THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 730

Session of 2011

INTRODUCED BY D. COSTA, DeLUCA, CALTAGIRONE, GEORGE, HARKINS, HORNAMAN, JOSEPHS, KULA, MATZIE, STABACK, STURLA, WHITE AND DALEY, FEBRUARY 16, 2011

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FEBRUARY 16, 2011

AN ACT

- 1 Prohibiting unreasonable restraints of trade; imposing 2 penalties; and providing for enforcement.
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- 15 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 16 hereby enacts as follows:
- 17 Section 1. Short title.

- 1 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Pennsylvania
- 2 Antitrust Act.
- 3 Section 2. Declaration of policy.
- 4 The General Assembly finds and declares that the purpose of
- 5 this act is to promote the public benefits of a competitive
- 6 economic environment and to protect the economic welfare of
- 7 consumers, businesses and the Commonwealth.
- 8 Section 3. Definitions.
- 9 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 10 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 11 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 12 "Attorney General." Includes a designated deputy Attorney
- 13 General. The term does not include a private attorney or law
- 14 firm.
- 15 "Business of insurance." That business of insurance
- 16 conducted by an insurance company, association or reciprocal,
- 17 nonprofit hospital plan corporation, nonprofit professional
- 18 health service plan, health maintenance organization, fraternal
- 19 benefits society or any risk-assuming preferred provider
- 20 organization or nonrisk-assuming preferred provider organization
- 21 not governed and regulated under the Employee Retirement Income
- 22 Security Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-406, 88 Stat. 829).
- 23 "Person." An individual, partnership, corporation,
- 24 association or other entity individually or as a part of an
- 25 alleged class, or through its officers, agents, employees or
- 26 attorneys or those acting in concert with the person. The term
- 27 includes a political subdivision.
- 28 "Political subdivision." Includes an agency, a board, a
- 29 commission or an authority of a political subdivision.
- "Reasonable cause to believe." The totality of facts and

- 1 circumstances sufficient to warrant belief by a person of
- 2 reasonable caution that further investigation is necessary. The
- 3 term does not require the Attorney General to establish probable
- 4 cause or a prima facie case.
- 5 "Trade secret." Anything which constitutes, represents,
- 6 evidences or records secret or confidential scientific,
- 7 technical, merchandising, production, management or commercial
- 8 information.
- 9 Section 4. Unreasonable restraints of trade.
- 10 A contract, combination or conspiracy in restraint of trade
- 11 or commerce in this Commonwealth is unlawful.
- 12 Section 5. Penalties.
- 13 (a) Criminal penalty.--
- 14 (1) A partnership, corporation, association or other
- entity which violates section 4 commits a felony of the third
- degree and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine
- of not more than \$1,000,000.
- 18 (2) An individual who violates section 4 commits a
- 19 felony of the third degree and shall, upon conviction, be
- sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$100,000 or to
- 21 imprisonment for not more than three years, or both.
- 22 (b) Enforcement. -- The Attorney General shall have standing
- 23 and authority to prosecute an action for a criminal penalty.
- 24 (c) Alternative civil penalty. -- In lieu of criminal
- 25 prosecution under subsection (b), the Attorney General may elect
- 26 to bring an action for a civil penalty. In an action under this
- 27 subsection:
- 28 (1) An individual who violates section 4 shall be liable
- for a penalty of not more than \$100,000 for each violation
- and for the cost of suit, including reasonable attorney fees.

- 1 (2) A partnership, corporation, association or other
- 2 entity which violates section 4 shall be liable for a penalty
- of not more than \$1,000,000 for each violation and for the
- 4 cost of the suit, including reasonable attorney fees.
- 5 (d) Factors to be considered. -- In determining the
- 6 appropriate sanctions to be imposed under this section, the
- 7 court shall consider at least the following factors:
- 8 (1) The prior criminal record of the violator.
- 9 (2) The size and amount of the contract involved, if
- 10 any.
- 11 (e) Disposition of fines and penalties. -- Criminal fines and
- 12 civil penalties collected under this section shall be paid into
- 13 the State Treasury.
- 14 (f) Limitation of action. -- An action under this section must
- 15 be commenced within four years after the violation of this act
- 16 is committed.
- 17 (g) Double jeopardy. -- A criminal prosecution or an action
- 18 solely for a civil penalty under this section may not be brought
- 19 against a person previously charged by information or indictment
- 20 with a criminal violation of 62 Pa.C.S. Ch. 45 (relating to
- 21 antibid-rigging), or of a Federal antitrust statute, if the
- 22 prosecution is based upon substantially the same conduct upon
- 23 which a prosecution under this section could be based and
- 24 jeopardy has attached under the prosecution.
- 25 (h) Other actions. -- An action under this section does not
- 26 bar administrative sanctions, a civil action for injunctive
- 27 relief under section 6 or a civil action for damages or
- 28 injunctive relief under section 7.
- 29 Section 6. Injunctive relief.
- 30 (a) Action by Attorney General. -- The Attorney General may

- 1 bring a civil action against any person to restrain the conduct
- 2 prohibited by this act.
- 3 (b) Commencement of action. -- An action under this section
- 4 must be commenced within four years after the violation of this
- 5 act is committed.
- 6 Section 7. Private cause of action.
- 7 (a) Cause of action.--
- 8 (1) A person directly injured in business or property as
- 9 a result of an act prohibited by this act shall have a right
- 10 to bring a civil action for damages or injunctive relief.
- 11 (2) The Commonwealth, whether a direct or indirect
- 12 purchaser, when injured in its business or property as a
- result of an act prohibited by this act, shall have the right
- 14 to bring a civil action for damages or injunctive relief. In
- an action by the Commonwealth as an indirect purchaser, the
- 16 court shall take necessary steps, including transfer and
- 17 consolidation, to avoid duplicate liability for the same
- 18 injury.
- 19 (3) Neither the Commonwealth nor any person may maintain
- or continue to maintain a civil action under this act based
- 21 on any transactions or occurrences if a final judgment as to
- 22 which all appeals have been exhausted has been entered in an
- action by or on behalf of the Commonwealth or of the person,
- under the antitrust laws of the United States or another
- state for injury arising from the same transactions,
- 26 occurrences or circumstances.
- 27 (b) Limitation of action. -- A cause of action arises under
- 28 this section at the time the conduct in violation of this act is
- 29 discovered or should have been discovered or, for a continuing
- 30 violation, at the time the latest violation of this act is

- 1 discovered or should have been discovered. An action under this
- 2 section must be brought within four years of the date when the
- 3 cause of action arises. During the pendency of an action under
- 4 section 5 and for one year after the action is completed, the
- 5 limitation under this subsection is tolled if the action under
- 6 this section is based in whole or in part on any matter
- 7 complained of in the action under section 5. If the running of
- 8 the statute of limitations in respect of a cause of action
- 9 arising under this section is tolled under this subsection, any
- 10 action to enforce that cause of action shall be barred unless
- 11 commenced either within the period of suspension or within four
- 12 years after the cause of action accrued.
- 13 (c) Damages.--Damages recoverable under this act by the
- 14 Commonwealth and by any person shall be actual damages sustained
- 15 plus the cost of suit, including reasonable attorney fees. If
- 16 the circumstances warrant, damages recoverable under this act by
- 17 any person may be three times the actual damages sustained plus
- 18 taxable costs and reasonable attorney fees. Damages are subject
- 19 to the following:
- 20 (1) Neither the Commonwealth nor any person shall be
- 21 awarded any damages, including treble damages, if a court of
- another jurisdiction has already entered judgment on a claim
- 23 by the Commonwealth or the person arising out of the same
- transaction or occurrence.
- 25 (2) If the conduct which gives rise to a violation of
- 26 this act also gives rise to a violation of 62 Pa.C.S. Ch. 45
- 27 (relating to antibid-rigging), the amount awarded as civil
- damages or compensation under this act shall not duplicate
- the amount awarded under 62 Pa.C.S. Ch. 45.
- 30 (d) Costs in injunction actions. -- In an injunction action in

- 1 which the plaintiff substantially prevails, the court shall
- 2 award the cost of suit, including reasonable attorney fees.
- 3 (e) Liability.--Liability under this section shall be joint
- 4 and several. Persons subject to liability under this act shall
- 5 be entitled to contribution in accordance with 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 83
- 6 Subch. B (relating to contribution among tort-feasors).
- 7 (f) Notice to Attorney General. -- Within ten days of filing a
- 8 complaint under this section, the plaintiff shall serve a copy
- 9 of the complaint upon the Attorney General by registered mail. A
- 10 copy of the certificate of service shall be filed with the
- 11 court.
- 12 (g) Collateral estoppel. -- A criminal conviction for a
- 13 violation of section 4 shall be prima facie evidence as to
- 14 liability of the convicted participants in a civil action under
- 15 this section. This subsection does not apply to pleas of no
- 16 contest or to consent decrees. Nothing contained in this
- 17 subsection shall be construed to impose a limitation on the
- 18 application of collateral estoppel.
- 19 (h) Authority of Attorney General. -- The Attorney General has
- 20 authority under this section:
- 21 (1) To bring all actions on behalf of the Commonwealth.
- 22 (2) To bring an action as parens patriae on behalf of
- 23 individuals who:
- (i) have suffered an injury to their property by
- reason of a violation of this act; and
- 26 (ii) resided in this Commonwealth when the violation
- occurred.
- 28 (3) To bring an action on behalf of a political
- subdivision, if requested to do so by the political
- 30 subdivision.

- 1 Section 8. Exemptions.
- 2 (a) Sovereign immunity. -- The Commonwealth shall not be
- 3 liable in actions under this act. Commonwealth officials and
- 4 employees acting in their official capacities shall not be
- 5 liable for penalties under section 5 or for damages, costs and
- 6 attorney fees under section 7.
- 7 (b) Governmental and official immunity. -- Political
- 8 subdivisions shall not be liable in actions under this act.
- 9 Officials and employees of political subdivisions acting in
- 10 their official capacities shall not be liable for penalties
- 11 under section 5 or for damages, costs and attorney fees under
- 12 section 7.
- 13 (c) State action. -- Conduct which results from a clearly
- 14 articulated and affirmatively expressed State policy and which
- 15 is actively supervised by the Commonwealth shall not constitute
- 16 a violation of this act.
- 17 (d) Labor organizations. -- The existence and operation of a
- 18 labor organization and the exercise of lawful activities of a
- 19 labor organization shall not constitute a violation of this act.
- 20 (e) Cooperative associations. -- The collective activities of
- 21 an agricultural or a horticultural cooperative association to
- 22 process, prepare for market, handle and market members'
- 23 products, whether or not the activities restrain competition
- 24 among the members of the association, shall not constitute a
- 25 violation of this act.
- 26 (f) Business of insurance. -- This act does not apply to the
- 27 business of insurance to the extent that the business:
- 28 (1) is regulated by the Insurance Commissioner; and
- 29 (2) does not constitute a boycott, coercion or
- 30 intimidation or an agreement to boycott, coerce or

- 1 intimidate.
- 2 (g) Public utilities. -- This act does not apply to
- 3 activities of, or to the rates charged by, an electric
- 4 cooperative corporation, as defined in 15 Pa.C.S. Ch. 73
- 5 (relating to electric cooperative corporations), or a public
- 6 utility, as defined in 66 Pa.C.S. § 102 (relating to
- 7 definitions), to the extent that those activities or rates are
- 8 subject to the review of the Pennsylvania Public Utility
- 9 Commission or a comparable Federal agency. Upon the filing of a
- 10 complaint against a public utility under this act, the public
- 11 utility may request from Commonwealth Court a declaratory order
- 12 outlining the extent to which the activity or rates subject to
- 13 the complaint are subject to the review of the commission; or,
- 14 if the public utility's conduct or activities are subject
- 15 primarily to the jurisdiction of a comparable Federal agency,
- 16 the public utility may request from that agency a declaratory
- 17 order outlining the extent to which the activity or rates
- 18 subject to the complaint are subject to the review of the
- 19 comparable Federal agency. This public utility exemption is in
- 20 addition to other exemptions granted to public utilities in this
- 21 act.
- 22 (h) Regulated financial institutions. -- This act does not
- 23 apply to any institution subject to the Bank Holding Company Act
- 24 of 1956 (70 Stat. 133, 12 U.S.C. § 1841 et seq.); section 10 of
- 25 the Home Owners' Loan Act (48 Stat. 128, 12 U.S.C. § 1467a); the
- 26 Bank Merger Act (Public Law 86-463, 74 Stat. 129); the Federal
- 27 Deposit Insurance Act (64 Stat. 873, 12 U.S.C. § 1811 et seq.);
- 28 18 U.S.C. §§ 215 (relating to receipt of commissions or gifts
- 29 for procuring loans) and 709 (relating to false advertising or
- 30 misuse of names to indicate Federal agency); the act of November

- 1 30, 1965 (P.L.847, No.356), known as the Banking Code of 1965;
- 2 or the act of December 14, 1967 (P.L.746, No.345), known as the
- 3 Savings Association Code of 1967.
- 4 (i) Federal or State exempt activities. -- Activity or conduct
- 5 authorized by or exempt from Pennsylvania statutory or common
- 6 law, or exempt from the provisions of the antitrust laws of the
- 7 United States, shall be exempt from the provisions of this act.
- 8 This section shall specifically apply to any activity or conduct
- 9 authorized by the board of the Ben Franklin Partnership Fund, as
- 10 authorized by the act of July 2, 1993 (P.L.439, No.64), known as
- 11 the Ben Franklin/IRC Partnership Act. Any activity or conduct
- 12 subject to any other Federal statute which limits, modifies or
- 13 otherwise affects the applicability of one or more provisions of
- 14 the Federal antitrust statutes, or Federal judicial opinions
- 15 interpreting those statutes, shall, to that extent, be exempt
- 16 from this act.
- 17 (j) Not-for-profit health care facilities. -- Any agreement or
- 18 conduct by a not-for-profit health care facility, which reduces
- 19 health care costs and passes the reductions on to consumers,
- 20 shall not constitute a violation of this act.
- 21 Section 9. Investigation.
- 22 (a) General power.--If the Attorney General has reasonable
- 23 cause to believe that a violation of this act has occurred, the
- 24 Attorney General has authority to investigate on behalf of the
- 25 Commonwealth, its citizens or a political subdivision.
- 26 (b) Attendance and production of documents.--Prior to the
- 27 institution of a civil action, the Attorney General is
- 28 authorized to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses
- 29 and the production of documents. Prior to the issuance of a
- 30 subpoena under this section, the Attorney General must make a

- 1 request for information. A request for information must state
- 2 the subject matter of the investigation, the conduct
- 3 constituting the alleged violation which is under investigation
- 4 and the provisions of this act applicable to the alleged
- 5 violation. A request for documentary material must describe the
- 6 material to be produced with reasonable particularity so as to
- 7 fairly identify the documents demanded, provide a return date
- 8 within which the material is to be produced and identify the
- 9 member of the Attorney General's staff to whom the material
- 10 shall be given. For this purpose, the Attorney General may issue
- 11 subpoenas, examine witnesses and receive evidence. If a person
- 12 objects to or otherwise fails to comply with a subpoena or
- 13 request for testimony, the Attorney General may file in
- 14 Commonwealth Court an action to enforce the subpoena or request.
- 15 Notice of hearing the action and a copy of all pleadings must be
- 16 served upon the person, who may appear in opposition.
- 17 (c) Confidentiality.--
- 18 (1) Any testimony taken or material produced shall be
- kept confidential by the Attorney General except that the
- 20 Attorney General may use that information:
- 21 (i) in a judicial proceeding;
- 22 (ii) if the disclosure is authorized by the court
- for good cause shown; or
- 24 (iii) if confidentiality is waived by the person
- being investigated and by the person who has testified,
- answered interrogatories or produced materials.
- 27 (2) At the Attorney General's discretion, the Attorney
- 28 General may disclose information discovered under this
- 29 section to the United States Department of Justice, the
- 30 Federal Trade Commission, another state or territory of the

- 1 United States or another agency of the Commonwealth, upon the
- 2 prior certification of an appropriate official of the
- 3 recipient that the information will be maintained in
- 4 confidence other than use for official purposes and that the
- 5 recipient will abide by the provisions of paragraph (1).
- 6 Trade secrets may not be disclosed by the Attorney General
- 7 without the approval of Commonwealth Court, after notice to
- 8 the person who produced the information.
- 9 (3) The Attorney General may use information, including
- 10 documents, obtained under this section in an action brought
- under this act or Federal antitrust statutes; however,
- information relating to trade secrets may not be made public
- in an action without the approval of the court in which the
- 14 action is pending, after notice to the person who produced
- 15 the information.
- 16 (d) Limitation on use. -- No criminal prosecution under this
- 17 act may be brought by the Attorney General based principally
- 18 upon information or documents obtained in a civil investigation
- 19 under this section.
- 20 (e) Wrongful disclosure of information. -- A person who
- 21 publishes or communicates any procedure, testimony or material
- 22 produced, which is required to be kept confidential under this
- 23 section, commits a misdemeanor of the third degree.
- 24 Section 10. Consistency with Federal law.
- 25 The provisions of this act which parallel provisions of
- 26 Federal antitrust statutes shall be construed consistently with
- 27 pertinent Federal statutes and Federal judicial opinions
- 28 interpreting those Federal statutes.
- 29 Section 11. Effective date.
- This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.