system has the ability to track the involvement of an agent or permittee with cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.

4. The system is integrated with a secondary system used by a cannabis business establishment or a cannabis testing facility, if applicable, in a form and manner determined by the board.

5. The system allows for two-way communication, automation and a secure application-programming interface with a cannabis business establishment's enterprise resource.
planning, inventory, accounting and point-of-sale software.

(6) The system includes a secure application program interface capable of accessing all data required to be transmitted to the board to ensure compliance with the operational reporting requirements specified under this chapter or Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) and any regulations promulgated by the board.

"Cannabis testing facility." An entity registered by the board to test cannabis for potency and contaminants.

"Charter agreement." An agreement between a social and economic equity applicant and a dispensing organization in which the dispensing organization agrees to provide financial, mentorship, training, operational and other support to the social and economic equity applicant.

"Clone." A plant section from a female cannabis plant not yet root-bound, growing in a water solution or other propagation matrix, that can develop into a new plant.

"Curbside." The transfer or dispensing of cannabis or a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product by an employee of a cannabis business establishment to a vehicle located in the parking area or to an individual at the entrance of the facility.

"Dispensing organization" or "adult use dispensing organization." An organization, including a person, that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) The organization is permitted by the board to acquire cannabis from an adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center or other dispensary for the purpose of selling or dispensing cannabis, cannabis concentrates, cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, cannabis
seeds, paraphernalia or related supplies to purchasers under this chapter or to patients and caregivers under Chapter 93.

(2) The organization is a dual-use dispensary and authorized or permitted by the board to dispense medical marijuana under Chapter 93.

(3) The organization complies with provisions of Chapter 93.

"Dispensing organization permit." A permit issued by the board that allows a person to act as a dispensing organization under this chapter or any regulation promulgated in accordance with this chapter and Chapter 93.

"Disproportionately impacted area." A census tract that satisfies the criteria determined by the board and that meets at least one of the following criteria:

(1) The area has a poverty rate of at least 20% according to the most recent Federal decennial census.

(2) Seventy-five percent or more of the children in the area participate in the National School Lunch Program according to reported statistics from the State Board of Education.

(3) At least 20% of the households in the area receive assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.

(4) The area has an average unemployment rate, as determined by the Department of Labor and Industry, that is more than 120% of the national unemployment average as determined by the United States Department of Labor for a period of at least 12 consecutive calendar months preceding the date of the application for a permit under this chapter and has a high rate of arrest, conviction and incarceration.
related to the sale, possession, use, cultivation, manufacture or transport of cannabis.

"Enclosed, locked facility." A room, greenhouse, building or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only to cannabis business establishment agents working for the permitted cannabis business establishment or acting under this chapter to cultivate, process, store or distribute cannabis.

"Enclosed, locked space." Space within a facility, building or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only to authorized individuals under this chapter.

"Financial institution." As defined in section 3003.22(r) of the act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

"Flowering stage." The stage of cultivation where and when a cannabis plant is cultivated to produce plant material for a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product. The term includes mature plants if any of the following apply:

(1) More than two stigmas are visible at each internode of the plant.

(2) The cannabis plant is in an area that has been intentionally deprived of light for a period of time intended to produce flower buds and induce maturation, from the moment the light deprivation began through the remainder of the cannabis plant growth cycle.

"Limited access area." A room or other area under the control of a dispensing organization where cannabis sales occur with access limited to individuals who are 21 years of age or older and qualified patients and caregivers or other individuals
as determined by the board's regulations.

"Medical marijuana grower/processor." The term shall have the same meaning as grower/processor as defined in section 9303 (relating to definitions).

"Medical marijuana organization." As defined in section 9303.

"Member of an impacted family." An individual who has a parent, legal guardian, child, spouse or dependent or was a dependent of an individual who, prior to the effective date of this definition, was arrested for, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any offense that is eligible for expungement under section 9199.11(b) (relating to cannabis clean slate).

"Micro cultivation center." A facility operated by an individual or entity that is permitted to cultivate, dry, cure and package cannabis and perform other necessary activities to make cannabis available for sale at a dispensing organization.

"Micro cultivation center permit." An authorization issued by the board to an individual or entity to conduct activities of a micro cultivation center under this chapter.

"Minority-owned business." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b) (relating to diverse business participation).

"Nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processor." A permitted medical marijuana grower/processor in good-standing under Chapter 93 that is not affiliated with another entity permitted under Chapter 93 and for which there is no common or shared ownership with a medical marijuana dispensary permitted under the laws of this Commonwealth. For the purpose of this definition, common or shared ownership is a direct or indirect financial, managerial or other interest in a medical marijuana dispensary.
"Ordinary public view." Within the sight line of a normal visual range of an individual, unassisted by visual aids, from a public street or sidewalk adjacent to real property or from within an adjacent property.

"Ownership and control." Ownership of at least 51% of a business, including corporate stock if a corporation, and control over the management and day-to-day operations of the business and an interest in the capital, assets, profits and losses of the business proportionate to the percentage of ownership.

"Patient." As defined in section 9303.

"Permit." An authorization issued by the board to a cannabis business establishment to conduct activities under this chapter.

"Permittee." An individual or entity granted a permit under this chapter.

"Person." An individual, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint venture, public or private corporation, limited liability company or a receiver, executor, trustee, guardian or other representative appointed by order of a court.

"Possession limit." The amount of adult use cannabis that may be possessed at any one time by an individual 21 years of age or older, not including an individual who is a patient or caregiver under Chapter 93.

"Principal officer." Any of the following:

(1) An officer, director or person who directly owns more than a 1% beneficial interest or ownership of the securities of a cannabis business establishment applicant or permittee or more than a 10% beneficial interest or ownership of the securities of a cannabis business establishment.
applicant or permittee that is a publicly traded company.

(2) A person who has a controlling interest in a cannabis business establishment applicant or permittee or who has the ability to elect the majority of the board of directors of a cannabis business establishment applicant or permittee.

(3) A person who otherwise controls a cannabis business establishment applicant or permittee, not including a financial institution.

"Purchaser." An individual 21 years of age or older who acquires cannabis for consideration. The term does not include a cannabis business establishment agent identification card holder as used in accordance with Chapter 93.

"Remediation." The reprocessing of a manufactured cannabis-infused product batch that has failed laboratory testing conducted by a cannabis testing facility or the processing of a harvest batch that has failed laboratory testing conducted by a cannabis testing facility.

"Restricted access area." An area of a permitted cannabis business establishment where only cannabis business establishment agents are allowed, with limited exceptions.

"Smoking." The inhalation of smoke caused by the combustion of cannabis. The smoking of cannabis shall be permitted anywhere cigarette smoking is permitted. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to require a person or establishment in lawful possession of property to allow a guest, client, lessee, purchaser or visitor to use cannabis on or in that property, including on land owned in whole or in part or managed in whole or in part by the Commonwealth.

"Social and economic equity applicant." An applicant that
does not generate an annual income of more than $75,000 or have financial assets exceeding $250,000 and meets any of the following criteria:

(1) Is comprised of at least 75% ownership and control by one or more individuals who have resided for at least five of the preceding 10 years in a disproportionately impacted area in this Commonwealth.

(2) Is comprised of at least 75% ownership and control by one or more individuals who are residents of this Commonwealth and:

(i) have been arrested for, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for an offense that is eligible for expungement under this chapter; or

(ii) are members of an impacted family.

"Social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit." A dispensing organization permit issued to a social and economic equity applicant that has entered into a charter agreement with a dispensing organization to provide financial, mentorship, training and other support to the social and economic equity applicant.

"THC." A delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and any structural, optical or geometric isomers of tetrahydrocannabinol, including delta-7, delta-8 and delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol, tetrahydrocannabinolic acid, tetrahydrocannabiphorol, hexahydrocannabinol and any other substance, however derived, that has similar effects on the mind or body as determined by the board.

"Tincture." A cannabis-infused solution, typically comprised of alcohol, glycerin or vegetable oils derived either directly from the cannabis plant or from a processed cannabis extract.
The term does not include an alcoholic liquor as used in the act of April 12, 1951 (P.L.90, No.21), known as the Liquor Code. The term shall include a calibrated dropper or other similar device capable of accurately measuring servings.

"Veteran-owned small business." As defined in 51 Pa.C.S. § 9601 (relating to definitions).

"Women-owned business." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b).

SUBCHAPTER B

LAWFUL USE AND AUTHORITY

Sec.

9110. Lawful use.

9111. Sharing of authority.

9112. Background checks.

§ 9110. Lawful use.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, use or possession of cannabis as specified under this chapter shall be lawful in this Commonwealth.

§ 9111. Sharing of authority.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an authority granted to a Commonwealth agency or Commonwealth employee or appointee under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) shall be shared by the Commonwealth agency or employee or appointee to permit, discipline, revoke, regulate or make regulations under this chapter.

§ 9112. Background checks.

(a) Criminal history record check.--The board shall, through the Pennsylvania State Police, conduct a criminal history record check of each prospective principal officer, board member and agent of a cannabis business establishment applying for a permit or agent identification card under this chapter. The
Pennsylvania State Police shall furnish, pursuant to a positive identification, all Pennsylvania conviction information and shall forward the national criminal history record information to the board. After the effective date of this subsection, a principal officer, board member or agent of a cannabis business establishment who is convicted of diverting cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products or who intentionally dispenses cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products in a manner not consistent with this chapter shall be deemed to have failed the criminal history record check under this subsection and may not be permitted or otherwise be employed by a cannabis business establishment in this Commonwealth.

(b) Fingerprinting.—Each cannabis business establishment prospective principal officer, board member or agent shall submit fingerprints to the Pennsylvania State Police in the form and manner prescribed by the Pennsylvania State Police. Unless otherwise provided by Federal or State law, the fingerprints under this subsection shall be transmitted through a live scan fingerprint vendor and checked against the fingerprint records filed in the Pennsylvania State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases.

(c) Fee.—The Pennsylvania State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall not exceed the actual cost of the Commonwealth and national criminal history record check.

(d) Submission and initial employment.—When applying for the initial permit or identification card, the background checks for each prospective principal officer, board member and agent of a cannabis business establishment may be completed concurrent
with submitting the application to the board. An agent may begin working at a cannabis business establishment while waiting for the result of a background check. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent or otherwise inhibit the ability of an otherwise qualified individual from serving as a principal officer, board member or agent of a cannabis business establishment on the sole basis of a nonviolent criminal conviction related to cannabis.

SUBCHAPTER C

PERSONAL USE OF CANNABIS

Sec. 9121. Personal use of cannabis, restrictions on cultivation and penalties.

9122. Possession limits.

9123. Individuals younger than 21 years of age.

9124. Identification, false identification and penalty.

9125. Immunities and presumptions related to the use of cannabis by purchasers.

9126. Discrimination prohibited.

9127. Limitations and penalties.

9128. Employment and employer liability.

§ 9121. Personal use of cannabis, restrictions on cultivation and penalties.

Beginning 180 days after the effective date of this subsection, notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as otherwise specified under this chapter, the following acts shall not be a violation of this chapter and shall not be a criminal or civil offense under State law or an ordinance of a local government unit of this Commonwealth or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under State law for an...
individual other than an individual younger than 21 years of age, unless that individual, and the individual's caregiver, if applicable, is authorized under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) to:

(1) possess, consume, use, purchase, obtain or transport cannabis in an amount for personal use that does not exceed the possession limit or requirements of this chapter;

(2) possess, use, obtain or transport cannabis paraphernalia;

(3) transfer without remuneration, within lawful possession limits, to an individual 21 years of age or older;

(4) cultivate cannabis for personal use by patients under Chapter 93 in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;

(5) control property if actions that are authorized by this chapter occur on the property in accordance with this chapter; and

(6) smoke or vaporize cannabis concentrate anywhere smoking is permitted.

§ 9122. Possession limits.

(a) Limits.--Except as otherwise authorized under this chapter, for an individual who is 21 years of age or older who is not a patient, the possession limits for cannabis shall be as follows and cumulative:

(1) Thirty grams of cannabis flower.

(2) No more than 1,000 milligrams of THC contained in cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products.

(3) Five grams of cannabis concentrate.

(b) Excess prohibited.--A person may not knowingly obtain, seek to obtain or possess an amount of cannabis from a
dispensing organization that would exceed the possession limit under this section, including cannabis that is cultivated by a person under this chapter.

(c) Exception.--Cannabis and cannabis-derived substances regulated under 3 Pa.C.S. Chs. 7 (relating to industrial hemp research) and 15 (relating to controlled plants and noxious weeds) and the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-334, 132 Stat. 4490) shall not apply to this section.

§ 9123. Individuals younger than 21 years of age.

(a) Prohibition.--An individual younger than 21 years of age may not purchase, possess, use, process, transport, grow or consume cannabis except as authorized under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana).

(b) Penalties for underage cannabis offenses.--

(1) An individual who violates subsection (a) commits a summary offense and shall receive a written warning for the first offense by a court of competent jurisdiction and may be subject to a fine of not more than $250 for a second offense and not more than $500 for a third and each subsequent offense.

(2) A State or local law enforcement agency shall keep a record of a violation of subsection (a) in a repository or database separate from a repository or database with other law enforcement records. A record of a violation of subsection (a) shall only be used to determine if an individual committed a subsequent violation of subsection (a). A State or local law enforcement agency shall destroy a record of a violation of subsection (a) when the individual who committed the offense attains 21 years of age.

(3) A State or local law enforcement agency responsible
for enforcing a violation of subsection (a) shall notify the
parent or guardian of the individual who committed the
offense if the individual is younger than 18 years of age.

(4) When an individual is charged for violating
subsection (a), the magisterial district judge may admit the
offender to the adjudication alternative as authorized under
42 Pa.C.S. § 1520 (relating to adjudication alternative
program) or any other preadjudication disposition if the
individual has not previously received a preadjudication
disposition for violating subsection (a).

(c) Intentional transfer or possession to underage
individual.--An individual 21 years of age or older who
intentionally transfers cannabis, with or without remuneration,
to an individual younger than 21 years of age, except as
authorized under Chapter 93, or intentionally allows an
individual younger than 21 years of age to purchase, possess,
use, process, transport, grow or consume cannabis, except as
authorized under Chapter 93, may be disqualified from purchasing
adult use cannabis as authorized under this chapter in addition
to being subject to additional criminal or civil penalties under
State law. The board shall promulgate regulations to implement
this subsection for the purpose of notifying dispensaries of a
disqualification under this subsection and the penalties that
may be imposed against a cannabis business establishment or
agent for intentionally transferring cannabis to an individual
younger than 21 years of age, except as authorized under Chapter
93.

§ 9124. Identification, false identification and penalty.

(a) No personal information required.--To protect personal
privacy, the board may not require a purchaser to provide a
dispensing organization with personal information other than for the purpose of verifying the purchaser's age by means of a government-issued identification. An adult use dispensing organization may not obtain or record personal information about a purchaser without the purchaser's consent.

(b) Scanning identification.--A dispensing organization shall use an electronic reader or electronic scanning device to scan a purchaser's government-issued identification to determine the purchaser's age and the validity of the identification. A cannabis business establishment may operate for temporary periods without an operational electronic reader or electronic scanning device if a process is implemented to determine the purchaser's age and the validity of identification.

§ 9125. Immunities and presumptions related to the use of cannabis by purchasers.

(a) Penalty applicability.--A purchaser who is 21 years of age or older shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, denial of a right or privilege or other punishment, including, a civil penalty or disciplinary action taken by an occupational or professional licensing or permitting board based solely on any of the following:

(1) The use or possession of cannabis, if:

   (i) the purchaser possesses an amount of cannabis that does not exceed the possession limit under this chapter; and

   (ii) the use of cannabis does not impair the purchaser when engaged in the practice of the profession for which the purchaser is licensed, permitted, certified or registered.

(2) Selling cannabis paraphernalia if employed and
authorized as an agent by a permitted dispensing
organization.

(3) Being in the presence or vicinity of the use of
cannabis or cannabis paraphernalia as authorized under this
chapter.

(4) Possessing cannabis paraphernalia.

(b) Determination of probable cause.--

(1) Mere possession of or application for authorization
to work as a cannabis business establishment agent or the
agent identification card shall not:

(i) constitute probable cause or reasonable
suspicion to believe that a crime has been committed; or

(ii) be used as the sole basis to support the search
of the person, property or residence of the individual
authorized to work as a cannabis business establishment
agent, possessing an agent identification card or
applying for authorization to work as an agent.

(2) The possession of or application for authorization
to work as a cannabis business establishment agent or
possession of an agent identification card shall not preclude
the existence of probable cause if probable cause exists
based on other grounds.

(c) Reliance.--An individual employed by the Commonwealth or
a local government unit shall not be subject to criminal or
civil penalties for taking an action in good faith in reliance
on the provisions of this chapter when acting within the scope
of employment.

(d) Law enforcement liability.--A law enforcement or
correctional agency, or an employee of a law enforcement or
correctional agency, shall not be subject to criminal or civil
liability, except for willful and wanton misconduct, as a result of taking an action within the scope of the official duties of the law enforcement or correctional agency or employee to prohibit or prevent the possession or use of cannabis by any of the following:

(1) An individual incarcerated at a correctional institution, county jail or other facility under the supervision of the Department of Corrections.

(2) An individual on parole or mandatory supervised release or otherwise under the lawful jurisdiction of the law enforcement or correctional agency or employee.

(e) Medical care.--For the purpose of receiving medical care, including an organ transplant, an individual's use of cannabis under this chapter shall not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify an individual from medical care.

(f) Firearms possession.--A lawful purchaser or possessor of cannabis under this chapter or a patient may not be prohibited or otherwise restricted from lawful firearm ownership. The Pennsylvania State Police, a county sheriff's office or another law enforcement agency shall take measures to revise firearms applications or take other necessary actions to ensure compliance with this chapter.

(g) Child custody.--The purchase or possession of cannabis shall not be a determining factor in a child custody matter. The record of a legal purchase of cannabis shall not be subject to disclosure solely due to a custody action.

§ 9126. Discrimination prohibited.

(a) Child welfare.--The presence of cannabinoid component or metabolites in an individual's bodily fluids, possession of
cannabis-related paraphernalia, conduct related to the use of cannabis or the participation in cannabis-related activities authorized under this chapter by a custodial or noncustodial parent, grandparent, legal guardian, foster parent or other individual charged with the well-being of a child, may not form the sole, primary basis or supporting basis for an action or proceeding by a child welfare agency or family or juvenile court. Unless the individual's actions in relation to cannabis create an unreasonable danger to the safety of the child or otherwise show the individual is not competent as established by clear and convincing evidence, the prohibition under this subsection shall include any of the following:

(1) An adverse finding, evidence or restriction of a right or privilege in a proceeding related to the adoption of a child.

(2) A fitness determination or a determination related to a foster parent, guardianship, conservatorship or trusteeship.

(3) The execution of a will or the management of an estate.

(b) Landlords.--A landlord may not be penalized or denied a benefit of leasing to an individual who uses cannabis under this chapter.

(c) Use in private area.--Nothing in this chapter may be construed to require a person or establishment in lawful possession of property to allow a guest, client, lessee, purchaser or visitor to use cannabis on or in that property, including on land owned in whole or in part or managed in whole or in part by the Commonwealth.
(a) General limitations.--This chapter shall not permit an individual to engage in and shall not prevent the imposition of a civil, criminal or other penalty for engaging in any of the following:

(1) Undertaking a task under the influence of cannabis when doing so would constitute negligence, professional malpractice or professional misconduct.

(2) Possessing cannabis:
   (i) in a school bus, unless permitted for a patient or caregiver under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana);
   (ii) on the grounds of a preschool or primary or secondary school, unless permitted for a patient or caregiver under Chapter 93;
   (iii) in a correctional institution;
   (iv) in a vehicle not open to the public unless the cannabis is in a cannabis container and reasonably inaccessible while the vehicle is moving; or
   (v) in a private residence that is used at any time to provide permitted childcare or other similar social service care on the premises.

(3) Using cannabis:
   (i) in a school bus, unless permitted for a patient;
   (ii) on the grounds of a preschool or primary or secondary school, unless permitted for a patient;
   (iii) in a correctional institution;
   (iv) in a motor vehicle;
   (v) in a private residence that is used at any time to provide permitted child care or other similar social service care on the premises; or
(vi) knowingly in close physical proximity to an individual younger than 21 years of age.

(4) Operating, navigating or being in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, aircraft, watercraft or snowmobile while using or under the influence of cannabis.

(5) Facilitating the use of cannabis by an individual who is not authorized to use cannabis under this chapter or Chapter 93.

(6) Transferring cannabis to an individual in violation of this chapter or Chapter 93.

(7) The use of cannabis by a law enforcement officer, constable, corrections officer, probation officer or firefighter while on duty.

(8) The use of cannabis by an individual who has a commercial driver's license while on duty.

(b) Business restriction.--Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a private business from restricting or prohibiting the use of cannabis on business property, including areas where motor vehicles are parked.

(c) Supremacy implication.--Nothing in this chapter shall authorize or otherwise require an individual or business entity to violate Federal law, including the ability to consume cannabis in public housing or on college or university campuses.

(d) THC limitations.--A person may not sell, dispense, process, manufacture or distribute cannabis or a product intended for consumption or inhalation.

(e) Cannabinoid product limitations.--A person may not sell, dispense, process, manufacture or distribute a cannabinoid product that is not derived from naturally occurring biologically active chemical constituents.
(f) Penalties.--A person who violates subsection (d) or (e) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. Upon conviction, the court may sentence the person to a pay a fine not to exceed $10,000 for each offense under subsection (d) or (e).

§ 9128. Employment and employer liability.

(a) Workplace policies.--Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit an employer from adopting reasonable zero-tolerance policies, drug-free workplace policies or employment policies concerning testing, smoking, consuming, storing or using cannabis in the workplace or while on call, provided that the policies are applied in a nondiscriminatory manner. Nothing in this chapter shall require an employer to permit an employee to be under the influence of or use cannabis in the employer's workplace or while performing the employee's job duties or while on call.

(b) Violations of employer policies.--Nothing in this chapter shall limit or prevent an employer from disciplining an employee or terminating employment of an employee for violating an employer's employment policies or workplace drug policy. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to interfere with any Federal, State or local restrictions on employment.

SUBCHAPTER D

CANNABIS REGULATORY CONTROL BOARD

Sec.

9131. Establishment of board.

9132. Applicability of other statutes.

9133. Board procedures.

9134. Powers and duties of board.

9135. Regulations.

9136. Temporary regulations.
§ 9131. Establishment of board.

(a) Board established.--The Cannabis Regulatory Control Board is established as an independent board. The board shall implement, direct and oversee this chapter.

(b) Transfer.--The Department of Health's oversight of the medical marijuana program established under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) shall be transferred to the board within 180 days of the effective date of this subsection. All authority, information, documents, databases and necessary information of the medical marijuana program shall be transferred to the board within 180 days of the effective date of this subsection. The failure of the Department of Health to timely transfer its authority, information, documents, databases and necessary information of the medical marijuana program to the board shall not delay or inhibit the ability of a current medical marijuana organization on the effective date of this subsection from commencing adult use operations.

(c) Membership and term.--The board shall consist of the following members:

(1) Two members appointed by the Governor for a seven-year term, one of whom shall be a representative of the cannabis industry.

(2) One member appointed by each of the following:

(i) The President pro tempore of the Senate for a six-year term.

(ii) The Minority Leader of the Senate for a five-year term.
(iii) The Speaker of the House of Representatives for a six-year term.

(iv) The Minority Leader of the House of Representatives for a five-year term.

(3) One member appointed for a two-year term who possesses substantial and demonstrable experience in one of the following areas, who shall be a public member appointed by the Governor:

   (i) community organizing in a disproportionately impacted area;

   (ii) work experience for an offender reentry program;

   (iii) workforce development work; or

   (iv) work experience or advocacy in communities negatively affected by Federal and State drug regulation and enforcement.

(d) Chairperson and operations.--The Governor shall designate the chairperson of the board who shall serve as chairperson during the term of appointment and until a successor shall be appointed. The board shall be operated from funds deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund. If, in any year, appropriations for the administration of this chapter are not enacted by June 30, any funds appropriated for the administration of this part which are unexpended, uncommitted and unencumbered at the end of a fiscal year may not lapse and shall remain available for expenditure by the board or other agency to which they were appropriated until the enactment of appropriation for the ensuing fiscal year.

(e) Board staff.--The board shall employ and maintain a staff as necessary to effectuate its purposes, including
employees responsible for administrative tasks and facilitating communication between the board and other Commonwealth agencies or departments.

(f) Chief medical officer.--The board shall hire a salaried chief medical officer to administer the medical marijuana program under Chapter 93. The chief medical officer shall meet all of the following criteria:

1. Be licensed as a healthcare practitioner by the Commonwealth.
2. Have the necessary cannabis experience to perform the required duties.
3. Report to the executive director.

(g) Residency requirement and elected status.--Each board member shall be a resident of this Commonwealth while serving on the board and may not hold, or be a candidate for, Federal, State or local elected office or serve as an official in a political party.

(h) Term.--Except as initially appointed under subsection (c), each board member shall serve for a term of four years and shall be eligible for reappointment for a period of no longer than an aggregate total of 12 years. An individual appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of a board member shall be appointed by the appointing authority under subsection (c) and shall only serve for the unexpired term of that board member.

(i) Removal.--A board member may be removed by the petition of five members of the board.

(j) Compensation.--Board members shall receive salaries. Board members shall be considered full-time employees and may not maintain other employment that is in direct conflict with their duties as board members or creates a conflict of interest.
with the cannabis industry, other than the member who is a
representative of the cannabis industry. The following shall
apply:

(1) The Executive Board established under section 204 of
the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The
Administrative Code of 1929, shall establish the compensation
of the board members.

(2) Board members shall be reimbursed for all necessary
and actual expenses.

(3) Board members shall be eligible for retirement under
71 Pa.C.S. Pt. XXV (relating to retirement for State
employees and officers).

(k) Appointments.--The appointing authorities under this
section shall make initial appointments within 90 days of the
effective date of this subsection. An appointment may not be
final until receipt by the appointing authority of the required
background investigation of the appointee by the Pennsylvania
State Police, which shall be completed within 30 days of receipt
of the required background investigation. An individual who has
been convicted in any domestic or foreign jurisdiction of a
felony, other than a cannabis-related conviction, may not serve
on the board. If there is a delay in the appointing authorities
making their initial appointments to the board or in the
completion of the background investigation under this
subsection, there shall be no delay or inhibition of the ability
of a current medical marijuana organization on the effective
date of this subsection from commencing adult use operations.

§ 9132. Applicability of other statutes.

(a) General rule.--The board shall be subject to the
following acts:
(1) The act of July 19, 1957 (P.L.1017, No.451), known as the State Adverse Interest Act.

(2) The act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.

(3) The provisions of 65 Pa.C.S. Chs. 7 (relating to open meetings) and 11 (relating to ethics standards and financial disclosure).

(b) Status of board.--

(1) The board shall be considered an independent agency for the purposes of the following:


(ii) 62 Pa.C.S. Pt. I (relating to Commonwealth Procurement Code). The expediting of the payment of revenue to the Commonwealth shall not be grounds for an emergency procurement by the board.

(2) The board shall be considered an agency for the purposes of the following:

(i) The act of July 31, 1968 (P.L.769, No.240), referred to as the Commonwealth Documents Law.


§ 9133. Board procedures.

(a) Quorum and notice.--A majority of the board members, attending in person, shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of a majority of the board members shall be required for an action of the board. The chairperson or a majority of the members of the board may call a meeting if notice of a meeting is provided to each member of the board and to other persons who request notice. The board shall adopt
regulations establishing procedures, which may include
electronic communications, by which a request to receive notice
shall be made and the method by which timely notice may be
given.

(b) Duties of chairperson.--The chairperson shall have and
exercise supervision and control over all the affairs of the
board and preside at all hearings where the chairperson is
present. The chairperson shall designate a board member to act
as chairperson if the chairperson will be absent at a board
meeting.

§ 9134. Powers and duties of board.

(a) Authority.--The board shall have general and sole
regulatory authority over the conduct of cannabis or related
activities as described in this chapter. The board shall have
all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and
effectuate its purposes in administering adult use cannabis and
medical marijuana programs.

(b) Staffing.--The board shall employ individuals as
necessary to implement this chapter, who shall serve at the
pleasure of the board. An employee of the board shall be
considered a State employee for purposes of 71 Pa.C.S. Pt. XXV
(relating to retirement for State employees and officers). For
the purposes of this subsection, the board shall not be
considered an executive agency or independent agency under the
act of October 15, 1980 (P.L.950, No.164), known as the
Commonwealth Attorneys Act.

(c) Additional employees.--In addition to employees
authorized by the board, each member of the board may employ one
special assistant whose classification and compensation shall be
established by the board and subject to subsection (b).
(d) Executive director.--The board shall hire an executive
director as a salaried position.

(e) Classification.--The board shall establish a system of
employee classification and compensation and shall not be
subject to the provisions of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177,
No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929, as to
classification and compensation for its employees and conduct
its activities consistent with the practices and procedures of
Commonwealth agencies.

(f) Publication.--Within 60 days of the establishment of the
board, the board shall publish the employee classification
system under subsection (e) on the publicly accessible Internet
website of the board and transmit notice of the employee
classification system to the Legislative Reference Bureau for
publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania
Bulletin.

(g) Board duties.--The board shall:

(1) Schedule and initiate a process to promulgate new
regulations or modify existing regulations.

(2) Hold public hearings on proposed regulations.

(3) Issue permits to cannabis business establishments to
authorize the cannabis business establishments to cultivate,
process, transport and dispense cannabis and ensure
compliance with this chapter and Chapter 93 (relating to
medical marijuana).

(4) Register cannabis business establishment agents and
ensure compliance with this chapter and Chapter 93.

(5) Have regulatory and enforcement authority over the
cultivating, processing, transporting, dispensing and using
of cannabis in this Commonwealth.
(6) Designate a seed-to-sale tracking system to include activities and information relating to cannabis business establishments and electronic tracking of all cannabis under this chapter and Chapter 93.

(7) Develop recordkeeping requirements for all books and papers, any seed-to-sale tracking system data and other information of a cannabis business establishment for a period of four years unless otherwise provided by the board.

(8) Develop enforcement procedures, including announced and unannounced inspections of facilities and records of a cannabis business establishment.

(9) Oversee enforcement actions, including holding hearings of appeals within 90 days of the filing of an appeal.

(10) Develop and implement a comprehensive social equity and economic development program in partnership with the Commonwealth Financing Authority, which shall have the duty of conducting oversight of grants and loans under this chapter.

(11) Approve the budget of the board related to actions performed under this chapter and Chapter 93.

(12) Set research agenda related to Chapter 93.

(13) Convene working groups.

(14) Establish and maintain public outreach programs about the adult use cannabis and medical marijuana programs.

(15) Collaborate as necessary with other Commonwealth agencies or contract with third parties as necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 93.

(16) Develop strategies and procedures to prohibit the illicit cannabis market.
§ 9135. Regulations.

   (a) Promulgation.--The board shall promulgate regulations, with input from industry stakeholders, to implement the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana), including all of the following:

   (1) The types of permits issued under this chapter, including the following types of permits:

      (i) Cultivation/processing.

      (ii) Micro cultivation.

      (iii) Dispensing.

      (iv) Testing.

   (2) The methods and forms of permit applications, including timeline, fees and minimum requirements.

   (3) The policies and procedures to prioritize, promote and encourage diversity and full participation by individuals from communities that have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis prohibition and cannabis enforcement prohibition.

   (4) Procedures to process and competitively score permit applications.

   (5) Procedures to process administrative requests, including changes of ownership and location.

   (6) Security procedures for cannabis business establishments consistent with the procedures implemented under Chapter 93.

   (7) Enforcement procedures, including fines, suspensions and revocations.

   (8) Ownership and financial disclosure procedures and requirements for cannabis business establishments, including record keeping requirements.

   (9) Procedures and requirements concerning the
divestiture of a beneficial ownership interest by a person found unqualified.

(10) Procedures, processes and requirements for transfers of ownership, including the involvement of a publicly traded corporation.

(11) Combining the medical program under Chapter 93 and adult use program under this chapter.

(12) Seed-to-sale tracking system procedures.

(13) Procedures and requirements for curbside pickup services offered by dispensing organizations.

(14) Transportation requirements, including:

   (i) Establishing procedures and requirements for home delivery services by dispensing organizations and micro cultivation centers.

   (ii) A requirement that transportation between cannabis business establishments occurs in secured vehicles but allowing for transportation in vehicles other than those owned and operated by cannabis business establishments for purchasers to transport cannabis.

   (iii) Details required on transportation manifests.

   (iv) Policies encouraging bulk shipment where appropriate.

(15) Labeling requirements.

(16) Cannabis-infused edible product requirements, including the following:

   (i) Ensuring that products are not likely to appeal to minors.

   (ii) Product safety regulations, including the requiring of best manufacturing practices and appropriate testing.
(iii) Standards for creating clearly delineated individual servings.

(17) Advertising and marketing regulations that balance the ability of a cannabis business establishment to engage in reasonable marketing and promotional activities while:

(i) Ensuring advertising and marketing does not target minors.

(ii) Reasonably restricting access to minors by taking steps to ensure the audience will be predominantly over 21 years of age for advertising and marketing.

(18) Product safety regulations, including:

(i) Regulations consistent with best practices for food products, except where necessary modifications are required due to the active compounds in the cannabis plant.

(ii) Standards for packaging to address freshness, tamper evidence and limiting access to children.

(iii) Standard symbols and warnings where the board shall review symbols and warnings from other jurisdictions where adult use cannabis sales are permitted.

(iv) A prohibition on packaging that is likely to appeal to minors.

(19) Requirements that a cannabis business establishment use standards and practices that align with United States Department of Agriculture and Food and Drug Administration standards, when appropriate for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 93.

(20) Procedures for the investigation and enforcement of unregulated and unlicensed cultivation, processing,
manufacturing, sale, dispensing or distribution of cannabis, cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products or products intended for consumption or inhalation in violation of section 9127 (relating to limitations and penalties).

(b) Compliance deadline.--A permittee shall have 180 days from the effective date of a new regulation promulgated by the board under this section to comply with the new regulation.

§ 9136. Temporary regulations.

(a) Promulgation.--The board shall promulgate temporary regulations no later than 180 days from the effective date of this subsection. If the board fails to promulgate temporary regulations under this subsection, the failure shall not delay or inhibit the ability of a current medical marijuana organization on the effective date of this subsection from commencing adult use operations. The temporary regulations under this subsection shall expire not later than three years after the effective date of this subsection and shall not be subject to any of the following:

(1) Section 612 of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of 1929.

(2) Sections 201, 202, 203, 204 and 205 of the act of July 31, 1968 (P.L.769, No.240), referred to as the Commonwealth Documents Law.

(3) Sections 204(b) and 301(10) of the act of October 15, 1980 (P.L.950, No.164), known as the Commonwealth Attorneys Act.


(b) Compliance deadline.--A current medical marijuana organization on the effective date of this subsection that is
authorized to cultivate, process, dispense or transport adult
use cannabis under this chapter shall have 180 days from the
effective date of a new temporary regulation promulgated by the
board under subsection (a) to comply with the temporary
regulation.
§ 9137. Confidentiality and public disclosure.
   (a) Exempt from access.--All personal information obtained by
   the board relating to agents, patients or purchasers shall be
   exempt from access under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6,
No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.
   (b) Public records.--The following records are public
   records and shall be accessible for inspection and duplication
   in accordance with the Right-to-Know Law:
   (1) With exceptions for private, security-related and
   trade secret information, applications for permits submitted
   by a cannabis business establishment.
   (2) Information relating to penalties or other
   disciplinary actions taken against a cannabis business
   establishment or agent by the board for violation of this
   chapter.
§ 9138. Unlicensed activities and civil penalties.
   (a) Unlicensed activities.--In addition to any other penalty
   provided by Federal or State law, a person who cultivates,
   processes, distributes, sells or offers for sale cannabis,
   cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products, cannabis
   concentrates, cannabis flower or any product intended for
   consumption or inhalation in violation of section 9127 (relating
to limitations and penalties) without a license issued by the
board shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $10,000
for each offense. Each day a person engages in unlicensed
activity under this subsection shall constitute a separate
offense.

(b) Enforcement.--The Attorney General, the board, a State
or local law enforcement agency or a local government unit may
investigate an unlicensed activity under subsection (a) and
engage in enforcement measures, including entering into an
intergovernmental agreement to prevent the conduct of an
unlicensed activity under subsection (a).

(c) Suspension or revocation.--In addition to any other
penalty provided by Federal or State law, upon the conduct of a
third or subsequent unlicensed activity under subsection (a), a
local government unit may suspend or revoke the business license
of the person who engaged in the unlicensed activity.


(a) Establishment.--The Cannabis Business Development Fund
is established in the State Treasury. Money in the Cannabis
Business Development Fund is appropriated on a continuing basis
for the purposes specified under this section and shall not
lapse.

(b) Deposits.--Certain fees payable under this chapter shall be deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund as
specified under this chapter. In addition, $3,000,000 of gross
receipts of revenue deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund
shall be transferred to the Cannabis Business Development Fund.
The money deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund
may only be used for the purposes specified under this chapter.
Any interest accrued shall be deposited into the Cannabis
Business Development Fund.

(c) Investment.--The Department of Community and Economic
Development shall direct the investment of the Cannabis Business
Development Fund. The State Treasurer shall credit to the Cannabis Business Development Fund interest and earnings from Cannabis Business Development Fund investment.

(d) Administrator.--The Department of Community and Economic Development shall be the administrator of the Cannabis Business Development Fund for auditing purposes.

(e) Purposes.--Money in the Cannabis Business Development Fund shall be used for any of the following purposes:

(1) Providing low-interest-rate or zero-interest-rate loans to qualified social and economic equity applicants to pay for ordinary and necessary expenses to start and operate a cannabis business establishment.

(2) Providing grants to qualified social and economic equity applicants to pay for ordinary and necessary expenses to start and operate a cannabis business establishment.

(3) Providing low-interest-rate loans to social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permittees and applicants to pay for legal expenses related to the development and execution of charter agreements.

(4) Providing grants to social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permittees and applicants to pay for legal expenses related to the development and execution of charter agreements.

(5) Reimbursing the Department of Community and Economic Development for costs related to the provision of low-interest-rate loans and grants to qualified social and economic equity applicants.

(6) Paying for outreach that may be provided or targeted to attract and support social and economic equity applicants.

(7) Conducting study or research concerning the
participation of minorities, women, veterans or individuals 
with disabilities in the cannabis industry, including 
barriers to individuals entering the industry as equity 
owners of a cannabis business establishment.

(8) Assisting with job training and technical assistance 
for residents of this Commonwealth in disproportionately 
impacted areas.

(9) Assisting community organizations, offender reentry 
programs, workforce development programs and other community 
or advocacy programs in disproportionately impacted areas or 
other communities negatively affected by Federal and State 
drug regulation and enforcement.

(10) Any other purpose specified under Subchapter H of 
Chapter 93 (relating to tax on medical marijuana).

(f) Additional deposits.--All money collected for the 
approval of a dispensing organization and adult use cultivation 
center permit for current medical marijuana operators issued 
before January 1, 2024, and remunerations made as a result of 
transfers of permits awarded to qualified social and economic 
equity applicants shall be deposited into the Cannabis Business 
Development Fund.

(g) Transfers.--As soon as practical after the effective 
date of this subsection, the State Treasurer shall transfer the 
balance of the Medical Marijuana Program Fund into the Cannabis 
Business Development Fund.

(h) Prohibition.--Notwithstanding any other provision of 
law, the Cannabis Business Development Fund shall not be subject 
to sweeps, administrative charge-backs or any other fiscal or 
budgetary maneuver that would transfer money from the Cannabis 
Business Development Fund into any other fund of the
Commonwealth.

SUBCHAPTER E

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC EQUITY

Sec.

9141. Social and economic equity.

9142. Loans and grants to social and economic equity applicants.

9143. Fee waivers.

9144. Transfer of permit awarded to qualified social and economic equity applicant.

§ 9141. Social and economic equity.

(a) Promotion and partnership.--The board shall promote and take any necessary action to ensure social and economic equity in the cannabis industry in this Commonwealth. The board shall partner with the Department of Community and Economic Development in facilitating the grant and loans under this chapter.

(b) Report.--On January 1 of every year, the board, with the assistance of the Department of Community and Economic Development as necessary, shall prepare and issue a public report that assesses the extent of diversity in the cannabis industries and methods for reducing or eliminating any identified barriers to entry, including access to capital. The information reported shall include all of the following:

(1) The number and percentage of permits provided to social and economic equity applicants and to businesses owned by minorities, women, veterans and individuals with disabilities.

(2) The total number and percentage of employees in the cannabis industry who meet the definition of a social and
economic equity applicant or who are minorities, women, veterans or people with disabilities.

(3) The total number and percentage of contractors and subcontractors in the cannabis industry that meet the criteria of social and economic equity applicants or that are owned by minority-owned businesses, women-owned businesses, veteran-owned businesses or owned by individuals with disabilities, if known to the cannabis business establishment.

(4) Recommendations on reducing or eliminating any identified barriers to entry, including access to capital, in the cannabis industry.

§ 9142. Loans and grants to social and economic equity applicants.

(a) Grant and loan programs.--The Commonwealth Financing Authority shall establish grant and loan programs, subject to appropriations from the Cannabis Business Development Fund for the purposes of providing financial assistance, loans, grants and technical assistance to social and economic equity applicants. The Department of Community and Economic Development may:

(1) provide cannabis social and economic equity loans and grants from appropriations from the Cannabis Business Development Fund to assist qualified social and economic equity applicants in the Commonwealth's regulated cannabis marketplace;

(2) enter into agreements that state the terms and conditions of the financial assistance, accept funds or grants and engage in cooperation with private entities and Commonwealth agencies or local government to carry out the
purposes of this section;

(3) fix, determine, charge and collect any premiums, fees, charges, costs and expenses, including application fees, commitment fees, program fees, financing charges or publication fees, in connection with the Commonwealth Financing Authority's activities under this section;

(4) coordinate assistance under loan programs with activities of the board and other Commonwealth agencies as needed to maximize the effectiveness and efficiency of this chapter;

(5) provide staff, administration and related support required to administer this section;

(6) take other necessary or appropriate actions to protect the Commonwealth's interest in the event of bankruptcy, default, foreclosure or noncompliance with the terms and conditions of financial assistance provided under this section, including the ability to recapture funds if the recipient is found to be in noncompliance with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance agreement;

(7) establish application, notification, contract and other forms, procedures or regulations deemed necessary and appropriate; and

(8) utilize vendors or contract work to implement this chapter.

(b) Conditions.--Loans made under this section shall meet all of the following criteria:

(1) Only be made if, in the judgment of the Commonwealth Financing Authority, the project furthers the goals specified under this chapter.

(2) Be in a principal amount and form and contain terms
and provisions with respect to security, insurance, reporting, delinquency charges, default remedies and other matters as the Department of Community and Economic Development shall determine appropriate to protect the public interest and to be consistent with the purposes of this section.

(c) Award.--Grants made under this section shall be awarded on a competitive and annual basis and shall further and promote the goals of this chapter, including promotion of social and economic equity applicants, job training and workforce development and technical assistance to social and economic equity applicants.

(d) Annual report.--Beginning January 1, 2024, and each year thereafter, the Department of Community and Economic Development shall annually report to the Governor, the General Assembly and the board on the outcomes and effectiveness of this section, including all of the following:

(1) The number of persons or businesses receiving financial assistance under this section.

(2) The amount in financial assistance awarded in the aggregate, in addition to the amount of loans made that are outstanding and the amount of grants awarded.

(3) The location of the project engaged in by the person or business.

(4) If applicable, the number of new jobs and other forms of economic output created as a result of the financial assistance.

(e) Additional outreach.--The Commonwealth Financing Authority shall include engagement with individuals with limited English proficiency as part of its outreach provided or targeted at social and economic equity applicants.
§ 9143. Fee waivers.

(a) Permit application fee waiver.--The board shall waive 50% of a nonrefundable permit application fee, nonrefundable fee associated with purchasing a permit to operate a cannabis business establishment and any surety bond or other financial requirement of a social and economic equity applicant if a social and economic equity applicant meets all the following qualifications at the time the payment is due:

(1) The applicant, including each individual or entity with 10% or greater ownership and each parent company, subsidiary or affiliate, has less than a total of $750,000 of income in the previous calendar year.

(2) The applicant, including each individual or entity with 10% or greater ownership and each parent company, subsidiary or affiliate, has no more than two other permits for cannabis business establishments in this Commonwealth.

(b) Attestation.--The board may require a social and economic equity applicant to attest that they meet the requirements for a fee waiver under subsection (a) and provide evidence of total annual income for the previous calendar year.

(c) Eligibility determination.--If the board determines that an applicant who applied as a social and economic equity applicant is not eligible under this section, the applicant shall be provided an additional 10 days to provide alternative evidence of qualification as a social and economic equity applicant. The applicant may pay the remainder of the waived fee and not be considered as a social and economic equity applicant. If the applicant cannot meet the qualifications standards or pay the remainder of the waived fee, the board may keep the initial fee.
application fee and the application shall not be graded.

§ 9144. Transfer of permit awarded to qualified social and
economic equity applicant.

(a) Transfer, sale or grant of permit.--In the event a
qualified social and economic equity applicant seeks to
transfer, sell or grant a cannabis business establishment permit
to an individual or entity that does not qualify as a social and
economic equity applicant after one year from the date of
issuance of the permit and within five years after the permit
was issued, the transfer agreement shall require the new permit
holder to pay the board an amount equal to all the following for
deposit into the Cannabis Business Development Fund:

(1) Fees that were waived by any Commonwealth agency
based on the applicant's status as a social and economic
equity applicant, if applicable.

(2) The outstanding amount owed by the qualified social
and economic equity applicant for a loan through the Cannabis
Business Development Fund, if applicable.

(3) The full amount of a grant that the qualified social
and economic equity applicant received from the Commonwealth
Financing Authority, if applicable.

(b) Applicability.--Transfers of a cannabis business
establishment permit awarded to a social and economic equity
applicant shall be subject to all other provisions of this
chapter.

SUBCHAPTER F

REGULATION OF CANNABIS BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS

Sec.

9151. Authority to conduct oversight of cannabis business
establishments.
9152. Medical marijuana exemption.

9153. Authorization of current medical marijuana organizations to commence dispensing adult use cannabis.

9154. Issuance of additional permits to current medical marijuana organizations and qualified social and economic equity applicants.

9155. New dispensing organization permits.

9156. Selection criteria for new adult use dispensing organization permits.

9157. Dispensing organization operational requirements and prohibitions.

9158. Dispensing cannabis.

9159. Agent-in-charge.

9159.1. Inventory control system.

9159.2. Storage requirements.

9159.3. Destruction and disposal of cannabis.

9159.4. Security measures.

9159.5. Recordkeeping.

9159.6. Issuance of adult use cultivation center permits.

9159.7. Issuance of adult use cultivation center permits to current medical marijuana grower/processor permit holders.

9159.8. New adult use cultivation center permits.

9159.9. Adult use cultivation center requirements and prohibitions.

9159.10. Issuance of micro cultivation center permits.

9159.11. Micro cultivation center permit applications.

9159.12. Selection criteria for micro cultivation center permits.

9159.13. (Reserved).
9159.15. Cannabis business establishment agent identification cards.
9159.16. Background check for cannabis business establishment applicants.

§ 9151. Authority to conduct oversight of cannabis business establishments.

(a) Enforcement.--The board shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter relating to the permitting and oversight of a cannabis business establishment and cannabis business establishment agents unless otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) Limitation.--A person may not operate a cannabis business establishment for the purpose of cultivating, processing, dispensing or transporting cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products without a permit issued under this chapter. A person may not be an officer, director, manager or agent of a cannabis business establishment without having been authorized by the board.

(c) Powers and duties.--Subject to the provisions of this chapter, the board may exercise the following powers and duties:

(1) Prescribe forms to be issued for the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

(2) Examine, inspect and investigate the premises, operations and records of cannabis business establishment applicants and permittees.

(3) Conduct investigations of possible violations of
this chapter pertaining to a cannabis business establishment
and cannabis business establishment agents.

(4) Conduct hearings on proceedings to refuse to issue
or renew, revoke or suspend permits or to place on probation,
reprimand or otherwise discipline a permittee or agent under
this chapter or take other nondisciplinary action.

(5) Adopt regulations required for the administration of
this chapter.

§ 9152. Medical marijuana exemption.

This chapter shall not apply to entities registered under
Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana), except where
otherwise specified.

§ 9153. Authorization of current medical marijuana
organizations to commence dispensing adult use
cannabis.

(a) Dual use permits.--A medical marijuana organization
holding a dispensary permit granted under Subchapter E or M of
Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) on the effective date
of this subsection shall, within 180 days from the effective
date of this subsection, be authorized by the board to commence
selling adult use cannabis at a dispensary operating under
Chapter 93. A medical marijuana organization shall pay a fee of
$25,000 to the board, which shall be deposited into the Cannabis
Regulation Fund, before commencing the sale of adult use
cannabis.

(b) Delay or inhibit operations.--The failure of the board
to be seated or to promulgate regulations shall not delay or
inhibit the ability of a medical marijuana organization under
subsection (a) from commencing the sale of adult use cannabis at
a dispensary operating under Chapter 93. If the board is not
seated within 180 days from the effective date of this
subsection or if the board otherwise fails to authorize a
medical marijuana organization under subsection (a) from
commencing the sale of adult use cannabis at a dispensary
operating under Chapter 93 within 180 days from the effective
date of this subsection, the medical marijuana organization
shall automatically be authorized to commence adult use cannabis
sales.

(c) Nonvertically integrated medical marijuana
grower/processors.--

(1) A nonvertically integrated medical marijuana
grower/processor who does not currently hold a dispensary
permit under Chapter 93 and is not authorized under
subsection (a) or (b) to commence selling adult use cannabis
may apply for one adult use dispensing organization permit to
operate up to three locations for each medical marijuana
grower/processor permit held within 60 days of the board
being seated.

(2) A nonvertically integrated medical marijuana
grower/processor seeking an adult use dispensing organization
permit under paragraph (1) shall submit an application on a
form provided by the board. The application shall be
submitted by the same individual or entity that holds the
medical marijuana grower/processor permit under Chapter 93
and shall include information in at least the following
categories as determined by the board:

(i) The fees to be paid.

(ii) A business plan that complies with the
requirements under this chapter.

(iii) A security plan.
(iv) An inventory control plan.
(v) A plan for community engagement.
(vi) Written policies and procedures regarding recordkeeping, inventory control, safety, security, diversion and diversity.
(vii) Facility plans, including the proposed physical address, floor plans, security overlay and specifications of the building exterior and interior layout.
(viii) Documented ownership or control of the property.
(ix) A copy of each relevant local zoning ordinance and documentation, if necessary, of approval from the local zoning office that the proposed dispensary location is in compliance with each local zoning ordinance.
(x) Information regarding each principal officer.
(xi) Evidence of the applicant's status as a social and economic equity applicant, if applicable.
(3) The board may not unreasonably deny an application under paragraph (2).
on the effective date of this subsection may apply for a second permit for each dispensary permit held. The additional permit shall authorize the dispensary organization to operate up to three locations, per permit, to serve purchasers and patients in this Commonwealth.

(b) Nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processors.--A nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processor may apply for one additional permit to operate up to three locations to serve purchasers and qualified patients in this Commonwealth.

(c) Dual use.--A medical marijuana organization or nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processor issued a permit under this section may sell and dispense cannabis to patients at each dispensary location of the medical marijuana organization or nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processor.

(d) Priority.--A nonvertically integrated medical marijuana grower/processor shall have priority for an additional permit under this section on the condition that the board needs to prioritize certain applications under this section based on board resources.

(e) Applications.--A medical marijuana organization seeking the issuance of an additional dispensing organization permit under this section shall submit an application on a form provided by the board. The application shall include information in at least the following categories as determined by the board:

(1) The fees to be paid.

(2) A business plan that complies with the requirements under this chapter.

(3) A security plan.
(4) An inventory control plan.
(5) A plan for community engagement.
(6) Written policies and procedures regarding recordkeeping, inventory control, safety, security, diversion and diversity.
(7) Facility plans, including the proposed physical address, floor plans, security overlay and specifications of the building exterior and interior layout.
(8) Documented ownership or control of the property.
(9) A copy of each relevant local zoning ordinance and documentation, if necessary, of approval from the local zoning office that the proposed dispensary location is in compliance with each local zoning ordinance.
(10) Information regarding each principal officer.
(11) Evidence of the applicant's status as a social and economic equity applicant, if applicable.

(f) Executed charter agreement.--As a condition of an additional permit issued under this section, a medical marijuana dispensary organization shall submit to the board, together with the application under subsection (e), an executed charter agreement between the medical marijuana dispensary organization and a social and economic equity applicant in which the dispensing organization agrees to provide financial, mentorship, training, operational and other support to the social and economic equity applicant to operate a dispensary at up to three locations. The charter agreement may provide for a method of repayment of any loaned financial support by a dispensing organization over a period of 10 years and under terms that allow the social and economic equity applicant to profit from the business. During the term of the charter agreement, a
dispensing organization may not take more than a 10% ownership stake in a social and economic equity applicant's business. The charter agreement shall be subject to board approval and audit. The charter agreement shall provide a pathway for the social and economic equity applicant to assume full ownership of the business within 10 years. Except as provided under subsection (r), a dispensing organization's failure to adhere to the terms of the charter agreement shall be grounds to revoke the dispensing organization's permit.

(g) Partnership.--A dispensing organization shall identify a social and economic equity applicant to partner with through a bona fide selection process, and the dispensing organization shall be prohibited from accepting money or other valuable consideration from a social and economic equity applicant in exchange for selecting the social and economic equity applicant as a charter partner.

(h) Additional requirements.--In addition to the required charter agreement specified under subsection (f), together with the application under subsection (e), a dispensing organization applicant under this section shall submit the application of a social and economic equity applicant to operate a dispensary at up to three locations under a social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit.

(i) Disqualification.--A social and economic equity applicant shall submit all required information under subsection (e) to the board. Failure of the social and economic equity applicant to submit all required information under subsection (e) may result in the application being disqualified. The issuance of a permit under this section may not be delayed by an applicant's failure to identify each of the applicant's
(j) Deficiency notice.--If the board receives an application that fails to provide the required elements contained in subsections (e) and (f), other than information relevant to all of each of the applicant's dispensary locations, the board shall issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 30 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to submit the complete information.

(k) Review.--Upon receipt of all of the required information and documents under this section, the board shall review the applications of both the dispensing organization applicant and the dispensing social and economic equity applicant. The board may request revisions and retain final approval over retail site features. The board shall approve the adult use dispensing organization and social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permits at the same time once reviewed. Final approval for each individual dispensary location shall be contingent on the completion of construction of each dispensary location, board inspections and providing the board with any information specified under subsection (h) related to each dispensary location that was not provided during the initial application process.

(l) Authorization.--The board may only authorize the sale of cannabis at one of the adult use cannabis dispensing organization's dispensary location after the completion of a successful inspection at the location and at a dispensary location of the social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder. The board shall inspect a location within 30 days of a written request by an adult use dispensing organization or social and economic equity dispensing organization.
organization charter permit holder.

(m) Successful inspection.--If the permit holders pass the inspections under this section, the board shall authorize the sale of cannabis at the dispensaries within 10 business days. The board may, at its discretion, allow either the adult use dispensing organization or the social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder to begin operations at a location before the other permittee as long as substantial, good faith efforts can be shown to open the permittee that has not yet passed inspection.

(n) Notification of opening date.--Once the board has authorized the sale of cannabis at an adult use dispensing organization location or social and economic equity dispensing organization charter location, the adult use dispensing organization or social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permittee shall notify the board of the proposed opening date.

(o) Treatment.--A social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder shall be treated in all respects as the equivalent of an adult use dispensing organization except that the holder of a social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit shall operate its dispensary locations with the assistance of the adult use dispensing organization as outlined in the charter agreement.

(p) Initial sale.--An adult use cannabis dispensing organization and social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder may begin selling cannabis, cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, cannabis paraphernalia and related items to purchasers and patients no earlier than June 1, 2024.
(g) Permit change.--After the term of the charter agreement between the dispensing organization and social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder has expired and the social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder has assumed full ownership and control of the dispensary facility, the board shall exchange the social and economic equity dispensing organization charter permit holder for a dispensing organization permit.

(r) Additional permits.--Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, any medical marijuana organization holding a permit granted under Subchapter E or M of Chapter 93 as of the effective date of this subsection that, despite good faith efforts, has been unable to partner with a qualified social and economic equity applicant as specified under this section, may still apply for an additional adult use dispensing organization permit to operate at up to three locations to serve purchasers and qualified patients throughout this Commonwealth upon the payment of a fee of $100,000 to the board to be deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund.

(s) Deposit.--All fees collected under this section shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund, unless otherwise specified.

§ 9155. New dispensing organization permits.

(a) Additional permits.--The board shall be the exclusive entity authorized to issue new dispensing organization permits. Separate and apart from any adult use dispensing organization permits issued to a medical marijuana organization under section 9153 (relating to authorization of current medical marijuana organizations to commence dispensing adult use cannabis) or 9154 (relating to issuance of additional permits to current medical
marijuana organizations and qualified social and economic equity applicants), the board shall issue up to four additional dispensing organization permits after January 1, 2024.

(b) Dispensing.--All dispensing organization permits, including those issued to existing medical marijuana organizations under section 9153 or 9154, shall entitle permittees to dispense cannabis to both adult use purchasers and patients. A dispensing organization shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana).

(c) Award of permits.--To ensure the geographic dispersion of dispensing organization permittees throughout this Commonwealth, the board shall determine how many permits should be awarded across this Commonwealth through a merit-based application process. An applicant may file no more than one application in a single application period for an additional permit under this section.

(d) Permit application.--An applicant seeking issuance of a dispensing organization permit shall submit an application on a form provided by the board. The application shall include information in at least the following categories as determined by the board:

(1) The fees to be paid.
(2) A business plan that complies with the requirements under this chapter.
(3) A security plan.
(4) An inventory control plan.
(5) A plan for community engagement.
(6) Written policies and procedures regarding recordkeeping, inventory control, safety, security and diversity.
Facility plans, including the proposed physical address, floor plans, security overlay and specifications of the building exterior and interior layout.

Documented ownership or control of the property.

A copy of each relevant local zoning ordinance and documentation, if necessary, of approval from the local zoning office that the proposed dispensary location is in compliance with each local zoning ordinance.

Information regarding each principal officer.

Evidence of the applicant's status as a social and economic equity applicant, if applicable.

Operations.--An applicant who receives an adult use dispensing organization permit under this section shall have one calendar year from the date of the award to become operational at each of the applicant's locations. If the applicant does not become operational at each of the applicant's locations within one calendar year of the permit award, the board may revoke the permit absent good reason for the delay shown by the applicant. Before a new adult use dispensing organization receives authorization to commence building a dispensary, the board shall inspect the physical space selected by the permittee. The board shall verify the site is suitable for public access, there is a sufficient distance between the site and a school, day care center or playground, the site's layout promotes the safe dispensing of cannabis and the site's location is sufficient in size, power allocation, lighting, parking, handicapped-accessible parking spaces, accessible entry and exits as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336, 104 Stat. 327), product handling and storage.

Background checks.--The board shall conduct a background
check of each agent of an applicant under this section. The Pennsylvania State Police shall charge the applicant a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall not exceed the actual cost of the record check. Each individual applying as a cannabis business establishment agent shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Pennsylvania State Police for the purpose of obtaining a Federal and State criminal history record check. The Pennsylvania State Police shall check the fingerprints against the fingerprint records filed in the Pennsylvania State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases as authorized under Federal and State law. The Pennsylvania State Police shall furnish, following positive identification, all conviction information in this Commonwealth to the board.

§ 9156. Selection criteria for new adult use dispensing organization permits.

(a) Incomplete application.--Failure by an applicant to submit to the board all required information under section 9155 (relating to new dispensing organization permits) may result in the application being disqualified. If the board receives an application that fails to provide the required elements in a section, that section shall not be scored.

(b) Application scoring.--The board shall, by rule, develop a merit-based scoring system in which to award new adult use dispensing organization permits as specified under section 9155.

(c) Scoring criteria.--An applicant for a new adult use dispensing organization permit shall be awarded points on applications as determined by the board.

(d) Anonymity.--Applications for new adult use dispensing organization permits shall be scored by the board anonymously in
accordance with regulations promulgated by the board, which
shall include tie-breaker language that governs the process
through which some applicants are to be awarded permits when
multiple applicants receive the same application score and the
awarding of permits to all tied applicants would result in
awarding more permits than is permissible under this chapter.
Any tie-breaking process shall be designed to ensure clarity,
transparency and fairness.

(e) Review.--Each application for a new adult use dispensing
organization permit shall be reviewed and scored by three
individuals who score each application independently. An
applicant's score in each category under subsection (c) shall be
an average of the three scores awarded by each individual score.
An applicant may not receive full points simply for providing
responsive information on a section of the application.
§ 9157. Dispensing organization operational requirements and
prohibitions.

(a) Requirements and prohibitions.--A dispensing
organization shall operate in accordance with the
representations made in its application and permit materials. A
dispensing organization shall be in compliance with this chapter
and the regulations promulgated under this chapter and shall
also be subject to the provisions under Chapter 93 (relating to
medical marijuana). The following shall apply:

(1) All cannabis, cannabis concentrates, cannabis-
infused edible and nonedible products and cannabis seeds
shall be obtained from an adult use cultivation center, micro
cultivation center or another dispensary registered in this
Commonwealth.

(2) A dispensing organization:
(i) Shall include the legal name of the dispensary on the packaging of any cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product the dispensing organization sells.

(ii) Shall inspect and count product received from a micro cultivation center or other adult use dispensing organization before dispensing it.

(iii) May only accept cannabis deliveries into a restricted access area. Deliveries may not be accepted through the public or limited access areas unless otherwise approved by the board.

(iv) Shall maintain compliance with Commonwealth and local building, fire and zoning requirements or regulations.

(v) Shall submit a list to the board of the names of all service professionals that will work at the dispensary. The list shall include a description of the type of business or service provided. The board shall be promptly notified of any changes to the service professional list. No service professional shall work in the dispensary until the name is provided to the board on the service professional list.

(vi) Shall operate between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m. local time or as determined by the local municipality.

(vii) Shall keep all lighting outside and inside the dispensary in good working order and wattage sufficient for security cameras.

(viii) Shall keep all air treatment systems that will be installed to reduce odors in good working order.

(ix) Shall ensure that any building or equipment used by a dispensing organization for the storage or sale
of cannabis is maintained in a clean and sanitary condition.

(x) Shall be free from infestation by insects, rodents or pests.

(xi) Shall develop a recall policy and procedure as approved by the board.

(3) A dispensing organization may not:

(i) Cultivate, process or manufacture cannabis.

(ii) Accept a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product from an adult use cultivation center, micro cultivation center or dispensing organization unless it is prepackaged and labeled in accordance with this chapter and regulations that may be promulgated in accordance with this chapter.

(iii) Obtain cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products from outside this Commonwealth.

(iv) Sell cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to a purchaser unless the individual is registered under Chapter 93 or the purchaser has been verified to be 21 years of age or older.

(v) Refuse to conduct business with an adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center that can properly deliver the product and is permitted by the board.

(vi) Enter into agreements to allow persons who are not cannabis business establishment agents to deliver cannabis or to transport cannabis to purchasers, other than through home delivery services approved by the board.

(vii) Operate a dispensary if the:
Dispensary organization's video surveillance equipment is inoperative.

Point-of-sale equipment is inoperative.

Cannabis seed-to-seed tracking system is inoperative, unless the dispensing organization has the ability to record transactions to upload to the cannabis seed-to-seed tracking system once the system is operational.

Have fewer than two individuals working at any time while the dispensary is open.

Sell clones or any other live plant material, unless otherwise authorized by this chapter.

Violate any other requirements or prohibitions specified by the board.

Regulations.--The board shall promulgate regulations specifying operational requirements for dispensing organizations, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, including the operational requirements and prohibitions contained in this section.

Dispensing cannabis.

Dispensing criteria.--Prior to a cannabis business establishment agent dispensing cannabis to a purchaser, the agent shall:

Verify the age of the purchaser and validity of the government-issued identification card of the purchaser by use of an electronic reader or electronic scanning device, unless otherwise permitted by the board, to scan a purchaser's government-issued identification, if applicable.

Enter the following information into the seed-to-sale tracking system:

20230SB0846PN1004
(i) The cannabis business establishment agent identification card and dispensing cannabis business establishment agent's identification number.

(ii) The amount and type, including strain, if applicable, of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product dispensed.

(iii) The date and time the cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product was dispensed.

(b) Refusal to sell.--A dispensing organization shall refuse to sell cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products under any of the following circumstances:

(1) To an individual unless the individual produces valid identification showing that the individual is 21 years of age or older. However, a dispensing organization under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) may sell cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to an individual who is younger than 21 years of age if the sale complies with the provisions of Chapter 93.

(2) To an individual who is disqualified by the board.

(c) Validity.--For the purposes of this section, valid identification shall:

(1) Be valid and unexpired.

(2) Contain a photograph and the date of birth of the person.

§ 9159. Agent-in-charge.

(a) Designation.--A dispensing organization shall designate, at a minimum, one agent-in-charge for each permitted dispensary. The designated agent-in-charge shall hold a cannabis business establishment agent identification card. Maintaining an agent-in-charge shall be a continuing requirement for the adult use
dispensary organization permit, except as provided under subsection (e).

(b) Requirements.--The agent-in-charge shall be an on-site manager or a full-time agent of the dispensing organization and shall manage the dispensary. Managing the dispensary shall include responsibility for opening and closing the dispensary, delivery acceptance, oversight of sales and cannabis business establishment agents, recordkeeping, inventory, cannabis business establishment agent training and compliance with this chapter, including the responsibility for maintaining all files subject to audit or inspection by the board at the dispensary. Except for a determination that a dispensary employee has diverted cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products or has intentionally dispensed cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products in a manner not consistent with this chapter, which shall be reported to the board within 48 hours, the agent-in-charge shall, within 10 days, notify the board of a change of information required to be reported to the board.

(c) Determination.--In determining whether an agent-in-charge manages the dispensary, the board may consider the responsibilities identified in this section, the number of cannabis business establishment agents under the supervision of the agent-in-charge and the employment relationship between the agent-in-charge and the dispensing organization, including the existence of a contract for employment and any other relevant fact or circumstance.

(d) Change in status.--The agent-in-charge shall be responsible for notifying the board of a change in the employment status of any cannabis business establishment agent.
within 10 business days after the change, including notice to
the board if the termination of an agent was for diversion of
product or theft of currency.

(e) Vacancy.--In the event of the separation of an agent-in-
charge due to death, incapacity, termination or any other reason
and if the dispensary does not have an active agent-in-charge,
the dispensing organization shall immediately contact the board
and request temporary authority allowing the continuing
operation. The request shall include the name of an interim
agent-in-charge until a succeeding agent-in-charge is identified
or shall include the name of the replacement. The board may not
delay in granting the temporary authority, and the adult use
dispensing organization shall be permitted to operate while
obtaining board approval for an interim agent-in-charge. A
temporary authority may not be valid for more than 90 days. The
succeeding agent-in-charge shall register with the board in
compliance with this section. Once the permanent succeeding
agent-in-charge is registered with the board, the temporary
authority shall be void.

(f) Registration.--The dispensing organization agent-in-
charge registration shall expire one year from the date of
issuance. The agent-in-charge's registration shall be renewed
annually.

(g) Termination.--Upon termination of an agent-in-charge's
employment, the dispensing organization shall immediately
reclaim the cannabis business establishment agent identification
card. The dispensing organization shall promptly return the
agent identification card to the board.

(h) Application denial.--The board may deny a new
application or a renewal or discipline or revoke an agent-in-
charge identification card for any of the following reasons:

(1) submission of misleading, incorrect, false or fraudulent information in the application or renewal application;

(2) violation of the requirements of this chapter or regulations;

(3) fraudulent use of an agent identification card;

(4) selling, distributing, transferring in any manner or giving cannabis to any unauthorized person;

(5) theft of cannabis, currency or any other items from a dispensary;

(6) tampering with, falsifying, altering, modifying or duplicating an agent-in-charge identification card;

(7) tampering with, falsifying, altering or modifying the surveillance video footage, point-of-sale system, cannabis seed-to-sale tracking system or the Commonwealth's verification system;

(8) failure to notify the board immediately upon discovery that the agent-in-charge identification card has been lost, stolen or destroyed;

(9) failure to notify the board within 10 business days after a change in the information provided in the application for an agent-in-charge identification card;

(10) intentionally dispensing to purchasers in amounts above the limits provided in this chapter;

(11) delinquency in filing any required tax returns or paying any amounts owed to the Commonwealth; or

(12) failure to notify the board within 48 hours after a determination that a dispensary employee has diverted cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products or
§ 9159.1. Inventory control system.

(a) Inventory.—A dispensing organization agent-in-charge shall have primary oversight of the adult use dispensing organization's cannabis inventory point-of-sale system. The inventory point-of-sale system shall be real-time, web-based, open API, two-way communication and accessible by the board at any time. The point-of-sale system shall track, at a minimum, the date of sale, amount, price and currency.

(b) Account.—A dispensing organization shall establish an account with the board's verification system that documents:

(1) Each sales transaction at the time of sale and each day's beginning inventory, acquisitions, sales, disposal and ending inventory.

(2) Acquisition of cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products from a permitted adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center, including:

(i) A description of the products, including the quantity, strain, variety and batch number of each product received.

(ii) The name and registry identification number of the permitted adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center providing the cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.

(iii) The name and registry identification number of the permitted cannabis business establishment agent delivering the cannabis.

(iv) The name and registry identification number of
the cannabis business establishment agent receiving the cannabis.

(v) The date of acquisition.

(3) The disposal of cannabis, including:

(i) A description of the products, including the quantity, strain, variety, batch number and reason for the cannabis disposal.

(ii) The method of disposal.

(iii) The date and time of disposal.

(c) Verification.--Upon cannabis delivery from an adult use cultivation center or a micro cultivation center, a dispensing organization shall confirm that the product's name, strain name, weight and identification number on the manifest matches the information on the cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product label and package. The product name listed and the weight listed in the Commonwealth's verification system shall match the product packaging.

(d) Monthly inventory.--The agent-in-charge shall conduct a daily inventory reconciliation documenting and balancing cannabis inventory by confirming that the board's verification system matches the dispensing organization's point-of-sale system and the amount of physical product at the dispensary. The following shall apply:

(1) A dispensing organization shall provide a reason for an inventory adjustment. Inventory adjustment documentation shall be kept at the dispensary or maintained electronically for two years from the date performed.

(2) If the dispensing organization identifies an anomaly in the amount of cannabis after the daily inventory reconciliation due to a mistake, the dispensing organization shall...
shall determine how the anomaly occurred and take and
document corrective action. The dispensing organization shall
work diligently to determine the reason for the anomaly and
document steps on how to address the anomaly.

(3) If the dispensing organization identifies a
discrepancy in the amount of cannabis after the daily
inventory reconciliation or through other means due to theft,
criminal activity or suspected criminal activity, the
dispensing organization shall determine how the diversion
occurred and take and document corrective action. Within 48
hours after the first discovery of the diversion due to
theft, criminal activity or suspected criminal activity, the
dispensing organization shall inform the board and the
Pennsylvania State Police in writing.

(4) The dispensing organization shall file an annual
compilation report with the board, including a financial
statement that shall include an income statement, balance
sheet, profit and loss statement, statement of cash flow,
wholesale cost and sales and any other documentation
requested by the board in writing. The financial statement
shall include any other information the board deems necessary
in order to effectively administer this chapter and all
regulations, orders and final decisions promulgated under
this chapter. Statements required by this section shall be
filed with the board within 60 days after the end of the
calendar year. The compilation report shall include a letter
authored by a licensed certified public accountant that it
has been reviewed and is accurate based on the information
provided. The dispensing organization, financial statement
and accompanying documents may not be audited unless
specifically requested by the board.

(e) Documentation.--A dispensing organization shall have all of the following duties:

(1) Maintain the documentation required under this section in a secure locked location at the adult use dispensing organization, an off-site approved office or electronically, for two years from the date on the document.

(2) Provide any documentation required to be maintained in this section to the board for review upon request.

(3) If maintaining a bank account, retain for a period of two years, electronically or otherwise, a record of each deposit or withdrawal from the bank account.

(f) Return policy.--If a dispensing organization chooses to have a return policy for cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, the dispensing organization shall seek prior approval from the board, including written policies as to how returned cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products will be stored and quarantined from other inventory.

§ 9159.2. Storage requirements.

(a) Authorized on-premises storage.--An adult use dispensing organization shall store inventory on its premises. All inventory stored on the premises shall be secured in a restricted access area and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking regulations. A dispensing organization shall be of suitable size and construction to facilitate cleaning, maintenance and proper operations and shall maintain adequate lighting, ventilation, temperature, humidity control and equipment.

(b) Tampered containers.--A cannabis container that has been tampered with, damaged or opened shall be labeled with the date.
opened, if known, and quarantined from other cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products in the vault until the cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products are disposed. Cannabis that was tampered with, expired or damaged may not be stored at the premises for more than 14 calendar days.

(c) Samples.--Cannabis laboratory samples shall be in a sealed container and clearly labeled. Samples shall be maintained in the restricted access area.

(d) Storage.--The dispensing organization storage areas shall be maintained in accordance with the security requirements in this chapter and any regulations promulgated by the board. Cannabis shall be stored at appropriate temperatures and under appropriate conditions to help ensure that the packaging, strength, quality and purity are not adversely affected.

§ 9159.3. Destruction and disposal of cannabis.

(a) Destruction.--Cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products shall be destroyed by rendering the cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products unusable using methods approved by the board and promptly disposed in a manner that complies with this chapter and regulations promulgated by the board. Disposal of the cannabis waste rendered unusable may be delivered to a permitted solid waste facility for final disposition. Acceptable permitted solid waste facilities shall include all of the following:

1. Compostable facilities.

(b) Waste inventory.--Waste and unusable cannabis, cannabis concentrate or a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product shall be weighed, recorded and entered into the seed-to-sale tracking system prior to rendering it unusable. Verification of
waste inventory shall be performed by an employee who is a
manager and conducted in an area with video surveillance.
Electronic documentation of destruction and disposal shall be
maintained for a period of at least two years.
§ 9159.4. Security measures.
(a) Measures.--A dispensing organization shall implement
security measures to protect the premises, patients and
purchasers and deter and prevent entry into and theft of
cannabis or currency in accordance with the regulations
promulgated under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) as
determined by the board.
(b) Alternative provisions.--The board may approve
alternative security provisions that the board determines are an
adequate substitute for a security requirement specified by the
board in the regulations promulgated under Chapter 93.
§ 9159.5. Recordkeeping.
(a) Record retention.--Dispensing organization records shall
be maintained electronically for two years and be available for
inspection by the board upon request. The required written
records shall include all of the following:
(1) Operating procedures.
(2) Inventory records, policies and procedures.
(3) Security records.
(4) Audit records.
(5) Staff training plans and completion documentation.
(6) Staffing plan.
(7) Business records, including:
(i) Assets and liabilities.
(ii) Monetary transactions.
(iii) Written or electronic accounts, including bank
statements, journals, ledgers and supporting documents, agreements, checks, invoices, receipts and vouchers.

(iv) Any other financial accounts reasonably related to the dispensary operations.

(b) Storage and transfer of records.--If a dispensing organization closes due to insolvency, revocation, bankruptcy or for any other reason, all records required to be maintained shall be preserved and provided to the board.

§ 9159.6. Issuance of adult use cultivation center permits.

(a) Modifications or changes.--On or after January 1, 2024, the board may, by rule, do any of the following:

(1) Modify or change the number of new adult use cultivation center permits available, which shall at no time exceed three permits, other than those permits issued to current grower/processors under this chapter.

(2) Modify or change the permitting application process to reduce or eliminate the barriers to permits, particularly for social and economic equity applicants, and shall make modifications to remedy evidence of discrimination.

(b) Additional permits.--If the board determines that additional adult use cultivation center permits should be issued other than those permits issued to current grower/processors, the board shall ensure that the first permit of the up to three additional permits authorized is awarded to qualified social and economic equity applicants.

§ 9159.7. Issuance of adult use cultivation center permits to current medical marijuana grower/processor permit holders.

(a) Dual use cultivation center permits.--A medical marijuana organization holding a grower/processor permit granted

20230SB0846PN1004 - 77 -
under Subchapter E or M of Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) shall, within 180 days from the effective date of this subsection, be authorized by the board to commence selling adult use cannabis at a grower/processor facility operating under Chapter 93. A medical marijuana organization holding a grower/processor permit granted under Subchapter E or M of Chapter 93 shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of $100,000 to the board, which shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

(b) Delay or inhibit operations.--The failure of the board to be seated or to promulgate regulations shall not delay or inhibit the ability of a medical marijuana organization under subsection (a) from commencing the sale of adult use cannabis at a grower/processor facility operating under Chapter 93. If the board is not seated within 180 days from the effective date of this subsection or if the board otherwise fails to authorize a medical marijuana organization under subsection (a) from commencing the sale of adult use cannabis at a grower/processor facility operating under Chapter 93 within 180 days from the effective date of this subsection, the medical marijuana organization shall automatically be authorized to commence adult use cannabis sales.

(c) Adult use cultivation center permittees.--An adult use cultivation center permittee may operate at up to two locations. The board shall determine the process for opening a second cultivation center location not already operational as a medical marijuana grower processor on the effective date of this subsection.

(d) Submission.--A medical marijuana grower/processor authorized under this section to cultivate and process adult use cannabis shall, within 180 days from the effective date of this subsection, submit a written plan to the board that includes, but is not limited to, the following information:

- The location of the grower/processor facility
- The proposed cultivation and processing methods
- The proposed security measures
- The proposed employee training program
- The proposed quality control procedures
- The proposed distribution plan
- The proposed compliance measures

The board shall review the written plan and provide written comments within 90 days from the submission date. The grower/processor shall submit any revisions to the plan based on the board's comments within 30 days from the receipt of the comments. The plan shall be revised as necessary to ensure compliance with this section and all applicable laws and regulations.

(e) Enforcement.--The board shall enforce the provisions of this section, including the submission of the written plan, and shall have the authority to take any action necessary to ensure compliance with this section. The board may impose fines, revoke the permit of a grower/processor, or take any other action necessary to ensure compliance with this section.

(f) Penalties.--A grower/processor that violates any provision of this section shall be subject to a fine of up to $100,000. The board may also take any other action necessary to ensure compliance with this section.

(g) Repeal.--This subsection shall be repealed on the effective date of January 1, 2024.
cannabis shall have the following duties:

(1) Pay a nonrefundable application fee of $100,000 to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

(2) Pay a nonrefundable fee of $100,000 to be deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund.

(3) Provide proof of registration as a medical marijuana grower/processor that is in good standing.

(4) Commit to completing one of the following social and economic equity inclusion plans prior to the first expiration of the adult use cultivation center permit:

   (i) pay $100,000 to the Cannabis Business Development Fund. This payment shall be in addition to the fees required under this subsection;

   (ii) pay $100,000 to a cannabis industry training or education program in this Commonwealth;

   (iii) donate $100,000 or more to a program that provides job training services to persons recently incarcerated or that operates in a disproportionately impacted area;

   (iv) participate as a host in a cannabis business establishment incubator program approved by the board and in which an adult use cultivation center permit holder agrees to provide a loan of at least $100,000 and mentorship to incubate, for at least a year, a social and economic equity applicant intending to seek a permit or a permittee that qualifies as a social and economic equity applicant. As used in this subparagraph, "incubate" means providing direct financial assistance and training necessary to engage in permitted cannabis industry activity similar to that of the host permittee. The adult
use cultivation center permit holder or the same entity holding any other permits issued pursuant to this chapter shall not take an ownership stake in any business receiving incubation services to comply with this subsection. If an adult use cultivation center permit holder fails to find a business to incubate to comply with this subsection, after reasonable efforts, before the adult use cultivation center permit expires, the adult use cultivation center permit holder may opt to meet the requirement of this subsection by completing another item from this subsection; or

(v) participate in a sponsorship program for at least two years approved by the board in which an adult use cultivation center permit holder agrees to provide an interest-free loan of at least $200,000 to a social and economic equity applicant. The sponsor shall not take an ownership stake in any social and economic equity applicant receiving sponsorship services to comply with this subsection.

(e) Product shortage.--If there is a shortage of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, an adult use cultivation center holding both a grower/processor permit under Chapter 93 and an adult use cultivation center permit shall prioritize serving patients and caregivers.

(f) Construction.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or constrain an existing medical marijuana grower/processor that receives an adult use cultivation center permit from relocating its existing facility, before or after receiving its adult use cultivation center permit, in accordance with procedures for relocation in this chapter or any
regulations promulgated by the board.

(g) Adult use cultivation centers.--An adult use cultivation center shall be subject to the provisions under Chapter 93.

§ 9159.8. New adult use cultivation center permits.

If the board makes available an additional adult use cultivation center permit in excess of the permits authorized under section 9159.7 (relating issuance of adult use cultivation center permits to current medical marijuana grower/processor permit holders), the board shall determine the requirements of an application for the permit and selection criteria and promulgate regulations as necessary to implement this section.

§ 9159.9. Adult use cultivation center requirements and prohibitions.

(a) Requirements.--The operating documents of an adult use cultivation center shall include procedures for the oversight of the adult use cultivation center, tracking cannabis, including a physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate recordkeeping and a staffing plan.

(b) Security plan.--An adult use cultivation center shall implement a security plan that includes facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, personnel identification systems, a 24-hour surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the adult use cultivation center facility and accessibility to authorized law enforcement and the board in real time.

(c) Facility.--All cultivation of cannabis by an adult use cultivation center shall take place in an enclosed, locked facility at the physical address provided to the board during the licensing process. The adult use cultivation center location shall only be accessed by the agents working for the adult use
cultivation center, the board staff performing inspections and
State law enforcement or other emergency personnel, contractors
working on jobs unrelated to cannabis or other individuals as
provided by rule.

(d) Sale prohibited.--An adult use cultivation center may
not sell or distribute any cannabis or cannabis-infused edible
and nonedible products to any person other than a dispensing
organization or as otherwise authorized by rule of the board,
including home delivery to purchasers and patients.

(e) Pricing.--An adult use cultivation center may not either
directly or indirectly discriminate in price between different
dispensing organizations that are purchasing a like grade,
strain, brand and quality of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible
or nonedible product. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent
adult use cultivation centers from pricing cannabis differently
based on differences in cannabinoid content, in the cost of
manufacturing or processing, the quantities sold, including
volume discounts, or the way the products are delivered.

(f) Data collection system.--All cannabis harvested by an
adult use cultivation center and intended for distribution to a
dispensing organization shall be entered into a data collection
system, packaged and labeled and placed into a cannabis
container for transport.

(g) Random inspection.--An adult use cultivation center
shall be subject to random inspections by the board.

(h) Loss notification.--A cannabis business establishment
agent shall notify local law enforcement, the Pennsylvania State
Police and the board within 24 hours of the discovery of any
loss or theft. Notification shall be made by phone, in person or
by written or electronic communication.
(i) Pesticides.--An adult use cultivation center shall comply with all Federal and State rules and regulations regarding the use of pesticides on cannabis plants. The board shall promulgate reasonable regulations allowing pesticide use in accordance with thresholds permitted in other adult use and medical marijuana markets but may not regulate pesticide use in a manner than is more stringent than currently regulated under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana).

(j) Process.--An adult use cultivation center may process cannabis, cannabis concentrates and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, including tinctures, topicals and edibles. An adult use cultivation center may not sell, dispense, manufacture or distribute cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products with a THC potency limit higher than specified under this chapter, including the following:

(1) 15% for cannabis flower.
(2) 40% for cannabis concentrate.

(k) Compliance.--An adult use cultivation center shall comply with any other requirements or prohibitions specified by regulations of the board.

§ 9159.10. Issuance of micro cultivation center permits.

(a) Limitation.--An applicant may file no more than one application in any single application period.

(b) Issuance.--The board may issue micro cultivation center permits, as determined by the board. Prior to issuing a permit, the board may adopt regulations to modify or raise the number of micro cultivation center permits or modify or change the permitting application process to reduce or eliminate barriers for an applicant. In determining whether to exercise the authority granted under this subsection, the board shall...
consider the following factors:

(1) the percentage of cannabis sales occurring in this Commonwealth not in the regulated market;
(2) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to serve patients;
(3) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to serve purchasers;
(4) whether there is an oversupply of cannabis in this Commonwealth leading to trafficking of cannabis to states where the sale of cannabis is not permitted by law;
(5) population increases or shifts;
(6) the density of micro cultivation centers in any area of this Commonwealth;
(7) perceived security risks of increasing the number or location of micro cultivation centers;
(8) the past safety record of micro cultivation centers;
(9) the board's capacity to appropriately regulate additional permittees;
(10) social and economic equity applicant participation;
and
(11) any other criteria the board deems relevant.

(c) Space.--A micro cultivation center may not contain more than 3,000 square feet of canopy space for plants in the flowering stage for cultivation of cannabis as provided in this chapter. A micro cultivation center may share a premises with a dispensing organization if each permittee stores currency and cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products in a separate secured vault to which any other permittee does not
§ 9159.11. Micro cultivation center permit applications.

(a) Required information.--When applying for a permit, the applicant for a micro cultivation center permit shall electronically include information in at least the following categories as determined by the board:

(1) The fees to be paid.

(2) A business plan that complies with the requirements under this chapter.

(3) A security plan.

(4) An inventory control plan.

(5) A plan for community engagement.

(6) Written policies and procedures regarding recordkeeping, inventory control, safety, security, diversion and diversity.

(7) Facility plans, including the proposed physical address, floor plans, security overlay and specifications of the building exterior and interior layout.

(8) Documented ownership or control of the property.

(9) A copy of each relevant local zoning ordinance and documentation, if necessary, of approval from the local zoning office that the proposed dispensary location is in compliance with each local zoning ordinance.

(10) Information regarding each principal officer.

(11) Evidence of the applicant's status as a social and economic equity applicant, if applicable.

(b) Submission.--An applicant under subsection (a) shall submit all required information to the board. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the Board
§ 9159.12. Selection criteria for micro cultivation center permits.

(a) Incomplete application.--If the board receives an application under section 9159.11 (relating to micro cultivation center permit applications) that fails to provide the required elements contained in a section, that section may not be scored.

(b) Application scoring.--The board shall, by rule, develop a merit-based scoring system in which to award new adult use dispensing organization permits.

(c) Scoring criteria.--An applicant for a new adult use dispensing organization permit shall be awarded points on an application as determined by the board.

(d) Anonymity.--Applications for new adult use dispensing organization permits shall be scored by the board anonymously in accordance with regulations promulgated by the board, which shall include tie-breaker language that governs the process through which some applicants are to be awarded permits when multiple applicants receive the same application score and the awarding of permits to all tied applicants would result in awarding more permits than is permissible under this chapter. A tie-breaking process shall be designed to ensure clarity, transparency and fairness.

(e) Review.--Each application for a new adult use dispensing organization permit shall be reviewed and scored by three individuals who score each application independently. An applicant's score in each category under subsection (c) shall be an average of the three scores awarded by each individual score. An applicant may not receive full points simply for providing responsive information on a section of the application.
(f) Award of points.--Except in the case when an applicant for a new adult use dispensing organization permit provides necessary documentation of a status as a social and economic equity applicant, a resident of this Commonwealth or an existing farming operation, the scoring system developed by the board shall be designed to ensure that the applicant does not receive full points merely for providing responsive information on a section of the application.

§ 9159.13. (Reserved).


(a) Operating documents.--The operating documents of a micro cultivation center shall include procedures for the oversight of the micro cultivation center, tracking cannabis, including a physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate recordkeeping and a staffing plan.

(b) Security plan.--A micro cultivation center shall implement a security plan that includes facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, personnel identification systems and a 24-hour surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the micro cultivation center that is accessible to authorized law enforcement and the board in real time.

(c) Facility requirements.--All cultivation of cannabis by a micro cultivation center shall take place in an enclosed, locked facility at the physical address provided to the board during the permitting process. The micro cultivation center location shall only be accessed by the cannabis business establishment agents working for the micro cultivation center, the board staff performing inspections, Commonwealth and local law enforcement.
or other emergency personnel, contractors working on jobs unrelated to cannabis, individuals in a mentoring or educational program approved by the State or other individuals as provided by rule. If a micro cultivation center shares a premises with an adult use dispensing organization, agents from those other permittees may access the micro cultivation center portion of the premises if the location point is a common area for access to bathrooms, lunchrooms, locker rooms or other areas of the building where work or cultivation of cannabis is not performed. At no time may a dispensing organization agent perform work at a micro cultivation center without being an employee of the micro cultivation center.

(d) Sale and distribution limitation.--A micro cultivation center may not sell or distribute cannabis to any person other than a cannabis business establishment or as otherwise authorized by rule of the board.

(e) Location limitation.--A micro cultivation center may not be located in an area zoned for residential use.

(f) Price discrimination.--A micro cultivation center may not either directly or indirectly discriminate in price between different cannabis business establishments that are purchasing a like grade, strain, brand and quality of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a micro cultivation center from pricing cannabis differently based on cannabinoid content, differences in the cost of manufacturing, processing, quantities sold, such as volume discounts, or the method of product delivery.

(g) Data collection system.--All cannabis harvested by a micro cultivation center and intended for distribution to a dispensing organization shall be entered into a data collection
system, packaged and labeled in compliance with this chapter and
any regulations promulgated by the board and, if the
distribution is to a dispensing organization that does not share
a premises with the dispensing organization receiving the
cannabis, placed into a cannabis container for transport.

(h) Random inspection.--A micro cultivation center shall be
subject to random inspections by the board.

(i) Notification of loss or theft.--A cannabis business
establishment agent shall notify local law enforcement, the
Pennsylvania State Police and the board within 24 hours of the
discovery of any loss or theft. A notification under this
subsection shall be made by phone, in person or by written or
electronic communication.

(j) Pesticides.--A micro cultivation center shall comply
with all Federal and State rules and regulations regarding the
use of pesticides in addition to any regulations promulgated by
the board.

(k) Transportation.--A micro cultivation center or cannabis
business establishment agent shall be permitted to transport
cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to
any other cannabis business establishment. A micro cultivation
center may alternatively enter into a contract with a dispensing
organization or a laboratory related to the transport of
cannabis.

(l) Compliance.--A micro cultivation center shall comply
with any other requirements or prohibitions specified by
regulations of the board.

§ 9159.15. Cannabis business establishment agent identification
cards.

(a) Required form.--The board shall promulgate regulations
detailing the form required for an initial application or renewal application for a cannabis business establishment agent identification card submitted under this chapter. The form shall include all of the following:

(1) A nonrefundable fee to accompany the initial application or renewal application.

(2) A fingerprinting and background check requirement.

(3) Means to submit the initial application or renewal application via electronic means.

(b) Verification.--The board shall verify the information contained in an initial application or renewal application for a cannabis business establishment agent identification card submitted under this chapter and approve or deny the application within 14 days of receiving the completed application and all supporting documentation required by regulations of the board.

(c) Duties of establishment.--The cannabis business establishment:

(1) shall print and issue a cannabis business establishment agent identification card to a qualifying agent within 14 business days of approving the initial application or renewal application; and

(2) may allow a cannabis business establishment agent to work at a cannabis business establishment after the agent's application has been approved but prior to issuance of the cannabis business establishment agent identification card.

(d) Identification.--An agent shall keep the cannabis business establishment agent identification card under this section visible at all times when on the property of the cannabis business establishment where the agent is employed, unless the agent is working after being approved as an agent by
the board but prior to the receipt of the cannabis business establishment agent's identification card.

(e) Identification card requirements.--The cannabis business establishment agent identification card shall contain the following:

(1) The name of the cardholder.

(2) The date of issuance and expiration date of the cannabis business establishment agent identification card.

(3) A random 10-digit alphanumeric identification number containing at least four numbers and at least four letters that is unique to the holder.

(4) A photograph of the cardholder.

(f) Limitation.--The board may not issue a cannabis business establishment agent identification card if the applicant is delinquent in filing any required tax returns or paying any amounts owed to the Commonwealth.

§ 9159.16. Background check for cannabis business establishment applicants.

(a) Background check.--The board shall require a criminal history record check, through the Pennsylvania State Police, of the prospective principal officers, board members and agents of a cannabis business establishment applying for permits or identification cards under this chapter. The Pennsylvania State Police shall charge a fee set by rule for conducting the criminal history record check and may not exceed the actual cost of the record check. In order to carry out the provisions of this section, each cannabis business establishment's prospective principal officer, board member or agents shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Pennsylvania State Police for the purpose of obtaining a Federal and State criminal record check.
Fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter, to the extent allowed by law, filed in the Pennsylvania State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases. The Pennsylvania State Police shall furnish, following positive identification, all conviction information to the board. Background checks for all prospective principal officers, board members and agents shall be completed concurrent with submitting an application to the board. An agent may begin working at a cannabis business establishment while waiting for the result of any background check.

(b) Construction.--Nothing in this section or chapter shall be construed to prevent or otherwise inhibit the ability of an otherwise qualified individual from serving as a principal officer, board member or agent of a cannabis business establishment on the sole basis of a nonviolent criminal conviction related to cannabis.


(a) Renewal.--A permit or agent identification card issued under this chapter shall be renewed every four years. A cannabis business establishment and agent shall receive written or electronic notice no later than 90 days before the expiration of the permit or card. The board shall grant a renewal within 30 days of submission of a renewal application if:

(1) the cannabis business establishment submits the required nonrefundable renewal fee;

(2) the permit or agent identification card has not been suspended or revoked for violating this chapter or
regulations adopted under this chapter;

(3) the cannabis business establishment has continued to operate in accordance with all plans submitted as part of its application and approved by the board or any amendments to a submitted plan that have been approved by the board; and

(4) the cannabis business establishment has submitted an agent, employee, contracting and subcontracting diversity report as required by the board.

(b) Failure to renew license.--If a cannabis business establishment fails to renew the establishment's permit prior to license expiration, the establishment shall cease operations until the permit is renewed, unless otherwise permitted by the board.

(c) Failure to renew identification card.--If a cannabis business establishment or cannabis business establishment agent fails to renew a cannabis business establishment permit or the agent identification card prior to expiration, the cannabis business establishment or cannabis business establishment agent shall cease to operate as a cannabis business establishment or work as an agent of a cannabis business establishment, as applicable, until the cannabis business establishment permit or agent identification card is renewed, unless otherwise permitted by the board.

(d) Disciplinary action and fines.--A cannabis business establishment that continues to operate, or any cannabis business establishment agent who continues to work as an agent, after the applicable permit or cannabis business establishment agent identification card has expired without renewal, absent board permission, shall be subject to disciplinary action by the board.
(e) Collection of fees and fines.--All fees or fines
collected from the renewal of a cannabis business establishment
permit or agent identification card shall be deposited into the
Cannabis Regulation Fund.

SUBCHAPTER G
ENFORCEMENT AND IMMUNITIES

Sec.

9161. Permit discipline.

9162. Immunities and presumptions relating to handling of
cannabis by cannabis business establishments and
agents.

9163. Commonwealth standards and requirements.

9164. Violation of tax acts and refusal, revocation or
suspension of permit or agent identification card.

§ 9161. Permit discipline.

(a) Board actions.--Notwithstanding any other civil or
criminal penalties related to the unlawful possession of
cannabis, the board may take disciplinary or nondisciplinary
action as the board deems proper with regard to a cannabis
business establishment or cannabis business establishment agent,
including fines not to exceed $5,000 for each violation of this
chapter or regulations promulgated by the board.

(b) Determination.--The board shall consider permittee
cooperation in any investigation in its determination of
penalties imposed under this section. The procedures for
disciplining a cannabis business establishment or cannabis
business establishment agent and for administrative hearings
shall be determined by regulation of the board and shall provide
for the review of final decisions under 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to
administrative law and procedure).
§ 9162. Immunities and presumptions relating to handling of cannabis by cannabis business establishments and agents.

(a) Immunities and presumptions.--A cannabis business establishment or an agent shall not be subject to the following based solely on conduct that is lawful under this chapter or any regulations promulgated under this chapter:

(1) Prosecution.

(2) Search or inspection, except by the board or under the authority of the board or a State or local law enforcement agency under this chapter.

(3) Seizure.

(4) Denial of any right or privilege.

(5) Penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business permitting or licensing board or entity for working for a cannabis business establishment under this chapter and regulations adopted under this chapter.

(b) Prohibition.--Any cannabis, cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product, cannabis paraphernalia, legal property or interest in legal property that is possessed, owned or used in connection with the use of cannabis as permitted under this chapter, or acts incidental to that use, may not be seized or forfeited. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the seizure or forfeiture of cannabis exceeding the amounts permitted under this chapter or prevent seizure or forfeiture if the basis for the action is unrelated to the cannabis that is possessed, manufactured, transferred or used under this chapter.

(c) Laws of this Commonwealth.--Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to preclude State or local law enforcement
from searching an adult use cultivation center, micro
cultivation center or dispensing organization if there is
probable cause to believe that the laws of this Commonwealth
have been violated and the search is conducted in conformance
with law.

(d) Attorney General investigation.—Nothing in this chapter
shall be construed to preclude the Attorney General or other
authorized government agency from investigating or bringing a
civil action against a cannabis business establishment or an
agent of a cannabis business establishment for a violation of
Commonwealth law, including civil rights violations and
violations of the act of December 17, 1968 (P.L.1224, No.387),
known as the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law.
§ 9163. Commonwealth standards and requirements.

Any standards, requirements and regulations regarding the
health and safety, environmental protection, testing, security,
food safety and worker protections established by the
Commonwealth shall be the minimum standards for all permittees
under this chapter, where applicable. Knowing violations of any
Commonwealth or local law, ordinance or regulation conferring
worker protections or legal rights on the employees of a
permittee may be grounds for disciplinary action in addition to
applicable penalties under this chapter.

§ 9164. Violation of tax acts and refusal, revocation or
suspension of permit or agent identification card.

(a) General rule.—In addition to other grounds specified in
this chapter, the board, upon notification by the Department of
Revenue, shall refuse the issuance or renewal of a permit or
agent identification card or suspend or revoke the permit or
agent identification card of any person for any of the
following:

(1) Failure to file a tax return.

(2) The filing of a fraudulent tax return.

(3) Failure to pay all or part of any tax or penalty
determined to be due.

(4) Failure to keep books and records in accordance with
this chapter or the regulations promulgated by the board.

(5) Failure to secure and display a certificate or
related permitted document, if required.

(6) The willful violation of any rule or regulation of
the Department of Revenue relating to the administration and
enforcement of tax liability.

(b) Resolution.--The Department of Revenue, after a
violation under subsection (a) has been corrected or resolved,
shall, upon request of the subject of the violation, notify the
board that the violation has been corrected or resolved. Upon
receiving notice from the Department of Revenue that a violation
under subsection (a) has been corrected or otherwise resolved,
the board may issue or renew the permit or agent identification
card or vacate an order of suspension or revocation.

SUBCHAPTER H

LABORATORY TESTING

Sec.

9171. Laboratory testing requirements and prohibitions.

§ 9171. Laboratory testing requirements and prohibitions.

(a) Legality.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
the following actions, when performed by a cannabis testing
facility with a current, valid registration or an individual 21
years of age or older who is acting in official capacity as an
owner, employee or agent of a cannabis testing facility, may not
be determined to be unlawful and may not be an offense or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under the laws of this Commonwealth:

(1) possessing, repackaging, transporting or storing cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products;

(2) receiving or transporting cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products from a cannabis business establishment; and

(3) returning or transporting cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products to a cannabis business establishment.

(b) Prohibition.—A laboratory at a cannabis testing facility may not handle, test or analyze cannabis unless approved by the board in accordance with this section. A laboratory at a cannabis testing facility may not be approved to handle, test or analyze cannabis unless the laboratory:

(1) is accredited by a private laboratory accrediting organization;

(2) has a direct or indirect financial, management or other interest in an adult use cultivation center, micro cultivation center, dispensary or medical marijuana grower/processor in this Commonwealth or is affiliated with a certifying physician under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana):

(3) has employed at least one individual to oversee and be responsible for the laboratory testing who has earned, from a college or university accredited by a national or regional certifying authority, at least:

(i) a master's level degree in chemical or biological sciences and a minimum of two years'
postdegree laboratory experience; or

(ii) a bachelor's degree in chemical or biological sciences and a minimum of four years' postdegree laboratory experience; and

(4) provides the board with a copy of the most recent annual inspection report granting accreditation and every annual report thereafter.

(c) Random sample.--

(1) Immediately prior to selling any cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product or packaging cannabis for sale to an adult use dispensing organization, each batch shall be made available by the adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center for an employee of an approved laboratory at a cannabis testing facility to select a random sample, which shall be tested by the approved laboratory for:

(i) microbiological contaminants;

(ii) mycotoxins;

(iii) pesticide active ingredients;

(iv) heavy metals;

(v) residual solvent;

(vi) an active ingredient analysis; and

(vii) THC potency.

(2) The board shall only require cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products to be tested one time before the cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products can be sold to an adult use dispensing organization for sale to purchasers. Medical marijuana shall be tested in accordance with Chapter 93.

(d) Board sample.--The board may select a random sample that
shall, for the purposes of conducting an active ingredient analysis, be tested by a laboratory chosen by the board for verification of label information.

(e) Disposal of sample.--A laboratory at a cannabis testing facility shall immediately return or dispose of any cannabis upon the completion of any testing, use or research. Any cannabis that is disposed of shall be done in accordance with the board's regulations related to cannabis waste.

(f) Sample failure.--If a sample of cannabis does not pass testing under subsection (c) based on the standards established by the board, the following shall apply:

(1) The sample may be retested, with or without remediation, up to three additional times after a failed test.

(2) After a fourth failed test, or at the choosing of the cannabis business establishment, the batch may be used to make a CO2-based or solvent-based extract. After processing, the CO2-based or solvent-based extract shall still pass all required tests.

(3) Seeds, immature cannabis plants, cannabis plants, cannabis flowers or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products may be remediated at any time prior to cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products being provided to dispensaries for sale to purchasers under this chapter or patients under Chapter 93, including after any failed test performed by an independent laboratory under subsection (c) based on the standards established by the board, as long as the cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products being provided to dispensaries ultimately passes independent laboratory testing under subsection (c) based on the
standards established by the board.

(g) Board testing standards.--The board shall establish standards for contaminant under subsection (c) and shall develop labeling requirements for contents and potency. The board shall ensure standards under this subsection are comparable to those set by other established adult use cannabis and medical marijuana markets and shall publicly disclose the basis for any standards set.

(h) Copy of test results.--A laboratory at a cannabis testing facility shall file with the board an electronic copy of each laboratory test result for any batch that does not pass testing under subsection (c) at the same time that it transmits those results to the cultivation center or micro cultivation center. The testing laboratory shall maintain the laboratory test results for at least five years and make test results available at the board's request for the same period.

(i) Results.--An adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center shall provide to a dispensing organization the laboratory test results for each batch of cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product purchased by the adult use dispensing organization, if sampled. Each dispensing organization shall have those laboratory results available upon request to purchasers and patients.

(j) Additional regulations permitted.--The board shall promulgate regulations relating to testing in furtherance of and consistent with this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER I

ADVERTISING, MARKETING, PACKAGING AND LABELING

Sec.

9181. Advertising and promotions.
§ 9181. Advertising and promotions.
A cannabis business establishment shall be permitted to advertise and market cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, including through discounts and promotional programs. A cannabis business establishment may only be restricted in advertising and marketing to the extent that any advertising or marketing contains any statement or image that:

(1) is false or misleading;

(2) promotes over-consumption of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products;

(3) depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis;

(4) makes any unsupported health claims about cannabis, cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products or cannabis concentrates; or

(5) includes any image designed or likely to appeal to a minor.

§ 9182. Cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product packaging and labeling.
(a) Registration.--Each cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product produced for sale shall be registered with the board in a form and manner provided by the board. However, no product produced in accordance with this chapter or Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana) shall require board approval prior to being produced for sale. Each product registration shall include a label containing all information required by the board.

(b) Packaging.--Cannabis or cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product packaging and labeling.
nonedible products intended for distribution to a dispensing organization for sale to purchasers or patients shall be packaged in a sealed or child-resistant container or package and labeled in a manner consistent with current standards, including the Consumer Product Safety Commission standards referenced under 15 U.S.C. Ch. 39A (relating to special packaging of household substances for protection of children).

(c) Cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product packaging.--Each cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product shall be wrapped or packaged at the original point of preparation.

(d) Cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product labeling.--Each cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product shall be labeled prior to sale. Each label shall be securely affixed to the package and shall state in legible font the following:

(1) the common or usual name of the item and the registered name of the cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product that was registered with the board under subsection (a);

(2) a unique serial number that matches the product with an adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center batch and lot number to facilitate any warnings or recalls the board or adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center deems appropriate;

(3) the date of final testing and packaging;

(4) the identification of the independent cannabis testing facility;

(5) the date of harvest for cannabis flower or the date of manufacture for other forms of cannabis;
(6) a "use by" date;

(7) the quantity, in ounces or grams, of cannabis contained in the product;

(8) a content list, including:

(i) The minimum and maximum percentage content by weight for:

   (A) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC);

   (B) tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THCA);

   (C) cannabidiol (CBD);

   (D) cannabidiolic acid (CBDA); and

   (E) all other ingredients of the item, including any colors, artificial flavors and preservatives listed in descending order by predominance of weight shown with common or usual names.

(ii) (Reserved); and

(9) the acceptable tolerances for the minimum percentage shall not be below 85% or above 115% of the labeled amount.

(e) Prohibition.--Cannabis product packaging may not contain information that:

(1) is false or misleading;

(2) promotes excessive consumption;

(3) depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis; or

(4) includes any image designed or likely to appeal to a minor.

(f) Additional requirements.--The following shall apply to a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product produced by concentrating or extracting ingredients from the cannabis plant:

(1) If solvents were used to create the concentrate or extract, a statement that discloses the type of extraction
method, including any solvents or gases used to create the
concentrate or extract.

(2) Disclosure of any chemicals or compounds used to
produce or added to the concentrate or extract.

(3) Cannabis concentrates sold with greater than 70% THC
shall indicate the product is a high-THC product on the
product label.

(g) Product warning.—All cannabis, cannabis-infused edible
and nonedible products and cannabis concentrates shall contain a
warning on its label stating: "Cannabis consumption may impair
the ability to drive or operate heavy machinery, is for adult
use only and should not be used by pregnant or breastfeeding
women. Keep out of reach of children."

(h) Servings.—Each cannabis-infused edible or nonedible
product intended for consumption shall include on the packaging
the total milligram content of THC and CBD. Each package may not
include more than a total of 1,000 milligrams of THC per package
with respect to cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.
A package may contain multiple servings. A cannabis-infused
edible and nonedible product that consists of more than a single
serving shall be marked, stamped or otherwise imprinted, by
individual single serving, with a symbol or easily recognizable
mark approved by the board indicating the package contains
cannabis and shall be either:

(1) scored or delineated to indicate one serving, if the
cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product is in solid
form. As used in this paragraph, the term "delineated"
includes directly marking the product to indicate one serving
or providing a means by which a patient or purchaser can
accurately identify one serving; or
(2) if the cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product is not in solid form, packaged in a manner so that a single serving is readily identifiable or easily measurable.

(i) Delineation.--A cannabis-infused edible or nonedible product consisting of multiple servings shall be homogenized so that each serving contains the same concentration of THC.

(j) Alternation or destruction of packaging.--No individual other than the purchaser shall alter or destroy any labeling affixed to the primary packaging of cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products after the cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or nonedible products have been dispensed.

SUBCHAPTER J

PREPARATION, DESTRUCTION AND REGULATION OF CANNABIS AND CANNABIS-INFUSED EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE PRODUCTS.

Sec.

9191. Preparation of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.

9192. Destruction of cannabis.

9193. Local ordinances.

9194. Confidentiality.

9195. Financial institutions.

9196. Contracts enforceable.

9197. Medical marijuana.

9198. Administrative rulemaking.

§ 9191. Preparation of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products.

(a) Regulation.--The board may regulate the production of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products, including edibles, by an adult use cultivation center or a micro cultivation center and establish regulations related to

20230SB0846PN1004 - 106 -
refrigeration, hot-holding and handling of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products. All cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products shall meet the packaging and labeling requirements specified under this chapter and any regulation promulgated by the board.

(b) Approval.--Cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products for sale or distribution at a dispensing organization shall be prepared by an approved agent of an adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center. An adult use dispensing organization may not manufacture, process or produce a cannabis-infused edible and nonedible product.

(c) (Reserved).

(d) Enforcement.--The board shall promulgate regulations for the manufacture and processing of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products and may at all times enter every building, room, basement, enclosure or premises occupied or used, or suspected of being occupied or used, for the production, preparation, manufacture for sale, storage, processing, distribution or transportation of cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products. The board may inspect the premises together with all utensils, fixtures, furniture and machinery used for the preparation of products under this section.

§ 9192. Destruction of cannabis.

(a) Destruction.--All cannabis byproduct, scrap and harvested cannabis not intended for distribution to an adult use dispensing organization shall be destroyed and disposed of under regulations adopted by the board under this chapter. Documentation of the destruction and disposal shall be retained at the adult use cultivation center, micro cultivation center or cannabis testing facility as applicable for a period of not less

20230SB0846PN1004 - 107 -
than two years.

(b) Notification prior to destruction.--An adult use
cultivation center or micro cultivation center shall, prior to
destruction, notify the board. A dispensing organization shall
notify the board within 48 hours of any destruction. The adult
use cultivation center, micro cultivation center or dispensing
organization shall keep a record of the date and quantity of
destruction.

(c) Unsold cannabis.--A dispensing organization shall
destroy all cannabis, including cannabis-infused edible and
nondurable products, not sold to purchasers. Documentation of
destruction and disposal shall be retained at the dispensing
organization for a period of not less than two years.

§ 9193. Local ordinances.

Unless otherwise provided by this chapter or law:

(1) A unit of local government, including a home rule
unit or any non-home-rule county within the unincorporated
territory of the county, may enact reasonable zoning
ordinances or resolutions, not in conflict with this chapter
or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, regulating a
cannabis business establishment. No unit of local government,
including a home rule unit or any non-home-rule county within
the unincorporated territory of the county, may unreasonably
prohibit the use of cannabis authorized by this chapter.

(2) A unit of local government, including a home rule
unit or any non-home-rule county within the unincorporated
territory of the county, may enact ordinances or rules not in
conflict with this chapter or with rules adopted pursuant to
this chapter governing the time, place, manner and number of
cannabis business establishment operations, including minimum
distance limitations between cannabis business establishments
and locations it deems sensitive. A unit of local government,
including a home rule unit, may establish civil penalties for
violation of an ordinance or rules governing the time, place
and manner of operation of a cannabis business establishment
in the jurisdiction of the unit of local government. No unit
of local government, including a home rule unit or non-home-
rule county within an unincorporated territory of the county,
may unreasonably restrict the time, place, manner and number
of cannabis business establishment operations authorized by
this chapter.

(3) A unit of local government, including a home rule
unit, or any non-home-rule county within the unincorporated
territory of the county may authorize or permit the on-
premises consumption of cannabis at or in an adult use
dispensing organization within its jurisdiction in a manner
consistent with this chapter. An adult use dispensing
organization authorized or permitted by a unit of local
government to allow on-site consumption shall not be deemed a
public place under the laws of this Commonwealth.

(4) A unit of local government, including a home rule
unit or any non-home-rule county within the unincorporated
territory of the county, may not regulate the activities
described in paragraph (1), (2) or (3) in a manner more
restrictive than the regulation of those activities by the
State under this chapter.

(5) A unit of local government, including a home rule
unit or any non-home-rule county within the unincorporated
territory of the county, may not enact ordinances to prohibit
a cannabis business establishment from locating within the
§ 9194. Confidentiality.

(a) Disclosure.--Information provided by cannabis business establishment permittees or applicants to the board, the Commonwealth Financing Authority, the Pennsylvania State Police or other agency shall be limited to information necessary for the purposes of administering this chapter. The information shall be subject to the provisions and limitations contained in the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.

(b) Privacy.--The information received and records kept by the board, the Department of Community and Economic Development and the Pennsylvania State Police for purposes of administering this chapter shall be subject to all applicable Federal privacy laws and shall be confidential and exempt from disclosure under 5 U.S.C. § 552 (relating to public information; agency rules, opinions, orders, records, and proceedings), except as provided under this chapter. The information received and records kept by the board, the Department of Community and Economic Development and the Pennsylvania State Police for purposes of administering this chapter shall not be subject to disclosure to an individual or a public or private entity, except to the board, the Commonwealth Financing Authority, the Pennsylvania State Police and the Attorney General as necessary to perform official duties under this chapter.

(c) Name and address.--The name and address of an individual or entity holding each cannabis business establishment permit shall be subject to disclosure under the Right-to-Know Law.

(d) Board information.--All information collected by the board in the course of an examination, inspection or
investigation of a permittee or applicant, including any complaint against a permittee or applicant filed with the board and information collected to investigate any complaint, shall be maintained for the confidential use of the board and shall not be disclosed, except as otherwise provided under this chapter. A formal complaint against a permittee by the board or any disciplinary order issued by the board against a permittee or applicant shall be public record, except as otherwise provided by law. Complaints from consumers or members of the general public received regarding a specific, named permittee or complaints regarding conduct by entities without permits shall be subject to disclosure under the Right-to-Know Law.

(e) Background check information.--The board, the Department of Community and Economic Development and the Pennsylvania State Police may not share or disclose any Pennsylvania or national criminal history record information, or the nonexistence or lack of any information, to any individual or entity not expressly authorized by this chapter.

§ 9195. Financial institutions.

(a) Exemption.--A financial institution that provides financial services customarily provided by financial institutions to a cannabis business establishment authorized under this chapter or to a person that is affiliated with a cannabis business establishment shall be exempt from any criminal law of the Commonwealth as it relates to cannabis-related conduct authorized under State law.

(b) Confidentiality.--Information received by a financial institution from a cannabis business establishment shall be confidential. Except as otherwise required or permitted by Federal or State law or regulation, a financial institution may
not make the information available to any person other than:

(1) the purchaser to whom the information applies;

(2) a trustee, conservator, guardian, personal representative or agent of the purchaser to whom the information applies;

(3) a Federal or State regulator when requested in connection with an examination of the financial institution or if otherwise necessary for complying with Federal or State law;

(4) a Federal or State regulator when requested in connection with an examination of the financial institution or if otherwise necessary for complying with Federal or State law; and

(5) a third party performing service for the financial institution, provided the third party is performing services under a written agreement that expressly or by operation of law prohibits the third party's sharing and use of confidential information for any purpose other than as provided in its agreement to provide services to the financial institution.

§ 9196. Contracts enforceable.

Contracts related to the operation of a lawful cannabis business establishment under this chapter shall be enforceable. No contract entered into by a lawful cannabis business establishment or its agents on behalf of a cannabis business establishment, or by those who allow property to be used by a cannabis business establishment, shall be unenforceable on the basis that cultivating, obtaining, manufacturing, processing, distributing, dispensing, transporting, selling, possessing or using cannabis is prohibited by Federal law.
§ 9197. Medical marijuana.

(a) Construction.--Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit any privileges or rights of a medical marijuana patient, including minor patients, primary caregivers, medical marijuana grower/processors or medical marijuana dispensaries under Chapter 93 (relating to medical marijuana). If there is conflict between this chapter and Chapter 93 as they relate to medical marijuana patients, the provisions of this chapter shall prevail.

(b) Sale permitted.--Dispensary locations permitted under this chapter shall be authorized to sell cannabis to adult use purchasers and to qualified patients, and all dispensing organizations shall be subject to the provisions under Chapter 93.

§ 9198. Administrative rulemaking.

No later than 180 days after the effective date of this section, the board and each Commonwealth agency or department with regulatory responsibility under this chapter shall promulgate regulations in accordance with the duties required under this chapter. The failure by a Commonwealth agency or department with regulatory responsibility under this chapter to promulgate regulations within 180 days of the effective date of this section shall not delay or otherwise impede a cannabis business establishment from commencing operations in accordance with this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER K
TAXES

Sec.
9199.1. Imposition of sales tax and excise tax.
9199.2. Cannabis Regulation Fund and distribution of revenue.
§ 9199.1. Imposition of sales tax and excise tax.

(a) Rate of sales tax.--A sales tax is imposed at the rate of 8% of the sales price for cannabis and cannabis-infused edible and nonedible products sold or otherwise transferred to any person other than a cannabis business establishment.

(b) Deposit of sales tax.--Sales tax revenue under subsection (a) shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

(c) Rate of excise tax.--In addition to all other applicable taxes, an excise tax is imposed on each adult use dispensary organization at the rate of 5% of the sales price for adult use cannabis sold or otherwise transferred to any person other than a cannabis business establishment. Except as otherwise provided by regulation, a product subject to the tax imposed under this subsection may not be bundled in a single transaction with a product or service that is not subject to the tax imposed under this subsection.

(d) Deposit of excise tax.--Excise tax revenue under subsection (c) shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

§ 9199.2. Cannabis Regulation Fund and distribution of revenue.

(a) Establishment.--The Cannabis Regulation Fund is established in the State Treasury. Money in the fund is appropriated as specified under subsection (c). Any amount unspent at the end of a fiscal year shall be transferred to the General Fund if there has been an appropriation from the General Fund for the operations of the board.

(b) Deposit.--Fees and taxes payable to the Cannabis Regulation Fund under this chapter shall be deposited in the
Cannabis Regulation Fund, other than tax revenue disbursed to municipalities and counties specified under subsection (e). The money deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund may only be used for the purposes specified under this section. Any interest accrued shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

(c) Allocation.--Money in the Cannabis Regulation Fund shall be allocated in accordance with the following:

(1) Two percent of gross receipts of the revenue in the Cannabis Regulation Fund is appropriated to the board as necessary for actual costs and expenses, including staffing expenses and expenses related to administering and enforcing this chapter.

(2) The amount of $3,000,000 is transferred annually to the Cannabis Business Development Fund from gross receipts of the revenue in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.

(3) The remainder of the money in the Cannabis Regulation Fund is transferred to the General Fund to provide economic relief to this Commonwealth.

(d) Administration.--The Department of Revenue shall administer the taxes imposed under this chapter and may promulgate regulations that prescribe a method and manner for payment of the tax to ensure proper tax collection under this chapter.

(e) Disbursement.--Revenue from all taxes collected under this chapter shall be disbursed as follows:

(1) 10% of the revenue shall be disbursed to municipalities in which a cannabis business establishment is located, disbursed in proportion to the number of cannabis business establishments within the municipality;

(2) 10% of the revenue shall be disbursed to counties in
which a cannabis business establishment is located in an
unincorporated part of the county, disbursed in proportion to
the number of cannabis business establishments within the
unincorporated part of the county; and
(3) 80% of the revenue shall be deposited in the
Cannabis Regulation Fund.
§ 9199.3. (Reserved).

SUBCHAPTER L
CANNABIS CLEAN SLATE

Sec.
9199.11. Cannabis clean slate.

§ 9199.11. Cannabis clean slate.

(a) General rule.--An individual who has been arrested for,
charged with or convicted under section 13(a)(30) or (31) of the
act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled
Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, shall have the
individual's criminal history related to the criminal proceeding
expunged in accordance with subsection (b). This subsection
shall only apply to nonviolent offenses.

(b) Expungement process.--

(1) The Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts
shall, within six months of the effective date of this
paragraph, transmit to the Pennsylvania State Police central
repository all records related to an arrest or conviction
under subsection (a) for expungement.

(2) If the Pennsylvania State Police determines a record
transmitted under paragraph (1) is not eligible for
expungement, it shall notify the Administrative Office of
Pennsylvania Courts of the determination within 30 days of
receiving the information. Upon expiration of the 30-day
period, the Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts shall provide to the court of common pleas in which the arrest or adjudication occurred a list of all records eligible for expungement. Within 30 days of receiving the list, the court of common pleas shall order the expungement of all criminal history records received under this section and all administrative records of the Department of Transportation relating to the criminal history records received under this section.

(c) Release of inmates.--A court of common pleas that has received an expungement order for a person currently incarcerated for the crime for which the court received the expungement order shall transmit to the appropriate county correctional institution or State correctional institution, as defined under 61 Pa.C.S. § 102 (relating to definitions), an order for the immediate release or discharge of the individual whose record has been ordered to be expunged.

(d) Motor vehicle operation privileges.--The Bureau of Motor Vehicles shall reinstate an individual's suspended or revoked motor vehicle operation privileges that were suspended or revoked as a result of the individual's conviction that has been expunged under this section.

(e) Reinstatement of license or registration.--A license or registration that has been suspended or revoked under this section shall be reinstated.
§ 9199.21. Conflicts.
The cultivation, processing, manufacture, acquisition, transportation, sale, dispensing, distribution, possession and consumption of cannabis permitted under this chapter shall not be deemed to be a violation of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act. If a provision of the Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act relating to cannabis conflicts with a provision of this chapter, this chapter shall take precedence.

§ 9199.22. (Reserved).

§ 9199.23. Implementation.
The issuance of licenses and other authorizations specified under this chapter shall begin no later than 180 days after the effective date of this section.

CHAPTER 93
MEDICAL MARIJUANA

Subchapter
A. Preliminary Provisions
B. Program
C. Practitioners
D. Patients
E. Medical Marijuana Organizations
F. Medical Marijuana Controls
G. Dispensaries
H. Tax on Medical Marijuana
I. Administration
J. Medical Marijuana Advisory Board

K. Offenses Related to Medical Marijuana

L. Research Program

M. Academic Clinical Research Centers and Clinical Registrants

N. Miscellaneous Provisions

SUBCHAPTER A

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Sec.

§ 9301. Scope of chapter.

This chapter relates to the regulation and use of medical marijuana in this Commonwealth.

§ 9302. Declaration of policy.

The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:

(1) Scientific evidence suggests that medical marijuana is one potential therapy that may mitigate suffering in some patients and also enhance quality of life.

(2) The Commonwealth is committed to patient safety. Carefully regulating the program which allows access to medical marijuana will enhance patient safety while research into its effectiveness continues.

(3) It is the intent of the General Assembly to:

(i) Provide a program of access to medical marijuana which balances the need of patients to have access to the latest treatments with the need to promote patient...
safety.

(ii) Provide a safe and effective method of delivery
of medical marijuana to patients.

(iii) Promote high quality research into the
effectiveness and utility of medical marijuana.

(4) It is the further intention of the General Assembly
that any Commonwealth-based program to provide access to
medical marijuana serve as a temporary measure, pending
Federal approval of and access to medical marijuana through
traditional medical and pharmaceutical avenues.

§ 9303. Definitions.
The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Advisory board." The advisory board established under
section 9391 (relating to advisory board).

"Board." The Cannabis Regulatory Control Board established
under Subchapter D of Chapter 91 (relating to Cannabis
Regulatory Control Board).

"Cannabis-infused edible product." A product meant to be
chewed, dissolved, taken sublingually or swallowed. The term
includes liquids, including beverages, food, oil, tincture,
capsule, tablet, gummies or other ingestible forms containing
cannabis or cannabis concentrate that is not intended to be
smoked or otherwise inhaled.

"Cannabis-infused nonedible product." A product meant to be
used topically or otherwise not intended to be ingested. The
term includes gels, creams, patches or ointments containing
cannabis or cannabis concentrate.

"Caregiver." The term includes the following entities
designated to deliver medical marijuana:

(1) An individual designated by a patient.

(2) If the patient is under 18 years of age, an individual under section 9337(2) (relating to minors).

(3) Individuals designated in writing, for purposes of section 9332 (relating to caregivers), by an organization that provides hospice, palliative or home health care services and:

   (i) are employed by an organization that is licensed under the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the Health Care Facilities Act;

   (ii) have significant responsibility for managing the health care and well-being of a patient; and

   (iii) were designated by the organization to provide care to a patient who has provided authorization for the designation.

(4) Individuals designated in writing, for purposes of section 9332, by a residential facility, including a long-term care nursing facility, skilled nursing facility, assisted living facility, personal care home, independent long-term care facility or intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities that:

   (i) are licensed by the department or the Department of Human Services;

   (ii) have significant responsibility for managing the health care and well-being of the patient; and

   (iii) were designated by the residential facility to provide care to a patient who has provided authorization for the designation.

"Certified medical use." The acquisition, possession, use or
transportation of medical marijuana by a patient, or the
acquisition, possession, delivery, transportation or
administration of medical marijuana by a caregiver, for use as
part of the treatment of the patient's serious medical
condition, as authorized in a certification under this chapter,
including enabling the patient to tolerate treatment for the
serious medical condition.

"Certified registered nurse practitioner." As defined in
section 2 of the act of May 22, 1951 (P.L.317, No.69), known as
The Professional Nursing Law.

"Change in control." The acquisition by a person or group of
persons acting in concert of a controlling interest in an
applicant or permittee either all at one time or over the span
of a 12-consecutive-month period.

"Chief medical officer." The chief medical officer hired
under section 9131(f) (relating to establishment of board).

"Continuing care." Treating a patient, in the course of
which the practitioner has completed a full assessment of the
patient's medical history and current medical condition,
including a consultation with the patient.

"Controlling interest." As follows:

(1) For a publicly traded entity, voting rights that
entitle a person to elect or appoint one or more of the
members of the board of directors or other governing board or
the ownership or beneficial holding of 5% or more of the
securities of the publicly traded entity.

(2) For a privately held entity, the ownership of any
security in the entity.

"Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth.

"Dispensary." A person, including a natural person,
corporation, partnership, association, trust or other entity, or
any combination thereof, which holds a permit issued by the
department to dispense medical marijuana. The term does not
include a health care medical marijuana organization under
Subchapter L (relating to research program).

"Excipients." Solvents, chemicals or materials reported by a
medical marijuana organization and approved by the department
for use in the processing of medical marijuana.

"Executive director." The executive director of the board.

"Family or household member." As defined in 23 Pa.C.S. §
6102 (relating to definitions).

"Financial backer." An investor, mortgagee, bondholder, note
holder or other source of equity, capital or other assets, other
than a financial institution.

"Financial institution." A bank, a national banking
association, a bank and trust company, a trust company, a
savings and loan association, a building and loan association, a
mutual savings bank, a credit union or a savings bank.

"Form of medical marijuana." The characteristics of the
medical marijuana recommended or limited for a particular
patient, including the method of consumption and any particular
dosage, strain, variety and quantity or percentage of medical
marijuana or particular active ingredient.

"Fund." The Medical Marijuana Program Fund established in
section 9372 (relating to Medical Marijuana Program Fund).

"Grower/processor." A person, including a natural person,
corporation, partnership, association, trust or other entity, or
any combination thereof, which holds a permit from the
department under this chapter to grow and process medical
marijuana. The term does not include a health care medical
marijuana organization under Subchapter L.

"Harvest batch." A specifically identified quantity of medical marijuana plant that is uniform in strain, cultivated utilizing the same growing practices, harvested at the same time and at the same location and cured under uniform conditions.

"Harvest lot." A specifically identified quantity of medical marijuana plant taken from a harvest batch.

"Identification card." A document issued under section 9331 relating to identification cards) that authorizes access to medical marijuana under this chapter.

"Individual dose." A single measure of medical marijuana.

"Medical marijuana." Marijuana for certified medical use as set forth in this chapter.

"Medical marijuana organization." A dispensary or a grower/processor. The term does not include a health care medical marijuana organization under Subchapter L.

"Medical marijuana product." The final form and dosage of medical marijuana that is grown, processed, produced, sealed, labeled and tested by a grower/processor and sold to a dispensary.

"Patient." An individual who:

(1) has a serious medical condition;

(2) has met the requirements for certification under this chapter; and

(3) is a resident of this Commonwealth.

"Permit." An authorization issued by the department to a medical marijuana organization to conduct activities under this chapter.

"Physician assistant." As defined in section 2 of the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical

"Practitioner." A physician who is registered with the department under section 9321 (relating to practitioner registration).

"Prescription drug monitoring program." The Achieving Better Care by Monitoring All Prescriptions Program (ABC-MAP).

"Principal." An officer, director or person who directly owns a beneficial interest in or ownership of the securities of an applicant or permittee, a person who has a controlling interest in an applicant or permittee or who has the ability to elect the majority of the board of directors of an applicant or permittee or otherwise control an applicant or permittee, other than a financial institution.

"Process lot." An amount of a medical marijuana product of the same type and processed using the same medical marijuana extract, standard operating procedures and the same or combination of different harvest lots.

"Registry." The registry established by the department for practitioners.

"Research initiative." A nonpatient investigation not subject to Institutional Review Board or Research Approval Committee approval requirements of a patient-based research program, project or study, conducted by an academic clinical research center and its contracted clinical registrant.

"Safety-sensitive position." A position that requires any activity that an employer reasonably believes presents a potential risk of harm to the health or safety of an employee or others while under the influence of medical marijuana,
including:

(1) Duties performed at heights or in confined spaces, including mining.

(2) The operation of a motor vehicle, other vehicle, equipment, machinery or a power tool.

(3) Repairing, maintaining or monitoring the performance or operation of any equipment, machinery or manufacturing process, the malfunction or disruption of which could result in injury or property damage.

(4) Performing firefighting duties.

(5) The operation, maintenance or oversight of critical services and infrastructure, including electric, gas and water utilities, power generation or distribution.

(6) The extraction, compression, processing, manufacturing, handling, packaging, storage, disposal, treatment or transport of potentially volatile, flammable or combustible materials, elements, chemicals or other highly regulated component.

(7) Dispensing pharmaceuticals.

(8) A position that requires the employee to carry a firearm.

(9) Direct patient care or direct child care.

"Secretary." The Secretary of Health of the Commonwealth.


"Serious medical condition." Any of the following:

(1) Cancer, including remission therapy.

(2) Positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
(3) Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.
(4) Parkinson's disease.
(5) Multiple sclerosis.
(6) Damage to the nervous tissue of the central nervous
    system (brain-spinal cord) with objective neurological
    indication of intractable spasticity and other associated
    neuropathies.
(7) Epilepsy.
(8) Inflammatory bowel disease.
(9) Neuropathies.
(10) Huntington's disease.
(11) Crohn's disease.
(13) Intractable seizures.
(14) Glaucoma.
(15) Sickle cell anemia.
(16) Severe chronic or intractable pain of neuropathic
    origin or severe chronic or intractable pain.
(17) Autism.
(18) Other conditions that are recommended by the chief
    medical officer and approved by the advisory board under
    section 9392 (relating to effectuating recommendations of
    advisory board).

"Synchronous interaction." A two-way or multiple-way
exchange of information between a patient and a health care
provider that occurs in real time via audio or video
conferencing.

"Terminally ill." A medical prognosis of life expectancy of
approximately one year or less if the illness runs its normal
course.
"Under the influence." One or more of the following:

(1) A drug test resulting in:

(i) a level of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in an employee's urine that is equal to or greater than 15 nanograms per milliliter; or

(ii) an adulterated or substituted testing sample provided by an employee.

(2) An employer's good faith determination that an employee is under the influence of marijuana based on observable physical behavior or characteristics, provided that the employee may rebut the determination by immediately submitting to a drug test, the results of which demonstrate that the level of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in the employee's urine is less than 15 nanograms per milliliter.

§ 9304. Transfer of certain powers and duties of department to board.

The following shall apply 180 days after the effective date of this section:

(1) The board shall exercise the authority and perform the duties of the department under this chapter.

(2) The executive director shall exercise the authority and perform the duties of the secretary under this chapter.

(3) Any reference to the department which concerns the powers or duties specified in this chapter shall be deemed a reference to the board.

(4) Any reference to the secretary which concerns the powers or duties specified in this chapter shall be deemed a reference to the executive director.

(5) The following are transferred to the board:

(i) All personnel, allocations, appropriations,
equipment, files, records, contracts, agreements, obligations and other materials which are used, employed or expended by the department in connection with the functions transferred by this section to the board in the first instance and as if these contracts, agreements and obligations had been incurred or entered into by the board.

(ii) The personnel, appropriations, equipment and other items and material transferred to the board by this section shall include an appropriate portion of the general administrative, overhead and supporting personnel, appropriations, equipment and other material of the department and shall also include, where applicable, Federal grants and money and other benefits from any Federal program.

(iii) All personnel transferred under this section shall retain any civil service employment status assigned to the personnel.

(6) To provide an efficient and cost-minimizing transition, licenses, contracts, deeds and other official actions of the board shall not be affected by the use of the designation as the department. The board may continue to use the name "Department of Health" on badges, licenses, contracts, deeds, stationery and other official documents until existing supplies are exhausted.

(7) To provide an efficient and cost-minimizing transition, licenses, contracts, deeds and other official actions of the executive director shall not be affected by the use of the designation as the secretary. The executive director may continue to use the name "Secretary of Health"
on badges, licenses, contracts, deeds, stationery and other
official documents until existing supplies are exhausted.

SUBCHAPTER B

PROGRAM

Sec.

9311. Program established.

9312. Confidentiality and public disclosure.

9313. Lawful use of medical marijuana.

9314. (Reserved).

§ 9311. Program established.

(a) Establishment.--A medical marijuana program for patients
suffering from serious medical conditions is established. The
program shall be implemented and administered by the department.
The department shall:

(1) Issue permits to medical marijuana organizations to
authorize them to grow, process or dispense medical marijuana
and ensure their compliance with this chapter.

(2) Register practitioners and ensure their compliance
with this chapter.

(3) Have regulatory and enforcement authority over the
growing, processing, sale and use of medical marijuana in
this Commonwealth.

(4) Establish and maintain an electronic database to
include activities and information relating to medical
marijuana organizations, certifications and identification
cards issued, practitioner registration and electronic
tracking of all medical marijuana as required under this
chapter to include:

(i) Ensurance that medical marijuana is not diverted
or otherwise used for unlawful purposes by a practitioner
or medical marijuana organization.

(ii) Ability to establish the authenticity of identification cards.

(iii) Recording recommended forms of medical marijuana provided in a certification filed by the practitioner.

(iv) Monitoring all growth, transfer, possession, processing, testing and dispensing of medical marijuana in this Commonwealth.

(v) The tracking system under section 9351 (relating to electronic tracking) must include information under section 9361(a) (relating to dispensing to patients and caregivers) and any other information required by the department to be used by the department and dispensaries to enable a dispensary to lawfully provide medical marijuana. The tracking system and database shall be capable of providing information in real time. The database shall be capable of receiving information from a dispensary regarding the disbursement of medical marijuana to patients and caregivers. This information shall be immediately accessible to the department and other dispensaries to inhibit diversion and ensure compliance with this chapter.

(5) Maintain a directory of patients and caregivers approved to use or assist in the administration of medical marijuana within the department's database.

(6) Develop a four-hour training course for physicians, pharmacists, certified registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants regarding the latest scientific research on medical marijuana, including the risks and benefits of
medical marijuana, and other information deemed necessary by
the department. Successful completion of the course shall be
approved as continuing education credits as determined by:

(i) The State Board of Medicine and the State Board
of Osteopathic Medicine.

(ii) The State Board of Pharmacy.

(iii) The State Board of Nursing.

(7) Develop a two-hour course for the principals and
employees of a medical marijuana organization who either have
direct contact with patients or caregivers or who physically
handle medical marijuana. Employees must successfully
complete the course no later than 90 days after commencing
employment. Principals must successfully complete the course
prior to commencing initial operation of the medical
marijuana organization. The subject matter of the course
shall include the following:

(i) Methods to recognize and report unauthorized
activity, including diversion of medical marijuana for
unlawful purposes and falsification of identification
cards.

(ii) Proper handling of medical marijuana and
recordkeeping.

(iii) Any other subject required by the department.

(8) Develop enforcement procedures, including announced
and unannounced inspections of facilities of the
grower/processors and dispensaries and all records of the
medical marijuana organizations.

(9) Establish a program to authorize the use of medical
marijuana to conduct medical research relating to the use of
medical marijuana to treat serious medical conditions,
including the collection of data and the provision of research grants.

(10) Establish and maintain public outreach programs about the medical marijuana program, including:

(i) A dedicated telephone number for patients, caregivers and members of the public to obtain basic information about the dispensing of medical marijuana under this chapter.

(ii) A publicly accessible Internet website with similar information.

(11) Collaborate as necessary with other Commonwealth agencies or contract with third parties as necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(12) Determine the minimum number and type of medical marijuana products to be produced by a grower/processor and dispensed by a dispensary.

(13) Develop recordkeeping requirements for all books, papers, any electronic database or tracking system data and other information of a medical marijuana organization. Information shall be retained for a minimum period of four years unless otherwise provided by the department.

(14) Restrict the advertising and marketing of medical marijuana, which shall be consistent with the Federal regulations governing prescription drug advertising and marketing.

(b) Regulations.--The department shall promulgate all regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

§ 9312. Confidentiality and public disclosure.

(a) Patient information.--The department shall maintain a
confidential list of patients and caregivers to whom it has
issued identification cards. All information obtained by the
department relating to patients, caregivers and other applicants
shall be confidential and not subject to public disclosure,
including disclosure under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6,
No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law, including:

(1) Individual identifying information about patients
and caregivers.

(2) Certifications issued by practitioners.

(3) Information on identification cards.

(4) Information provided by the Pennsylvania State
Police under section 9332(b) (relating to caregivers).

(5) Information relating to the patient's serious
medical condition.

(b) Public information.--The following records are public
records and shall be subject to the Right-to-Know Law:

(1) Applications for permits submitted by medical
marijuana organizations.

(2) The names, business addresses and medical
credentials of practitioners authorized to provide
certifications to patients to enable them to obtain and use
medical marijuana in this Commonwealth. All other
practitioner registration information shall be confidential
and exempt from public disclosure under the Right-to-Know
Law.

(3) Information relating to penalties or other
disciplinary actions taken against a medical marijuana
organization or practitioner by the department for violation
of this chapter.
(a) General rule.--Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, use or possession of medical marijuana as set forth in this chapter is lawful within this Commonwealth.

(b) Requirements.--The lawful use of medical marijuana is subject to the following:

(1) Medical marijuana may only be dispensed to:
   (i) a patient who receives a certification from a practitioner and is in possession of a valid identification card issued by the department; and
   (ii) a caregiver who is in possession of a valid identification card issued by the department.

(2) Subject to regulations promulgated under this chapter, medical marijuana may only be dispensed to a patient or caregiver in the following forms approved by the board:
   (i) Cannabis-infused nonedible products.
   (ii) Cannabis-infused edible products.
   (iii) Forms medically appropriate for administration by vaporization or nebulization, including dry leaf and plant material.

(3) (Reserved).

(4) A patient may designate up to two caregivers at any one time.

(5) Medical marijuana that has not been used by the patient shall be kept in the original package in which it was dispensed.

(6) A patient or caregiver shall possess an identification card whenever the patient or caregiver is in possession of medical marijuana.

(7) Products packaged by a grower/processor or sold by a dispensary shall only be identified by the name of the
grower/processor, the name of the dispensary, the form and species of medical marijuana, the percentage of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabinol contained in the product and any other labeling required by the department.

(c) Limitations on cultivating cannabis.--Cultivating cannabis for personal use by a patient shall be subject to the following limitations:

(1) A resident of this Commonwealth 21 years of age or older who is a patient may cultivate cannabis plants, with a limit of five plants that are more than five inches tall, without an adult use cultivation center or micro cultivation center license. The plant limitation specified under this paragraph shall be cumulative for households in which more than one patient resides. As used in this paragraph, the term "resident" means an individual who has been domiciled in this Commonwealth for a period of 30 days prior to cultivation.

(2) Cannabis cultivation by a patient shall take place in an enclosed, locked space.

(3) A patient 21 years of age or older shall purchase cannabis seeds from a dispensary for the purpose of home cultivation. Seeds may not be given or resold to any other individual regardless of age.

(4) Cannabis plants shall not be stored or placed in a location where they are subject to ordinary public view. A patient who cultivates cannabis shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that the plants are secure from unauthorized access, including unauthorized access by an individual who is under 21 years of age.

(5) Cannabis cultivation for personal use by a patient may occur only on residential property lawfully in possession
of the patient cultivating cannabis for personal use or with
the consent of the person in lawful possession of the
property. An owner or lessor of residential property may
prohibit the cultivation of cannabis by a lessee.

(6) Cannabis plants may only be tended by a patient who
resides at the residence or an individual authorized by a
patient attending to the residence for brief periods.

(7) A patient who cultivates more than the allowable
number of cannabis plants, or who sells or gives away
cannabis plants, cannabis or cannabis-infused edible or
nonedible products, shall be liable for penalties as provided
by State law in addition to loss of home cultivation
privileges as established by regulation by the board.

(8) Cannabis cultivated by a patient and cannabis
produced by cannabis plants grown, if the amount of cannabis
produced is in excess of 30 grams of raw cannabis, shall
remain secured within the residence or residential property
in which the cannabis is grown.

§ 9314. (Reserved).

SUBCHAPTER C
PRACTITIONERS

Sec.

9321. Practitioner registration.

9322. Practitioner restrictions.

9323. Issuance of certification.

9324. Certification form.

9325. Duration.

§ 9321. Practitioner registration.

(a) Eligibility.--A physician included in the registry is
authorized to issue certifications to patients to use medical
marijuana. To be eligible for inclusion in the registry:

(1) A physician must apply for registration in the form and manner required by the department.

(2) The department must determine that the physician is, by training or experience, qualified to treat a serious medical condition. The physician shall provide documentation of credentials, training or experience as required by the department.

(3) The physician must have successfully completed the course under section 9311(a)(6) (relating to program established).

(b) Department action. --

(1) The department shall review an application submitted by a physician to determine whether to include the physician in the registry. The review shall include information maintained by the Department of State regarding whether the physician has a valid, unexpired, unrevoked, unsuspended Pennsylvania license to practice medicine and whether the physician has been subject to discipline.

(2) The inclusion of a physician in the registry shall be subject to annual review to determine if the physician's license is no longer valid, has expired or been revoked or the physician has been subject to discipline. If the license is no longer valid, the department shall remove the physician from the registry until the physician holds a valid, unexpired, unrevoked, unsuspended Pennsylvania license to practice medicine.

(3) The Department of State shall report to the department the expiration, suspension or revocation of a physician's license and any disciplinary actions in a timely
(c) Practitioner requirements.--A practitioner included in the registry shall have an ongoing responsibility to immediately notify the department in writing if the practitioner knows or has reason to know that any of the following is true with respect to a patient for whom the practitioner has issued a certification:

(1) The patient no longer has the serious medical condition for which the certification was issued.

(2) Medical marijuana would no longer be therapeutic or palliative.

(3) The patient has died.

§ 9322. Practitioner restrictions.

(a) Practices prohibited.--The following apply with respect to practitioners:

(1) A practitioner may not accept, solicit or offer any form of remuneration from or to a prospective patient, patient, prospective caregiver, caregiver or medical marijuana organization, including an employee, financial backer or principal, to certify a patient, other than accepting a fee for service with respect to the examination of the prospective patient to determine if the prospective patient should be issued a certification to use medical marijuana.

(2) A practitioner may not hold a direct or economic interest in a medical marijuana organization.

(3) A practitioner may not advertise the practitioner's services as a practitioner who can certify a patient to receive medical marijuana.

(b) Unprofessional conduct.--A practitioner who violates
subsection (a) shall not be permitted to issue certifications to
patients. The practitioner shall be removed from the registry.

(c) Discipline.--In addition to any other penalty that may
be imposed under this chapter, a violation of subsection (a) or
section 9323(f) (relating to issuance of certification) shall be
deemed unprofessional conduct under section 41(8) of the act of
December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical
Practice Act of 1985, or section 15(a)(8) of the act of October
5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical
Practice Act, and shall subject the practitioner to discipline
by the State Board of Medicine or the State Board of Osteopathic
Medicine, as appropriate.

§ 9323. Issuance of certification.

(a) Conditions for issuance.--A certification to use medical
marijuana may be issued by a practitioner to a patient if all of
the following requirements are met:

(1) The practitioner has been approved by the department
for inclusion in the registry and has a valid, unexpired,
unrevoked, unsuspended Pennsylvania license to practice
medicine at the time of the issuance of the certification.

(2) The practitioner has determined that the patient has
a serious medical condition and has included the condition in
the patient's health care record.

(3) The patient is under the practitioner's continuing
care for the serious medical condition.

(4) In the practitioner's professional opinion and
review of past treatments, the practitioner determines the
patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative
benefit from the use of medical marijuana.

(b) Contents.--The certification shall include:
(1) The patient's name, date of birth and address.

(2) The specific serious medical condition of the patient.

(3) A statement by the practitioner that the patient has a serious medical condition and the patient is under the practitioner's continuing care for the serious medical condition.

(4) The date of issuance.

(5) The name, address, telephone number and signature of the practitioner.

(6) Any requirement or limitation concerning the appropriate form of medical marijuana and limitation on the duration of use, if applicable, including whether the patient is terminally ill.

(c) Consultation.--A practitioner shall review the prescription drug monitoring program prior to:

(1) Issuing a certification to determine the controlled substance history of a patient.

(2) Recommending a change of amount or form of medical marijuana.

(d) Other access by practitioner.--A practitioner may access the prescription drug monitoring program to do any of the following:

(1) Determine whether a patient may be under treatment with a controlled substance by another physician or other person.

(2) Allow the practitioner to review the patient's controlled substance history as deemed necessary by the practitioner.

(3) Provide to the patient, or caregiver on behalf of
the patient if authorized by the patient, a copy of the
patient's controlled substance history.

(e) Duties of practitioner.--The practitioner shall:

(1) Provide the certification to the patient.

(2) Provide a copy of the certification to the
department, which shall place the information in the patient
directory within the department's electronic database. The
department shall permit electronic submission of the
certification.

(3) File a copy of the certification in the patient's
health care record.

(f) Prohibition.--A practitioner may not issue a
certification for the practitioner's own use or for the use of a
family or household member.

§ 9324. Certification form.
The department shall develop a standard certification form,
which shall be available to practitioners upon request. The form
shall be available electronically. The form shall include a
statement that a false statement made by a practitioner is
punishable under the applicable provisions of 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 49
(relating to falsification and intimidation).

§ 9325. Duration.
Receipt of medical marijuana by a patient or caregiver from a
dispensary may not exceed a 90-day supply of individual doses.
During the last seven days of any 30-day period during the term
of the identification card, a patient may obtain and possess a
90-day supply for the subsequent 30-day period. Additional 90-
day supplies may be provided in accordance with this section for
the duration of the authorized period of the identification card
unless a shorter period is indicated on the certification.
§ 9331. Identification cards.

(a) Issuance.--The department may issue an identification card to a patient who has a certification approved by the department and to a caregiver designated by the patient. An identification card issued to a patient shall authorize the patient to obtain and use medical marijuana as authorized by this chapter. An identification card issued to a caregiver shall authorize the caregiver to obtain medical marijuana on behalf of the patient.

(b) Procedure for issuance.--The department shall develop and implement procedures for:

(1) Review and approval of applications for identification cards.

(2) Issuance of identification cards to patients and caregivers.

(3) Review of the certification submitted by the
practitioner and the patient.

(c) Application.--A patient or a caregiver may apply, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, for issuance or renewal of an identification card. A caregiver must submit a separate application for issuance or renewal. Each application must include:

(1) The name, address and date of birth of the patient.
(2) The name, address and date of birth of a caregiver.
(3) The certification issued by the practitioner.
(4) The name, address and telephone number of the practitioner and documentation from the practitioner that all of the requirements of section 9323(a) (relating to issuance of certification) have been met.
(5) A $50 processing fee. The department may waive or reduce the fee if the applicant demonstrates financial hardship.
(6) The signature of the applicant and date signed.
(7) Other information required by the department.

(d) Forms.--Application and renewal forms shall be available on the department's publicly accessible Internet website.
(e) Expiration.--An identification card of a patient or caregiver shall expire within one year from the date of issuance, upon the death of the patient or as otherwise provided in this section.
(f) Separate cards to be issued.--The department shall issue separate identification cards for patients and caregivers as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving completed applications, unless it determines that an application is incomplete or factually inaccurate, in which case it shall promptly notify the applicant.
(g) (Reserved).

(h) Change in name or address.--A patient or caregiver who has been issued an identification card shall notify the department within 10 days of any change of name or address. In addition, the patient shall notify the department within 10 days if the patient no longer has the serious medical condition noted on the certification.

(i) Lost or defaced card.--In the event of a lost, stolen, destroyed or illegible identification card, the patient or caregiver shall apply to the department within 10 business days of discovery of the loss or defacement of the card for a replacement card. The application for a replacement card shall be on a form furnished by the department and accompanied by a $25 fee. The department may establish higher fees for issuance of second and subsequent replacement identification cards. The department may waive or reduce the fee in cases of demonstrated financial hardship. The department shall issue a replacement identification card as soon as practicable. A patient or caregiver may not obtain medical marijuana until the department issues the replacement card.

§ 9332. Caregivers.

(a) Requirements.--

(1) If the patient designates a caregiver, the application shall include the name, address and date of birth of the caregiver, other individual identifying information required by the department and the following:

(i) Federal and Commonwealth criminal history record information as set forth in subsection (b).

(ii) If the caregiver has an identification card for the caregiver or another patient, the expiration date of
the identification card.

(iii) Other information required by the department.

(2) The application shall be accompanied by a fee of $50. The department may waive or reduce the fee in cases of demonstrated financial hardship.

(3) The department may require additional information for the application.

(4) The application shall be signed and dated by the applicant.

(b) Criminal history.--A caregiver who has not been previously approved by the department under this section shall submit fingerprints for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record checks, and the Pennsylvania State Police or its authorized agent shall submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant and obtaining a current record of any criminal arrests and convictions. Any criminal history record information relating to a caregiver obtained under this section by the department may be interpreted and used by the department only to determine the applicant's character, fitness and suitability to serve as a caregiver under this chapter. The criminal history record information provided under this subsection may not be subject to the limitations under 18 Pa.C.S. § 9121(b)(2) (relating to general regulations). The department shall also review the prescription drug monitoring program relating to the caregiver. The department shall deny the application of a caregiver who has been convicted of a criminal offense that occurred within the past five years relating to the sale or possession of drugs, narcotics or controlled substances. The department may deny an application if the applicant has a
history of drug abuse or of diverting controlled substances or illegal drugs.

§ 9333. Notice.

An application for an identification card shall include notice that a false statement made in the application is punishable under the applicable provisions of 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 49 (relating to falsification and intimidation).

§ 9334. Verification.

The department shall verify the information in a patient or caregiver's application and on any renewal form.

§ 9335. Special conditions.

The following apply:

(1) If the practitioner states in the certification that, in the practitioner's professional opinion, the patient would benefit from medical marijuana only until a specified earlier date, then the identification card shall expire on that date.

(2) If the certification so provides, the identification card shall state any requirement or limitation by the practitioner as to the form of medical marijuana for the patient.

§ 9336. (Reserved).

§ 9337. Minors.

If a patient is under 18 years of age, the following shall apply:

(1) The patient shall have a caregiver.

(2) A caregiver must be one of the following:

   (i) A parent or legal guardian of the patient.

   (ii) An individual designated by a parent or legal guardian.
(iii) An appropriate individual approved by the department upon a sufficient showing that no parent or legal guardian is appropriate or available.

§ 9338. Caregiver authorization and limitations.

(a) Age.--An individual who is under 21 years of age may not be a caregiver unless a sufficient showing, as determined by the department, is made to the department that the individual should be permitted to serve as a caregiver.

(b) Changing caregiver.--If a patient wishes to change or terminate the designation of the patient's caregiver, for whatever reason, the patient shall notify the department as soon as practicable. The department shall issue a notification to the caregiver that the caregiver's identification card is invalid and must be promptly returned to the department.

(c) Denial in part.--If an application of a patient designates an individual as a caregiver who is not authorized to be a caregiver, that portion of the application shall be denied by the department. The department shall review the balance of the application and may approve that portion of it.

§ 9339. Contents of identification card.

An identification card shall contain the following:

(1) The name of the caregiver or the patient, as appropriate. The identification card shall also state whether the individual is designated as a patient or as a caregiver.

(2) The date of issuance and expiration date.

(3) An identification number for the patient or caregiver, as appropriate.

(4) A photograph of the individual to whom the identification card is being issued, whether the individual is a patient or a caregiver. The method of obtaining the
photograph shall be specified by the department by
regulation. The department shall provide reasonable
accommodation for a patient who is confined to the patient's
home or is in inpatient care.

(5) Any requirement or limitation set by the
practitioner as to the form of medical marijuana.

(6) Any other requirements determined by the department,
except the department may not require that an identification
card disclose the patient's serious medical condition.

§ 9339.1. Suspension.
If a patient or caregiver intentionally, knowingly or
recklessly violates any provision of this chapter as determined
by the department, the identification card of the patient or
caregiver may be suspended or revoked. The suspension or
revocation shall be in addition to any criminal or other penalty
that may apply.

§ 9339.2. Prohibitions.
The following prohibitions shall apply:

(1) A patient may not operate or be in physical control
of any of the following while under the influence with a
blood content of more than 10 nanograms of active
tetrahydrocannabinoids per milliliter of blood in serum:

(i) Chemicals which require a permit issued by the
Federal Government or a state government or an agency of
the Federal Government or a state government.

(ii) High-voltage electricity or any other public
utility.

(2) A patient may not perform any employment duties at
heights or in confined spaces, including, but not limited to,
mining, while under the influence of medical marijuana.
(3) A patient may be prohibited by an employer from performing any task which the employer deems life-threatening, to either the employee or any of the employees of the employer, while under the influence of medical marijuana. The prohibition shall not be deemed an adverse employment decision even if the prohibition results in financial harm for the patient.

(4) A patient may be prohibited by an employer from performing any duty which could result in a public health or safety risk while under the influence of medical marijuana. The prohibition shall not be deemed an adverse employment decision even if the prohibition results in financial harm for the patient.

SUBCHAPTER E

MEDICAL MARIJUANA ORGANIZATIONS

Sec.

9341. Medical marijuana organizations.

9342. Permits.

9343. Granting of permit.

9344. Notice.

9345. (Reserved).

9346. Application and issuance.

9347. Fees and other requirements.

9348. Issuance.

9349. Relocation.

9349.1. Terms of permit.

9349.2. (Reserved).

9349.3. Permit renewals.

9349.4. Suspension or revocation.

9349.5. Convictions prohibited.
9349.6. Diversity goals.

9349.7. Limitations on permits.

§ 9341. Medical marijuana organizations.

The following entities shall be authorized to receive a permit to operate as a medical marijuana organization to grow, process or dispense medical marijuana:

(1) Grower/processors.

(2) Dispensaries.

§ 9342. Permits.

(a) Application.--An application for a grower/processor or dispensary permit to grow, process or dispense medical marijuana shall be in a form and manner prescribed by the department and shall include:

(1) Verification of all principals, operators, financial backers or employees of a medical marijuana grower/processor or dispensary.

(2) A description of responsibilities as a principal, operator, financial backer or employee.

(3) Any release necessary to obtain information from governmental agencies, employers and other organizations.

(4) A criminal history record check. Medical marijuana organizations applying for a permit shall submit fingerprints of principals, financial backers, operators and employees to the Pennsylvania State Police for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record checks and the Pennsylvania State Police or its authorized agent shall submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the principals, financial backers, operators and employees and obtaining a current record of any criminal arrests and convictions. Any criminal history record
information relating to principals, financial backers, operators and employees obtained under this section by the department may be interpreted and used by the department only to determine the principal's, financial backer's, operator's and employee's character, fitness and suitability to serve as a principal, financial backer, operator and employee under this chapter. The criminal history record information provided under this subsection may not be subject to the limitations under 18 Pa.C.S. § 9121(b)(2) (relating to general regulations). After submission of required documentation to the department, medical marijuana organizations may allow employees to work in a supervised capacity until the department formally approves the employee's affiliation with the medical marijuana organization. Any employee who the department determines to be unable to meet the affiliation requirements under section 9349.5 (relating to convictions prohibited) shall be terminated by the medical marijuana organization immediately. This paragraph shall not apply to an owner of securities in a publicly traded corporation or an owner of 5% or less in a privately held business entity if the department determines that the owner of the securities is not substantially involved in the activities of the medical marijuana organization.

(5) Details relating to a similar license, permit or other authorization obtained in another jurisdiction, including any suspensions, revocations or discipline in that jurisdiction.

(6) A description of the business activities in which it intends to engage as a medical marijuana organization.
(7) A statement that the applicant:
   (i) (Reserved).
   (ii) Possesses the ability to obtain in an expeditious manner the right to use sufficient land, buildings and other premises and equipment to properly carry on the activity described in the application and any proposed location for a facility.
   (iii) Is able to maintain effective security and control to prevent diversion, abuse and other illegal conduct relating to medical marijuana.
   (iv) Is able to comply with all applicable Commonwealth laws and regulations relating to the activities in which it intends to engage under this chapter.

(8) The name, residential address and title of each financial backer and principal of the applicant. Each individual, or lawful representative of a legal entity, shall submit an affidavit with the application setting forth:
   (i) Any position of management or ownership during the preceding 10 years of a controlling interest in any other business, located inside or outside this Commonwealth, manufacturing or distributing controlled substances.
   (ii) Whether the person or business has been convicted of a criminal offense graded higher than a summary offense or has had a permit relating to medical marijuana suspended or revoked in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

(9) Any other information the department may require.

(b) Notice.--An application shall include notice that a
false statement made in the application is punishable under the applicable provisions of 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 49 (relating to falsification and intimidation).

§ 9343. Granting of permit.

(a) General rule.--The department may grant or deny a permit to a grower/processor or dispensary.

(b) Determination.--In making a decision under subsection (a), the department shall determine that:

(1) The applicant will maintain effective control of and prevent diversion of medical marijuana.

(2) The applicant will comply with all applicable laws of this Commonwealth.

(3) The applicant is ready, willing and able to properly carry on the activity for which a permit is sought.

(4) The applicant possesses the ability to obtain in an expeditious manner sufficient land, buildings and equipment to properly grow, process or dispense medical marijuana.

(5) It is in the public interest to grant the permit.

(6) The applicant, including the financial backer or principal, is of good moral character and has the financial fitness necessary to operate.

(7) The applicant is able to implement and maintain security, tracking, recordkeeping and surveillance systems relating to the acquisition, possession, growth, manufacture, sale, delivery, transportation, distribution or the dispensing of medical marijuana as required by the department.

(8) The applicant satisfies any other conditions as determined by the department.

(c) Nontransferability.--A permit issued under this

20230SB0846PN1004 - 154 -
subchapter shall be nontransferable.

(d) Privilege.--The issuance or renewal of a permit shall be a revocable privilege.

(e) Regions.--The department shall establish a minimum of three regions within this Commonwealth for the purpose of granting permits to grower/processors and dispensaries and enforcing this chapter. The department shall approve permits for grower/processors and dispensaries in a manner which will provide an adequate amount of medical marijuana to patients and caregivers in all areas of this Commonwealth. The department shall consider the following when issuing a permit:

(1) Regional population.
(2) The number of patients suffering from serious medical conditions.
(3) The types of serious medical conditions.
(4) Access to public transportation.
(5) Any other factor the department deems relevant.

§ 9344. Notice.

When the boundaries under section 9343(e) (relating to granting of permit) are established, the department shall transmit notice of the determination to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin. The department may adjust the boundaries as necessary every two years. Notice of any adjustment to the boundaries shall be transmitted to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

§ 9345. (Reserved).

§ 9346. Application and issuance.

(a) Duty to report.--An applicant to be a grower/processor
or to operate a dispensary is under a continuing duty to:

(1) Report to the department any change in facts or circumstances reflected in the application or any newly discovered or occurring fact or circumstance which is required to be included in the application, including a change in control of the medical marijuana organization.

(2) Report to law enforcement, within 24 hours, any loss or theft of medical marijuana.

(3) Submit to announced or unannounced inspections by the department of the facilities for growing, processing, dispensing or selling medical marijuana, including all records of the organization.

(b) Additional information.--If the department is not satisfied that the applicant should be issued a permit, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the factors for which further documentation is required. Within 30 days of the receipt of the notification, the applicant may submit additional material to the department.

§ 9347. Fees and other requirements.

The following apply:

(1) For a grower/processor:

(i) An initial application fee in the amount of $10,000 shall be paid. The fee is nonrefundable.

(ii) A fee for a permit as a grower/processor in the amount of $200,000 shall be paid. The permit shall be valid for one year. Applicants shall submit the permit fee at the time of submission of the application. The fee shall be returned if the permit is not granted.

(iii) A renewal fee for the permit as a grower/processor in the amount of $10,000 shall be paid
and shall cover renewal for all locations. The renewal
fee shall be returned if the renewal is not granted.

(iv) An application to renew a permit must be filed
with the department not more than six months nor less
than four months prior to expiration.

(v) All fees shall be paid by certified check or
money order.

(vi) Before issuing an initial permit under this
paragraph, the department shall verify that the applicant
has at least $2,000,000 in capital, $500,000 of which
must be on deposit with a financial institution.

(2) For a dispensary:

(i) An initial application fee in the amount of
$5,000 shall be paid. The fee is nonrefundable.

(ii) A permit fee for a dispensary shall be $30,000
for each location. The period of the permit is one year.
An applicant shall submit the permit fee at the time of
submission of the application. The fee shall be returned
if the application is not granted.

(iii) A renewal fee for the permit as a dispensary
in the amount of $5,000 shall be paid. The fee shall be
returned if the renewal is not granted and shall cover
renewal for all locations.

(iv) An application to renew a permit must be filed
with the department not more than six months nor less
than four months prior to expiration.

(v) All fees shall be paid by certified check or
money order.

(vi) Before issuing an initial permit under this
paragraph, the department shall verify that the applicant
has at least $150,000 in capital, which must be on
deposit with a financial institution.

(3) A fee of $250 shall be required when amending the
application to indicate relocation within this Commonwealth
or the addition or deletion of approved activities by the
medical marijuana organization.

(4) Fees payable under this section shall be deposited
into the fund.

§ 9348. Issuance.
A permit issued by the department to a medical marijuana
organization shall be effective only for that organization and
shall specify the following:

(1) The name and address of the medical marijuana
organization.

(2) The activities of the medical marijuana organization
permitted under this chapter.

(3) The land, buildings, facilities or location to be
used by the medical marijuana organization.

(4) Any other information required by the department.

§ 9349. Relocation.
(a) Authorization.--The department may approve an
application from a medical marijuana organization to relocate
within this Commonwealth or to add or delete activities or
facilities.

(b) Designations.--Notwithstanding the provisions of
subsection (a), a dispensary may interchange the designation of
a primary, secondary or tertiary location at any time, including
the period before a location becomes operational, by providing
written notice to the department at least 14 days before the
change in designation. A change in designation under this
subsection may not be subject to approval by the department.

§ 9349.1. Terms of permit.
A permit issued by the department shall be valid for one year
from the date of issuance.

§ 9349.2. (Reserved).

§ 9349.3. Permit renewals.
(a) Renewal.--An application for renewal shall include the
following information:

(1) Any material change in the information provided by
the medical marijuana organization in a prior application or
renewal of a permit.

(2) Any charge or initiated, pending or concluded
investigation, during the period of the permit, by any
governmental or administrative agency with respect to:

(i) any incident involving the theft, loss or
possible diversion of medical marijuana grown, processed
or dispensed by the applicant; and

(ii) compliance by the applicant with the laws of
this Commonwealth with respect to any substance listed in
section 4 of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64),
known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and
Cosmetic Act.

(b) Approval.--The department shall renew a permit unless
the department determines that:

(1) The applicant is unlikely to maintain or be able to
maintain effective control against diversion of medical
marijuana.

(2) The applicant is unlikely to comply with all laws of
this Commonwealth applicable to the activities in which it
may engage under the permit.
(c) Nonrenewal decision.--The denial or nonrenewal shall specify in detail how the applicant has not satisfied the department's requirements for renewal. Within 30 days of the department's decision, the applicant may submit additional material to the department or demand a hearing, or both. If a hearing is demanded, the department shall fix a date as soon as practicable.

§ 9349.4. Suspension or revocation.

The department may suspend or revoke a medical marijuana organization permit if:

(1) The department has evidence that the medical marijuana organization has failed to maintain effective control against diversion of medical marijuana.

(2) The organization violates any provision of this chapter or a regulation of the department.

(3) The organization has intentionally, knowingly, recklessly or negligently failed to comply with applicable laws of this Commonwealth relating to medical marijuana.

§ 9349.5. Convictions prohibited.

(a) Prohibitions.--The following individuals may not hold volunteer positions or positions with remuneration in or be affiliated with a medical marijuana organization, including a clinical registrant under Subchapter M (relating to academic clinical research centers and clinical registrants), in any way if the individual has been convicted of any felony criminal offense related to the manufacture, delivery or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance in violation of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, or similar law in any other jurisdiction:
(1) Financial backers.

(2) Principals.

(3) Employees.

(b) Exclusion.--This section shall not apply to an individual for whom it has been 10 or more years since the entry of a final disposition of a felony conviction related to the manufacture, delivery or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance in violation of The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, or similar law in any other jurisdiction, or one year since the individual's release from imprisonment for the felony conviction, whichever is later.

§ 9349.6. Diversity goals.

(a) Goals.--It is the intent and goal of the General Assembly that the department promote diversity and the participation by diverse groups in the activities authorized under this chapter. In order to further this goal, the department shall adopt and implement policies ensuring the following:

(1) That diverse groups are accorded equal opportunity in the permitting process.

(2) That permittees promote the participation of diverse groups in their operations by affording equal access to employment opportunities.

(b) Duties of department.--To facilitate participation by diverse groups in the activities authorized under this chapter, the department shall:

(1) Conduct necessary and appropriate outreach including, if necessary, consulting with other Commonwealth agencies to identify diverse groups who may qualify for participation in activities under this chapter.
(2) Provide sufficient and continuous notice of the participation opportunities afforded under this chapter by publishing notice on the department's publicly accessible Internet website.

(3) Include in the applications for permit under this chapter language to encourage applicants to utilize and give consideration to diverse groups for contracting or professional services opportunities.

(c) Reports.--No later than March 1, 2018, and each March 1 thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the chairperson and minority chairperson of the Health and Human Services Committee of the Senate and the chairperson and minority chairperson of the Health Committee of the House of Representatives summarizing the participation and utilization of diverse groups in the activities authorized under this chapter. The report shall include:

(1) The participation level, by percentage, of diverse groups in the activities authorized under this chapter.

(2) A summary of how diverse groups are utilized by permittees, including in the provision of goods or services.

(3) Any other information the department deems appropriate.

(d) Definitions.--The following words and phrases when used in this section shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Disadvantaged business." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b) (relating to diverse business participation).

"Diverse group." A disadvantaged business, minority-owned business, women-owned business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business or veteran-owned small business that has been
certified by a third-party certifying organization.

"Minority-owned business." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b).

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business." As defined in 51 Pa.C.S. § 9601 (relating to definitions).

"Third-party certifying organization." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b).

"Veteran-owned small business." As defined in 51 Pa.C.S. § 9601.

"Women-owned business." As defined in 74 Pa.C.S. § 303(b).

§ 9349.7. Limitations on permits.

The following limitations apply to approval of permits for grower/processors and dispensaries:

(1) The department may not initially issue permits to more than 25 growers/processors.

(2) The department may not initially issue permits to more than 50 dispensaries. Each dispensary may provide medical marijuana at no more than three separate locations.

(3) The department may not issue more than five individual dispensary permits to one person.

(4) The department may not issue more than one individual grower/processor permit to one person.

(5) No more than five grower/processors may be issued permits as dispensaries. If the number of growers/processors is increased under section 9392 (relating to effectuating recommendations of advisory board), no more than 20% of the total number of growers/processors may also be issued permits as dispensaries.

(6) A dispensary may only obtain medical marijuana from a grower/processor holding a valid permit under this chapter.

20230SB0846PN1004 - 163 -
A grower/processor may only provide medical marijuana to a dispensary holding a valid permit under this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER F
MEDICAL MARIJUANA CONTROLS

Sec.

9351. Electronic tracking.
9352. Grower/processors.
9353. Storage and transportation.
9354. Laboratory.
9355. Prices.

§ 9351. Electronic tracking.

(a) Requirement.--A grower/processor or dispensary must implement an electronic inventory tracking system which shall be directly accessible to the department through its electronic database that electronically tracks all medical marijuana on a daily basis. The system shall include tracking of all of the following:

(1) For a grower/processor, a seed-to-sale tracking system that tracks the medical marijuana from seed to plant until the medical marijuana is sold to a dispensary.

(2) For a dispensary, medical marijuana from purchase from the grower/processor to sale to a patient or caregiver and that includes information that verifies the validity of an identification card presented by the patient or caregiver.

(3) For a grower/processor and a dispensary, a daily log of each day's beginning inventory, acquisitions, amounts purchased and sold, disbursements, disposals and ending inventory. The tracking system shall include prices paid and amounts collected from patients and caregivers.
(4) For a grower/processor and a dispensary, a system for recall of defective medical marijuana.

(5) For a grower/processor and a dispensary, a system to track the plant waste resulting from the growth of medical marijuana or other disposal, including the name and address of any disposal service.

(b) Additional requirements.--In addition to the information under subsection (a), each medical marijuana organization shall track the following:

(1) Security and surveillance.

(2) Recordkeeping and record retention.

(3) The acquisition, possession, growing and processing of medical marijuana.

(4) Delivery and transportation, including amounts and method of delivery.

(5) Dispensing, including amounts, pricing and amounts collected from patients and caregivers.

(c) Access.--Information maintained in electronic tracking systems under subsection (a) shall be confidential and not subject to the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.

(d) Application programming interface.--The department or the department's contracted seed-to-sale vendor shall allow two-way communication, automation and application-programming interface of a medical marijuana organization's enterprise resource planning, inventory, accounting and point-of-sale software with the software of the department or the department's contracted seed-to-sale vendor. The department or the department's contracted seed-to-sale vendor shall provide for the development and use of a seed-to-sale cannabis tracking
system, which shall include a secure application program
interface capable of accessing all data required to be
transmitted to the advisory board to ensure compliance with the
operational reporting requirements established under this
chapter and the regulations of the department.

(e) Reports.--Within one year of the issuance of the first
permit to a grower/processor or dispensary, and every three
months thereafter in a form and manner prescribed by the
department, the following information shall be provided to the
department, which shall compile the information and post it on
the department's publicly accessible Internet website:

(1) The amount of medical marijuana sold by a
grower/processor during each three-month period.

(2) The price of amounts of medical marijuana sold by
grower/processors as determined by the department.

(3) The amount of medical marijuana purchased by each
dispensary in this Commonwealth.

(4) The cost of amounts of medical marijuana to each
dispensary in amounts as determined by the department.

(5) The total amount and dollar value of medical
marijuana sold by each dispensary in the three-month period.

§ 9352. Grower/processors.

(a) Authorization.--Subject to subsection (b), a
grower/processor may do all of the following in accordance with
department regulations:

(1) Obtain and transport seed and immature plant
material from outside this Commonwealth during at least one
30-day period per year as designated by the department to
grow and process medical marijuana.

(2) Obtain seed and plant material from another
grower/processor within this Commonwealth to grow medical
marijuana.

(3) Obtain and transport bulk postharvest medical
marijuana plant material from another grower/processor within
this Commonwealth to process medical marijuana. As used in
this paragraph, the term "postharvest plant material"
includes all unfinished plant and plant-derived material,
whether fresh, dried, partially dried, frozen or partially
frozen, oil, concentrate or similar byproducts derived or
processed from medical marijuana or medical marijuana plants.

(4) Apply solvent-based extraction methods and processes
to medical marijuana plants that have failed a test conducted
by an approved laboratory at harvest, subject to the
following:

(i) The test failure shall be limited to yeast and
mold.

(ii) The extracted material shall be processed into
a topical form.

(iii) The medical marijuana product must pass a
final processed test under section 9354 (relating to
laboratory).

(iv) The medical marijuana product shall be labeled
as remediated.

(v) This paragraph shall expire upon the publication
in the Pennsylvania Bulletin of a notice of the
secretary's approval of the recommendations relating to a
research initiative, as prescribed in section 9399.26
(relating to research initiative).

(5) Obtain harvested hemp from a person holding a permit
issued by the Department of Agriculture to grow or cultivate.
hemp under 3 Pa.C.S. Ch. 15 (relating to controlled plants
and noxious weeds) if the hemp received by a grower/processor
is subject to the laboratory testing requirements of section
9354.

(6) Add excipients or hemp or hemp-derived additives
obtained or cultivated in accordance with paragraph (5).
Excipients must be pharmaceutical grade, unless otherwise
approved by the department. In determining whether to approve
an added substance, the department shall consider the
following:

(i) Whether the added substance is permitted by the
United States Food and Drug Administration for use in
food or is Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) under
Federal guidelines.
(ii) Whether the added substance constitutes a known
hazard such as diacetyl, CAS number 431-03-8, and
pentanedione, CAS number 600-14-6.

(b) Limitations.--

(1) A grower/processor may only grow, store, harvest or
process medical marijuana in an indoor, enclosed, secure
facility which:

(i) includes electronic locking systems, electronic
surveillance and other features required by the
department; and
(ii) is located within this Commonwealth.

(2) For the purpose of paragraph (1), a grower/processor
shall maintain continuous video surveillance. A
grower/processor is required to retain the recordings onsite
or offsite for a period of no less than 180 days, unless
otherwise required for investigative or litigation purposes.
(c) Pesticides.--

(1) A grower/processor may use a pesticide that is registered by the Department of Agriculture under the act of March 1, 1974 (P.L.90, No.24), known as the Pennsylvania Pesticide Control Act of 1973, and designated by the Secretary of Agriculture in consultation with the secretary for use by a grower/processor.

(2) The Secretary of Agriculture shall transmit, by June 30, 2022, an initial list of pesticides which may be used by grower/processors to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin. The list shall be posted on the department's publicly accessible Internet website and shall be reviewed and updated by the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the secretary, at least once annually and transmitted to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

§ 9353. Storage and transportation.

The department shall develop regulations relating to the storage and transportation of medical marijuana among grower/processors, testing laboratories and dispensaries which ensure adequate security to guard against in-transit losses. The tracking system developed by the department shall include all transportation and storage of medical marijuana. The regulations shall provide for the following:

(1) Requirements relating to shipping containers and packaging.

(2) The manner in which trucks, vans, trailers or other carriers will be secured.

(3) Security systems that include a numbered seal on the
(4) Obtaining copies of drivers' licenses and registrations and other information related to security and tracking.

(5) Use of GPS systems.

(6) Number of drivers or other security required to ensure against storage or in-transit losses.

(7) Recordkeeping for delivery and receipt of medical marijuana products.

(8) Requirements to utilize any electronic tracking system required by the department, which shall allow for the two-way communication, automation and application-programming interface between a medical marijuana organization's enterprise resource planning, inventory, accounting and point-of-sale software and the software of the department or the department's vendor.

(9) Transporting medical marijuana to a grower/processor, approved laboratory or dispensary.

§ 9354. Laboratory.

(a) General testing.--A grower/processor shall contract with one or more independent laboratories to test the medical marijuana produced by the grower/processor. The department shall approve a laboratory under this subsection and require that the laboratory report testing results in a manner as the department shall determine, including requiring a test at harvest and a test at final processing. The possession by a laboratory of medical marijuana shall be a lawful use.

(b) Stability testing.--A laboratory shall perform stability testing to ensure the medical marijuana product's potency and purity. A grower/processor shall retain a sample from each
medical marijuana product derived from a harvest batch and request that a sample be identified and collected by a laboratory approved under subsection (a) from each process lot to perform stability testing under the following conditions:

(1) The medical marijuana product is still in inventory at a dispensary in this Commonwealth as determined by the seed-to-sale system.

(2) The stability testing is done at six-month intervals for the duration of the expiration date period as listed on the medical marijuana product and once within six months of the expiration date.

§ 9355. Prices.

The department and the Department of Revenue shall monitor the price of medical marijuana sold by grower/processors and by dispensaries, including a per-dose price. If the department and the Department of Revenue determine that the prices are unreasonable or excessive, the department may implement a cap on the price of medical marijuana being sold for a period of six months. The cap may be amended during the six-month period. If the department and the Department of Revenue determine that the prices become unreasonable or excessive following the expiration of a six-month cap, additional caps may be imposed for periods not to exceed six months.

SUBCHAPTER G

DISPENSARIES

Sec.

9361. Dispensing to patients and caregivers.

9362. Facility requirements.

9363. Posting.

§ 9361. Dispensing to patients and caregivers.
(a) General rule.--A dispensary that has been issued a permit under Subchapter E (relating to medical marijuana organizations) may lawfully dispense medical marijuana to a patient or caregiver upon presentation to the dispensary of a valid identification card for that patient or caregiver. The dispensary shall provide to the patient or caregiver a receipt, as appropriate. The receipt shall include all of the following:

1. The name, address and any identification number assigned to the dispensary by the department.
2. The name and address of the patient and caregiver.
3. The date the medical marijuana was dispensed.
4. Any requirement or limitation by the practitioner as to the form of medical marijuana for the patient.
5. The form and the quantity of medical marijuana dispensed.

(b) Requirements.--A dispensary shall have a physician or a pharmacist available, either in person or by synchronous interaction, to verify patient certifications and to consult with patients and caregivers at all times during the hours the dispensary is open to receive patients and caregivers. If a dispensary has more than one separate location, a physician assistant or a certified registered nurse practitioner may verify patient certifications and consult with patients and caregivers, either in person or by synchronous interaction, at each of the other locations in lieu of the physician or pharmacist. A physician, a pharmacist, a physician assistant or a certified registered nurse practitioner shall, prior to assuming duties under this paragraph, successfully complete the course established in section 9311(a)(6) (relating to program established). A physician may not issue a certification to
authorize patients to receive medical marijuana or otherwise
treat patients at the dispensary.

(c) Filing with department.--Prior to dispensing medical
marijuana to a patient or caregiver, the dispensary shall file
the receipt information with the department utilizing the
electronic tracking system. When filing receipts under this
subsection, the dispensary shall dispose of any electronically
recorded certification information as provided by regulation.

(d) Limitations.--No dispensary may dispense to a patient or
caregiver:

(1) a quantity of medical marijuana greater than that
which the patient or caregiver is permitted to possess under
the certification; or

(2) a form of medical marijuana prohibited by this
chapter.

(e) Supply.--When dispensing medical marijuana to a patient
or caregiver, the dispensary may not dispense an amount greater
than a 90-day supply until the patient has exhausted all but a
seven-day supply provided pursuant to a previously issued
certification until additional certification is presented under
section 9325 (relating to duration).

(f) Verification.--Prior to dispensing medical marijuana to
a patient or caregiver, the dispensary shall verify the
information in subsections (e) and (g) by consulting the
electronic tracking system included in the department's
electronic database established under section 9311(a)(4)(v) and
the dispensary tracking system under section 9351(a)(2)
(relation to electronic tracking).

(g) Form of medical marijuana.--Medical marijuana dispensed
to a patient or caregiver by a dispensary shall conform to any
requirement or limitation set by the practitioner as to the form
of medical marijuana for the patient.

(h) Safety insert.--When a dispensary dispenses medical
marijuana to a patient or caregiver, the dispensary shall
provide to that patient or caregiver, as appropriate, a safety
insert. The insert shall be developed and approved by the
department. The insert shall provide the following information:

   (1) Lawful methods for administering medical marijuana
   in individual doses.

   (2) Any potential dangers stemming from the use of
   medical marijuana.

   (3) How to recognize what may be problematic usage of
   medical marijuana and how to obtain appropriate services or
   treatment for problematic usage.

   (4) How to prevent or deter the misuse of medical
   marijuana by minors or others.

   (5) Any other information as determined by the
department.

(i) Sealed and labeled package.--Medical marijuana shall be
dispensed by a dispensary to a patient or caregiver in a sealed
and properly labeled package. The labeling shall contain the
following:

   (1) The information required to be included in the
   receipt provided to the patient or caregiver, as appropriate,
   by the dispensary.

   (2) The packaging date.

   (3) Any applicable date by which the medical marijuana
   should be used.

   (4) A warning stating:

   This product is for medicinal use only. Women should
not consume during pregnancy or while breastfeeding except on the advice of the practitioner who issued the certification and, in the case of breastfeeding, the infant's pediatrician. This product might impair the ability to drive or operate heavy machinery. Keep out of reach of children.

(5) The amount of individual doses contained within the package and the species and percentage of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.

(6) A warning that the medical marijuana must be kept in the original container in which it was dispensed.

(7) A warning that unauthorized use is unlawful and will subject the person to criminal penalties.

(8) Any other information required by the department.

§ 9362. Facility requirements.

(a) General rule.--

(1) A dispensary may dispense medical marijuana in an indoor, enclosed, secure facility located within this Commonwealth or in accordance with a curbside delivery protocol as determined by the department.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a dispensary shall maintain continuous video surveillance. The dispensary is required to retain the recordings onsite or offsite for a period of no less than 180 days, unless otherwise required for investigative or litigation purposes.

(3) A dispensary may not operate on the same site as a facility used for growing and processing medical marijuana.

(4) A dispensary may not be located within 1,000 feet of the property line of a public, private or parochial school or a day-care center.
A dispensary may sell medical devices and instruments which are needed to administer medical marijuana under this chapter.

A dispensary may sell services approved by the department related to the use of medical marijuana.

(b) Adjustment or waiver of prohibition.--The department may amend a prohibition under subsection (a)(4) if it is shown by clear and convincing evidence that the amendment is necessary to provide adequate access to patients. An amendment may include additional security, physical plant of a facility or other conditions necessary to protect children.

§ 9363. Posting.

A dispensary shall post a copy of its permit in a location within its facility in a manner that is easily observable by patients, caregivers, law enforcement officers and agents of the department.

SUBCHAPTER H

TAX ON MEDICAL MARIJUANA

Sec.

9371. Tax on medical marijuana.

9372. Medical Marijuana Program Fund.

§ 9371. Tax on medical marijuana.

(a) Tax imposed.--A tax is imposed on the gross receipts of a grower/processor received from the sale of medical marijuana by a grower/processor to a dispensary, to be paid by the grower/processor, at the rate of 5%. The tax shall be charged against and be paid by the grower/processor and shall not be added as a separate charge or line item on any sales slip, invoice, receipt or other statement or memorandum of the price paid by a dispensary, patient or caregiver.
(b) Payment of tax and reports.--The tax imposed under subsection (a) shall be administered in the same manner as the tax imposed under Article XI of the act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971, except that estimated tax payments under section 3003.2 of the Tax Reform Code of 1971 shall not be required. A grower/processor shall make quarterly payments under this section for each calendar quarter at the rate prescribed in subsection (a) on the gross receipts for the calendar quarter. The tax shall be due and payable on the 20th day of January, April, July and October for the preceding calendar quarter on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue.

(c) (Reserved).

(d) Deposit of proceeds.--All money received from the tax imposed under subsection (a) shall be deposited into the fund.

(e) Exemption.--Medical marijuana shall not be subject to the tax imposed under section 202 of the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

(f) Information.--A grower/processor that sells medical marijuana shall provide to the Department of Revenue information required by the department.

§ 9372. Medical Marijuana Program Fund.

(a) Fund established.--The Medical Marijuana Program Fund is established as a special fund in the State Treasury. Money in the fund is appropriated as set forth in subsection (c). Any amount unspent at the end of a fiscal year shall be appropriated to the department for its operations.

(b) Source of funds.--Fees and taxes payable under this chapter shall be deposited into the fund. The money deposited into the fund may only be used for the purposes set forth in
this section. Any interest accrued shall be deposited into the fund.

(c) Use of proceeds.--After any repayment made under subsection (d), money in the fund is appropriated in accordance with the following percentages:

(1) To the department, 55% of the revenue in the fund. Forty percent of the revenue in the fund shall be expended for operations of the department, including outreach efforts and other projects, as required by this chapter. Fifteen percent of the amount in the fund shall be used by the department to establish the following:

   (i) a program to assist patients with the cost of providing medical marijuana to patients who demonstrate financial hardship or need under this chapter, and the department shall develop guidelines and procedures to ensure maximum availability to individuals with financial need;

   (ii) a program to assist patients and caregivers with the cost associated with the waiver or reduction of fees for identification cards under sections 9331(c)(5) (relating to identification cards) and 9332(a)(2) (relating to caregivers); and

   (iii) a program to reimburse caregivers for the cost of providing background checks for caregivers.

(2) To the Department of Drug and Alcohol Programs, for drug abuse prevention and counseling and treatment services, 10% of the revenue in the fund.

(3) To the department, for further research related to the use of medical marijuana, including the research program established under Subchapter L (relating to research
program), 30% of the revenue in the fund. Funding shall be
provided for research into the treatment of those serious
medical conditions for which medical marijuana is available
for treatment within this Commonwealth and for research into
the use of medical marijuana to treat other medical
conditions for which medical marijuana may have legitimate
medicinal value. Money shall be used to subsidize the cost
of, or provide, medical marijuana to patients participating
in the program. However, money in the fund may not be
expended on activity under Subchapter M (relating to academic
clinical research centers and clinical registrants).

(4) To the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and
Delinquency, for distribution to local police departments
which demonstrate a need relating to the enforcement of this
chapter, 5% of the revenue in the fund.

(d) Repayment of initial funding.--The department shall
repay from the fees, taxes and investment earnings of the fund
to the General Fund any money appropriated for the initial
planning, organization and administration by the department with
respect to the establishment of the program at the time of April
17, 2016.

SUBCHAPTER I

ADMINISTRATION

Sec.

9381. Governing practice and procedure.

9382. Reports by medical marijuana organizations.

9383. Law enforcement notification.

9384. Evaluation.


9386. (Reserved).
§ 9381. Governing practice and procedure.

The provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to administrative law and procedure) shall apply to all actions of the department under this chapter constituting an adjudication as defined in 2 Pa.C.S. § 101 (relating to definitions).

§ 9382. Reports by medical marijuana organizations.

A medical marijuana organization shall periodically file reports related to its activities. The department shall determine the information required in and the frequency of filing the reports.

§ 9383. Law enforcement notification.

Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or any other law to the contrary, the department may notify any appropriate law enforcement agency of information relating to any violation or suspected violation of this chapter. In addition, the department shall verify to law enforcement personnel in an appropriate case whether a certification, permit, registration or an identification card is valid, including release of the name of the patient.

§ 9384. Evaluation.

The department may provide for an analysis and evaluation of the implementation and effectiveness of this chapter, including whether the intent and stated policy of the General Assembly have been achieved. The department may enter into agreements with one or more persons for the performance of an evaluation of the implementation and effectiveness of this chapter.


(a) Report required.--The department shall submit a written report under subsection (b) every two years beginning April 17,
2018, to the following:

(1) The Governor.

(2) The President pro tempore of the Senate.

(3) The Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(4) The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(5) The Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(6) The chairperson and minority chairperson of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate.

(7) The chairman and minority chairman of the Health and Human Services Committee of the Senate.

(8) The chairman and minority chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives.

(9) The chairman and minority chairman of the Health Committee of the House of Representatives.


(b) Contents of report.--The following information shall be included in the report:

(1) An assessment of the use of medical marijuana as a result of the enactment of this chapter.

(2) An assessment of the benefits and risks to patients using medical marijuana under this chapter, including adverse events.

(3) Recommendations for amendments to this chapter for reasons of patient safety or to aid the general welfare of the citizens of this Commonwealth.

§ 9386. (Reserved).

§ 9387. Temporary regulations.

(a) Promulgation.--In order to facilitate the prompt
implementation of this chapter, the department may promulgate
temporary regulations that shall expire not later than two years
following the publication of the temporary regulation. The
department may promulgate temporary regulations not subject to:

(1) Sections 201, 202, 203, 204 and 205 of the act of
July 31, 1968 (P.L.769, No.240), referred to as the
Commonwealth Documents Law.

(2) Sections 204(b) and 301(10) of the act of October
15, 1980 (P.L.950, No.164), known as the Commonwealth
Attorneys Act.

(3) The act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as
the Regulatory Review Act.

(b) Expiration.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
the department's authority to adopt temporary regulations under
subsection (a) shall expire May 31, 2022. Regulations adopted
after this period shall be promulgated as provided by law.

(c) Publication.--The department shall transmit notice of
temporary regulations to the Legislative Reference Bureau for
publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania
Bulletin no later than October 17, 2016.

SUBCHAPTER J
MEDICAL MARIJUANA ADVISORY BOARD

Sec.

9391. Advisory board.

9392. Effectuating recommendations of advisory board.

§ 9391. Advisory board.

(a) Establishment.--The Medical Marijuana Advisory Board is
established within the department. The advisory board shall
consist of the following members:

(1) The secretary or a designee.
(2) The Commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Police or a designee.

(3) The chairman of the State Board of Pharmacy or a designee.

(4) The Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs or a designee.

(5) The Physician General or a designee.

(6) The president of the Pennsylvania Chiefs of Police Association or a designee.

(7) The president of the Pennsylvania District Attorneys Association or a designee.

(8) One member to be appointed by each of the following, which members shall be knowledgeable and experienced in issues relating to care and treatment of individuals with a serious medical condition, geriatric or pediatric medicine or clinical research:

   (i) The Governor.

   (ii) The President pro tempore of the Senate.

   (iii) The Majority Leader of the Senate.

   (iv) The Minority Leader of the Senate.

   (v) The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

   (vi) The Majority Leader of the House of Representatives.

   (vii) The Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(9) One member appointed by the Governor, who shall be a patient, a family or household member of a patient or a patient advocate.

(b) Terms.—Except as provided under subsection (g), the members appointed under subsection (a)(8) and (9) shall serve a
term of four years or until a successor has been appointed and
qualified, but no longer than six months beyond the four-year
period.

(c) Chair.--The secretary, or a designee, shall serve as
chair of the advisory board.

(d) Voting and quorum.--The members under subsection (a)(1),
(2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) shall serve ex officio and shall
have voting rights. A majority of the members shall constitute a
quorum for the purpose of organizing the advisory board,
conducting its business and fulfilling its duties. A vote of the
majority of the members present shall be sufficient for all
actions of the advisory board unless the bylaws require a
greater number.

(e) Attendance.--A member of the advisory board appointed
under subsection (a)(8) or (9) who fails to attend three
consecutive meetings shall forfeit his seat unless the
secretary, upon written request from the member, finds that the
member should be excused from a meeting for good cause. A member
who cannot be physically present may attend meetings via
electronic means, including video conference.

(f) Governance.--The advisory board shall have the power to
prescribe, amend and repeal bylaws, rules and regulations
governing the manner in which the business of the advisory board
is conducted and the manner in which the duties granted to it
are fulfilled. The advisory board may delegate supervision of
the administration of advisory board activities to an
administrative secretary and other employees of the department
as the secretary shall appoint.

(g) Initial terms.--The initial terms of members appointed
under subsection (a)(8) and (9) shall be for terms of one, two,
three or four years, the particular term of each member to be
designated by the secretary at the time of appointment. All
other members shall serve for a term of four years.

(h) Vacancy.--In the event that any member appointed under
subsection (a)(8) or (9) shall die or resign or otherwise become
disqualified during the member's term of office, a successor
shall be appointed in the same way and with the same
qualifications as set forth in this section and shall hold
office for the unexpired term. An appointed member of the
advisory board shall be eligible for reappointment.

(i) Expenses.--A member appointed under subsection (a)(8) or
(9) shall receive the amount of reasonable travel, hotel and
other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the
duties of the member in accordance with Commonwealth
regulations, but shall receive no other compensation for the
member's service on the board.

(j) Duties.--The advisory board shall have the following
duties:

(1) To examine and analyze the statutory and regulatory
law relating to medical marijuana within this Commonwealth.

(2) To examine and analyze the law and events in other
states and the nation with respect to medical marijuana.

(3) To accept and review written comments from
individuals and organizations about medical marijuana.

(4) To issue written reports to the Governor, the Senate
and the House of Representatives.

(5) The written reports under paragraph (4) shall
include recommendations and findings as to the following:

(i) Whether to change the types of medical
professionals who can issue certifications to patients.
(ii) Whether to change, add or reduce the types of medical conditions which qualify as serious medical conditions under this chapter.

(iii) Whether to change the form of medical marijuana permitted under this chapter.

(iv) (Reserved).

(v) How to ensure affordable patient access to medical marijuana.

(6) The written reports under this section shall be adopted at a public meeting. The reports shall be a public record under the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.

§ 9392. Effectuating recommendations of advisory board.

After receiving a report of the advisory board under section 9391(j)(4) (relating to advisory board), at the discretion of the secretary, the department may effectuate recommendations made by the advisory board by transmitting a notice to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin. The secretary shall transmit notice to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin within 12 months of the receipt of a report of the advisory board. The notice shall include the recommendations of the advisory board and shall state the specific reasons for the decision of the secretary on whether or not to effectuate each recommendation.

SUBCHAPTER K

OFFENSES RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA

Sec.

9393.1. Criminal diversion of medical marijuana by
§ 9393.1. Criminal diversion of medical marijuana by practitioners.

In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a practitioner commits a misdemeanor of the first degree if the practitioner intentionally, knowingly or recklessly certifies a person as being able to lawfully receive medical marijuana or otherwise provides medical marijuana to a person who is not lawfully permitted to receive medical marijuana.

§ 9393.2. Criminal diversion of medical marijuana.

In addition to any other penalty provided by law, an employee, financial backer, operator or principal of any of the following commits a misdemeanor of the first degree if the person intentionally, knowingly or recklessly sells, dispenses, trades, delivers or otherwise provides medical marijuana to a person who is not lawfully permitted to receive medical marijuana:

(1) A medical marijuana organization.

(2) A health care medical marijuana organization or university participating in a research study under Subchapter L (relating to research program).
§ 9393.3. Criminal retention of medical marijuana.

In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a patient or caregiver commits a misdemeanor of the third degree if the patient or caregiver intentionally, knowingly or recklessly possesses, stores or maintains an amount of medical marijuana in excess of the amount legally permitted.

§ 9393.4. Criminal diversion of medical marijuana by patient or caregiver.

(a) Offense defined.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a patient or caregiver commits an offense if the patient or caregiver intentionally, knowingly or recklessly provides medical marijuana to a person who is not lawfully permitted to receive medical marijuana.

(b) Grading.--A first offense under this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree. A second or subsequent offense constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree.

§ 9393.5. Falsification of identification cards.

(a) Offense defined.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person commits an offense if, knowing he is not privileged to hold an identification card, the person:

(1) possesses an identification card and either attempts to use the card to obtain medical marijuana or obtains medical marijuana;

(2) possesses an identification card which falsely identifies the person as being lawfully entitled to receive medical marijuana.
medical marijuana and either attempts to use the card to obtain medical marijuana or obtains medical marijuana; or

(3) possesses an identification card which contains any false information on the card and the person either attempts to use the card to obtain medical marijuana or obtains medical marijuana.

(b) Grading.--A first offense under this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree. A second or subsequent offense under this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree.

§ 9393.6. Adulteration of medical marijuana.

(a) General rule.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person commits an offense if the person adulterates, fortifies, contaminates or changes the character or purity of medical marijuana from that set forth on the patient's or caregiver's identification card.

(b) Grading.--A first offense under this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree. A second or subsequent offense under this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree.

§ 9393.7. Disclosure of information prohibited.

(a) Offense defined.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, an employee, financial backer, operator or principal of any of the following commits a misdemeanor of the third degree if the person discloses, except to authorized persons for official governmental or health care purposes, any information related to the use of medical marijuana:

(1) A medical marijuana organization.

(2) A health care medical marijuana organization or university participating in a research study under Subchapter
(3) A clinical registrant or academic clinical research center under Subchapter M (relating to academic clinical research centers and clinical registrants).

(4) An employee or contractor of the department.

(b) Exception.--Subsection (a) shall not apply where disclosure is permitted or required by law or by court order.

The department, including an authorized employee, requesting or obtaining information under this chapter shall not be subject to any criminal liability. The immunity provided by this subsection shall not apply to any employee of the department who knowingly and willfully discloses prohibited information under this chapter.

§ 9393.8. Additional penalties.

(a) Criminal penalties.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a practitioner, caregiver, patient, employee, financial backer, operator or principal of any medical marijuana organization, health care medical organization or university participating in a research study under Subchapter L (relating to research program), and an employee, financial backer, operator or principal of a clinical registrant or academic clinical research center under Subchapter M (relating to academic clinical research centers and clinical registrants), who violates any of the provisions of this chapter, other than those specified in section 9393.1 (relating to criminal diversion of medical marijuana by practitioners), 9393.2 (relating to criminal diversion of medical marijuana), 9393.3 (relating to criminal retention of medical marijuana), 9393.4 (relating to criminal diversion of medical marijuana by patient or caregiver), 9393.5 (relating to falsification of...
(1) For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the third degree and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than $5,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months.

(2) For a second or subsequent offense, commits a misdemeanor of the third degree and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than $10,000 or to imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year, or both.

(b) Civil penalties.--In addition to any other remedy available to the department, the department may assess a civil penalty for a violation of this chapter, a regulation promulgated under this chapter or an order issued under this chapter or regulation as provided in this subsection. The following shall apply:

(1) The department may assess a penalty of not more than $10,000 for each violation and an additional penalty of not more than $1,000 for each day of a continuing violation. In determining the amount of each penalty, the department shall take the following factors into consideration:

(i) The gravity of the violation.

(ii) The potential harm resulting from the violation to patients, caregivers or the general public.

(iii) The willfulness of the violation.

(iv) Previous violations, if any, by the person being assessed.
(v) The economic benefit to the person being assessed for failing to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a regulation promulgated under this chapter or an order issued under this chapter or regulation.

(2) If the department finds that the violation did not threaten the safety or health of a patient, caregiver or the general public and the violator took immediate action to remedy the violation upon learning of it, the department may issue a written warning in lieu of assessing a civil penalty.

(3) A person who aids, abets, counsels, induces, procures or causes another person to violate this chapter, a regulation promulgated under this chapter or an order issued under this chapter or regulation shall be subject to the civil penalties provided under this subsection.

(c) Sanctions.--

(1) In addition to the penalties provided in subsection (b) and any other penalty authorized by law, the department may impose the following sanctions:

(i) Revoke or suspend the permit of a person found to be in violation of this chapter, a regulation promulgated under this chapter or an order issued under this chapter or regulation.

(ii) Revoke or suspend the permit of a person for conduct or activity or the occurrence of an event that would have disqualified the person from receiving the permit.

(iii) Revoke or suspend the registration of a practitioner for a violation of this chapter or a regulation promulgated or an order issued under this chapter or for conduct or activity which would have
disqualified the practitioner from receiving a registration.

(iv) Suspend a permit or registration of a person pending the outcome of a hearing in a case in which the permit or registration could be revoked.

(v) Order restitution of funds or property unlawfully obtained or retained by a permittee or registrant.

(vi) Issue a cease and desist order.

(2) A person who aids, abets, counsels, induces, procures or causes another person to violate this chapter shall be subject to the sanctions provided under this subsection.

(d) Costs of action.--The department may assess against a person determined to be in violation of this chapter the costs of investigation of the violation.

(e) Minor violations.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the assessment of a civil penalty or the imposition of a sanction for a minor violation of this chapter if the department determines that the public interest will be adequately served under the circumstances by the issuance of a written warning.

§ 9393.9. Other restrictions.

Nothing in this chapter may be construed to permit any person to engage in or prevent the imposition of any civil, criminal or other penalty for the following:

(1) Undertaking any task under the influence of medical marijuana when doing so would constitute negligence, professional malpractice or professional misconduct.

(2) Possessing or using medical marijuana in a State or
county correctional facility, including a facility owned or
operated or under contract with the Department of Corrections
or the county which houses inmates serving a portion of their
sentences on parole or other community correction program.
Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to apply to
employees of the facilities set forth in this paragraph. The
Department of Corrections shall adopt a written policy no
later than October 17, 2017, regarding the possession and use
of medical marijuana by employees in State correctional
facilities. The governing authority of a county may adopt a
resolution no later than October 17, 2017, regarding the
possession and use of medical marijuana by employees in a
county correctional facility.

(3) Possessing or using medical marijuana in a youth
detention center or other facility which houses children
adjudicated delinquent, including the separate, secure State-
owned facility or unit utilized for sexually violent
delinquent children under 42 Pa.C.S. § 6404 (relating to
duration of inpatient commitment and review). As used in this
paragraph, the term "sexually violent delinquent children"
shall have the meaning given to it in 42 Pa.C.S. § 6402
(relating to definitions). Nothing in this paragraph shall be
construed to apply to employees of the facilities set forth
in this paragraph.

SUBCHAPTER L
RESEARCH PROGRAM

Sec.
9399.11. Definitions.
9399.12. Establishment of medical marijuana research program.
9399.13. Medical marijuana research program administration.
§ 9399.11. Definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Health care medical marijuana organization." A vertically integrated health system approved by the department to dispense medical marijuana or grow and process medical marijuana, or both, in accordance with a research study under this subchapter.

"Vertically integrated health system." A health delivery system licensed under the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the Health Care Facilities Act, in which the complete spectrum of care, including primary and specialty care, hospitalization and pharmaceutical care, is provided within a single organization.

§ 9399.12. Establishment of medical marijuana research program.

(a) Program established.--The department shall establish and develop a research program to study the impact of medical marijuana on the treatment and symptom management of serious medical conditions. The program shall not include a clinical registrant or academic clinical research center under Subchapter M (relating to academic clinical research centers and clinical registrants).

(b) Department duties.--The department shall:

(1) Review all serious medical conditions which are cited by a practitioner upon the practitioner's certification...
that a patient be granted an identification card.

(2) Create a database of all serious medical conditions, including comorbidities, which are cited by practitioners in the certifications of patients. The database shall also include the form of medical marijuana certified to treat each serious medical condition.

(3) When the database contains 25 or more patients with the same serious medical condition, petition the United States Food and Drug Administration and the United States Drug Enforcement Administration for approval to study the condition and the impact of medical marijuana on the condition.

(4) Concurrent with the request to the United States Food and Drug Administration and the United States Drug Enforcement Administration, publicly announce the formation of a research study to which a vertically integrated health system and a university within this Commonwealth may submit a request to participate.

(5) Upon approval of a research study by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the United States Drug Enforcement Administration, select a vertically integrated health system or systems to conduct the research study and designate the form or forms of medical marijuana which will be used to treat the serious medical condition.

(6) Notify a patient who has been issued an identification card:

(i) that the patient has been selected to participate, at the patient's option, in a research study to study medical marijuana as a treatment; and

(ii) where the patient may secure medical marijuana
through a health care medical marijuana organization at
no cost to the patient in accordance with subsection (c).

(7) If the United States Food and Drug Administration
and the United States Drug Enforcement Administration reject
the proposal for the research study, take all reasonable
steps to collect and collate data on the serious medical
condition and the use of medical marijuana as a treatment for
the serious medical condition and consider submitting an
additional request to the United States Food and Drug
Administration and the United States Drug Enforcement
Administration for a research study on the same condition.

(c) Costs.--The cost of the medical marijuana which is
dispensed to patients in accordance with an approved research
study shall be paid for by the fund.

(d) Geographic accessibility.--The department shall take
into consideration the geographic location of the health care
medical marijuana organization when assigning a patient to a
health care medical marijuana organization. The department shall
make an effort to assign a patient to a health care medical
marijuana organization that is located within 50 miles of the
patient's residence.

(e) Data.--Data collected by the health care medical
marijuana organization shall be provided to the university
participating in the research study for analysis.

§ 9399.13. Medical marijuana research program administration.

(a) General rule.--The department shall establish a research
study for each serious medical condition. The department shall
engage universities within this Commonwealth to participate in
the collection, collation, analysis and conclusive findings of
the research studies. The department shall, by regulation,
establish the procedure to be used by health care medical
marijuana organizations with respect to:

(1) Real time inventory tracking.

(2) Real time tracking of the medical marijuana
dispensed.

(3) Recall of defective medical marijuana.

(b) Request for distributions.--The department shall
establish a form and procedure for universities selected to
participate in a research study to request distributions from
the fund to conduct research on medical marijuana, including
administrative costs. These distributions shall also be used to
pay for the cost of the medical marijuana so that it is not
borne by the patient participating in the research study. The
forms shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) The form or forms of medical marijuana to be
studied.

(2) The serious medical condition to be studied.

(c) Research reports.--

(1) A vertically integrated health system shall report
on the effectiveness of the use of medical marijuana for the
treatment of the serious medical condition studied and all
counterindications and noted side effects.

(2) The department shall notify the vertically
integrated health system and the university participating in
the research study of the data which is required to meet the
United States Food and Drug Administration's and the United
States Drug Enforcement Administration's approval for the
research study.

(3) The first report, including the data required under
paragraph (2), shall be submitted to the department and made
publicly available within 180 days of the initiation of a research study for a specific serious medical condition.

(4) An annual report of the data required under paragraph (2) shall be submitted to the department beginning one year after the initiation of a research study for a specific serious medical condition and each year thereafter.


A vertically integrated health system located in this Commonwealth may petition the department to participate in a research study to study a serious medical condition under section 9399.13 (relating to medical marijuana research program administration). Approval of the vertically integrated health system as a health care medical marijuana organization by the department shall authorize access within a region under section 9343(e) (relating to granting of permit) to medical marijuana for all patients included in an approved research study.

§ 9399.15. Requirements.

(a) Dispensing.--A health care medical marijuana organization that dispenses medical marijuana shall:

(1) Maintain licensure with the department as required under the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the Health Care Facilities Act.

(2) Secure the medical marijuana within the associated pharmacies of the health care medical marijuana organization in a manner and method prescribed by the department.

(3) Keep a daily log of the medical marijuana dispensed and the research study with which the patient and the medical marijuana are associated. Reports shall be delivered to the department and the university participating in the research study on a weekly basis.
Report to the Pennsylvania Health Care Cost Containment Council the utilization rates of those patients participating in the research of medical marijuana and treatment options.

Only dispense medical marijuana received from a grower/processor or a health care medical marijuana organization that is approved to grow and process medical marijuana.

Provide all patients or caregivers with the safety insert, prepared by the department, which includes potential dangers, recognition and correction of problematic dosage and any other information required by the department or which the department deems relevant for patient safety.

(b) Growing and processing.--A health care medical marijuana organization that grows and processes medical marijuana shall:

1. Maintain licensure with the department as required under the Health Care Facilities Act.

2. Only make available medical marijuana to health care medical marijuana organizations that dispense medical marijuana.

3. Keep a daily log of medical marijuana intended for ultimate use by patients participating in a research study.

§ 9399.16. Restrictions.

A health care medical marijuana organization may not participate in a research study of any kind, including the program established under this subchapter, or dispense or grow and process medical marijuana if it has violated its licensure requirements under the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the Health Care Facilities Act.

§ 9399.17. Regulations.
The department shall, by regulation, establish the procedure
to be used by a health care medical marijuana organization that
grows and processes medical marijuana with respect to:

(1) Real time inventory tracking, including a seed-to-
dispensing tracking system that tracks medical marijuana from
seed or immature plant stage until the medical marijuana is
provided to a patient in a research study.

(2) Security, recordkeeping, record retention and
surveillance systems relating to every stage of growing and
processing medical marijuana.

(3) A daily log of each day's beginning inventory,
acquisitions, disbursements, disposals and ending inventory.

(4) A system to recall defective medical marijuana.

(5) A system to track the plant waste resulting from the
growth of medical marijuana.

(6) Testing of medical marijuana by an independent
laboratory to test the medical marijuana produced by the
health care medical marijuana organization, including
requiring a test at harvest and a test at final processing.

(7) Any other procedure deemed necessary by the
department.

§ 9399.18. Nonentitlement.
Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to create an
entitlement or right of a patient to receive medical marijuana
or to participate in a research study.

SUBCHAPTER M

ACADEMIC CLINICAL RESEARCH CENTERS

AND CLINICAL REGISTRANTS

Sec.

9399.21. Legislative findings and declaration of policy.
9399.21. Legislative findings and declaration of policy.

(a) Legislative findings.--It is determined and declared as a matter of legislative finding:

(1) Patients suffering from serious medical conditions deserve the benefit of research conducted in conjunction with the Commonwealth's medical schools to determine whether medical marijuana will improve their conditions or symptoms.

(2) The Commonwealth has an interest in creating a mechanism whereby this Commonwealth's medical schools and hospitals can help develop research programs and studies in compliance with applicable law.

(b) Declaration of policy.--The General Assembly declares as follows:

(1) It is the intention of the General Assembly to create a mechanism whereby this Commonwealth's medical schools and hospitals may provide advice to grower/processors and dispensaries in the areas of patient health and safety, medical applications and dispensing and management of controlled substances, among other areas. It is the further intention of the General Assembly to create a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth may encourage research associated with medical marijuana.

(2) It is the policy of the Commonwealth to allow, in addition to the 25 grower/processors and 50 dispensaries...
initially authorized under section 9349.7 (relating to limitations on permits), the operation of additional grower/processors and dispensaries which will be approved by the department as clinical registrants. A clinical registrant is a grower/processor and a dispensary which has a contractual relationship with a medical school that operates or partners with a hospital to provide advice about medical marijuana so that patient safety may be enhanced.

§ 9399.22. Definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Academic clinical research center." An accredited medical school within this Commonwealth that operates or partners with an acute care hospital licensed within this Commonwealth that has been approved and certified by the department to enter into a contract with a clinical registrant.

"Clinical registrant." An entity that:

(1) is approved by the department as a clinical registrant;

(2) has a contractual relationship with an academic clinical research center under which the academic clinical research center or its affiliate provides advice to the entity, regarding, among other areas, patient health and safety, medical applications and dispensing and management of controlled substances; and

(3) is approved by the department to hold a permit as both a grower/processor and a dispensary.

§ 9399.23. Academic clinical research centers.

(a) General rule.—An academic clinical research center must
be approved and certified by the department before the academic clinical research center may contract with a clinical registrant. An academic clinical research center shall only contract with one clinical registrant. The accredited medical school that is seeking approval and certification from the department as an academic clinical research center must provide all information required by the department, including information for the individual who will be the primary contact for the academic clinical research center during the department's review of the application. The accredited medical school must also provide all information required by the department for any licensed acute care hospital that the accredited medical school will operate or partner with during the time that it may be approved and certified as an academic clinical research center by the department.

(b) Posting and publication of list.--The department shall post a list containing the name and address of each certified academic clinical research center on the department's publicly accessible Internet website and transmit notice to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.


(a) Approval.--The department may approve up to 10 clinical registrants. Each clinical registrant may provide medical marijuana at not more than six separate locations. The total number of locations authorized to dispense medical marijuana under this section shall not exceed 60. The grower/processor and dispensary permits issued to clinical registrants approved under this section shall be in addition to the 25 grower/processor and 50 dispensary permits issued by the department in accordance with the provisions of this section.
with section 9349.7(1) and (2) (relating to limitations on
permits). The limitations relating to number and location in
sections 9349.7(1) and (2) and 9343(e) (relating to granting of
permit) do not apply. A clinical registrant may not hold more
than one grower/processor and one dispensary permit. Once the
department approves an entity as a clinical registrant, the
t entity shall comply with this subchapter. The following shall
apply:

(1) The department shall:

(i) Open applications for the approval of up to two
additional academic clinical research centers and issue
approvals to qualified academic clinical research centers
by July 16, 2016.

(ii) Open applications for the approval of up to two
additional clinical registrants by August 15, 2016, and
issue permits to qualified clinical registrants within
180 days from the date when applications are posted.

(2) If the statutory maximum number of approved academic
clinical research centers or approved clinical registrants
are not approved under paragraph (1), the department shall
reopen the application process for the approval of academic
clinical research centers and clinical registrants.

(b) Requirements.--The following shall apply to clinical
registrants:

(1) An entity seeking approval as a clinical registrant
shall submit an application to the department in such form
and manner as the department prescribes. The department shall
ensure that the applicant meets the requirements of this
chapter before approving the application to become a clinical
registrant.
(2) An entity may be issued a permit as a grower/processor or dispensary before seeking approval as a clinical registrant. An entity may also apply for a permit as a grower/processor or a dispensary at the same time the entity seeks approval from the department as a clinical registrant.

(3) An entity seeking approval as a clinical registrant that does not already hold a permit as a grower/processor or a dispensary shall submit the applications required under Subchapter E (relating to medical marijuana organizations). In reviewing an application, the department shall ensure that the entity meets all of the requirements for the issuance of a grower/processor permit or a dispensary permit, as applicable.

(4) When the department issues a permit as a grower/processor or a dispensary to an entity seeking approval as a clinical registrant, the issuance shall not be construed to reduce the number of permits for growers/processors and dispensaries authorized under section 9349.7(1) and (2).

(i) The department shall not approve an applicant for a grower/processor permit if the applicant has previously had a contractual relationship with an academic clinical research center whereby the academic clinical research center or its affiliate provided advice to the applicant regarding, among other areas, patient health and safety, medical applications and dispensing and management of controlled substances and the applicant subsequently sold or assigned for profit to another entity their responsibility under the contractual
relationship.

(ii) (Reserved).

(5) Except as provided in section 9347(1)(vi) and (2) (relating to fees and other requirements), an entity seeking approval as a clinical registrant must pay the fees and meet all other requirements under this chapter for obtaining a permit as a grower/processor and a dispensary. Upon approval of the department, a clinical registrant shall be issued a grower/processor permit and a dispensary permit and shall be a medical marijuana organization. As a medical marijuana organization, a clinical registrant must comply with all the provisions of this chapter relating to medical marijuana organizations except as otherwise provided in this subchapter.

(6) The clinical registrant must have a minimum of $15,000,000 in capital. The department shall verify the capital requirement.

(7) The clinical registrant shall have all of the same rights as a grower/processor permittee and must comply with all other requirements of this chapter regarding growing, processing and dispensing medical marijuana.

(8) A grower/processor facility owned by a clinical registrant may sell its medical marijuana products to all dispensary facilities. The facility may sell seeds, medical marijuana plants and medical marijuana products to, or exchange seeds, medical marijuana plants and medical marijuana products with, any other grower/processor facility holding a permit under Subchapter E or this subchapter.

(9) A clinical registrant may petition the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for approval to sell
certain of the medical marijuana products grown and processed by its grower/processor facility to other medical marijuana organizations holding dispensary permits under Subchapter E. The petition must be accompanied by a written report of the clinical registrant's research findings with respect to the medical marijuana products which are the subject of the petition. The department shall approve the petition if it has been demonstrated that the medical marijuana products have a practical effect on patients which changes a recommendation within the medical field as indicated in the report submitted by the clinical registrant.

(10) A dispensary owned by a clinical registrant may dispense medical marijuana products to a patient or caregiver who presents a valid identification card to an employee who is authorized to dispense medical marijuana products at a dispensary location operated by the clinical registrant, regardless of whether the patient is a participant in a research study or program.

§ 9399.25. Research study.
(a) Applicability.--The provisions of this section shall apply upon publication of the notice under section 9399.38 (relating to notice).
(b) Procedures.--The department may, upon application, approve the dispensing of medical marijuana by a clinical registrant to the academic clinical research center for the purpose of conducting a research study. The department shall develop the application and standards for approval of such dispensing by the clinical registrant. The following apply to the research study:
(1) The clinical registrant shall disclose the following
information to the department in its application:

(i) The reason for the research project, including
the reason for the trial.

(ii) The strain and strength of medical marijuana to
be used in the research study.

(iii) The anticipated duration of the study.

(iv) Evidence of approval of the trial by an
accredited institutional review board and any other
required regulatory approvals.

(v) Other information required by the department,
except that the department may not require disclosure of
any information that would infringe upon the academic
clinical research center's exclusive right to
intellectual property or legal obligations for patient
confidentiality.

(2) The academic clinical research center shall provide
its findings to the department within 365 days of the
conclusion of the research study or within 365 days of
publication of the results of the research study in a peer-
reviewed medical journal, whichever is later.

(3) The department shall allow the exchange of medical
marijuana seed between clinical registrants for the conduct
of research.


(a) Authority.--An academic clinical research center, in
coordination with its contracted clinical registrant, may
conduct a research initiative on the antimicrobial effects of
applying solvent-based extraction methods and processes to
microbial contamination of immature medical marijuana plants,

medical marijuana plants, medical marijuana or medical marijuana
products.

(b) Procedure.—An academic clinical research center shall submit to the department for approval a completed written research protocol of the planned research initiative. The department shall grant approval or denial of the protocol within 15 days of its submissions. The following apply:

1. The research initiative shall commence no later than 30 days from the date the department issues approval and shall be completed no later than six months from the start date of the research initiative.

2. Research initiative findings shall be provided to the department by the academic clinical research center within 15 days of the research initiative's conclusion.

3. An academic clinical research center and its contracted clinical registrant shall present research initiative findings to the advisory board and the board's research subcommittee for the board's review and consideration under sections 9391 (relating to advisory board) and 9392 (relating to effectuating recommendations of advisory board). The board shall issue a written report, with recommendations and findings regarding the use of solvent-based extraction methods and processes on microbial contamination by a clinical registrant or grower/processor. The secretary may approve the board's recommendation in accordance with section 9392.

4. Prior to implementing a recommendation of the board under paragraph (3), as approved by the secretary, a clinical registrant or grower/processor shall seek approval from the department for a change in its grower/processor extraction process. The department shall inspect the site and facility.
equipment. Upon approval, the department shall issue a notice of final approval to implement the process.

§ 9399.27. Temporary regulations.

(a) Promulgation.--In order to facilitate the prompt implementation of this subchapter, the department shall promulgate temporary regulations that shall expire not later than two years following the publication of the temporary regulations. The temporary regulations shall not be subject to:

(1) Sections 201, 202, 203, 204 and 205 of the act of July 31, 1968 (P.L.769, No.240), referred to as the Commonwealth Documents Law.

(2) Sections 204(b) and 301(10) of the act of October 15, 1980 (P.L.950, No.164), known as the Commonwealth Attorneys Act.


(b) Expiration.--The department's authority to adopt temporary regulations under subsection (a) shall expire October 17, 2016. Regulations adopted after this period shall be promulgated as provided by law.

(c) Publication.--The department shall transmit notice of temporary regulations to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin no later than July 16, 2016.

SUBCHAPTER N
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
Sec.
9399.31. Conflict.
9399.32. Financial and employment interests.
9399.33. Insurers.
§ 9399.31. Conflict.

The growth, processing, manufacture, acquisition, transportation, sale, dispensing, distribution, possession and consumption of medical marijuana permitted under this chapter shall not be deemed to be a violation of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act. If a provision of the Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act relating to marijuana conflicts with a provision of this chapter, this chapter shall take precedence.

§ 9399.32. Financial and employment interests.

(a) Financial interests.--Except as may be provided for the judiciary by rule or order of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, an executive-level public employee, public official or party officer, or an immediate family member thereof, shall not intentionally or knowingly hold a financial interest in a medical marijuana organization or in a holding company, affiliate, intermediary or subsidiary thereof, while the individual is an executive-level public employee, public official or party officer and for one year following termination of the individual's status as an executive-level public employee, public official or party officer.

(b) Employment.--Except as may be provided by rule or order...
of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, no executive-level public employee, public official or party officer, or an immediate family member thereof, shall be employed by a medical marijuana organization or by any holding company, affiliate, intermediary or subsidiary thereof, while the individual is an executive-level public employee, public official or party officer and for one year following termination of the individual's status as an executive-level public employee, public official or party officer.

(c) Grading.--An individual who violates this section commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than $1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

(d) State Ethics Commission.--The State Ethics Commission shall do all of the following:

(1) Issue a written determination of whether a person is subject to subsection (a) or (b) upon the written request of the person or any other person that may have liability for an action taken with respect to such person. A person that relies in good faith on a determination made under this paragraph shall not be subject to any penalty for an action taken, provided that all material facts set forth in the request for the determination are correct.

(2) Publish a list of all State, county, municipal and other government positions that meet the definitions of "public official" or "executive-level public employee" as defined under 4 Pa.C.S. § 1512(b) (relating to financial and employment interests). The Office of Administration shall assist the State Ethics Commission in the development of the list, which shall be transmitted by the State Ethics Commission.
Commission to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin biennially and posted by the department on the department's Internet website. Upon request, each public official shall have a duty to provide the State Ethics Commission with adequate information to accurately develop and maintain the list. The State Ethics Commission may impose a civil penalty under 65 Pa.C.S. § 1109(f) (relating to penalties) upon any individual, including any public official or executive-level public employee, who fails to cooperate with the State Ethics Commission under this subsection. A person that relies in good faith on the list published by the State Ethics Commission shall not be subject to any penalty for a violation of this section.

(e) Definitions.—As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection:

"Financial interest." As defined in 4 Pa.C.S. § 1512(b).
"Immediate family." As defined in 4 Pa.C.S. § 1512(b).
"Party officer." As defined in 4 Pa.C.S. § 1512(b).
"Public official." The term shall include the following:

(1) The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, a member of the Governor's cabinet, Treasurer, Auditor General and Attorney General of the Commonwealth.

(2) A member of the Senate or House of Representatives of the Commonwealth.

(3) An individual elected or appointed to any office of a county or municipality that directly receives a distribution of revenue from the fund.

(4) An individual elected or appointed to a department,
agency, board, commission, authority or other governmental body not included in paragraph (1), (2) or (3) that directly receives a distribution of revenue from the fund.

(5) An individual elected or appointed to a department, agency, board, commission, authority, county, municipality or other governmental body not included in paragraph (1), (2) or (3) with discretionary power which may influence or affect the outcome of an action or decision and who is involved in the development of regulation or policy relating to a medical marijuana organization or who is involved in other matters under this chapter.

The term does not include a member of a school board or an individual who held an uncompensated office with a governmental body prior to January 1, 2017, and who no longer holds the office as of January 1, 2017.

§ 9399.33. Insurers.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require an insurer or a health plan, whether paid for by Commonwealth funds or private funds, to provide coverage for medical marijuana. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no workers' compensation carrier, self-insured employer or other insurer in this Commonwealth may be required to provide coverage for or otherwise reimburse the cost of medical marijuana.

§ 9399.34. Protections for patients and caregivers.

(a) Licensure.—None of the following shall be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in any manner, or denied any right or privilege, including civil penalty or disciplinary action by a Commonwealth licensing board or commission, solely for lawful use of medical marijuana or manufacture or sale or dispensing of medical marijuana, or for any other action taken...
in accordance with this chapter:

(1)  A patient.
(2)  A caregiver.
(3)  A practitioner.
(4)  A medical marijuana organization.
(5)  A health care medical marijuana organization or university participating in a research study under Subchapter L (relating to research program).
(6)  A clinical registrant or academic clinical research center under Subchapter M (relating to academic clinical research centers and clinical registrants).
(7)  An employee, principal or financial backer of a medical marijuana organization.
(8)  An employee of a health care medical marijuana organization or an employee of a university participating in a research study under Subchapter L.
(9)  An employee of a clinical registrant or an employee of an academic clinical research center under Subchapter M.
(10)  A pharmacist, physician assistant or certified registered nurse practitioner under section 9361(b) (relating to dispensing to patients and caregivers).

(b)  Employment.--

(1)  No employer may discharge, threaten, refuse to hire or otherwise discriminate or retaliate against an employee regarding an employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location or privileges solely on the basis of such employee's status as an individual who is certified to use medical marijuana.
(2)  Nothing in this chapter shall require an employer to make any accommodation of the use of medical marijuana on the
property or premises of any place of employment. If an employer makes an adverse employment decision against an employee or job applicant under this chapter, the adverse employment decision may not be challenged under any other State or local law.

(3) Nothing in this chapter shall require an employer to commit any act that would put the employer or any person acting on its behalf in violation of Federal law.

(4) An employer may require employees or job applicants who have received a conditional offer of employment to submit to a drug test, including a test for marijuana. An employer may make an adverse employment decision against an employee or job applicant who has provided an adulterated or substituted testing sample or has refused to submit to a lawful drug test required by an employer.

(5) An employer or entity that provides employment services or information may indicate that a job position's application process or the job requires a drug test.

(6) An employer may require an employee or job applicant who has received a conditional employment offer to disclose and produce a valid identification card if the employee's position, or the position for which the job applicant is applying, is a safety-sensitive position. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), an employer may make an adverse employment decision against an employee or job applicant who fails to disclose and produce a valid identification card.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), an employer may make an adverse employment decision against an employee or job applicant who discloses and produces a valid identification card, or who uses medical marijuana, if the
employee's position, or the position for which the job
applicant is applying, is a safety-sensitive position.

(8) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), an
employer may make an adverse employment decision against an
employee if the employee's use of medical marijuana decreases
or lessens the employee's job performance or ability to
perform the employee's job duties.

(9) If an employee is under the influence at the time of
an otherwise work-related injury and is not certified to use
medical marijuana in accordance with this chapter, the injury
may not be covered by the act of June 2, 1915 (P.L. 736,
No. 338), known as the Workers' Compensation Act.

(10) If an injured employee's employment is terminated
because the employee tests positive for marijuana and does
not produce a valid identification card, and the employer
proves that work would have been available to the injured
employee but for employee's termination from employment, the
injured worker shall not be entitled to disability benefits
under the Workers' Compensation Act.

(11) An employer shall be granted relief from charges if
a former employee is granted unemployment compensation
benefits because the employer could not accommodate the
employee's lawful use of medical marijuana.

(12) For purposes of the act of December 5, 1936 (1937,
Sp.Sess. 2, P.L. 2897, No. 1), known as the Unemployment
Compensation Law, an employee's separation from employment
that was caused by medical marijuana use that violated a
lawful workplace policy or refusal to submit to a drug test
under this section shall constitute conclusive evidence of
willful misconduct.
(13) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to create or imply a cause of action for an employee or job applicant against an employer for:

(i) Any claim that arises following an employee's or job applicant's noncompliance with this section and which may have been prevented had the employee or job applicant complied.

(ii) Actions taken pursuant to an employer's reasonable workplace drug policy, including subjecting an employee or job applicant to a reasonable drug and alcohol test, reasonable and nondiscriminatory random drug test and discipline, termination of employment or withdrawal of a job offer after a failure of a drug test.

(iii) Actions based on the employer's good faith belief that an employee used or possessed medical marijuana in the employer's workplace or while performing the employee's job duties or while on call in violation of the employer's employment policies.

(iv) Actions, including discipline or termination of employment based on the employer's good faith belief that an employee was impaired as a result of the use of medical marijuana, under the influence of medical marijuana while at the employer's workplace, under the influence while performing the employee's job duties or under the influence while on call in violation of the employer's workplace drug policy.

(c) Custody determination.--The fact that an individual is certified to use medical marijuana and acting in accordance with this chapter shall not by itself be considered by a court in a custody proceeding. In determining the best interest of a child
with respect to custody, the provisions of 23 Pa.C.S. Ch. 53
(relating to child custody) shall apply.

§ 9399.35. Schools.
The Department of Education shall promulgate regulations by
October 17, 2017, regarding the following:

(1) Possession and use of medical marijuana by a student
on the grounds of a preschool, primary school and a secondary
school.

(2) Possession and use of medical marijuana by an
employee of a preschool, primary school and a secondary
school on the grounds of such school.

§ 9399.36. Day-care centers.
The Department of Human Services shall promulgate regulations
by October 17, 2017, regarding the following:

(1) Possession and use of medical marijuana by a child
under the care of a child-care or social service center
licensed or operated by the Department of Human Services.

(2) Possession and use of medical marijuana by an
employee of a child-care or social service center licensed or
operated by the Department of Human Services.

(3) Possession and use of medical marijuana by employees
of a youth development center or other facility which houses
children adjudicated delinquent, including the separate,
secure State-owned facility or unit for sexually violent
delinquent children, as set forth in section 9393.9(3)
(relating to other restrictions).

§ 9399.37. Zoning.
The following apply:

(1) A grower/processor shall meet the same municipal
zoning and land use requirements as other manufacturing,
processing and production facilities that are located in the same zoning district.

(2) A dispensary shall meet the same municipal zoning and land use requirements as other commercial facilities that are located in the same zoning district.

§ 9399.38. Notice.

Upon amendment of the Controlled Substances Act (Public Law 91-513, 84 Stat. 1236) removing marijuana from Schedule I of the Controlled Substances Act, the department shall transmit notice of the effective date of the amendment to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

§ 9399.39. Applicability.

(a) (Reserved).

(b) Issuance.--The issuance of permits and other authorizations shall begin upon transmittance of notice by the department to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin that adequate temporary or permanent regulations have been adopted to initiate the program under this chapter.

§ 9399.40. Enforcement and civil actions.

(a) Regulations.--The Secretary of Labor and Industry shall promulgate regulations to enforce section 9399.34(b) (relating to protections for patients and caregivers).

(b) Civil action.--All administrative remedies shall be exhausted prior to a complainant bringing an action under this chapter.

Section 2. Section 3802(d)(1) of Title 75 is amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

§ 3802. Driving under influence of alcohol or controlled
(d) Controlled substances.--An individual may not drive, operate or be in actual physical control of the movement of a vehicle under any of the following circumstances:

(1) There is in the individual's blood any amount of a:
   (i) Schedule I controlled substance, as defined in the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act;
   (ii) Schedule II or Schedule III controlled substance, as defined in The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, which has not been medically prescribed for the individual; [or]
   (iii) metabolite of a substance under subparagraph (i) or (ii); [or]
   (iv) marijuana, cannabis, a cannabis concentrate or a cannabis-infused product.

(h) Definitions.--As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Cannabis." As defined in 35 Pa.C.S. § 9102 (relating to definitions).

"Cannabis concentrate." As defined in 35 Pa.C.S. § 9102.

"Cannabis-infused product." As defined in 35 Pa.C.S. § 9102.

Section 3. Section 3810 of Title 75 is amended to read:

§ 3810. Authorized use not a defense.

The fact that a person charged with violating this chapter is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol [or] controlled substances or marijuana under 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93 (relating to...
medical marijuana) or other laws of this Commonwealth is not a defense to a charge of violating this chapter.

Section 4. Repeals are as follows:

(1) The General Assembly declares that the repeals under paragraph (2) are necessary to effectuate the addition of 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93.

(2) The following acts and parts of acts are repealed to the extent specified:

(i) Sections 4(1)(iv) and 13(a)(31) of the act of April 14, 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act.

(ii) 18 Pa.C.S. § 7508(a)(1) and (f).

(3) The General Assembly declares that the repeal under paragraph (4) is necessary to effectuate the addition of 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93.

(4) The act of April 17, 2016 (P.L.84, No.16), known as the Medical Marijuana Act, is repealed.

(5) All other acts and parts of acts are repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with the addition of 35 Pa.C.S. Chs. 91 and 93.

Section 5. The addition of 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93 is a continuation of the act of April 17, 2016 (P.L.84, No.16), known as the Medical Marijuana Act. The following apply:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93, all activities initiated under the act of April 17, 2016 (P.L.84, No.16), known as the Medical Marijuana Act, shall continue and remain in full force and effect and may be completed under 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93. Orders, regulations, rules and decisions which were made under the Medical Marijuana Act and which are in effect on the effective date of section 4(4)
of this act shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, vacated or modified under 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93.

Contracts, obligations and collective bargaining agreements entered into under the Medical Marijuana Act are not affected nor impaired by the repeal of the Medical Marijuana Act.

(2) Except as set forth in paragraph (3), any difference in language between 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 93 and the Medical Marijuana Act is intended only to conform to the style of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes and is not intended to change or affect the legislative intent, judicial construction or administration and implementation of the Medical Marijuana Act.

(3) Paragraph (2) does not apply to the following provisions:


(iii) The addition of 35 Pa.C.S. § 9313(b)(2) and (c).


(v) The addition of 35 Pa.C.S. § 9399.33.

(vi) The addition of 35 Pa.C.S. § 9399.34(b)(2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12) and (13).

Section 6. This act shall take effect immediately.