THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 328 Session of 2021

INTRODUCED BY HUGHES, KEARNEY, FONTANA, STREET AND MUTH, MARCH 10, 2021

REFERRED TO JUDICIARY, MARCH 10, 2021

AN ACT

1 2	Amending Title 44 (Law and Justice) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, providing for investigations.
3	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
4	hereby enacts as follows:
5	Section 1. Title 44 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
6	Statutes is amended by adding a chapter to read:
7	CHAPTER 83
8	INVESTIGATIONS
9	Subchapter
10	A. Recording of Interrogations
11	B. Eyewitness Identifications
12	SUBCHAPTER A
13	RECORDING OF INTERROGATIONS
14	<u>Sec.</u>
15	8301. Definitions.
16	8302. Recording.
17	8303. Applicability.
18	8304. Wiretap exception to recording.

1	8305. Jury instructions.
2	8306. Handling and preservation of electronic recordings.
3	<u>§ 8301. Definitions.</u>
4	The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter
5	shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
6	context clearly indicates otherwise:
7	"Commission." The Municipal Police Officers' Education and
8	Training Commission established under 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 21 Subch. D
9	(relating to municipal police education and training).
10	"Custodial interrogation." An interview in which a question,
11	statement or other conduct is reasonably likely to elicit an
12	incriminating response and which occurs while the individual
13	<u>interviewed is in custody.</u>
14	"Custody." A circumstance under which the individual who is
15	interviewed by a law enforcement officer is physically deprived
16	of the individual's freedom in a significant way or is placed in
17	a situation in which the individual reasonably believes that the
18	individual's freedom of action or movement is restricted.
19	"Electronic recording." An audiovisual or audio recording of
20	a statement that is authentic, accurate and unaltered.
21	"Interview." A conversation between a law enforcement
22	officer and another individual that takes place in the course of
23	a criminal investigation.
24	"Law enforcement agency." A government entity whose
25	responsibilities include enforcement of criminal laws or the
26	investigation of suspected criminal activity.
27	"Law enforcement officer." An officer or other employee of a
28	law enforcement agency whose personal responsibilities include
29	enforcement of criminal laws or the investigation of suspected
30	criminal activity.

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1	"Place of detention." A police station or other building
2	where a law enforcement agency operates, including a municipal
3	police department or county sheriff's department, and is owned
4	and operated for the purpose of detaining individuals in
5	connection with the suspected violation of a criminal offense.
6	The term does not include a courthouse.
7	<u>"Statement." An oral, written, sign language or nonverbal</u>
8	communication that takes place during a custodial interrogation.
9	<u>§ 8302. Recording.</u>
10	(a) RequirementA law enforcement agency shall make a
11	complete and contemporaneous electronic recording of each
12	custodial interrogation that occurs in a place of detention
13	relating to the investigation of the following offenses:
14	(1) An offense under 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 25 (relating to
15	criminal homicide).
16	(2) An offense under 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 31 (relating to
17	<u>sexual offenses).</u>
18	(3) An offense under 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 37 (relating to
19	robbery).
20	(4) An offense classified as a felony under the laws of
21	this Commonwealth.
22	(5) An attempt under 18 Pa.C.S. § 901 (relating to
23	<u>criminal attempt) or a conspiracy under 18 Pa.C.S. § 903</u>
24	(relating to criminal conspiracy) to commit an offense
25	referred to under paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (4).
26	(b) TypeA recording under subsection (a) shall be
27	complete only if the recording is an authentic, accurate,
28	uninterrupted and unaltered record of the interview, beginning
29	at or before the time the individual enters the place of
30	detention in which the law enforcement officer will conduct the
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1	custodial interrogation, and ending when the interview has
2	completely finished.
3	(c) Visual recordingIf a visual recording is made, each
4	camera shall be simultaneously focused on both the law
5	enforcement interviewer and the suspect.
6	<u>§ 8303. Applicability.</u>
7	(a) ExceptionsSection 8302 (relating to recording) shall
8	not apply if the court finds each of the following:
9	(1) That a law enforcement officer made a
10	contemporaneous record of the reason for not making an
11	electronic recording of the statement or that it has been
12	proven by a preponderance of the evidence that it was not
13	feasible to make the record. The reason provided must be
14	consistent with paragraph (2).
15	(2) That it has been proven by a preponderance of the
16	evidence that at least one of the following circumstances
17	existed at the time of the custodial interrogation:
18	(i) The statement was made spontaneously and was not
19	<u>made in response to a question.</u>
20	(ii) The statement was made spontaneously in the
21	course of the routine intake processing of the
22	individual.
23	(iii) The law enforcement officer in good faith
24	failed to make an electronic recording of the custodial
25	interrogation because the officer inadvertently failed to
26	operate the recording equipment properly, or without the
27	officer's knowledge, the recording equipment
28	malfunctioned or stopped operating.
29	(iv) The custodial interrogation took place in
30	another jurisdiction and was conducted by an official of

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1	that jurisdiction in compliance with the law of that
2	jurisdiction.
3	(v) The law enforcement officers conducting or
4	contemporaneously observing the custodial interrogation
5	reasonably believed that the making of an electronic
6	recording would jeopardize the safety of the individual,
7	a law enforcement officer, a confidential informant or
8	another individual.
9	(vi) The law enforcement officer conducting or
10	contemporaneously observing the custodial interrogation
11	reasonably believed that the crime for which the
12	individual was subjected to custodial interrogation was
13	not among those listed under section 8302.
14	(vii) Exigent circumstances existed which prevented
15	or made infeasible the making of an electronic recording
16	of the custodial interrogation.
17	(viii) Before the custodial interrogation, the
18	individual to be interrogated indicated that the
19	individual would participate only if the custodial
20	interrogation was not electronically recorded and, if
21	feasible, the agreement to participate without recording
22	was electronically recorded.
23	(b) ExclusionsSection 8302 shall not apply to a statement
24	if any of the following apply:
25	(1) The statement is offered as evidence solely to
26	impeach or rebut the testimony of the individual interrogated
27	and not as substantive evidence.
28	(2) The custodial interrogation takes place before a
29	grand jury or court of record.
30	<u>§ 8304. Wiretap exception to recording.</u>

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1	Notwithstanding 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 57 (relating to wiretapping
2	and electronic surveillance), a law enforcement officer engaged
3	in custodial interrogation under section 8302 (relating to
4	recording) may record the custodial interrogation without
5	consent or knowledge of the individual being held or
6	interrogated. Notwithstanding this section, a law enforcement
7	officer may obtain an individual's consent to recording or
8	inform the individual that the custodial interrogation will be
9	recorded.
10	<u>§ 8305. Jury instructions.</u>
11	(a) General ruleIf the prosecution offers an unrecorded
12	statement into evidence that was required to be electronically
13	recorded under this subchapter and the prosecution has not
14	established by a preponderance of the evidence that an exception
15	under section 8303 (relating to applicability) applies, the
16	trial court shall provide the jury with the following cautionary
17	instructions with any changes necessary to be consistent with
18	the evidence:
19	"The law of this Commonwealth required that the interview
20	of the defendant by law enforcement officers, which took
21	place on {insert date} at {insert place}, was to be
22	electronically recorded from beginning to end. The
23	purpose of this requirement is to ensure that you jurors
24	will have before you a complete, unaltered and precise
25	record of the circumstances under which the interview was
26	conducted and what was said and done by each of the
27	<u>individuals present.</u>
28	In this case, the interviewing law enforcement officers
29	failed to comply with that law by not making an
30	electronic recording of the interview of the defendant.

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1	Instead you have been presented with the testimony as to
2	what took place, based upon the recollections of law
3	enforcement officers and the defendant.
4	No justification for their failure to make an electronic
5	recording has been presented to the court. Therefore, I
6	must give you the following special instructions about
7	your consideration of the evidence concerning that
8	interview.
9	Because the interview was not electronically recorded as
10	required by our law, you have not been provided the most
11	reliable evidence as to what was said and done by the
12	participants. You cannot hear the exact words used by the
13	participants, nor the tone or the inflection of their
14	voices.
15	As you go about determining what occurred during the
16	interview, you should give special attention to whether
17	you are satisfied that what was said and done has been
18	accurately reported by the participants, including
19	testimony by law enforcement witnesses as to the
20	statements attributed to the defendant. Accordingly,
21	because law enforcement officers failed to make an
22	electronic recording, you may take this into account when
23	determining what weight to attribute to the statements
24	attributed to the defendant and the accuracy and
25	credibility of the testimony of the witnesses."
26	(b) Additional instructionsIn addition to the
27	instructions outlined under subsection (a), the trial court may
28	provide any other instructions as may be requested by the
29	prosecution or defense.
30	§ 8306. Handling and preservation of electronic recordings.

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1	(a) HandlingThe law enforcement agency shall clearly
2	identify and catalog each electronic recording.
3	(b) Preservation
4	(1) If a juvenile or criminal proceeding is brought
5	against an individual interrogated in an electronically
6	recorded custodial interrogation, law enforcement personnel
7	shall preserve the electronic recording until all appeal,
8	postconviction and habeas corpus proceedings by the
9	individual interrogated are concluded or the time within
10	which the proceeding must be brought has expired.
11	(2) If a juvenile or criminal proceeding is not brought
12	against an individual interrogated in an electronically
13	recorded custodial interrogation, law enforcement personnel
14	shall preserve the electronic recording until all applicable
15	Federal and State statutes of limitations bar prosecution of
16	the individual.
17	SUBCHAPTER B
18	EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATIONS
19	<u>Sec.</u>
20	8311. Scope of subchapter.
21	8312. Legislative purpose.
22	8313. Definitions.
23	8314. Eyewitness identification procedures.
24	8315. Jury instructions.
25	8316. Education and training program.
26	<u>§ 8311. Scope of subchapter.</u>
27	This subchapter relates to eyewitness identification
28	improvement.
29	<u>§ 8312. Legislative purpose.</u>
30	The purpose of this subchapter is to help solve crime,

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1	convict the guilty and protect the innocent in criminal
2	proceedings by improving procedures for eyewitness
3	identification of suspected perpetrators while ensuring that
4	police can promptly, safely and effectively investigate crimes.
5	<u>§ 8313. Definitions.</u>
6	The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter
7	shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
8	context clearly indicates otherwise:
9	"Administrator." The individual who conducts a live lineup
10	<u>or photo lineup.</u>
11	"Blind lineup." A lineup where either of the following
12	occurs:
13	(1) For a live lineup or photo lineup, the administrator
14	does not know the identity of the suspect.
15	(2) For a photo lineup in which the administrator knows
16	the identity of the suspect, the administrator does not know
17	which photograph the eyewitness is viewing at a given time.
18	"Eyewitness." An individual who observes another individual
19	at or near the scene of a criminal offense.
20	"Filler." An individual who is not suspected of an offense
21	and is included in an identification procedure.
22	"Identification procedure." An investigative procedure in
23	which a law enforcement official requests an eyewitness to
24	attempt to identify an individual who perpetrated a criminal
25	offense. The term includes a live lineup, a photo lineup or a
26	show-up.
27	"Law enforcement agency." A governmental entity whose
28	responsibilities include enforcement of criminal laws or the
29	investigation of suspected criminal activity.
30	"Law enforcement officer." An officer or other employee of a
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1	law enforcement agency whose personal responsibilities include
2	enforcement of criminal laws or the investigation of suspected
3	criminal activity.
4	"Live lineup." An identification procedure in which several
5	individuals, including the suspect and fillers, are displayed to
6	an eyewitness for the purpose of determining whether the
7	eyewitness identifies the suspect as the perpetrator.
8	"Photo lineup." An identification procedure in which an
9	array of photographs, comprising a photograph of the suspect and
10	photographs of fillers, is displayed to an eyewitness either in
11	hard copy form or via computer for the purpose of determining
12	whether the eyewitness identifies the suspect as the
13	perpetrator.
14	"Show-up." An identification procedure in which an
15	eyewitness is presented with a suspect for the purpose of
16	determining whether the eyewitness identifies the individual as
17	the perpetrator.
18	"Suspect." The individual believed by law enforcement
19	investigators to be the possible perpetrator of the crime.
20	<u>§ 8314. Eyewitness identification procedures.</u>
21	(a) General ruleAn eyewitness identification procedure
22	conducted by a law enforcement agency must comply with this
23	section.
24	(b) Description of the perpetratorExcept as provided
25	under subsection (h)(1), the eyewitness's description of the
26	perpetrator and the circumstances under which the eyewitness
27	observed the perpetrator, in the eyewitness's own words, shall
28	be obtained and documented immediately prior to a live lineup or
29	photo lineup, unless a description was recorded or otherwise
30	documented by law enforcement personnel before the commencement
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1	of the identification procedure. An eyewitness description shall
2	be preserved and provided as part of discovery.
3	(c) Blind lineup administrationSubject to the exceptions
4	in this subsection, a blind lineup shall be conducted. If the
5	lineup is not blind, the administrator shall state in writing
6	the reason that a blind lineup was not used. A blind lineup
7	shall not be required to be conducted if any of the following
8	apply:
9	(1) A blind lineup is not practicable under the
10	circumstances. The administrator shall state in writing the
11	reasons that a blind lineup is not practicable.
12	(2) The law enforcement agency employs a single lineup
13	administrator who conducts each of its lineups, counsel for
14	the suspect is present at the lineup and the identification
15	procedure complies with subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (i)
16	and (j).
17	(3) The law enforcement agency audiovisually records the
18	identification process and the identification procedure
19	complies with subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (i) and (j).
20	(d) Prelineup instructionsPrior to a live lineup or photo
21	lineup, the administrator shall apprise the eyewitness of all of
22	the following:
23	(1) That the perpetrator may or may not be among the
24	individuals presented in the identification procedure and
25	that the eyewitness shall not assume that the administrator
26	knows who the perpetrator is.
27	(2) That an individual's appearance can change based on
28	<u>facial hair, weight or hair color.</u>
29	(3) That it is just as important to eliminate innocent
30	individuals as it is to identify potential suspects.

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1	(4) That the eyewitness should not feel compelled to
2	make an identification.
3	(5) That the investigation will continue whether or not
4	an identification is made.
5	(6) That if an identification is made, the administrator
6	will ask the eyewitness to state, in the eyewitness's own
7	words, how confident the eyewitness is of the identification.
8	(e) Contact among eyewitnessesIf more than one eyewitness
9	views a live lineup or photo lineup in a session, the
10	administrator may not permit the eyewitnesses to communicate
11	with each other until all identification procedures in the
12	session have been completed. Reasonable efforts shall be made so
13	that an eyewitness does not see or hear the identification or
14	nonidentification made by any other eyewitness.
15	(f) Lineup compositionThe administrator shall conduct the
1 C	<u>lineup in a manner that:</u>
16	<u>incup in a manner enac.</u>
10	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or
17	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or
17 18	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup.
17 18 19	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply:
17 18 19 20	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the
17 18 19 20 21	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure.
17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used. (iii) If a lineup participant is requested to speak,</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used. (iii) If a lineup participant is requested to speak, move, gesture or change clothing, then all lineup</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used. (iii) If a lineup participant is requested to speak, move, gesture or change clothing, then all lineup participants shall be asked to do the same.</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used. (iii) If a lineup participant is requested to speak, move, gesture or change clothing, then all lineup participants shall be asked to do the same. (3) In a photo lineup, the following apply:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1) Only one suspect is included in a live lineup or photo lineup. (2) In a live lineup, the following apply: (i) Each lineup participant is out of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification procedure. (ii) At least five fillers are used. (iii) If a lineup participant is requested to speak, move, gesture or change clothing, then all lineup participants shall be asked to do the same. (3) In a photo lineup, the following apply: (i) The photograph of the suspect is placed in a

1	original form the photo lineup was shown to each
2	<u>eyewitness.</u>
3	(g) Comment after lineupAn administrator or law
4	enforcement officer may not comment or otherwise indicate
5	whether an identification has identified a suspect.
6	(h) Show-upsThe following apply to show-ups:
7	(1) If practicable and safe for the eyewitness and law
8	enforcement officers, the individual conducting the show-up
9	shall obtain the eyewitness's description of the perpetrator
10	and shall record or otherwise document the description before
11	commencing the show-up, which shall be preserved and provided
12	as part of discovery. If compliance with this paragraph is
13	not practicable or safe, the individual conducting the show-
14	up shall state in writing the reasons for the failure to
15	comply, which shall be provided as part of discovery.
16	(2) If practicable and safe for the eyewitness and the
17	law enforcement officers, the individual conducting the show
18	up shall apprise the eyewitness of each of the following
19	before commencing the show-up:
20	(i) That the perpetrator may or may not be the
21	individual presented to the eyewitness.
22	(ii) That the eyewitness should not feel compelled
23	to make an identification.
24	(iii) That the investigation will continue whether
25	or not an identification is made.
26	(iv) That if an identification is made, the
27	administrator will ask the eyewitness to state, in the
28	eyewitness's own words, how certain the eyewitness is of
29	the identification.
30	(3) When performing a show-up, law enforcement personnel

1	shall take reasonable measures to preclude the eyewitness
2	from drawing inferences prejudicial to the suspect, including
3	the following:
4	(i) Refraining from suggesting through statements or
5	nonverbal conduct that the suspect is or may be the
6	perpetrator of the crime.
7	(ii) If practicable and safe for the eyewitness and
8	the law enforcement officers, removing handcuffs from the
9	suspect and having the show-up take place at some
10	<u>distance from a squad car.</u>
11	(4) If there are multiple eyewitnesses to a criminal
12	offense under investigation, police shall make reasonable
13	efforts to prevent an eyewitness from seeing or hearing the
14	identification or nonidentification made by any other
15	eyewitness.
16	(5) If an eyewitness is requested to make an
17	identification of more than one suspect at a show-up, the
18	suspects shall be separated and the individual conducting the
19	show-up shall perform a separate show-up for each suspect
20	when practicable and safe for the eyewitness and the law
21	enforcement officers.
22	(i) Confidence statementIf an eyewitness identifies an
23	individual as the perpetrator at an identification procedure,
24	the administrator shall immediately request a statement from the
25	eyewitness, in the eyewitness's own words, as to the
26	eyewitness's confidence level that the individual identified is
27	the perpetrator. The eyewitness must not be permitted to see or
28	hear any information concerning the identified individual until
29	after the administrator obtains the eyewitness's confidence
30	statement.

1	(j) RecordThe administrator shall make an audiovisual or	
2	audio recording of the identification procedure. In addition to	
3	the recording, the administrator shall document and include each	
4	identification and any nonidentification result obtained during	
5	the identification procedure as well as any confidence	
6	statement, which shall be preserved and provided as part of	
7	<u>discovery.</u>	
8	<u>§ 8315. Jury instructions.</u>	
9	(a) Requirements of subchapterAt the request of either	
10	party, the trial court may instruct the jury as to the	
11	requirements of this subchapter and how compliance or failure to	
12	comply with the requirements may affect the reliability of the	
13	identification.	
14	(b) Failure to comply with subchapterIf sufficient	
15	evidence of failure to comply with this subchapter is presented	
16	at trial, the trial court shall instruct the jury that the jury	
17	may consider the evidence of noncompliance as a reason to view	
18	the identification evidence with caution.	
19	<u>§ 8316. Education and training program.</u>	
20	(a) EstablishmentThe Pennsylvania State Police and the	
21	Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training Commission, in	
22	conjunction with the Pennsylvania District Attorneys	
23	Association, the Pennsylvania Innocence Project, the	
24	Pennsylvania Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers, the Public	
25	Defender Association of Pennsylvania and the Juvenile Defenders	
26	Association of Pennsylvania, shall establish a comprehensive	
27	education and training program on eyewitness identification,	
28	including, but not limited to, the procedures under section 8314	
29	(relating to eyewitness identification procedures). As	
30	scientific findings regarding variables that affect a witness's	
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1	vision and memory, practices for minimizing contamination and
2	effective eyewitness identification protocols change and
3	advance, the education and training shall be updated
4	accordingly.
5	(b) AdministrationThe Pennsylvania State Police and the
6	Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training Commission
7	shall administer to law enforcement officers and recruits the
8	education and training program established under subsection (a).
9	(c) RequirementEach law enforcement agency shall require
10	each law enforcement officer who is employed by the law
11	enforcement agency and who performs eyewitness identification
12	procedures to complete the education and training program
13	established under subsection (a).
14	Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.