THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 350 Session of 2017

INTRODUCED BY GREENLEAF, ARGALL, BREWSTER, COSTA, RAFFERTY AND BOSCOLA, FEBRUARY 15, 2017

REFERRED TO LAW AND JUSTICE, FEBRUARY 15, 2017

AN ACT

1 2	Providing for the rights of law enforcement officers concerning certain complaints and grievances.
3	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
4	hereby enacts as follows:
5	Section 1. Short title.
6	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Law
7	Enforcement Officers' Bill of Rights Act.
8	Section 2. Legislative intent.
9	The General Assembly recognizes the need for minimum
10	standards to protect the rights of law enforcement officers
11	beyond departmental procedures.
12	Section 3. Definitions.
13	The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
14	have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
15	context clearly indicates otherwise:
16	"Interrogation." The formal and systematic questioning of a
17	law enforcement officer accused in a complaint of malfeasance,
18	misfeasance or nonfeasance which may result in dismissal,

1 demotion, suspension, reduction in salary, written reprimand or 2 transfer for punitive purposes.

3 "Law enforcement officer" or "officer." A full-time law 4 enforcement officer of a police department or organization of 5 the Commonwealth or a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, 6 including, but not limited to, a law enforcement officer of the 7 Pennsylvania State Police, the Bureau of Liquor Control 8 Enforcement of the Pennsylvania State Police, a municipal police 9 department, the Capitol Police and a port authority.

10 "Malfeasance." The performance of an act which is unlawful.
11 "Misfeasance." The improper performance of a lawful act.
12 "Nonfeasance." The omission of an act which a person has a
13 legal duty to perform.

14 Section 4. Rights of law enforcement officers.

Whenever a law enforcement officer is under interrogation, the following minimum standards shall apply:

(1) The interrogation shall be conducted when the officer is on duty unless the seriousness of the investigation is great enough that an immediate interrogation is necessary. The officer shall be compensated for absence from work as a result of an interrogation.

(2) (2) The interrogation shall take place at the office of the command of the investigating officer or the office of the precinct or police unit or municipal building of the municipality in which the incident allegedly occurred.

(3) The officer under interrogation shall be informed of
the name, rank and command of the officer or municipal
official in charge of the interrogation, and the name, rank
and command of all persons who will be present during the
interrogation.

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1 (4) The officer under interrogation shall be informed of 2 the nature of the interrogation and the name of each 3 complainant or complainants at the outset of the 4 interrogation.

5 (5) No complaint shall be entertained unless it is sworn 6 to by each complainant before an official authorized to 7 administer oaths.

8 (6) The interrogation shall be for a reasonable period 9 and shall be timed to allow for personal necessities and rest 10 periods that are reasonably necessary.

11 (7) The officer under interrogation shall not be 12 subjected to offensive language or threatened with transfer, 13 dismissal or disciplinary action either directly or 14 indirectly.

15 (8) A written or mechanical record shall be made of the16 entire interrogation.

17 (9) If the officer under interrogation is under arrest, 18 or is likely to be placed under arrest, the officer shall be 19 informed of the officer's rights prior to the commencement of 20 the interrogation.

(10) The officer under interrogation shall have the right to be represented by counsel or other representative of the officer's choice who shall be present at all times during the interrogation.

25 Section 5. Civil suits by law enforcement officers.

A law enforcement officer may initiate and maintain an action against a person or municipality for damages suffered or for the abridgment of civil rights when a complaint filed by the person or municipality against the officer is found to be without merit or is made with the intent to cause damage or loss of

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1 employment.

2 Section 6. Notice of disciplinary action and polygraphs.

3 (a) Notice.--No dismissal, demotion, transfer, reassignment 4 or other personnel action which may result in a loss of pay or 5 benefits or which is a punitive measure shall be taken against a 6 law enforcement officer unless the officer is notified of the 7 action and provided with the reasons for the action prior to the 8 effective date of the action.

9 (b) Adverse comments.--

10 No officer shall have a comment adverse to the (1)11 officer's interest entered in the officer's personnel file or 12 a record kept at the officer's place or unit of employment 13 without giving the officer an opportunity to first read and 14 sign the instrument containing the adverse comment in order 15 to indicate that the officer is aware that the comment is 16 being entered in the officer's personnel file or other place 17 of recordation.

18 (2) If, after reading the instrument containing the
19 adverse comment, the officer refuses to sign it, the entry
20 may still be made. A witness shall then note that the officer
21 was presented with the opportunity to read and sign the
22 instrument and refused to do so.

(c) Response.--An officer shall have 30 days to file a written response to an adverse comment entered in the officer's personnel file. The written response, if any, shall be attached to, and shall accompany, the adverse comment.

27 (d) Polygraph.--

(1) No officer shall be compelled to submit to a
polygraph examination against the officer's will. No
disciplinary action or other recrimination shall be taken

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1 against an officer for refusing to submit to a polygraph 2 examination, nor shall a comment be entered anywhere in the 3 investigator's notes or elsewhere that the officer refused to 4 take a polygraph examination.

5 (2) No testimony or evidence shall be admissible at a 6 subsequent hearing, trial or proceeding, whether judicial or 7 administrative, to the effect that the officer refused to 8 take a polygraph examination.

9 Section 7. Retaliation for exercising rights.

10 (a) Punitive measures.--No law enforcement officer shall be 11 discharged, disciplined, demoted or denied promotion, transfer 12 or reassignment, or be discriminated against in regard to the 13 officer's employment or threatened as a result of the exercise 14 of constitutional rights.

(b) Appeal.--No dismissal, demotion or denial of promotion shall be undertaken by a public agency without providing the officer with an opportunity for administrative appeal. Section 8. Personal privacy.

19 (a) Disclosure.--

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no law
enforcement officer shall be required for purposes of job
assignment or personnel action to disclose information as to
property, income, assets, source of income, debts or personal
or domestic expenditures, including those of a member of the
officer's family or household, unless the information is
obtained under proper legal procedure.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply if there is a conflict
of interest with respect to the performance of the officer's
official duties, or it is necessary for the agency to
ascertain the desirability of assigning the officer to a

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specialized unit in which there is a strong possibility that
bribes or other improper inducements may be offered.

3 (b) Search of lockers.--

4 (1) No locker or other space for storage that may be 5 assigned to the officer shall be searched except in the 6 officer's presence and with the officer's consent in writing 7 or a valid search warrant has been obtained.

8 (2) A person from whom consent is requested shall be
9 informed of the right to deny the consent.

10 (3) This subsection shall apply only to a locker or 11 other space for storage that is owned by the employing 12 agency.

13 Section 9. Effective date.

14 This act shall take effect in 60 days.