THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 156

Session of 2009

INTRODUCED BY PICCOLA AND DINNIMAN, JULY 23, 2009

REFERRED TO EDUCATION, JULY 23, 2009

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Encouraging the State Board of Education to adopt the final-form
- regulation, Reg. No. 006-312, establishing new high school
- graduation requirements, and development of voluntary
- 4 Keystone Exams for use by school districts in this
- 5 Commonwealth to ensure our high school graduates are ready to
- compete in the 21st century in our global economy and succeed
- 7 in the arena of higher education.
- 8 WHEREAS, A February 2009 study by The Pennsylvania State
- 9 University found that many of this Commonwealth's 500 school
- 10 districts failed to appropriately measure whether their students
- 11 can perform at the 11th grade level in reading and math in order
- 12 to award high school diplomas; and
- 13 WHEREAS, One in three high school graduates requires
- 14 remediation in math or English in the Pennsylvania State System
- 15 of Higher Education universities and community colleges, costing
- 16 taxpayers \$24 million annually; and
- 17 WHEREAS, In the 2006-2007 school year, 43% of the students
- 18 who graduated from Pennsylvania high schools had not scored at
- 19 grade level in the 11th grade math and reading Pennsylvania
- 20 System of School Assessment (PSSA); and
- 21 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania began moving toward a system of

- 1 accountability in public education with Executive Order 1996-6
- 2 on September 30, 1996, which formed the Governor's Advisory
- 3 Commission on Academic Standards; and
- 4 WHEREAS, This strong commitment to building accountability
- 5 has been bipartisan through Republican and Democratic
- 6 administrations; and
- 7 WHEREAS, The first set of standards, Reading, Writing,
- 8 Speaking and Listening and Mathematics, went into effect January
- 9 16, 1999; and
- 10 WHEREAS, The PSSA was developed in the 2000-2001 school year
- 11 to assess the academic standards and became the mechanism by
- 12 which the Commonwealth complies with the No Child Left Behind
- 13 Act of 2001 (NCLB); and
- 14 WHEREAS, As a natural extension of the creation of the
- 15 standards and first level of assessments in the system of
- 16 accountability for the almost \$23 billion of Federal, State and
- 17 local dollars spent each year on public education, the State
- 18 Board of Education in May 2007 announced its plans to consider
- 19 the development of Graduation Competency Assessments (GCAs); and
- 20 WHEREAS, From May 2007 through May 2008, the State Board of
- 21 Education held 22 meetings and public hearings with legislators,
- 22 parents, teachers, students, administrators, school board
- 23 members, business leaders and taxpayers and heard testimony and
- 24 concerns regarding GCAs; and
- 25 WHEREAS, In May 2008, the State Board of Education published
- 26 proposed regulations implementing GCAs and received 934 letters,
- 27 e-mails and resolutions in response to the proposed regulations;
- 28 and
- 29 WHEREAS, From May 2008 through May 2009, the State Board of
- 30 Education had 15 additional meetings and public hearings and

- 1 many informal discussions with education stakeholders, parents,
- 2 business leaders, students and taxpayers; and
- 3 WHEREAS, From February 2009 through July 2009, the Education
- 4 Committee of the Senate held three public hearings on GCAs; and
- 5 WHEREAS, As a result of the debates and deliberate
- 6 discussions arising out of the many meetings, public hearings,
- 7 informal discussions and legislative hearings, the chairman of
- 8 the State Board of Education engaged in developing a compromise
- 9 proposal in an attempt to find a resolution to the contentious
- 10 issue; and
- 11 WHEREAS, In July 2009, the chairman of the State Board of
- 12 Education announced a compromise on GCAs developed after
- 13 conversations with at least 60 legislators and education
- 14 stakeholders providing for development of voluntary Keystone
- 15 Exams; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The resulting compromise has the potential to
- 17 accomplish three purposes, serving as an end of course
- 18 examination in ten subject areas, satisfying NCLB Adequate
- 19 Yearly Progress requirements and replacing local assessments
- 20 where a school district voluntarily chooses to adopt the use of
- 21 the Keystone Exams; and
- 22 WHEREAS, The Keystone Exams would be optional for school
- 23 districts to use, counting as one-third of a student's overall
- 24 portfolio to pass a course, and the exams would be administered
- 25 at the completion of a subject, in some cases as early as the
- 26 7th grade; and
- 27 WHEREAS, The Keystone Exams would replace the 11th grade PSSA
- 28 for NCLB requirements, thus freeing up 18 hours of testing in
- 29 the classroom that can then be used for classroom instruction,
- 30 while allowing school districts the option of using one test in

- 1 place of three tests, including the current PSSA, local
- 2 assessments and classroom exams; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Classroom instruction will no longer be geared to
- 4 "teaching to the test," but rather the test will lead to and
- 5 reflect a renewed direction of student learning of the curricula
- 6 through the Department of Education's development of model
- 7 curricula and diagnostic tools; and
- 8 WHEREAS, School districts would be permitted to continue
- 9 using local assessments if the assessments are aligned to State
- 10 standards and validated, with the Commonwealth and school
- 11 districts splitting the cost of the validation; and
- 12 WHEREAS, In addition to being allowed to continue to use
- 13 local validated assessments, school districts would also be
- 14 permitted to substitute successful passage of Advanced Placement
- 15 or International Baccalaureate exams in place of utilizing
- 16 Keystone Exams; and
- 17 WHEREAS, The new Keystone Exams will be phased in over an
- 18 eight-year period, spreading out the costs for the exams, which
- 19 will allow the Commonwealth to realize savings through the
- 20 elimination of the 11th grade PSSAs, provide the opportunity to
- 21 seek Federal funding to help offset costs associated with the
- 22 exams and redirect close to \$40 million to other educational
- 23 programs; and
- 24 WHEREAS, The proposed compromise gives districts the
- 25 discretion to allow students who perform at an advanced level on
- 26 any particular Keystone Exam prior to taking a course to "test
- 27 out" of the course and be granted course credits without needing
- 28 to take the course; and
- 29 WHEREAS, The compromise recognizes that some students do not
- 30 test well on standardized tests by permitting alternative

- 1 pathways based upon the Maryland Bridge Plan for students who
- 2 have difficulty learning, recognizing the need to continue
- 3 alternative measures of proficiency for students with an
- 4 Individual Educational Program and providing for a waiver by the
- 5 Secretary of Education for extenuating circumstances; therefore
- 6 be it
- 7 RESOLVED, That the Senate encourage the State Board of
- 8 Education to adopt the final-form regulation, Reg. No. 006-312,
- 9 to provide accountability for the almost \$23 billion of Federal,
- 10 State and local dollars spent annually on public education and
- 11 to ensure that the Pennsylvania high school diploma provides
- 12 graduates with the tools to compete in the 21st century and to
- 13 succeed in the arena of higher education.