THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 159

Session of 2011

INTRODUCED BY ROBBINS, SCARNATI, PILEGGI, COSTA, ARGALL, BAKER, BOSCOLA, BROWNE, BRUBAKER, EARLL, EICHELBERGER, ERICKSON, FOLMER, FONTANA, GORDNER, GREENLEAF, KASUNIC, MENSCH, ORIE, PIPPY, RAFFERTY, SOLOBAY, STACK, TARTAGLIONE, TOMLINSON, WASHINGTON, WAUGH, D. WHITE, M. WHITE, WILLIAMS, YAW, YUDICHAK, FARNESE AND FERLO, JANUARY 18, 2011

SENATOR PICCOLA, EDUCATION, AS AMENDED, FEBRUARY 8, 2011

AN ACT

- 1 Authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to join the
- 2 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- Children; providing for the form and enforcement of the
- 4 compact; imposing additional powers and duties on the
- 5 Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the compact
- 6 commissioner; and establishing the State Council on
- 7 Interstate Educational Opportunity for Military Children.
- 8 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 9 hereby enacts as follows:
- 10 Section 1. Short title.
- 11 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Interstate
- 12 Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.
- 13 Section 2. Authority to execute compact.
- 14 The Governor of Pennsylvania, on behalf of this State, is
- 15 hereby authorized to execute a compact in substantially the
- 16 following form with any one or more of the states of the United
- 17 States, and the General Assembly hereby signifies in advance its
- 18 approval and ratification of such compact:

1	Interstate	Compact	\circ n	Educational	Opportunity
_	Interstate	Compact	OII	Educational	OPPOLUITE

2 for Military Children

3 ARTICLE I

4 PURPOSE

- 5 It is the purpose of this compact to remove barriers to
- 6 educational success imposed on children of military families
- 7 because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents by:
- 8 A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of
- 9 military families and ensuring that they are not placed
- 10 at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of
- education records from the previous school district(s) or
- variations in entrance/age requirements.
- 13 B. Facilitating the student placement process through which
- 14 children of military families are not disadvantaged by
- variations in attendance requirements, scheduling,
- sequencing, grading, course content or assessment.
- 17 C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
- 18 enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
- 19 extracurricular academic, athletic, and social
- 20 activities.
- 21 D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of
- 22 military families.
- 23 E. Providing for the promulgation and enforcement of
- 24 administrative rules implementing the provisions of this
- compact.
- 26 F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of
- information between and among member states, schools and
- 28 military families under this compact.
- 29 G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other
- 30 compacts affecting military children.

- 1 H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
 2 educational system, parents and the student in order to
 3 achieve educational success for the student.
- 4 ARTICLE II
- 5 DEFINITIONS
- 6 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a 7 different construction:
- A. "Active duty" means: full-time duty status in the active
 uniformed service of the United States, including members
 of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders
 pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 12301 et seq. and 12401 et
 seq.
- 13 B. "Children of military families" means: a school-aged
 14 child(ren), enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth
 15 (12th) grade, normally residing in the household of an
 16 active duty member.
- 17 C. "Compact commissioner" means: the voting representative 18 of each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article 19 VIII of this compact.
- D. "Deployment" means: the period one (1) month prior to the service members' departure from their home station on military orders through six (6) months after return to their home station.
- E. "Education(al) records" means: those official records,

 files, and data directly related to a student and

 maintained by the school or local education agency,

 including, but not limited to, records encompassing all

 the material kept in the student's cumulative folder such

 as general identifying data, records of attendance and of

 academic work completed, records of achievement and

- results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized education
- 3 programs.
- 4 F. "Extracurricular activities" means: a voluntary activity
- 5 sponsored by the school or local education agency or an
- 6 organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
- 7 Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited
- 8 to, preparation for and involvement in public
- 9 performances, contests, athletic competitions,
- demonstrations, displays, and club activities.
- 11 G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for
- 12 Military Children" means: the commission that is created
- under Article IX of this compact, which is generally
- 14 referred to as Interstate Commission.
- 15 H. "Local education agency" means: a public authority
- legally constituted by the state as an administrative
- 17 agency to provide control of and direction for
- 18 Kindergarten through Twelfth (12th) grade public
- 19 educational institutions.
- 20 I. "Member state" means: a state that has enacted this
- compact.
- J. "Military installation" means: a base, camp, post,
- station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or
- 24 other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department
- of Defense, including any leased facility, which is
- located within any of the several States, the District of
- 27 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S.
- Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern
- 29 Marianas Islands and any other U.S. Territory. Such term
- does not include any facility used primarily for civil

- works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.
- 3 K. "Non-member state" means: a state that has not enacted this compact.
- 5 L. "Receiving state" means: the state to which a child of a
 6 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
 7 brought.
- 8 Μ. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Interstate 9 Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of this compact that is of general applicability, implements, 10 11 interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of the 12 compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice 13 requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the 14 force and effect of statutory law in a member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an 15 16 existing rule.
- N. "Sending state" means: the state from which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
- 20 O. "State" means: a state of the United States, the District
 21 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S.
 22 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern
 23 Marianas Islands and any other U.S. Territory.
- P. "Student" means: the child of a military family for whom
 the local education agency receives public funding and
 who is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth
 (12th) grade.
- Q. "Transition" means: 1) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school or 2) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the

- sending state to another school in the receiving state.
- 2 R. "Uniformed service(s)" means: the Army, Navy, Air Force,
- 3 Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned
- 4 Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
- 5 Administration, and Public Health Services.
- S. "Veteran" means: a person who served in the uniformed services and who was discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

9 ARTICLE III

10 APPLICABILITY

- 11 A. Except as otherwise provided in Section C, this compact 12 shall apply to the children of:
- 1. active duty members of the uniformed services as defined in this compact;
 - 2. members or veterans of the uniformed services who are severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a period of one (1) year after medical discharge or retirement; and
 - 3. members of the uniformed services who die on active duty or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a period of one (1) year after death.
- 24 27 apply to local education agencies as defined in this-
- 25 28 compact.

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- B. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS INTERSTATE COMPACT SHALL ONLY
 APPLY TO LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES AS DEFINED IN THIS
 COMPACT.
- 32 C. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to the children of:

- inactive members of the national guard and
 military reserves;
 - 2. members of the uniformed services now retired, except as provided in Section A;
 - 3. veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided in Section A; and
 - 4. other U.S. Dept. of Defense personnel and other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined as active duty members of the uniformed services.

ARTICLE IV

EDUCATIONAL RECORDS & ENROLLMENT

- A. Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records In the event that official education records cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational records containing uniform information as determined by the Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and appropriately place the student based on the information provided in the unofficial records pending validation by the official records, as quickly as possible.
- B. Official education records/transcripts Simultaneous
 with the enrollment and conditional placement of the
 student, the school in the receiving state shall request
 the student's official education record from the school
 in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the
 school in the sending state will process and furnish the

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- official education records to the school in the receiving state within ten (10) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
 - C. Immunizations Compacting states shall give thirty (30) days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, for students to obtain any immunization(s) required by the receiving state. For a series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained within thirty (30) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- 14 D. Kindergarten and First grade entrance age - Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment at grade 15 16 level in the receiving state commensurate with their 17 grade level (including Kindergarten) from a local 18 education agency in the sending state at the time of 19 transition, regardless of minimum age. A student that has 20 satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade level in 21 the local education agency in the sending state shall be 22 eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level 23 in the receiving state, regardless of minimum age. A 24 student transferring after the start of the school year 25 in the receiving state shall enter the school in the 26 receiving state on their validated level from a local 27 education agency in the sending state.

28 ARTICLE V

PLACEMENT & ATTENDANCE

30 A. Course placement - When the student transfers before or

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1 during the school year, the receiving state school shall 2 initially honor placement of the student in educational 3 courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school and/or educational assessments conducted at 4 5 the school in the sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement includes, but is not limited 6 7 to, Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced 8 Placement, vocational, technical and career pathways 9 courses. Continuing the student's academic program from the previous school and promoting placement in 10 11 academically and career challenging courses should be 12 paramount when considering placement. This does not 13 preclude the school in the receiving state from 14 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate 15 placement and continued enrollment of the student in the 16 course(s).

- Educational program placement The receiving state 17 В. 18 school shall initially honor placement of the student in 19 educational programs based on current educational 20 assessments conducted at the school in the sending state 21 or participation/placement in like programs in the 22 sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited 23 to: 1) gifted and talented programs; and 2) English as a 24 second language (ESL). This does not preclude the school 25 in the receiving state from performing subsequent 26 evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the 27 student.
- 28 C. Special education services 1) In compliance with the
 29 federal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities
 30 Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C.A. Section 1400 et seq.,

1 the receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a student with disabilities based on his/her 2 3 current Individualized Education Program (IEP); and 2) In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of the 4 5 Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. Section 794, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 6 7 U.S.C.A. Sections 12131-12165, the receiving state shall 8 make reasonable accommodations and modifications to 9 address the needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, to provide 10 11 the student with equal access to education. This does not 12 preclude the school in the receiving state from 13 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate 14 placement of the student.

- D. Placement flexibility Local education agency administrative officials shall have flexibility in waiving course/program prerequisites, or other preconditions for placement in courses/programs offered under the jurisdiction of the local education agency.
- 20 Absence as related to deployment activities - A student Ε. 21 whose parent or legal quardian is an active duty member 22 of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and 23 has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or 24 immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or 25 combat support posting, shall be granted additional 26 excused absences at the discretion of the local education 27 agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent or 28 legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of 29 the parent or quardian.

30 ARTICLE VI

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- 1 ELIGIBILITY
- 2 Eligibility for enrollment - Children of military Α. 3 families shall be eligible for enrollment in the public schools of a state pursuant to the provisions of the 4 state's public school statute that provide for admission, 5 without the payment of tuition, of children of military 6 families not domiciled within the school district, 7 8 provided that the specified conditions in those 9 provisions are met.
- B. Eligibility for extracurricular participation State and local education agencies shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified.
- 15 ARTICLE VII
- 16 GRADUATION
- 17 In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children of
- 18 military families states and local education agencies shall
- 19 incorporate the following procedures:
- 20 A. Waiver requirements Local education agency
- 21 administrative officials shall waive specific courses
- required for graduation if similar course work has been
- 23 satisfactorily completed in another local education
- 24 agency or shall provide reasonable justification for
- denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who
- 26 would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the
- local education agency shall provide an alternative means
- of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may
- 29 occur on time.
- 30 B. Exit exams States shall accept: 1) exit or end-of-

- 1 course exams required for graduation from the sending state; or 2) national norm-referenced achievement tests 2 or 3) alternative testing, in lieu of testing 3 requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In 4 5 the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in his 6 7 or her Senior year, then the provisions of Article VII, 8 Section C shall apply.
- Transfers during Senior year Should a military student 9 10 transferring at the beginning or during his or her Senior 11 year be ineligible to graduate from the receiving local 12 education agency after all alternatives have been 13 considered, the sending and receiving local education 14 agencies shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending local education agency, if the student meets the 15 16 graduation requirements of the sending local education 17 agency. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall 18 19 use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of 20 the student in accordance with Sections A and B of this 21 Article.

22 ARTICLE VIII

STATE COORDINATION

A. Each member state shall, through the creation of a State Council or use of an existing body or board, provide for the coordination among its agencies of government, local education agencies and military installations concerning the state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact and Interstate Commission activities. While each member state may determine the membership of its own

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1 State Council, its membership must include at least: the 2 state superintendent of education, superintendent of a 3 school district with a high concentration of military children, representative from a military installation, 4 5 one representative each from the legislative and executive branches of government, and other offices and 6 7 stakeholder groups the State Council deems appropriate. A 8 member state that does not have a school district deemed 9 to contain a high concentration of military children may 10 appoint a superintendent from another school district to 11 represent local education agencies on the State Council.

- B. The State Council of each member state shall appoint or designate a military family education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this compact.
- C. The compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of the state's participation in the compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise determined by each member state.
- D. The compact commissioner and the military family
 education liaison designated herein shall be ex-officio
 members of the State Council, unless either is already a
 full voting member of the State Council.

24 ARTICLE IX

INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL

26 OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN

- 27 The member states hereby create the "Interstate Commission on
- 28 Educational Opportunity for Military Children." The activities
- 29 of the Interstate Commission are the formation of public policy
- 30 and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate

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1 Commission shall:

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- A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states
 and shall have all the responsibilities, powers and
 duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as
 may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent
 action of the respective legislatures of the member
 states in accordance with the terms of this compact.
 - B. Consist of one Interstate Commission voting representative from each member state who shall be that state's compact commissioner.
 - 1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.
 - 2. A majority of the total member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
 - 3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or State Council may delegate voting authority to another person from the state for a specified meeting.
 - 4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the
 Interstate Commission to be conducted by
 telecommunication or electronic communication.
- 26 C. Consist of ex-officio, non-voting representatives who are
 27 members of interested organizations. Such ex-officio
 28 members, as defined in the bylaws, may include, but not
 29 be limited to, members of the representative
 30 organizations of military family advocates, local

1 education agency officials, parent and teacher groups,

2 the U.S. Department of Defense, the Education Commission

of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the

4 Qualification of Educational Personnel and other

5 interstate compacts affecting the education of children

of military members.

- 7 D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson
- 8 may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a
- 9 simple majority of the member states, shall call
- 10 additional meetings.
- 11 E. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall
- 12 include the officers of the Interstate Commission and
- such other members of the Interstate Commission as
- determined by the bylaws. Members of the executive
- 15 committee shall serve a one year term. Members of the
- executive committee shall be entitled to one vote each.
- 17 The executive committee shall have the power to act on
- 18 behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the exception
- of rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate
- 20 Commission is not in session. The executive committee
- 21 shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the
- 22 administration of the compact including enforcement and
- compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws
- and rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The
- U.S. Dept. of Defense shall serve as an ex-officio,
- 26 nonvoting member of the executive committee.
- 27 F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions
- and procedures under which the Interstate Commission
- 29 shall make its information and official records available
- 30 to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate

- 1 Commission may exempt from disclosure information or 2 official records to the extent they would adversely 3 affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.
 - G. Give public notice of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof, where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:
 - Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
 - 2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute;
 - 3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential;
 - 4. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person;
 - 5. Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
 - 6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes; or
 - 7. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.
- H. Cause its legal counsel or designee to certify that a
 meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant
 exemptible provision for any meeting, or portion of a
 meeting, which is closed pursuant to this provision. The
 Interstate Commission shall keep minutes which shall

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- 1 fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a 2 meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of 3 actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed and the record of a 4 5 roll call vote. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All 6 7 minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain 8 under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate Commission. 9
- 10 Collect standardized data concerning the educational I. transition of the children of military families under 11 12 this compact as directed through its rules which shall 13 specify the data to be collected, the means of collection 14 and data exchange and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, 15 16 in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current 17 technology and coordinate its information functions with 18 the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the 19 bylaws and rules.
- 20 Create a process that permits military officials, J. 21 education officials and parents to inform the Interstate 22 Commission if and when there are alleged violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to the 23 24 jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not 25 addressed by the state or local education agency. This 26 section shall not be construed to create a private right 27 of action against the Interstate Commission or any member 28 state or a political subdivision of a member state.
- 29 ARTICLE X
- 30 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

- 1 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:
- 2 A. To provide for dispute resolution among member states.
- B. To promulgate rules and take necessary actions to effect
- 4 the goals, purposes and obligations as enumerated in this
- 5 compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of
- 6 statutory law and shall be binding in the compact states
- 7 to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.
- 8 C. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory
- 9 opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the
- interstate compact, its bylaws, rules and actions.
- 11 D. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the
- 12 rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the
- bylaws, using all necessary and proper means, including,
- but not limited to, the use of judicial process.
- 15 E. To establish and maintain offices which shall be located
- within one or more of the member states.
- 17 F. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- 18 G. To borrow, accept, hire or contract for services of
- 19 personnel.
- 20 H. To establish and appoint committees including, but not
- 21 limited to, an executive committee as required by Article
- IX, Section E, which shall have the power to act on
- 23 behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its
- 24 powers and duties hereunder.
- I. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees,
- agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation,
- 27 define their duties and determine their qualifications;
- and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel
- 29 policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest,
- rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

- J. To accept any and all donations and grants of money,
- 2 equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to
- 3 receive, utilize, and dispose of it.
- 4 K. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of,
- or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property,
- 6 real, personal, or mixed.
- 7 L. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
- 8 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real,
- 9 personal or mixed.
- 10 M. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
- 11 N. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and
- 12 operation of the Interstate Commission.
- O. To report annually to the legislatures, governors,
- judiciary, and state councils of the member states
- 15 concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission
- during the preceding year. Such reports shall also
- include any recommendations that may have been adopted by
- 18 the Interstate Commission.
- 19 P. To coordinate education, training and public awareness
- 20 regarding the compact, its implementation and operation
- 21 for officials and parents involved in such activity.
- 22 Q. To establish uniform standards for the reporting,
- collecting and exchanging of data.
- 24 R. To maintain corporate books and records in accordance
- with the bylaws.
- 26 S. To perform such functions as may be necessary or
- 27 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
- 28 T. To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of
- information between and among member states, schools and
- 30 military families under this compact.

1 ARTICLE XI 2 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 3 Α. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members present and voting, within 12 months after the 4 5 first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to 6 7 carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not 8 limited to: 9 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate 10 Commission; 11 2. Establishing an executive committee, and such 12 other committees as may be necessary; 13 3. Providing for the establishment of committees and 14 for governing any general or specific delegation 15 of authority or function of the Interstate Commission: 16 17 Providing reasonable procedures for calling and 4. 18 conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, 19 and ensuring reasonable notice of each such 20 meeting; 21 Establishing the titles and responsibilities of 5. 22 the officers and staff of the Interstate 23

- Commission:
 - 6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations.
 - Providing "start up" rules for initial administration of the compact.

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- 1 В. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the 2 members, elect annually from among its members a 3 chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be 4 5 specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-6 7 chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall 8 9 serve without compensation or remuneration from the 10 Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be 11 12 reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and expenses 13 incurred by them in the performance of their 14 responsibilities as officers of the Interstate 15 Commission.
- 16 C. Executive Committee, Officers and Personnel
 - The executive committee shall have such authority and duties as may be set forth in the bylaws, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Managing the affairs of the Interstate

 Commission in a manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate

 Commission;
 - b. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and appropriate procedures for the Interstate Commission to provide for the creation of rules, operating procedures, and administrative and technical support functions; and
 - c. Planning, implementing, and coordinating

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- communications and activities with other
 state, federal and local government
 organizations in order to advance the goals
 of the Interstate Commission.
 - 2. (Reserved).

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- 3. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a Member of the Interstate Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise such other persons as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- The Interstate Commission's executive director and 17 D. 18 employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either 19 personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for 20 damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other 21 civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to 22 an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 23 occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis for 24 believing occurred, within the scope of Interstate 25 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; 26 provided, that such person shall not be protected from 27 suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability 28 caused by the intentional or willful and wanton 29 misconduct of such person.
 - 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's

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executive director and employees or Interstate
Commission representatives, acting within the
scope of such person's employment or duties for
acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such
person's state may not exceed the limits of
liability set forth under the Constitution and
laws of that state for state officials,
employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission
is considered to be an instrumentality of the
states for the purposes of any such action.
Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
protect such person from suit or liability for
damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the
intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of
such person.

The Interstate Commission shall defend the 2. executive director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, shall defend such Interstate Commission representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the

- actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
 - 3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

ARTICLE XII

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

A. Rulemaking Authority - The Interstate Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this compact.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this Act, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the Interstate Commission shall be invalid and

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have no force or effect.

- B. Rulemaking Procedure Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process that substantially conforms to the

 "Model State Administrative Procedure Act," of 1981 Act,

 Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended,

 as may be appropriate to the operations of the Interstate

 Commission.
- 7 С. Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is 8 promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial 9 review of the rule; provided, that the filing of such a 10 petition shall not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the court finds that the 11 12 petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The 13 court shall give deference to the actions of the 14 Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and 15 shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule 16 represents a reasonable exercise of the Interstate 17 Commission's authority.
 - D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a Rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

23 ARTICLE XIII

24 OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

25 A. Oversight

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1. The executive, legislative and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of

- this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.
 - 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Interstate Commission.
 - 3. The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this compact or promulgated rules.
 - B. Default, Technical Assistance, Suspension and Termination

 If the Interstate Commission determines that a member
 state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations
 or responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or
 promulgated rules, the Interstate Commission shall:
 - 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default and any action taken by the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default.
 - 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.

- 4. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.
- 5. The state which has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of suspension or termination.
- 6. The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to any state that has been found to be in default or which has been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the

1 Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.

7. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Interstate Commission by petitioning the U.S.

District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Interstate

Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.

10 C. Dispute Resolution

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- 1. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and non-member states.
- 2. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

D. Enforcement

- The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.
- 2. The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its promulgated rules and bylaws,

against a member state in default. The relief
sought may include both injunctive relief and
damages. In the event judicial enforcement is
necessary the prevailing party shall be awarded
all costs of such litigation, including
reasonable attorney's fees.

3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of a profession.

ARTICLE XIV

FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

- A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities.
- B. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
- 26 C. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of
 27 any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the
 28 same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the
 29 credit of any of the member states, except by and with
 30 the authority of the member state.

1 D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of 2 all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and 3 disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures 4 established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and 5 6 disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate 7 Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or 8 licensed public accountant and the report of the audit 9 shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission. 10

ARTICLE XV

- 12 MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT
- 13 A. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
- 14 The compact shall become effective and binding upon В. 15 legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than ten (10) of the states. The effective date shall be 16 17 no earlier than December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall 18 become effective and binding as to any other member state 19 upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The 20 governors of non-member states or their designees shall 21 be invited to participate in the activities of the 22 Interstate Commission on a non-voting basis prior to 23 adoption of the compact by all states.
 - C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.

30 ARTICLE XVI

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WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION

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)	Α.	Withdrawal

1.	Once effective, the compact shall continue in
1	force and remain binding upon each and every
5	member state; provided that a member state may
5	withdraw from the compact specifically repealing
7	the statute, which enacted the compact into law.

- 1. ONCE EFFECTIVE, THE COMPACT SHALL CONTINUE IN FORCE AND REMAIN BINDING UPON EACH AND EVERY MEMBER STATE; PROVIDED THAT A MEMBER STATE MAY WITHDRAW FROM THE COMPACT BY SPECIFICALLY REPEALING THE STATUTE, WHICH ENACTED THE COMPACT INTO LAW.
- 2. Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take effect until one (1) year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the Governor of each other member state.
- 3. The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the withdrawing state.

 The Interstate Commission shall notify the other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty (60) days of its receipt thereof.
- 4. The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred

- through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.
 - 5. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.
 - B. Dissolution of Compact

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- 1. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one (1) member state.
- 2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

ARTICLE XVII

SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if
 any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed
 unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact
 shall be enforceable.
- B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
- C. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit
 the applicability of other interstate compacts to which
 the states are members.
- 30 ARTICLE XVIII

- BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
- 2 A. Other Laws

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- 1. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
 - 2. All member states' laws conflicting with this compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- 9 B. Binding Effect of the Compact
- 1. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
 including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the
 Interstate Commission, are binding upon the
 member states.
- 2. All agreements between the Intrastate Commission

 and the member states are binding in accordance

 with their terms.
 - 2. ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

 AND THE MEMBER STATES ARE BINDING IN ACCORDANCE

 WITH THEIR TERMS.
 - 3. In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
- 26 Section 3. When and how compact becomes operative.
- 27 (a) General rule.--When the Governor executes the Interstate
- 28 Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children on
- 29 behalf of this State and files a verified copy thereof with the
- 30 Secretary of the Commonwealth and when the compact is ratified

- 1 by at least ten other states, upon publication in the
- 2 Pennsylvania Bulletin under subsection (b), then the compact
- 3 shall become operative and effective between this State and such
- 4 other states. The Governor is hereby authorized and directed to
- 5 take such action as may be necessary to complete the exchange of
- 6 official documents between this State and any other state
- 7 ratifying the compact.
- 8 (b) Publication in Pennsylvania Bulletin. -- The Secretary of
- 9 the Commonwealth shall forward the ratified compact to the
- 10 Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the Pennsylvania
- 11 Bulletin and the Pennsylvania Code when the conditions set forth
- 12 in subsection (a) are satisfied and shall include in the notice
- 13 the date on which the compact became effective and operative
- 14 between this State and any other states in accordance with this
- 15 act.
- 16 Section 4. Force and effect of compact rules.
- 17 Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission on Educational
- 18 Opportunity for Military Children under Article XII of the
- 19 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- 20 Children shall not be subject to any of the following:
- 21 (1) Sections 201, 202, 203, 204 or 205 of the act of
- 22 July 31, 1968 (P.L.769, No.240), referred to as the
- 23 Commonwealth Documents Law.
- 24 (2) Section 204(b) of the act of October 15, 1980
- 25 (P.L.950, No.164), known as the Commonwealth Attorneys Act.
- 26 (3) The act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as
- the Regulatory Review Act.
- 28 (4) The provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to
- 29 administrative law and procedure).
- 30 Section 5. Action to enforce compliance against member states.

- 1 An action by the Interstate Commission on Educational
- 2 Opportunity for Military Children to enforce compliance by the
- 3 Commonwealth or a political subdivision with a provision of the
- 4 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- 5 Children or with a rule promulgated under Article XII of the
- 6 compact must be brought against the Commonwealth and not against
- 7 a political subdivision.
- 8 Section 6. State Council on Interstate Educational Opportunity
- 9 for Military Children.
- 10 (a) Establishment.--Consistent with Article VIII of the
- 11 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- 12 Children, there is hereby established the State Council on
- 13 Interstate Educational Opportunity for Military Children. The
- 14 council shall conduct all business pursuant to 65 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7
- 15 (relating to open meetings) and the act of February 14, 2008
- 16 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law. The council shall
- 17 consist of the Secretary of Education; four members appointed by
- 18 the Governor, one a superintendent of a school district with a
- 19 high concentration of military children, one a representative of
- 20 a military installation, one a representative of the
- 21 Pennsylvania School Boards Association and one a representative
- 22 of the executive branch; and one member each appointed by the
- 23 President pro tempore of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the
- 24 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
- 25 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.
- 26 (b) Terms.--The term of a member of the council hereafter
- 27 appointed, except to fill a vacancy, shall be four years and
- 28 until a successor has been appointed, but in no event more than
- 29 90 days beyond the expiration of the appointed term. The term of
- 30 a member of the council who is appointed by virtue of serving as

- 1 a member of the General Assembly shall continue only as long as
- 2 the individual remains in that office.
- 3 (c) Vacancy. -- A vacancy occurring in an office of a member
- 4 of the council for any reason shall be filled by the appointing
- 5 authority for the remainder of the term.
- 6 Section 7. Appointment of compact commissioner.
- 7 The compact commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor.
- 8 The compact commissioner must have experience in school district
- 9 administration, school district operations, student attendance,
- 10 enrollment, transfers or education law. The compact commissioner
- 11 shall serve as a member of the State Council on Interstate
- 12 Educational Opportunity for Military Children and as a member of
- 13 the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for
- 14 Military Children established pursuant to Article IX of the
- 15 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- 16 Children.
- 17 Section 8. Compensation and expenses of compact commissioner.
- 18 The compact commissioner who represents this State under the
- 19 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
- 20 Children shall not be entitled to any additional compensation
- 21 for his duties and responsibilities as compact commissioner but
- 22 shall be entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses
- 23 actually incurred in connection with his duties and
- 24 responsibilities as compact commissioner in the same manner as
- 25 for expenses incurred in connection with other duties and
- 26 responsibilities of his office or employment.
- 27 Section 9. Effective date.
- This act shall take effect immediately.