THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 108

Session of 2019

INTRODUCED BY BARTOLOTTA, COLLETT, SCHWANK, J. WARD, DINNIMAN, MARTIN, FONTANA, FARNESE, TARTAGLIONE, BREWSTER, K. WARD, BLAKE, FOLMER, PHILLIPS-HILL, SABATINA, BROWNE, BAKER, KILLION, MUTH, MENSCH, AUMENT, HUGHES AND COSTA, MAY 6, 2019

INTRODUCED AND ADOPTED, MAY 6, 2019

A RESOLUTION

- Recognizing the month of May 2019 as "Postpartum Depression Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, Many new mothers experience baby blues syndrome,
- 4 which commonly includes mood swings, crying spells, anxiety and
- 5 difficulty sleeping; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Baby blues syndrome typically begins within the
- 7 first two to three days after delivery and may last for up to
- 8 two weeks; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Some new mothers experience a more severe, long-
- 10 lasting form of depression known as postpartum depression; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Postpartum depression can be moderate or severe; and
- 12 WHEREAS, According to the Centers for Disease Control and
- 13 Prevention, approximately one in seven women experience
- 14 postpartum depression; and
- 15 WHEREAS, Postpartum depression can eventually interfere with
- 16 a mother's ability to care for her baby and handle other daily
- 17 tasks; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Symptoms of postpartum depression usually develop
- 2 within the first few weeks after giving birth or may begin up to
- 3 six months after giving birth; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Postpartum depression symptoms may include a
- 5 depressed mood or severe mood swings, excessive crying,
- 6 difficulty bonding with the baby, withdrawing from family and
- 7 friends and loss of appetite or eating much more than usual; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The inability to sleep or sleeping too much,
- 9 overwhelming fatigue or loss of energy and reduced interest and
- 10 pleasure in activities are other symptoms associated with the
- 11 condition; and
- 12 WHEREAS, Intense irritability and anger, fear of not being a
- 13 good mother, feelings of worthlessness, shame, guilt or
- 14 inadequacy, diminished ability to think clearly, concentrate or
- 15 make decisions, severe anxiety and panic attacks, thoughts of
- 16 harming oneself or the baby and recurrent thoughts of death or
- 17 suicide also characterize the condition; and
- 18 WHEREAS, Only 15% of women with postpartum depression ever
- 19 receive professional treatment, indicating that many women each
- 20 year are not getting the help that they need; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Many women do not seek professional treatment
- 22 because of the stigma associated with postpartum depression or
- 23 the embarrassment of admitting that they are experiencing
- 24 symptoms; and
- 25 WHEREAS, When left untreated, postpartum depression may last
- 26 for several months or longer; and
- 27 WHEREAS, Postpartum depression is not a character flaw or a
- 28 sign of weakness, and prompt treatment can help a woman manage
- 29 her symptoms and allow her to enjoy her baby; and
- 30 WHEREAS, There are many support groups available for mothers

- 1 and their families to share their experiences with others; and
- 2 WHEREAS, More research into postpartum depression is
- 3 necessary to understand the causes and symptoms of maternal
- 4 depression and anxiety, identify who may be at risk and develop
- 5 effective screenings and treatments; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Postpartum Support International annually recognizes
- 7 the month of May as "National Maternal Depression Awareness
- 8 Month"; therefore be it
- 9 RESOLVED, That the Senate recognize the month of May 2019 as
- 10 "Postpartum Depression Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.