HOUSE AMENDED

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 918 Session of 2009

INTRODUCED BY EICHELBERGER, ERICKSON AND WOZNIAK, JUNE 5, 2009

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, JUNE 15, 2010

AN ACT

1 2 4 5 6 7 8	Amending Title 53 (Municipalities Generally) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, consolidating and amending the Third Class County Assessment Board Law, The Fourth to Eighth Class and Selective County Assessment Law and provisions of The County Code relating to auxiliary board of assessment appeals and assessment of signs and sign structures; providing for municipal pensions in cities of the second class; and making related repeals.
9	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
10	hereby enacts as follows:
11	Section 1. Title 53 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
12	Statutes is amended by adding a chapter to read:
13	CHAPTER 88
14	CONSOLIDATED COUNTY ASSESSMENT
15	Subchapter
16	A. Preliminary Provisions
17	B. Subjects of Local Taxation; Exceptions; Special
18	Provisions on Assessments
19	C. County Assessment Office
20	D. Assessment Roll, Valuation, Notice and Appeals

E. Boards and Appeals to Court
F. Miscellaneous Provisions
SUBCHAPTER A
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
<u>Sec.</u>
8801. Short title and scope of chapter.
8802. Definitions.
8803. Excluded provisions.
8804. Construction.
§ 8801. Short title and scope of chapter.
(a) Short titleThis chapter shall be known and may be
cited as the Consolidated County Assessment Law.
(b) Scope
(1) This chapter shall apply to all of the following:
(i) Counties of the second class A, third, fourth,
fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth classes of the
Commonwealth.
(ii) Cities that elect to become subject to this
chapter in accordance with section 8868 (relating to
<u>optional use by cities).</u>
(2) In addition to the applicability under paragraph
(1), the following provisions apply to counties of the first
and second class:
(i) Section 8811(b)(5) (relating to subjects of
local taxation).
(ii) Section 8842(b)(2) (relating to valuation of
property).
<u>§ 8802. Definitions.</u>
The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

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2	"Assessed value." The assessment placed on real property by
3	a county assessment office upon which all real estate taxes
4	shall be calculated.
5	"Assessment." Assessed value.
6	"Auxiliary appeal board." An auxiliary board of assessment
7	appeals created in accordance with section 8853 (relating to
8	auxiliary appeal boards and alternates).
9	"Base year." The year upon which real property market values
10	are based for the most recent countywide revision of assessment
11	of real property or other prior year upon which the market value
12	of all real property of the county is based for assessment
13	purposes. Real property market values shall be equalized within
14	the county and any changes by the board shall be expressed in
15	terms of base-year values.
16	"Board." The board of assessment appeals or the board of
17	assessment revision established in accordance with section 8851
18	(relating to board of assessment appeals and board of assessment
19	revision). The term, when used in conjunction with hearing and
20	determining appeals from assessments, shall include an auxiliary
21	appeal board.
22	"Board of assessment appeals." The assessment appeals board
23	in counties of the second class A and third class, and in
24	counties of the fourth through eighth classes, where the county
25	commissioners do not serve as a board of assessment revision.
26	"Board of assessment revision." County commissioners in
27	counties of the fourth through eighth classes when serving as an
28	assessment appeals board.
29	"Chief assessor." The individual appointed by the board of
30	county commissioners with the advice of the board of assessment

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1	appeals in accordance with section 8831 (relating to chief
2	<u>assessor).</u>
3	"Common level ratio." The ratio of assessed value to current
4	market value used generally in the county and published by the
5	State Tax Equalization Board on or before July 1 of the year
6	prior to the tax year on appeal before the board under the act
7	of June 27, 1947 (P.L.1046, No.447), referred to as the State
8	Tax Equalization Board Law.
9	"County assessment office." The division of county
10	government responsible for preparing and maintaining the
11	assessment rolls, the uniform parcel identifier systems, tax
12	maps and other administrative duties relating to the assessment
13	of real property in accordance with this chapter.
14	"County commissioners." The board of county commissioners
15	or, in home rule charter counties, the body or individual
16	exercising the equivalent authority.
17	"Countywide revision of assessment." A change in the
18	established predetermined ratio or revaluation of all real
19	property within a county.
20	"Established predetermined ratio." The ratio of assessed
21	value to market value established by the board of county
22	commissioners and uniformly applied in determining assessed
23	value in any year.
24	"Interim assessment." A change to the assessment roll
25	anytime during the year.
26	"Municipality." A county, city, borough, incorporated town
27	<u>or township.</u>
28	"Parcel identifier." An identifying number assigned to real
29	property in accordance with the act of January 15, 1988 (P.L.1,
30	No.1), known as the Uniform Parcel Identifier Law.

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1	"Taxing district." A county, city, borough, incorporated
2	town, township, school district or county institution district.
3	"Spot reassessment." The reassessment of a property or
4	properties by a county assessment office that is not conducted
5	as part of a countywide revision of assessment and which
6	creates, sustains or increases disproportionality among
7	properties' assessed values. The term does not include board
8	action ruling on an appeal.
9	<u>§ 8803. Excluded provisions.</u>
10	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, this chapter
11	does not repeal or modify:
12	(1) The act of June 17, 1913 (P.L.507, No.335), entitled
13	"An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes,
14	and, in cities coextensive with counties, for city and county
15	purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal
16	property; providing for the assessment and collection of the
17	same; providing for the duties and compensation of
18	prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and
19	modifying existing legislation which provided for raising
20	revenue for State purposes."
21	(2) Any law relating to cities, boroughs, towns,
22	townships, school districts and poor districts.
23	(3) The act of May 22, 1933 (P.L.853, No.155), known as
24	The General County Assessment Law, as it applies to counties
25	of the first and second classes.
26	<u>§ 8804. Construction.</u>
27	(a) Dates mandatoryAll dates specified in this chapter
28	for the performance of any acts or duties shall be construed to
29	be mandatory and not discretionary with the officials or other
30	persons who are designated by this chapter to perform such acts
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1 <u>or duties.</u>

2	(b) Pari materiaThis chapter shall be read in pari
3	materia with the act of November 26, 1997 (P.L.508, No.55),
4	known as the Institutions of Purely Public Charity Act.
5	SUBCHAPTER B
6	SUBJECTS OF LOCAL TAXATION; EXCEPTIONS;
7	SPECIAL PROVISIONS ON ASSESSMENTS
8	<u>Sec.</u>
9	8811. Subjects of local taxation.
10	8812. Exemptions from taxation.
11	8813. Temporary tax exemption for residential construction.
12	8814. Temporary assessment change for real estate subject to a
13	sewer connection ban order.
14	8815. Catastrophic loss.
15	8816. Clerical and mathematical errors.
16	8817. Changes in assessed valuation.
17	8818. Assessment of lands divided by boundary lines.
18	8819. Separate assessment of coal and surface.
19	8820. Assessment of real estate subject to ground rent or
20	mortgage.
21	8821. Assessment of mobile homes and house trailers.
22	8822. Taxing districts lying in more than one county and choice
23	of assessment ratio.
24	8823. Limitation on tax increase after countywide reassessment.
25	<u>§ 8811. Subjects of local taxation.</u>
26	(a) Subjects of taxation enumeratedExcept as provided in
27	subsection (b), all subjects and property made taxable by the
28	laws of this Commonwealth for county, city, borough, town,
29	township and school district purposes shall, as provided in this

30 chapter, be valued and assessed at the annual rates, including

1 <u>all:</u>

2	(1) Real estate, namely:
3	<u>(i) houses;</u>
4	(ii) house trailers and mobile homes permanently
5	attached to land or connected with water, gas, electric
6	<u>or sewage facilities;</u>
7	(iii) buildings permanently attached to land or
8	connected with water, gas, electric or sewage facilities;
9	(iv) lands, lots of ground and ground rents, trailer
10	parks and parking lots;
11	(v) mills and manufactories of all kinds, furnaces,
12	forges, bloomeries, distilleries, sugar houses, malt
13	houses, breweries, tan yards, fisheries, ferries and
14	wharves;
15	(vi) all office buildings;
16	(vii) that portion of a steel, lead, aluminum or
17	like melting and continuous casting structure which
18	encloses or provides shelter or protection from the
19	elements for the various machinery, tools, appliances,
20	equipment, materials or products involved in the mill,
21	mine, manufactory or industrial process; and
22	(viii) telecommunication towers that have become
23	affixed to land.
24	(2) All other things now taxable by the laws of this
25	Commonwealth for taxing districts.
26	(b) ExceptionsThe following are not subject to tax:
27	(1) Machinery, tools, appliances and other equipment
28	contained in any mill, mine, manufactory or industrial
29	establishment shall not be considered or included as a part
30	of the real estate in determining the value for taxation of

1	the mill, mine, manufactory or industrial establishment.
2	(2) Silos used predominantly for processing or storage
3	of animal feed incidental to operation of the farm on which
4	it is located, freestanding detachable grain bins or corn
5	cribs used exclusively for processing or storage of animal
6	feed incidental to the operation of the farm on which it is
7	located and inground and aboveground structures and
8	containments used predominantly for processing and storage of
9	animal waste and composting facilities incidental to
10	operation of the farm on which the structures and
11	containments are located shall not be considered or included
12	as part of the real estate.
13	(3) No amusement park rides shall be assessed or taxed
14	as real estate regardless of whether they have become affixed
15	to the real estate.
16	(4) No sign or sign structure primarily used to support
17	<u>or display a sign shall be assessed as real property by a</u>
18	county for purposes of the taxation of real property by the
19	county or a political subdivision located within the county
20	or by a municipality located within the county authorized to
21	assess real property for purposes of taxation, regardless of
22	whether the sign or sign structure has become affixed to the
23	<u>real estate.</u>
24	(5) No wind turbine generators or related wind energy
25	appliances and equipment, including towers and tower
26	foundations, shall be considered or included as part of the
27	real property in determining the fair market value and
28	assessment of real property used for the purpose of wind
29	energy generation. Real property used for the purpose of wind

1	(relating to valuation of property).
2	<u>§ 8812. Exemptions from taxation.</u>
3	(a) General ruleThe following property shall be exempt
4	from all county, borough, town, township, road, poor, county
5	institution district and school real estate taxes:
6	(1) All churches, meetinghouses or other actual places
7	of regularly stated religious worship, with the ground
8	annexed necessary for their occupancy and use.
9	(2) All actual places of burial, including burial
10	grounds and all mausoleums, vaults, crypts or structures,
11	intended to hold or contain the bodies of the dead if used or
12	held by a person or organization deriving no private or
13	corporate profit from the enterprise and no substantial part
14	of whose activity consists of selling personal property in
15	connection therewith.
16	(3) All hospitals, universities, colleges, seminaries,
17	academies, associations and institutions of learning,
18	benevolence or charity, including fire and rescue stations,
19	with the grounds annexed and necessary for their occupancy

20 and use, founded, endowed and maintained by public or private

21 <u>charity as long as all of the following apply:</u>

22	(i) The entire revenue derived by the entity is
23	applied to support the entity and to increase the
24	efficiency and facilities of the entity, the repair and
25	the necessary increase of grounds and buildings of the
26	entity and for no other purpose.
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27 (ii) The property of purely public charities is
 28 necessary to and actually used for the principal purposes
 29 of the institution and not used in such a manner as to
 30 compete with commercial enterprise.

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1	(4) All property of a charitable organization providing
2	residential housing services in which the charitable
3	nonprofit organization receives subsidies for at least 95% of
4	the residential housing units from a low-income Federal
5	housing program as long as any surplus from the assistance or
6	subsidy is monitored by the appropriate governmental agency
7	and used solely to advance common charitable purposes within
8	the charitable organization.
9	(5) All school buildings belonging to any municipality
10	or school district, with the ground annexed and necessary for
11	the occupancy and use of the school buildings. This exemption
12	shall not apply to assessments or charges for the grading,
13	paving, curbing, macadamizing, maintenance or improvement of
14	streets or roads and constructing sewers and sidewalks and
15	other municipal improvements abutting land owned by the
16	school district. A school district of the second, third or
17	fourth class situated within a county subject to the
18	provisions of this chapter, and which is coterminous with a
19	city, borough, town or township shall not be subject to
20	assessments or charges for the grading, paving, curbing,
21	macadamizing, maintenance or improvement of streets or roads
22	and constructing sewers and sidewalks and other municipal
23	improvements abutting land owned by the school district; but
24	the school may agree to pay all or part of the assessments or
25	charges.
26	(6) All courthouses and jails with the grounds annexed
27	and necessary for their occupancy and use.
28	(7) All public parks owned and held by trustees for the
29	benefit of the public and used for amusements, recreation,
30	sports and other public purposes without profit.

1	(8) All other public property used for public purposes
2	with the ground annexed and necessary for the occupancy and
3	use of the property, but this shall not be construed to
4	include property otherwise taxable which is owned or held by
5	an agency of the Federal Government. This chapter or any
6	other law shall not be construed to exempt from taxation any
7	privilege, act or transaction conducted upon public property
8	by persons or entities which would be taxable if conducted
9	upon nonpublic property regardless of the purpose for which
10	the activity occurs, even if conducted as agent for or lessee
11	of any public authority.
12	(9) All real property used for limited access highways
13	and maintained by public funds.
14	(10) All real and personal property owned, occupied and
15	used by any branch, post or camp of honorably discharged
16	servicemen or servicewomen and actually and regularly used
17	for benevolent, charitable or patriotic purposes.
18	(11) All real property owned by one or more institutions
19	of purely public charity, used and occupied partly by the
20	owner or owners and partly by other institutions of purely
21	public charity and necessary for the occupancy and use of the
22	institutions so using it.
23	(12) All playgrounds with the equipment and grounds
24	annexed necessary for the occupancy and use of the
25	playgrounds, founded, endowed or maintained by public or
26	private charity which apply their revenue to the support and
27	repair of the playgrounds and to increase the efficiency and
28	facilities thereof, either in ground or buildings, or
29	otherwise, and for no other purpose, and owned, leased,
30	possessed or controlled by public school boards or properly

1	organized and duly constituted playground associations, and
2	approved and accepted by the board of the county in which the
3	playgrounds are situated. A school board may, by resolution,
4	agree to pay for grading, paving, macadamizing, maintenance
5	or improvement of streets or roads abutting land owned by the
6	<u>school district.</u>
7	(13) All buildings owned and occupied by free public
8	nonsectarian libraries and the land on which they stand, and
9	that which is immediately and necessarily appurtenant
10	thereto, notwithstanding the fact that some portion or
11	portions of the building or lands appurtenant may be yielding
12	rentals to the corporation or association managing the
13	library. The net receipts of the corporation or association
14	from rentals shall be used solely for the purpose of
15	maintaining the library.
16	(14) All property, including buildings and the land
17	reasonably necessary thereto, provided and maintained by
18	public or private charity and used exclusively for public
19	libraries, museums or art galleries and not used for private
20	or corporate profit so long as the public use continues. In
21	the case of concert music halls used partly for exempt
22	purposes and partly for nonexempt purposes, that part
23	measured either in area or in time, whichever is the lesser,
24	which is used for nonexempt purposes shall be valued,
25	assessed and subject to taxation.
26	(15) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) or
27	any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, all fire
28	and rescue stations which are founded, endowed and maintained
29	by public or private charity, together with the grounds
30	annexed and necessary for the occupancy and use of the fire

1	and rescue stations, and social halls and grounds owned and
2	occupied by fire and rescue stations and used on a regular
3	basis for activities which contribute to the support of fire
4	and rescue stations, as long as the net receipts from the
5	activities are used solely for the charitable purposes of the
6	fire and rescue stations.
7	(b) Exceptions
8	(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a)(11),
9	(13) and (15), all property, real or personal, other than
10	that which is actually and regularly used and occupied for
11	the purposes specified in this section, and all property from
12	which any income or revenue is derived, other than from
13	recipients of the bounty of the institution or charity, shall
14	be subject to taxation, except where exempted by law for
15	State purposes.
16	(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a)(12),
16 17	(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a)(12), all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used
17	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used
17 18	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall
17 18 19	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons,
17 18 19 20	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the
17 18 19 20 21	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in
17 18 19 20 21 22	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in the realty and possessor of the personal property absolutely.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in the realty and possessor of the personal property absolutely. (c) Institutions of Purely Public Charity ActEach
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in the realty and possessor of the personal property absolutely. (c) Institutions of Purely Public Charity ActEach provision of this chapter is to be read in para materia with the
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in the realty and possessor of the personal property absolutely. (c) Institutions of Purely Public Charity ActEach provision of this chapter is to be read in para materia with the act of November 26, 1997 (P.L.508, No.55), known as the Institutions of Purely Public Charity Act, and to the extent
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	all property, real and personal, actually and regularly used and occupied for the purposes specified in this section shall be subject to taxation unless the person or persons, associations or corporation, so using and occupying the property, shall be seized of the legal or equitable title in the realty and possessor of the personal property absolutely. (c) Institutions of Purely Public Charity ActEach provision of this chapter is to be read in para materia with the act of November 26, 1997 (P.L.508, No.55), known as the Institutions of Purely Public Charity Act, and to the extent that a provision of this chapter is inconsistent with the

1	New single and multiple dwellings constructed for residential
2	purposes and improvements to existing unoccupied dwellings or
3	improvements to existing structures for purposes of conversion
4	to dwellings shall not be valued or assessed for purposes of
5	real property taxes until occupied, conveyed to a bona fide
6	purchaser or 30 months from the first day of the month after
7	which the building permit was issued or, if no building permit
8	or other notification of improvement was required, then from the
9	date construction commenced. The assessment of any multiple
10	dwelling because of occupancy shall be upon the proportion which
11	the value of the occupied portion bears to the value of the
12	entire multiple dwelling. As used in this section, the term
13	"dwellings" means buildings or portions thereof intended for
14	permanent use as homes or residences.
15	<u>§ 8814. Temporary assessment change for real estate subject to</u>
16	a sewer connection ban order.
16 17	<u>a sewer connection ban order.</u> When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a
17	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a
17 18	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a
17 18 19	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate
17 18 19 20	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of
17 18 19 20 21	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the
17 18 19 20 21 22	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For the purposes of this section, the term "affected by the order"
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For the purposes of this section, the term "affected by the order" shall be defined as the application for a building permit and
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For the purposes of this section, the term "affected by the order" shall be defined as the application for a building permit and the denial to the applicant of permission to proceed with the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For the purposes of this section, the term "affected by the order" shall be defined as the application for a building permit and the denial to the applicant of permission to proceed with the building or construction because of a sewer ban order.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	When a department or agency of the Commonwealth or a municipality has ordered a sewer connection ban because of a lack of adequate sewage treatment facilities, the real estate affected by the order shall be reassessed for the duration of the order. The assessment shall be based on the value of the best use of the land during the period of the reassessment. For the purposes of this section, the term "affected by the order" shall be defined as the application for a building permit and the denial to the applicant of permission to proceed with the building or construction because of a sewer ban order. § 8815. Catastrophic loss.

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1	which the catastrophic loss occurred, or within six months of
2	the date on which the catastrophic loss occurred, whichever
3	period is longer. The duty of the board shall be to reassess the
4	property to reflect the loss in value from the date of the loss
5	to the end of the taxable year. Any property improvements made
6	subsequent to the catastrophic loss in the same tax year shall
7	not be added to the assessment roll for the remainder of that
8	tax year but shall be added for the following year.
9	(b) Refund or creditAny adjustments in assessment under
10	this section:
11	(1) shall be reflected by the appropriate taxing
12	authorities in the form of a credit for the succeeding tax
13	year; or
14	(2) upon application by the property owner to the
15	appropriate taxing authorities, shall result in a refund
16	being paid to the property owner at the time of issuance of
17	the tax notice for the next succeeding tax year by the
18	respective taxing authorities; however, a reduction in
19	assessed value for catastrophic loss due to inclusion or
20	proposed inclusion as residential property on either the
21	National Priority List under the Comprehensive Environmental
22	Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (Public Law
23	96-510, 94 Stat. 2767) or the State Priority List under the
24	act of October 18, 1988 (P.L.756, No.108), known as the
25	Hazardous Sites Cleanup Act, shall be in effect until
26	remediation is completed.
27	(c) DefinitionAs used in this section, the term
28	"catastrophic loss" means any loss due to mine subsidence, fire,
29	flood or other natural disaster which affects the physical state
30	of the real property and which exceeds 50% of the market value

1	of the real property prior to the loss. The term "catastrophic
2	loss" shall also mean any loss which exceeds 50% of the market
3	value of the real property prior to the loss incurred by
4	residential property owners who are not deemed responsible
5	parties under the Comprehensive Environmental Response,
6	Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 or the Hazardous Sites
7	<u>Cleanup Act and whose residential property is included or</u>
8	proposed to be included as residential property on:
9	(1) the National Priority List by the Environmental
10	Protection Agency under the Comprehensive Environmental
11	Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980; or
12	(2) the State Priority List by the Department of
13	Environmental Resources under the Hazardous Sites Cleanup
14	<u>Act.</u>
15	§ 8816. Clerical and mathematical errors.
16	(a) CorrectionIf, through mathematical or clerical error,
17	an assessment is higher than it should have been and taxes are
18	paid on such incorrect assessment, the county assessment office,
19	upon discovery of the error and correction of the assessment,
20	shall so inform the appropriate taxing district or districts,
21	which shall make a refund to the taxpayer or taxpayers for the
22	period of the error or six years, whichever is less, from the
23	date of application for refund or discovery of the error by the
24	board. Reassessment, with or without application by the owner,
25	as a decision of judgment based on the method of assessment,
26	shall not constitute an error under this section.
27	(b) IncreasesNothing in this section shall be construed
28	as prohibiting an assessment office from increasing an
29	assessment for the current taxable year upon the discovery of a
30	clerical or mathematical error.

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1 § 8817. Changes in assessed valuation.

2	(a) General ruleIn addition to other authorization
3	provided in this chapter, the assessors may change the assessed
4	valuation on real property when a parcel of land is subdivided
5	into smaller parcels or when improvements are made to real
6	property or existing improvements are removed from real property
7	or are destroyed. The recording of a subdivision plan shall not
8	constitute grounds for assessment increases until lots are sold
9	or improvements are installed. The painting of a building or the
10	normal regular repairs to a building aggregating \$2,500 or less
11	in value annually shall not be deemed cause for a change in
12	valuation.
13	(b) Construction A change in the assessed valuation on
14	real property authorized by this section shall not be construed
15	<u>as a spot reassessment under section 8843 (relating to spot</u>
16	reassessment).
17	§ 8818. Assessment of lands divided by boundary lines.
18	(a) Assessment of lands divided by county boundary lines
19	(1) If county boundary lines divide a tract of land, the
20	land will be assessed in the county in which the mansion
21	house is located.
22	(2) If county boundary lines pass through the mansion
23	house, the owner of the land may choose the county in which
24	the property will be assessed. If the owner refuses or fails
25	to choose the county in which the property will be assessed,
26	the county in which the larger portion of the mansion house
27	is located has the right of assessment.
28	(3) If vacant land is divided by the boundary lines of
29	two counties, the land shall be assessed in each county in
30	which it is located.

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1 (b) Assessment of lands divided by township boundary

2 <u>lines.--</u>

3	(1) If land is divided by the boundary lines of a
4	township and a city, a township and a borough or a township
5	and a town, and the mansion house is located in the township,
6	all of the land will be assessed in the township.
7	(2) If land is divided by the boundary lines of a
8	township and a city, a township and a borough, a township and
9	a town or two townships, and the mansion house is located in
10	the city, borough, town or one township, then the land shall
11	be assessed in the municipality in which it actually lies.
12	(3) If vacant land is divided by the boundary lines of
13	two townships, the land shall be assessed in each township in
14	which it is located.
15	(c) Assessment where township boundary lines pass through
16	mansion houseIf the boundary lines of any township and a
17	city, borough or township pass through the mansion house, the
18	owner of the land may choose the municipality in which the land
19	shall be assessed. If the owner refuses or neglects to choose,
20	the mansion house shall be considered to be entirely located in
21	the township for assessment purposes.
22	(d) Assessment where lands are divided by boundary lines
23	between cities, boroughs or cities and boroughs
24	(1) If lands are divided by the boundary lines of two or
25	more cities, two or more boroughs, or one or more cities and
26	one or more boroughs, the lands shall be assessed in the city
27	or borough in which the mansion house is located.
28	(2) If the boundary lines pass through the mansion
29	house, the lands shall be assessed in the city or borough in
30	which the larger portion of the mansion house is located.

1	(3) If vacant land is divided by the boundary lines of
2	two or more cities, two or more boroughs, or one or more
3	cities and one or more boroughs, the land shall be assessed
4	in each municipality in which it is located.
5	(e) Assessment of coal underlying lands divided by county,
6	city, township or borough boundary linesWhere coal is lying
7	underneath lands that are divided by county, city, township or
8	borough lines, and the ownership of the coal has been severed
9	from the ownership of the strata or surface, the county
10	assessment office shall assess each division of coal in the
11	municipality in which it actually lies.
12	§ 8819. Separate assessment of coal and surface.
13	The county assessment office shall assess coal and surface
14	separately in cases where the owner or life tenant of land does
15	not have the right to mine the coal underlying the surface.
16	<u>§ 8820. Assessment of real estate subject to ground rent or</u>
17	mortgage.
18	All real estate subject to ground rent or mortgage shall be
19	estimated at its full value and assessed and taxed accordingly.
20	In the case of real estate subject to ground rent, where there
21	is no provision made in the ground rent deed that the lessee
22	shall pay the taxes on the ground rent, the ground rent shall be
23	estimated and assessed for taxes to the owners thereof.
24	§ 8821. Assessment of mobile homes and house trailers.
25	(a) DutyIt shall be the duty of the county assessment
26	office to assess all mobile homes and house trailers within the
27	county according to the actual value thereof. All mobile homes
28	or house trailers which are subject to taxation as real estate
29	as provided in this chapter shall be assessed and taxed in the
30	name of the owner. The land upon which the mobile home or house

1	trailer is located at the time of assessment shall be assessed
2	separately and shall not include the value of the house trailer
3	or mobile home located thereon.
4	(b) RecordsAll mobile home court operators, which shall
5	mean every person who leases land to two or more persons for the
6	purpose of allowing the lessees to locate on the land a mobile
7	home or house trailer which is subject to real property
8	taxation, shall maintain a record of the leases, which shall be
9	open for inspection at reasonable times by the county assessment
10	office. Each month, the mobile home court operator shall send a
11	record to the county assessment office of the arrivals and
12	departures of mobile homes or house trailers in the court during
13	the prior month, including the make, model, manufacturer, year
14	and serial number of the mobile home or house trailer.
15	(c) NoticeEach person in whose name a mobile home or
16	house trailer is assessed, rated or valued as provided in this
17	chapter shall be notified in writing by the assessor that it
18	shall be unlawful for any person to remove the mobile home or
19	house trailer from the taxing district without first having
20	obtained removal permits from the local tax collector.
21	(d) Removal permitsThe local tax collector shall issue
22	removal permits upon application and payment of a fee of \$2 and
23	of all taxes levied and assessed on the mobile home or house
24	trailer to be moved.
25	(e) PenaltyAny person who moves a mobile home or house
26	trailer from the territorial limits of the taxing district
27	without first having obtained a removal permit issued under this
28	chapter shall, upon summary conviction, be sentenced to pay a
29	fine of \$100 and costs of prosecution or to imprisonment for not
30	more than 30 days, or both.

1	(f) Characterization of propertyNothing in this section
2	shall be construed as prohibiting a mobile home or house trailer
3	upon which a real property tax is levied as provided by law from
4	being deemed tangible personal property for other purposes.
5	§ 8822. Taxing districts lying in more than one county and
6	choice of assessment ratio.
7	(a) General ruleExcept as provided in subsections (b) and
8	(c), if a taxing district lies in more than one county and the
9	respective counties fix different predetermined ratios for the
10	assessment of property, the following shall apply:
11	(1) The taxing district may levy its taxes on the ratio
12	to actual value used by any one of the counties.
13	(2) A county, other than the county whose predetermined
14	ratio has been selected in accordance with paragraph (1),
15	shall certify to the taxing district a copy of the assessment
16	roll which shows the actual valuations of properties within
17	the county's portion of the taxing district, so that taxes to
18	be levied on the property may be calculated using the
19	assessed valuation determined by applying the selected
20	predetermined ratio to actual valuation of the property.
21	(b) Multiple countiesIn the case of school districts
22	lying in more than one county, section 672.1 of the act of March
23	10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of
24	1949, shall apply.
25	(c) AnnexationIf land in one county has been annexed to a
26	borough in another county, the following shall apply:
27	(1) For county tax purposes, the lands and properties
28	within the borough shall be assessed by the county assessment
29	office of the county in which the lands and properties are
30	located.

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1	(2) For borough and school tax purposes, all lands and
2	properties within the borough, regardless of the county in
3	which they are located, shall be assessed by the county
4	assessment office of the county that assessed lands and
5	properties within the borough prior to the annexation.
6	<u>§ 8823. Limitation on tax increase after countywide</u>
7	reassessment.
8	(a) Scope
9	(1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2), this section
10	applies to taxing districts in counties within the scope of
11	this chapter under section 8801(b)(1) (relating to short
12	title and scope of chapter).
13	(2) This section does not apply to a school district
14	subject to section 327 of the act of June 27, 2006 (1st
15	Sp.Sess., P.L.1873, No.1), known as the Taxpayer Relief Act.
16	(b) Initial rateIn the first year that any county
17	implements a countywide revision of assessment by revaluing the
18	properties and applies an established predetermined ratio or
19	changes its assessment base by applying a change in the
20	predetermined ratio, a taxing district levying its real estate
21	taxes on the revised assessment roll for the first time shall
22	reduce its tax rate, if necessary, so that the total amount of
23	taxes levied for that year against the real properties contained
24	in the duplicate does not exceed the total amount it levied on
25	the properties in the preceding year. The tax rate shall be
26	fixed at a figure that will accomplish this purpose.
27	(c) Final tax rateAfter establishing a tax rate under
28	subsection (b), a taxing district may, by a separate and
29	specific vote, establish a final tax rate for the first year in
30	which the reassessment is implemented to levy its real estate

1	taxes on the revised assessment. The tax rate under this
2	subsection shall be fixed at a figure which limits the total
3	amount of taxes levied for that year against the real properties
4	contained in the duplicate for the preceding year to not more
5	than 10% greater than the total amount it levied on the
6	properties the preceding year, notwithstanding the increased
7	valuations of the properties under the revised assessment.
8	(d) New constructionFor the purpose of determining the
9	total amount of taxes to be levied for the first year under
10	subsections (b) and (c), the amount to be levied on newly
11	constructed buildings or structures or on increased valuations
12	based on new improvements made to existing houses need not be
13	considered.
14	(e) Court approvalWith the approval of the court of
15	common pleas, upon good cause shown, any taxing district may
16	increase the tax rate prescribed in this section,
17	notwithstanding the provisions of this section.
18	SUBCHAPTER C
19	COUNTY ASSESSMENT OFFICE
20	<u>Sec.</u>
21	8831. Chief assessor.
22	8832. Subordinate assessors.
23	8833. Solicitor.
24	8834. Assessment records system.
25	<u>§ 8831. Chief assessor.</u>
26	(a) AppointmentIn each county, a chief assessor shall be
27	appointed. The chief assessor shall be appointed by the county
28	commissioners with the advice of the board.
29	(b) QualificationsAny person appointed as a chief
30	assessor under this chapter shall be a Certified Pennsylvania

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1	Evaluator pursuant to the act of April 16, 1992 (P.L.155,
2	No.28), known as the Assessors Certification Act. Any person
3	employed as a chief assessor on the effective date of this
4	chapter shall obtain certification in accordance with the
5	Assessors Certification Act.
6	(c) Duties of chief assessorIt shall be the duty of the
7	<u>chief assessor to:</u>
8	(1) Hire subordinate assessors under section 8832
9	(relating to subordinate assessors).
10	(2) Prepare and submit to the board for its approval
11	regulations in accordance with this chapter.
12	(3) Prepare and maintain a permanent records system and
13	other maps, plans, surveys and records as may be deemed
14	necessary to secure a proper and equitable assessment.
15	(4) Prepare an assessment roll in accordance with this
16	<u>chapter.</u>
17	(5) Supervise and direct the activities of the
18	subordinate assessors and other employees subject to
19	regulations prescribed by the board.
20	(6) Perform all duties imposed upon the chief assessor
21	by this chapter.
22	(d) CompensationThe chief assessor shall receive
23	compensation as determined by the salary board of the county.
24	<u>§ 8832. Subordinate assessors.</u>
25	(a) Hiring and compensationThe chief assessor, with the
26	approval of the board, shall hire subordinate assessors subject
27	to any applicable county personnel policy and regulations of the
28	board, as necessary in carrying out the duties imposed by this
29	chapter. A subordinate assessor shall receive compensation as
30	determined by the salary board of the county.

1	(b) Duties of subordinate assessors and other employeesIn
2	order to carry out the provisions of this chapter, subordinate
3	assessors and other employees shall perform those duties as may
4	be assigned to them by the chief assessor.
5	(c) Certification of assessorsThe act of April 16, 1992
6	(P.L.155, No.28), known as the Assessors Certification Act,
7	shall apply to any person responsible for the valuation of real
8	property for ad valorem taxation purposes in accordance with
9	this chapter.
10	(d) Elected assessors abolishedThe office of local
11	elected assessor in all taxing districts subject to this chapter
12	is hereby abolished.
13	<u>§ 8833. Solicitor.</u>
14	The board may appoint an attorney as solicitor to the board
15	and assessment office to advise on all legal matters and appear
16	for and represent the board on all appeals taken from its
17	decisions or orders to all courts of competent jurisdiction. The
18	salary of the appointed solicitor shall be fixed by the salary
19	board of the county. If the board does not appoint a solicitor
20	in accordance with this section, the county solicitor must serve
21	as solicitor to the board and assessment office to the extent
22	that there is not a conflict of interest.
23	<u>§ 8834. Assessment records system.</u>
24	It shall be the duty of the county assessment office to
25	maintain a permanent records system consisting of:
26	(1) Tax maps of the entire county drawn to scale or
27	aerial maps, which maps shall indicate all property and lot
28	lines, set forth dimensions or areas and identify the
29	respective parcels or lots by a number system.
30	(2) Property record cards identifying the property

1	location on the tax maps and any uniform parcel identifier
2	which may have been assigned, and acreage or dimensions,
3	description of improvements, if any, the owner's name and
4	mailing address and date of acquisition, the purchase price,
5	if any, set forth in the deed of acquisition and the assessed
6	valuation.
7	(3) Property owner's index consisting of an alphabetical
8	listing of all property owners, cross-indexed with the
9	property record cards or electronic or computerized method of
10	searching for property owners by name.
11	SUBCHAPTER D
12	ASSESSMENT ROLL, VALUATION, NOTICE AND APPEALS
13	<u>Sec.</u>
14	8841. Assessment roll and interim revisions.
15	8842. Valuation of property.
16	8843. Spot reassessment.
17	8844. Notices, appeals and certification of values.
18	8845. Service of notices.
19	8846. Notice of changes given to taxing authorities.
20	8847. Application of assessment changed as result of appeal.
21	8848. Special provisions relating to countywide revisions of
22	assessments.
23	§ 8841. Assessment roll and interim revisions.
24	(a) Preparation of assessment rollAnnually, on or before
25	the first day of July, the county assessment office shall
26	prepare and submit to the board, in a form prescribed by the
27	board, an assessment roll of property subject to local taxation
28	or exempted from local taxation.
29	(b) Form of assessment rollThe board shall determine the
30	form of the assessment roll which shall include the following

1 for each taxing district:

-	Tot out out of a start of the s
2	(1) The name of the last known owner of record of each
3	parcel with the last known address of the owner.
4	(2) The location of each parcel and the uniform parcel
5	identifier or reference to the tax map.
6	(3) The assessment of each parcel of land and the
7	assessed value of any improvements.
8	(4) The aggregate assessments for each municipality.
9	(5) The assessment of each parcel exempted from local
10	taxation.
11	(c) Interim revisions to assessment rollThe county
12	assessment office is authorized to make additions and revisions
13	to the assessment roll at any time in the year to change the
14	assessments of existing properties pursuant to section 8817
15	(relating to changes in assessed valuation) or add properties
16	and improvements to property mistakenly omitted from the
17	assessment roll as long as notice is provided in accordance with
18	section 8844 (relating to notices, appeals and certification of
19	values). All additions and revisions shall be a supplement to
20	the assessment roll for levy and collection of taxes for the tax
21	year for which the assessment roll was originally prepared.
22	(d) Public inspection of assessment rolls
23	(1) The assessment roll shall be open to public
24	inspection at the county assessment office during ordinary
25	business hours. Within 15 days after completion of the
26	assessment roll, the county assessment office, by publication
27	in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the
28	county, shall give notice of the following:
29	(i) The fact that the assessment roll has been
30	completed.

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1	(ii) The place where and time when the assessment
2	roll will be open for inspection.
3	(iii) The right to file in writing an appeal from an
4	assessment, on or before the first day of September, or
5	an earlier date designated by the county commissioners,
6	in accordance with section 8844.
7	(2) This subsection shall be not be construed to limit
8	the right of any resident of this Commonwealth to access
9	public records in accordance with the act of February 14,
10	2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.
11	<u>§ 8842. Valuation of property.</u>
12	(a) Predetermined ratioThe county assessment office shall_
13	assess real property at a value based upon an established
14	predetermined ratio which may not exceed 100% of actual value.
15	The ratio shall be established and determined by the board of
16	county commissioners by ordinance. In arriving at actual value,
17	the county may utilize the current market value or it may adopt
18	<u>a base-year market value.</u>
19	(b) Valuation
20	(1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2), the following
21	apply:
22	(i) In arriving at actual value, the price at which
23	any property may actually have been sold, either in the
24	base year or in the current taxable year, shall be
25	considered but shall not be controlling.
26	(ii) The selling price shall be subject to revision
27	by increase or decrease to accomplish equalization with
28	other similar property within the county.
29	(iii) In arriving at the actual value, the following
30	methods must be considered in conjunction with one

1 <u>another</u>:

2	(A) Cost approach, that is, reproduction or
3	replacement, as applicable, less depreciation and all
4	forms of obsolescence.
5	(B) Comparable sales approach.
6	(C) Income approach.
7	(2) The valuation of real property used for the purpose
8	of wind energy generation for assessment purposes shall be
9	developed by the county assessor utilizing the income
10	capitalization approach to value. The valuation shall be
11	determined by the capitalized value of the land lease
12	agreements, supplemented by the sales comparison data
13	approach as deemed necessary by the county assessor. The
14	lessee, or lessor on behalf of the lessee, shall provide the
15	nonproprietary lease and lease income information reasonably
16	needed by the county assessor to determine value by September
17	<u>1.</u>
18	(c) Impact of restrictions and tax credits on valuation
19	(1) In arriving at the actual value of real property,
20	the impact of applicable rent restrictions, affordability
21	requirements or any other related restrictions prescribed by
22	any Federal or State programs shall be considered.
23	(2) Federal or State income tax credits with respect to
24	property shall not be considered real property or income
25	attributable to real property.
26	<u>§ 8843. Spot reassessment.</u>
27	The county assessment office is prohibited from engaging in
28	the practice of spot reassessment. In the event that the county
29	assessment office engages in the practice of spot reassessment,
30	the property owner may file an appeal to the board, limited to

1	the issue of spot reassessment, in accordance with this chapter.
2	<u>Upon a finding by the board or an adjudication by the court that</u>
3	the property owner has been subjected to a spot reassessment,
4	the property owner shall be entitled to a refund of any taxes
5	paid pursuant to a spot reassessment and interest thereon from
6	the date of payment at the same rate and in the same manner as
7	the Commonwealth is required to pay interest pursuant to section
8	806.1(b) of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.343, No.176), known as
9	The Fiscal Code. A change in assessment resulting from an appeal
10	to the board by a taxpayer or taxing district shall not
11	<u>constitute a spot reassessment.</u>
12	§ 8844. Notices, appeals and certification of values.
13	(a) NoticesThe county assessment office shall mail to
14	each record property owner, at the last known address of the
15	record property owner, and to the affected taxing districts
16	notice of any change in assessment or new assessment made
17	pursuant to section 8841(c) (relating to assessment roll and
18	interim revisions). The notice shall state:
19	(1) Mailing date.
20	(2) Property location.
21	<u>(3) Parcel identifier.</u>
22	(4) Effective date.
23	(5) Established predetermined ratio.
24	<u>(6) Base-year value.</u>
25	(7) Old assessment.
26	(8) New assessment, including the assessment of each
27	parcel of land and the assessed value of any improvements.
28	(b) Mailing and notice of appealThe notice shall be
29	mailed within five days from the date the county assessment
30	office makes the change or addition to its official records. The

1	notice shall state that any persons aggrieved by the assessment
2	and the affected taxing districts may file an appeal to the
3	board within 40 days of the date of the notice. The appeal shall
4	be in writing and shall identify the following:
5	(1) Appellant.
6	(2) Property location.
7	(3) Owner.
8	(4) Assessment or assessments by which the person is
9	aggrieved.
10	(5) Address to which notice of the time and place for a
11	hearing of the appeal shall be mailed.
12	<u>(c) Annual appeal deadline</u>
13	(1) Any person aggrieved by any assessment, whether or
14	not the value thereof shall have been changed since the
15	preceding annual assessment, or any taxing district having an
16	interest in the assessment, may appeal to the board for
17	relief. Any person or taxing district desiring to make an
18	appeal shall, on or before September 1 or the date designated
19	by the county commissioners if the option under paragraph (3)
20	is exercised, file with the board an appeal in writing,
21	identifying the following:
22	(i) Appellant.
23	(ii) Property location.
24	(iii) Owner.
25	(iv) Assessment or assessments by which the person
26	is aggrieved.
27	(v) Address to which notice of the time and place
28	for a hearing shall be mailed.
29	(2) The same procedures and deadlines shall apply to a
30	request for real estate tax exemption under section 8812

1	(relating to exemptions from taxation).
2	(3) The county commissioners may designate a date no
3	earlier than August 1 as the date on or before which any
4	person desiring to appeal from any assessment shall file with
5	the board an appeal as long as the notice by publication
6	required under this chapter is given at least two weeks prior
7	to the date designated in accordance with this paragraph.
8	(d) Class actionFor the purpose of assessment appeals,
9	the term "person" shall include, in addition to that provided by
10	law, a group of two or more persons acting on behalf of a class
11	of persons similarly situated with regard to an assessment. The
12	regulations adopted by the board may establish additional
13	criteria for a group of two or more persons to act on behalf of
14	a class, including, but not limited to, specifying a date or
15	time by which any person desiring to be a member of the class
16	must file a written election with the board.
	<pre>must file a written election with the board. (e) Appeals</pre>
16	
16 17	(e) Appeals
16 17 18	(e) Appeals
16 17 18 19	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard
16 17 18 19 20	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the
16 17 18 19 20 21	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board may administer oaths. All appeals other than appeals brought
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board may administer oaths. All appeals other than appeals brought under section 8841(c) shall be heard and acted upon no later
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board may administer oaths. All appeals other than appeals brought under section 8841(c) shall be heard and acted upon no later than October 31. When an appeal has been filed, the board
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board may administer oaths. All appeals other than appeals brought under section 8841(c) shall be heard and acted upon no later than October 31. When an appeal has been filed, the board shall notify the appellant, property owner and each affected
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(e) Appeals (1) The board shall meet for the hearing of appeals and shall meet for this purpose until all appeals have been heard and acted upon. The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the furnishing of documents. For the purpose of examining witnesses, any member of the board may administer oaths. All appeals other than appeals brought under section 8841(c) shall be heard and acted upon no later than October 31. When an appeal has been filed, the board shall notify the appellant, property owner and each affected taxing district of the time and place of the hearing. Each

1	this section shall be mailed no later than 20 days preceding
2	the appeal.
3	(2) In any assessment appeal, the board shall determine
4	the market value of the property and shall apply the
5	established predetermined ratio to that value, unless the
6	common level ratio last published by the State Tax
7	Equalization Board varies by more than 15% from the
8	established predetermined ratio, in which case the board
9	shall apply that same common level ratio to the market value
10	of the property. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent an
11	appellant from appealing a base-year valuation without
12	reference to ratio. When the board has completed the appeal
13	hearings, it shall give written notice of its decision to the
14	appellant, property owner and affected taxing districts no
15	later than November 15. The county assessment office shall
16	make the appropriate changes in the assessment roll to
17	conform to the decision of the board.
18	(3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
19	abridge, alter or limit the right of an appellant to assert a
20	challenge under section 1 of Article VIII of the Constitution
21	<u>of Pennsylvania.</u>
22	(f) Certification of assessment roll after appeals
23	(1) The county assessment office shall prepare three
24	copies of the assessment roll and shall deliver as follows
25	the copies on or before November 15 with its certificate that
26	each copy is a true copy of the original assessment roll:
27	(i) One copy to the chief clerk of the county
28	<u>commissioners.</u>
29	(ii) One copy of the portion of the roll that
30	contains the assessment of persons or property within

1	each school district to the secretary of the board of
2	school directors of the respective school district.
3	(iii) One copy of the portion of the roll that
4	contains the assessment of persons or property within
5	each city accepting the provisions of this chapter,
6	borough, town or township, to the respective city clerk,
7	borough secretary, town clerk or secretary or township
8	secretary.
9	(2) All copies of the roll so furnished shall for all
10	purposes be considered as originals. The original assessment
11	roll and the true copies may be corrected, amended or changed
12	after November 15 as circumstances may require. The copies,
13	in addition to the information required to be shown on the
14	original assessment roll, shall provide space to the right of
15	each assessment for the entry of all taxes which may be
16	levied thereon by the respective taxing districts. The
17	original assessment roll as corrected shall be preserved in
18	the office of the chief assessor or of the board and shall be
19	open to public inspection, subject to regulations that the
20	board may prescribe for the preservation and safekeeping of
21	the roll.
22	(3) On or before November 15, the board shall certify to
23	the clerk or secretary of each taxing district coming within
24	the scope of this chapter within the county:
25	(i) The assessed value of real property.
26	(ii) The value of occupations pursuant to section
27	8865 (relating to assessment of occupations).
28	(iii) The number of persons subject to personal
29	taxes appearing in the assessment roll and taxable by the
30	respective taxing districts pursuant to section 8864

1	(relating to assessment of personal property).
2	<u>§ 8845. Service of notices.</u>
3	No defect in service of any notice shall be sufficient
4	grounds for setting any assessment aside, but, upon proof of
5	defective notice, the aggrieved party or taxing district shall
6	have the right to a hearing before the board.
7	<u>§ 8846. Notice of changes given to taxing authorities.</u>
8	If the county assessment office makes any change in the
9	assessed value of a property, the county assessment office shall
10	give notice of the change to the taxing districts in which the
11	assessed property is located. The time limit within which the
12	taxing districts are entitled to appeal shall commence to run on
13	the day the notice is mailed.
14	§ 8847. Application of assessment changed as result of appeal.
15	(a) General ruleExcept as provided in subsection (b), for
16	purposes of taxation, if there is a change in assessment made by
17	the board as a result of an assessment appeal, a taxing district
18	shall apply the changed assessment in computing taxes imposed in
19	the next fiscal year of the taxing district following the fiscal
20	year in which the board heard the appeal and rendered its
21	decision.
22	(b) ExceptionsSubsection (a) shall not apply to:
23	(1) Interim assessments made pursuant to section 8841(c)
24	(relating to assessment roll and interim revisions).
25	(2) Reductions in assessments due to a catastrophic loss
26	pursuant to section 8815 (relating to catastrophic loss).
27	(3) Correction to assessments made due to clerical or
28	mathematical errors pursuant to section 8816 (relating to
29	clerical and mathematical errors).
30	<u>§ 8848. Special provisions relating to countywide revisions of</u>

1	assessments.
2	(a) Notice requirementsIf any county proposes to
3	institute a countywide revision of assessments upon real
4	property, the following notice requirements shall apply:
5	(1) Each property owner shall be notified by mail at the
6	property owner's last known address of the value of the new
7	assessment, the value of the old assessment and the right to
8	appeal within 40 days as provided in subsection (c)(1). The
9	notice shall state a mailing date and shall be deposited in
10	the United States mail on that date. The notice shall be
11	deemed received by the property owner on the date deposited
12	in the United States mail.
13	(2) The chief assessor shall maintain a list of all
14	notices and the mailing dates for each and shall affix an
15	affidavit attesting to the mailing dates of the assessment
16	notices. This list shall be a permanent public record of the
17	county assessment office and available for public inspection.
18	(b) Informal reviewIn conjunction with a countywide
19	revision of assessments, a designee of the county assessment
20	office may meet with property owners to review all proposed
21	assessments and correct errors prior to the completion of the
22	<u>final assessment roll.</u>
23	(c) Appeal process
24	(1) All property owners and affected taxing districts
25	shall have the right to appeal any new assessment value
26	within 40 days of the mailing date stated on the notice.
27	(2) The county assessment office shall mail all notices
28	on or before July 1. The board in its discretion may commence
29	with the hearing of appeals 40 days following the mailing of
30	the initial notices of reassessment.

1	(3) The county assessment office shall notify each
2	appellant, property owner, if not the appellant, and each
3	affected taxing district of the time and place of hearing on
4	the appeal by mailing a notice no later than 20 days prior to
5	the scheduled hearing date. Any appellant who fails to appear
6	for hearing at the time fixed shall be conclusively presumed
7	to have abandoned the appeal unless the hearing date is
8	rescheduled by the mutual consent of the appellant and the
9	board.
10	(4) On or before November 15, the county assessment
11	office shall certify to the taxing districts new assessment
12	rolls resulting from the countywide revision of assessments.
13	(5) All appeals shall be heard and acted upon by the
14	board not later than October 31.
15	(d) Common level ratioIf a county has effected a
16	countywide revision of the assessments, which was used to
17	develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax
18	Equalization Board, the following shall apply:
19	(1) If a county changes its assessment base by applying
20	a change in predetermined ratio, the board shall apply the
21	percentage change between the existing predetermined ratio
22	and newly established predetermined ratio to the county's
23	common level ratio to establish the certified revised common
24	level ratio for the year in which the assessment was revised.
25	(2) If the county performs a countywide revision of
26	assessments by revaluing the properties and applying an
27	established predetermined ratio, the board shall utilize the
28	established predetermined ratio instead of the common level
29	ratio for the year in which the assessment was revised and
30	until the time that the common level ratio determined by the

1	State Tax Equalization Board reflects the revaluing of
2	properties resulting from the revision of assessments.
3	<u>SUBCHAPTER E</u>
4	BOARDS AND APPEALS TO COURT
5	<u>Sec.</u>
6	8851. Board of assessment appeals and board of assessment
7	revision.
8	8852. Regulations of board.
9	8853. Auxiliary appeal boards and alternates.
10	8854. Appeals to court.
11	8855. Appeals by taxing districts.
12	<u>§ 8851. Board of assessment appeals and board of assessment</u>
13	revision.
14	<u>(a) Establishment and membership</u>
15	(1) Counties of the second class A and third class
16	shall, and counties of the fourth through eighth classes may,
17	establish a board, to be known as the board of assessment
18	appeals, which shall be composed of three members. The
19	members of the board shall be appointed by the county
20	commissioners to serve for terms of four years each.
21	Vacancies on the board shall be filled by appointment by the
22	county commissioners for the unexpired terms. The salary of
23	the members of the board shall be fixed by the salary board
24	<u>of the county.</u>
25	(2) In each county of the fourth through eighth classes
26	that has not created a separate board of assessment appeals
27	in accordance with paragraph (1), there is established a
28	board of assessment revision. The county commissioners shall
29	serve as a board of assessment revision. The county
30	commissioner holding the oldest certificate of election shall

1	be the chairman.
2	(b) Powers and duties of boardThe board has the following
3	powers and duties:
4	(1) Appoint, with the approval of the county
5	commissioners, clerks, engineers and other employees as
6	necessary.
7	(2) Promulgate regulations as provided in section 8852
8	(relating to regulations of board).
9	(3) Hear and determine appeals, as provided in section
10	8844 (relating to notices, appeals and certification of
11	values).
12	(4) Establish the form of the assessment roll as
13	provided in section 8841 (relating to assessment roll and
14	<u>interim revisions).</u>
15	(5) Prepare annually and submit to the county
16	commissioners an estimate of the expense to be incurred
17	incidental to the carrying out of the provisions of this
18	<u>chapter.</u>
19	<u>(6) Establish a permanent system of records as required</u>
20	by section 8834 (relating to assessment records system).
21	(c) Expenses to be paid by countyThe county commissioners
22	shall appropriate annually to the board funds necessary for the
23	payment of salaries, wages and other expenses incurred in
24	carrying out the duties imposed upon the board and its employees
25	by this chapter.
26	(d) Organization of board meetings; action by majority
27	(1) The members of the board shall meet and organize as
28	a board at the same time and place as the county
29	commissioners meet for the purpose of organizing. The board
30	shall meet from time to time at the call of the chairman or
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1	of any member, upon personal notice to each member. No action
2	shall be taken by the board except by a majority vote of all
3	the members of the board, and all actions of the board shall
4	be recorded in writing.
5	(2) The county commissioners shall appoint a chairman of
6	the board unless the county commissioners serve as the board
7	of assessment revision, in which case the commissioner
8	holding the oldest certificate of election shall be the
9	<u>chairman.</u>
10	§ 8852. Regulations of board.
11	Subject to the approval of the county commissioners, the
12	board may adopt, amend, alter and rescind regulations for the
13	administration of and the conduct of business and proceedings
14	for itself and for auxiliary appeal boards. The regulations may
15	require a witness providing testimony at a hearing relative to
16	any aspect of the value of the real estate which is the subject
17	of the assessment or reassessment appeal to disclose, under
18	oath, whether any compensation paid for the testimony is
19	contingent on the result obtained. The regulations shall be in
20	writing and shall be a public record open to examination,
21	inspection and copying in accordance with the act of February
22	14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.
23	<u>§ 8853. Auxiliary appeal boards and alternates.</u>
24	(a) Establishment and authorityIn conjunction with a
25	countywide revision of assessments involving either a change in
26	the established predetermined ratio, or revaluing the properties
27	and applying the predetermined ratio, or in conjunction with
28	hearing and determining appeals by a person aggrieved by an
29	assessment, or in conjunction with the homestead exclusion
30	pursuant to Subchapter F of Chapter 85 (relating to homestead

1	property exclusion) or Ch. 3 Subch. E of the act of June 27,
2	2006 (1st Sp.Sess., P.L.1873, No.1), known as the Taxpayer
3	Relief Act, the county commissioners may establish up to four
4	temporary auxiliary appeal boards, each to be known as an
5	auxiliary appeal board. The term of existence for an auxiliary
6	appeal board shall be the period of time required by the
7	auxiliary appeal board to hear and determine appeals from new
8	assessment values in accordance with this chapter and appeals
9	taken from assessments in the next succeeding year or the period
10	of time required to hear and determine appeals by any person
11	aggrieved by an assessment in accordance with section 8844(e)
12	(relating to notices, appeals and certification of values) or
13	the period of time required to hear and determine appeals
14	arising from applications for the homestead exclusion. The
15	authority of an auxiliary appeal board shall be limited to
16	hearing and determining appeals from assessments in accordance
17	with the provisions of this chapter and the regulations of the
18	board established pursuant to section 8852 (relating to
19	regulations of board).
20	(b) MembershipAn auxiliary appeal board shall be composed
21	of three members who shall be appointed by the county
22	commissioners to serve for the time that the auxiliary appeal
23	board is in existence. Members of an auxiliary appeal board
24	shall be competent and qualified residents of the county.
25	Vacancies on an auxiliary appeal board shall be filled by
26	appointment by the county commissioners for the duration of the
27	auxiliary appeal board's existence, but the unavailability of a
28	member of the board for a scheduled hearing for which an
29	
	alternate member may be appointed in accordance with subsection

1	of members of an auxiliary appeal board shall be fixed by the
2	salary board of the county.
3	(c) AlternatesIn addition to the appointment of three
4	members to each auxiliary appeal board created in accordance
5	with subsection (a), the county commissioners may appoint no
6	more than eight alternate members, each of whom may serve as
7	directed by the board of assessment appeals on any auxiliary
8	appeal board in the event that a member of an auxiliary appeal
9	board is unavailable for a scheduled hearing by reason of being
10	absent, having a conflict or being disqualified. Alternate
11	members shall be appointed for the same length of time as any
12	auxiliary appeal board is in existence. Any salary of alternate
13	members serving on an auxiliary appeal board shall be fixed by
14	the salary board of the county. An alternate member shall have
15	the same authority as a member appointed under subsection (a) to
16	participate in the hearing and determination of appeals from
17	assessments after a countywide revision of assessments or
17 18	<u>assessments after a countywide revision of assessments or homestead exclusion.</u>
18	homestead exclusion.
18 19	homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court.
18 19 20	<pre>homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas</pre>
18 19 20 21	<pre>homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant,</pre>
18 19 20 21 22	<pre>homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the</pre>
18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the board's decision to the court of common pleas in the county</pre>
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>homestead exclusion. § 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the board's decision to the court of common pleas in the county in which the property is located in accordance with local</pre>
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	<pre>homestead exclusion. \$ 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the board's decision to the court of common pleas in the county in which the property is located in accordance with local rules of court.</pre>
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	<pre>homestead exclusion. \$ 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the board's decision to the court of common pleas in the county in which the property is located in accordance with local rules of court. (2) In any appeal of an assessment the court shall make</pre>
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	<pre>homestead exclusion. \$ 8854. Appeals to court. (a) Court of common pleas (1) Following an appeal to the board, any appellant, property owner or affected taxing district may appeal the board's decision to the court of common pleas in the county in which the property is located in accordance with local rules of court. (2) In any appeal of an assessment the court shall make the following determinations:</pre>

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1	determine the market value for each year.
2	(ii) The common level ratio which was applicable in
3	the original appeal to the board. In the event subsequent
4	years have been made a part of the appeal, the court
5	shall determine the applicable common level ratio for
6	each year published by the State Tax Equalization Board
7	on or before July 1 of the year prior to the tax year
8	being appealed.
9	(3) The court, after determining the market value of the
10	property pursuant to paragraph (2)(i), shall then apply the
11	established predetermined ratio to that value unless the
12	corresponding common level ratio determined pursuant to
13	paragraph (2)(ii) varies by more than 15% from the
14	established predetermined ratio, in which case the court
15	shall apply the applicable common level ratio to the
16	corresponding market value of the property.
16 17	<u>corresponding market value of the property.</u> (4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of
17	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of
17 18 19	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio
17 18	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the
17 18 19 20	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply:
17 18 19 20 21	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by
17 18 19 20 21 22	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall apply the percentage change between the existing
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall apply the percentage change between the existing predetermined ratio and the newly established
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall apply the percentage change between the existing predetermined ratio and the newly established predetermined ratio to the county's common level ratio to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall apply the percentage change between the existing predetermined ratio and the newly established predetermined ratio to the county's common level ratio to establish the certified revised common level ratio for
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(4) If a county has effected a countywide revision of assessments which was used to develop the common level ratio last determined by the State Tax Equalization Board, the following shall apply: (i) If a county changes its assessment base by applying a change in predetermined ratio, the court shall apply the percentage change between the existing predetermined ratio and the newly established predetermined ratio to the county's common level ratio to establish the certified revised common level ratio for the year in which the assessment was revised.

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1	the established predetermined ratio instead of the common
2	level ratio for the year in which the assessment was
3	revised and until the common level ratio determined by
4	the State Tax Equalization Board reflects the revaluing
5	of properties resulting from the revision of assessments.
6	(5) If a taxpayer or taxing district has filed an appeal
7	from an assessment, so long as the appeal is pending before
8	the board or before a court on appeal from the determination
9	of the board, as provided by statute, the appeal will also be
10	taken as an appeal by the appellant on the subject property
11	for any valuation for any assessment subsequent to the filing
12	of an appeal with the board and prior to the determination of
13	the appeal by the board or the court. This provision shall be
14	applicable to all pending appeals as well as future appeals.
15	(6) In any appeal by a taxable person from an action by
16	the board, the board shall have the power and duty to present
17	<u>a prima facie case in support of its assessment, to cross-</u>
18	examine witnesses, to discredit or impeach any evidence
19	presented by the taxable person, to prosecute or defend an
20	appeal in any appellate court, and to take any other
21	necessary steps to defend its valuation and assessment.
22	(7) Appeals to a court of common pleas may be referred
23	by the court to a board of arbitrators under 42 Pa.C.S. Ch.
24	73 Subch. C (relating to judicial arbitration) or to a board
25	of viewers under 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 21 Subch. E (relating to
26	boards of viewers) in accordance with the Pennsylvania Rules
27	<u>of Civil Procedure.</u>
28	(8) The cost of the appeal shall be apportioned or fixed
29	as the court may direct.
30	(9) Nothing in this subsection shall:

1	(i) Prevent an appellant from appealing a base-year
2	valuation without reference to ratio.
3	(ii) Be construed to abridge, alter or limit the
4	right of an appellant to assert a challenge under section
5	1 of Article VIII of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.
6	(b) Appeals to Commonwealth Court or Supreme CourtThe
7	board, or any party to the appeal to the court of common pleas,
8	may appeal from the judgment, order or decree of the court of
9	common pleas.
10	(c) Payment of taxes pending appealAn appeal shall not
11	prevent the collection of taxes based on the assessment
12	appealed. If the assessment is reduced, then any overpayment of
13	taxes together with interest at a rate pursuant to section 8843
14	(relating to spot reassessment) from the date of overpayment
15	shall be returned to the person or persons who paid the taxes.
16	The appellant may protest the taxes due. The protest must be in
17	writing addressed to the tax collector. It shall be the duty of
18	the tax collector to notify the taxing districts of any payment
19	under protest by delivering to them a copy of the protest. The
20	taxing districts shall be required to segregate 25% of the
21	amount of the tax paid in a separate account and shall not be
22	permitted to expend any portion of any segregated amount unless
23	it first petitions the court, alleging that the segregated
24	amount is unjustly withheld. The court shall have power to order
25	the taxing district to use a portion of any segregated amount as
26	the court deems reasonably free from dispute, and the remainder
27	of the segregated amount shall be held segregated by the taxing
28	district, pending the final disposition of the appeal. Upon
29	final disposition of the appeal, the amount of the overpayment
30	found to be due the appellant as a refund shall also be a legal

1	<u>setoff or credit against any future taxes assessed against the</u>
2	appellant by the same taxing district. If a taxing district
3	alleges that it is unable to credit all of the refund due in one
4	year, the court, upon application of either party, shall
5	determine over what period of time the refund due shall be made
6	and in what manner.
7	<u>§ 8855. Appeals by taxing districts.</u>
8	<u>A taxing district shall have the right to appeal any </u>
9	assessment within its jurisdiction in the same manner, subject
10	to the same procedure, and with like effect as if the appeal
11	were taken by a taxable person with respect to the assessment,
12	and in addition, may take an appeal from any decision of the
13	board or court of common pleas as though it had been a party to
14	the proceedings before the board or court even though it was not
15	a party in fact. A taxing district authority may intervene in
16	any appeal by a taxable person under section 8854 (relating to
17	appeals to court) as a matter of right.
18	SUBCHAPTER F
19	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
20	Sec.
21	8861. Abstracts of building and demolition permits to be
22	forwarded to the county assessment office.
23	8862. Recorder of deeds to furnish record of conveyances,
24	compensation.
25	8863. Assessment of property of decedent's estates.
26	8864. Assessment of personal property.
27	8865. Assessment of occupations.
28	8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes.
29	8867. Prohibition on certain levies.
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30 <u>8868. Optional use by cities.</u>

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1	<u>§ 8861. Abstracts of building and demolition permits to be</u>
2	forwarded to the county assessment office.
3	(a) PermitEvery municipality, third-party agency or the
4	Department of Labor and Industry responsible for the issuance of
5	building permits shall forward a copy of each building permit to
6	the county assessment office on or before the first day of every
7	month. Each building permit shall include the following
8	information:
9	(1) the date issued;
10	(2) the names and addresses of the owner or owners;
11	(3) the parcel identifier and tax map reference;
12	(4) the street address or location of the property for
13	which the permit was issued; and
14	(5) a brief description of the nature of the
15	improvements or demolition and its estimated cost.
16	In addition to any charge otherwise permitted by law, a
17	municipality, third-party agency or the Department of Labor and
18	Industry may charge an additional fee of \$10 to each person to
19	whom a permit is issued for administrative costs incurred in
20	compliance with this section.
21	(b) Substantial improvementIf a person makes improvements
22	to any real property, other than painting of or normal regular
23	repairs to a building, aggregating more than \$2,500 in value and
24	a building permit is not required for the improvements, the
25	property owner shall furnish the following information to the
26	board:
27	(1) the name and address of the person owning the
28	property;
29	(2) a description of the improvements made or to be made
30	to the property; and

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1	(3) the dollar value of the improvements.
2	(c) PenaltyAny person that intentionally fails to comply_
3	with the provisions of subsection (b) or intentionally falsifies
4	the information provided, shall, upon conviction in a summary
5	proceeding, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$50.
6	§ 8862. Recorder of deeds to furnish record of conveyances,
7	compensation.
8	(a) Maintaining informationFor every deed or conveyance
9	of land recorded, the recorder of deeds shall document and
10	maintain the following information:
11	(1) the date of the deed or conveyance;
12	(2) the names of the grantor and grantee;
13	(3) the address of the grantee;
14	(4) the consideration mentioned in the deed;
15	(5) the municipality in which the property is located;
16	(6) the acreage of the land conveyed, if mentioned; and
17	(7) whether the land conveyed is a lot or lots on a
18	recorded plan and, if so, the designation assigned to the
19	land on the plan, if mentioned in the deed.
20	(b) Filing informationThe recorder of deeds shall, on or
21	before the first Monday of each month, file the information
22	required to be maintained by this section with the county
23	assessment office along with a certification that the
24	information is correct. Fees charged by the recorder of deeds
25	shall be in accordance with the act of April 8, 1982 (P.L.310,
26	No.87), referred to as the Recorder of Deeds Fee Law.
27	<u>§ 8863. Assessment of property of decedent's estates.</u>
28	If an individual dies leaving real or personal property
29	which, by the existing laws of this Commonwealth, is subject to
30	taxation for county purposes, the property, so long as it

1	belongs to the estate of the decedent, may be assessed in the
2	name of the decedent or in the name of the personal
3	representative.
4	§ 8864. Assessment of personal property.
5	If personal property is subject to taxation for county
6	purposes it shall be assessed in the manner provided by existing
7	laws, except that the county commissioners shall fix the date as
8	of which the valuation of personal property shall be determined,
9	when and to whom returns of taxable personal property shall be
10	made, and when appeals from assessments shall be heard in the
11	same manner and with like notice and like periods of time as
12	provided in this section for appeals from assessments of real
13	estate. Personal property assessments shall be entered on
14	separate assessment rolls.
15	§ 8865. Assessment of occupations.
16	(a) Occupation taxesIn accordance with the act of August
17	9, 1955 (P.L.323, No.130), known as The County Code, the county
18	commissioners in counties of the fourth through eighth classes
19	may by resolution levy a tax on trades, occupations, professions
20	and persons who follow no occupation or calling.
21	(b) List of taxables
22	(1) The county assessment office shall provide a listing
23	each year to the county commissioners of all taxable persons
24	within the county. This list shall set forth the following
25	information for each taxable person:
26	(i) Full name and street address.
27	(ii) Respective municipality and school district.
28	(iii) Occupation.
29	(2) If a taxable person resides in a house which does
30	not have a street number address, then an address as definite

1	as possible shall be given. The county assessment office
2	shall accept the substitute address of any person certified
3	by the Office of Victim Advocate as eligible to participate
4	in the address confidentiality program pursuant to 23 Pa.C.S.
5	Ch. 67 (relating to domestic and sexual violence victim
6	address confidentiality).
7	(3) A county assessment office shall not be required to
8	maintain an occupation tax assessment roll if no taxing
9	district in the county levies an occupation tax.
10	(c) ExemptionExcept where a higher exemption level is
11	specified in law, each county, city, borough, incorporated town,
12	township and school district may, by ordinance or resolution,
13	exempt any person whose total income from all sources is less
14	<u>than \$12,000 per year from its per capita or similar head tax</u>
15	and occupation tax, or any portion thereof. Each taxing
16	authority may adopt regulations for the processing of claims for
16 17	authority may adopt regulations for the processing of claims for the exemption.
17	the exemption.
17 18	<u>the exemption.</u> <u>§ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes.</u>
17 18 19	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or</pre>
17 18 19 20	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be</pre>
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a continuous race area of one mile or more in excess of the</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a continuous race area of one mile or more in excess of the percent collected as of January 1, 2002. The tax base upon which</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	the exemption. § 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a continuous race area of one mile or more in excess of the percent collected as of January 1, 2002. The tax base upon which the tax shall be levied shall not exceed 40% of the cost of
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	the exemption. § 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a continuous race area of one mile or more in excess of the percent collected as of January 1, 2002. The tax base upon which the tax shall be levied shall not exceed 40% of the cost of admission to an automobile racing facility.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>the exemption. \$ 8866. Limitation on rates of specific taxes. No taxes levied under the provisions of this chapter or section 8402(c) (relating to scope and limitations) shall be levied by any taxing district on admissions to automobile racing facilities with a seating capacity of more than 25,000 and a continuous race area of one mile or more in excess of the percent collected as of January 1, 2002. The tax base upon which the tax shall be levied shall not exceed 40% of the cost of admission to an automobile racing facility. \$ 8867. Prohibition on certain levies.</pre>

1	limitations), no taxing district shall levy, assess or collect a
2	tax on admissions to ski facilities after December 1, 2002.
3	<u>§ 8868. Optional use by cities.</u>
4	(a) Election A city in any county to which this chapter
5	applies may, by adopting an ordinance, elect to become subject
6	to this chapter. A copy of the ordinance approved by the mayor,
7	or other comparable official if so required under an optional
8	form of government or home rule charter, and duly certified,
9	accompanied by a statement of the vote thereon, with the names
10	of the members of council voting for and against the ordinance,
11	shall be forwarded to and filed in the office of the Secretary
12	of the Commonwealth, and when so filed, the Governor shall under
13	the great seal of the Commonwealth certify the acceptance of the
14	provisions of this chapter which certificate shall be recorded
15	among the minutes of the council and in the office for the
16	recording of deeds in the proper county. A city that has
17	previously opted to become subject to the act of May 21, 1943
18	(P.L.571, No.254), known as The Fourth to Eighth Class and
19	Selective County Assessment Law, or the act of June 26, 1931
20	(P.L.1379, No.348), referred to as the Third Class County
21	Assessment Board Law, shall continue to be subject to this
22	<u>chapter.</u>
23	(b) ResultUpon becoming subject to this chapter in
24	accordance with subsection (a), the property and persons subject
25	to and exempt from taxation in the city for city and school
26	purposes shall be designated in accordance with this chapter,
27	and the assessment and valuation thereof shall be done only in
28	accordance with this chapter and by the officers designated in
29	this chapter. If a city in accepting the provisions of this
30	chapter elects by ordinance to adopt an established

1	predetermined ratio different from that used by the county, then
2	the city shall apply the ratio selected to the actual valuation
3	supplied by the county to determine assessed value for tax
4	purposes. The established predetermined ratio selected by the
5	city, if different from the ratio selected by the county, may be
6	set at any value up to and including the actual valuation
7	supplied by the county.
8	(c) Alternate ratioIf a city accepts this chapter in
9	accordance with subsection (a), all the provisions thereof shall
10	apply to the city except that a city may, by ordinance, elect to
11	adopt an established predetermined ratio different from that
12	used by the county.
13	Section 2. Part VII of Title 53 is amended by adding a
14	subpart to read:
15	SUBPART D
16	EMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYEES
17	<u>Chapter</u>
18	<u>91. Municipal Pensions</u>
19	<u>CHAPTER 91</u>
20	MUNICIPAL PENSIONS
21	Subchapter
22	A. (Reserved)
23	B. Cities of the Second Class
24	SUBCHAPTER A
25	(RESERVED)
26	SUBCHAPTER B
27	CITIES OF THE SECOND CLASS
28	Sec.
29	<u>9111. Scope of subchapter.</u>
30	9112. Deposits of certain proceeds.

1	9113. Timing of transfer of administration of pension system
2	<u>fund.</u>
3	<u>§ 9111. Scope of subchapter.</u>
4	This subchapter shall apply to pensions in cities of the
5	second class.
6	§ 9112. Deposits of certain proceeds.
7	Notwithstanding the provisions of section 902(a)(2) of the
8	act of December 18, 1984 (P.L.1005, No.205), known as the
9	Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, in
10	order to exercise the additional taxing authority granted under
11	that section, net proceeds of the lease or sale of a city of a
12	second class' parking authority garages must be deposited as
13	follows:
14	(1) into the city's municipal pension system fund; or
15	(2) with the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System
16	and credited to the city's account in the event the
17	administration of the city's municipal pension system fund
18	has been transferred to the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement
19	System under section 902(c) of the Municipal Pension Plan
20	Funding Standard and Recovery Act.
21	<u>§ 9113. Timing of transfer of administration of pension system</u>
22	<u>fund.</u>
23	Notwithstanding the provisions of section 902(c) of the
24	Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act, if the
25	administration of a city of the second class' municipal pension
26	system fund is to be transferred to the Pennsylvania Municipal
27	Retirement System under that section, the transfer shall be
28	accomplished by October 30, 2011.
29	Section 3. If a city of the third class accepts 53 Pa.C.S.
30	Ch. 88, all former city employees in the office of the city

assessor who are employed in the office of the county assessor 1 2 and who are members of the city's pension or retirement system 3 may, notwithstanding the provisions of section 10 of the act of August 31, 1971 (P.L.398, No.96), known as the County Pension 4 5 Law, relating to compulsory membership, file an election in writing with the county commissioners and the city pension board 6 within one year after they become county employees to retain 7 8 their membership in the city pension or retirement system. The county shall deduct from the employees' salaries the amounts of 9 10 their contributions to the pension or retirement system of the 11 city and pay the deductions to the city pension or retirement 12 system. A member who files an election as provided in this 13 section may not thereafter elect to become a member of the 14 county's retirement system and shall continue to remain a member 15 of the city pension or retirement system until retirement. 16 Section 4. The following provisions of Title 53 shall not affect an agreement or agreed to assessment practice actively in 17 18 place in a county on January 28, 2007: 19 (1)Section 8801(b)(2). 20 (2) Section 8811(b)(5). 21 Section 8842(b)(2). (3) Section 5. Repeals are as follows: 22 23 (1)The following acts or parts of acts are repealed 24 absolutely: 25 The act of June 26, 1931 (P.L.1379, No.348), (i) 26 referred to as the Third Class County Assessment Board 27 Law. 28 (ii) The act of May 21, 1943 (P.L.571, No.254), 29 known as The Fourth to Eighth Class and Selective County 30 Assessment Law.

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1 (iii) Sections 1770.3 and 1770.9 of the act of 2 August 9, 1955 (P.L.323, No.130), known as The County 3 Code. The act of May 22, 1933 (P.L.853, No.155), known as 4 (2)5 The General County Assessment Law, is repealed insofar as it 6 relates to second class A, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, 7 seventh and eighth class counties. 8 (3) All other acts and parts of acts are repealed 9 insofar as they are inconsistent with 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 88. 10 Section 6. The following apply: The addition of 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 88 is a continuation 11 (1)12 of the following: 13 (i) The act of June 26, 1931 (P.L.1379, No.348), 14 referred to as the Third Class County Assessment Board 15 Law. 16 The act of May 21, 1943 (P.L.571, No.254), (ii) 17 known as The Fourth to Eighth Class and Selective County 18 Assessment Law. Sections 1770.3 and 1770.9 of the act of 19 (iii) 20 August 9, 1955 (P.L.323, No.130), known as The County 21 Code. 22 (2) Except as otherwise provided in 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 88, 23 all activities initiated under the statutory provisions 24 referred to in paragraph (1) shall continue and remain in 25 full force and effect and may be completed under 53 Pa.C.S. 26 Ch. 88. Orders, regulations, rules and decisions which were 27 made under the statutory provisions referred to in paragraph (1) and which are in effect on the effective date of section 28 29 4 of this act shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, vacated or modified under 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 88. 30

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Contracts, obligations and collective bargaining agreements entered into under the statutory provisions referred to in paragraph (1) are not affected nor impaired by the repeal of the statutory provisions referred to in paragraph (1). Section 7. This act shall take effect as follows:

6 (1) The addition of 53 Pa.C.S. Pt. VII Subpt. D shall 7 take effect immediately.

8

(2) This section shall take effect immediately.

9 (3) The remainder of this act shall take effect January10 1, 2011.