THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 2049 Session of 2009

INTRODUCED BY PYLE, BAKER, BEAR, BENNINGHOFF, BOBACK, BOYD, BROOKS, CAUSER, CHRISTIANA, CLYMER, COX, CREIGHTON, DAY, DENLINGER, ELLIS, EVERETT, FAIRCHILD, FLECK, GABLER, GEIST, GERGELY, GIBBONS, GILLESPIE, GROVE, GRUCELA, HALUSKA, HARHAI, HARRIS, HESS, HICKERNELL, HUTCHINSON, KAUFFMAN, M. KELLER, KORTZ, KOTIK, KRIEGER, MAHER, MAJOR, MARSHALL, MENSCH, METCALFE, METZGAR, MOUL, MUSTIO, OBERLANDER, PAYNE, PETRARCA, PHILLIPS, PICKETT, RAPP, READSHAW, REED, REESE, REICHLEY, ROAE, ROCK, ROHRER, SAYLOR, SIPTROTH, S. H. SMITH, SOLOBAY, SONNEY, STERN, STEVENSON, SWANGER, TALLMAN, TRUE, TURZAI, VULAKOVICH AND WHITE, OCTOBER 14, 2009

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, OCTOBER 14, 2009

AN ACT

Providing for the possession of firearms in motor vehicles; prohibiting certain acts; imposing duties on employers; and providing for civil immunity under certain circumstances and for enforcement.

5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

6 hereby enacts as follows:

7 Section 1. Short title.

8 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Preservation

9 and Protection of Firearms in Motor Vehicles Act.

10 Section 2. Definitions.

11 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall

12 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

13 context clearly indicates otherwise:

14 "Employee." A person who:

1

(1) works for salary, wages or other remuneration;

2 (2) is an independent contractor; or

3 (3) is a volunteer, intern or other similar individual4 for an employer.

"Employer." A sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation,
limited liability company, professional association,
cooperative, joint venture, trust, firm, institution,
association or business entity that has employees.

9 "Firearm." The term includes ammunition and accoutrements 10 attendant to the lawful possession and use of a firearm.

Il "Invitee." A business invitee, including a customer or visitor, who is lawfully on the premises of a public or private employer.

14 "Motor vehicle." An automobile, truck, minivan, sports 15 utility vehicle, motor home, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, 16 motor scooter or any other vehicle operated on the roads of this 17 Commonwealth and required to be registered under the laws of 18 this Commonwealth.

19 "Parking lot." Real property that is used for parking motor 20 vehicles and is available to customers, employees or invitees 21 for temporary or long-term parking or storage of motor vehicles. 22 Section 3. Legislative intent.

23 The General Assembly finds and declares that:

(1) This act is intended to codify the long-standing
legislative policy of the Commonwealth that individual
citizens have a constitutional right to keep and bear arms,
that they have a constitutional right to possess and keep
legally owned firearms within their motor vehicles for selfdefense and other lawful purposes and that these rights are
not abrogated by virtue of a citizen becoming a customer,

20090HB2049PN2817

- 2 -

1 em

employee or invitee of a business entity.

2 (2) A citizen's lawful possession, transportation and
3 secure keeping of firearms and ammunition within the
4 citizen's motor vehicle is essential to the exercise of the
5 fundamental constitutional right to keep and bear arms and
6 the constitutional right of self-defense.

7 (3) Protecting and preserving these rights is essential
8 to the exercise of freedom and individual responsibility.

9 (4) No citizen can or should be required to waive or 10 abrogate the right to possess and securely keep firearms and 11 ammunition locked within the citizen's motor vehicle by 12 virtue of becoming a customer, employee or invitee of any 13 employer or business establishment within this Commonwealth, 14 unless specifically required by Federal or State law. 15 Section 4. Prohibited acts.

16 The following acts are prohibited:

(1) No public or private employer may prohibit any customer, employee or invitee from possessing any legally owned firearm when the firearm is lawfully possessed and locked inside or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot and when the customer, employee or invitee is lawfully on the premises of the public or private employer.

(2) No public or private employer may violate the
privacy rights of a customer, employee or invitee by verbal
or written inquiry regarding the presence of a firearm inside
or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot or by
an actual search of a private motor vehicle in a parking lot
to ascertain the presence of a firearm within the vehicle.

29 (3) No public or private employer may take any action
30 against a customer, employee or invitee based upon verbal or

- 3 -

written statements of any party concerning possession of a
 firearm stored inside a private motor vehicle in a parking
 lot for lawful purposes.

4 (4) A search of a private motor vehicle in the parking
5 lot of a public or private employer to ascertain the presence
6 of a firearm within the vehicle may only be conducted by on7 duty law enforcement personnel, based upon due process and
8 must comply with constitutional protections.

9 (5) No public or private employer may condition 10 employment on:

(i) the fact that an employee or prospective employee holds or does not hold a license for a firearm under the laws of this Commonwealth; or

(ii) an agreement by an employee or a prospective employee that prohibits an employee from keeping a legal firearm locked inside or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot when the firearm is kept for lawful purposes.

19 (6) No public or private employer may prohibit or
20 attempt to prevent any customer, employee or invitee from
21 entering the parking lot of the employer's place of business
22 because the customer's, employee's or invitee's private motor
23 vehicle:

24

(i) contains a legal firearm;

(ii) the firearm is being carried for lawfulpurposes; and

27 (iii) the firearm is out of sight within the 28 customer's, employee's or invitee's private motor 29 vehicle.

30 (7) No public or private employer may terminate the 20090HB2049PN2817 - 4 -

employment of or otherwise discriminate against an employee or expel a customer or invitee for exercising the constitutional right to keep and bear arms or for exercising the right of self-defense as long as a firearm is not exhibited on company property for any reason other than lawful defensive purposes.

7 Section 5. Applicability.

8 Section 4 applies to all public-sector employers, including 9 those already prohibited from regulating firearms under the laws 10 of this Commonwealth.

11 Section 6. Duty of care of public and private employers.

12 (a) General rule.--A public or private employer subject to 13 the provisions of section 4 has no duty of care relating to the 14 actions prohibited under section 4.

15 (b) Immunity.--

16 (1) A public or private employer is not liable in a
17 civil action based on actions or inactions taken in
18 compliance with this section.

19 (2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to civil actions based
20 on actions or inactions of public or private employers that
21 are unrelated to compliance with this act.

(c) Construction.--Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to expand any existing duty or create any additional duty on the part of a public or private employer, property owner or property owner's agent.

26 Section 7. Enforcement.

27 (a) Attorney General.--

(1) The Attorney General shall enforce the provisions of
this act on behalf of any customer, employee or invitee
aqgrieved under this act.

20090HB2049PN2817

- 5 -

1 (2) If there is reasonable cause to believe that the 2 aggrieved person's rights under this act have been violated 3 by a public or private employer, the Attorney General shall commence a civil or administrative action for damages, 4 5 injunctive relief and civil penalties and such other relief 6 as may be appropriate, or may negotiate a settlement with any 7 employer on behalf of any person aggrieved under this act. 8 (b) Private causes of action. --

9 (1) Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit 10 the right of a person aggrieved under this act to bring a 11 civil action for violation of rights protected under this 12 act.

13 (2) In any successful action brought by a customer, 14 employee or invitee aggrieved under this act, the court shall 15 award all reasonable personal costs and losses suffered by 16 the aggrieved person as a result of the violation of rights 17 under this act.

18 (c) Court costs and attorney fees.--In any action brought 19 pursuant to this act, the court shall award all court costs and 20 reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party.

21 Section 8. Exceptions.

22 The prohibitions in section 4 do not apply to:

(1) Real property owned, leased or controlled by aneducational institution.

25

(2) A correctional institution in this Commonwealth.

26 (3) Real property on which a nuclear-powered electricity27 generation facility is located.

(4) Real property owned or leased by a public or private
 employer or the landlord of a public or private employer upon
 which are conducted substantial activities involving national

- 6 -

1 defense, aerospace or homeland security.

2 (5) Real property owned or leased by a public or private 3 employer or the landlord of a public or private employer upon 4 which the primary business conducted is the manufacture, use, 5 storage or transportation of combustible or explosive 6 materials regulated under Federal or State law, or real 7 property owned or leased by an employer who has obtained a permit required under 18 U.S.C. § 842 (relating to unlawful 8 9 acts) to engage in the business of importing, manufacturing 10 or dealing in explosive materials on such property.

11 (6) A motor vehicle owned or leased by a public or 12 private employer or the landlord of a public or private 13 employer.

14 Any other real property owned or leased by a public (7) 15 or private employer or the landlord of a public or private 16 employer upon which possession of a firearm or other legal 17 product by a customer, employee or invitee is prohibited 18 pursuant to any Federal law, contract with a Federal 19 Government entity or law of this Commonwealth. 20 Section 9. Applicability to causes of action. 21 This act shall apply to causes of action that accrue after 22 the effective date of this section.

23 Section 10. Effective date.

24 This act shall take effect in 60 days.

20090HB2049PN2817

- 7 -