THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1297 Session of 2013

INTRODUCED BY SANTARSIERO, CARROLL, DAVIS, WATSON, MUNDY, SCHLOSSBERG, BARRAR, DeLUCA, MULLERY, SWANGER, CLYMER AND GROVE, APRIL 30, 2013

REFERRED TO COMMITEE ON TRANSPORTATION, APRIL 30, 2013

AN ACT

1 2 3 4	Amending Title 75 (Vehicles) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for schedule of convictions and points, for speed timing devices and for specific powers of department and local authorities.
5	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
6	hereby enacts as follows:
7	Section 1. Section 1535(d) of Title 75 of the Pennsylvania
8	Consolidated Statutes is amended to read:
9	§ 1535. Schedule of convictions and points.
10	* * *
11	(d) [Exception] <u>Exceptions</u>
12	(1) This section does not apply to a person who was
13	operating a pedalcycle or an animal drawn vehicle.
14	(2) If a speeding offense under section 3362 (relating
15	to maximum speed limits) is charged as a result of use of a
16	<u>device authorized under section 3368(c)(2)(ii) (relating to</u>
17	speed timing devices), no points shall be assigned under
18	subsection (a) unless the speed recorded is ten or more miles

1 per hour in excess of the legal speed limit.

2 * * *

3 Section 2. Section 3368(a), (c) and (e) of Title 75 are 4 amended and the section is amended by adding subsections to 5 read:

6 § 3368. Speed timing devices.

7 (a) Speedometers authorized.--The rate of speed of any
8 vehicle may be timed on any highway by a police officer using a
9 motor vehicle equipped with a speedometer, except as provided in
10 section 6109 (relating to specific powers of department and
11 local authorities). In ascertaining the speed of a vehicle by
12 the use of a speedometer, the speed shall be timed for a
13 distance of not less than three-tenths of a mile.

14 * * *

15 (c) Mechanical, electrical and electronic devices 16 authorized.--

17 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section <u>and in</u>
18 <u>section 6109</u>, the rate of speed of any vehicle may be timed
19 on any highway by a police officer using a mechanical or
20 electrical speed timing device.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3), electronic devices such as radio-microwave devices (commonly referred to as electronic speed meters or radar) <u>or infrared</u> <u>laser light devices (commonly referred to as LIDAR)</u> may be used [only by]:

26 (i) By members of the Pennsylvania State Police.
 27 (ii) Upon completion of a training course approved
 28 by the Pennsylvania State Police and the Municipal Police
 29 Officers' Education and Training Commission, by full-time
 30 police officers employed by the full-service police

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1department of a political subdivision or regional police2department situate in a county of the first class, second3class, second class A or third class if official warning4signs indicating the use of these devices are erected5within 500 feet of the border of the political6subdivision on the main arteries entering that political7subdivision.

8 (3) Electronic devices which calculate speed by 9 measuring elapsed time between measured road surface points 10 by using two sensors and devices which measure and calculate 11 the average speed of a vehicle between any two points may be 12 used by any police officer.

No person may be convicted upon evidence obtained 13 (4) 14 through the use of devices authorized by paragraphs (2) and 15 (3) unless the speed recorded is six or more miles per hour 16 in excess of the legal speed limit. Furthermore, no person 17 may be convicted upon evidence obtained through the use of 18 devices authorized by paragraph (2)(ii) or paragraph (3) in 19 an area where the legal speed limit is less than 55 miles per 20 hour if the speed recorded is less than ten miles per hour in excess of the legal speed limit. This paragraph shall not 21 22 apply to evidence obtained through the use of devices authorized by paragraph (2) or (3) within a school zone or an 23 24 active work zone.

25 26 (5) As used in this subsection, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this

27 <u>paragraph</u>:

28 <u>"Full-service police department." A local or regional</u>
29 police department that:

30 (i) is authorized by one or more political

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1	subdivisions;
2	(ii) provides 24-hour-a-day patrol and investigative
3	services; and
4	(iii) reports its activities monthly to the
5	Pennsylvania State Police in accordance with the Uniform
6	<u>Crime Reporting System.</u>
7	"Full-time police officer." An employee of a political
8	subdivision or regional police department who complies with
9	all of the following:
10	(i) Is certified under 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 21 Subch. D
11	(relating to municipal police education and training).
12	(ii) Is empowered to enforce 18 Pa.C.S. (relating to
13	crimes and offenses) and this title.
14	<u>(iii) Is a regular full-time police officer under</u>
15	the act of June 15, 1951 (P.L.586, No.144), entitled "An
16	act regulating the suspension, removal, furloughing and
17	reinstatement of police officers in boroughs and
18	townships of the first class having police forces of less
19	than three members, and in townships of the second
20	<u>class," or works a minimum of 200 days a year.</u>
21	(iv) Is provided coverage by a police pension plan
22	<u>under:</u>
23	(A) the act of May 24, 1893 (P.L.129, No.82),
24	entitled "An act to empower boroughs and cities to
25	establish a police pension fund, to take property in
26	trust therefor and regulating and providing for the
27	regulation of the same";
28	(B) the act of June 23, 1931 (P.L.932, No.317),
29	known as The Third Class City Code;
30	(C) the act of May 22, 1935 (P.L.233, No.99),

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1	referred to as the Second Class City Policemen Relief
2	Law;
3	(D) the act of May 29, 1956 (1955 P.L.1804,
4	No.600), referred to as the Municipal Police Pension
5	Law; or
6	(E) the act of July 15, 1957 (P.L.901, No.399),
7	known as the Optional Third Class City Charter Law.
8	The term does not include auxiliary, part-time or fire
9	police.
10	* * *
11	(e) Distance requirements for use of mechanical, electrical
12	and electronic devices[Mechanical]
13	(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), mechanical,
14	electrical or electronic devices may not be used to time the
15	rate of speed of vehicles within 500 feet after a speed limit
16	sign indicating a decrease of speed. This limitation on the
17	use of speed timing devices shall not apply to speed limit
18	signs indicating school zones, bridge and elevated structure
19	speed limits, hazardous grade speed limits and work zone
20	speed limits.
21	(2) Whenever radio-microwave speed timing devices or
22	infrared laser light devices are used by a local or regional
23	police officer of a political subdivision authorized under
24	subsection (c), the police officer must locate the vehicle
25	with the radio-microwave speed timing device or infrared
26	laser light device in a location that is not intentionally
27	concealed from the motoring public.
28	(f) Local ordinance required to enforce
29	(1) Prior to use of radio-microwave speed timing devices
30	or infrared laser light devices used for speed timing by

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1	local or regional police officers of political subdivisions
2	authorized under subsection (c), the appropriate governing
3	body must adopt an ordinance authorizing the local or
4	regional police department to employ the devices on roads
5	within the boundaries of the governing body where a required
6	engineering and traffic study has been conducted and in
7	accordance with section 6109(a)(11) to address citizen
8	complaints or demonstrable traffic safety concerns, such as
9	high crash rates or fatalities.
10	(2) During the initial 90 days of speed enforcement by a
11	local or regional police department of a political
12	subdivision authorized under subsection (c) using radio-
13	microwave speed timing devices or infrared laser light
14	devices, persons may only be sanctioned for violations with a
15	<u>written warning.</u>
16	(g) Excess revenuesThe primary use of radar or LIDAR by
17	local or regional police officers of political subdivisions
18	authorized under subsection (c) is for traffic safety purposes.
19	Each local or regional police department that uses radar or
20	LIDAR shall report annually to the Pennsylvania State Police the
21	municipal revenue generated from speed enforcement citations on
22	such forms as may be prescribed by the Pennsylvania State
23	Police. In the event the municipal share of revenue generated
24	from speed enforcement citations exceeds 5% of the total
25	municipal budget or 5% of the regional police department budget,
26	all sums in excess thereof shall be remitted to the Pennsylvania
27	<u>State Police to be used for traffic safety purposes.</u>
28	Section 3. Section 6109(a)(11) of Title 75 is amended to
29	read:
30	§ 6109. Specific powers of department and local authorities.

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1 Enumeration of police powers. -- The provisions of this (a) title shall not be deemed to prevent the department on State-2 designated highways and local authorities on streets or highways 3 4 within their physical boundaries from the reasonable exercise of their police powers. The following are presumed to be reasonable 5 6 exercises of police power: * * * 7 (11) Enforcement of speed restrictions authorized under 8 9 Subchapter F of Chapter 33[, except that] in accordance with 10 the following: 11 (i) Except as set forth in subparagraph (ii), speed 12 restrictions may be enforced by [local police] full-time_ police officers employed by the full-service police 13 department of a political subdivision or regional police 14 15 department on a limited access or divided highway only if 16 [it] this title authorizes such enforcement and the highway is patrolled by the local or regional police 17 18 force under the terms of an agreement with the 19 Pennsylvania State Police. 20 (ii) If this title authorizes speed restrictions to be enforced by a police department of a city of the first 21 22 class, they may be enforced on limited access or divided 23 highways within the police department's jurisdiction. An 24 agreement with the Pennsylvania State Police is not 25 necessary under this subparagraph. 26 * * * 27 Section 4. This act shall take effect in 120 days.

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