THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 1333 ^{Session of} 2022

INTRODUCED BY BAKER, HAYWOOD, MENSCH, J. WARD, HUGHES, KANE, KEARNEY, COLLETT, COMITTA, COSTA AND MUTH, SEPTEMBER 13, 2022

REFERRED TO JUDICIARY, SEPTEMBER 13, 2022

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5	Amending Title 20 (Decedents, Estates and Fiduciaries) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in incapacitated persons, further providing for petition and hearing and independent evaluation and for determination of incapacity and appointment of guardian.
6	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
7	hereby enacts as follows:
8	Section 1. Section 5511(a), (e) and (f) of Title 20 of the
9	Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are amended and the section
10	is amended by adding a subsection to read:
11	§ 5511. Petition and hearing; independent evaluation.
12	(a) ResidentThe court, upon petition and hearing and upon
13	the presentation of clear and convincing evidence, may find a
14	person domiciled in the Commonwealth to be incapacitated and
15	appoint a guardian or guardians of his person or estate. The
16	petitioner may be any person interested in the alleged
17	incapacitated person's welfare. The court may dismiss a
18	proceeding where it determines that the proceeding has not been
19	instituted to aid or benefit the alleged incapacitated person or

that the petition is incomplete or fails to provide sufficient 1 2 facts to proceed. Written notice of the petition and hearing 3 shall be given in large type and in simple language to the alleged incapacitated person. The notice shall indicate the 4 purpose and seriousness of the proceeding and the rights that 5 6 can be lost as a result of the proceeding. It shall include the date, time and place of the hearing and an explanation of all 7 8 rights[, including the right to request the appointment of counsel and to have counsel appointed if the court deems it 9 10 appropriate and the right to have such counsel paid for if it 11 cannot be afforded]. The Supreme Court shall establish a uniform citation for this purpose. A copy of the petition shall be 12 13 attached. Personal service shall be made on the alleged 14 incapacitated person, and the contents and terms of the petition 15 shall be explained to the maximum extent possible in language 16 and terms the individual is most likely to understand. Service 17 shall be no less than 20 days in advance of the hearing. In 18 addition, notice of the petition and hearing shall be given in 19 such manner as the court shall direct to all persons residing 20 within the Commonwealth who are sui juris and would be entitled to share in the estate of the alleged incapacitated person if he 21 died intestate at that time, to the person or institution 22 23 providing residential services to the alleged incapacitated 24 person and to such other parties as the court may direct, including other service providers. The hearing may be closed to 25 26 the public and without a jury unless the alleged incapacitated 27 person or his counsel objects. The hearing shall be closed and 28 with or without a jury if the person alleged to be incapacitated 29 or his counsel so requests. The hearing may be held at the 30 residence of the alleged incapacitated person. The alleged

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1 incapacitated person shall be present at the hearing unless:

(1) the court is satisfied, upon the deposition or
testimony of or sworn statement by a physician or licensed
psychologist, that his physical or mental condition would be
harmed by his presence; or

6 (2) it is impossible for him to be present because of 7 his absence from the Commonwealth. It shall not be necessary 8 for the alleged incapacitated person to be represented by a 9 guardian ad litem in the proceeding.

10 [Petitioner shall be required to notify the court at least seven 11 days prior to the hearing if counsel has not been retained by or 12 on behalf of the alleged incapacitated person. In appropriate 13 cases, counsel shall be appointed to represent the alleged 14 incapacitated person in any matter for which counsel has not 15 been retained by or on behalf of that individual.]

16 (a.1) Appointment of counsel.--The following shall apply:

17 (1) If the petitioner under subsection (a) is aware that

18 the alleged incapacitated person is represented by counsel,

19 the petitioner shall advise the court that the alleged

20 <u>incapacitated person is represented by counsel at the time of</u>

21 <u>filing the petition or as soon as the petitioner becomes</u>

22 <u>aware of the representation.</u>

23 (2) Regardless of the ability of the alleged

24 <u>incapacitated person to pay, the court shall appoint counsel</u>

25 <u>to represent the alleged incapacitated person in any matter</u>

26 <u>for which counsel has not been retained by the alleged</u>

27 <u>incapacitated person, including in all proceedings under</u>

28 <u>subsection (a) and in any subsequent proceedings to consider</u>,

29 modify or terminate a guardianship. Appointed counsel shall

30 be qualified by experience or training and shall act without

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delay under the circumstances.

(3) Counsel for an alleged incapacitated person shall, 2 as far as reasonably possible, maintain a normal client-3 attorney relationship with the client. Counsel shall advocate_ 4 5 for the client's expressed wishes and consistent with the client's instructions, to the extent the client is able to 6 7 express wishes and provide instructions. Counsel shall comply 8 with the Rules of Professional Conduct governing the 9 attorney-client relationship. Retained or appointed counsel may not act as quardian ad litem for the alleged 10 incapacitated person. If the court determines that a guardian 11 12 ad litem is necessary, the court shall make a separate appointment. Appointed counsel shall meet with the alleged 13 14 incapacitated person as soon as reasonably possible after the appointment. Within five days of the meeting, appointed 15 counsel shall file with the court a certification of the time 16 17 and place that the meeting occurred. * * * 18

19 (e) Petition contents. -- The petition, which shall be in 20 plain language, shall include the name, age, residence and post 21 office address of the alleged incapacitated person, the names 22 and addresses of the spouse, parents and presumptive adult heirs 23 of the alleged incapacitated person, the name and address of the 24 person or institution providing residential services to the alleged incapacitated person, the names and addresses of other 25 26 service providers, the name and address of the person or entity 27 whom petitioner asks to be appointed guardian, an averment that 28 the proposed guardian has no interest adverse to the alleged 29 incapacitated person, the reasons why guardianship is sought, a 30 description of the functional limitations and physical and

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1 mental condition of the alleged incapacitated person, the steps 2 taken to find less restrictive alternatives, the specific areas 3 of incapacity over which it is requested that the quardian be assigned powers and the qualifications of the proposed quardian. 4 Petitions must allege specific facts demonstrating that less 5 restrictive alternatives were considered or tried and why the 6 alternatives are unavailable or insufficient. If a limited or 7 8 plenary quardian of the estate is sought, the petition shall also include the gross value of the estate and net income from 9 10 all sources to the extent known.

11 (f) Who may be appointed guardian.--

12 The court may appoint as guardian any gualified (1) 13 individual, a corporate fiduciary, a nonprofit corporation, a 14 quardianship support agency under Subchapter F (relating to 15 guardianship support) or a county agency. In the case of 16 residents of State facilities, the court may also appoint, 17 only as quardian of the estate, the quardian office at the 18 appropriate State facility. The court shall not appoint a 19 person or entity providing residential services for a fee to 20 the incapacitated person or any other person whose interests 21 conflict with those of the incapacitated person except where 22 it is clearly demonstrated that no quardianship support 23 agency or other alternative exists. Any family relationship 24 to such individual shall not, by itself, be considered as an 25 interest adverse to the alleged incapacitated person. If 26 appropriate, the court shall give preference to a nominee of the incapacitated person. 27

28 (2) An individual seeking guardianship of three or more
 29 incapacitated persons must be certified as provided in this
 30 paragraph and provide proof of the certification to the court

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1	prior to a third guardianship appointment. The following
2	provisions shall apply:
3	(i) The Supreme Court shall prescribe rules and
4	forms necessary to effectuate the certification required
5	under this paragraph, including rules regarding the
6	expiration and renewal of certifications.
7	(ii) When the Supreme Court prescribes rules
8	relating to requirements for certification:
9	(A) The Supreme Court shall provide
10	opportunities for relevant stakeholders to provide
11	input.
12	(B) The certification shall, at a minimum,
13	require:
14	(I) Submission of education and employment
15	<u>history.</u>
16	(II) Submission of Federal and State
17	criminal history record information.
18	(III) Passage of a certification exam
19	administered by a national nonprofit guardianship
20	certification organization. The national
21	nonprofit organization must provide a
22	comprehensive certification program for
23	guardians, including supervising a national
24	certification process, developing certification
25	exam content and maintaining a decertification
26	process.
27	(3) The certification required under paragraph (2) may
28	be waived by a court upon a petition demonstrating that a
29	proposed guardian has such equivalent licenses or
30	certifications as are necessary to ensure that the proposed
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1	guardian is capable of fully, faithfully and competently
2	performing the obligations of a guardian.
3	Section 2. Section 5512.1(a) of Title 20 is amended to read:
4	§ 5512.1. Determination of incapacity and appointment of
5	guardian.
6	(a) Determination of incapacityIn all cases, the court
7	shall consider and make specific findings of fact concerning:
8	(1) The nature of any condition or disability which
9	impairs the individual's capacity to make and communicate
10	decisions.
11	(2) The extent of the individual's capacity to make and
12	communicate decisions.
13	(3) The need for guardianship services, if any, in light
14	of such factors as the availability of family, friends and
15	other supports to assist the individual in making decisions
16	and in light of the existence, if any, of [advance directives
17	such as durable powers of attorney or trusts.] <u>less</u>
18	restrictive alternatives. The court shall make specific
19	findings of fact based on the evidentiary record of the
20	absence of sufficient family, friends or other supports and
21	of the insufficiency of each less restrictive alternative
22	before ordering guardianship. Less restrictive alternatives
23	include, but are not limited to:
24	(i) Advance directives such as durable power of
25	<u>attorney or trusts.</u>
26	<u>(ii) Living wills.</u>
27	(iii) Health care powers of attorney.
28	(iv) Health care representatives.
29	(v) Financial powers of attorney.
30	(vi) Trusts, including special needs trusts.

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1	(vii) Representative payees for individuals
2	receiving Social Security benefits.
3	(viii) Pennsylvania Achieving a Better Life
4	Experience accounts.
5	(ix) Mental health advance directives.
6	(4) The type of guardian, limited or plenary, of the
7	person or estate needed based on the nature of any condition
8	or disability and the capacity to make and communicate
9	decisions.
10	(5) The duration of the guardianship.
11	(6) The court shall prefer <u>less restrictive alternatives</u>
12	to guardianship and, if no less restrictive alternatives are
13	available and sufficient, limited guardianship. The following
14	apply:
15	(i) A determination of incapacity is separate from a
16	determination of whether a guardian should be appointed.
17	(ii) The court may not use a determination of
18	incapacity alone to justify a guardianship.
19	<u>(iii) The court may not appoint a guardian if a</u>
20	lesser restrictive alternative exists that is sufficient
21	to support the needs of an incapacitated person.
22	(iv) When entering an order denying a petition for
23	guardianship in whole or in part, the court shall
24	identify the less restrictive alternatives that are
25	available and sufficient to enable the alleged
26	incapacitated person to manage personal financial
27	resources or to meet essential requirements of personal
28	physical health and safety. An order may assist the
29	respondent and any supportive and substitute decision
30	makers involved to effectuate the respondent's decisions

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1 with third parties.

- 2 * * *
- 3 Section 3. This act shall take effect in 180 days.