THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 828 Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY PISCIOTTANO, SANCHEZ, N. NELSON, MADDEN, KINKEAD, MARKOSEK, MCNEILL, HILL-EVANS, SCHLOSSBERG, ISAACSON, BURGOS, CIRESI, DEASY, BENHAM, DELLOSO, HOWARD, KRAJEWSKI, STURLA, CONKLIN, KHAN, OTTEN, FLEMING, MALAGARI AND GREEN, APRIL 24, 2023

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION, TECHNOLOGY AND UTILITIES, APRIL 24, 2023

AN ACT

1 2 3	Providing for unfair trade practices and for protection of whistleblowers; conferring powers and imposing duties on the Attorney General; establishing the Price-Fixing Consumer
4 5	Protection Fund; imposing penalties; and making an appropriation.
6	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
7	hereby enacts as follows:
8	Section 1. Short title.
9	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Stop Price
10	Fixing Act.
11	Section 2. Definitions.
12	The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
13	have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
14	context clearly indicates otherwise:
15	"Adverse action." Any of the following:
16	(1) When performed by a supplier or buyer, refusing to
17	deal with, threatening, harassing, directly or indirectly, or

in any other manner discriminating against, an individual or
 an individual's employer.

3 (2) When performed by an employer, discharging,
4 demoting, suspending, threatening, harassing, directly or
5 indirectly, or in any other manner discriminating against, an
6 employee.

7 "Covered judicial or administrative action." A judicial or 8 administrative action brought by the Attorney General under the 9 Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law that results 10 in monetary sanctions.

11 "Fund." The Price-Fixing Consumer Protection Fund
12 established under section 5(g)(1).

13 "Monetary sanctions." Money, including penalties, 14 disgorgement and interest, ordered to be paid as the result of a 15 covered judicial or administrative action.

16 "Original information." Information that is:

17 (1) derived from the independent knowledge or analysis18 of a whistleblower;

19 (2) not known to the Attorney General from any other 20 source, unless the whistleblower is the original source of 21 the information; and

(3) not exclusively derived from an allegation made in a
judicial or administrative hearing, governmental report,
hearing, audit or investigation, or from the news media,
unless the whistleblower is a source of the information.
"Predispute arbitration agreement." An agreement to
arbitrate a dispute that had not yet arisen at the time the
agreement was made.

29 "Predispute joint-action waiver." An agreement, whether or 30 not part of a predispute arbitration agreement, that would

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1 prohibit, or waive the right of, one of the parties to the 2 agreement to participate in a joint class or collective action 3 in a judicial, arbitral, administrative or other forum, 4 concerning a dispute that has not yet arisen at the time the 5 agreement was made.

"Related action." A covered judicial or administrative
action brought by an entity described in section 5(k)(1)(i),
(ii), (iii) and (iv) that is based upon the original information
provided by a whistleblower that led to the successful
enforcement of the Attorney General's action.

"Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law." The act of December 17, 1968 (P.L.1224, No.387), known as the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law.

14 "Whistleblower." An individual who provides original 15 information relating to a violation of the Unfair Trade 16 Practices and Consumer Protection Law to the Attorney General in 17 a manner established, by rule or regulation, by the Attorney 18 General.

19 Section 3. Prohibition against price fixing.

20 (a) Offense defined.--It shall be a violation of this act to 21 enter into a contract or agreement or otherwise act, or conspire 22 to act, in restraint of trade or commerce or to monopolize any 23 part of a trade or commerce.

(b) Investigation and penalties.--The Office of Attorney
General shall investigate each complaint received concerning a
violation of this section. The following apply:

(1) If, after investigating the complaint, the Attorney
General finds that a violation of this section has occurred,
the Attorney General may bring an action to impose a civil
penalty of up to \$100,000 for each violation and to seek

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other relief, including injunctive relief, restitution and
 costs under the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer
 Protection Law.

4 (2) The civil penalty imposed under this subsection5 shall be deposited into the fund.

6 (c) Procedures.--

7 (1) Prior to the initiation of a civil action under this
8 section, the Attorney General may require the attendance and
9 testimony of witnesses and the production of documents. For
10 this purpose, the Attorney General may issue subpoenas,
11 examine witnesses and receive evidence.

12 (2) If a person objects to or otherwise fails to comply 13 with a subpoena or request for testimony under this section, 14 the Attorney General may file in Commonwealth Court, or any 15 court of record of this Commonwealth, an action to enforce 16 the subpoena or request.

17 (3) Notice of a hearing under this section, along with a
18 copy of all pleadings in the action, shall be served upon the
19 person who may appear in opposition.

20 (d) Confidentiality.--Testimony taken or material produced 21 under this section shall be kept confidential by the Attorney 22 General except to the extent that:

(1) the testimony or material may be used in a judicialproceeding;

(2) the disclosure is authorized by the court for goodcause shown; or

27 (3) confidentiality is waived by the person being
28 investigated and by the person who has testified, answered
29 interrogatories or produced materials.

30 (e) Appropriations and fines.--Appropriations for transfers 20230HB0828PN0974 - 4 - to the fund and fines paid and interest accrued on money
 collected under subsection (b) shall be deposited into the fund.
 Section 4. Circumstantial evidence of conspiracy.

4 (a) Evidence.--It shall be prima facie evidence of a 5 violation of section 3 of the Unfair Trade Practices and 6 Consumer Protection Law when, for the market in which the 7 alleged violation occurred, the following applies:

8 (1) the defendant raised the price of its product no 9 more than 200 days before or after another defendant raised 10 the price of its product; or

11 (2) it is more likely than not that an agreement exists 12 with the defendant to raise the price of its product more 13 than 200 days before or after another defendant raised the 14 price of its product and:

15 (i) the defendant invited another defendant to16 increase the price of a product;

17 (ii) the defendant engaged in communications with 18 another defendant that may result in anticompetitive 19 harm;

20 (iii) the defendant engaged in actions that would be
21 against the defendant's own interests in the absence of a
22 violation of the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer
23 Protection Law; or

(iv) the price of the product in the market in which
the alleged violation occurred is above that which would
be predicted in absence of a violation of the Unfair
Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law.

(b) Inferences of collusion.--In a suit alleging a violation
of section 3 of the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer
Protection Law, if the conduct alleged is consistent with the

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1 doctrines of tacit collusion, oligopolistic price coordination
2 or conscious parallelism shall not be sufficient cause in and of
3 itself for a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary judgment
4 if the plaintiff has plausibly alleged the actions described
5 under section 3 of the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer
6 Protection Law.

7 (c) Industry bans.--A person who violates this act may, at 8 the discretion of the court, be barred permanently or for a 9 definite period of time from working in the industry in which 10 the violation occurred.

(d) Invalidity of predispute arbitration agreements.--At the election of the person alleging conduct constituting a violation of this section, or the named representative of a class or in a collective action alleging the conduct, a predispute arbitration agreement or predispute joint-action waiver shall not be valid or enforceable with respect to a case which relates to a violation of this section.

18 (e) Determination of applicability.--An issue as to whether this act applies with respect to a dispute shall be determined 19 20 under the laws of this Commonwealth. The applicability of this act to an agreement to arbitrate and the validity and 21 enforceability of an agreement to which this act applies shall 22 23 be determined by a court, rather than an arbitrator, regardless 24 of whether the party resisting arbitration challenges the 25 arbitration agreement specifically or in conjunction with other terms of the contract containing the agreement, and regardless 26 of whether the agreement purports to delegate the determinations 27 28 to an arbitrator.

29 Section 5. Whistleblower Protection.

30 (a) Award.--

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1 In any covered judicial or administrative action, or (1)2 related action, the Attorney General, under regulations 3 prescribed by the Attorney General and subject to subsection (c), shall pay an award or awards to one or more 4 whistleblowers who voluntarily provided original information 5 to the Attorney General that led to the successful 6 7 enforcement of the covered judicial or administrative action, 8 or related action, in an aggregate amount equal to:

9 (i) Not less than 10%, in total, of what has been 10 collected of the monetary sanctions imposed in the action 11 or related actions.

(ii) Not more than 30%, in total, of what has been
collected of the monetary sanctions imposed in the action
or related actions.

15 (2) An amount awarded under paragraph (1) shall be paid16 from the fund.

17 (b) Determination of award amount.--The following shall 18 apply in determining the amount of an award under subsection 19 (a):

20 (1) The amount of an award under subsection (a) shall be21 determined by the Attorney General.

(2) In determining the amount of an award made under
subsection (a), the Attorney General shall take the following
into consideration:

(i) Significance of the information provided by the
whistleblower to the success of the covered judicial or
administrative action.

(ii) Degree of assistance provided by the
whistleblower and any legal representative of the
whistleblower in a covered judicial or administrative

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action.

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Programmatic interest of the Attorney General 2 (iii) 3 in deterring violations of the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law by making awards to 4 5 whistleblowers who provide information that leads to the successful enforcement of this law. 6

7 (iv) Any additional relevant factors as the Attorney General may establish by rule or regulation. 8

9 In determining the amount of an award under (3) 10 subsection (a), the Attorney General shall not take into consideration the balance of the fund. 11

12 Denial of award. -- An award under subsection (a) may not (C) be made to a whistleblower who: 13

14 (1)is, or was at the time the whistleblower acquired 15 the original information submitted to the Attorney General, a 16 member, officer or employee of any of the following:

(i) The Office of Attorney General.

18 (ii) The United States Department of Justice. 19 (iii) A criminal justice agency, as defined under 18

20 Pa.C.S. § 9102 (relating to definitions);

is convicted of a criminal violation related to the 21 (2)judicial or administrative action for which the whistleblower 2.2 otherwise could receive an award under this section; or 23

24 fails to submit original information to the Attorney (3) 25 General in a form that the Attorney General may, by rule, 26 require.

27 Representation. --(d)

28 (1) A whistleblower who makes a claim for an award under 29 subsection (a) may be represented by counsel.

30 A whistleblower who anonymously makes a claim for an (2) 20230HB0828PN0974

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1 award under subsection (a) shall be represented by counsel if 2 the whistleblower anonymously submits the original 3 information upon which the claim is based.

4 (3) Prior to the payment of an award, a whistleblower
5 shall disclose the identity of the whistleblower and provide
6 other information as the Attorney General may require,
7 directly or through counsel for the whistleblower.

8 (e) No contract necessary.--A contract with the Attorney 9 General shall not be necessary for a whistleblower to receive an 10 award under subsection (a), unless otherwise required by the 11 Attorney General by rule or regulation.

(f) Appeals.--A determination made under this section, including whether, to whom or in what amount to make awards, shall be at the discretion of the Attorney General. The determination, except the determination of the amount of an award made in accordance with subsection (a), may be appealed to the appropriate court not more than 30 days after the determination is issued by the Attorney General.

19 (g) Price-Fixing Consumer Protection Fund.--

20 (1) The Price-Fixing Consumer Protection Fund is21 established in the State Treasury.

(2) Money in the fund is appropriated on a continuing
basis to the Office of Attorney General, which shall be used
for the following purposes:

(i) Paying awards to whistleblowers as provided insubsection (a).

27 (ii) Funding the activities of the Attorney General28 under this act.

29 (3) The following shall be deposited into the fund:
30 (i) Any monetary sanction collected by the Attorney

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General in a judicial or administrative action brought by the Attorney General under the Unfair Trade Practices and Consumer Protection Law that is not otherwise distributed to victims.

5 (ii) All income from investments made under
6 paragraph (5).

7 (4) If the money deposited into the fund under paragraph 8 (3) is not sufficient to satisfy an award made under 9 subsection (a), an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion of 10 the award, from any monetary sanction collected by the 11 Attorney General in the covered judicial or administrative 12 action on which the award is based, shall be deposited into 13 the fund.

14 (5) Money in the fund may be invested. The Attorney 15 General may request the State Treasurer to invest the portion 16 of the fund that is not, at the discretion of the Attorney 17 General, required to meet the current needs of the fund. 18 Money held or deposited by the State Treasurer may be 19 invested or reinvested in the same manner as other money in 20 the custody of the State Treasurer. All earnings received 21 from the investment or deposit of money in the fund shall be 22 paid into the fund. The interest on, and the proceeds from 23 the sale or redemption of, any obligations held in the fund 24 shall be credited to the fund.

(6) No later than October 30 of each fiscal year
beginning after the effective date of this paragraph, the
Attorney General shall submit a report to the Judiciary
Committee of the Senate and the Judiciary Committee of the
House of Representatives, which shall include the following
information:

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1 (i) The whistleblower award program, established 2 under this section, including: 3 (A) a description of the number of awards 4 granted; and 5 the types of cases in which awards were (B) granted during the preceding fiscal year. 6 7 The balance of the fund at the beginning of the (ii) 8 preceding fiscal year. 9 The amounts deposited into or credited to the (iii) 10 fund during the preceding fiscal year. The amount of earnings on investments made 11 (iv) 12 under paragraph (5) during the preceding fiscal year. 13 (V) The amount of money awarded to whistleblowers 14 under subsection (a) in the preceding fiscal year. 15 The balance of the fund at the end of the (vi) 16 preceding fiscal year. 17 (vii) A complete set of audited financial 18 statements, which shall include the following: 19 (A) Balance sheet. 20 Income statement. (B) 21 Cash flow analysis. (C) 22 (h) Protection of whistleblowers.--23 (1)An employer may not take an adverse action against a 24 whistleblower, and a supplier or customer may not take an 25 adverse action against a whistleblower or the whistleblower's 26 employer, because of any act done by the whistleblower in: 27 (i) providing information to the Attorney General in 28 accordance with this act; or 29 initiating, testifying in or assisting in any (ii) investigation or judicial or administrative action of the 30 20230HB0828PN0974 - 11 -

1 Attorney General based upon or related to the

information.

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3 (2) An individual who alleges employment termination or 4 other adverse action in violation of paragraph (1) may bring 5 an action under this subsection in the appropriate court for 6 relief as provided under paragraph (5).

7 (3) A subpoena requiring the attendance of a witness at
8 a trial or hearing conducted under this section may be served
9 at any place in this Commonwealth.

10 (4) An investigation of the Attorney General or covered 11 judicial or administrative action under this subsection may 12 not be brought:

(i) more than six years after the date on which the
violation of paragraph (1) occurred; or

15 (ii) more than three years after the date when the 16 facts material to the right of action are known by the 17 employee alleging a violation of paragraph (1).

18 (5) An individual who prevails in an action brought 19 under paragraph (2) shall be entitled to the following 20 relief:

(i) Reinstatement with the same seniority status
that the individual would have had, but for the illegal
employment action.

24 (ii) A monetary award that equals two times the
25 amount of backpay otherwise owed to the individual, with
26 interest.

27 (iii) Compensation for litigation costs, expert
 28 witness fees and reasonable attorney fees.

29 (iv) Any other relief that the court determines is30 appropriate.

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1 (i) Confidentiality.--Except as otherwise provided in this act, the Attorney General shall not disclose any information, 2 including information provided by a whistleblower to the 3 4 Attorney General, which could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the whistleblower unless and until required to 5 6 be disclosed to a defendant or respondent in connection with a public proceeding instituted by the Attorney General or any 7 8 entity described in subsection (j) and (k).

9 (j) Construction.--Nothing in this section shall limit the 10 ability of the Attorney General to present evidence to a grand 11 jury or to share evidence with potential witnesses or defendants 12 in the course of an ongoing criminal investigation.

13 (k) Availability of information to government agencies.--

14 (1) At the discretion of the Attorney General,
15 information submitted to the Attorney General by a
16 whistleblower under this act may be made available to the
17 following entities when determined by the Attorney General to
18 be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act and to
19 protect investors:

(i) An appropriate regulatory authority.
(ii) A State regulatory authority.
(iii) A Federal enforcement agency.
(iv) The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
(2) Each entity described under paragraph (1) shall
maintain the information as confidential in accordance with
the requirements established under subsection (i).

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to diminish
the rights, privileges or remedies of any whistleblower under
either Federal law or a collective bargaining agreement.
(1) Provision of false information.--A whistleblower shall

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1 not be entitled to an award under this act if the whistleblower:

2 (1) knowingly and willfully makes a materially false or
3 fraudulent statement or representation; or

4 (2) uses a false writing or document which the
5 whistleblower knows to include a materially false or
6 fraudulent statement or entry.

7 (m) Rulemaking authority.--The Attorney General may issue 8 rules and regulations necessary or appropriate to implement the 9 provisions of this section, consistent with the purposes of this 10 section.

(n) Study of the whistleblower protection program.--The Attorney General shall issue a report on the whistleblower protections established under this act, to which the following shall apply:

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(1) The report shall include the following information:

(i) Whether the final rules and regulations issued
under this act have made the whistleblower protection
program clearly defined and user-friendly.

19 Whether the whistleblower protection program is (ii) 20 promoted on the publicly accessible Internet website of 21 the Attorney General and has been widely publicized. 22 (iii) Whether the Attorney General has promptly: 23 (A) Responded to: 24 (I) information provided by whistleblowers; 25 and 26 (II) applications for awards filed by 27 whistleblowers.

(B) Updated whistleblowers about the status of
 applications submitted under this act.

30 (C) Otherwise communicated with interested

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1 parties.

2 (iv) Whether the minimum and maximum award levels
3 are adequate to entice whistleblowers to come forward
4 with information and whether the rewards are so high as
5 to encourage illegitimate whistleblower claims.

6 (v) Whether the appeals process has been unduly
7 burdensome for the Attorney General.

8 (vi) Whether the funding mechanism for the fund is 9 adequate.

10 (vii) Any other information as the Attorney General11 deems appropriate.

12 (2) The Attorney General shall submit the report no
13 later than 30 months after the effective date of this
14 paragraph to the Judiciary Committee of the Senate and the
15 Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives.

16 (3) The Attorney General shall transmit the report to
17 the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the next
18 available issue of the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

19 (4) The report shall be posted on the publicly
20 accessible Internet website of the Attorney General.
21 Section 6. Implementation and transition provisions.

(a) Implementing rules.--The Attorney General shall
promulgate regulations implementing this act no later than 270
days after the effective date of this subsection.

(b) Original information.--Information provided to the Attorney General in writing by a whistleblower shall not lose the status of original information solely because the whistleblower provided the information prior to the effective date of the regulations, if the information is provided by the whistleblower after the effective date of this subsection.

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1 (c) Awards.--A whistleblower may receive an award in 2 accordance with this act, regardless of whether a statutory or 3 regulatory violation occurred, if judicial or administrative 4 action upon which the award is based occurred prior to the 5 effective date of this subsection.

6 Section 7. Effective date.

7 This act shall take effect in 60 days.