THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

2725 Session of 2012

INTRODUCED BY WATERS, THOMAS, V. BROWN, M. O'BRIEN, PARKER AND STURLA, OCTOBER 23, 2012

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, OCTOBER 23, 2012

AN ACT

- Amending Title 18 (Crimes and Offenses) of the Pennsylvania
- Consolidated Statutes, in general principles of 2
- 3
- justification, further providing for definitions, for use of force in self-protection, for use of force for the protection 4
- of property and for use of force by persons with special 5
- responsibility for care, discipline or safety of others. 6
- 7 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- hereby enacts as follows:
- 9 Section 1. Section 501 of Title 18 of the Pennsylvania
- 10 Consolidated Statutes is amended by adding a definition to read:
- 11 § 501. Definitions.
- 12 Subject to additional definitions contained in subsequent
- 13 provisions of this chapter which are applicable to specific
- 14 provisions of this chapter, the following words and phrases,
- 15 when used in this chapter shall have, unless the context clearly
- 16 indicates otherwise, the meanings given to them in this section:
- 17
- 18 "Public safety dispatcher." An individual that has fulfilled
- 19 all minimum training and certification standards for emergency
- 20 dispatchers, call takers and supervisors who work for 911

- 1 <u>emergency communications centers or remote dispatch points in</u>
- 2 this Commonwealth in accordance with 4 Pa. Code Ch. 120c
- 3 (relating to training and certification standards for 911
- 4 <u>emergency communications personnel</u>).
- 5 * * *
- 6 Section 2. Section 505(b)(1), (2), (2.2), (2.3) and (2.4) of
- 7 Title 18 are amended to read:
- 8 § 505. Use of force in self-protection.
- 9 * * *
- 10 (b) Limitations on justifying necessity for use of force.--
- 11 (1) The use of force is not justifiable under this
- 12 section:
- 13 (i) to resist an arrest which the actor knows is 14 being made by a peace officer, although the arrest is
- unlawful; [or]
- (ii) to resist force used by the occupier or

 possessor of property or by another person on his behalf,

 where the actor knows that the person using the force is

 doing so under a claim of right to protect the property,
- 20 except that this limitation shall not apply if:
- 21 (A) the actor is a public officer acting in the
- 22 performance of his duties or a person lawfully
- assisting him therein or a person making or assisting
- in a lawful arrest;
- 25 (B) the actor has been unlawfully dispossessed
- of the property and is making a reentry or recaption
- justified by section 507 of this title (relating to
- use of force for the protection of property); or
- 29 (C) the actor believes that such force is
- 30 necessary to protect himself against death or serious

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1	grandchild or is otherwise in the lawful custody or under
2	the lawful guardianship of the person against whom the
3	protective force is used;
4	(iii) the actor is engaged in a criminal activity or
5	is using the dwelling, residence or occupied vehicle to
6	further a criminal activity; [or]
7	(iv) the person against whom the force is used is a
8	peace officer acting in the performance of his official
9	duties and the actor using force knew or reasonably
10	should have known that the person was a peace officer[.];
11	(v) the actor knows that he can avoid the necessity
12	of using such force with complete safety by retreating;
13	<u>or</u>
14	(vi) the actor was instructed by a peace officer or
15	public safety dispatcher to not pursue another person.
16	[(2.3) An actor who is not engaged in a criminal
17	activity, who is not in illegal possession of a firearm and
18	who is attacked in any place where the actor would have a
19	duty to retreat under paragraph (2)(ii) has no duty to
20	retreat and has the right to stand his ground and use force,
21	including deadly force, if:
22	(i) the actor has a right to be in the place where
23	he was attacked;
24	(ii) the actor believes it is immediately necessary
25	to do so to protect himself against death, serious bodily
26	injury, kidnapping or sexual intercourse by force or
27	threat; and
28	(iii) the person against whom the force is used
29	displays or otherwise uses:
30	(A) a firearm or replica of a firearm as defined

Τ.	III 42 Fa.C.3. § 9/12 (Teracing to Sentences for
2	offenses committed with firearms); or
3	(B) any other weapon readily or apparently
4	capable of lethal use.
5	(2.4) The exception to the duty to retreat set forth
6	under paragraph (2.3) does not apply if the person against
7	whom the force is used is a peace officer acting in the
8	performance of his official duties and the actor using force
9	knew or reasonably should have known that the person was a
10	peace officer.]
11	* * *
12	Section 3. Section 507(c) of Title 18 is amended by adding
13	paragraphs to read:
14	§ 507. Use of force for the protection of property.
15	* * *
16	(c) Limitations on justifiable use of force
17	* * *
18	(3.1) The use of force to prevent or terminate a
19	trespass is not justifiable under this section if:
20	(i) the actor knows that he can avoid the necessity
21	of using such force with complete safety by retreating;
22	<u>or</u>
23	(ii) the actor was instructed by a peace officer or
24	public safety dispatcher to not pursue another person.
25	* * *
26	(5) The use of deadly force is not justifiable under
27	this section if:
28	(i) the actor knows that he can avoid the necessity
29	of using such force with complete safety by retreating;
30	<u>or</u>

1 (ii) the actor was instructed by a peace officer or public safety dispatcher to not pursue another person. 2 Section 4. Section 509 of Title 18 is amended to read: 3 § 509. Use of force by persons with special responsibility for 4 5 care, discipline or safety of others. (a) Justifiable use of force. -- The use of force upon or 6 7 toward the person of another is justifiable if: 8 The actor is the parent or quardian or other person 9 similarly responsible for the general care and supervision of 10 a minor or a person acting at the request of such parent, 11 quardian or other responsible person and: 12 the force is used for the purpose of (i) safequarding or promoting the welfare of the minor, 13 14 including the preventing or punishment of his misconduct; 15 and the force used is not designed to cause or 16 (ii) known to create a substantial risk of causing death, 17 18 serious bodily injury, disfigurement, extreme pain or 19 mental distress or gross degradation. 20 The actor is a teacher or person otherwise entrusted 21 with the care or supervision for a special purpose of a minor 22 and: 23 (i)the actor believes that the force used is 24 necessary to further such special purpose, including the 25 maintenance of reasonable discipline in a school, class 26 or other group, and that the use of such force is 27 consistent with the welfare of the minor; and 28 (ii) the degree of force, if it had been used by the 29 parent or quardian of the minor, would not be unjustifiable under paragraph (1)(ii). 30

- 1 (3) The actor is the guardian or other person similarly
 2 responsible for the general care and supervision of an
 3 incapacitated, mentally ill or mentally retarded person; and:
 - (i) the force is used for the purpose of safeguarding or promoting the welfare of the incapacitated, mentally ill or mentally retarded person, including the prevention of his misconduct, and there is no reasonable alternative to the use of such force; and
 - (ii) the force used is not designed to cause or known to create a substantial risk of causing death, bodily injury, disfigurement, unnecessary pain, mental distress, or humiliation.
 - (4) The actor is a doctor or other therapist or a person assisting him at his direction; and:
 - (i) the force is used for the purpose of administering a recognized form of treatment not prohibited by law of this Commonwealth which the actor believes to be adapted to promoting the physical or mental health of the patient; and
 - (ii) the treatment is administered with the consent of the patient, or, if the patient is a minor or an incapacitated person with the consent of his parent or guardian or other person legally competent to consent in his behalf, or the treatment is administered in an emergency when the actor believes that no one competent to consent can be consulted and that a reasonable person, wishing to safeguard the welfare of the patient, would consent.
- 29 (5) The actor is a warden or other authorized official of a correctional institution; and:

- 1 he believes that the force used is necessary for 2 the purpose of enforcing the lawful rules or procedures 3 of the institution, unless his belief in the lawfulness of the rule or procedure sought to be enforced is 4 erroneous and his error is due to ignorance or mistake as 5 6 to the provisions of this title, any other provision of 7 the criminal law or the law governing the administration 8 of the institution:
 - (ii) the nature or degree of force used is not forbidden by law; and
 - (iii) if deadly force is used, its use is otherwise justifiable under this chapter.
 - (6) The actor is a person responsible for the safety of a vessel or an aircraft or a person acting at his direction; and:
 - (i) he believes that the force used is necessary to prevent interference with the operation of the vessel or aircraft or obstruction of the execution of a lawful order, unless his belief in the lawfulness of the order is erroneous and his error is due to ignorance or mistake as to the law defining his authority; and
 - (ii) if deadly force is used, its use is otherwise justifiable under this chapter.
 - (7) The actor is a person who is authorized or required by law to maintain order or decorum in a vehicle, train or other carrier or in a place where others are assembled; and:
- 27 (i) he believes that the force used is necessary for 28 such purpose; and
- 29 (ii) the force used is not designed to cause death, 30 or known to create a substantial risk of causing death,

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1	bodily injury, or extreme mental distress.
2	(b) Use of force not justifiable The use of force upon or
3	toward the person of another is not justifiable if:
4	(1) the actor knows that he can avoid the necessity of
5	using such force with complete safety by retreating; or
6	(2) the actor was instructed by a peace officer or
7	public safety dispatcher to not pursue another person.
8	Section 5. This act shall take effect in 60 days.