THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 1264 Session of 2011

INTRODUCED BY PARKER, HARPER, BISHOP, B. BOYLE, K. BOYLE, BRADFORD, BRENNAN, BRIGGS, R. BROWN, V. BROWN, BROWNLEE, CALTAGIRONE, CARROLL, CLYMER, D. COSTA, CREIGHTON, DAVIS, DAVIDSON, Depasquale, Fleck, Freeman, Gingrich, Grell, Harhart, Hennessey, Hess, Hornaman, Josephs, Kirkland, Kortz, Kula, Longietti, Maher, McGeehan, Micozzie, Mirabito, Mundy, Myers, M. O'Brien, Payton, Pickett, Quinn, Reichley, Roebuck, Ross, Sabatina, Santarsiero, Shapiro, Sturla, Vereb, Vulakovich, Wagner, Watson, Wheatley, Williams, Youngblood, Petri, Farry, Rapp, Dermody, Murt and Delozier, April 1, 2011

AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, JUNE 4, 2012

AN ACT

1 2 3 4	Amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, IN DEPOSITIONS AND WITNESSES, providing for expert testimony in certain criminal proceedings.	←
5	The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:	←
6	(1) Research indicates that victims of sex crimes behave	
7	in many different ways, but because of the prevalence and	
8	persistence of myths and misunderstandings regarding sex-	
9	crimes, jurors often perceive common victim behaviors as-	
10	counterintuitive and mistakenly believe that they are	
11	compelling evidence of a victim's lack of credibility.	
12	(2) One of the misconceptions of jurors is that a sexual	
13	assault victim would ordinarily be expected to make a prompt-	
14	complaint to law enforcement authorities. As such, jurors	

2	credibility of a sexual assault victim.
3	(3) Jurors bring their biases into the jury room and the
4	process of jury selection often fails to reveal jurors'
5	mistaken beliefs about crimes of sexual violence and victim-
6	responses to sex crimes.
7	(4) To overcome these myths and misunderstandings
8	related to victim behavior, many courts have recognized that
9	expert testimony is necessary to provide jurors with the
10	proper context in which to evaluate a victim's behaviors.
11	(5) Counselors, psychiatrists, psychologists, victim-
12	advocates, social workers and others who work with sexual
13	assault victims possess specialized knowledge about common-
14	victim behaviors and victim responses to trauma and that
15	expertise is beyond the experience and knowledge of the
16	average juror.
17	(6) Without an accurate context in which to evaluate
18	victim behaviors, it is common for jurors to fail to
19	recognize a victim's behavior as a common response to trauma.
20	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
21	hereby enacts as follows:
22	Section 1. Title 42 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
23	Statutes is amended by adding a section to read:
24	§ 5920. Expert testimony in certain criminal proceedings.
25	(a) Scope This section applies to all of the following:
26	(1) A criminal proceeding for an offense for which
27	registration is required under section 9795.1 (relating to
28	registration) SUBCHAPTER H OF CHAPTER 97 (RELATING TO
29	REGISTRATION OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS).
30	(2) A criminal proceeding for an offense under 18

1 often incorrectly draw an adverse inference against the

1	Pa.C.S. § 3122.1 (relating to statutory sexual assault).
2	(b) Rule. In an action subject to this section, a witness
3	PA.C.S. CHAPTER 31 (RELATING TO SEXUAL OFFENSES).
4	(B) QUALIFICATIONS AND USE OF EXPERTS
5	(1) IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION, A
6	WITNESS may be qualified by the court as an expert if the
7	witness has specialized knowledge beyond that possessed by
8	the average layperson based on the <pre>witness'</pre>
9	knowledge, skill, experience, training or education
10	EXPERIENCE WITH, OR SPECIALIZED TRAINING OR EDUCATION IN,
11	CRIMINAL JUSTICE, BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES OR VICTIM SERVICES
12	ISSUES, RELATED TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE, that will assist the
13	trier of fact in understanding the dynamics of sexual
14	violence, victim responses to sexual violence and the impact
15	of sexual violence on victims during and after being
16	assaulted. If qualified as an expert, the
17	(2) TE OUNTEER AC AN EXPERE HIE without may toctify
Τ,	(2) IF QUALIFIED AS AN EXPERT, THE witness may testify \leftarrow
18	to facts and opinions regarding specific types of victim
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