THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 208

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY GREENLEAF, STACK, TEPLITZ, BREWSTER, BROWNE, TARTAGLIONE, BOSCOLA, ALLOWAY AND RAFFERTY, JANUARY 15, 2015

REFERRED TO LAW AND JUSTICE, JANUARY 15, 2015

AN ACT

- 1 Providing for the rights of law enforcement officers concerning certain complaints and grievances.
- 3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 4 hereby enacts as follows:
- 5 Section 1. Short title.
- 6 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Law
- 7 Enforcement Officers' Bill of Rights Act.
- 8 Section 2. Legislative intent.
- 9 The General Assembly recognizes the need for minimum
- 10 standards to protect the rights of law enforcement officers
- 11 beyond departmental procedures.
- 12 Section 3. Definitions.
- 13 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 14 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 15 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 16 "Interrogation." The formal and systematic questioning of a
- 17 law enforcement officer accused in a complaint of malfeasance,
- 18 misfeasance or nonfeasance which may result in dismissal,

- 1 demotion, suspension, reduction in salary, written reprimand or
- 2 transfer for punitive purposes.
- 3 "Law enforcement officer" or "officer." A full-time law
- 4 enforcement officer of a police department or organization of
- 5 the Commonwealth or a political subdivision thereof, including,
- 6 but not limited to, a law enforcement officer of the
- 7 Pennsylvania State Police, the Bureau of Liquor Control
- 8 Enforcement of the Pennsylvania State Police, a municipal police
- 9 department, the Capitol Police and the port authorities.
- 10 "Malfeasance." The performance of an act which is unlawful.
- "Misfeasance." The improper performance of a lawful act.
- 12 "Nonfeasance." The omission of an act which a person has a
- 13 legal duty to perform.
- 14 Section 4. Rights of law enforcement officers.
- 15 Whenever a law enforcement officer is under interrogation,
- 16 the following minimum standards shall apply:
- 17 (1) The interrogation shall be conducted when the
- officer is on duty unless the seriousness of the
- investigation is such that an immediate interrogation is
- 20 necessary. The officer shall be compensated for absence from
- 21 work as a result of an interrogation.
- 22 (2) The interrogation shall take place at the office of
- 23 the command of the investigating officer or the office of the
- 24 precinct or police unit or municipal building of the
- 25 municipality in which the incident allegedly occurred.
- 26 (3) The officer under interrogation shall be informed of
- 27 the name, rank and command of the officer or municipal
- official in charge of the interrogation, and the name, rank
- and command of any and all persons who will be present during
- 30 the interrogation.

- 1 (4) The officer under interrogation shall be informed of
- 2 the nature of the interrogation and the name or names of the
- 3 complainant or complainants at the outset of the
- 4 interrogation.
- 5 (5) No complaint shall be entertained unless it is sworn
- 6 to by the complainant or complainants before an official
- 7 authorized to administer oaths.
- 8 (6) The interrogation shall be for a reasonable period
- 9 and shall be timed to allow for such personal necessities and
- 10 rest periods as are reasonably necessary.
- 11 (7) The officer under interrogation shall not be
- 12 subjected to offensive language or threatened with transfer,
- dismissal or disciplinary action either directly or
- 14 indirectly.
- 15 (8) A written or mechanical record shall be made of the
- 16 entire interrogation.
- 17 (9) If the officer under interrogation is under arrest,
- or is likely to be placed under arrest, he shall be informed
- of his rights prior to the commencement of the interrogation.
- 20 (10) The officer under interrogation shall have the
- 21 right to be represented by counsel or other representative of
- 22 his choice who shall be present at all times during the
- 23 interrogation.
- 24 Section 5. Civil suits by law enforcement officers.
- 25 A law enforcement officer may initiate and maintain an action
- 26 against any person or municipality for damages suffered or for
- 27 the abridgment of civil rights when a complaint filed against
- 28 the officer is found to be without merit or is made with the
- 29 intent to cause damage or loss of employment.
- 30 Section 6. Notice of disciplinary action and polygraphs.

- 1 (a) Notice. -- No dismissal, demotion, transfer, reassignment
- 2 or other personnel action which may result in a loss of pay or
- 3 benefits or which is a punitive measure shall be taken against a
- 4 law enforcement officer unless the officer is notified thereof
- 5 and provided with the reasons therefor prior to the effective
- 6 date of such action.
- 7 (b) Adverse comments.--
- 8 (1) No officer shall have any comment adverse to his
- 9 interest entered in his personnel file, or any record kept at
- 10 his place or unit of employment, without giving the officer
- an opportunity to first read and sign the instrument
- 12 containing the adverse comment indicating he is aware that
- such comment is being entered in his personnel file or other
- 14 place of recordation.
- 15 (2) If, after reading the instrument containing the
- adverse comment, the officer refuses to sign it, the entry
- may still be made. A witness shall thereafter note that the
- officer was presented with the opportunity to read and sign
- 19 the instrument and refused to do so.
- 20 (c) Response. -- An officer shall have 30 days within which to
- 21 file a written response to any adverse comment entered in his
- 22 personnel file. The written response, if any, shall be attached
- 23 to, and shall accompany, the adverse comment.
- 24 (d) Polygraph.--
- 25 (1) No officer shall be compelled to submit to a
- 26 polygraph examination against his will. No disciplinary
- 27 action or other recrimination shall be taken against an
- officer for refusing to submit to a polygraph examination,
- 29 nor shall any comment be entered anywhere in the
- 30 investigator's notes or elsewhere that the officer refused to

- 1 take a polygraph examination.
- 2 (2) No testimony or evidence shall be admissible at a
- 3 subsequent hearing, trial or proceeding, judicial or
- 4 administrative, to the effect that the officer refused to
- 5 take a polygraph examination.
- 6 Section 7. Retaliation for exercising rights.
- 7 (a) Punitive measures. -- No law enforcement officer shall be
- 8 discharged, disciplined, demoted or denied promotion, transfer
- 9 or reassignment, or be discriminated against in regard to his
- 10 employment, or be threatened as a result of the exercise of
- 11 constitutional rights.
- 12 (b) Appeal.--No dismissal or demotion, nor denial of
- 13 promotion, shall be undertaken by any public agency without
- 14 providing the officer with an opportunity for administrative
- 15 appeal.
- 16 Section 8. Personal privacy.
- 17 (a) Disclosure.--
- 18 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no law
- 19 enforcement officer shall be required for purposes of job
- 20 assignment or personnel action to disclose information as to
- 21 property, income, assets, source of income, debts, personal
- or domestic expenditures, including those of any member of
- 23 his family or household, unless the information is obtained
- under proper legal procedure.
- 25 (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply if there is a conflict
- of interest with respect to the performance of the officer's
- official duties, or it is necessary for the agency to
- ascertain the desirability of assigning the officer to a
- 29 specialized unit in which there is a strong possibility that
- 30 bribes or other improper inducements may be offered.

- 1 (b) Search of lockers.--
- 2 (1) No officer shall have his locker, or other space for 3 storage that may be assigned to him, searched except in his 4 presence, and with his consent in writing, or unless a valid 5 search warrant has been obtained.
- 6 (2) Any person from whom consent is requested shall be 7 told that he has the right to deny the consent.
- 8 (3) This subsection shall apply only to a locker or 9 other space for storage that is owned by the employing 10 agency.
- 11 Section 9. Effective date.
- 12 This act shall take effect in 60 days.